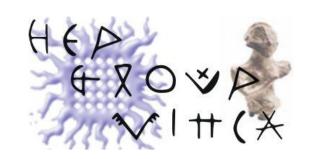


### **BHSE** at ILC - revisited

S. Lukić - HEP Group Vinča FCAL Workshop, September 2011



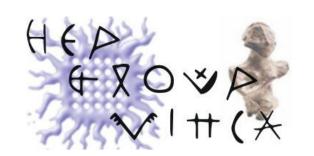
## Summary



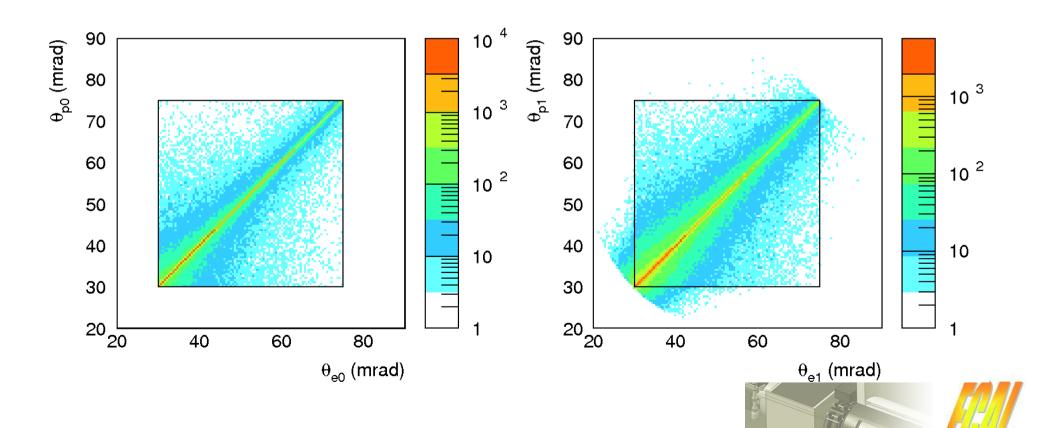
- BHSE at ILC analyzed using:
  - BHLUMI v4.04 Bhabha event generator
  - Guinea-PIG v1.2 (adapted by C. Rimbault) to simulate beam-beam effects on Bhabha pairs.
- Comparison with previous results
- Beam-beam effects on bhabha angular and energy distribution analyzed in order to propose selection cuts that effectively minimize BHSE



# Cross-check with the 2007 results

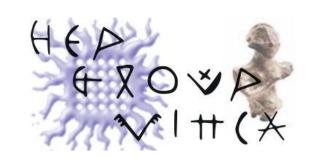


- Reproduction of the results by C. Rimbault et al, JINST 2 (2007)
  - Lumical geometrical angular acceptance [26,82] mrad
  - Fiducial volume [30,75] mrad



### Cross-check

## - Basic cuts -



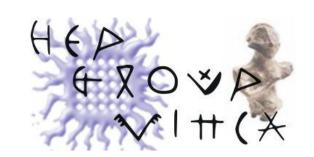
- Basic cuts: Both particles inside the fiducial volume, both  $E_e$ ,  $E_p > 0.8$   $E_{beam}$
- Fine-tuning of the GP parameters (number of macroparticles, beam energy spread etc.) causes a variation of ± 0.2 % in the final BHSE

	C. Rimbault et al.	This work
Beamstrahlung	-3.78(4)	-3.91(4)
EM deflection	-0.65(2)	-0.62(2)
Total	-4.41(5)	-4.53(4)



## Cross-check

# - Improved cuts -



- Improved cuts:
  - One particle inside the fiducial volume, the other particle inside the geometrical acceptance (Angular range partly outside the FV → systematic uncertainty in the BHSE)
  - Random choice which cut is applied on which side
  - $E_e + E_p > 0.8 E_{CM}$

	C. Rimbault et al.	This work	
Beamstrahlung	-1.03(4)	-0.98(4)	
EM deflection	-0.48(2)	-0.46(1)	
Total	-1.51(5)	-1.45(4)	



# Selection cuts for background suppression [1]

#### Legend:

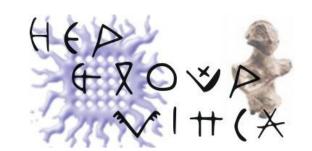
- AA is the angular part of the improved cuts by C. Rimbault
- $E_{rel}$  means:  $E_e + E_p > 0.8 E_{CM}$
- $E_{bal}$  means:  $(E_e E_p) < 0.1 \min(E_e, E_p)$
- " $\Delta \varphi$ " means:  $\Delta \varphi < 5^{\circ}$  (coplanarity)
- " $\Delta\theta$ " means:  $\Delta\theta$  < 0.06°

Algorithm	B/S[1]	BS BHSE	EM defl. BHSE	total BHSE	Rel. sel. eff.
		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
$\overline{AA + E_{rel}}$	$3.7 \times 10^{-3}$	$-0.98 \pm 0.04$	$-0.46 \pm 0.01$	$-1.45 \pm 0.04$	66.2
$AA + E_{rel} + \Delta \phi$	$2.9 \times 10^{-3}$	$-1.00\pm0.04$	$-0.45 \pm 0.01$	$-1.45 \pm 0.04$	65.4
$AA + E_{bal} + \Delta \phi$	$2.2\times10^{-3}$	$-5.80 \pm 0.07$	$-1.25 \pm 0.03$	$-7.04 \pm 0.07$	51.0
$\Delta\theta + E_{rel} + \Delta\phi$	$2.6 \times 10^{-3}$	$-19.64 \pm 0.08$	$-0.145 \pm 0.011$	$-19.79 \pm 0.08$	67.3
$\Delta\theta + E_{bal} + \Delta\phi$	$1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	$-19.62 \pm 0.08$	$-1.12\pm0.02$	$-20.75 \pm 0.08$	61.2

[1] M. Pandurović, Fon u merenju luminoznosti i razvoj metode za identifikaciju b-kvarka u eksperimentima ILC i H1, Ph.D. thesis, Univerzitet u Beogradu (2011)

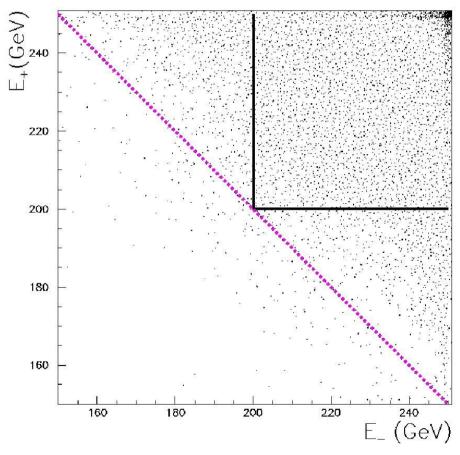
Rel. selection efficiency is defined rel. to the LumiCal geometrical acceptance [26,82] mrad

## **Cuts optimization**



Energy cuts – relative energy

 $(E_e + E_p) > 0.8 E_{CM}$ 

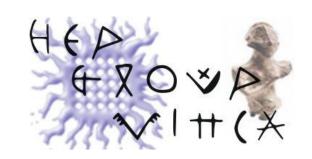


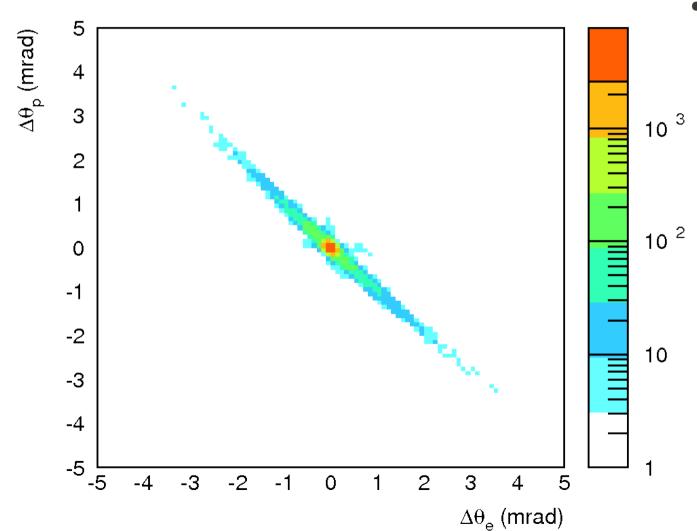
C. Rimbault et al, JINST 2 (2007)





# Cuts optimization Angular cuts

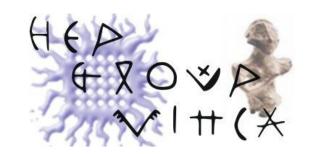


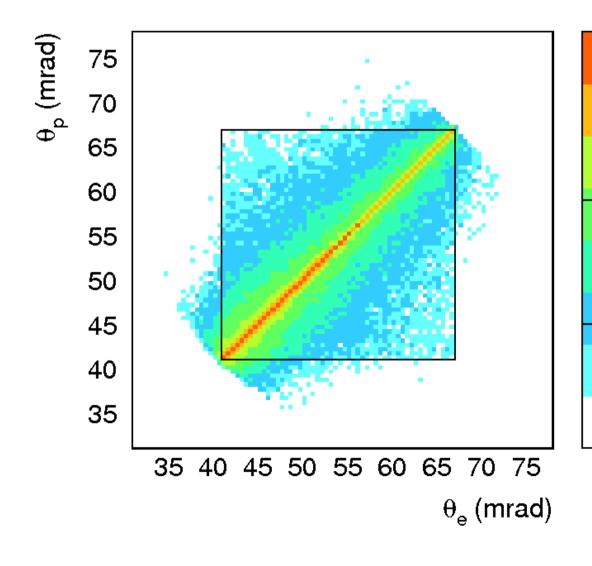


• Anticorrelated shift in  $\theta_e$ ,  $\theta_p$  due to the asymmetric energy loss in Beamstrahlung (CM gains impulse in z-direction)



## **Cuts optimization**





- Most Bhabha

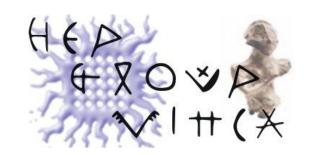
  10 3 events that
  migrate outside
  of the fiducial
- 10 <sup>2</sup> volume start out near the edges.

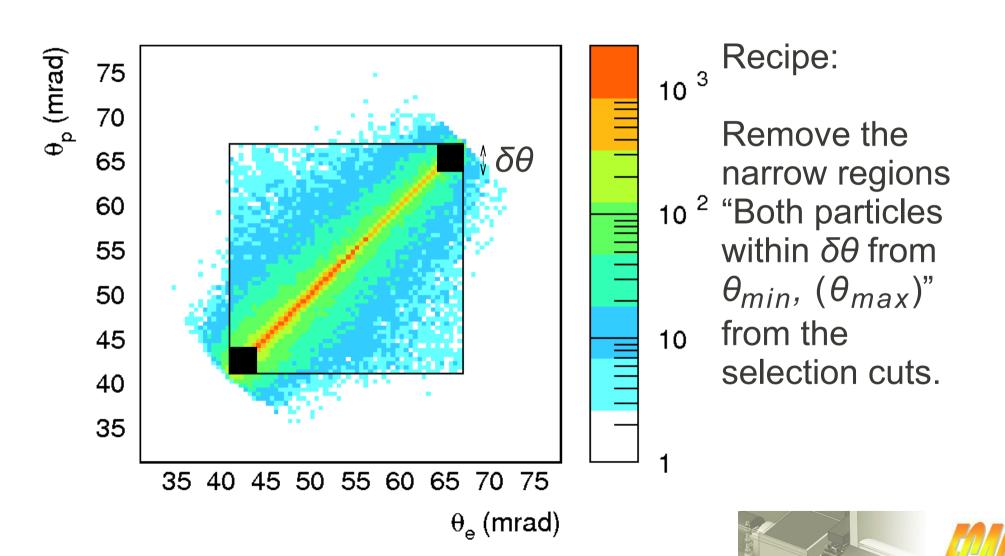
10 
$$\theta_e$$
,  $\theta_p \approx \theta_{min}$   
 $\theta_e$ ,  $\theta_p \approx \theta_{max}$ 

1

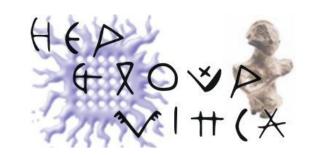


## **Cuts optimization**

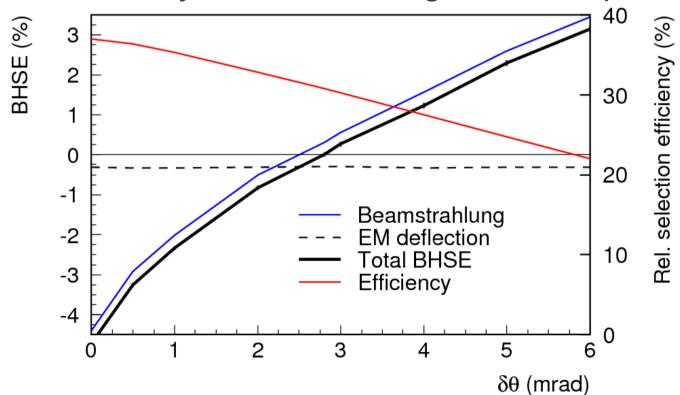




# $E_{rel}$ + "dented" FV

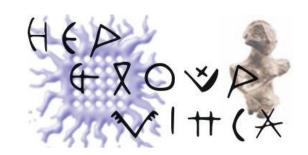


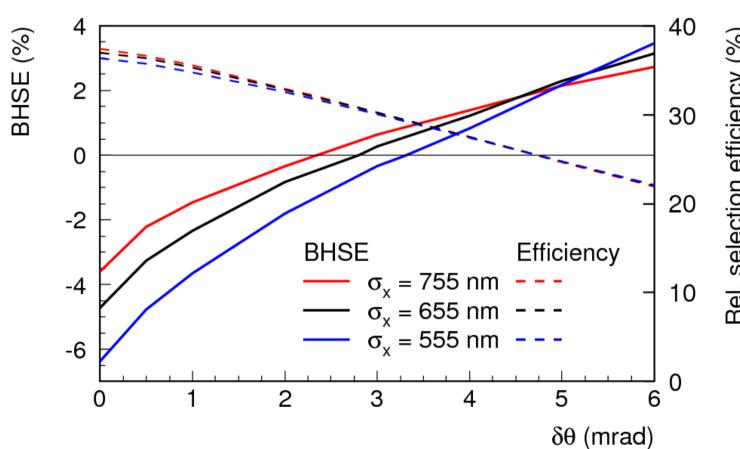
- Present LumiCal geometry (FV = [41,67] mrad)
- BHSE can be reduced to zero. For  $\delta\theta$  = 2.8 mrad, total BHSE = (0.005 ± 0.059) %
- Efficiency relative to the geom. acceptance [31,78] mrad





# Sensitivity to $\sigma_X$



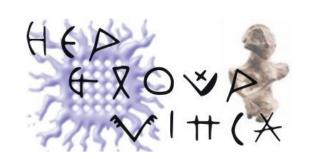








# Collinearity and coplanarity



Δθ:

$$\Delta \theta = \theta_{e^{-}} - \theta_{e^{+}} < (\Delta \theta)_{max}$$

Coplanarity:

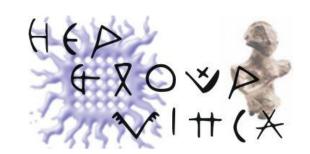
$$\Delta \varphi = \varphi_{e^{-}} - \varphi_{e^{+}} < (\Delta \varphi)_{max}$$

• Collinearity:

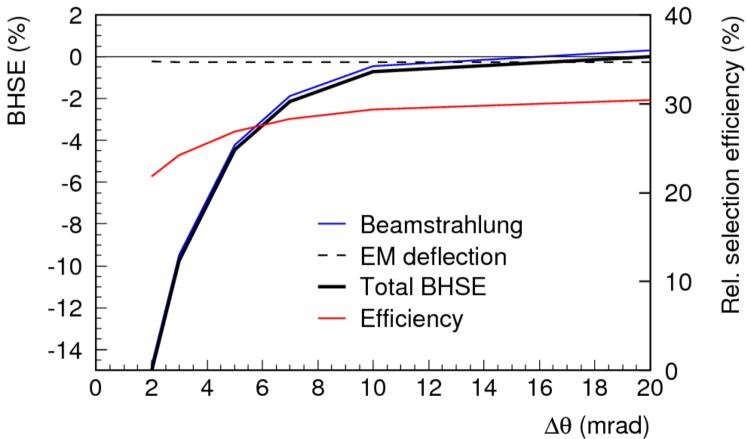
$$\Delta \varphi < (\Delta \varphi)_{max} \wedge \Delta \theta < (\Delta \theta)_{max}$$



## Collinearity



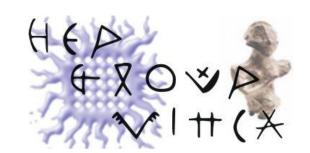
- *E<sub>rel</sub>* + "dented" fiducial volume
- $\Delta \varphi < 5^{\circ}$



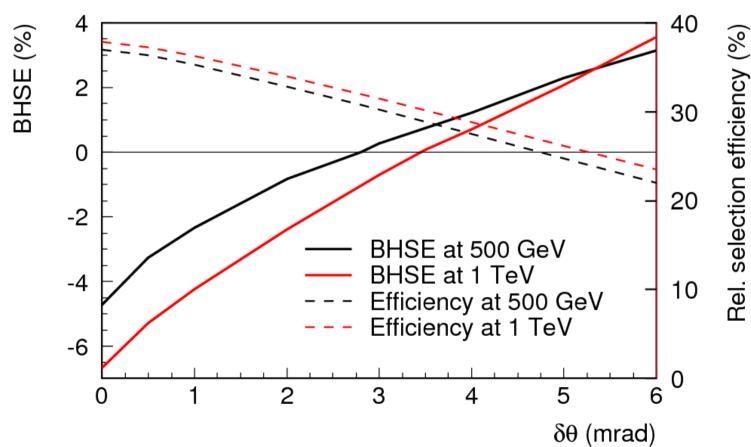




## Comparison 500 GeV – 1 TeV



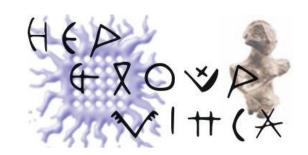
• E<sub>sum</sub> + "dented" selection cuts



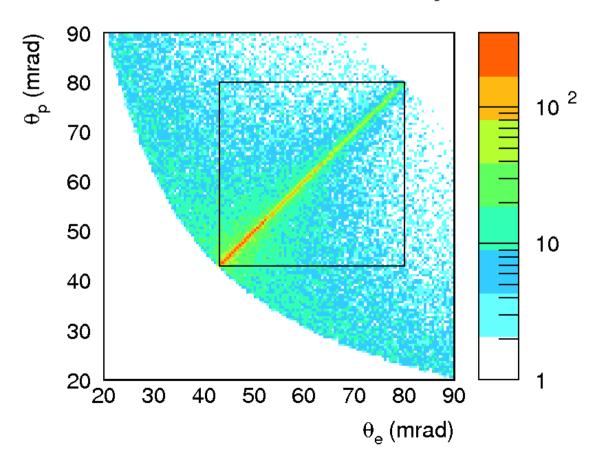




#### CLIC 3 TeV

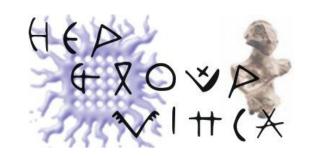


- BHSE 71 % ( $E_{rel}$  + fiducial volume, simulated with Gaussian beams) difficult to reduce to zero
- Needs to be more reliably estimated and corrected



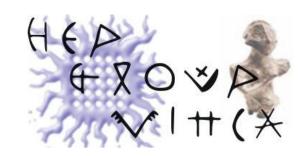


### Conclusions



- BHSE can be completely eliminated at ILC using suitable selection algorithms
- A range of parameters can be simultaneously manipulated to optimize BHSE and the background suppression
  - $\delta\theta$  (for the "dented" angular cuts)
  - $\Delta\theta$  (polar angle tolerance)
  - $\Delta \varphi$  (coplanarity tolerance, limited by the resolution in  $\varphi$ )
  - Energy cuts
- BHSE at CLIC is more dramatic it has to be precisely estimated and corrected

### Outlook



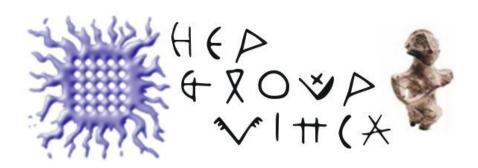
- Reevaluate the data-driven BHSE correction method (luminosity spectrum) for the present selection cuts.
- Include a simulation of the interaction with the detector (Barbie or similar)
  - Test the  $\delta\theta$  extension of the angular criteria outside of the fiducial volume taking care of the influence of the partial deposition on the energy cuts
- Verify how these cuts affect the background suppression (M. Pandurović)





# Thank you!

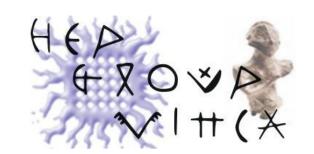




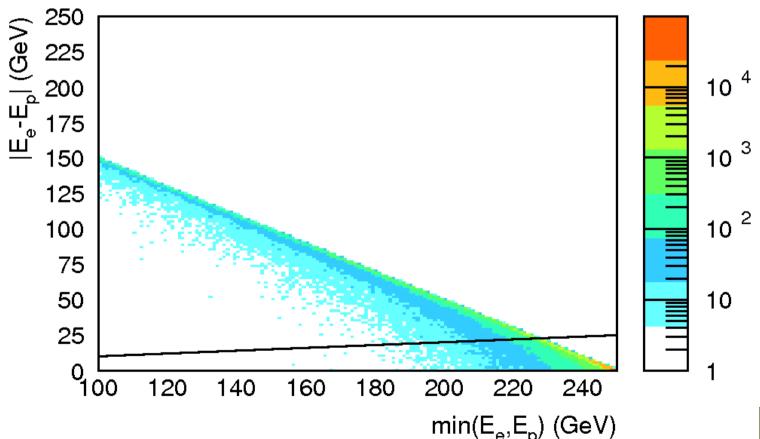
## Additional slides



## **Cuts optimization**



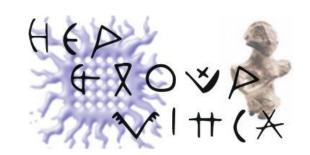
• Energy cuts – Energy balance  $(E_e - E_p) < 0.1 \min(E_e, E_p)$ 







# E<sub>balance</sub> + "dented" FV



• BHSE  $\approx$  0 for  $\delta\theta$  = 2.15 mrad

