

XX International Workshop on  
Deep-Inelastic Scattering and  
Related Subjects



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# Quarkonium results from LHCb

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on behalf of the LHCb collaboration

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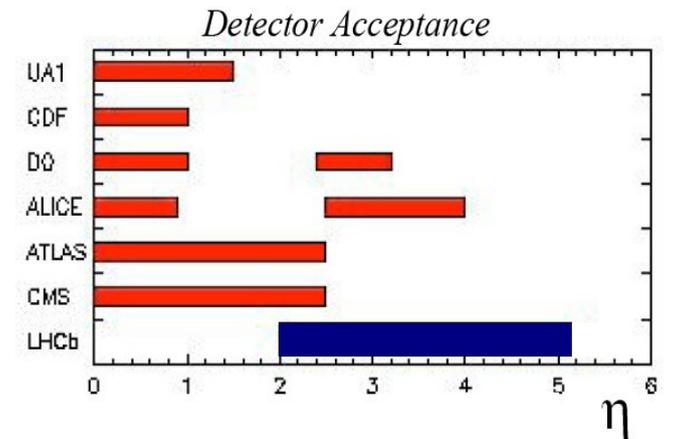
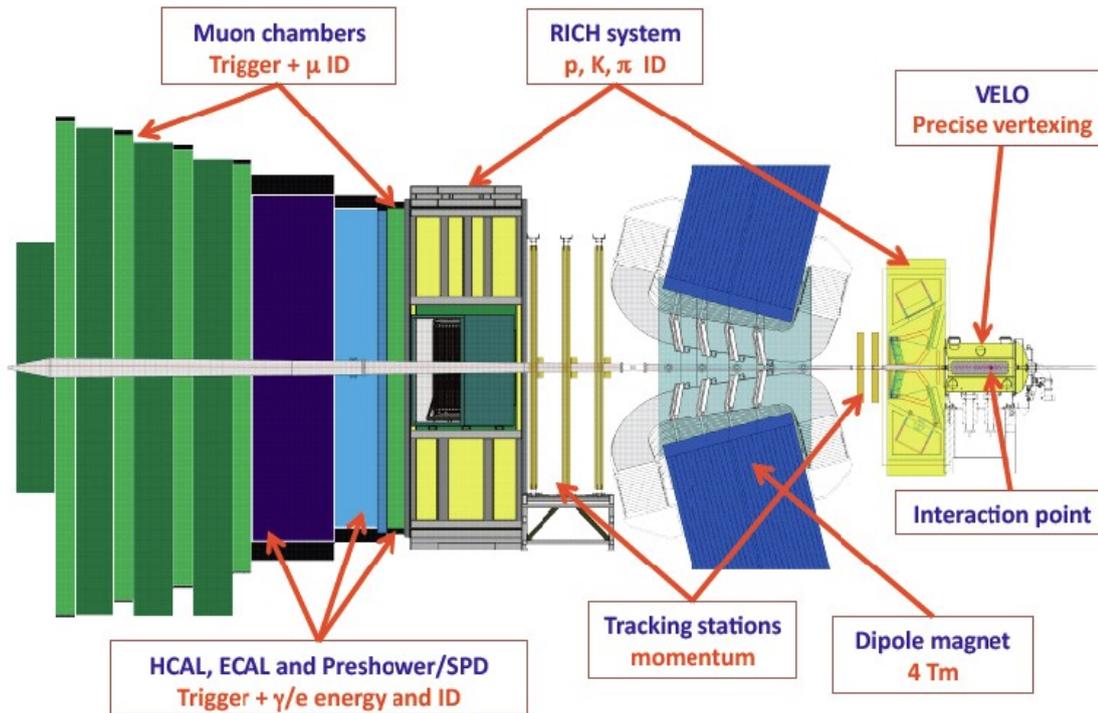


# Outline

- LHCb detector description
- Motivations for studying quarkonium
- Selected quarkonium results:
  - ◆  $\psi(2S)$
  - ◆  $\chi_c$
  - ◆  $Y(nS)$
  - ◆  $J/\psi$  + open charm
  - ◆  $X(3872)$ ,  $X(4140)$
- Prospects and conclusions

# The LHCb experiment

- An experiment at the LHC designed to study CP violating and rare decays of *b(c)*-hadrons



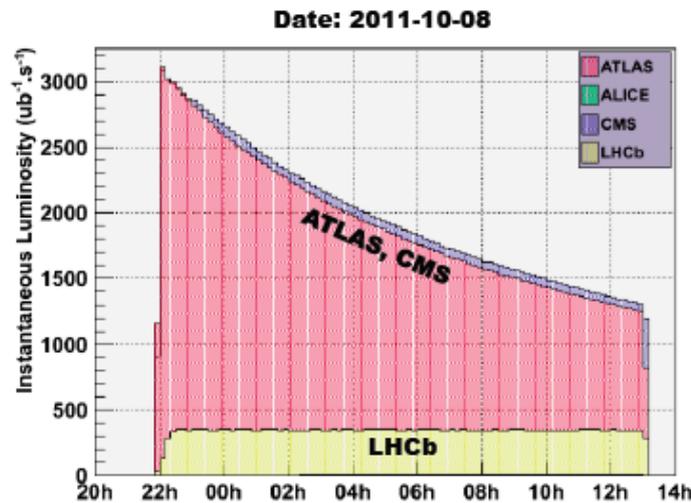
- angular acceptance  $2 < \eta < 5$

- *b* and  $\bar{b}$  are forward(backward) produced:  $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} \sim 300 \mu\text{b}$  at 7 TeV

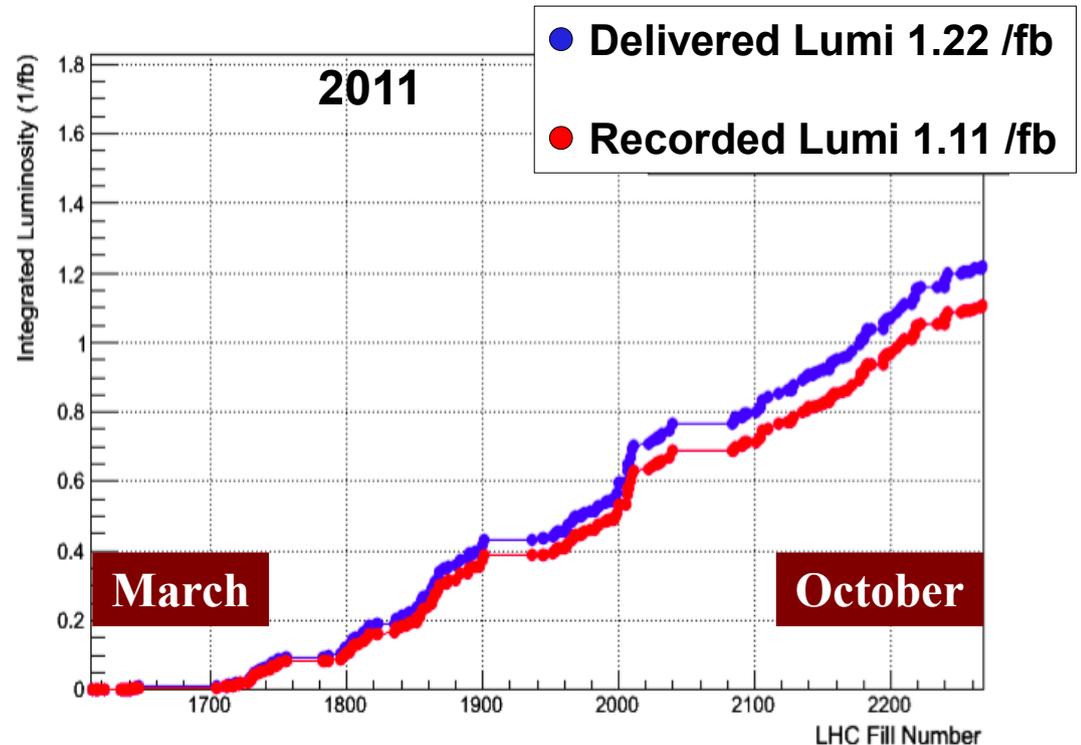
- 3 trigger levels reduce the frequency of accepted events to 3 kHz (Max)

# Luminosity during 2011

- LHCb peak luminosity per fill:  $3\text{-}4 \cdot 10^{32} / \text{cm}^2 \text{s}$  (2011)



- Instantaneous luminosity levelling
  - ◆ Obtained through vertical beam displacements



- 91% data taking efficiency
- 99% of data taken are good for physics

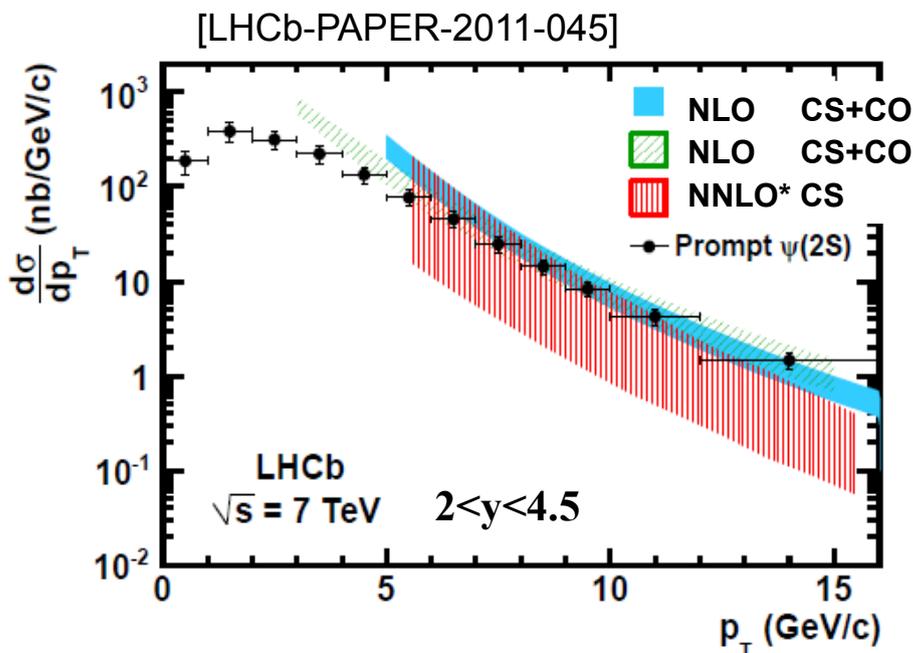
# Motivations for studying quarkonium

- The production mechanisms are not yet fully understood
- Many theoretical approaches proposed in the last years:
  - NLO Colour Singlet + Colour Octet (CS + CO) in the Non-Relativistic QCD framework
  - NNLO Colour Singlet
  - Colour Evaporation Model
  - FONLL (Fixed-Order-Next-to-Leading-Log), only for charmonium from  $b$ -decays
- Theory makes predictions of cross-section and polarization
- LHCb can study quarkonium hadroproduction in a unique kinematic region:
  - Large rapidity ( $2 < y < 4.5$ )
  - Down to low  $p_T$

# Prompt $\psi(2S)$ cross-section

36 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- The  $\psi(2S)$  prompt component has not appreciable feed-down from higher mass states: prompt  $\psi(2S)$  = direct  $\psi(2S)$ 
  - This facilitates the cross-section interpretation
- Reconstructed in the decay channels  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  (90k events) and  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-) \pi^+\pi^-$  (12k events) and the results have been averaged



$$\sigma_{\text{prompt}} = 1.44 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.12 \text{ (syst)}^{+0.20}_{-0.40} \text{ (pol)} \mu\text{b}$$

- In the range  $p_T < 16$  GeV/c and  $2 < y < 4.5$
- Dominant syst. errors from luminosity, trigger and tracking: can be reduced

■ Y.-Q.Ma,K.Wang,K.-T.Chao arXiv:hep-ph/1012.1030

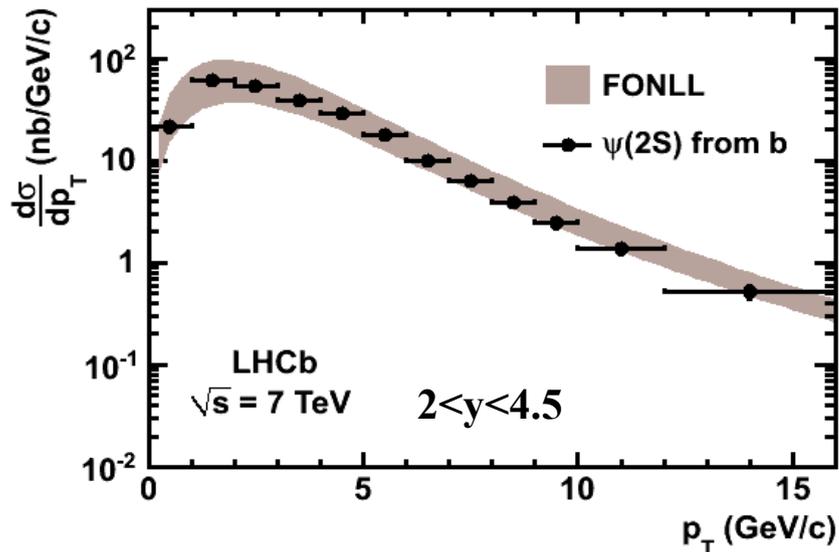
▨ B.Kniehl,M.Butenschön PRL 106 (2011) 022003

▨ P.Artoisenet, PRL 101 (2008) 152001;  
J-P.Lansberg Eur. Phys. J. C 61 (2009) 693

# $\psi(2S)$ from $b$ cross-section

36 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- Separation between prompt  $\psi(2S)$  and those originating from  $b$ -hadron decays: study of the pseudo decay time



[LHCb-PAPER-2011-045]

FONLL from [JHEP 0407 (2004) 033]

$$\sigma_b = 0.25 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (syst)} \mu\text{b}$$

- In the range  $p_T < 16$  GeV/c and  $2 < y < 4.5$
- Dominant syst. errors from luminosity, trigger and tracking: can be reduced

- Combining the last result with the LHCb  $J/\psi$  measurements [Eur.Phys. J.C 71 (2011) 1645] we determine the inclusive  $B(b \rightarrow \psi(2S)X)$ , currently known at 50% level [PDG].
- Good agreement with a recent measurement from CMS

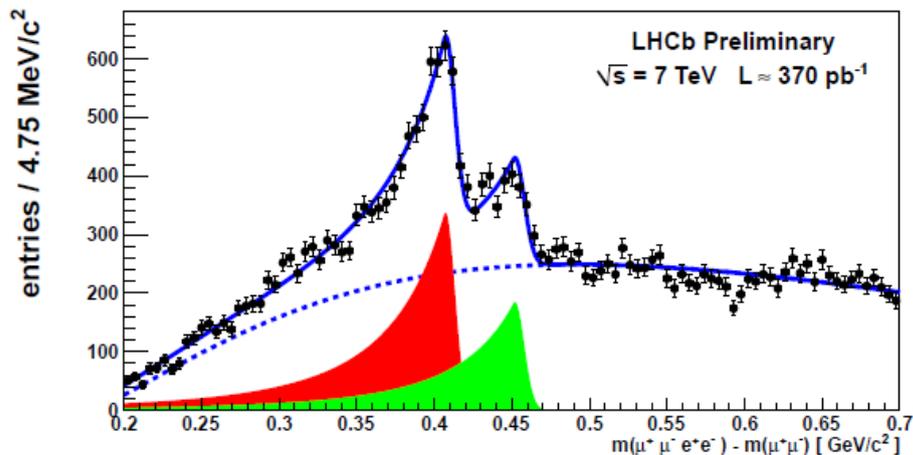
$$B(b \rightarrow \psi(2S)X) = 2.73 \pm 0.17 \text{ (stat} \oplus \text{ syst)} \pm 0.24 \text{ (BF)} \cdot 10^{-3} \quad \text{LHCb}$$

$$B(b \rightarrow \psi(2S)X) = 3.08 \pm 0.18 \text{ (stat} \oplus \text{ syst)} \pm 0.42 \text{ (BF)} \cdot 10^{-3} \quad \text{CMS}$$

$$\sigma(\chi_{c2})/\sigma(\chi_{c1})$$

370 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- $\chi_{cJ}$  provides substantial feed-down to the prompt J/ψ through  $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$ 
  - Impact on the J/ψ polarization and cross-section measurements
- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$  with  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  and  $\gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^-$  using converted photons (2011) in the tracking system: good resolution  $\rightarrow \chi_c$  states resolved, lower efficiency



- $\chi_{c0}$ : very few expected events
- Good agreement with LHCb 2010 analysis ( $\gamma$  using calorimeter clusters only) and CDF.
- Agreement with NLO CS + CO above 8 GeV/c

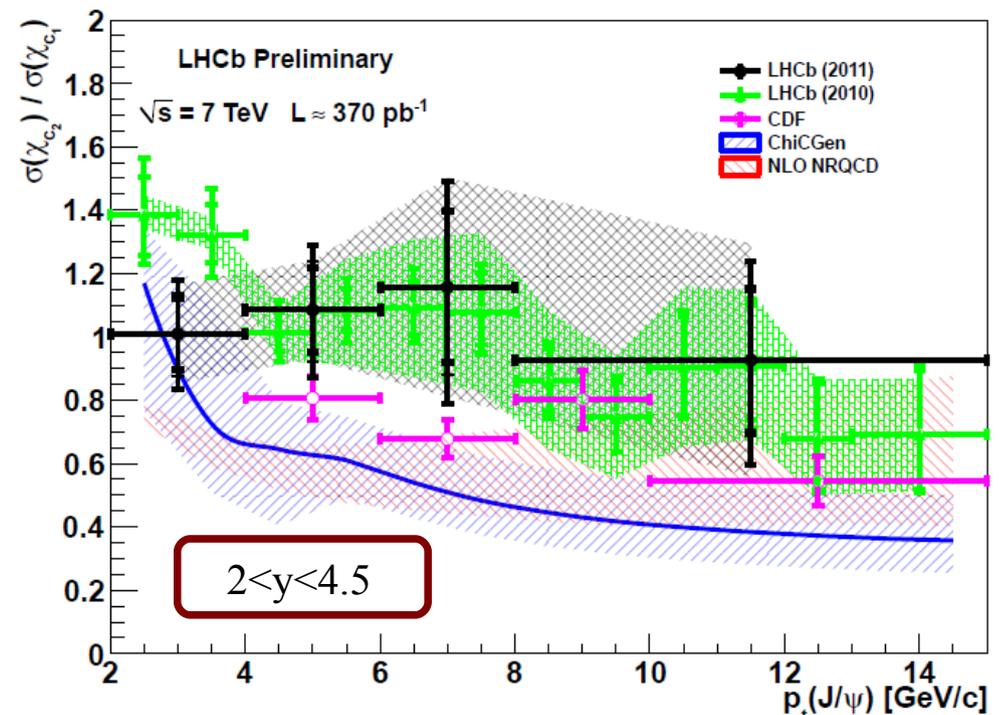
LHCb 2010: [LHCb-PAPER-2011-019]

LHCb 2011: [LHCb-CONF-2011-062]

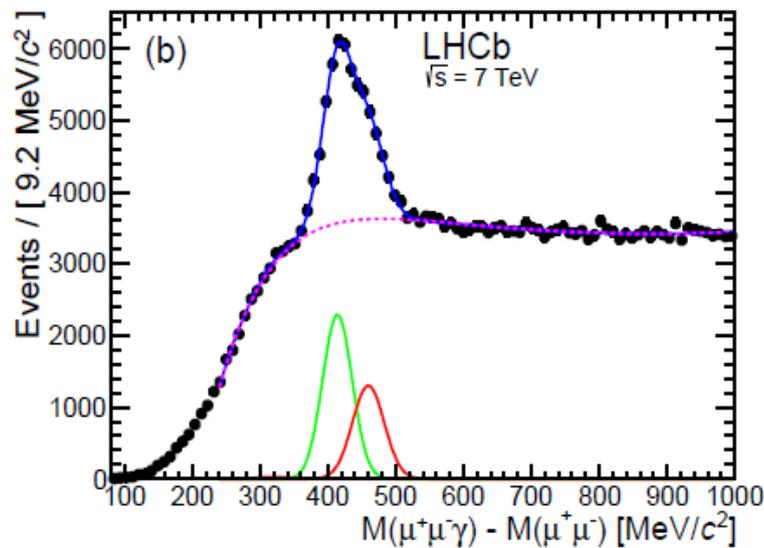
CDF: PRL 98 (2007) 232001

ChiCGen: <http://projects.hepforge.org/superchic/chigen.html>

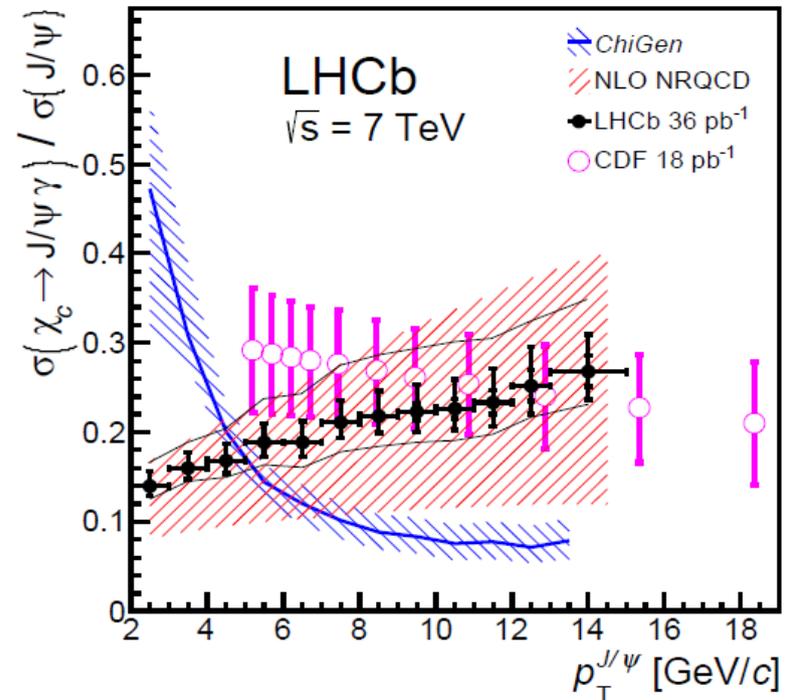
NRQCD: PR D83 (2011) 111503



- $\gamma$  reconstruction using calorimeter clusters only (lower resolution)
- Prompt charmonium selection: requiring  $d_z M_{J/\psi} / p_z < 0.1 ps$  (pseudo decay time)



- Separate errors to take into account all possible polarization scenarios of  $(\chi_{c1}, \chi_{c2}, J/\psi)$



- Results in agreement with NLO CS + CO

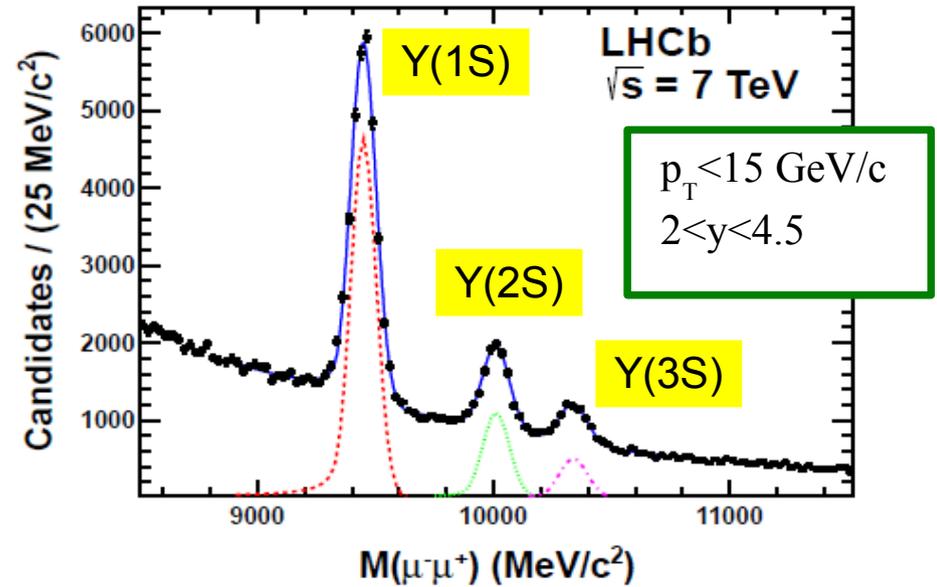
Ma, Wang and Chao [PR D83 (2001) 111503]  
 ChiGen [[hepforge.org/superchic/chigen.html](http://hepforge.org/superchic/chigen.html)]  
 [LHCb-PAPER-2011-030]

# Bottomonium: $Y(nS)$

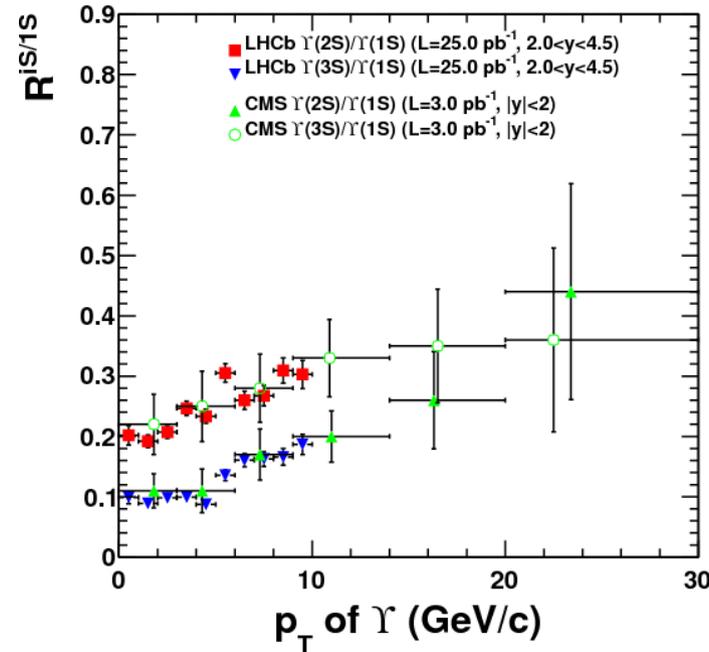
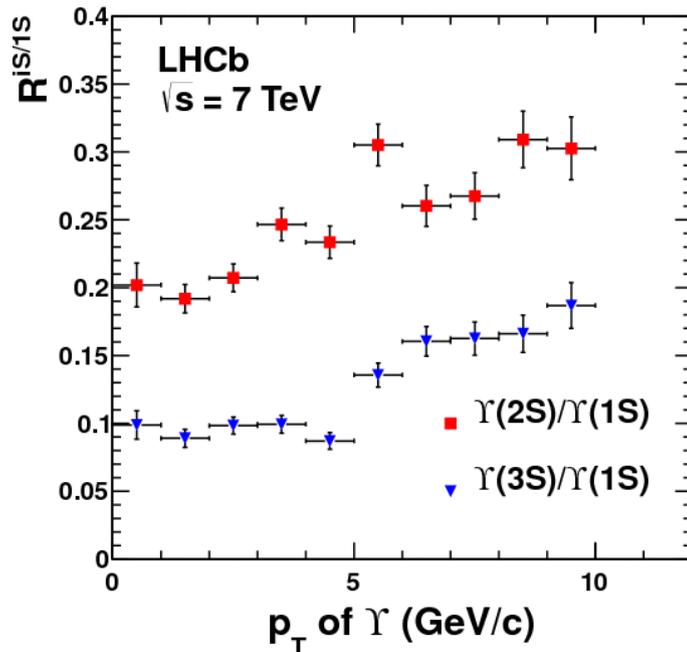
25 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- Direct production or feed-down from higher bottomonium states
- Through the decay channel  $Y(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- Signal fitted by Crystal Ball functions.  
Background fitted by an exponential
- Yields: 26400  $Y(1S)$ , 6700  $Y(2S)$ , 3300  $Y(3S)$
- Unknown polarization taken as syst. error (last asymmetrical error)

[LHCb-PAPER-2011-036]



$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(pp \rightarrow Y(1S) X) \times \mathcal{B}(Y(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) &= 2.29 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.10 \begin{matrix} +0.19 \\ -0.37 \end{matrix} \text{ nb} \\ \sigma(pp \rightarrow Y(2S) X) \times \mathcal{B}(Y(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) &= 0.562 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.023 \begin{matrix} +0.048 \\ -0.092 \end{matrix} \text{ nb} \\ \sigma(pp \rightarrow Y(3S) X) \times \mathcal{B}(Y(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) &= 0.283 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.012 \begin{matrix} +0.025 \\ -0.048 \end{matrix} \text{ nb} \end{aligned}$$



For CMS  
[PR D83 (2011) 112004]

# Double Charm(onium)

355 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- $J/\psi C, C\bar{C}, CC$  where  $C = D^0, D^+, D_s^+, \Lambda_c^+$
- Predictions for the production cross-sections are given by
  - **LO pQCD:**  $gg \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$  excellent agreement with the LHCb measurements [PLB 707 52]
  - **Intrinsic Charm (IC):** based on charm PDFs. Quite large uncertainties on the predictions
  - **Double Parton Scattering (DPS):** two independent scattering processes. Assumes the factorization of the PDFs

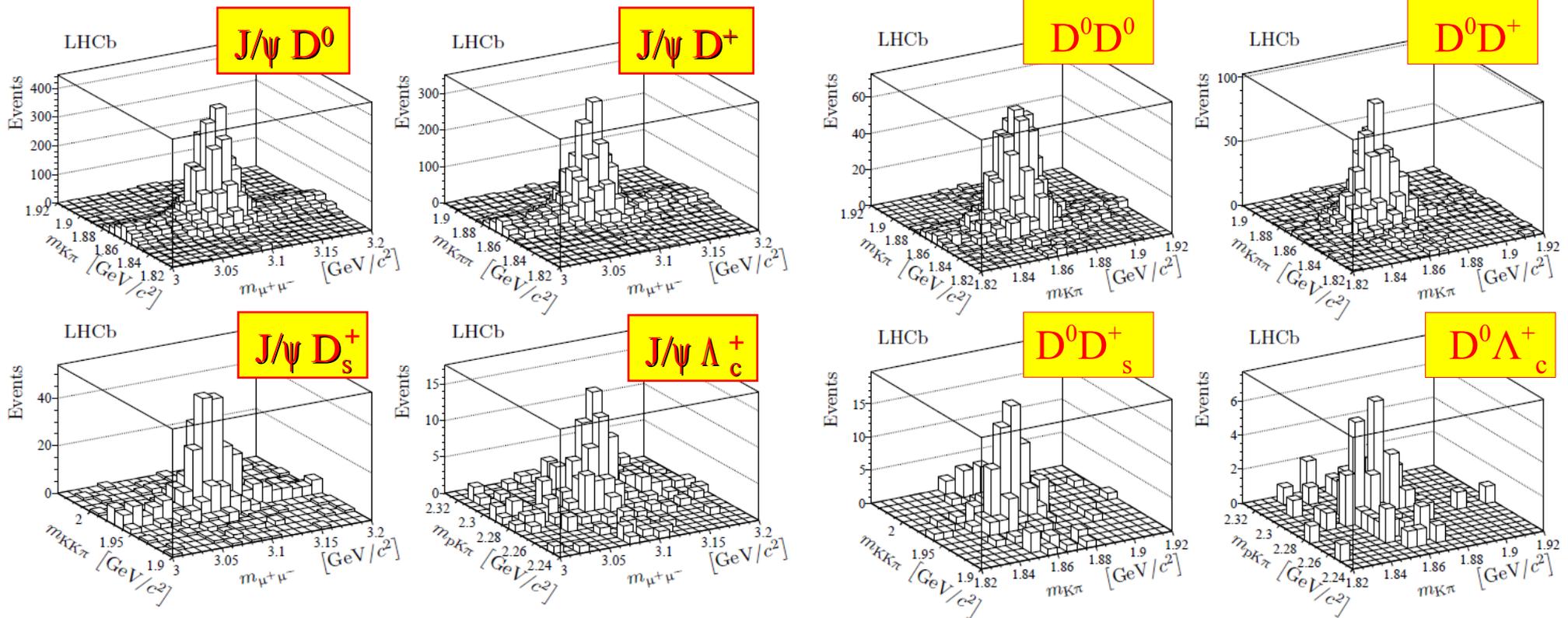
$$\begin{aligned} J/\psi &\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \\ D^0 &\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \\ D^+ &\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \\ D_s^+ &\rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^+ \\ \Lambda_c^+ &\rightarrow p K^- \pi^+ \end{aligned}$$

- LHCb performed the first observation of the modes  $J/\psi C$  at hadron machines
  - $3 < p_T^C < 12 \text{ GeV}/c, p_T^{J/\psi} < 12 \text{ GeV}/c, 2 < y_{J/\psi}, y_C < 4$
- Require both hadrons consistent with the same PV
- Use *per-event* efficiency correction
  - Efficiencies extracted from data (when possible)

[LHCb-PAPER-2012-003]

# Double Charm(onium)

355 pb<sup>-1</sup>



- Pileup is negligible (real data + MC)
- Signal significance  $> 5\sigma$

## Dominant systematic

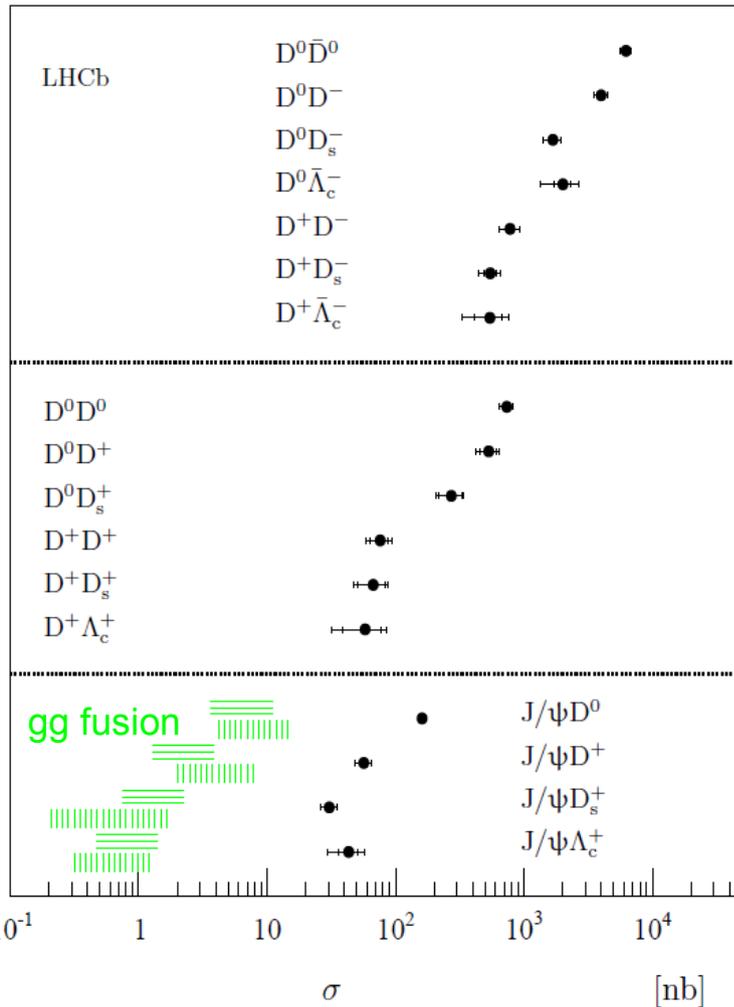
- Hadron track reconstruction: 2% per track

Mode	Fitted signal
$J/\psi D^0$	$4875 \pm 86$
$J/\psi D^+$	$3323 \pm 71$
$J/\psi D_s^+$	$328 \pm 22$
$J/\psi \Lambda_c^+$	$116 \pm 14$

Mode	Fitted signal
$D^0 D^0$	$1087 \pm 37$
$D^0 D^+$	$1177 \pm 39$
$D^0 D_s^+$	$111 \pm 12$
$D^0 \Lambda_c^+$	$41 \pm 8$

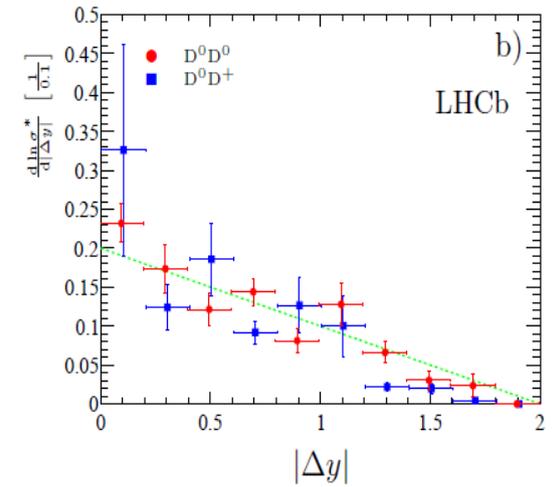
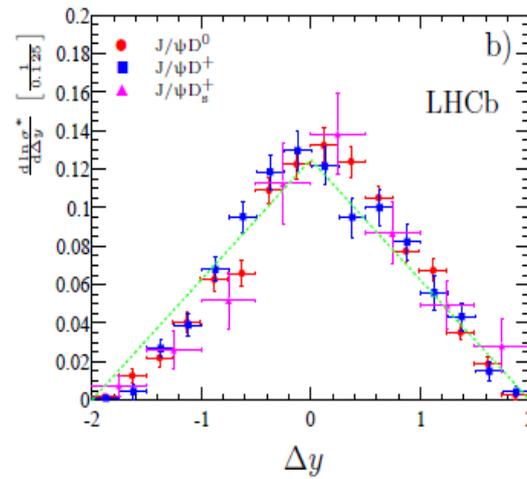
# Double Charm(onium)

355 pb<sup>-1</sup>

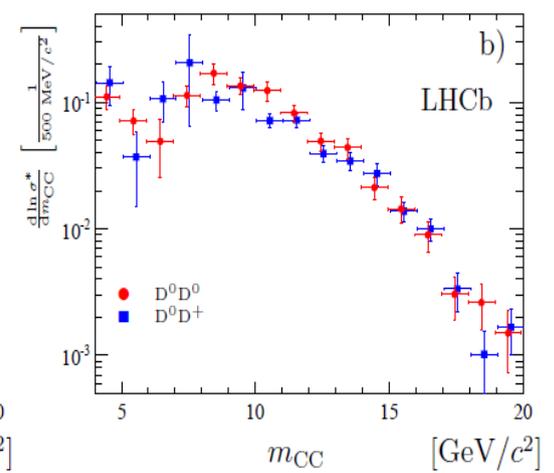
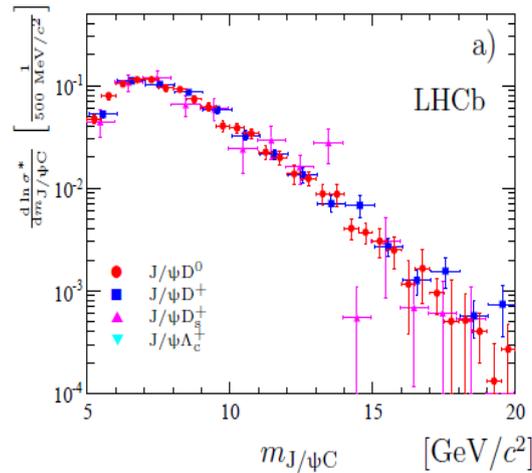


green horizontally hatched areas  
 [EPJ C61 (2009) 693]

green vertically hatched areas  
 [PR D57 (1998) 4385]  
 [PR D73 (2006) 074021]



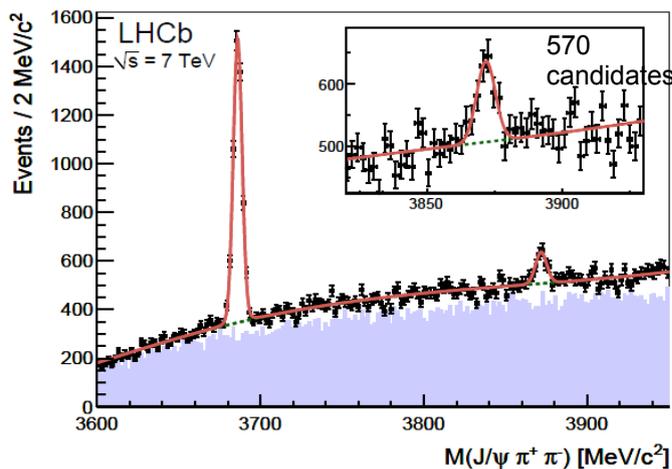
Green line: expected distribution for uncorrelated events



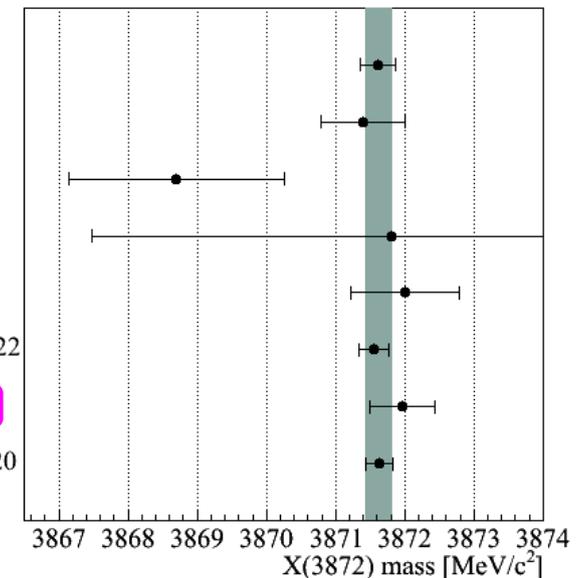
# X(3872)

35 pb<sup>-1</sup>

- Observed for the first time by Belle (2003) in B decays. Confirmed by CDF, D0 and BaBar
- Quantum numbers not yet established ( $J^{PC}=2^{-+}$  or  $1^{++}$ ). Its nature is still uncertain: conventional charmonium? Di-Charm molecule? Tetraquark state? → **Mass is a crucial input to theories**



CDF  
BaBar B<sup>+</sup>  
BaBar B<sup>0</sup>  
D0  
Belle  
PDG Average 3871.56 ± 0.22  
LHCb Preliminary  
New average 3871.63 ± 0.20



$$M_{X(3872)} = 3871.95 \pm 0.48 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.12 \text{ (syst)} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\sigma_{X(3872)}^{B_{J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-}} = 4.7 \pm 1.1 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.7 \text{ (syst)} \text{ nb}$$

[LHCb-PAPER-2011-034]

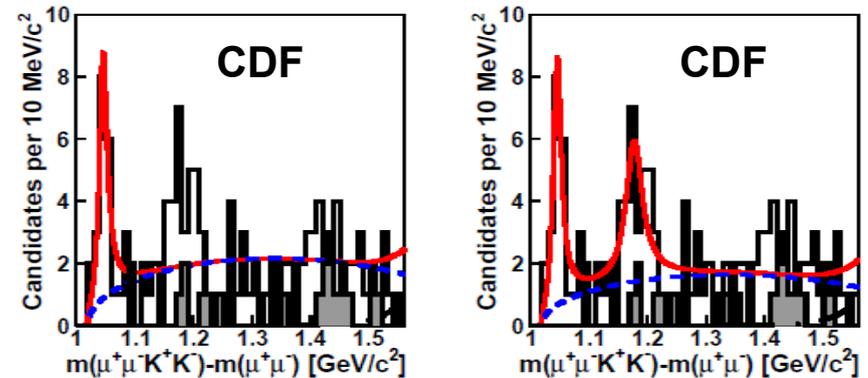
- dominant systematics (mass): 10% momentum calibration scale; 5% energy loss correction
- dominant systematics ( $\sigma$ ): 7% tracking efficiency; 6% background model

# X(4140)

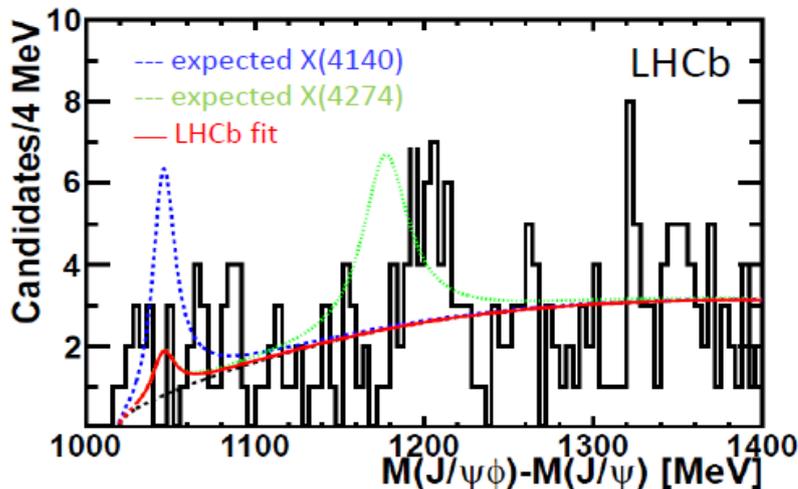
376 pb<sup>-1</sup>

[PRL 102 (2009) 242002]

- Observed by CDF in  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K^+$ :  
 $19 \pm 6$  X(4140) and  $22 \pm 8$  X(4274).
- $J/\psi \phi$  close to the kinematic threshold: should be unobservable
- Its nature: molecule? Tetraquark? ...



- Belle found no evidence for X(4140) in  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$



- 380  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K^+$  selected events at LHCb  
**No evidence for the X(4140) nor for the X(4274): upper limits at 90% CL**

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow X(4140)K^+) \times \mathcal{B}(X(4140) \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K^+)} < 0.07 \quad \text{LHCb}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow X(4274)K^+) \times \mathcal{B}(X(4274) \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K^+)} < 0.08 \quad \text{LHCb}$$

[LHCb-PAPER-2011-033]

# Prospects and conclusions

- LHCb is in good shape and performs better than expectations
- More than 1/fb recorded (about 50% analyzed)
- Very active quarkonium group working in close connection with theorists community
- Latest quarkonium analyses presented here. Many others in progress. Active plans for new measurements at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV
- Stay tuned for news!

*Thank you for listening*