

***XXth International Workshop on Deep-Inelastic
Scattering and Related Subjects (DIS 2012)***

Bethe Centre for Theoretical Physics, University of Bonn
March 29th 2012



**Low-x Physics in
ep and eA
scattering at an
LHeC (I)**

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for the **LHeC Study Group**, <http://cern.ch/lhec>

1. Introduction.

2. Kinematical coverage of an LHeC.

3. Inclusive measurements and small- x glue.

4. Final states.

5. Summary.

See the EIC and LHeC talks, plus many many others, here.

I focus on inclusive and final state observables. See A. Stasto's talk for diffractive observables at the LHeC.

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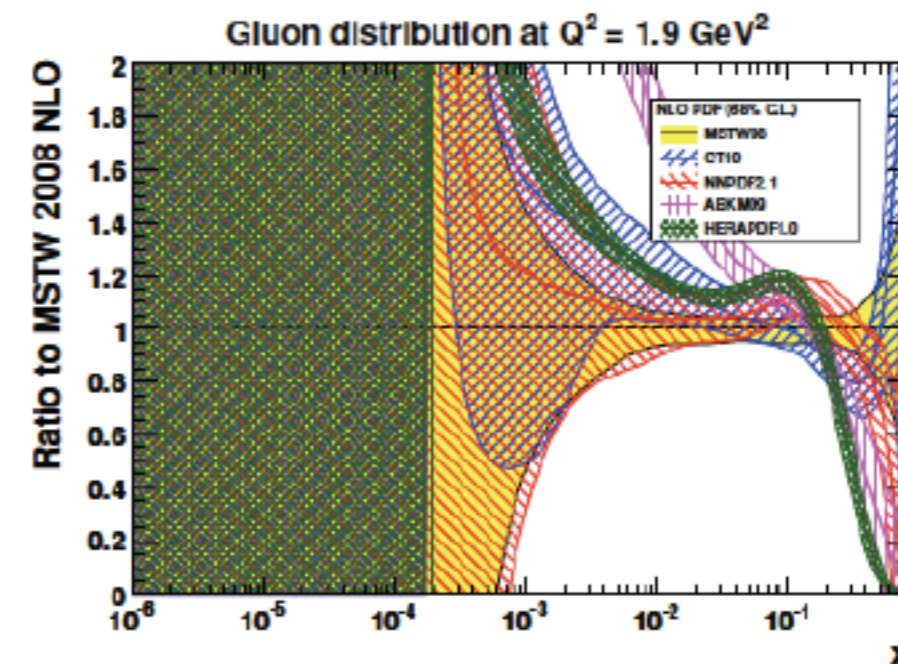
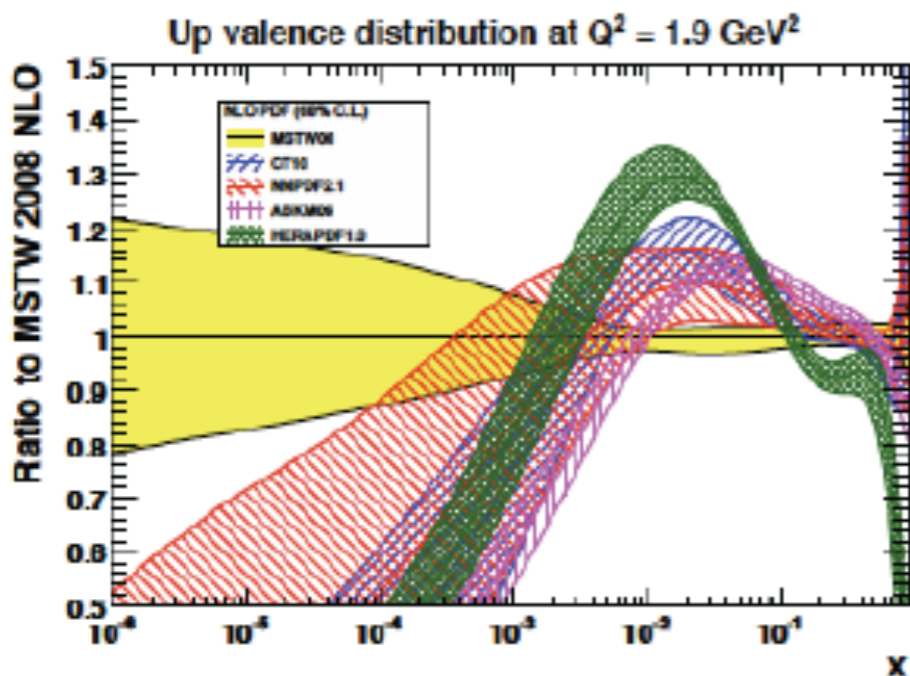
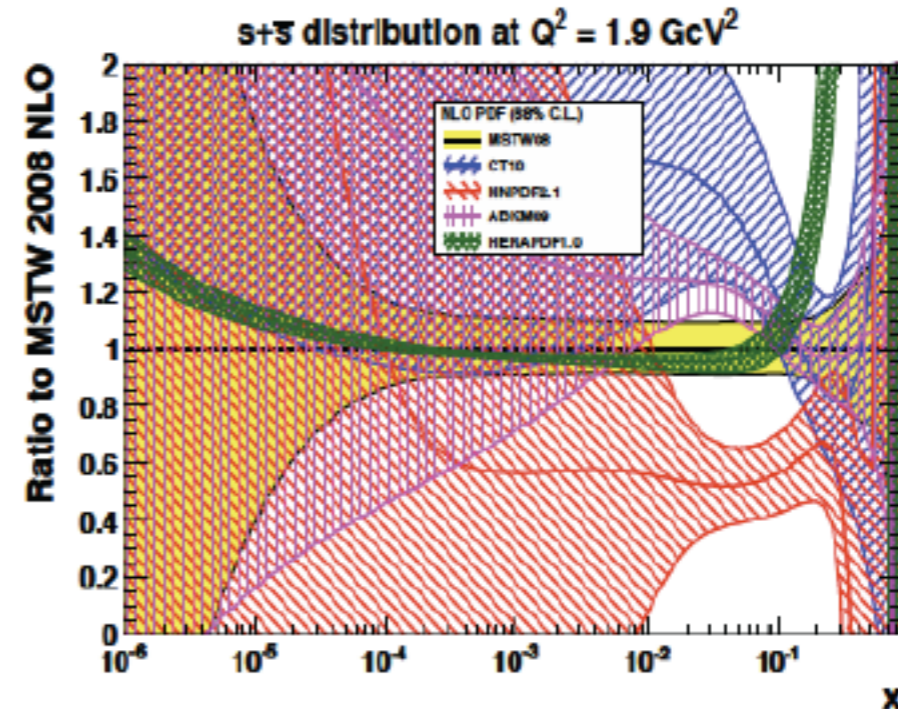
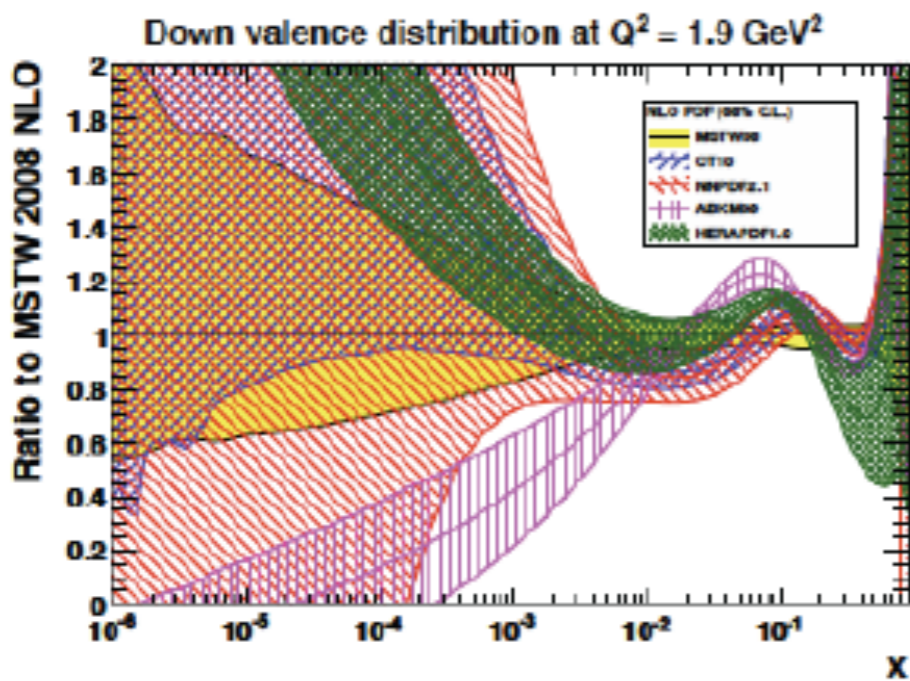
See the EIC and LHeC talks, plus many many others, here.

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Results from Design Study Report as close to final as possible.

Motivation:

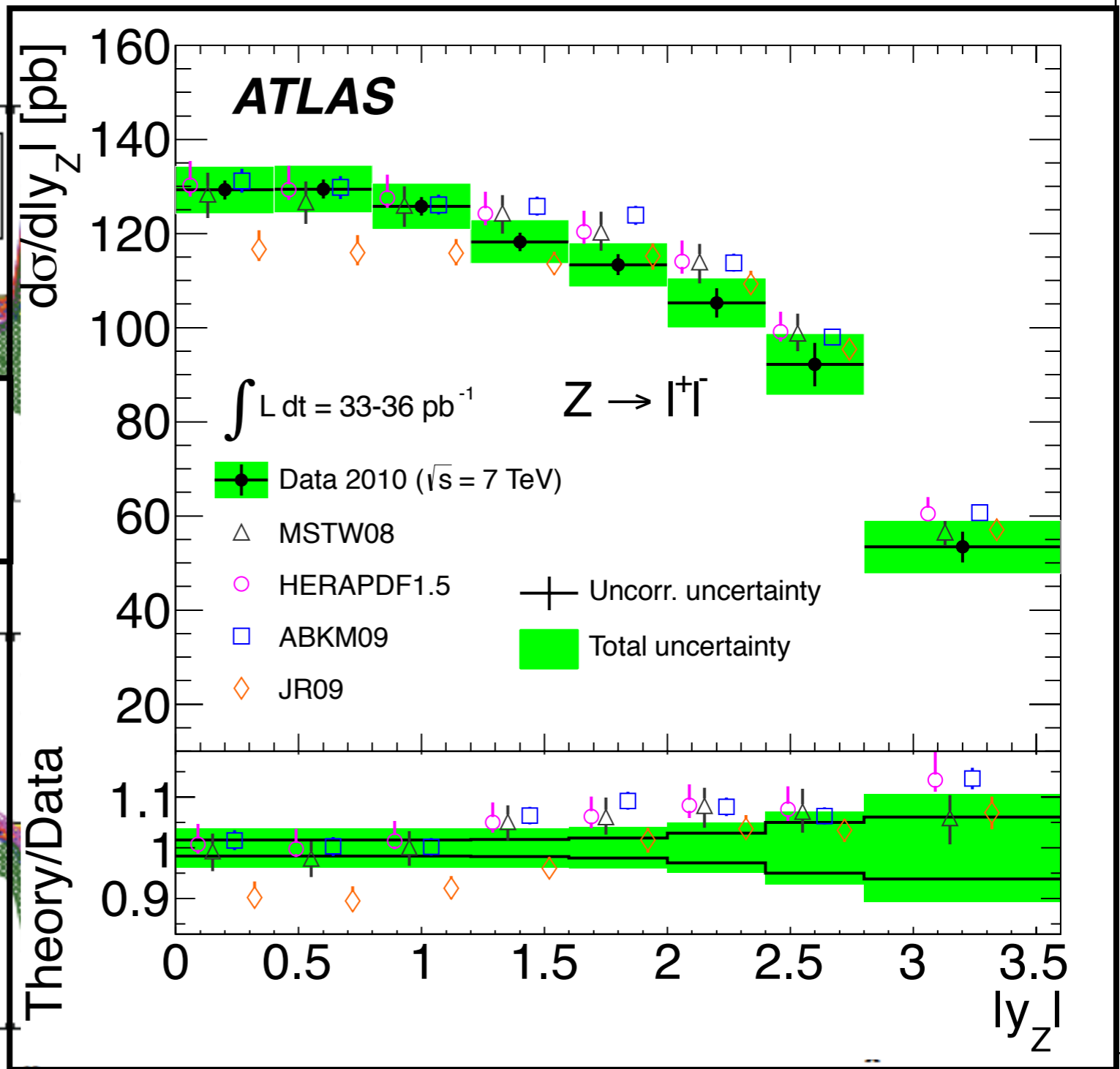
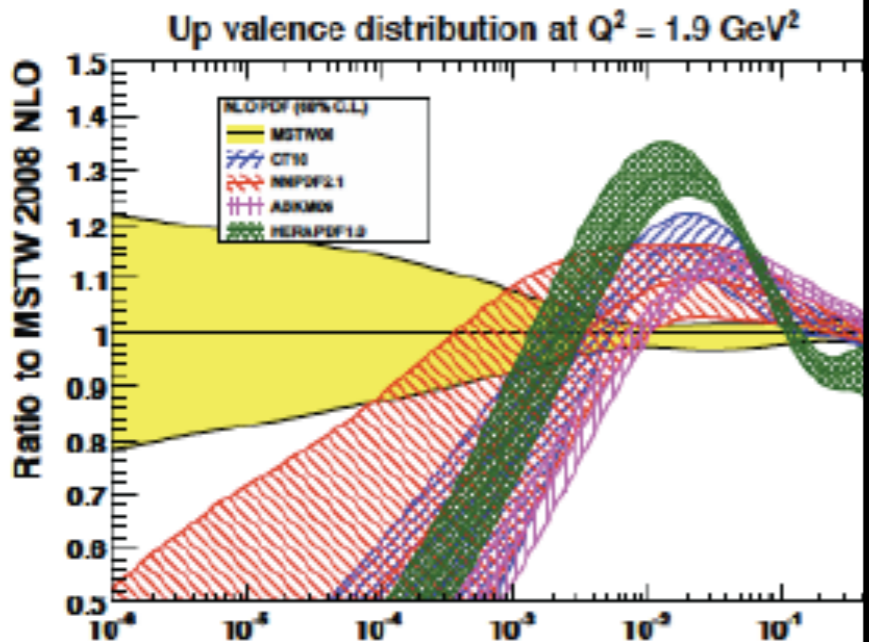
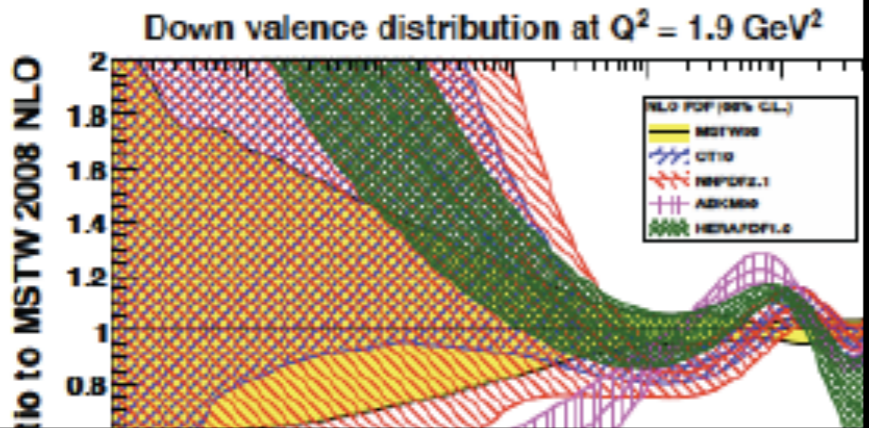
- **HERA**: successful but unfinished QCD program - eA, eD, high and small x, new concepts (TMDs,...), instantons, odderon,...



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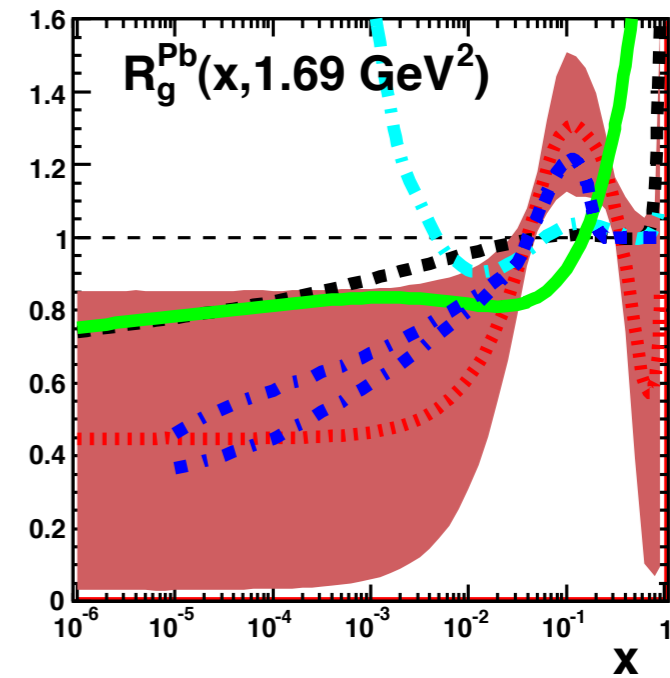
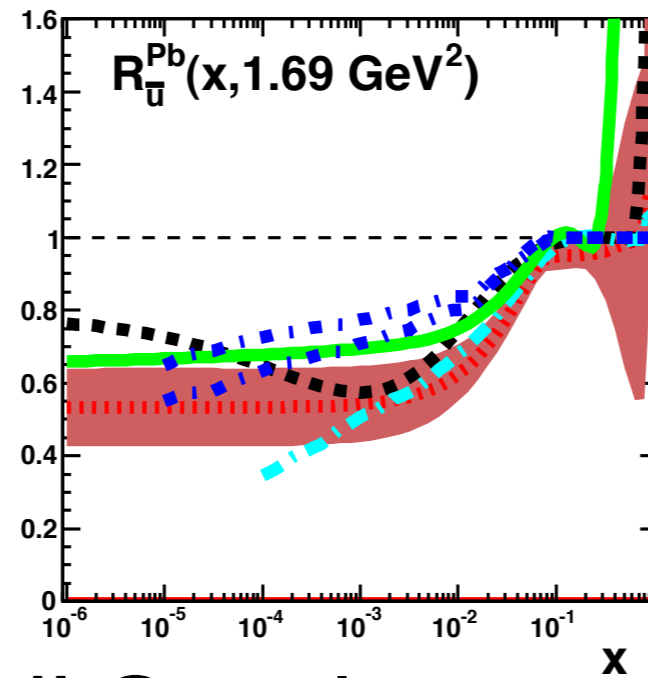
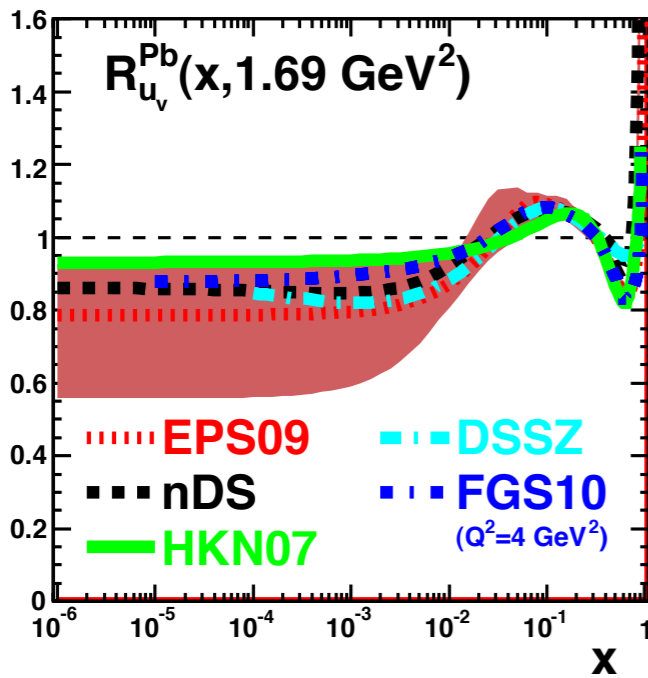
- **HERA**: successful but unfinished QCD program - eA, eD, high and small x, new concepts (TMDs,...), instantons, odderon,...

LHC starts to be sensitive to differences in pdfs!!!

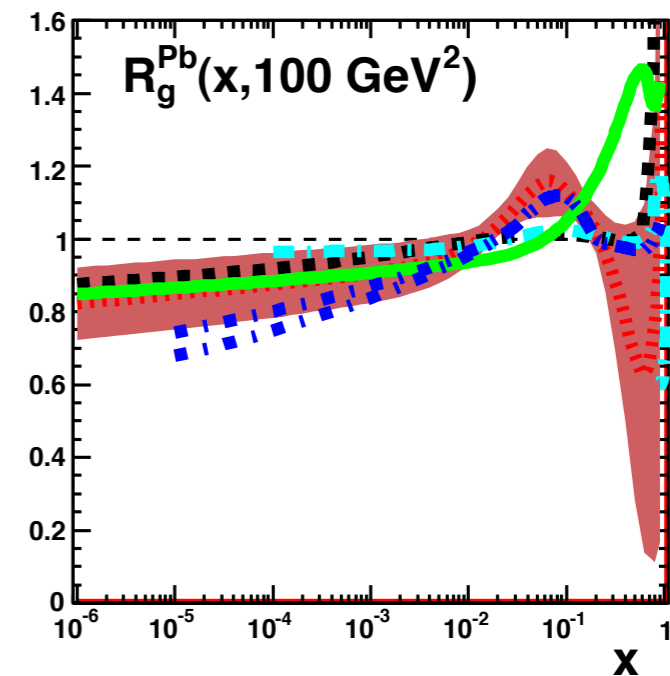
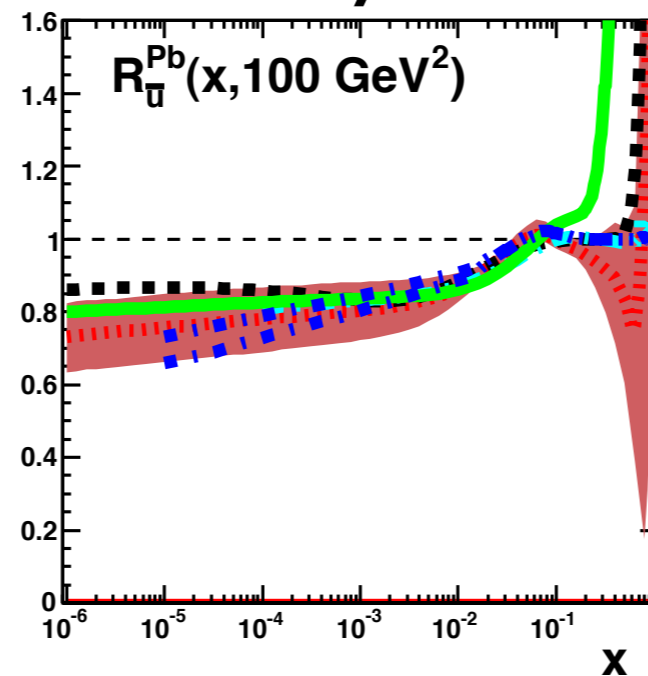
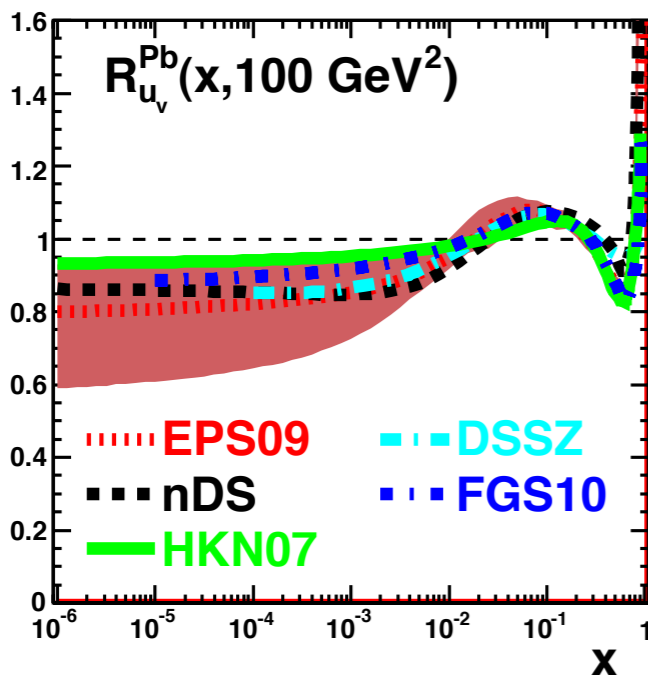


$$R_{F_2}^A(x, Q^2) = \frac{F_2^A(x, Q^2)}{A F_2^{\text{nucleon}}(x, Q^2)}$$

Problem for benchmarking
in hard probes!!!

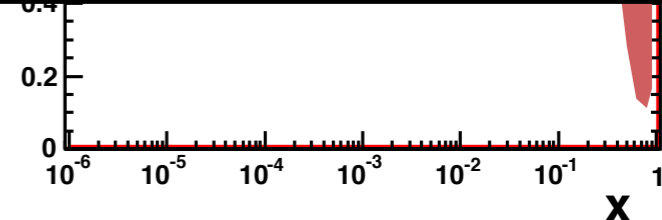
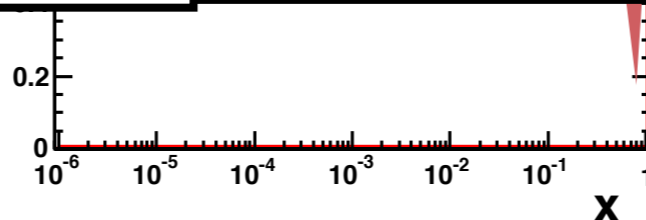
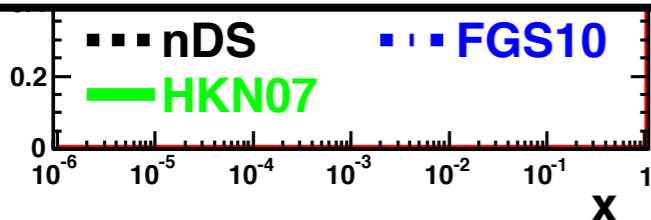
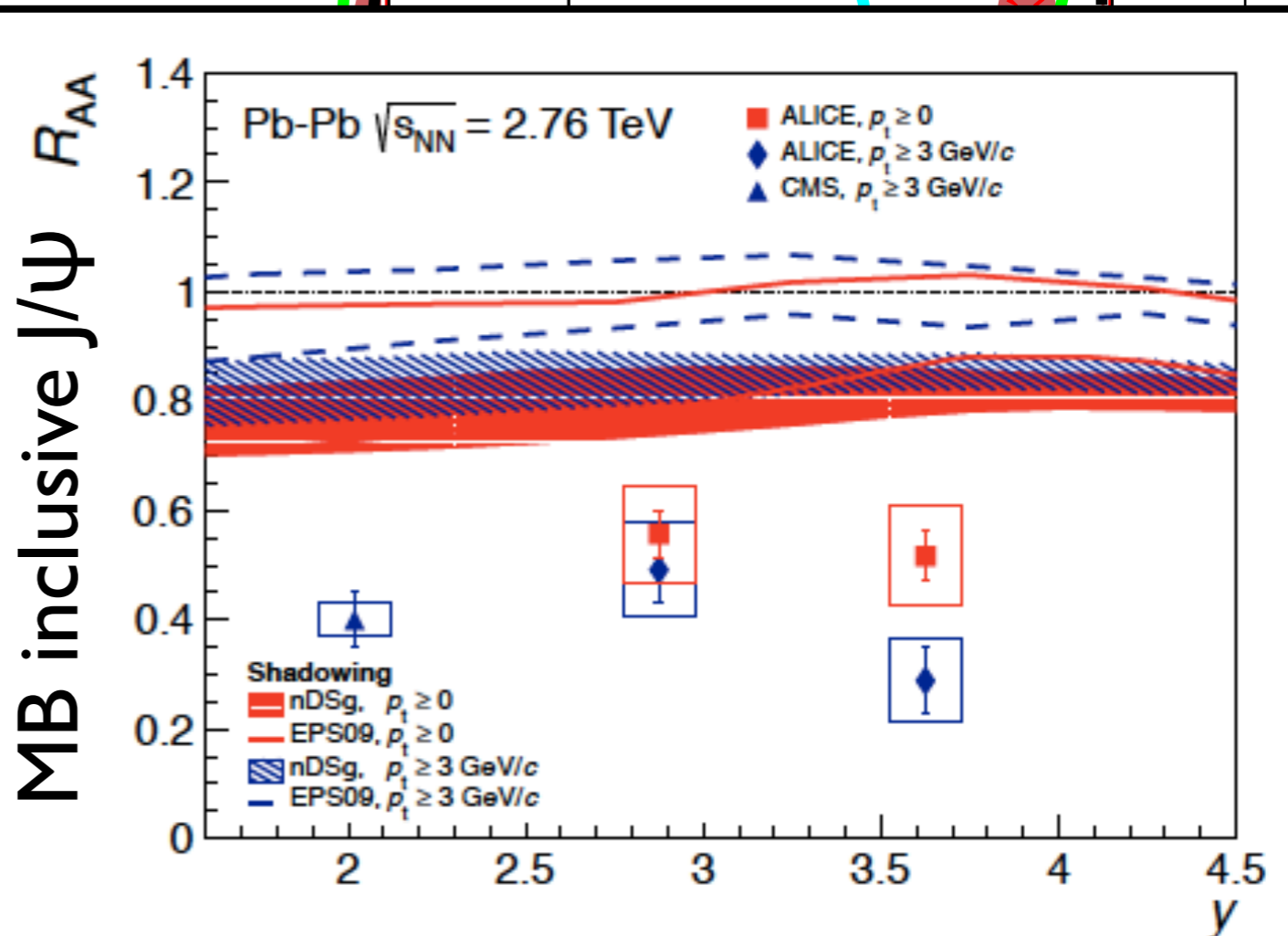
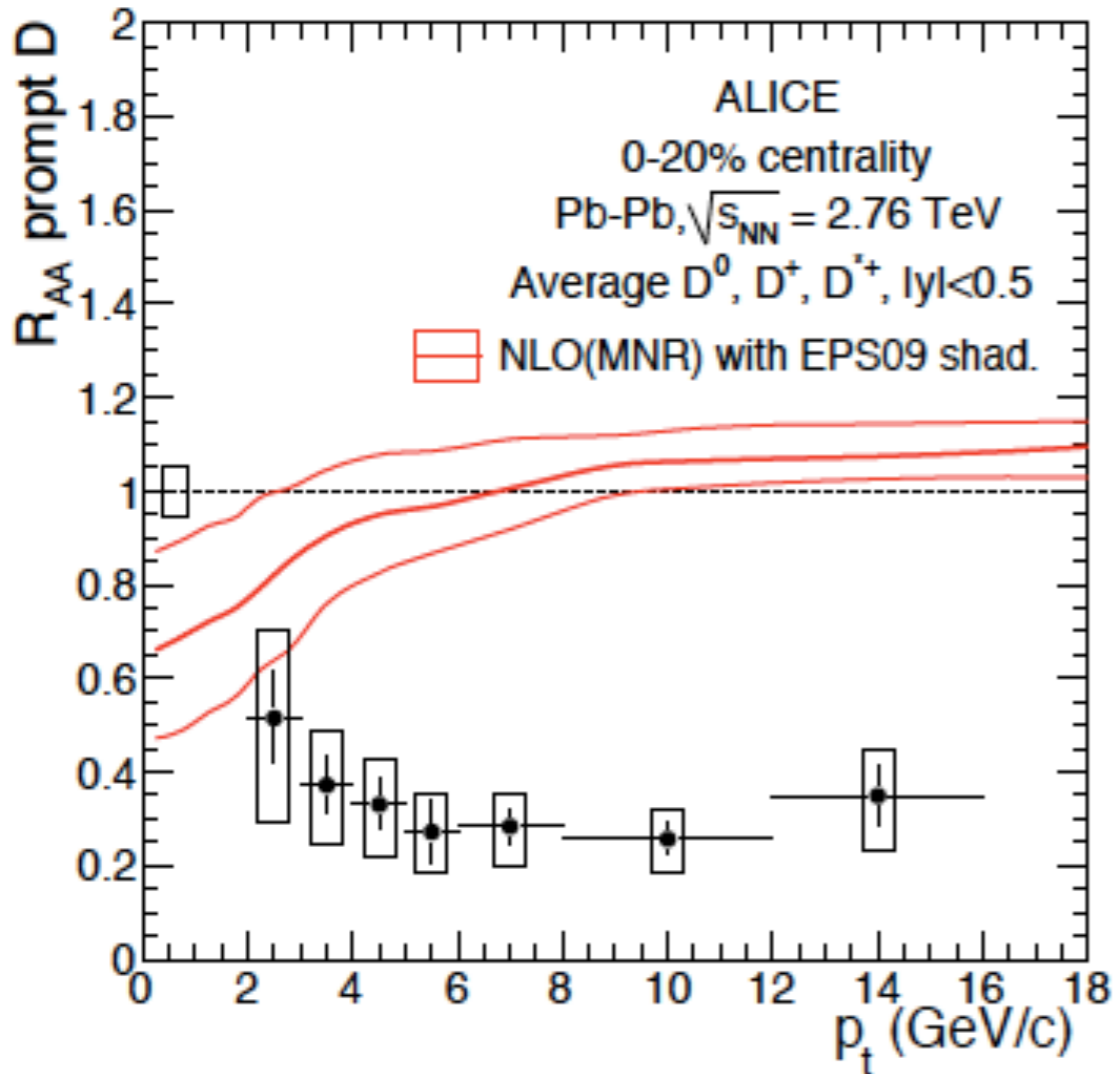


NLO analysis



$$R_{F_2}^A(x, Q^2) = \frac{F_2^A(x, Q^2)}{A F_2^{\text{nucleon}}(x, Q^2)}$$

Problem for benchmarking
in hard probes!!!



• Three pQCD-based alternatives (plus several models) to describe small- x ep and eA data:

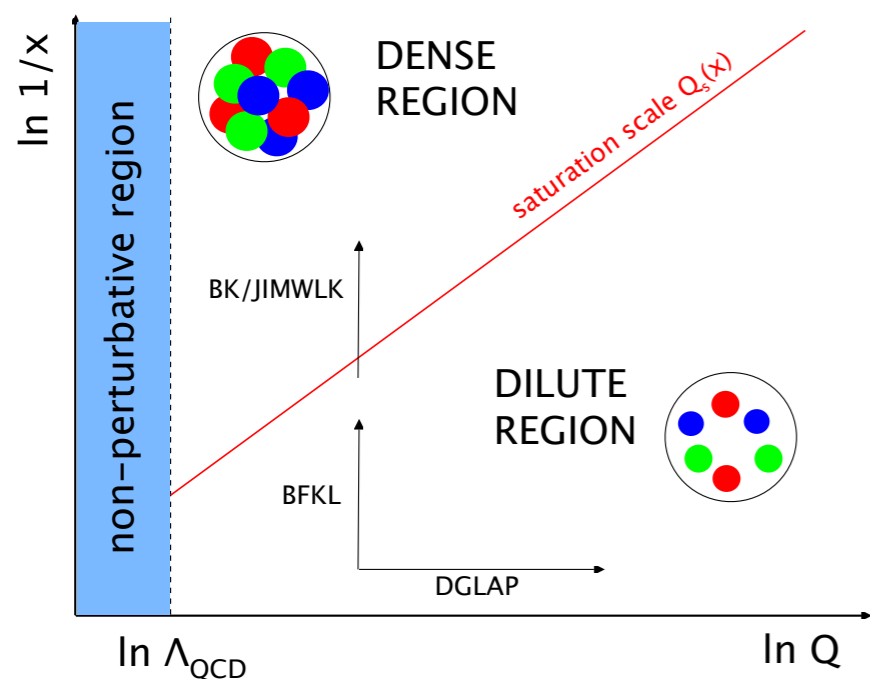
→ **DGLAP evolution** (fixed order PT).

→ **Resummation schemes**.

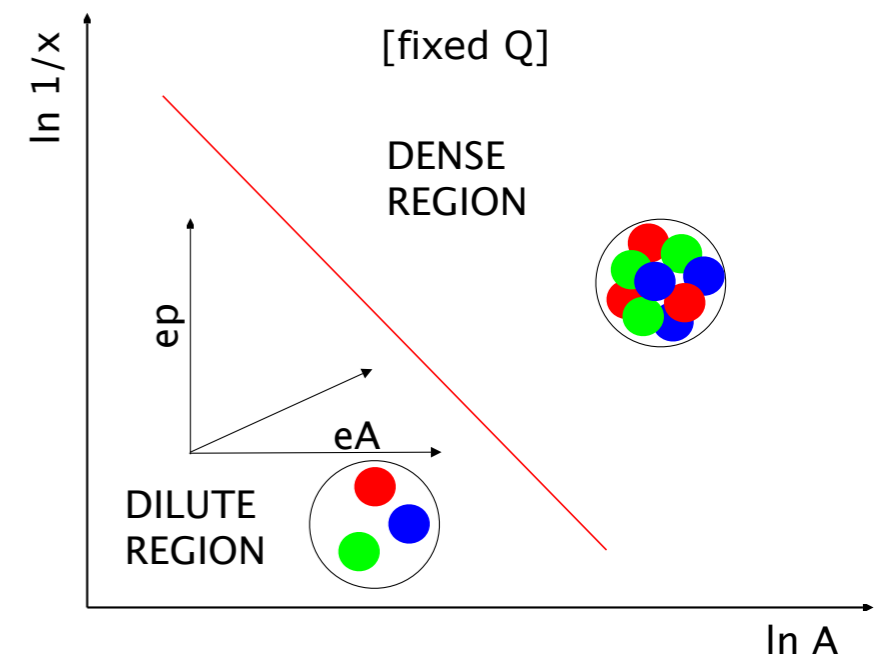
→ **CGC** (dipole models and rcBK).

Differences lie at moderate $Q^2 (> \Lambda^2_{\text{QCD}})$ and small x . Hints of deviations from NLO DGLAP (Caola et al '09, Albacete et al '12).

• **Unitarity** (non-linear effects): where?



Two-pronged approach at the LHeC:
 $\downarrow x / \uparrow A$. **eA**:
 test/enhance density effects.



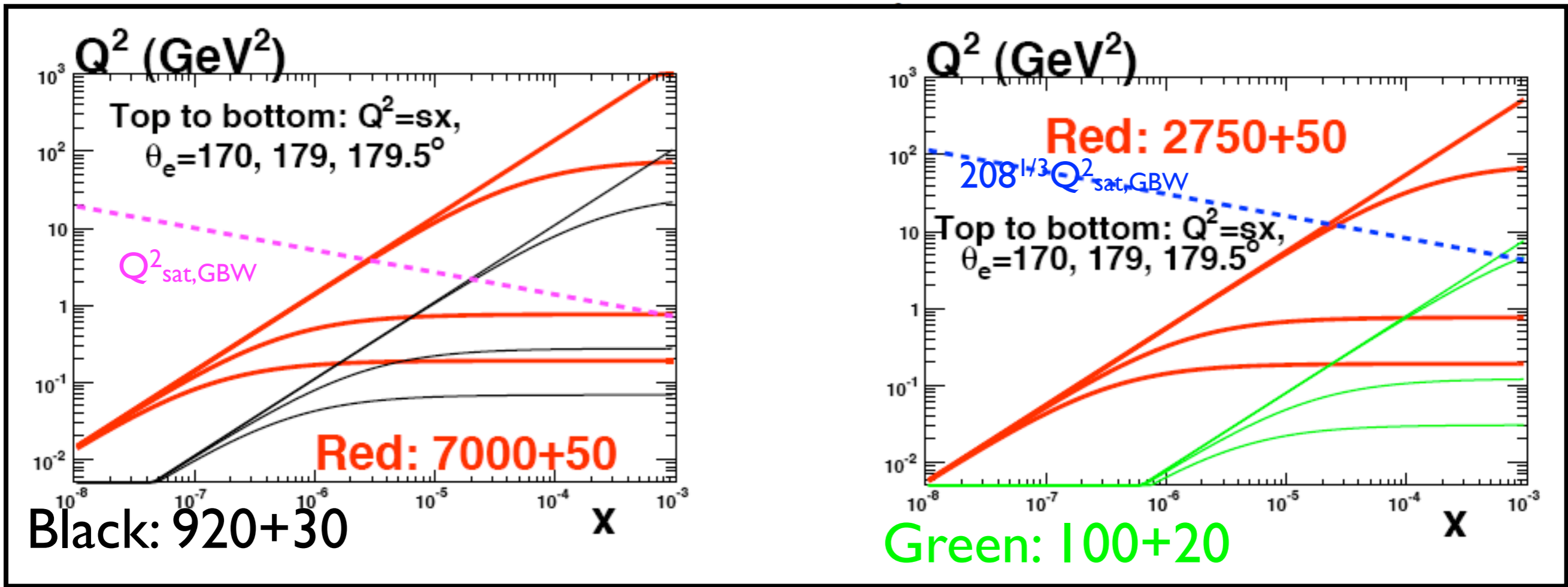
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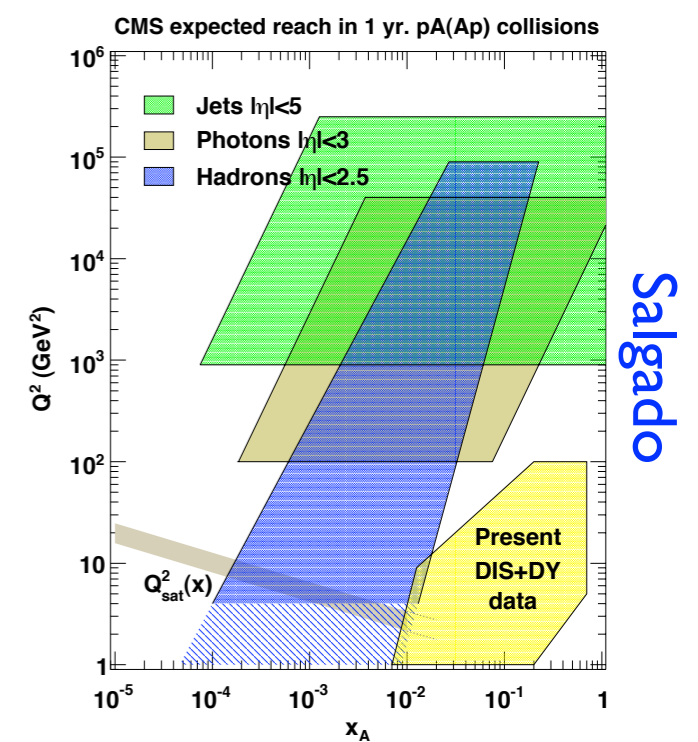
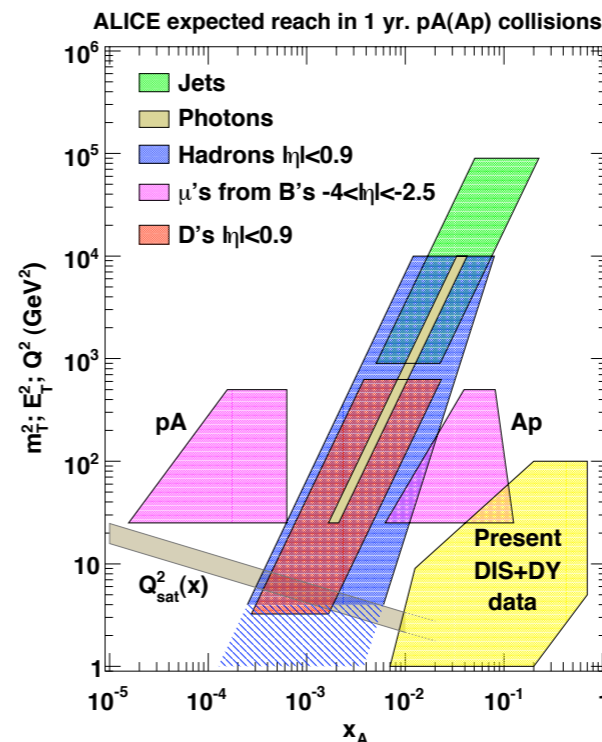
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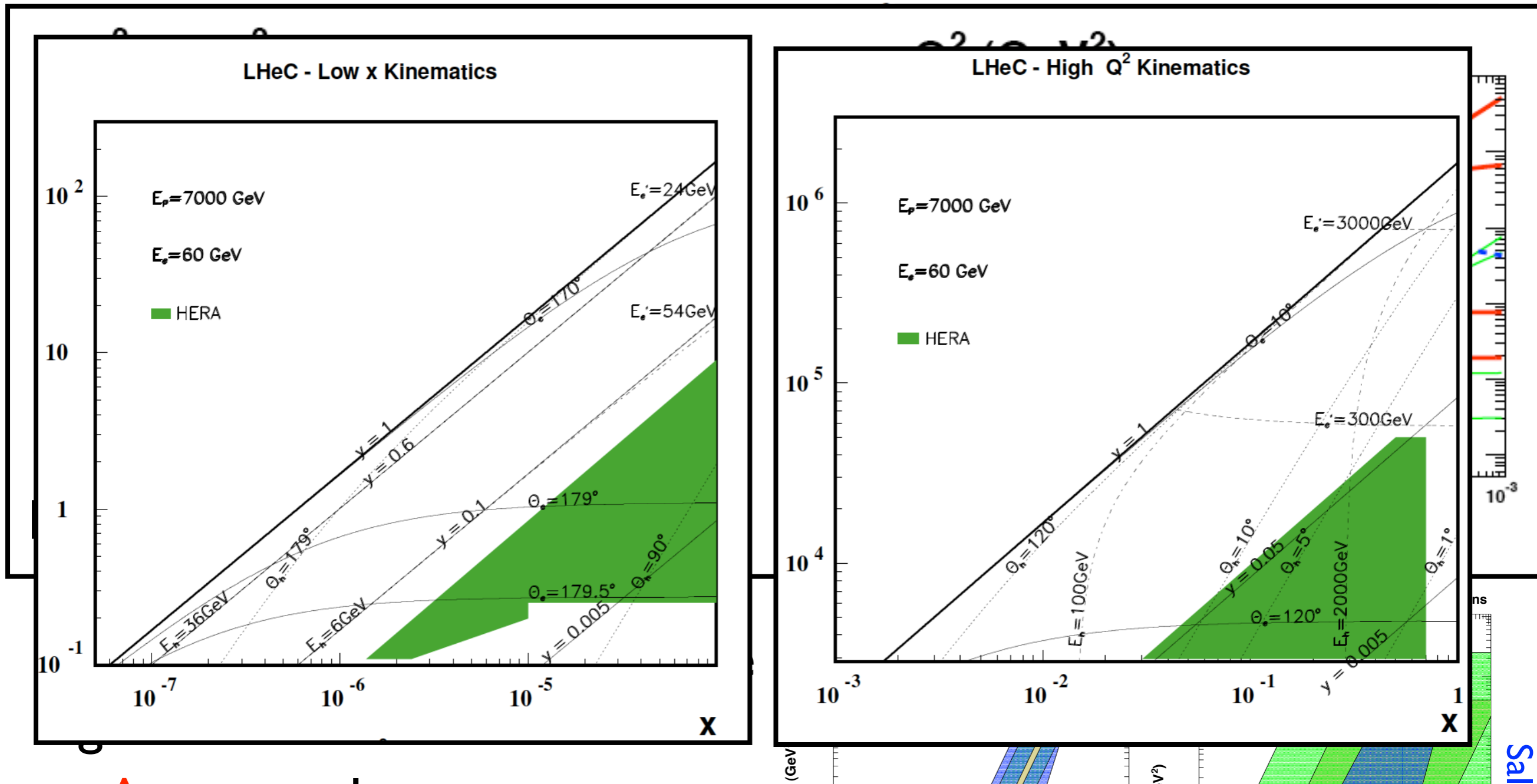
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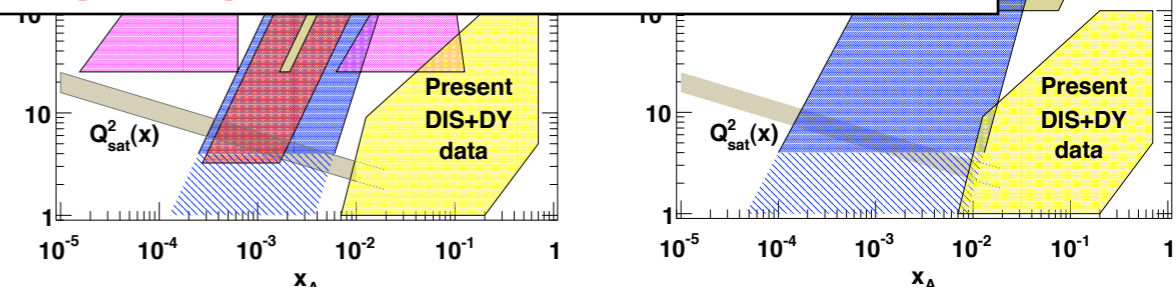


- **ep**: access to the perturbative region beLow- $x \sim$ a few 10^{-5} .
- **eA**: new realm.
- **No small- x physics without ~ 1 degree acceptance.**

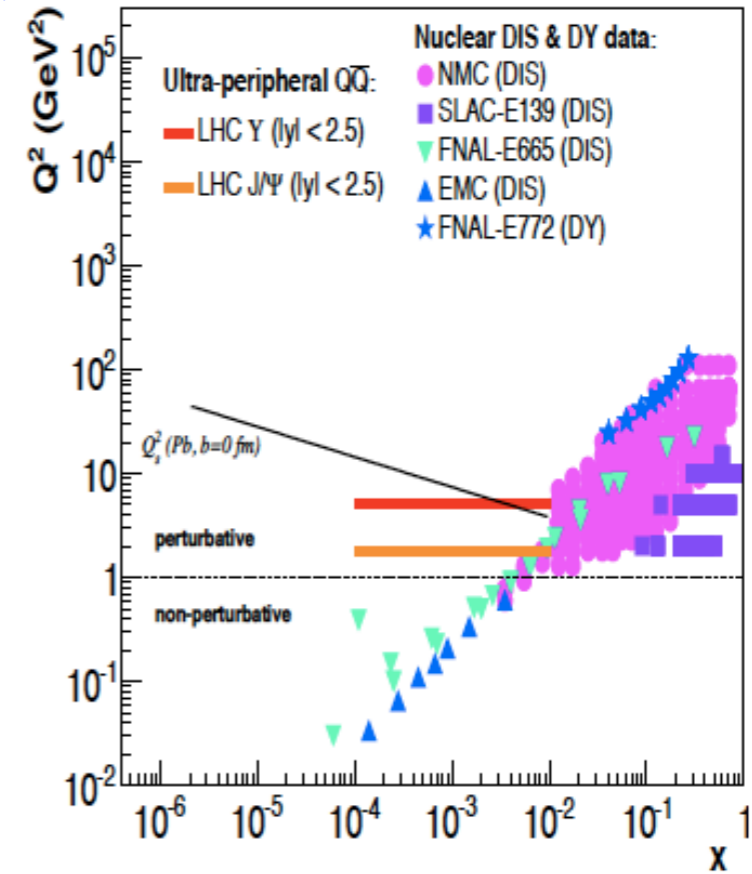
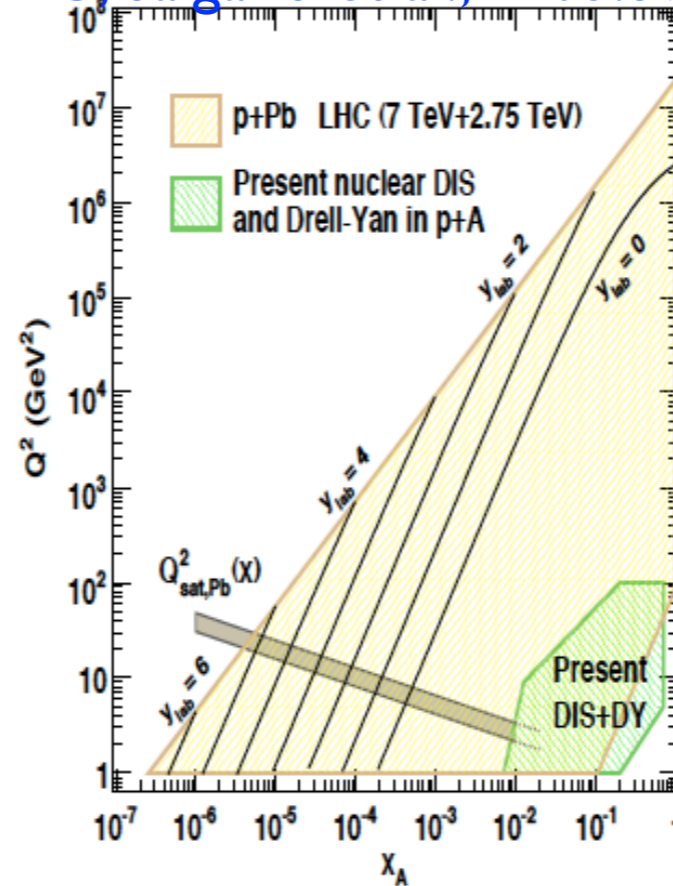
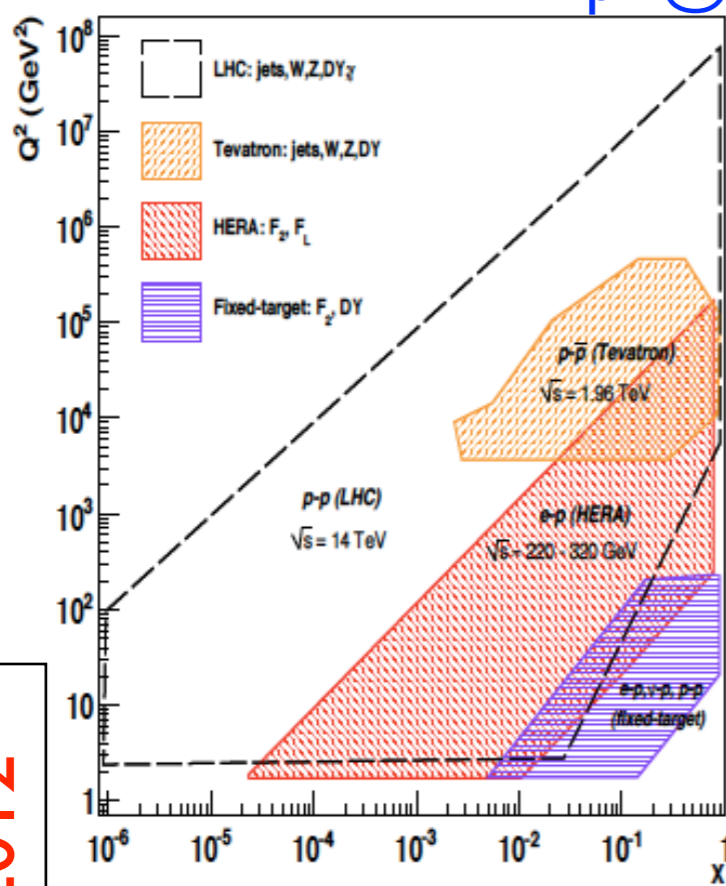




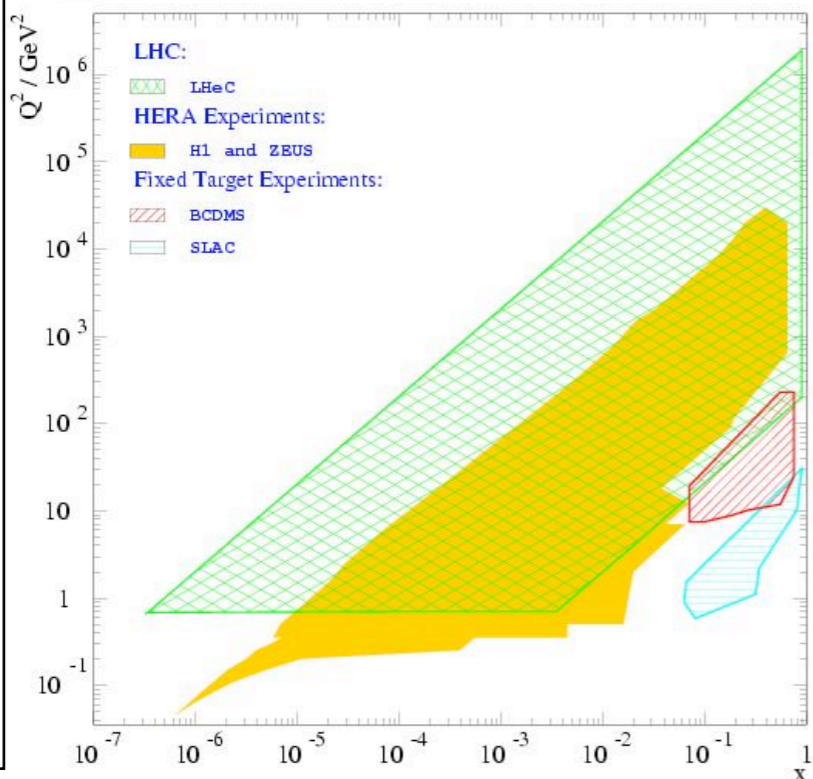
- eA Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012
- No small-x physics without ~ 1 degree acceptance.



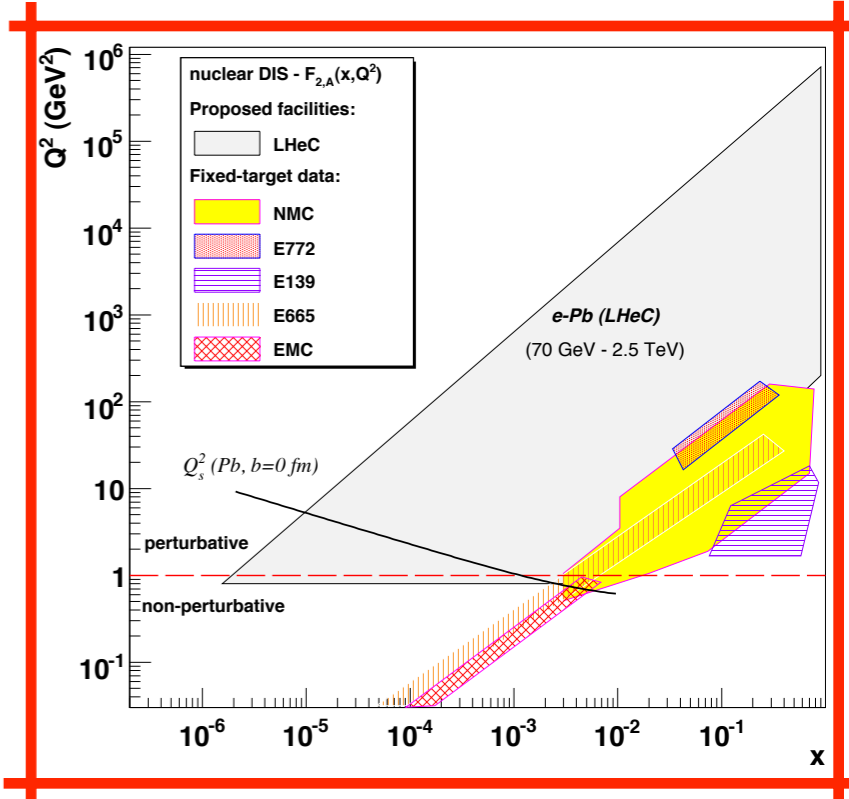
Salgado



Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012



- Existing ep: pp@LHC at y=0; eA: not even dAu@RHIC.
- LHeC: clean scan of the LHC x-Q² domain.



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LHeC scenarios:

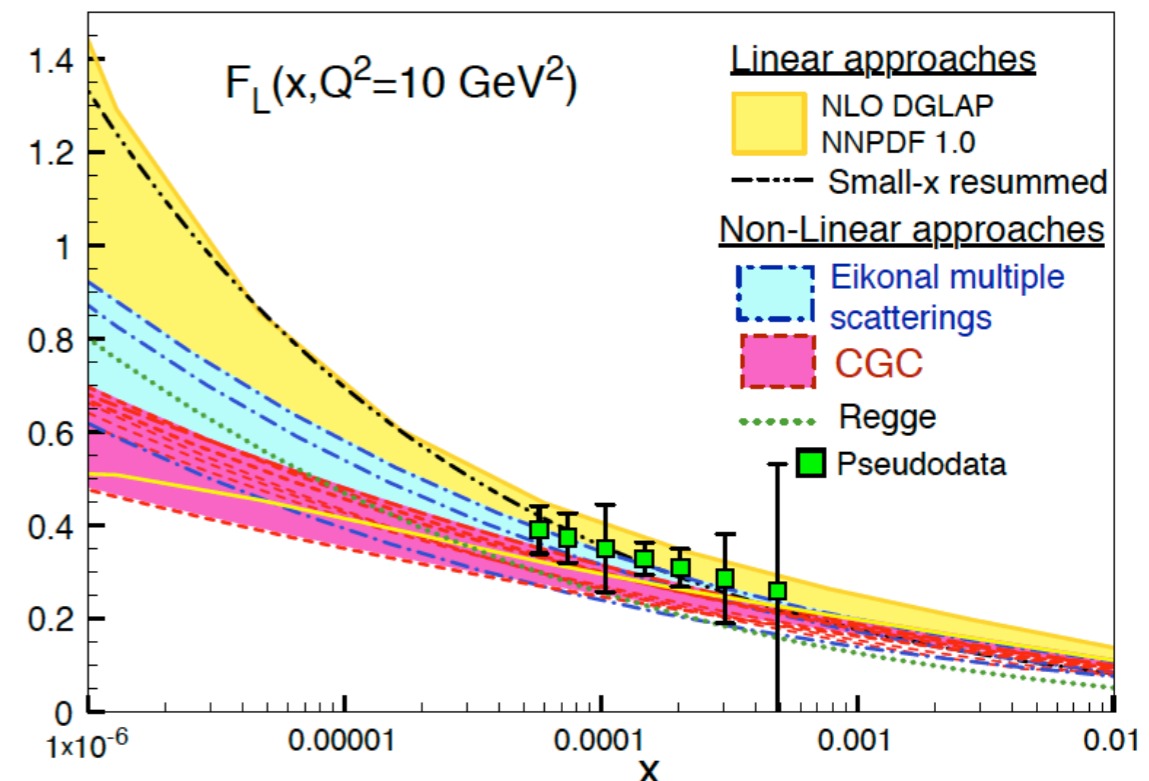
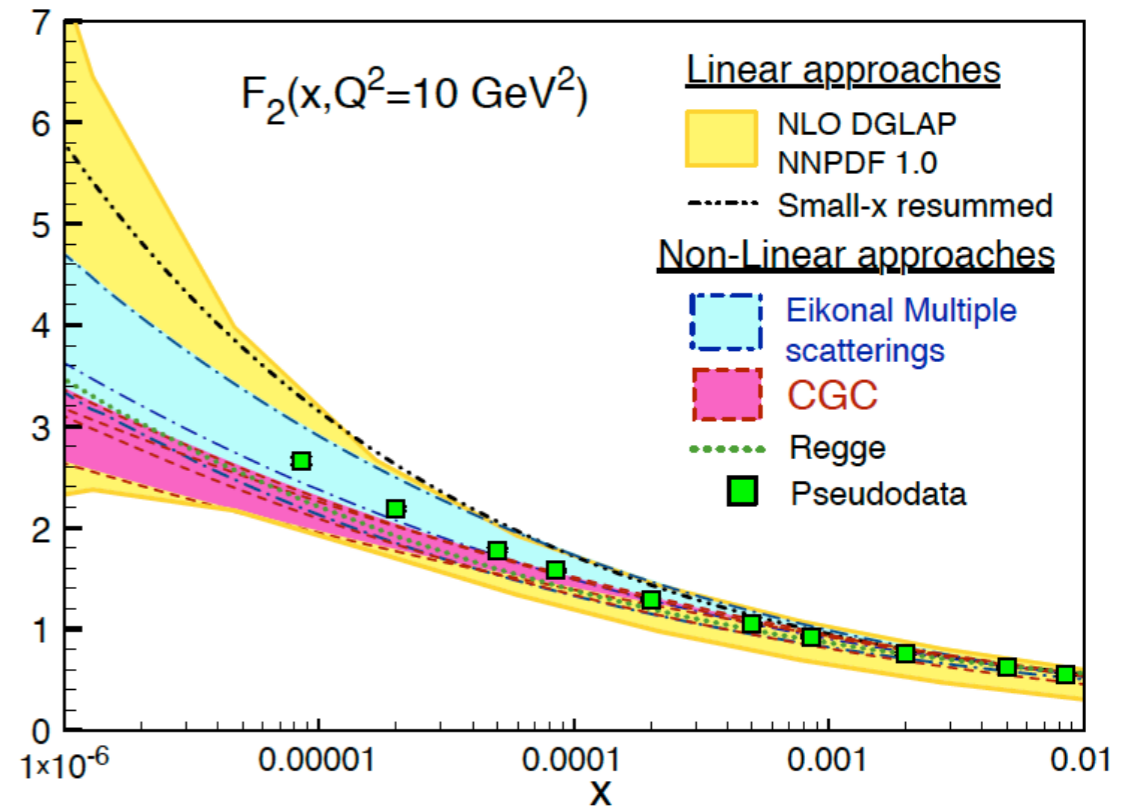
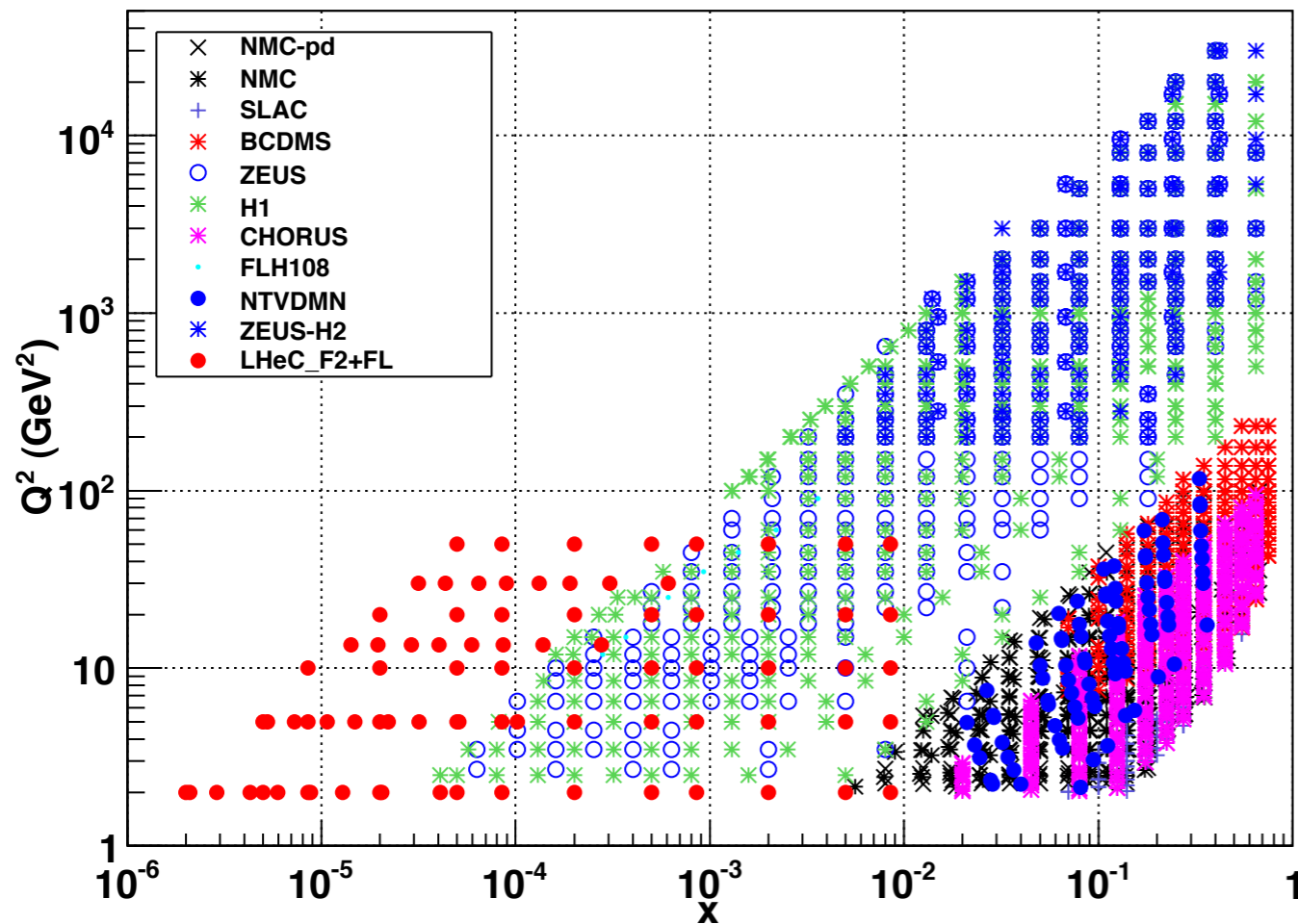
config.	E(e)	E(N)	N	$\int L(e^+)$	$\int L(e^-)$	Pol	L/10 ³²	P/MW	years	type
A	20	7	p	1	1	-	1	10	1	SPL
B	50	7	p	50	50	0.4	25	30	2	RR hiQ ²
C	50	7	p	1	1	0.4	1	30	1	RR lo x
D	100	7	p	5	10	0.9	2.5	40	2	LR
E	150	7	p	3	6	0.9	1.8	40	2	LR
F	50	3.5	D	1	1	--	0.5	30	1	eD
G	50	2.7	Pb	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁴	0.4	10 ⁻³	30	1	ePb
H	50	1	p	--	1	--	25	30	1	lowEp
I	50	3.5	Ca	5 · 10 ⁻⁴		?	5 · 10 ⁻³	?	?	eCa

For F₂

- For F_L: 10, 25, 50 + 2750 (7000); Q² ≤ sx; Lumi=5, 10, 100 pb⁻¹ respectively; charm and beauty: same efficiencies in ep and eA.

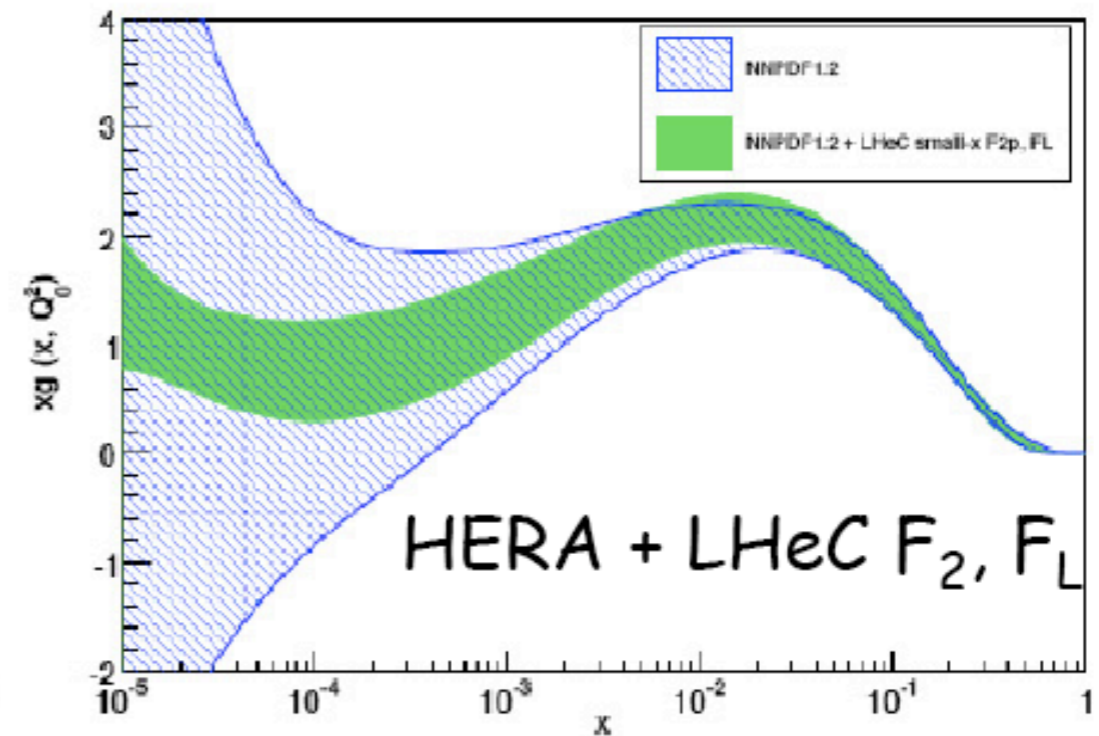
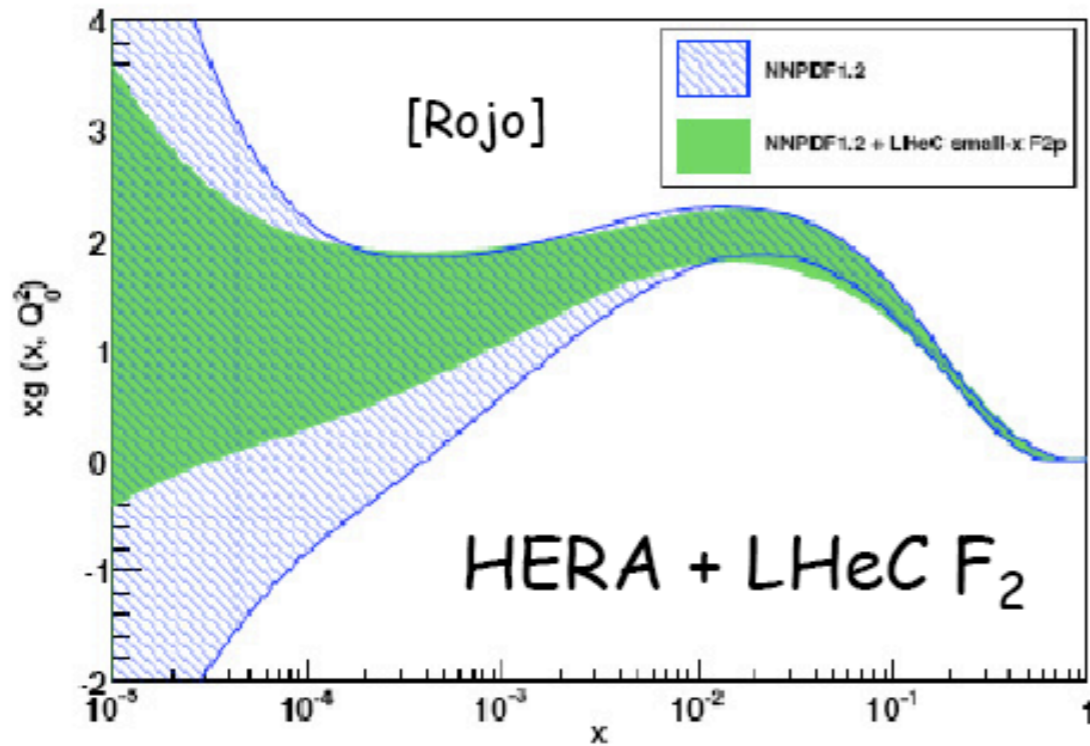
ep inclusive: comparison

- Extensive model comparison: LHeC will have discriminative power.
- Note: size of radiative corrections pending.



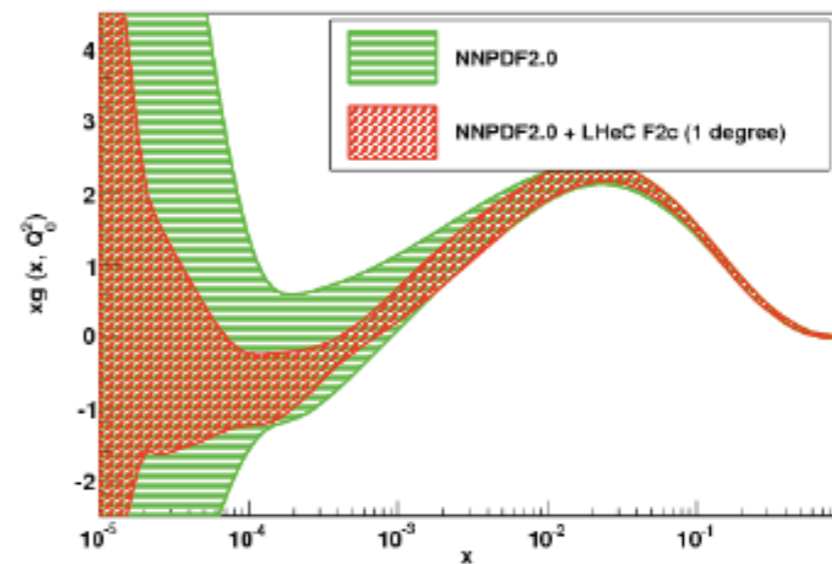
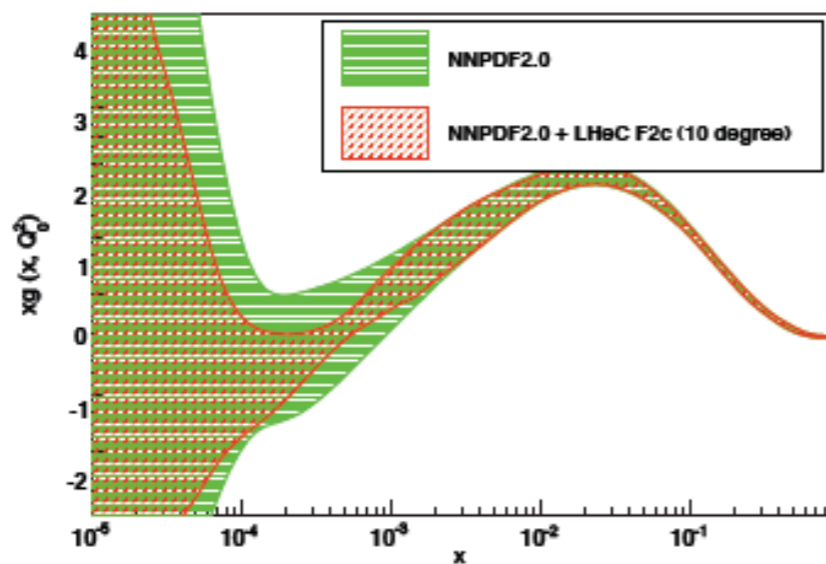
Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012

ep inclusive: extracting the glue

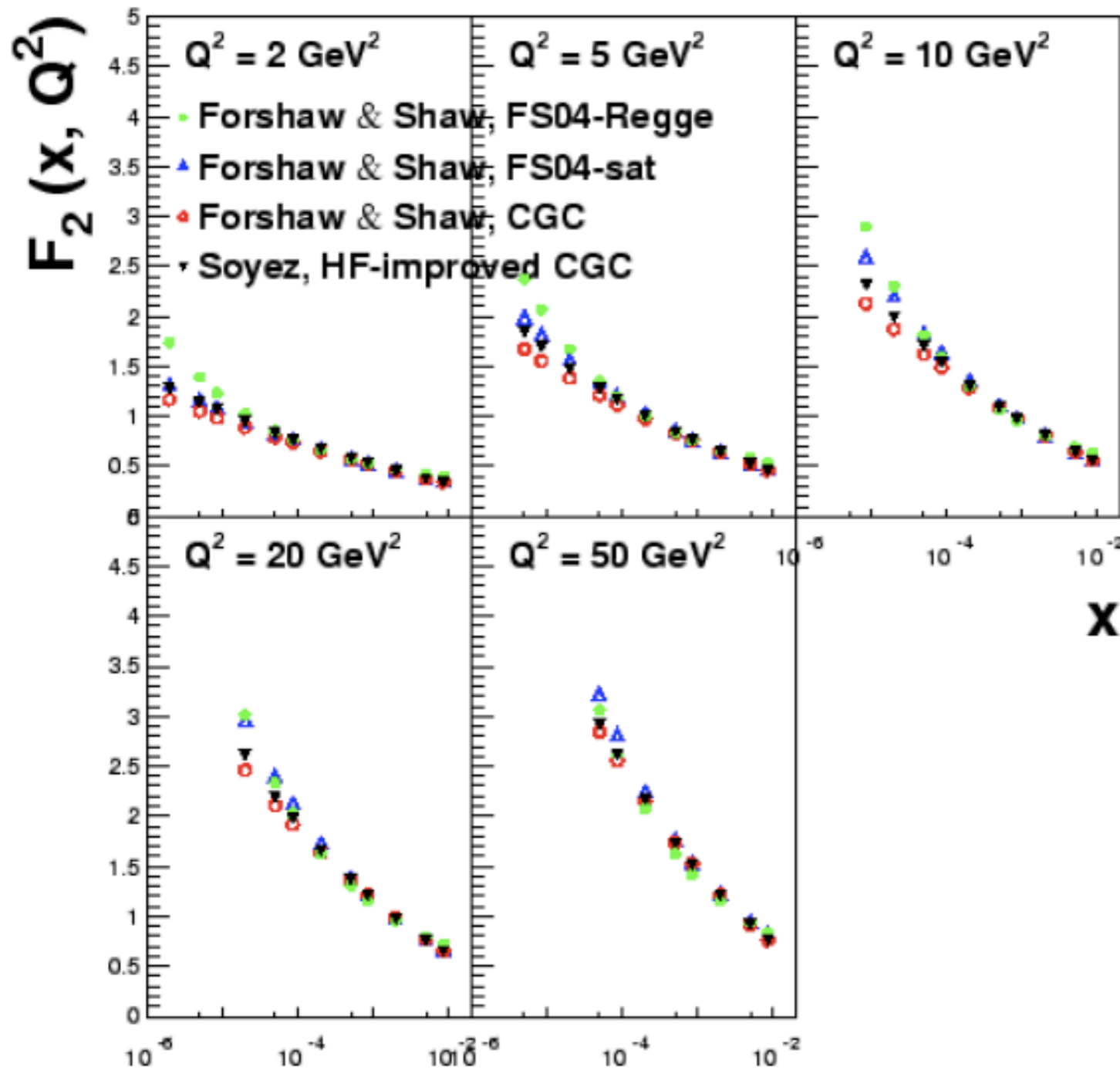


$(Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2)$

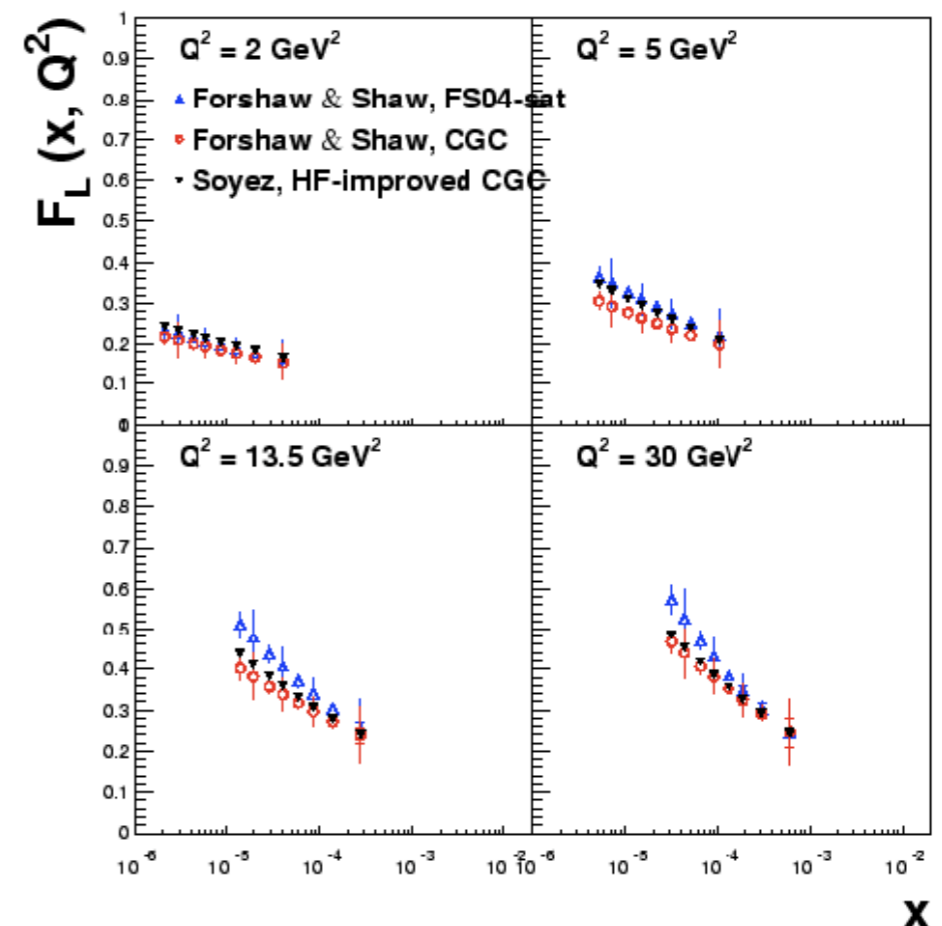
- LHeC substantially reduces the uncertainties in global fits: F_L and heavy flavor decomposition most useful.



ep inclusive: searching

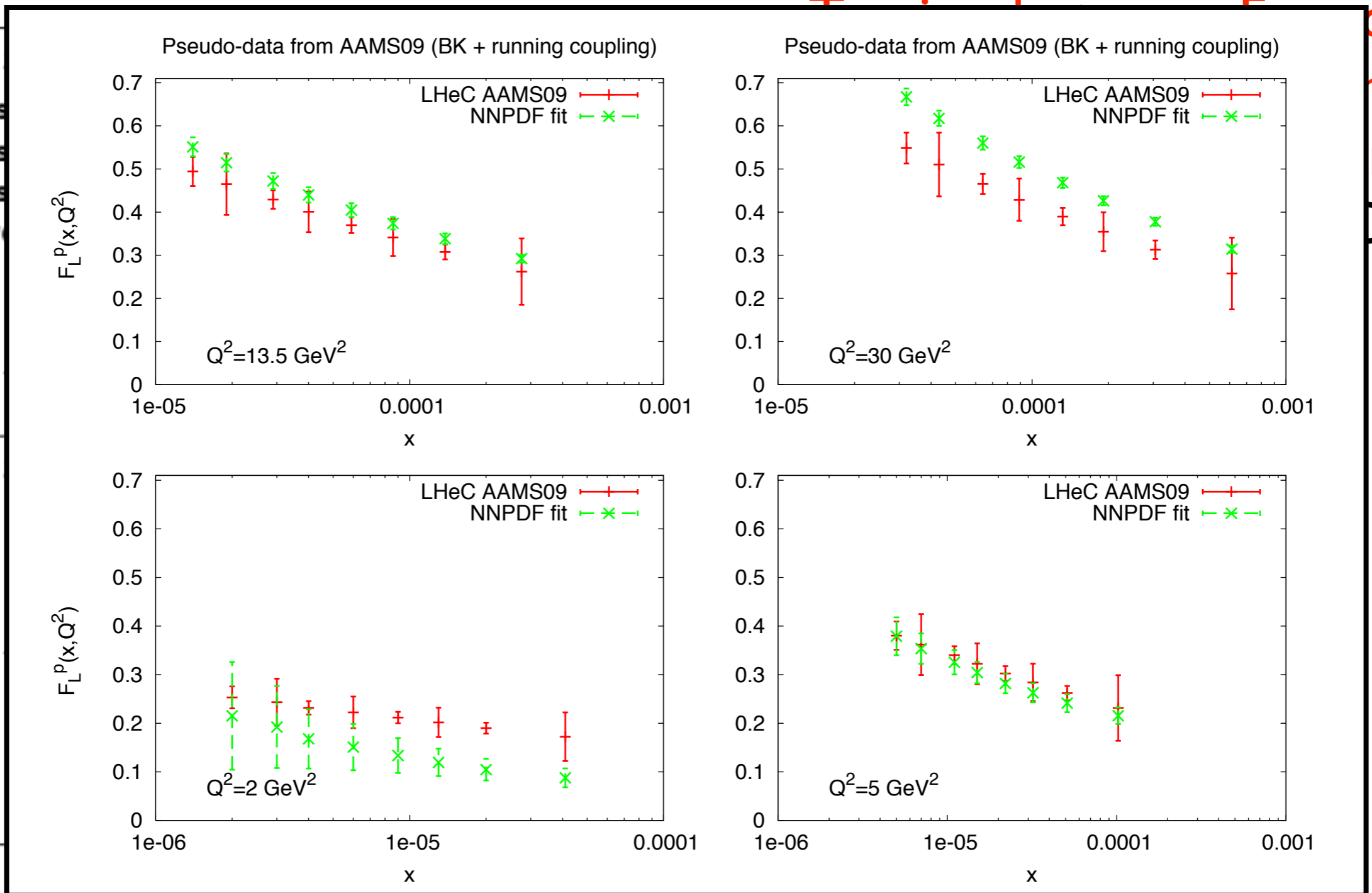
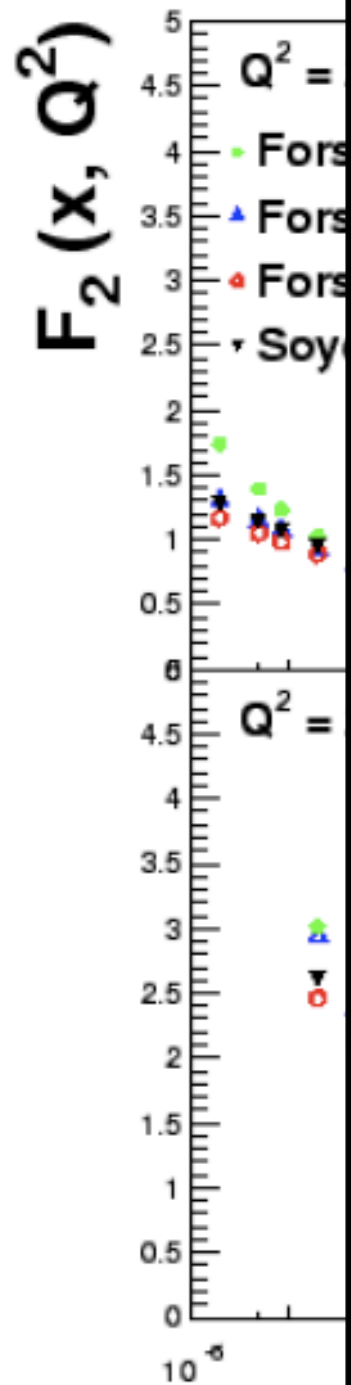


- Tension between F_2 and F_L in DGLAP fits as a sign of physics beyond standard **DGLAP** (GBW and CGC models).

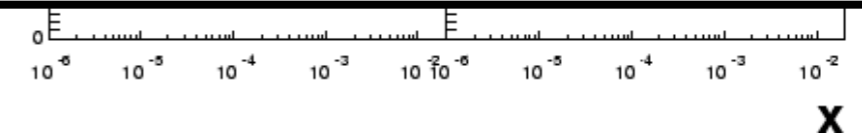


Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012

ep inclusive: searching



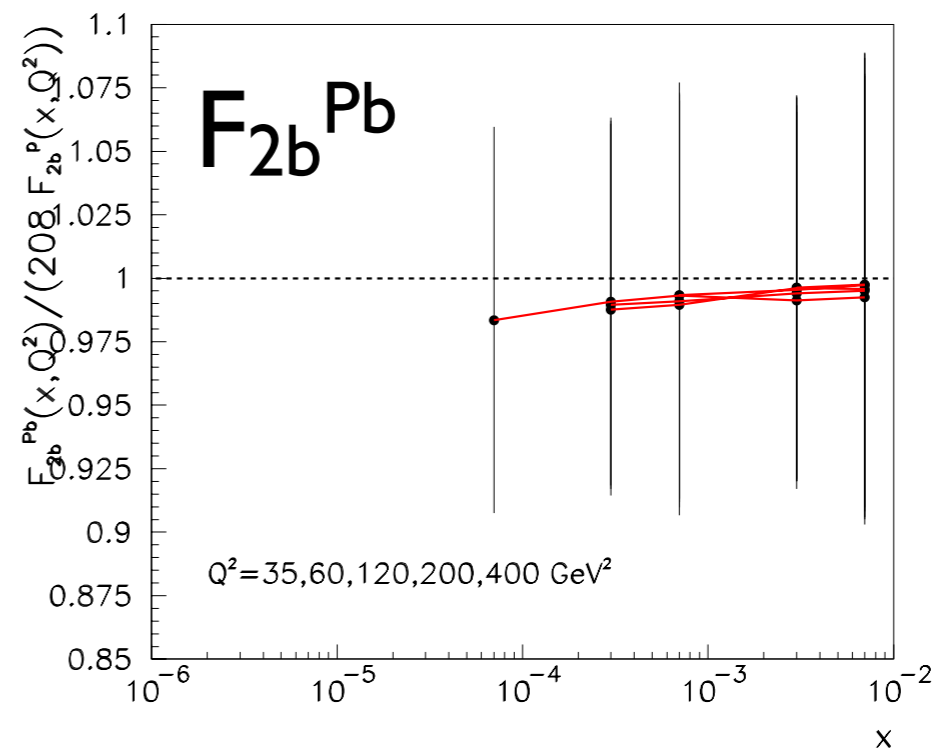
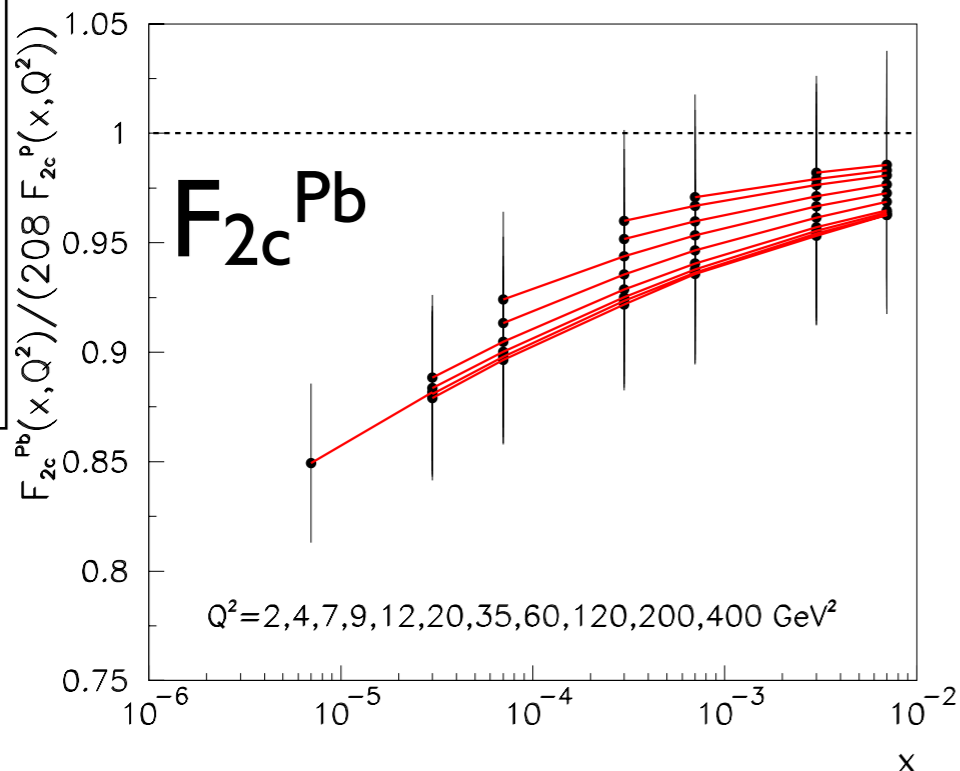
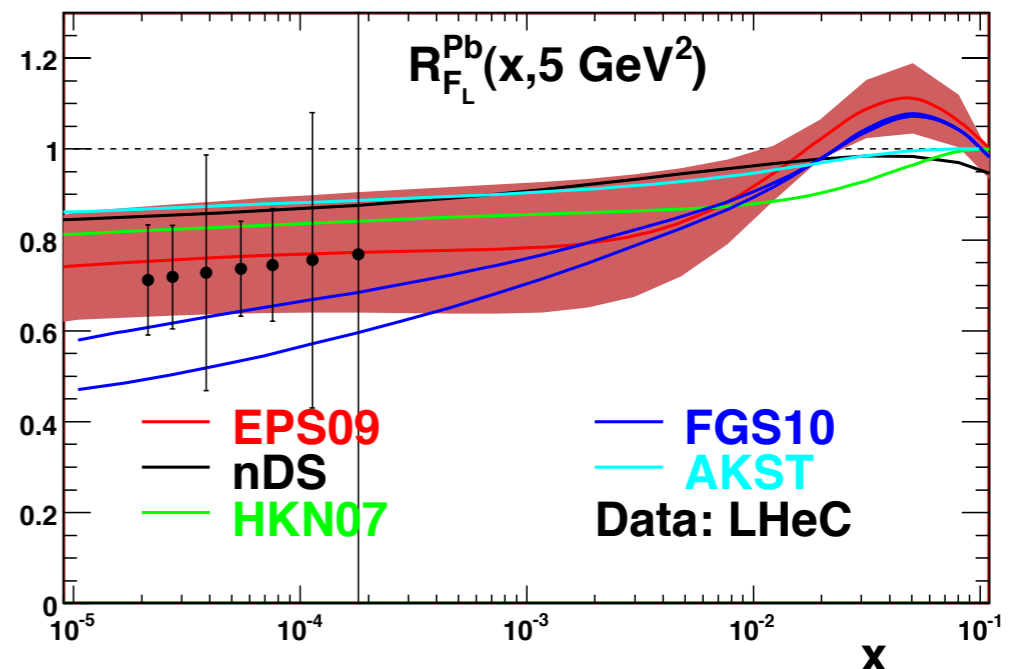
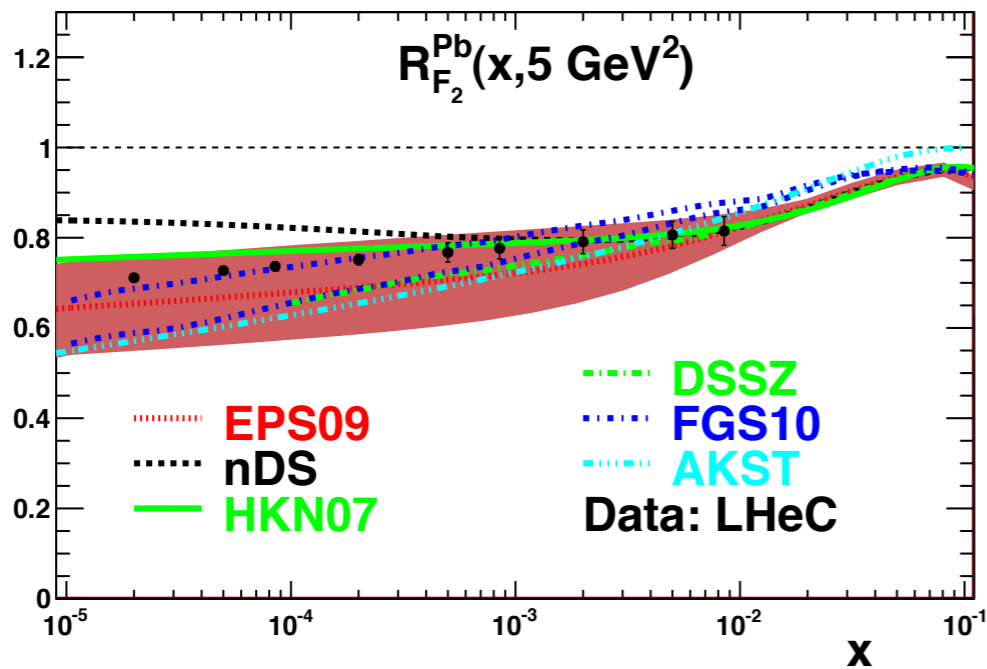
Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012



eA inclusive: comparison

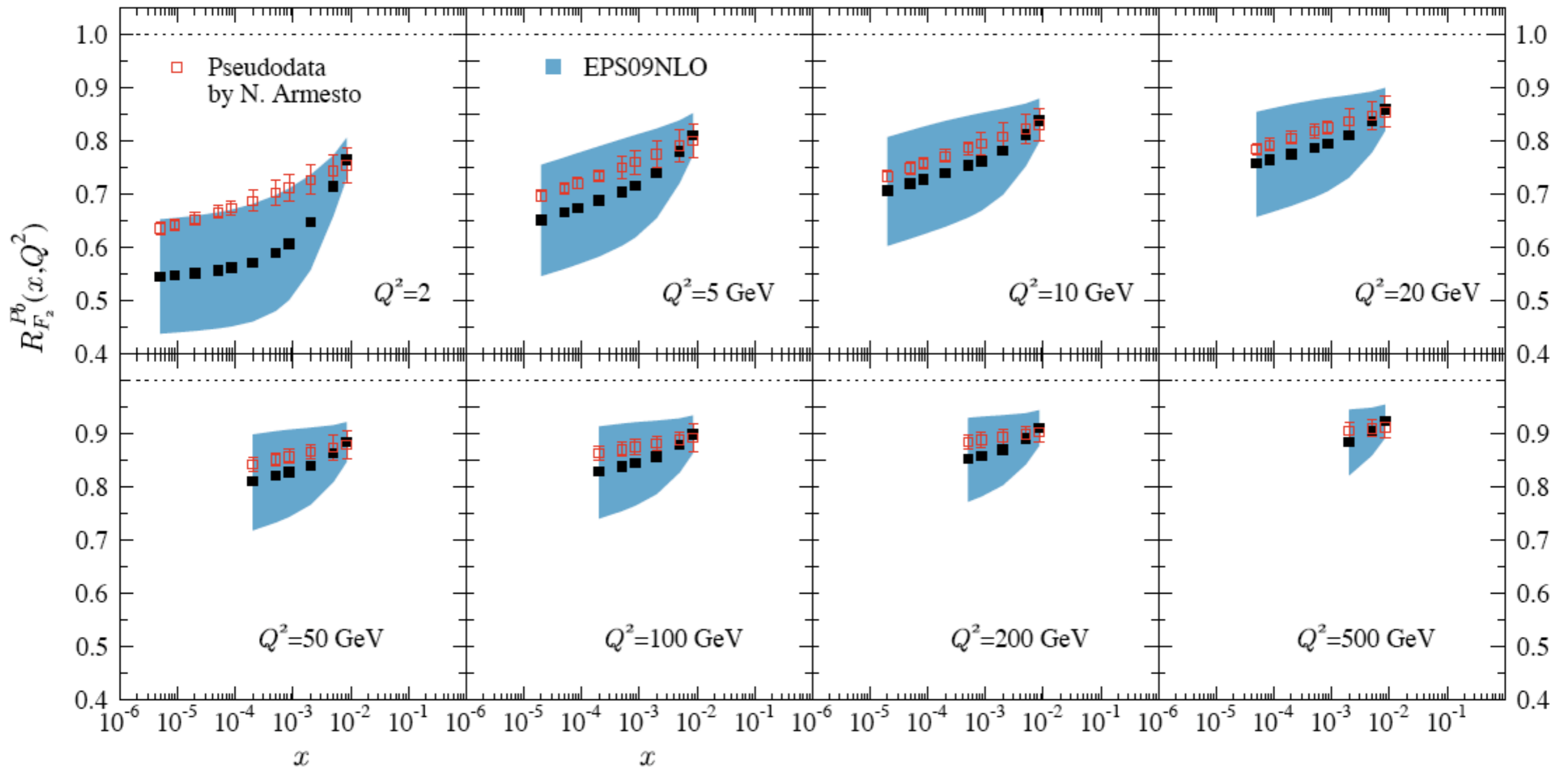
- Good precision can be obtained for $F_{2(c,b)}$ and F_L at small x (Glauberized 3-5 flavor GBW model, NA '02).

Preliminary; LHeC Design
 Study Report, CERN 2012



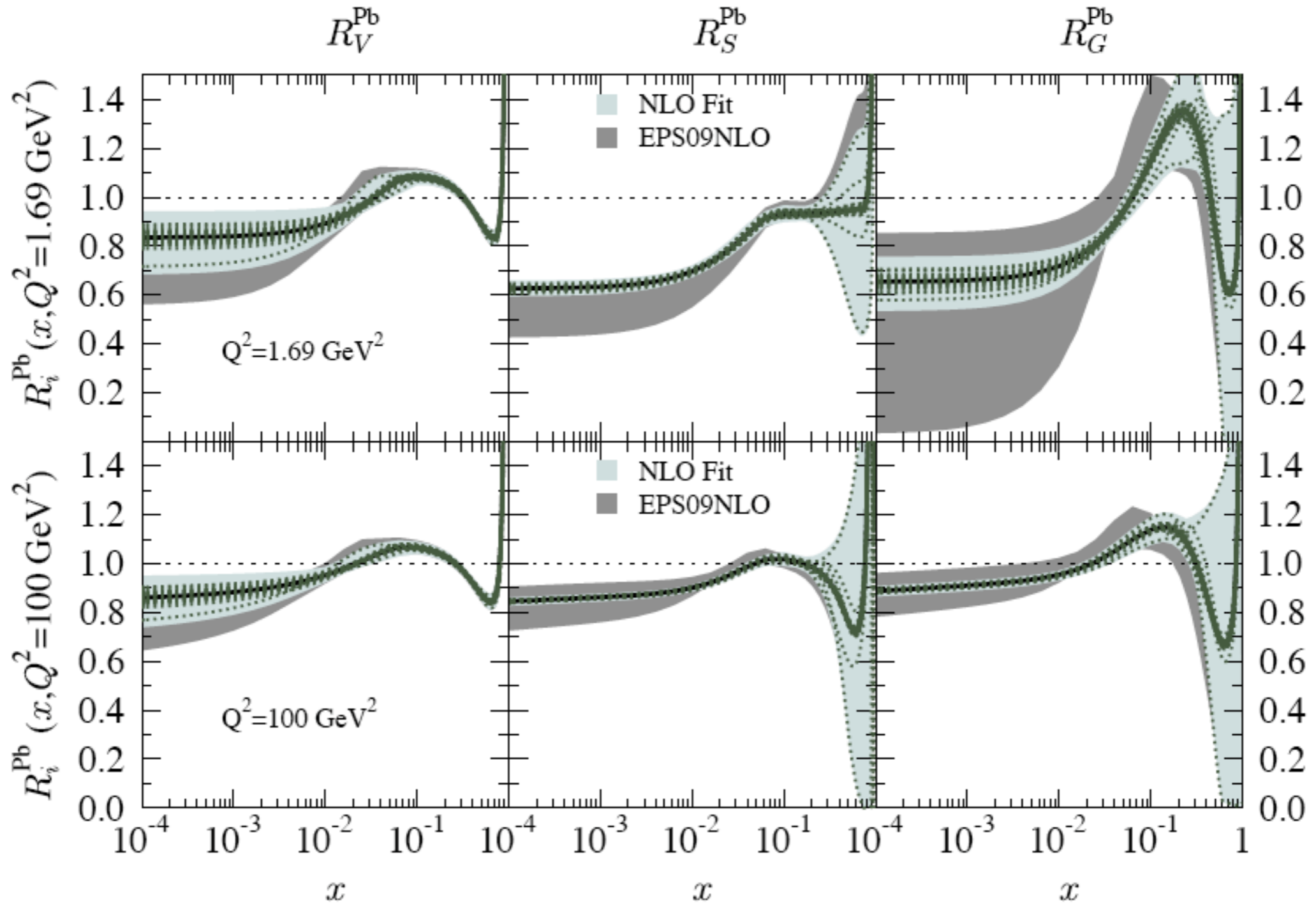
eA inclusive: constraining pdfs

- F_2 data substantially reduce the uncertainties in DGLAP analysis; inclusion of charm, beauty and F_L done.



eA inclusive: constraining pdfs

- F_2 data substantially reduce the uncertainties in DGLAP analysis; inclusion of charm, beauty and F_L produce minor improvements.

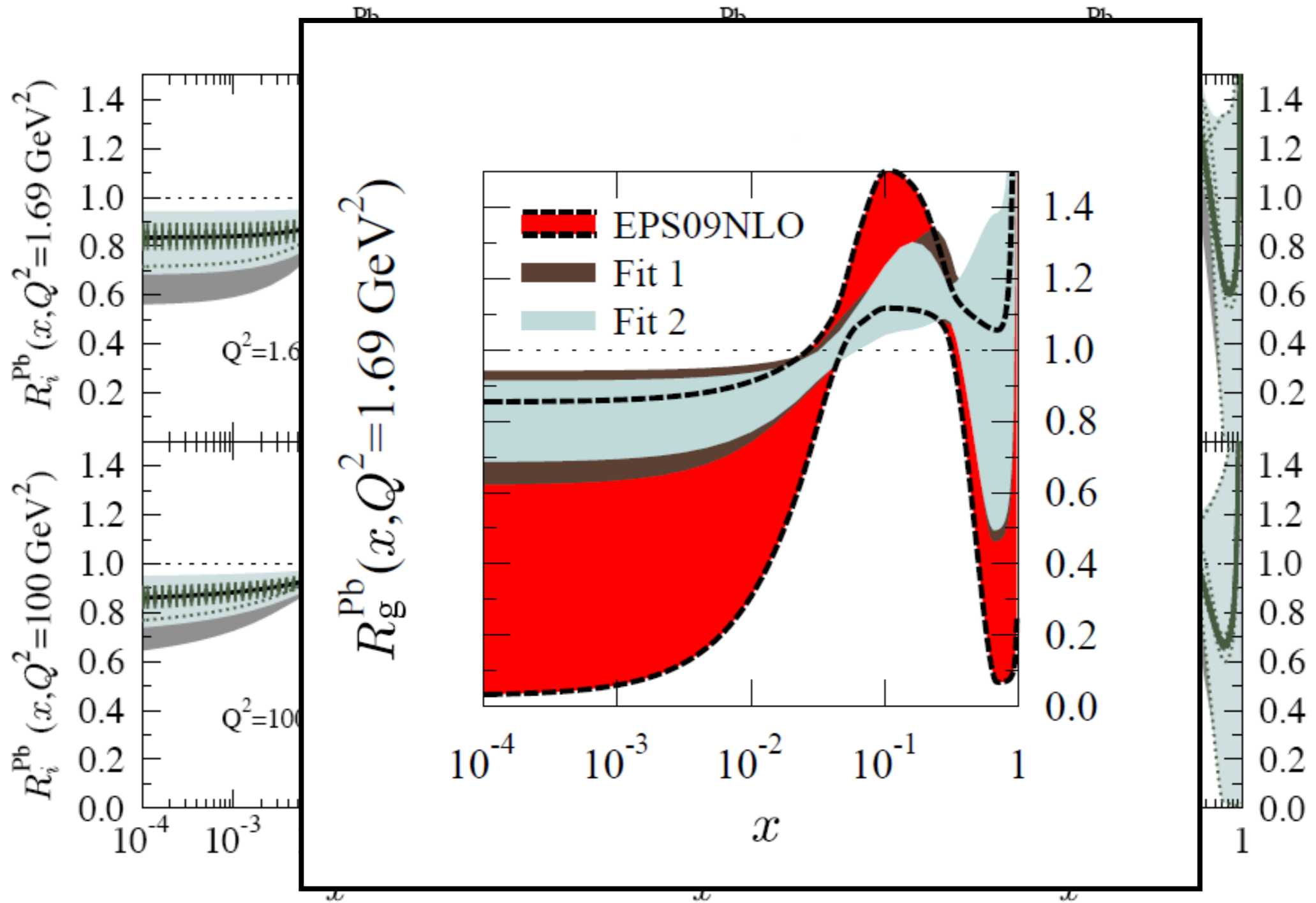


Preliminary; LHeC Design
 Study Report, CERN 2012

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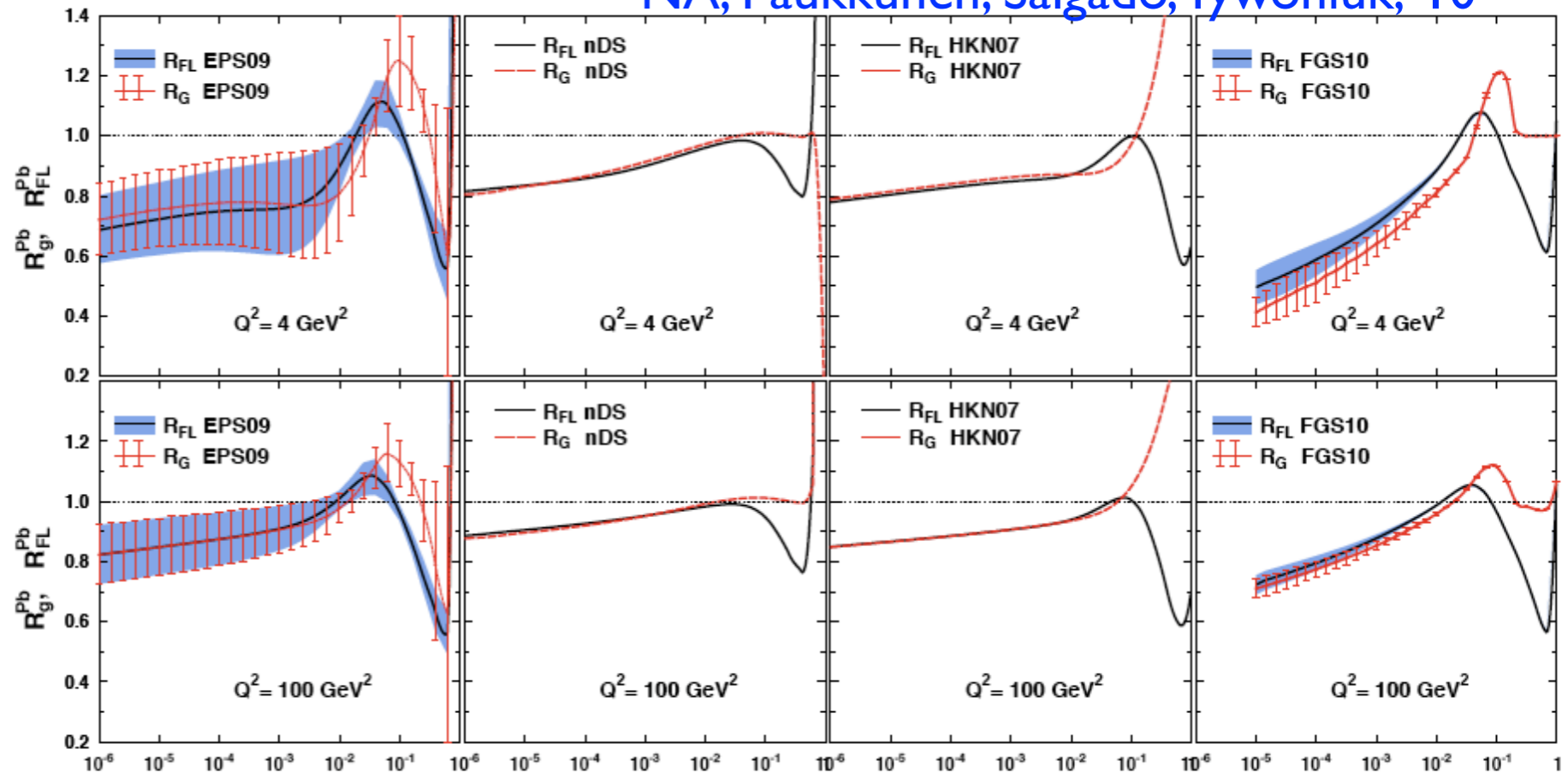
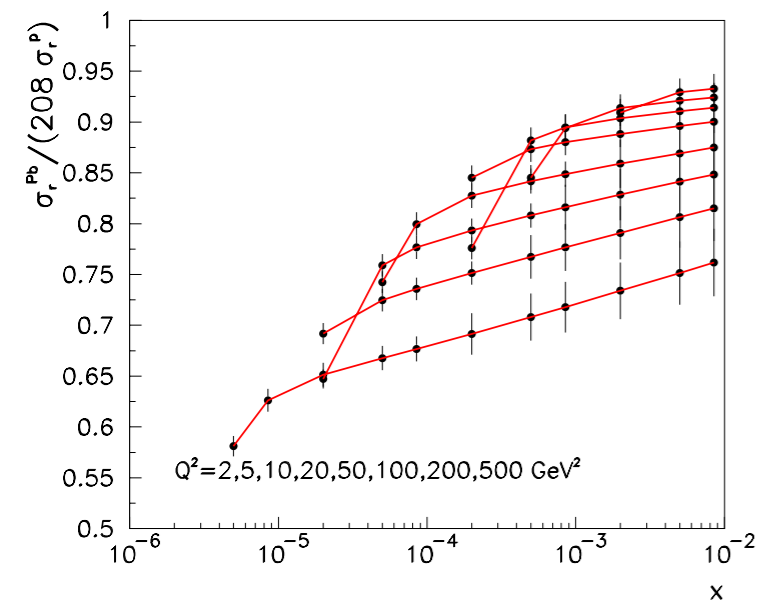


Note: F_L in eA

$$\sigma_r^{NC} = \frac{Q^4 x}{2\pi\alpha^2 Y_+} \frac{d^2\sigma^{NC}}{dx dQ^2} = F_2 \left[1 - \frac{y^2}{Y_+} \frac{F_L}{F_2} \right], \quad Y_+ = 1 + (1-y)^2$$

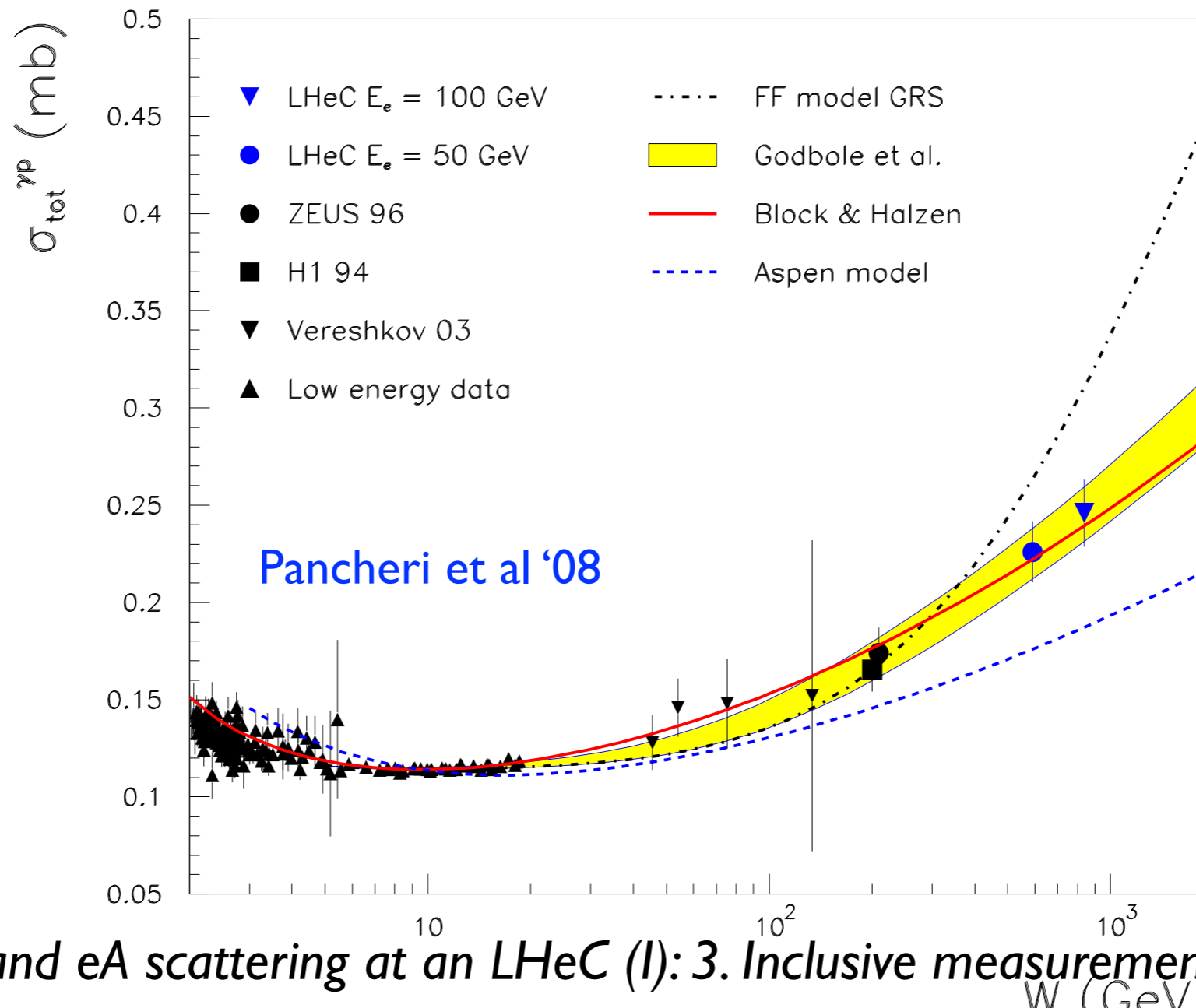
- F_L traces the nuclear effects on the glue (Cazarotto et al '08).
- Uncertainties in the extraction of F_2 due to the unknown nuclear effects on F_L of order 5 % (larger than expected stat.+syst.) \Rightarrow measure F_L or use the reduced cross section (but then ratios at two energies...).

NA, Paukkunen, Salgado, Tywoniuk, '10

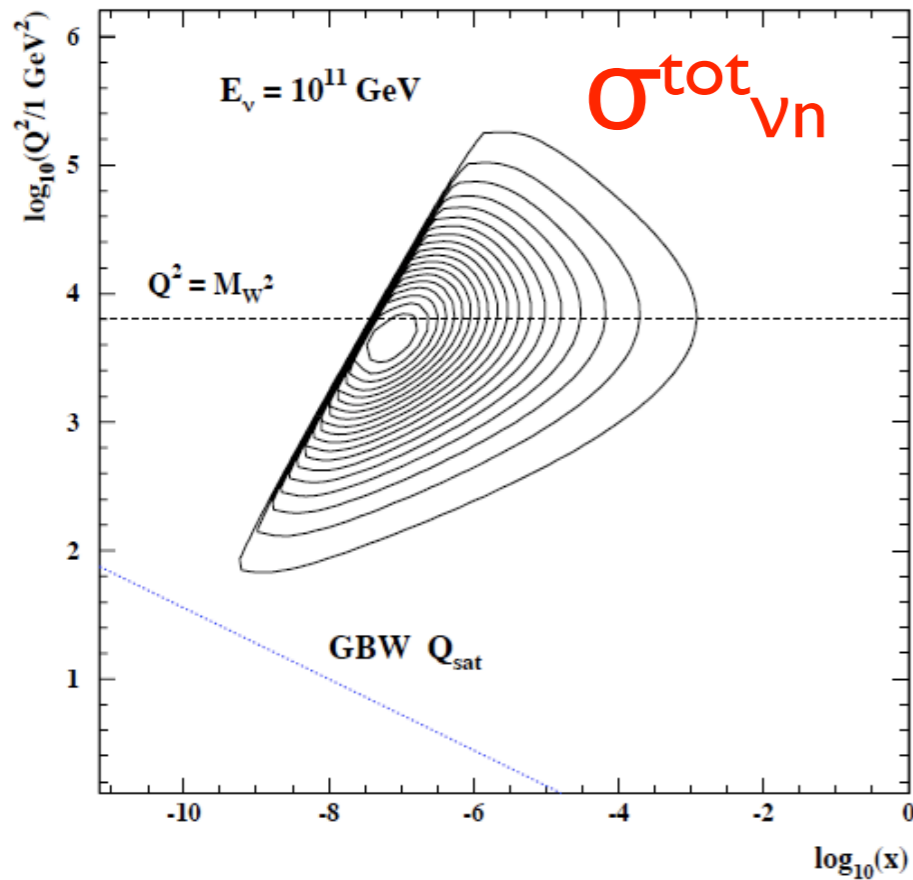


Photoproduction cross section:

- Small angle electron detector 62 m far from the interaction point: $Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2, y \sim 0.3 \Rightarrow W \sim 0.5 \sqrt{s}$.
- **Substantial enlarging of the lever arm in W .**

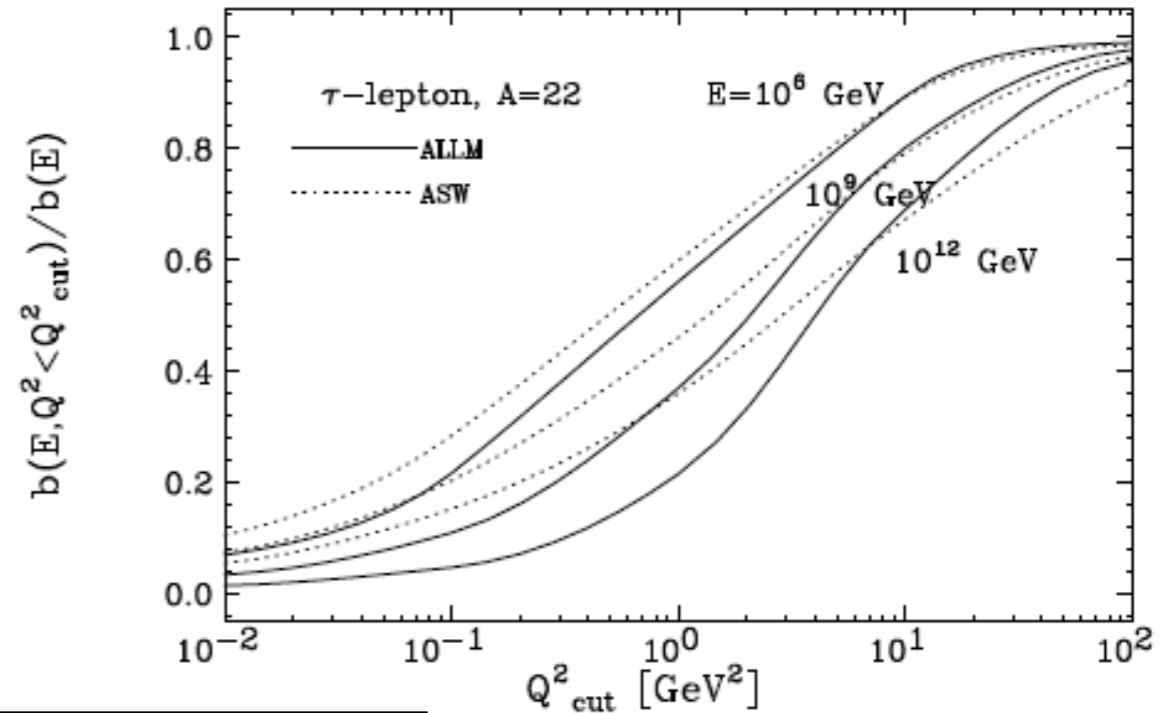
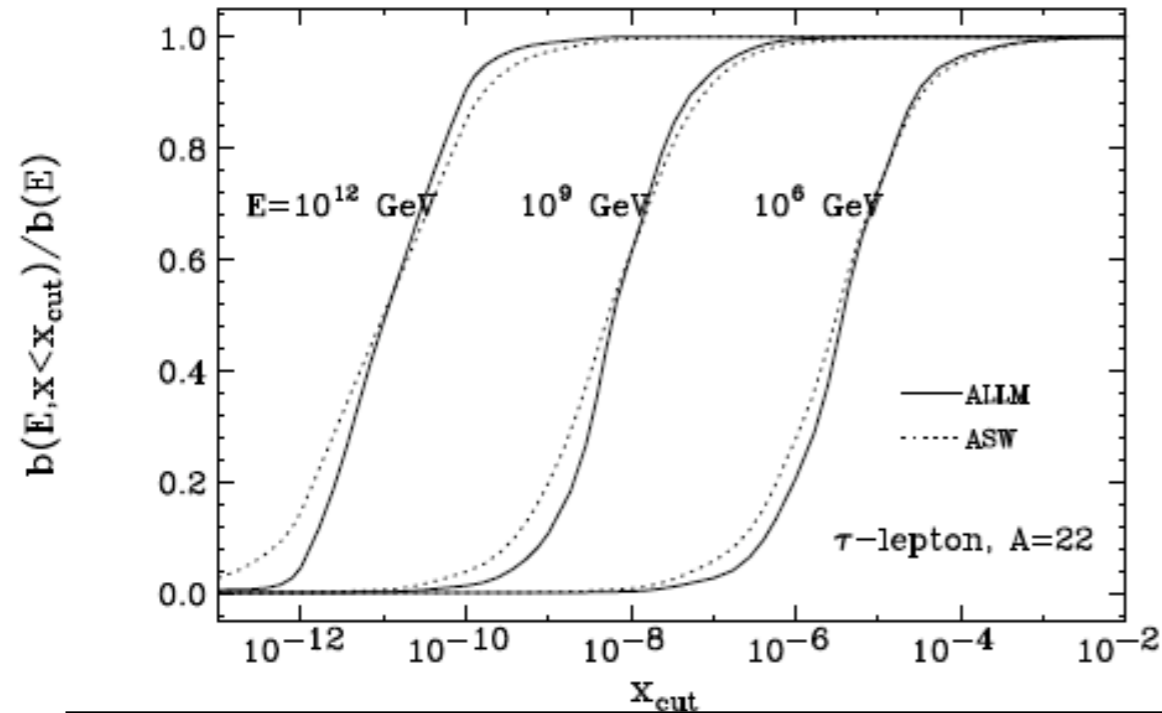
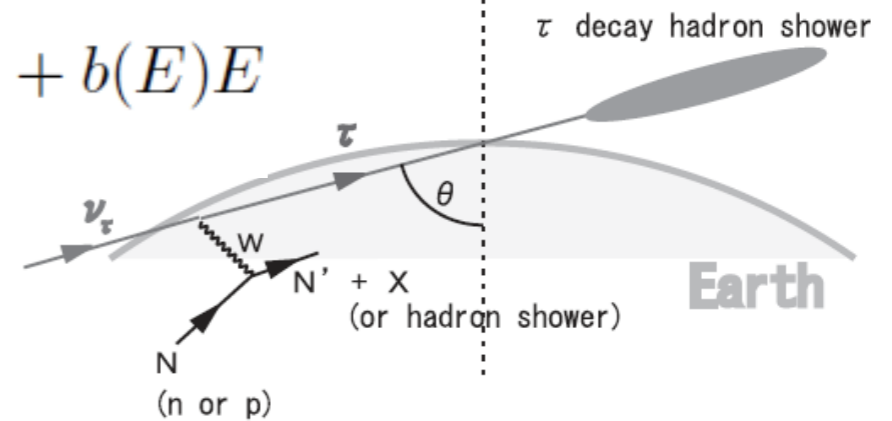


Implications for UHEV's:



- ν -n/A cross section (τ energy loss) dominated by DIS structure functions / (n)pdfs at small-x and large (small) Q^2 .
- Key ingredient for estimating fluxes.

$$-\left\langle \frac{dE}{dX} \right\rangle = a(E) + b(E)E$$



Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012

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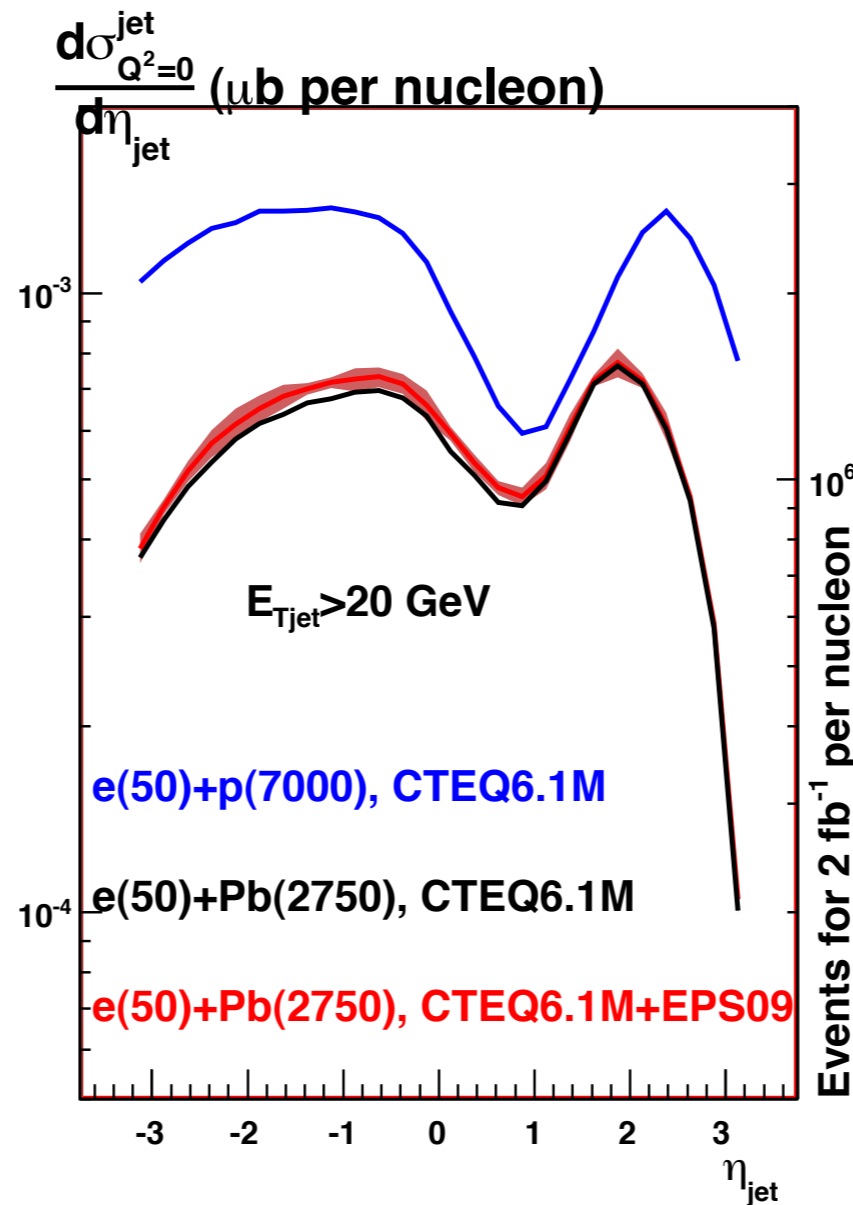
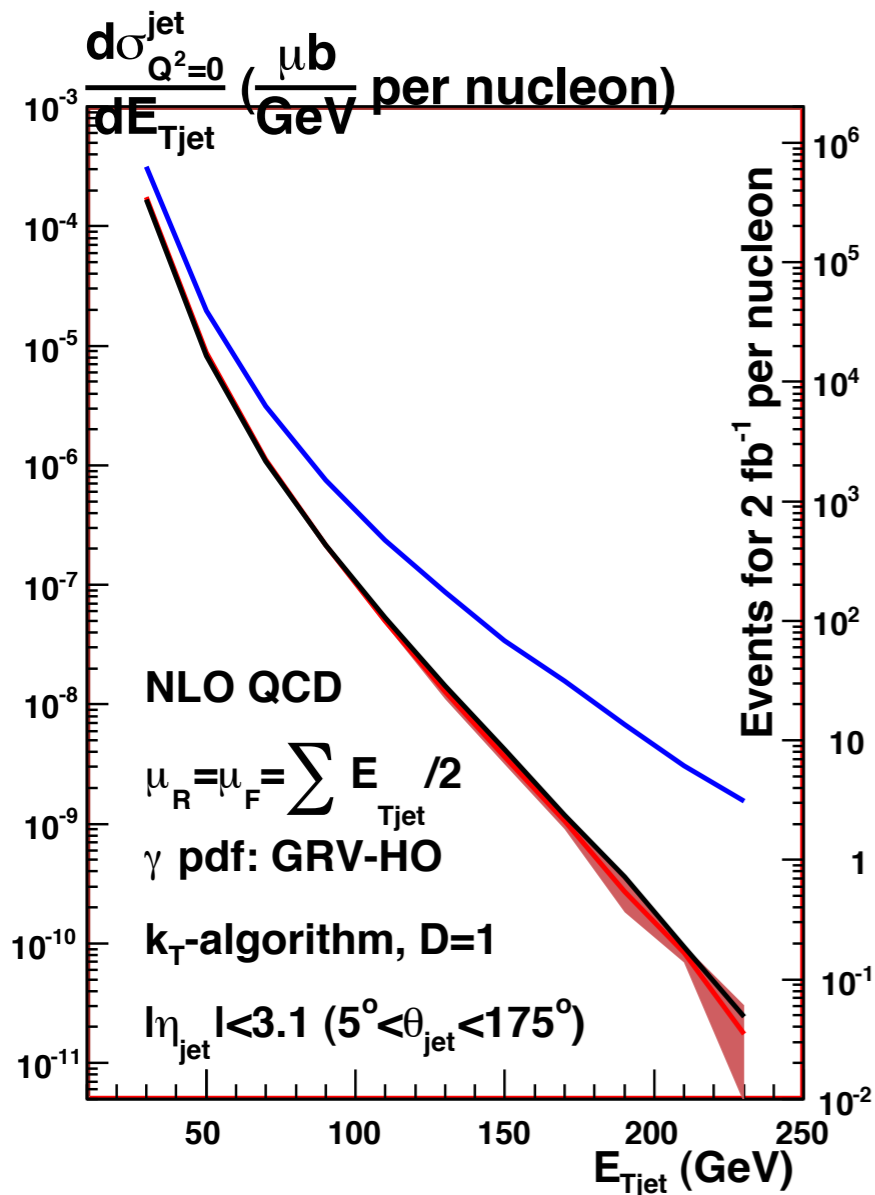
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Jet photoproduction:



Preliminary; LHeC Design Study Report, CERN 2012

- Jets: large E_T even in eA.
- Useful for studies of parton dynamics in nuclei (hard probes), and for photon structure.
- Background subtraction, detailed reconstruction pending.

Dijet azimuthal decorrelation:

• Studying forward jets ($p_T \sim Q$) or **dijet azimuthal decorrelation** would allow to understand the mechanism of radiation:

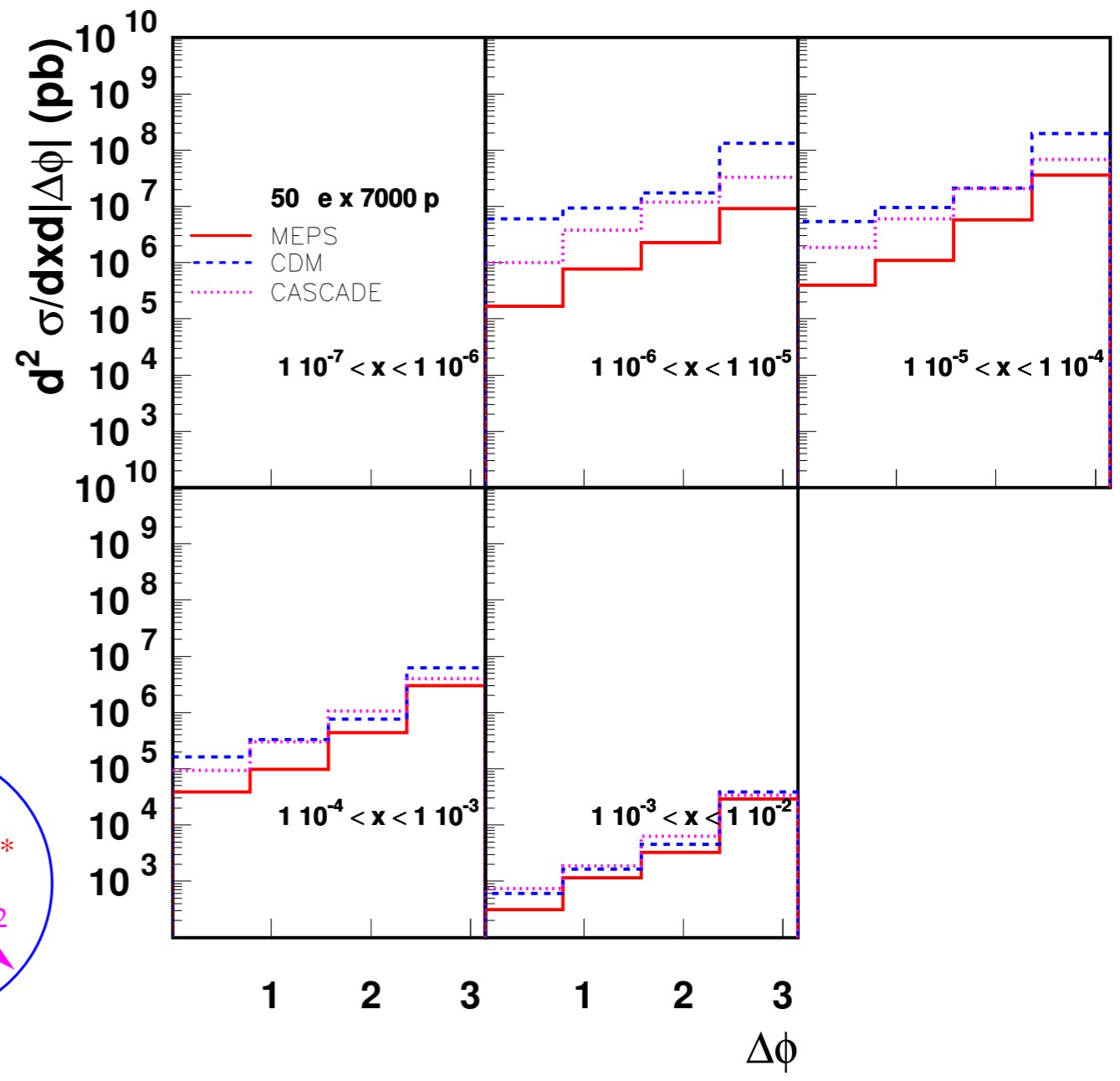
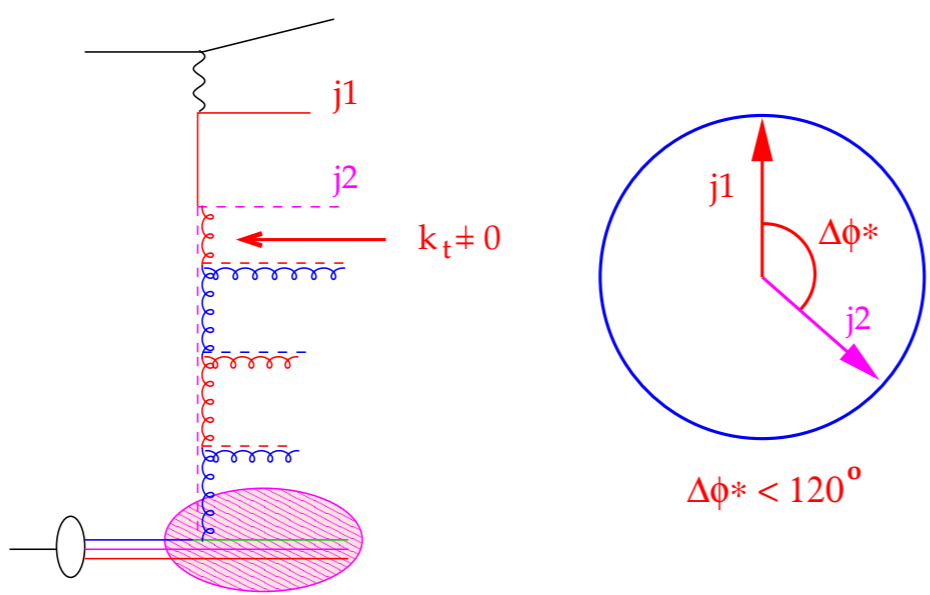
→ k_T -ordered: DGLAP.

→ k_T -disordered: BFKL.

→ Saturation?

• Further imposing a rapidity gap (diffractive jets) would be most interesting: perturbatively controllable observable.

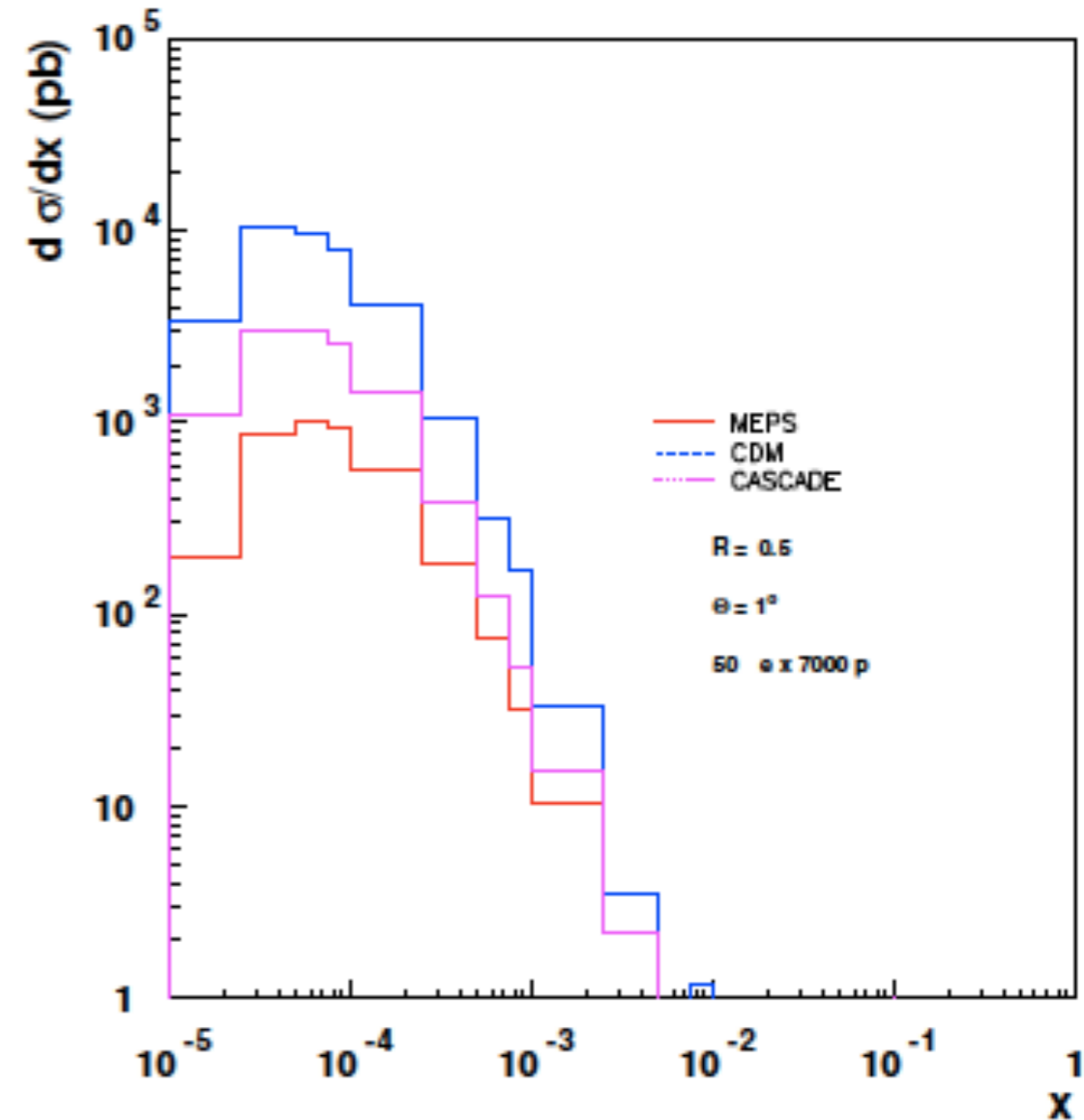
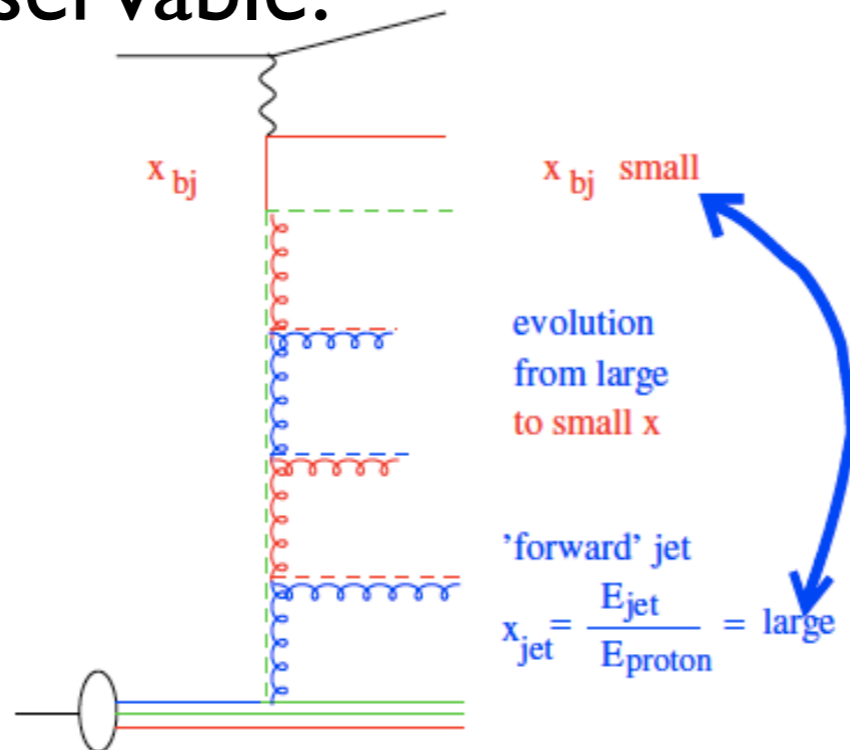
Preliminary;
LHeC
Design
Study
Report,
CERN 2012



Forward jets:

- Studying **forward jets** ($p_T \sim Q$) or dijet azimuthal decorrelation would allow to understand the mechanism of radiation:
 - k_T -ordered: DGLAP.
 - k_T -disordered: BFKL.
 - Saturation?
- Further imposing a rapidity gap (diffractive jets) would be most interesting: perturbatively controllable observable.

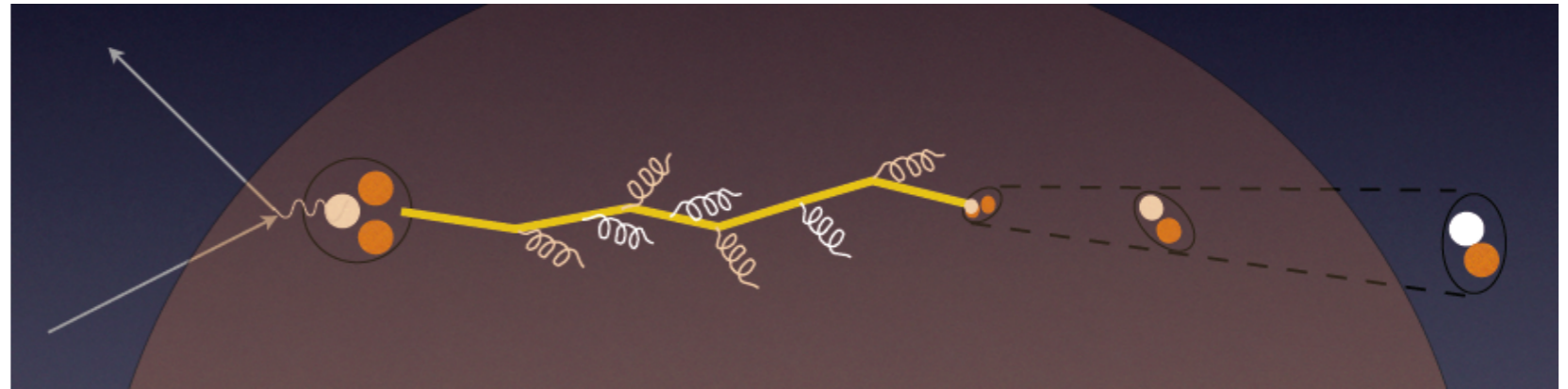
Preliminary;
LHeC
Design
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In-medium hadronization (I):

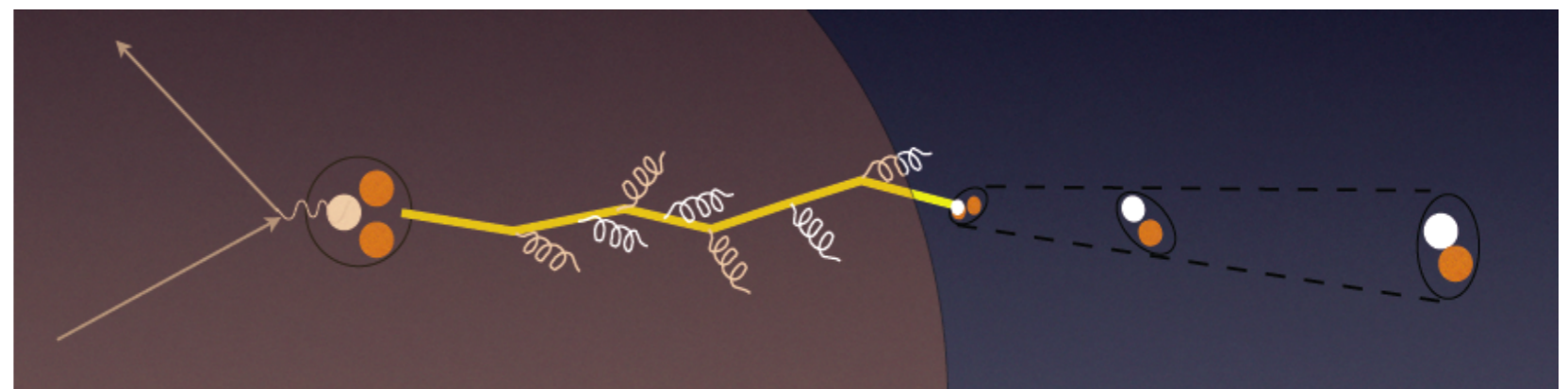
- The LHeC ($v_{\max} \sim 10^5$ GeV) would allow to study the dynamics of hadronization, testing the parton/hadron e loss mechanism by introducing a length of colored material which would modify its pattern (length/nuclear size, chemical composition).

- **Low energy:** need of hadronization inside \rightarrow formation time, (pre-) hadronic absorption,...



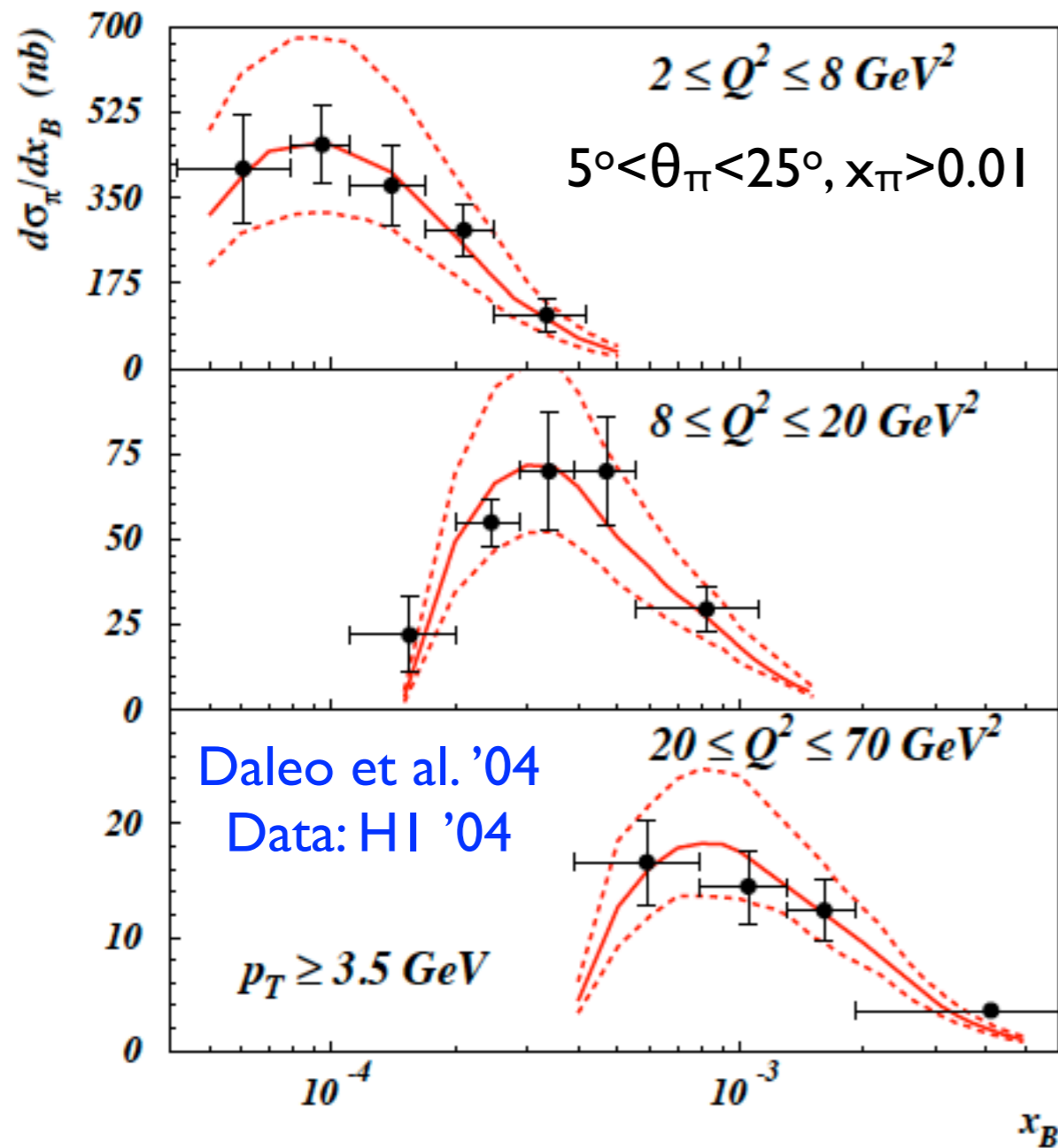
Brooks at Divonne'09

- **High energy:** partonic evolution altered in the nuclear medium, partonic energy loss.

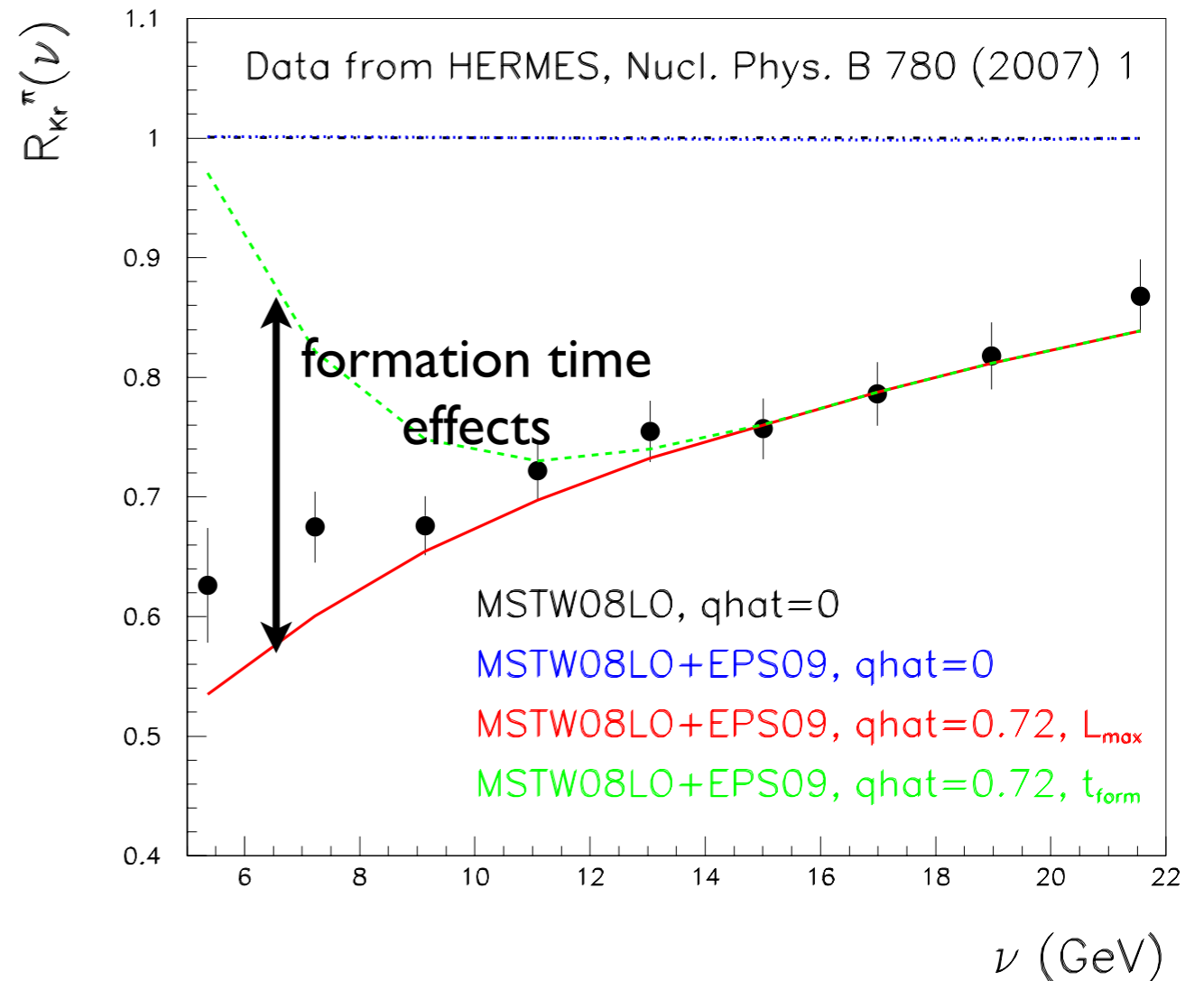


In-medium hadronization (II):

- Large (NLO) yields at small- x (HI cuts, 3 times higher if relaxed).
- Nuclear effects in hadronization at small ν (LO plus QW, Arleo '03).

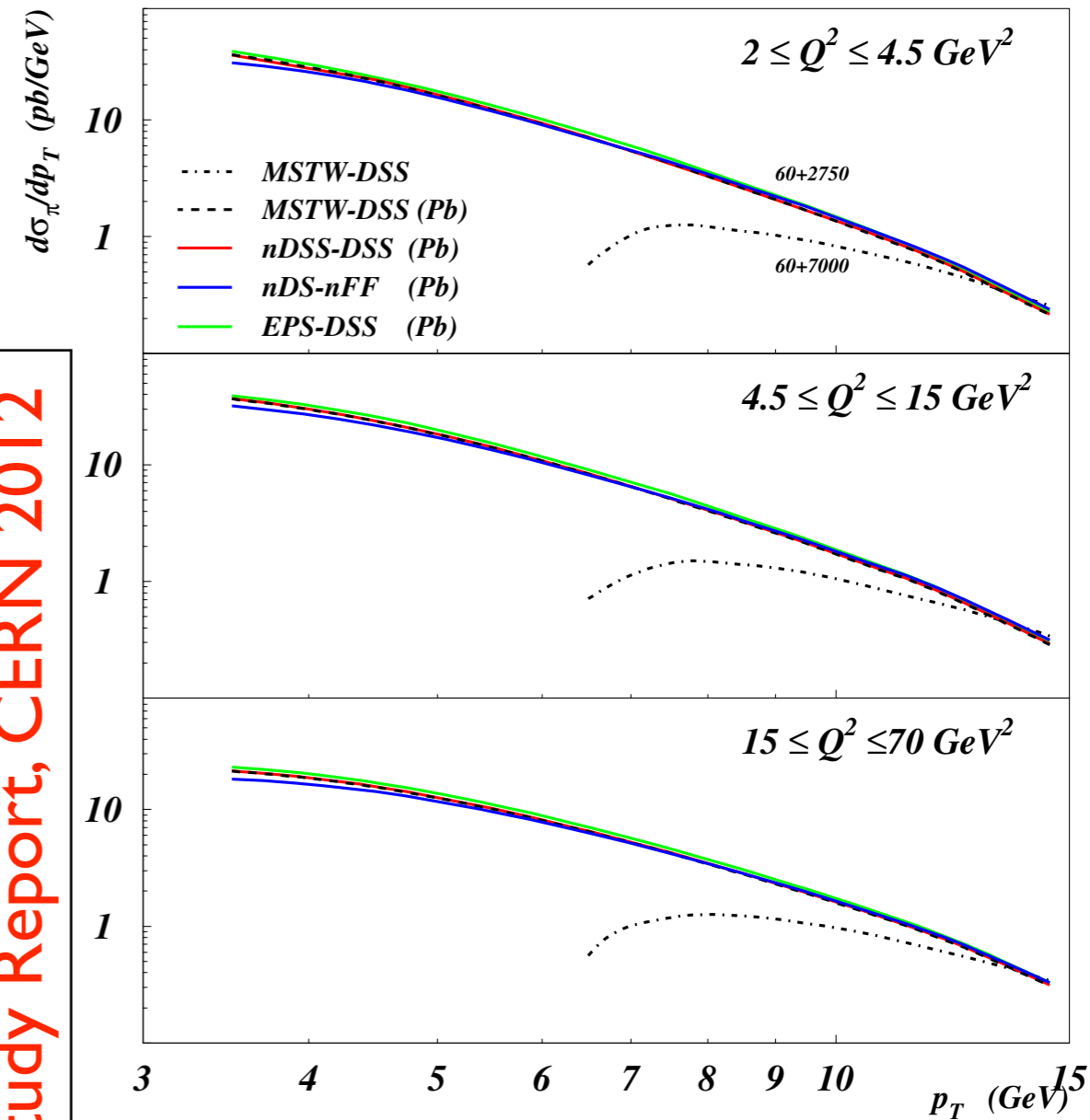
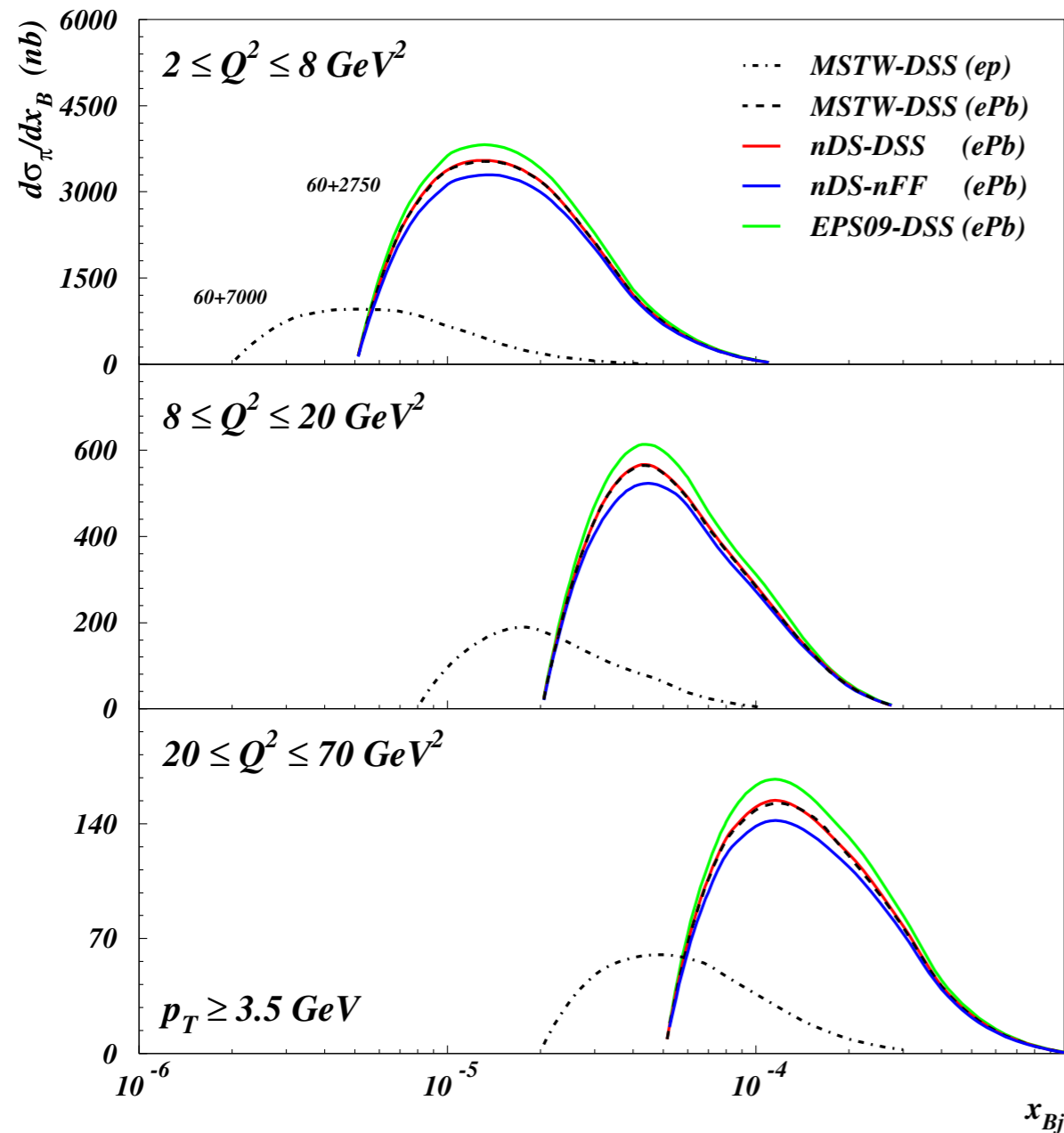


$$R_A^h(z, \nu) = \frac{1}{N_A^e} \frac{dN_A^h(z, \nu)}{d\nu dz} \bigg/ \frac{1}{N_D^e} \frac{dN_D^h(z, \nu)}{d\nu dz}$$



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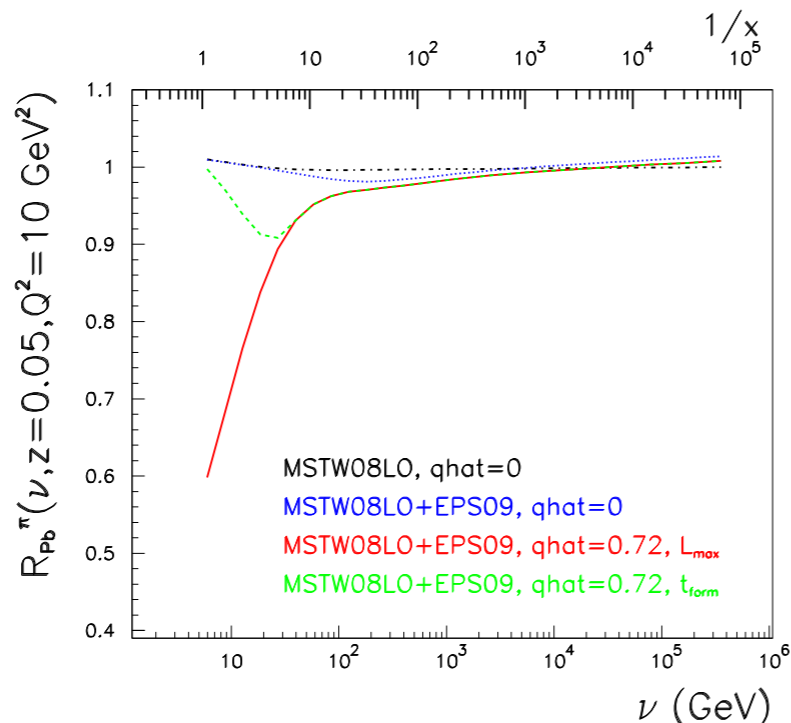
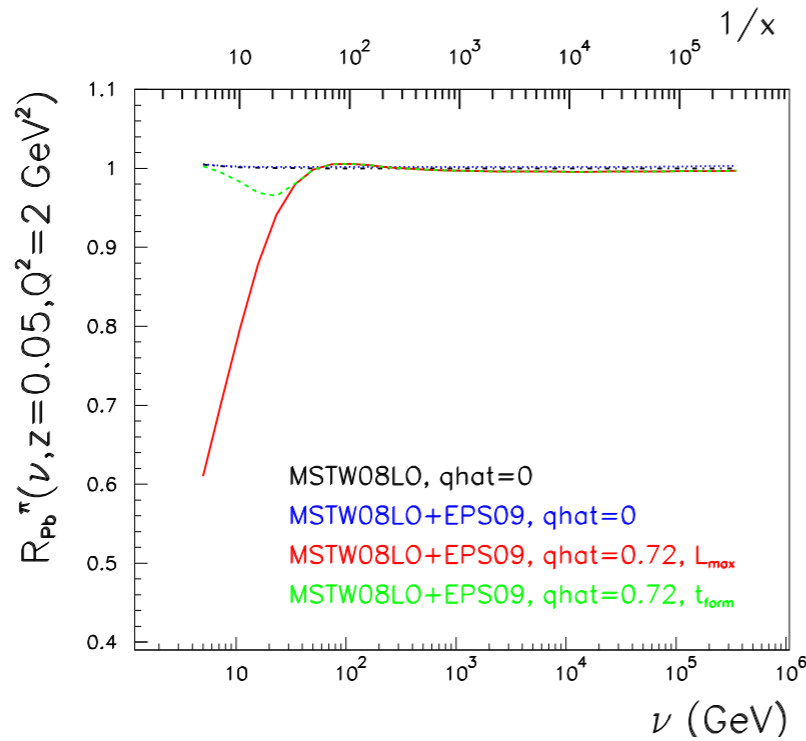


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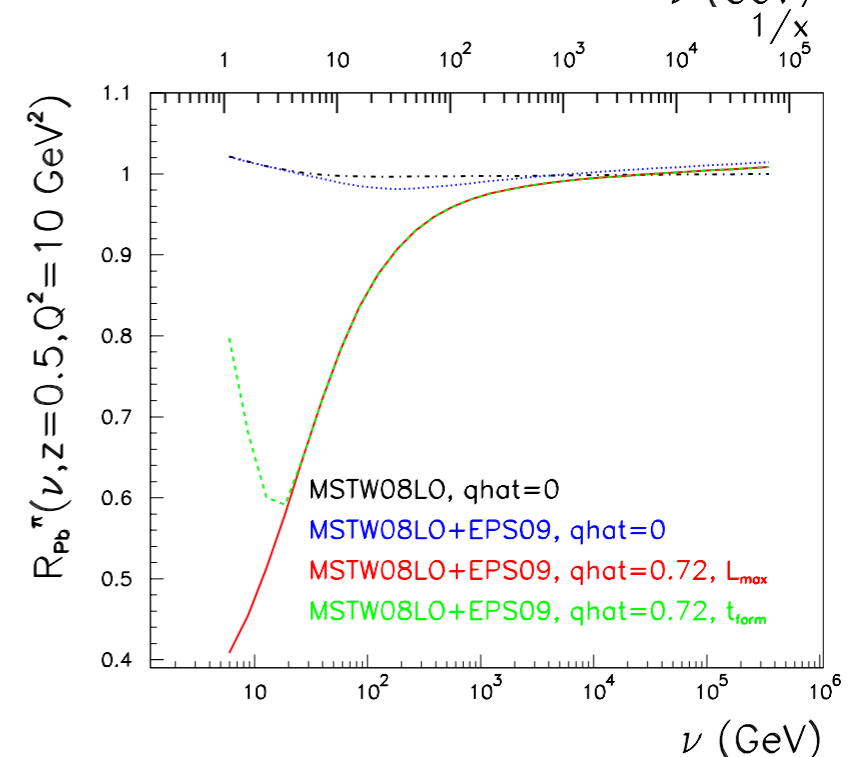
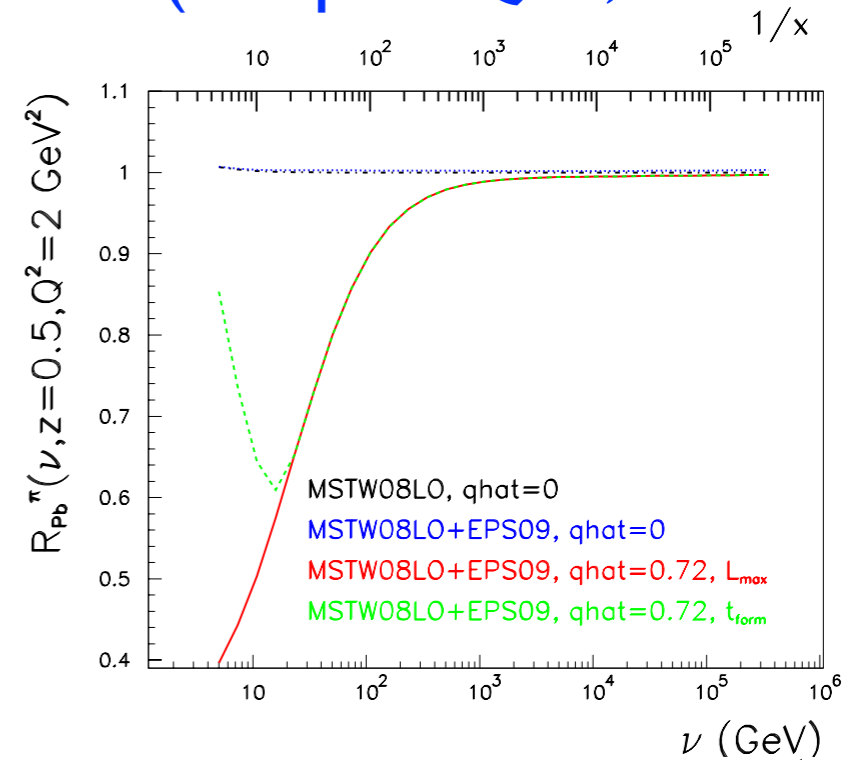
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$$R_A^h(z, \nu) = \frac{1}{N_A^e} \frac{dN_A^h(z, \nu)}{d\nu dz} \bigg/ \frac{1}{N_D^e} \frac{dN_D^h(z, \nu)}{d\nu dz}$$



Summary:

- Many issues remain open about precision perturbative QCD and small- x physics.
- Pdfs: current ep experiments cover pp@LHC at $y=0$; in eA, not even dAu@RHIC is really constrained.
- An ep/eA collider offers huge possibilities to test our ideas about QCD: hadron structure, high-energy behavior, radiation,...
- **eA**: amplifier of density effects, implications on UrHIC complementary to pA@LHC.
- **At an LHeC@CERN:**
 - Unprecedented access to small x in p and A for pdfs.
 - Novel sensitivity to physics beyond standard pQCD.
 - Stringent tests of the dynamics of QCD radiation.
 - ...

See A. Stasto's talk for diffractive observables @ LHeC.

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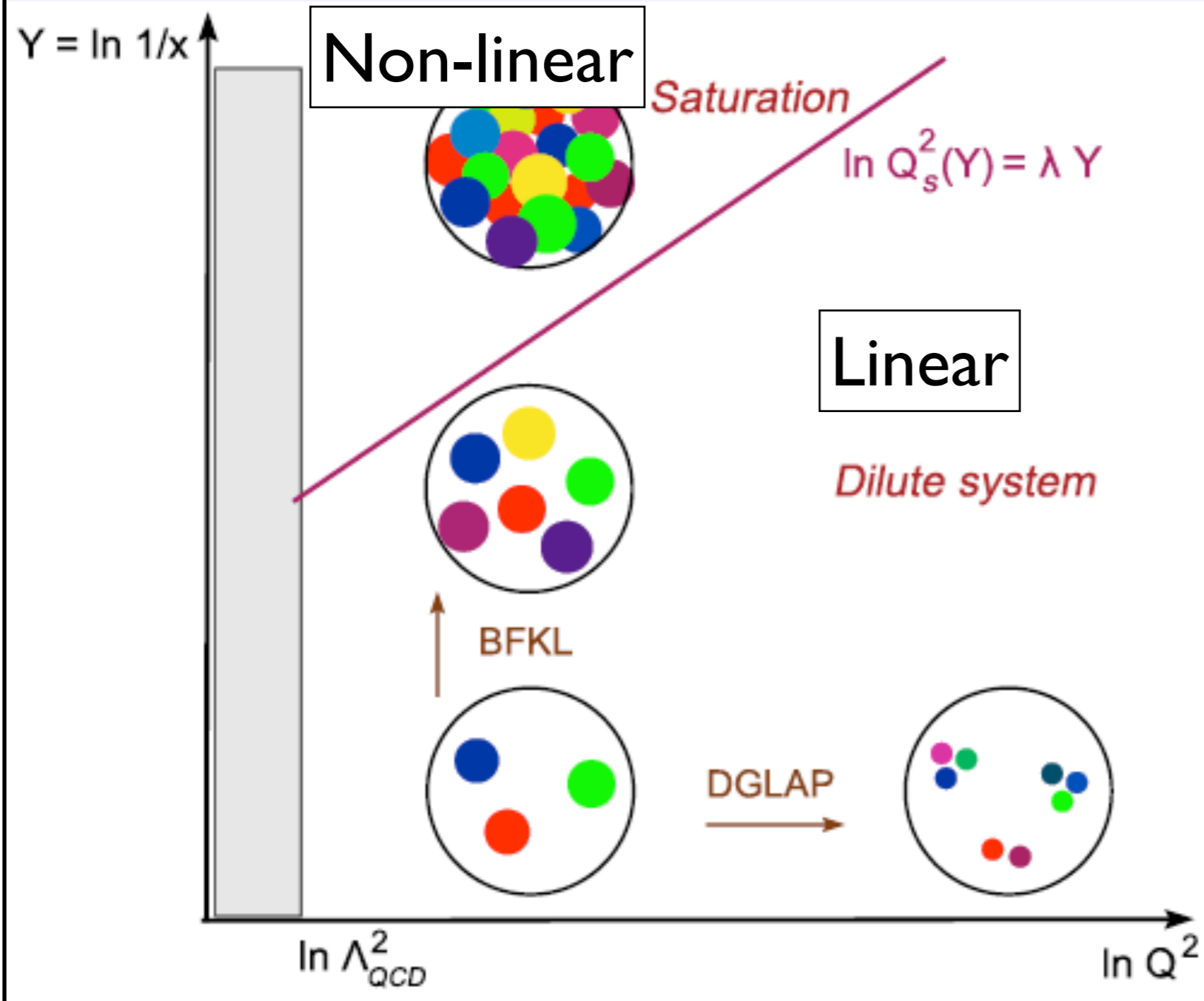
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Frank Zimmermann (CERN)

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Backup:

High-energy QCD:



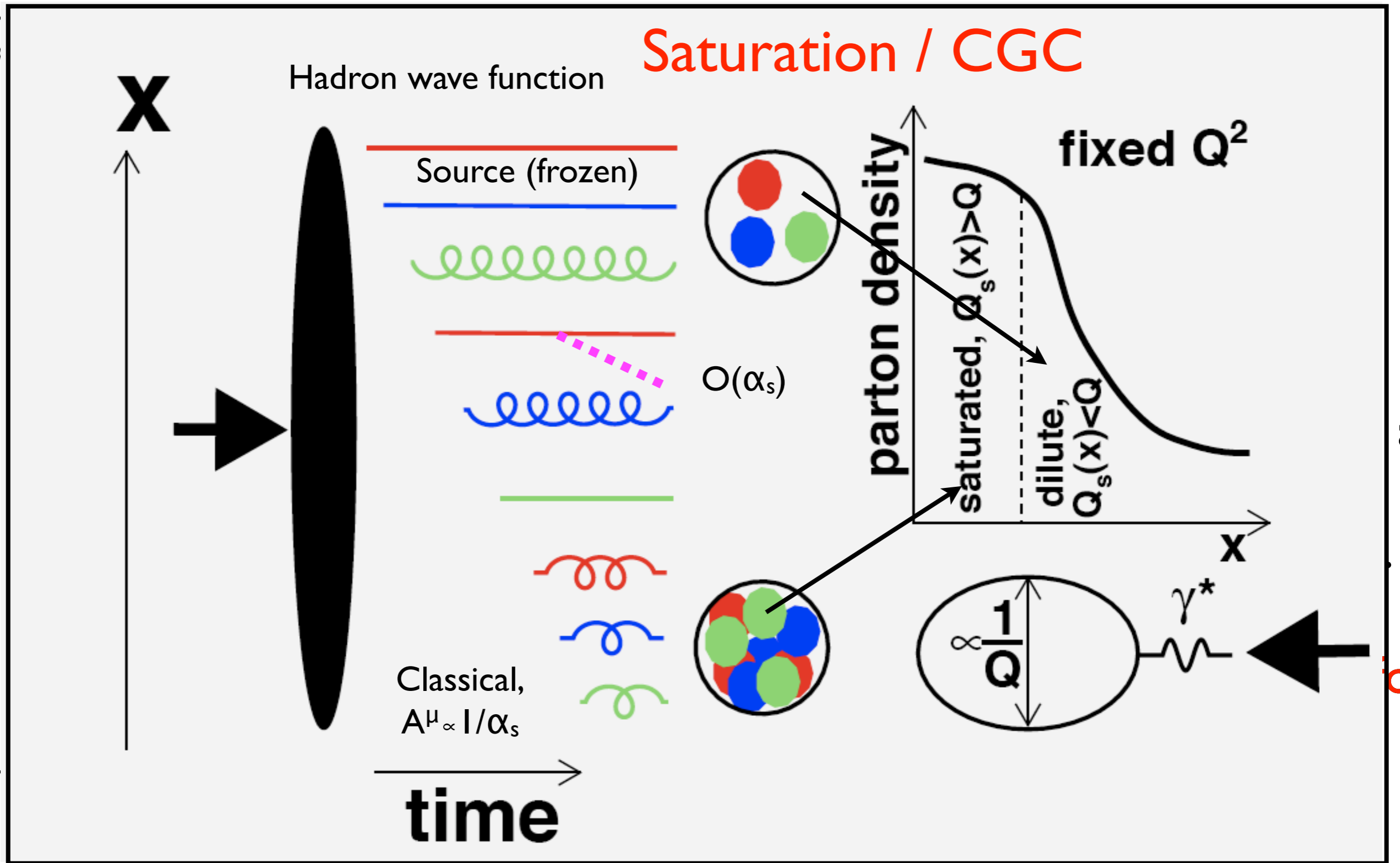
Our aims: understanding

- The implications of unitarity in a QFT.
- The behavior of QCD at large energies / hadron wave function at small x .
- The initial conditions for the creation of a dense medium in heavy-ion collisions: nuclear WF + initial stage.

Where do the available experimental data lie?

High-energy QCD:

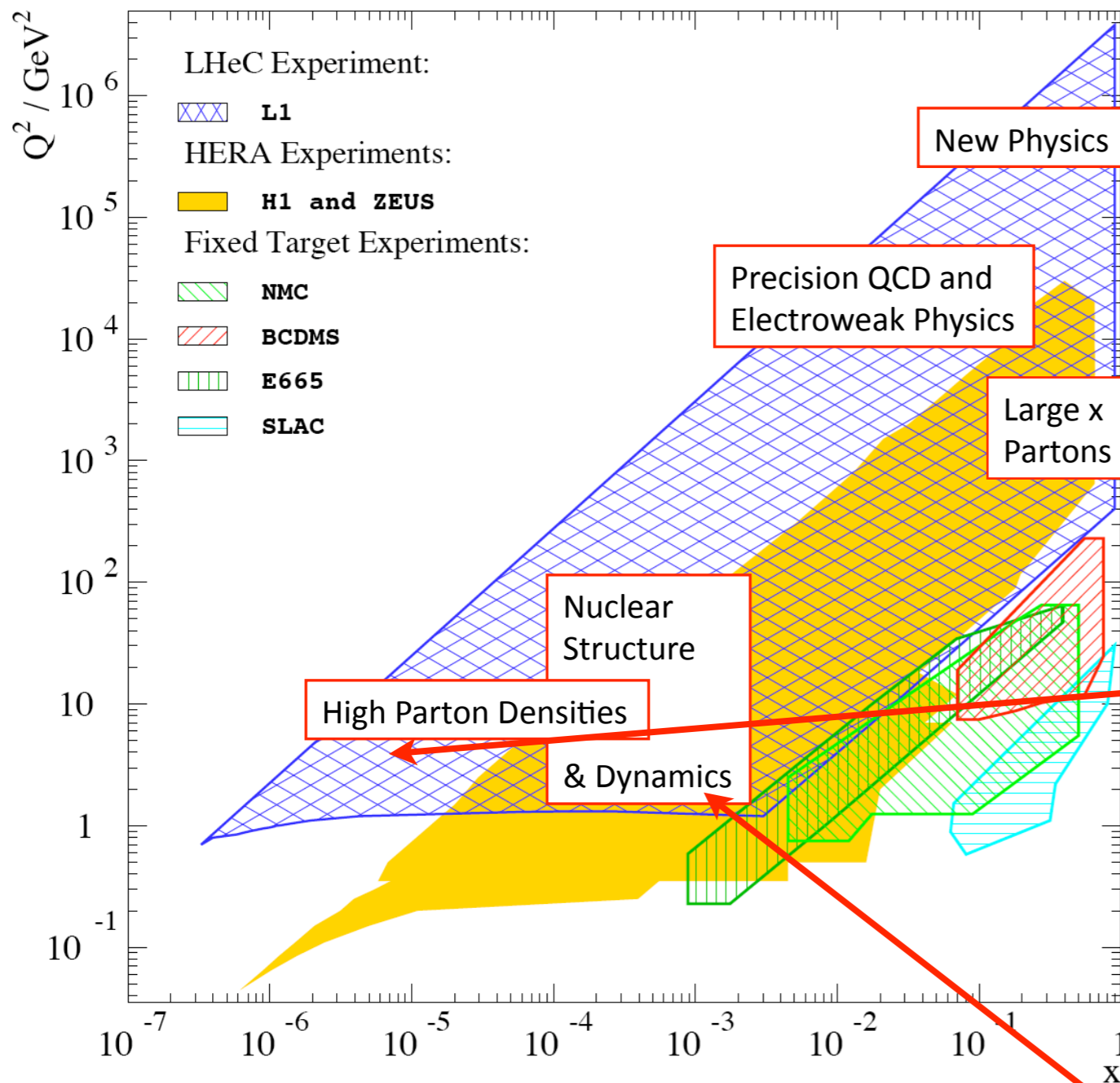
Saturation / CGC



experimental data lie?

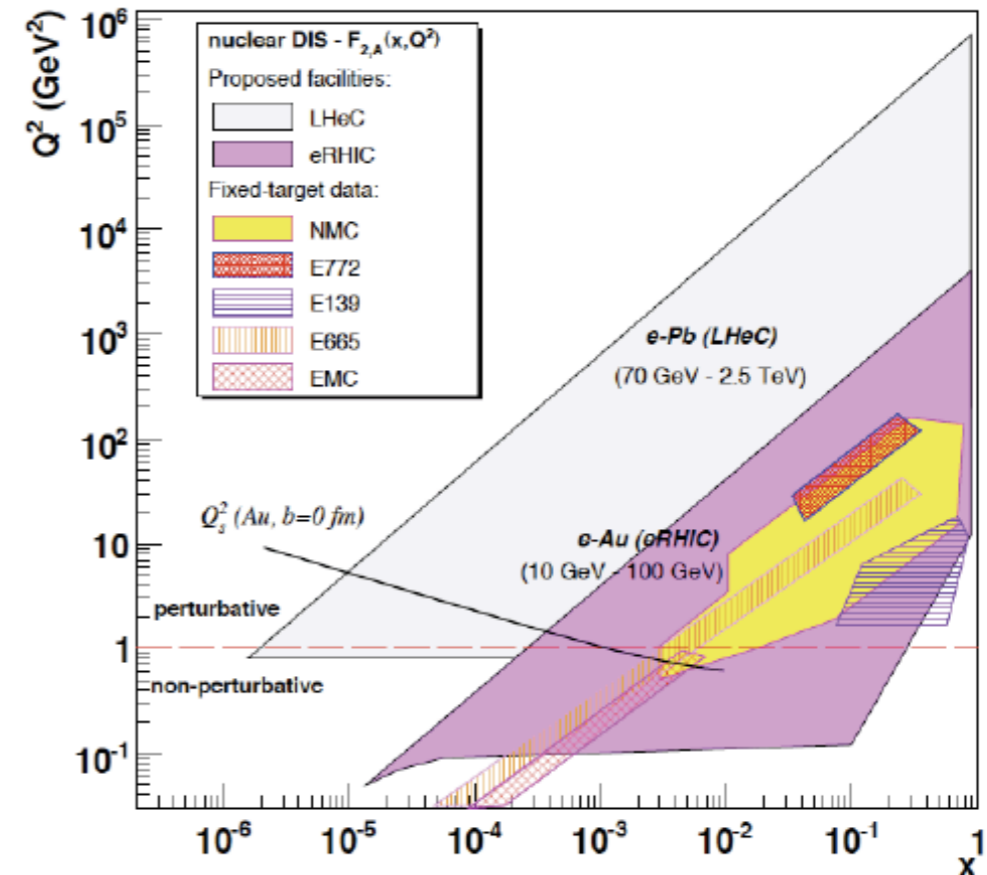
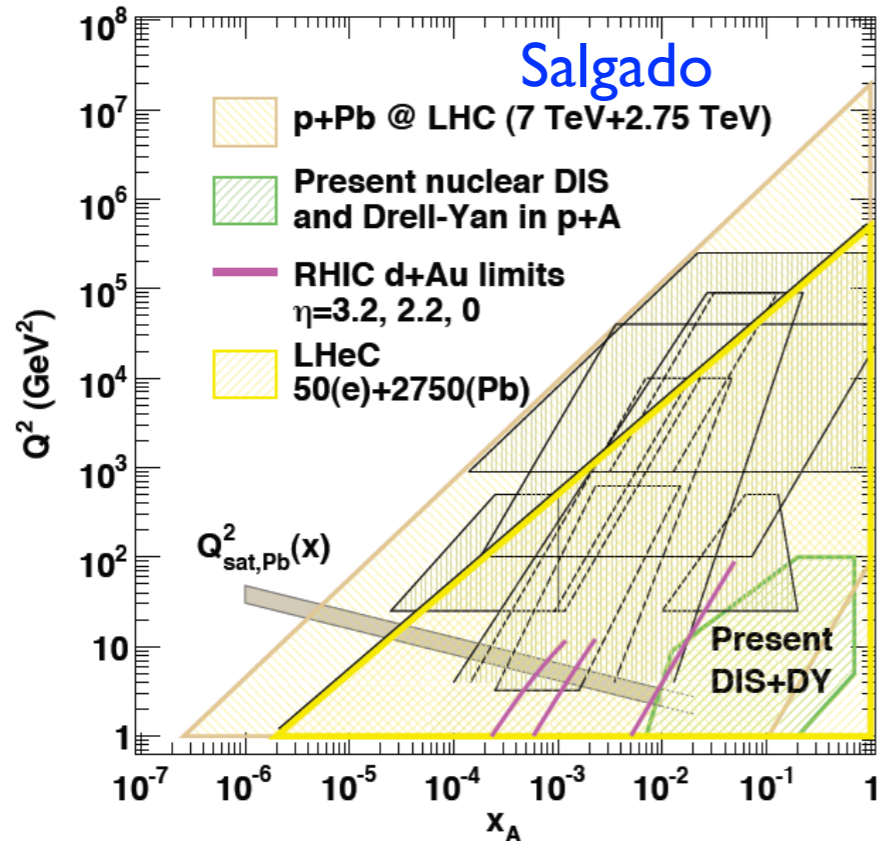
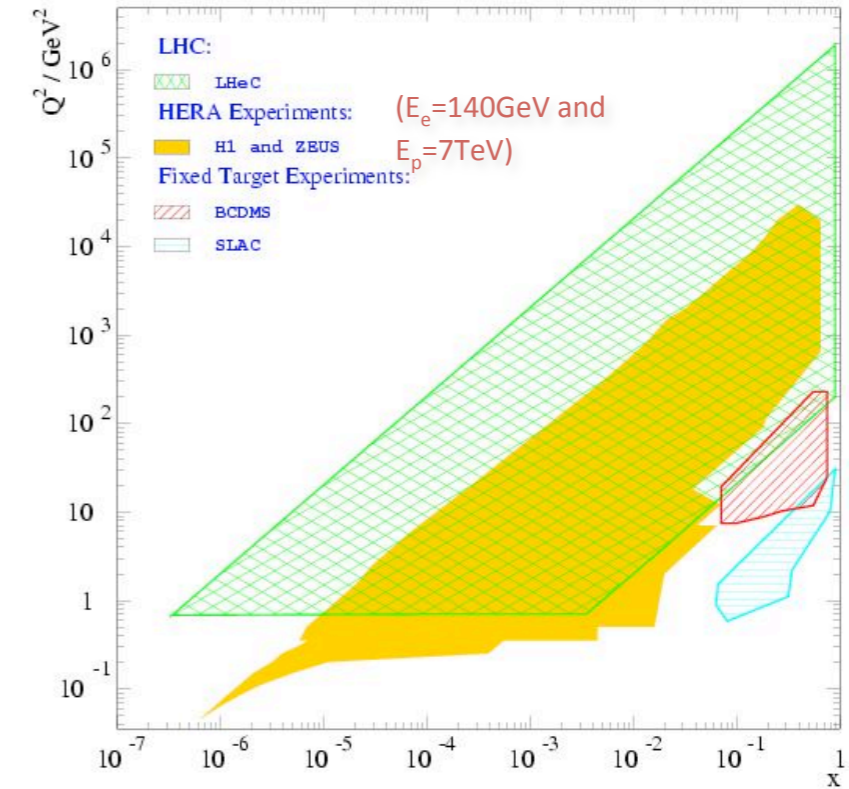
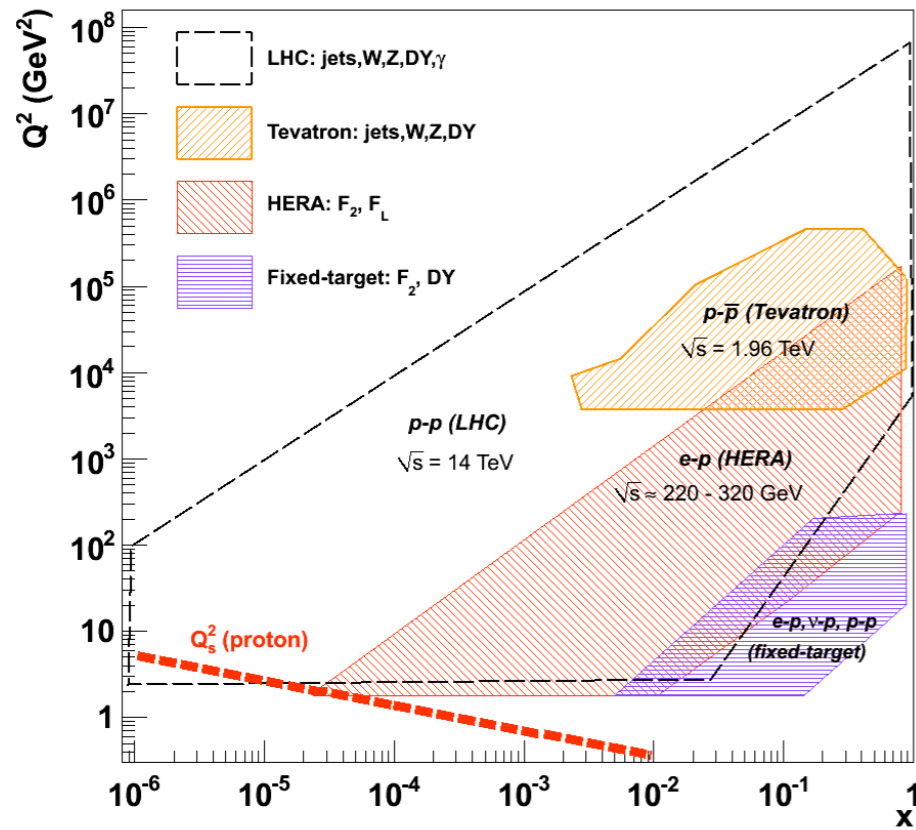
consistency. nuclear v_2 initial stage.

Physics goals:



- Proton structure to a few 10^{-20} m: Q^2 lever arm.
- Precision QCD/EW physics.
- High-mass frontier (leptoquarks, excited fermions, contact interactions).
- Unambiguous access, in ep and eA, to a qualitatively novel regime of matter predicted by QCD.
- Substructure/parton dynamics inside nuclei with strong implications on QGP search.

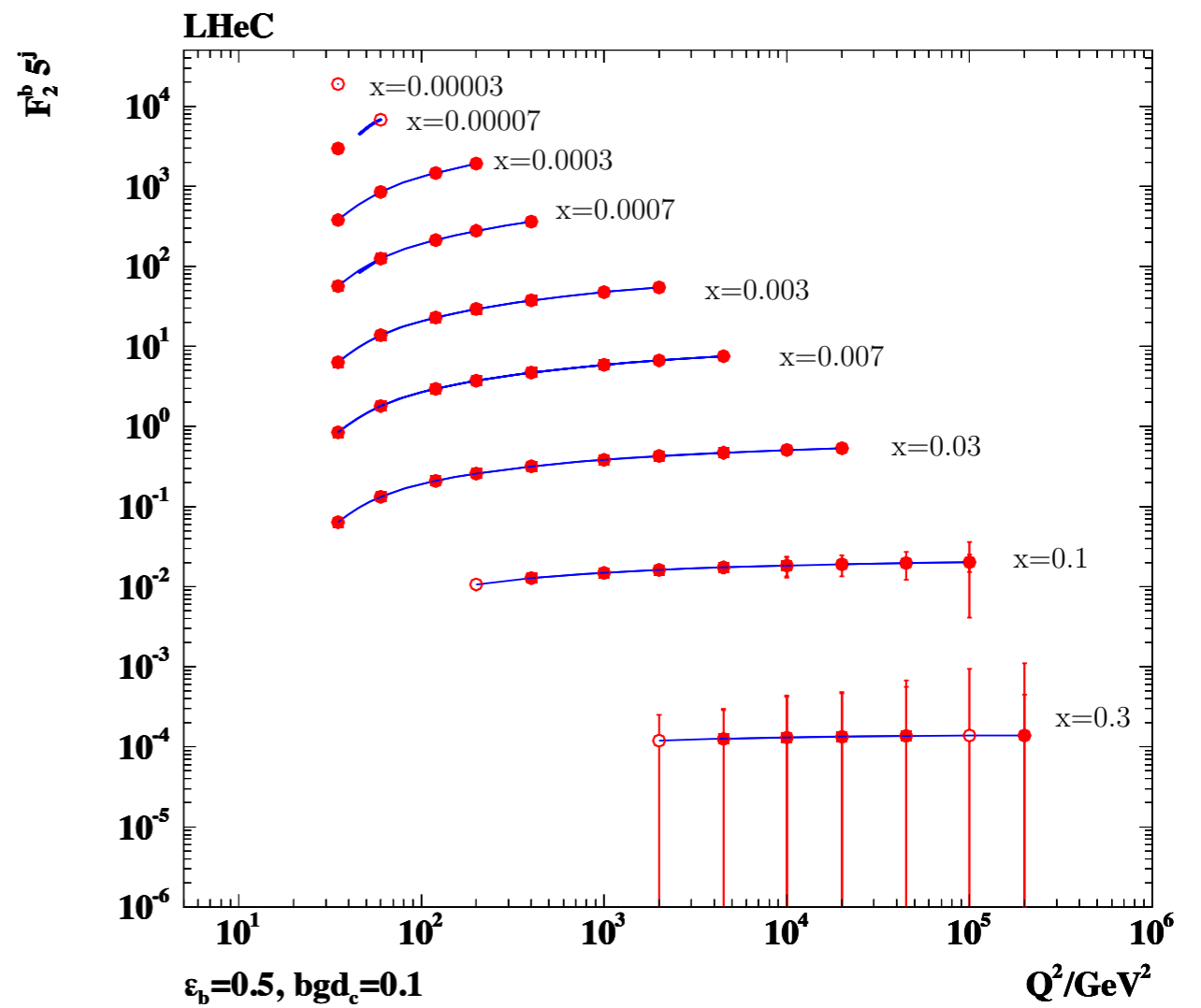
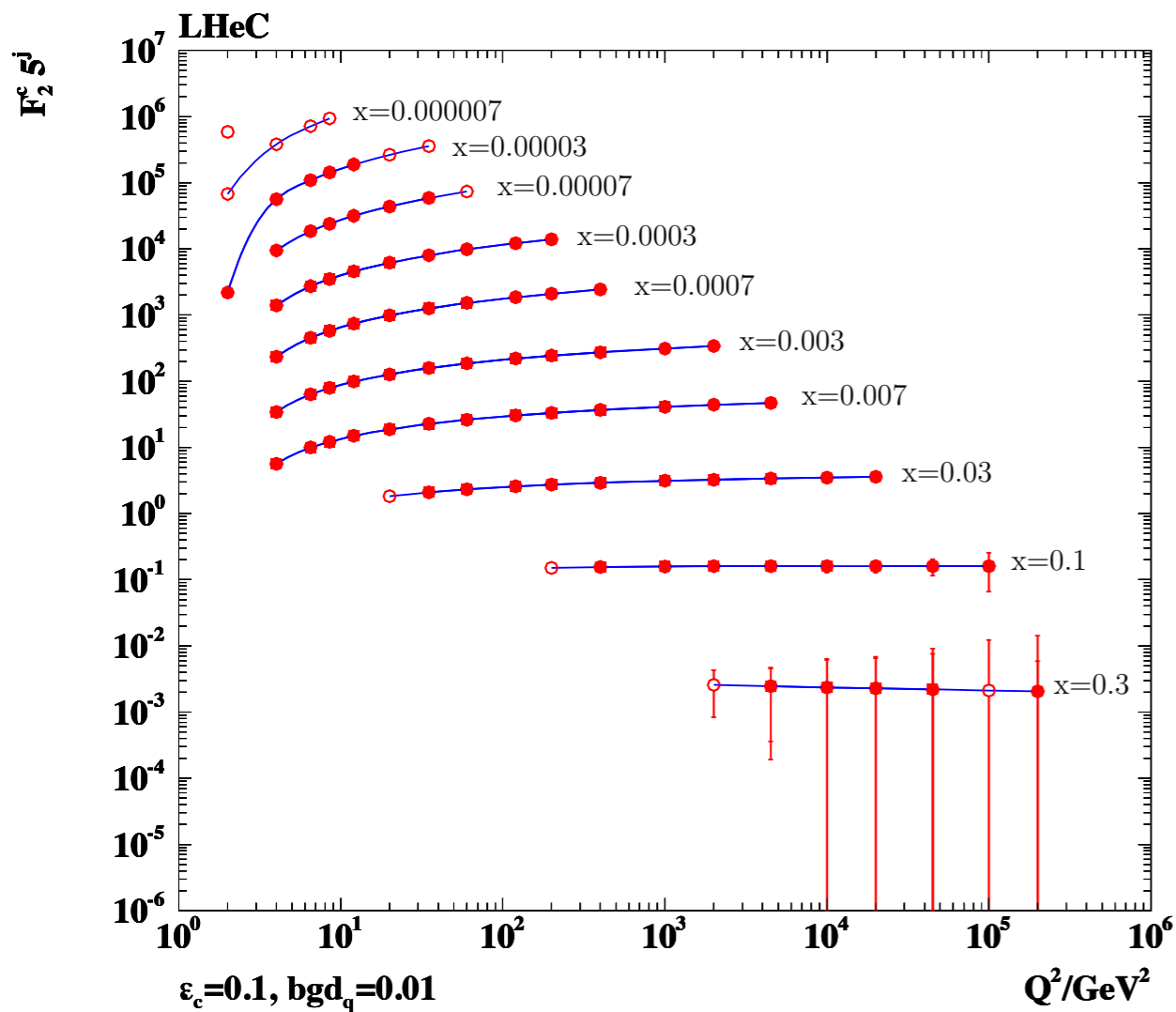
d'Enterria



D'Enterria arXiv:0707.4182

Charm and beauty:

- Charm and beauty most important (HERApdf; systematics half than at H1).



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