
NNLL Top-Antitop Production at Threshold

[hep-ph/0611292]
[1102.0269 [hep-ph]]

Maximilian Stahlhofen

In collaboration with André Hoang

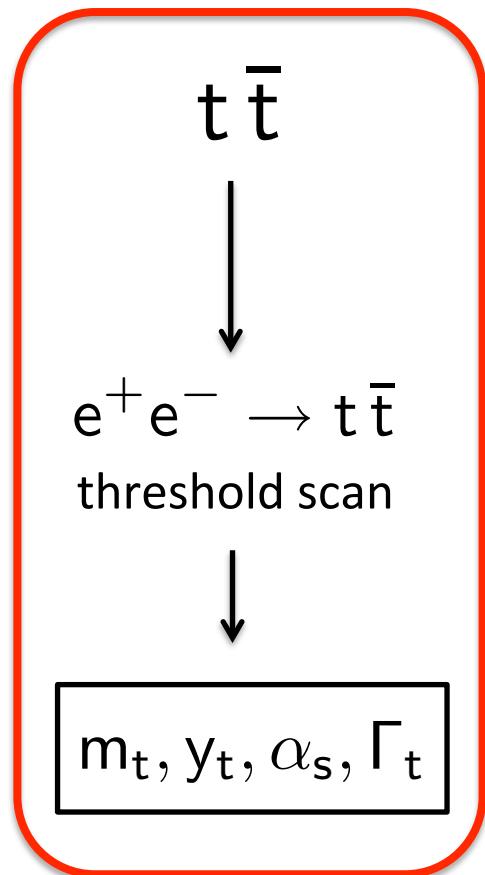
University of Vienna

Outline

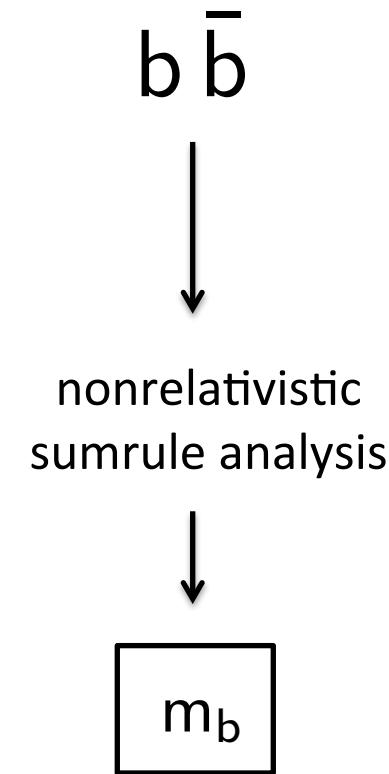
- Heavy quark-antiquark threshold
- The effective theory vNRQCD
- Renormalization
 - Currents
 - Potentials
- Recent Results (QCD)
- Summary/Outlook

Heavy quark-antiquark threshold

Heavy $q\bar{q}$ production near threshold:

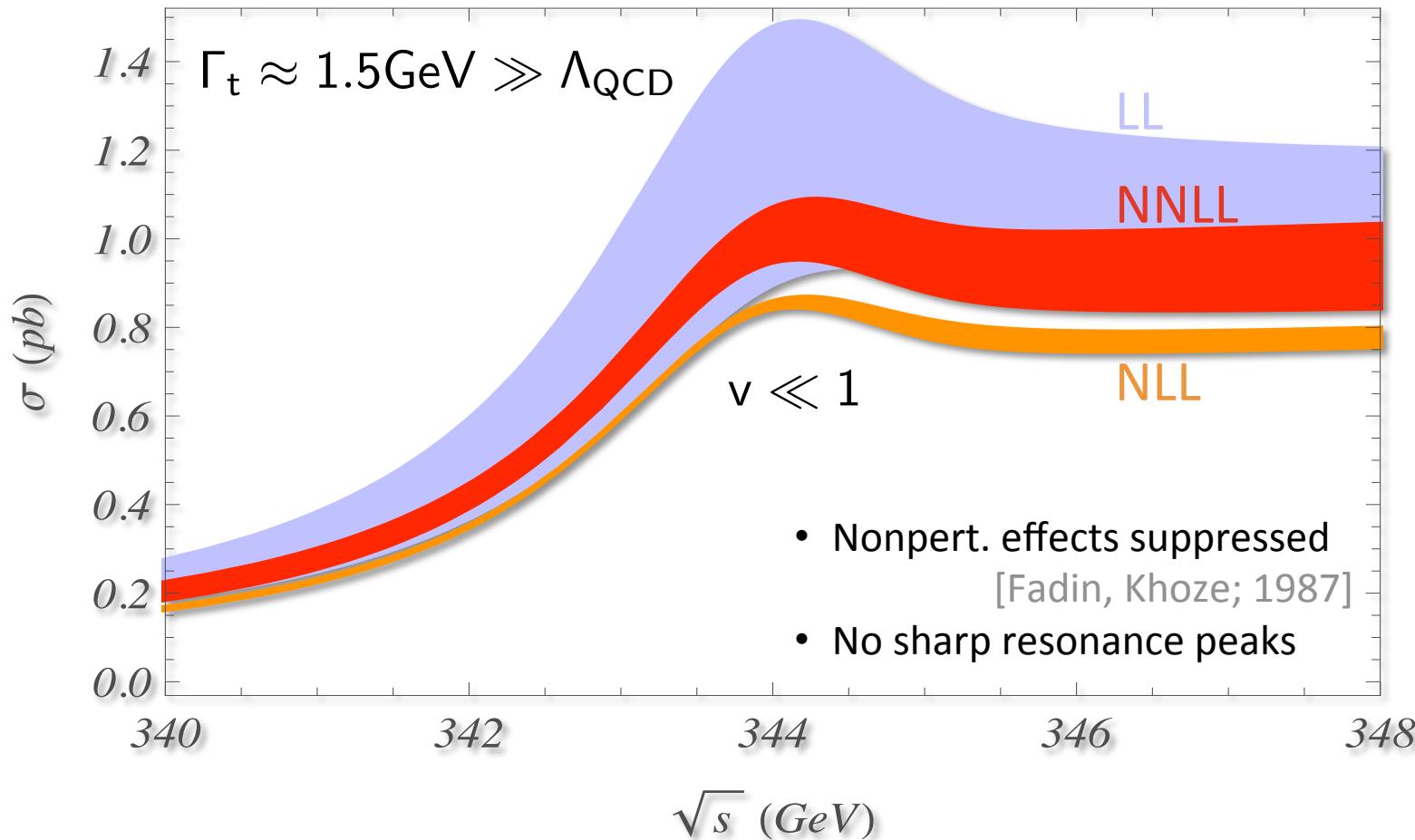


- perturbative
- nonrelativistic



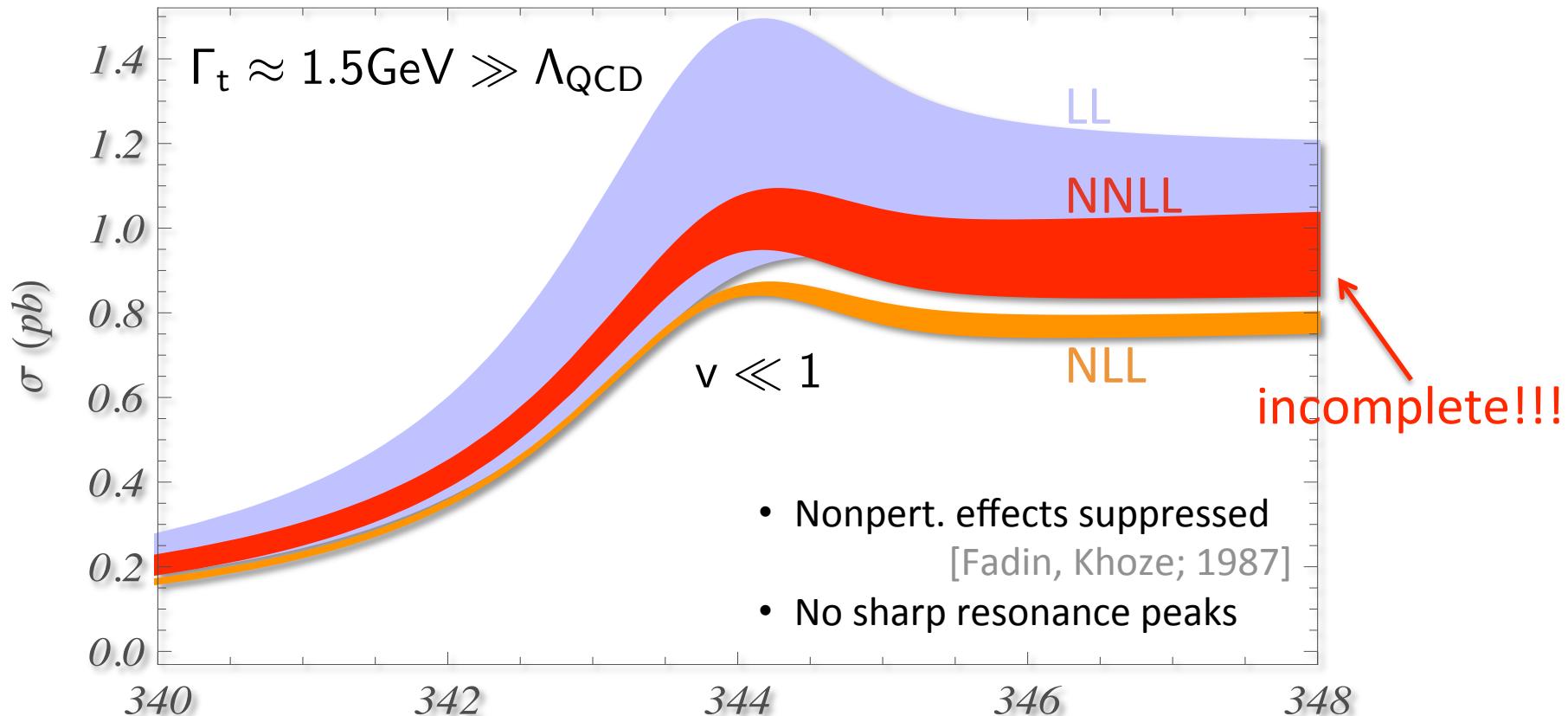
Heavy quark-antiquark threshold

$t\bar{t}$ resonance @ Linear Colider:



Heavy quark-antiquark threshold

$t\bar{t}$ resonance @ Linear Colider:



status: $\delta m_t \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$ ✓
(theory)

$\sqrt{s} (GeV)$

$\delta \sigma_{\text{tot}} / \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim 6\% ,$ < 3% needed for precise y_t, α_s, Γ_t

Heavy quark-antiquark threshold

EW effects:

- LO: Unstable top $\Rightarrow \Gamma_t \approx 1.5 \text{ GeV} \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$ “IR cutoff”

$$v_{\text{eff}} \equiv \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{s}-2m_t}{m_t}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{s}-2m_t+i\Gamma_t}{m_t}} ; \quad |v_{\text{eff}}| \gtrsim 0.1$$

[Fadin, Khoze; 1987]

- Higher orders up to NNLL [Hoang, Reisser, Ruiz-Femenia; 2010]
[Beneke, Jantzen Ruiz-Femenia; 2010]

QCD near threshold:

$$v \sim \alpha_s \ll 1$$

3 scales: $m_t \gg \vec{p} \sim m_t v \gg E_{\text{kin}} \sim m_t v^2$ ($\sim \Gamma_t \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$)

“hard”

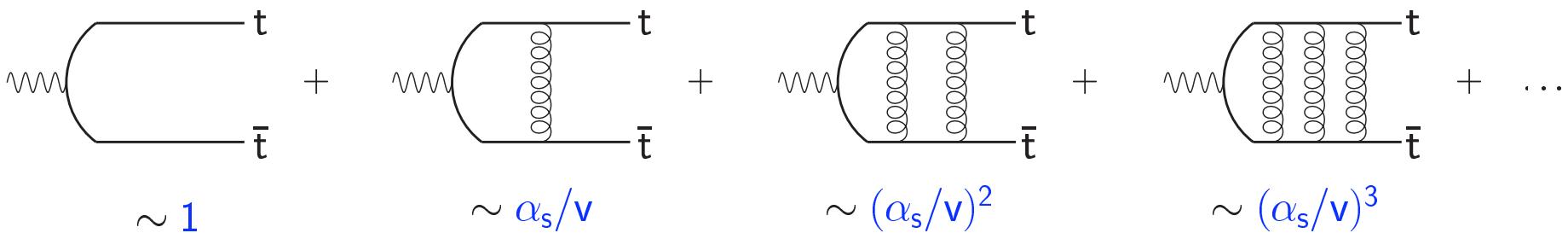
“soft”

“ultrasoft”

- Problems:
- “Coulomb singularities”
 - Large logs

Heavy quark-antiquark threshold

Problem of Coulomb singularities:



Production threshold: $\alpha_s \sim v \sim 0.1$ \Rightarrow breakdown of perturbation theory

Solution:

Nonrelativistic effective field theory

\rightarrow

vNRQCD

\rightarrow summation of $(\alpha_s/v)^n$ terms using Schrödinger Equation !

vNRQCD

Problem of large logarithms:

3 scales: $m_t \gg \vec{p} \sim m_t v \gg E_{\text{kin}} \sim m_t v^2$ ($\sim \Gamma_t \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$)

“hard”

“soft”

“ultrasoft”

→ Logs: $\ln\left(\frac{m^2}{E^2}\right)$, $\ln\left(\frac{m^2}{p^2}\right)$, $\ln\left(\frac{p^2}{E^2}\right)$ e.g. $\alpha_s \ln\left(\frac{m^2}{E^2}\right) \sim -\alpha_s \ln(v^4) \sim 1$

Solution:

Two renormalization scales:

$$\mu_s = m\nu, \quad \mu_u = m\nu^2$$

→

“v”NRQCD

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein; 2000]

ν “subtraction velocity”

→ RGE's resum $[\alpha_s \ln v]^n$, $\alpha_s [\alpha_s \ln v]^n$, $\alpha_s^2 [\alpha_s \ln v]^n$... terms

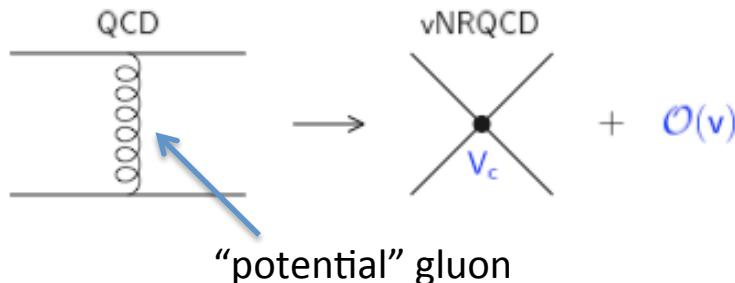
LL

NLL

NNLL

vNRQCD

- Nonresonant dof's integrated out, e.g.:



- Resonant dof's \rightarrow fields in the vNRQCD Lagrangian:

nonrel. quark:	$(E, \mathbf{p}) \sim (mv^2, mv)$	$\psi_{\mathbf{p}}(x)$	—————
soft gluon:	$(q_0, \mathbf{q}) \sim (mv, mv)$	$A_q(x)$	
ultrasoft gluon:	$(q_0, \mathbf{q}) \sim (mv^2, mv^2)$	$A(x)$	

- Systematic expansion in $v \Rightarrow$ consistent power counting in $v \sim \alpha_s$

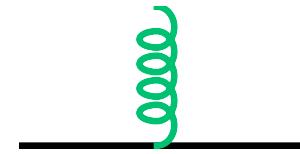
vNRQCD

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{vNRQCD}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}$$

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein; 2000]

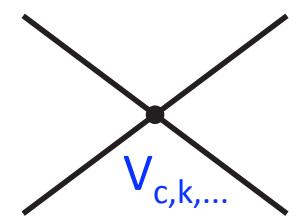
$$D^\mu = \partial^\mu + i g A^\mu(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} : \psi_{\mathbf{p}(x)}^\dagger \left[i D^0 - \frac{(\mathbf{p} - i \mathbf{D})^2}{2m} + \dots \right] \psi_{\mathbf{p}(x)} + \dots$$

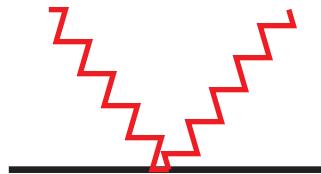


$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} : -V \psi_{\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \psi_{\mathbf{p}} \chi_{-\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \chi_{-\mathbf{p}} + \dots$$

$$V \sim \frac{\nu_c}{\mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\nu_k \pi^2}{m \mathbf{k}} + \frac{\nu_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 \mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\nu_2}{m^2} + \frac{\nu_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}} :$$



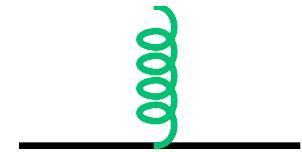
vNRQCD

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{vNRQCD}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}$$

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein; 2000]

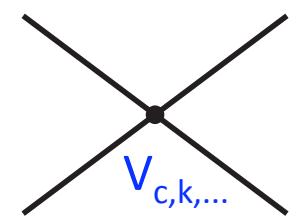
$$D^\mu = \partial^\mu + i g A^\mu(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} : \psi_{\mathbf{p}(x)}^\dagger \left[i D^0 - \frac{(\mathbf{p} - i \mathbf{D})^2}{2m} + \dots \right] \psi_{\mathbf{p}(x)} + \dots$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} : -V \psi_{\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \psi_{\mathbf{p}} \chi_{-\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \chi_{-\mathbf{p}} + \dots$$

$$V \sim \frac{\nu_c}{\mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\nu_k \pi^2}{m \mathbf{k}} + \frac{\nu_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 \mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\nu_2}{m^2} + \frac{\nu_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots$$



Production/annihilation current (3S_1):

$$\text{Diagram: } \textcircled{\times} \sim c_1(\nu) \cdot \underbrace{\vec{j}_1^{\text{eff}}(x)}_{\psi_{\mathbf{p}}^\dagger \vec{\sigma}(i\sigma_2) \chi_{-\mathbf{p}}^*} + \dots \quad (\text{CMS})$$

Renormalization

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{tot}} &\sim \text{Im} \left[\text{Diagram } 1 + \text{Diagram } 2 + \text{Diagram } 3 + \dots \right] \\ &\sim |\textcolor{orange}{c}_1(\nu)|^2 \cdot \text{Im} \left[-i \int d^4x e^{i\vec{q} \cdot x} \langle 0 | T \vec{j}_1^{\text{eff}} *_{(x)} \vec{j}_1^{\text{eff}}(0) | 0 \rangle \right] + \dots \\ &\sim |\textcolor{orange}{c}_1(\nu)|^2 \cdot \text{Im} [\textcolor{violet}{G}(0, 0, E, \nu)] + \dots\end{aligned}$$



$$\text{LO SG: } \left[-\frac{\nabla_{\vec{r}}^2}{m} + \textcolor{blue}{V}_c(r) - E \right] G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}', E) = \delta^{(3)}(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')$$

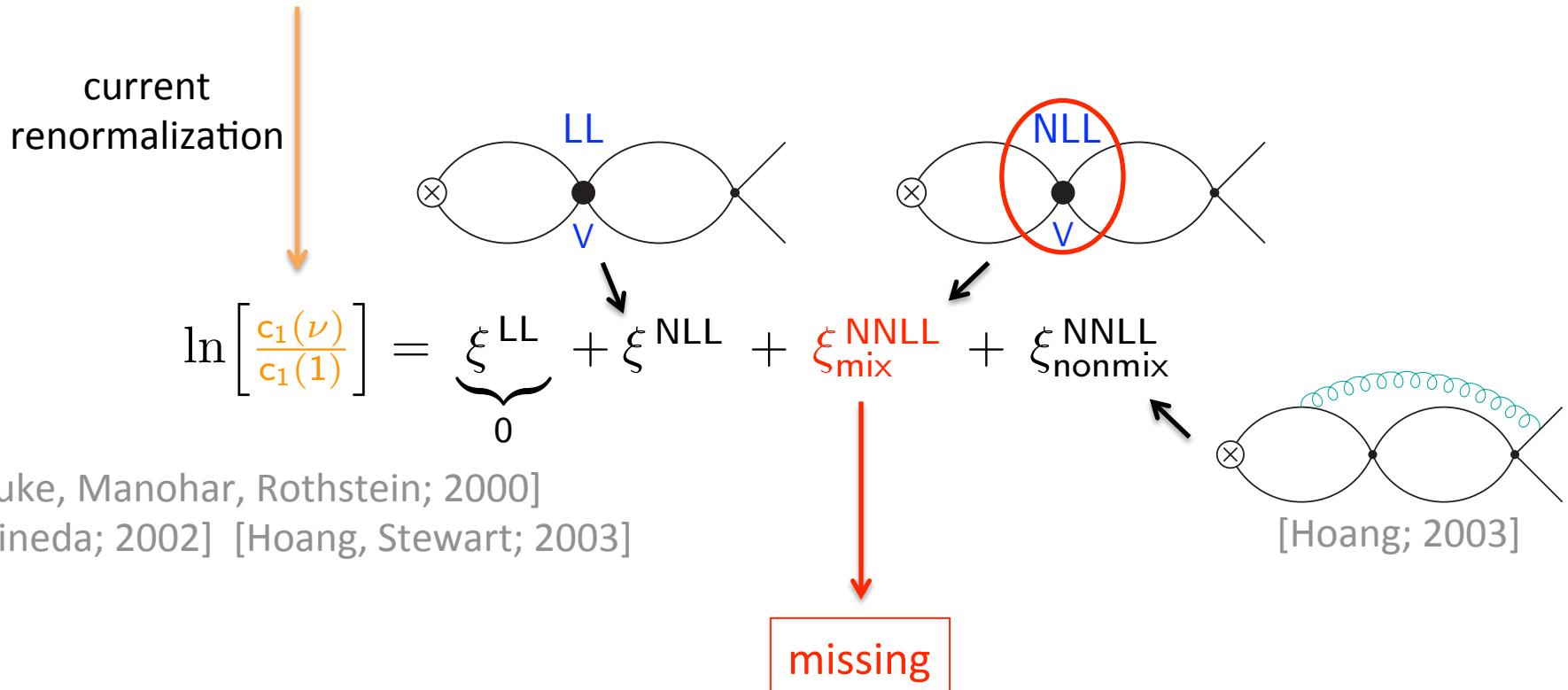
G^{NNLL} known ✓ [Hoang, Manohar, Stewart, Teubner; 2002]
[Pineda, Signer; 2006]

G^{NNNLO} known ✓ [Beneke, Kiyo, Schuller; 2007]

Renormalization

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim |\mathbf{c}_1(\nu)|^2 \cdot \text{Im} [\mathbf{G}(0, 0, E, \nu)] + \dots$$

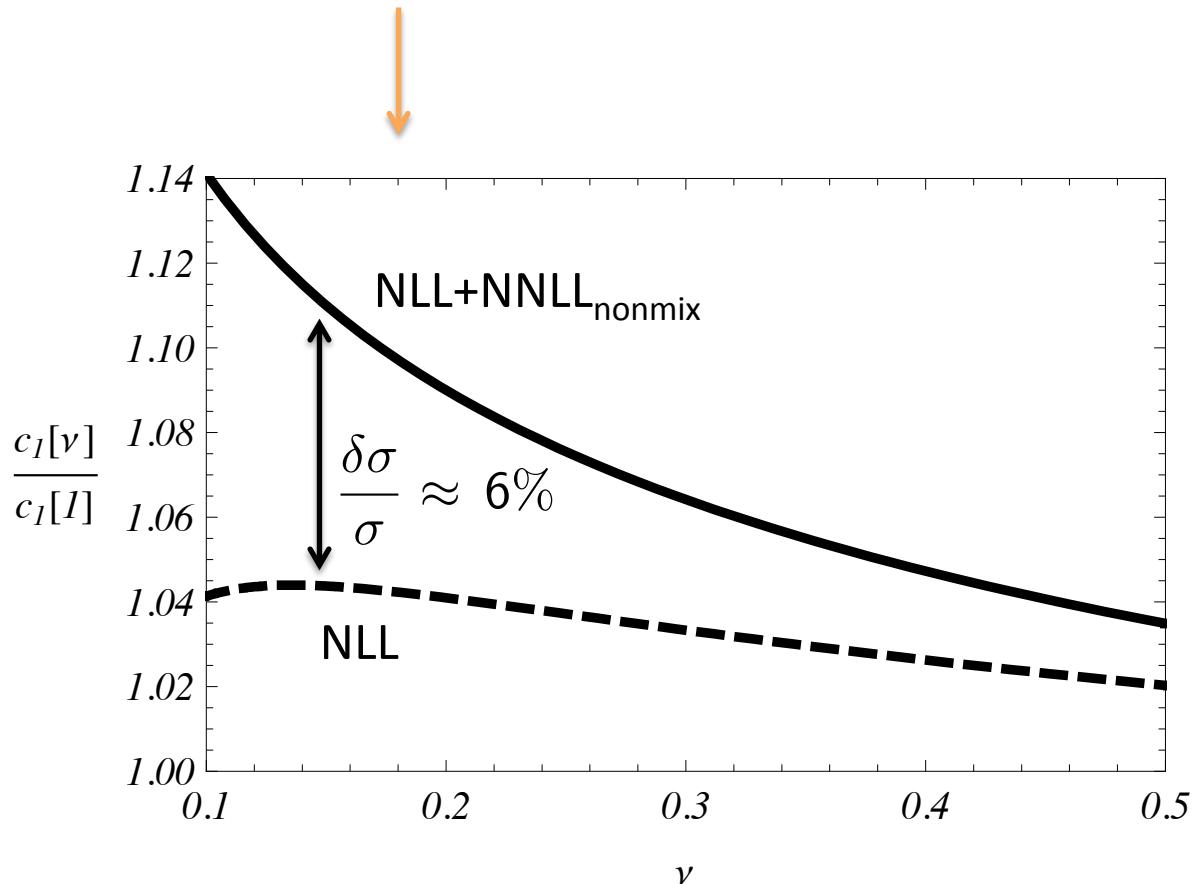
\mathbf{G}^{NNLL} known ✓



Renormalization

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim |\text{c}_1(\nu)|^2 \cdot \text{Im} [\text{G}(0, 0, E, \nu)] + \dots$$

G^{NNLL} known ✓

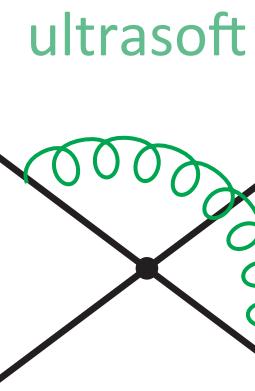
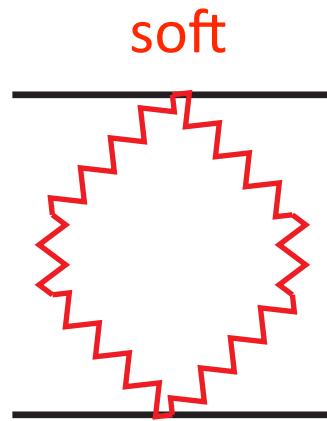


Missing NNLL_{mix} contribution
may reduce th. error of σ_{tot} ?

⇒ $V^{\text{NLL}}(\nu)$ needed !

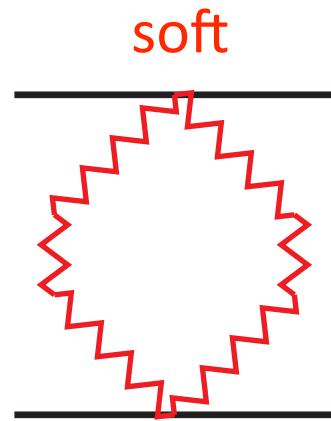
Renormalization

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\textcolor{orange}{c_1}(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + S^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

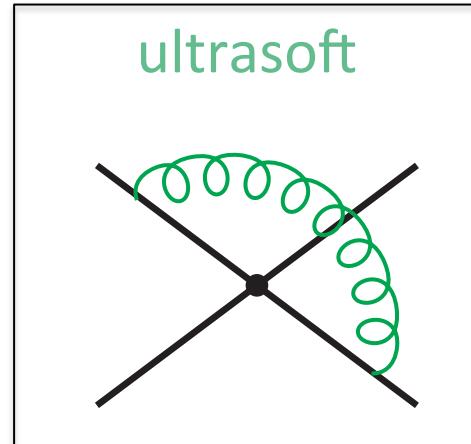


Renormalization

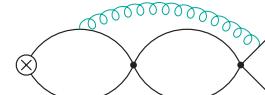
$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\textcolor{orange}{c_1}(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + S^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$



- known soft contributions small



- dominant: $\alpha_s(mv^2) > \alpha_s(mv)$
- large contribution to $\xi_{\text{nonmix}}^{\text{NNLL}}$

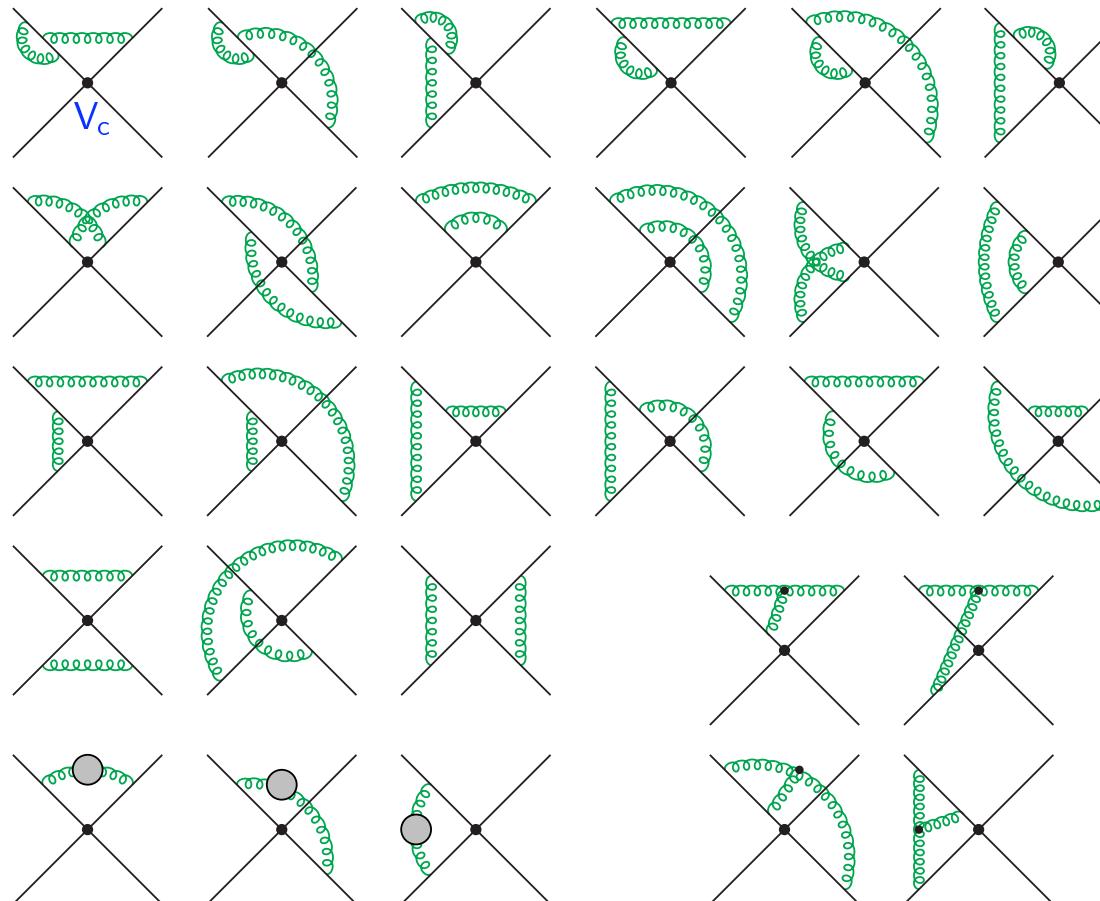


[Hoang; 2003]

Renormalization

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\textcolor{orange}{c}_1(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \textcolor{blue}{\mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu)} + S^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

Two usoft loops:



↑
renormalize

- Feynman gauge
- $\overline{\text{MS}}$, dim. reg.
- $O(10^3)$ diagrams

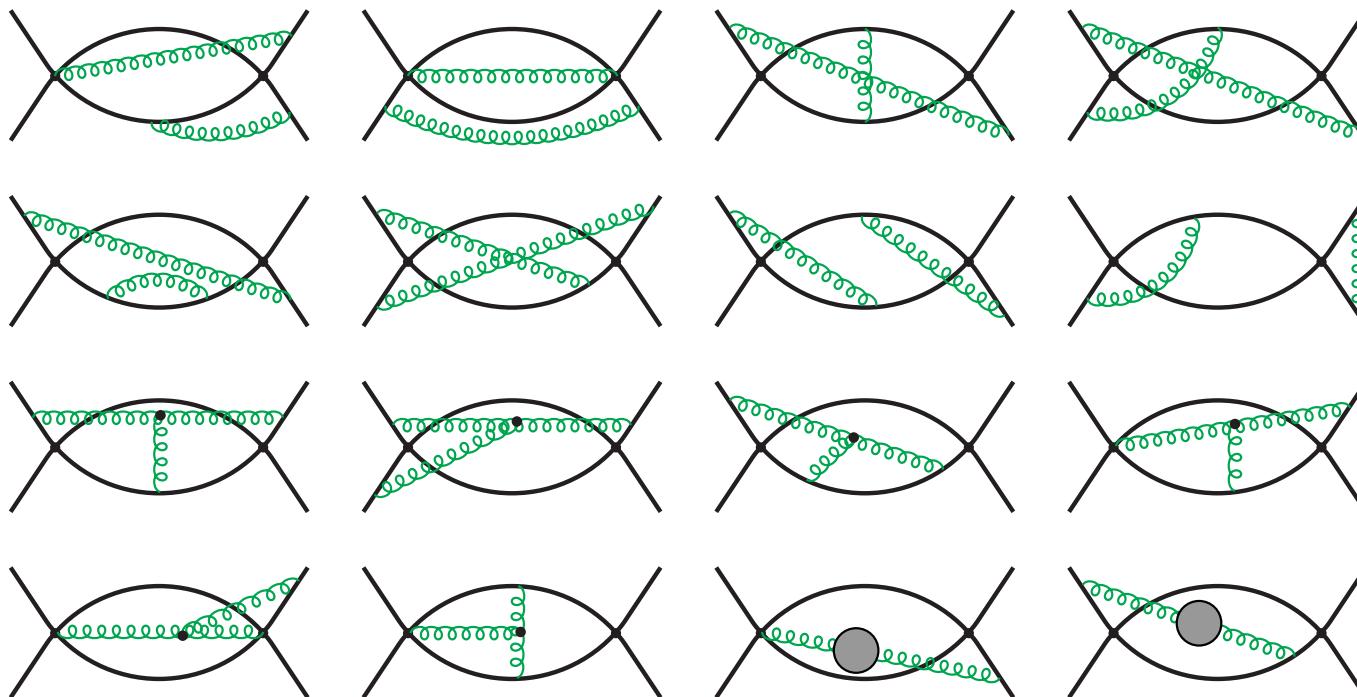
$$\delta \mathcal{V}_{r,2}^{\text{2 loop}} \xrightarrow{\text{RGE}} \mathcal{V}_{r,2}^{\text{NLL}}(\nu)$$

[MS, Hoang; hep-ph/0611292]

Renormalization

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\textcolor{orange}{c_1}(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + S^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

Two usoft loops:



renormalize

- 3 loops:
2 x usoft
1 x potential (finite)
- Feynman gauge
- $\overline{\text{MS}}$, dim. reg.
- $O(10^4)$ diagrams
- Generation:
own **Mathematica** code
- Integrals:
IBP & partial frac.

$$\Rightarrow \delta \mathcal{V}_k^{2 \text{ loop}} \xrightarrow{\text{RGE}} \mathcal{V}_k^{\text{NLL}}(\nu) \quad [\text{MS, Hoang, 1102.0269 [hep-ph]}]$$

Results

RGE's + matching at hard scale ($\nu = 1$) give:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \boxed{\text{LL}} & \\ \left[\mathcal{V}_2(\nu) \right]_{\text{usoft}}^{\text{NLL}} & = 4\pi\alpha_s(m\nu) \left[-\frac{4\pi}{\beta_0} A_2 \ln \frac{\alpha_s(m\nu^2)}{\alpha_s(m\nu)} + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{\beta_0^2} A_2 - [\alpha_s(m\nu^2) - \alpha_s(m\nu)] \frac{8\pi}{\beta_0} B_2 \right) \right] \\ \\ \left[\mathcal{V}_r(\nu) \right]_{\text{usoft}}^{\text{NLL}} & = 8\pi\alpha_s(m\nu) \left[-\frac{4\pi}{\beta_0} A_r \ln \frac{\alpha_s(m\nu^2)}{\alpha_s(m\nu)} + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{\beta_0^2} A_r - [\alpha_s(m\nu^2) - \alpha_s(m\nu)] \frac{8\pi}{\beta_0} B_r \right) \right] \\ \\ \left[\mathcal{V}_k(\nu) \right]_{\text{usoft}}^{\text{NLL}} & = 2\alpha_s^2(m\nu) \left[-\frac{4\pi}{\beta_0} A_k \ln \frac{\alpha_s(m\nu^2)}{\alpha_s(m\nu)} + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{\beta_0^2} A_k - [\alpha_s(m\nu^2) - \alpha_s(m\nu)] \frac{8\pi}{\beta_0} B_k \right) \right] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A_2 \\ B_2 \end{bmatrix} = C_F(C_A - 2C_F) \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A_r \\ B_r \end{bmatrix} = -C_A C_F \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$$

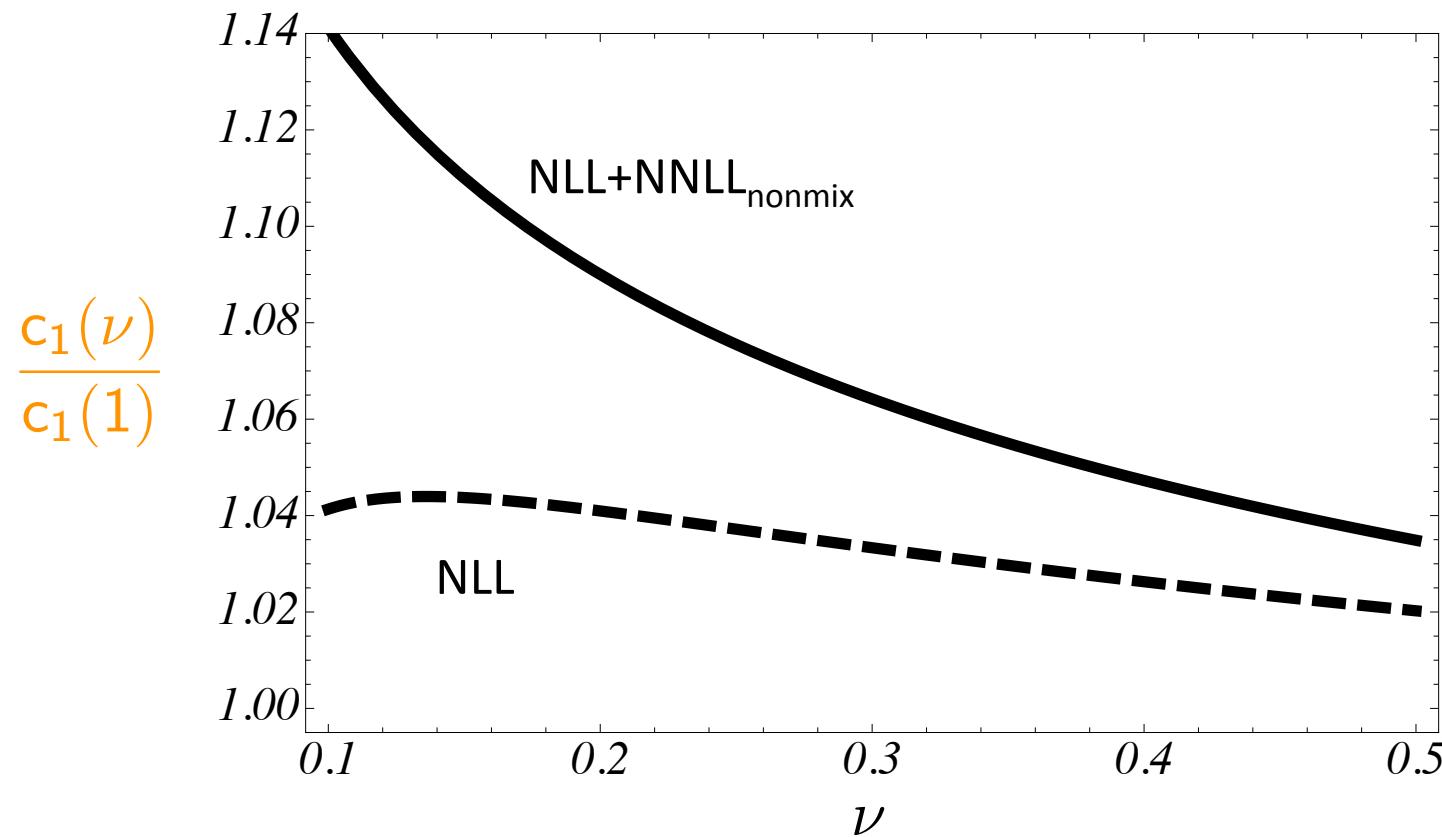
$$\begin{bmatrix} A_k \\ B_k \end{bmatrix} = -C_A C_F(C_A - 2C_F) \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{3\pi} \\ B &= \frac{C_A(47 + 6\pi^2) - 10n_f T}{108\pi^2} \end{aligned}}$$

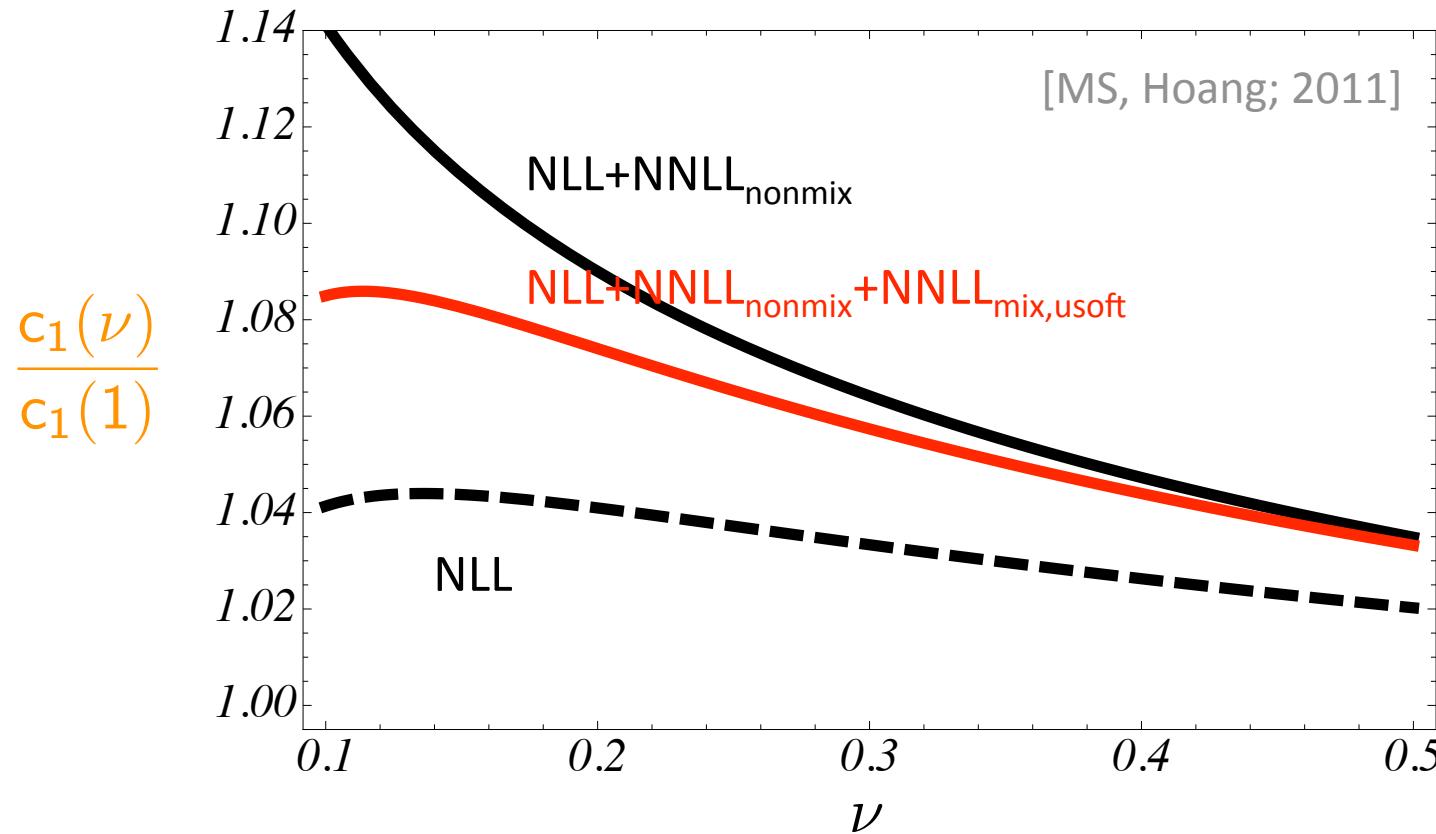
[MS, Hoang; 2011]

[Pineda; 2011]

Results

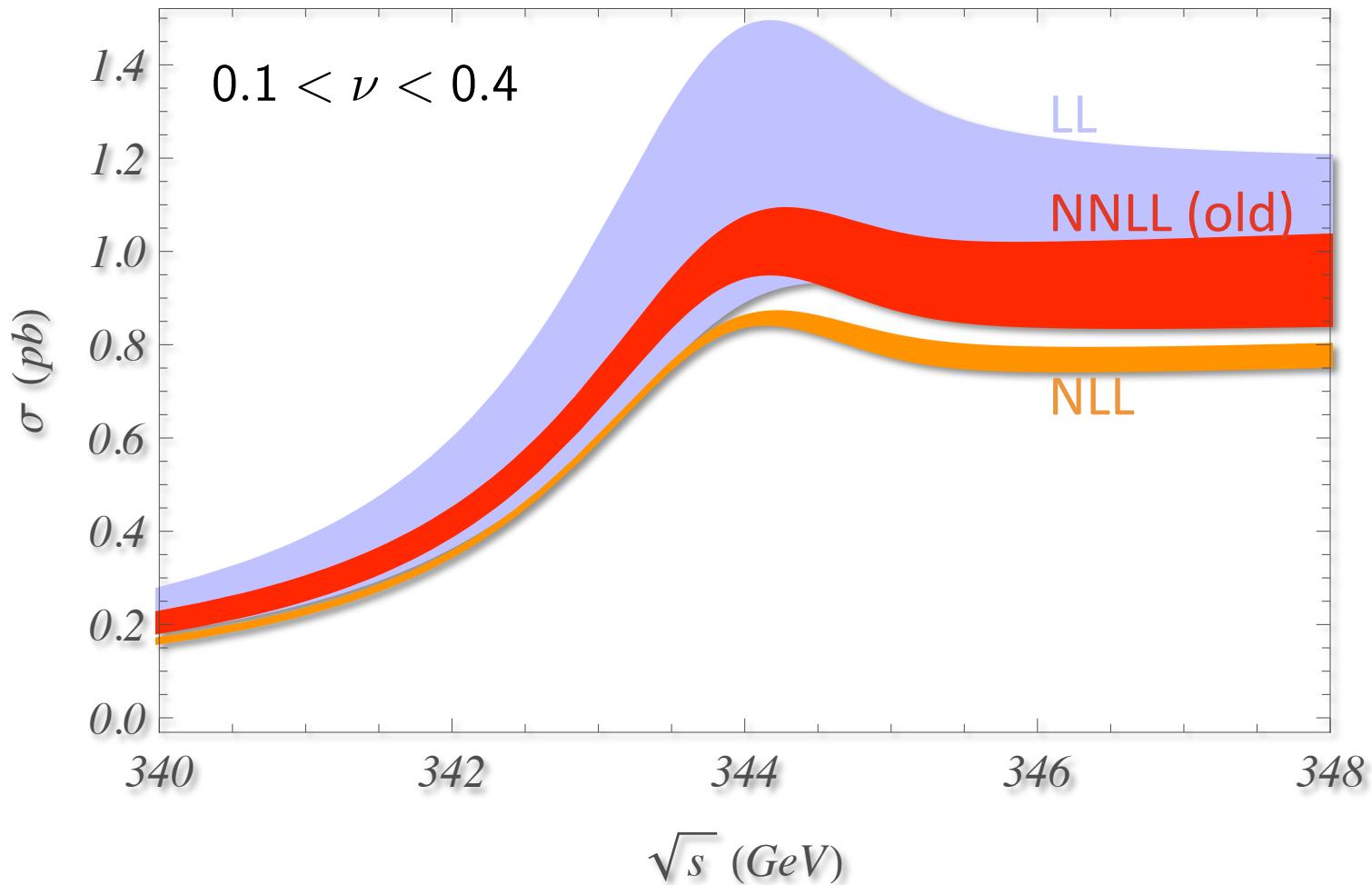


Results

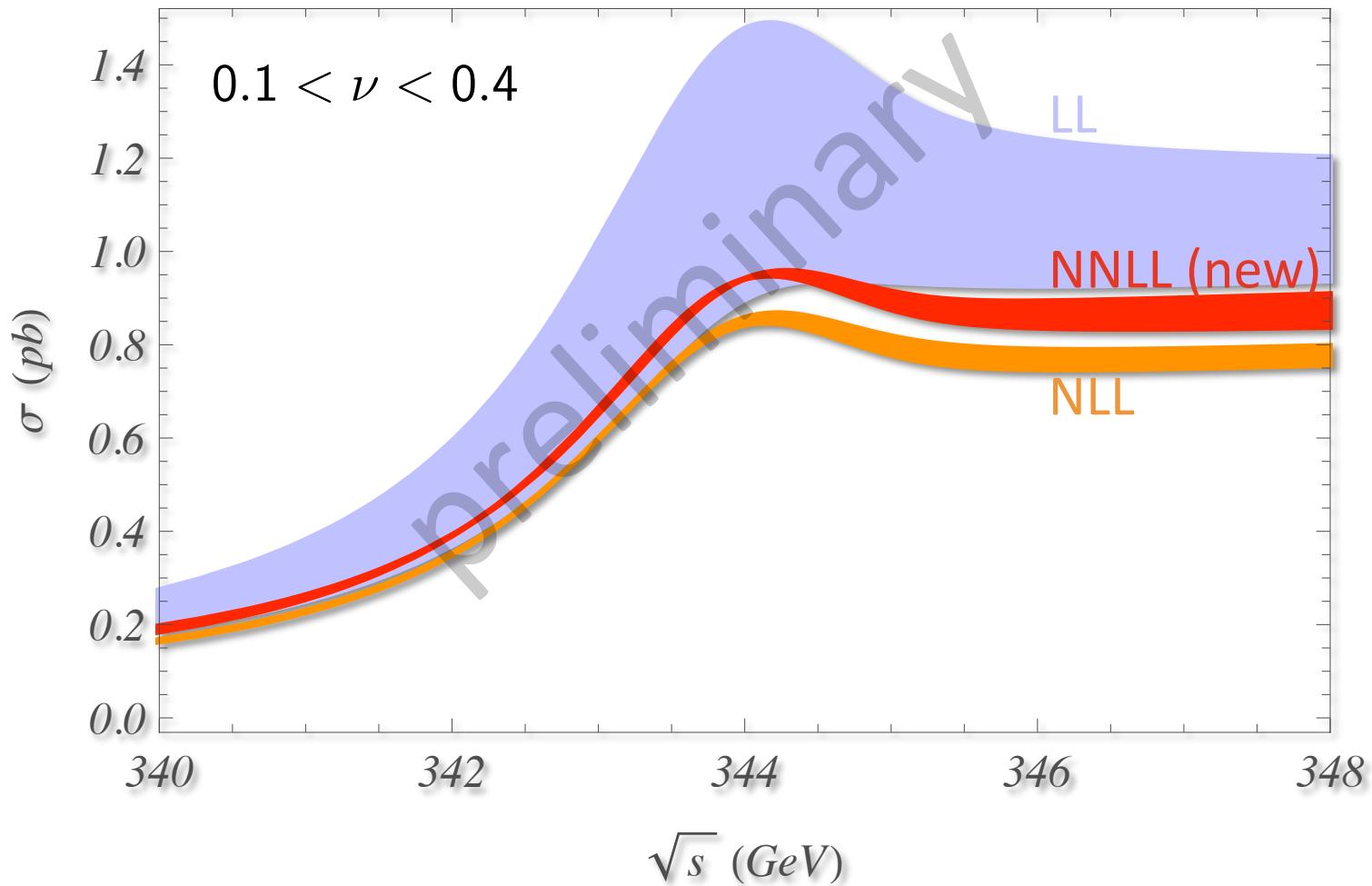


- large usoft NNLL contributions compensate each other!
- good convergence: $[c_1(\nu=0.15)]^2 = 1 - 0.096|_{\text{NLL}} - 0.029|_{\text{NNLL}}$

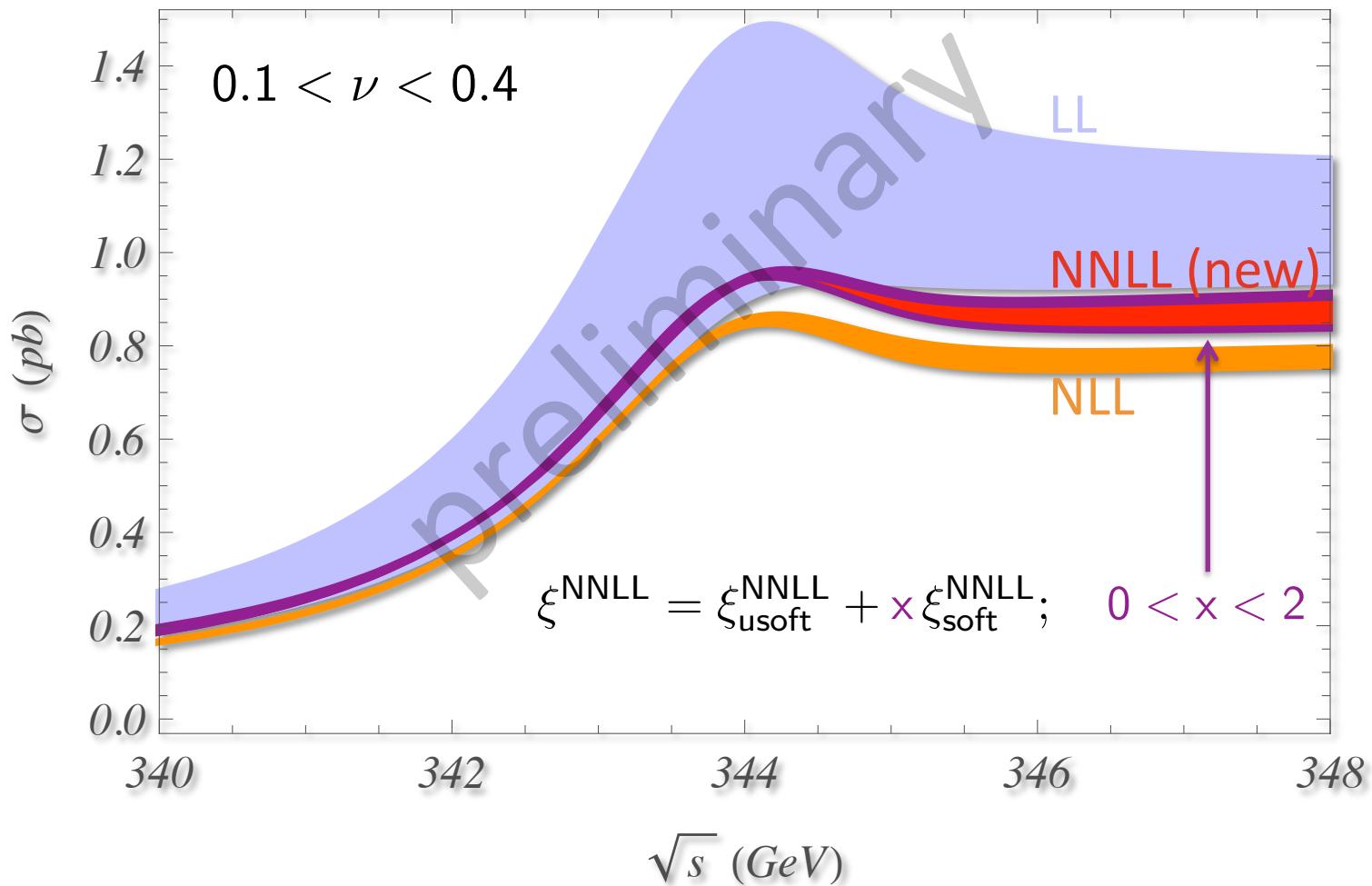
Results



Results



Results



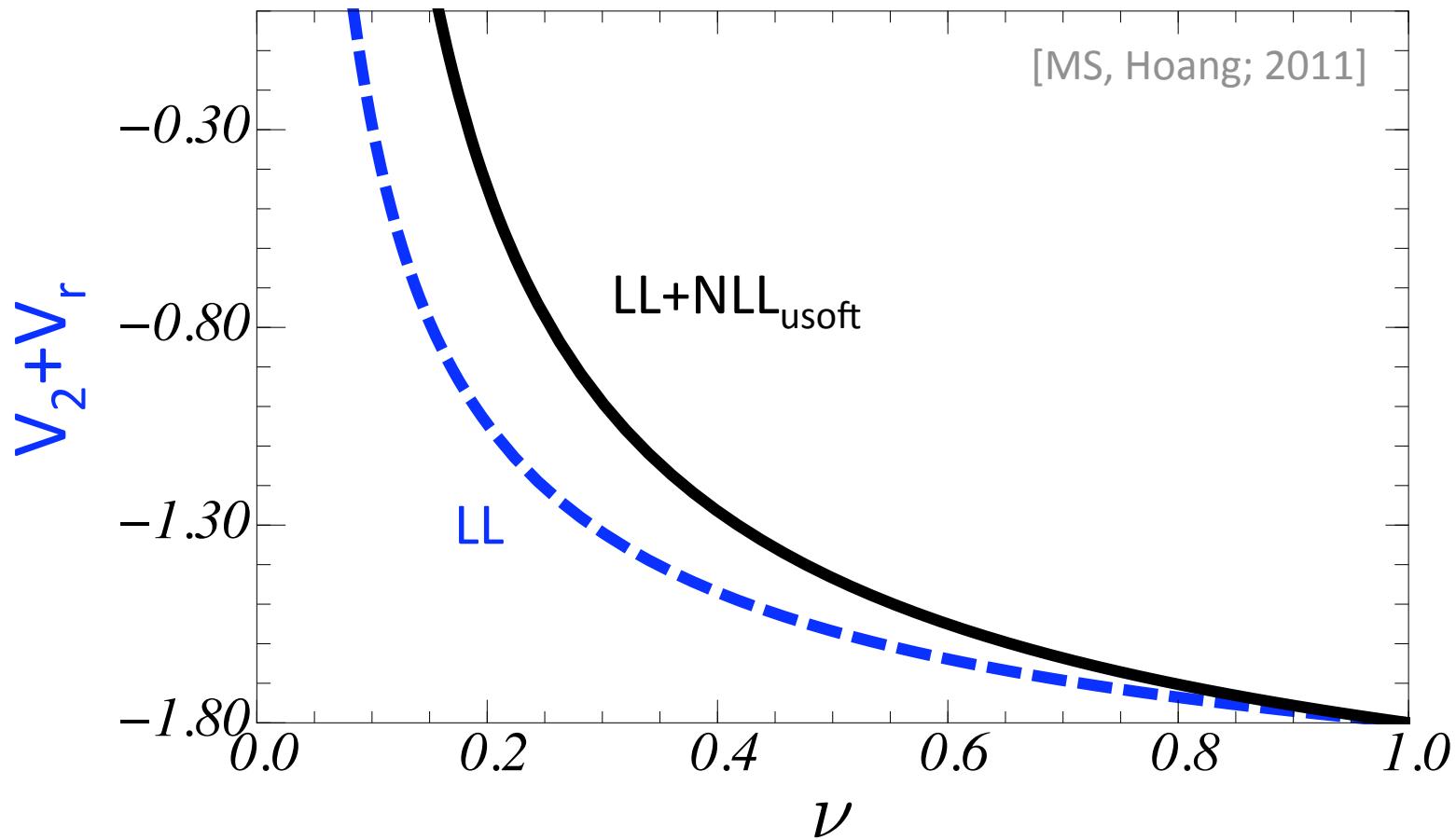
- known soft NNLL contributions small
- detailed error analysis (incl. EW effects, variation of matching scale, ...) → **WIP**

Summary/Outlook

- precise $m_t, y_t, \alpha_s, \Gamma_t$ from $\sigma_{\text{tot}}(e^+ e^- \rightarrow t \bar{t})$ at threshold
- $\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim |c_1(\nu)|^2 \cdot \text{Im} [G(0, 0, E, \nu)] + \dots$
- $G(0, 0, E, \nu)$ known up to NNLL ✓ EW contributions up to NNLL ✓
- New NNLL_{mix,usoft} compensates for large NNLL_{nonmix} contribution to $c_1(\nu)$

$\rightarrow \frac{\delta \sigma_{\text{tot}}^{\text{th}}}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \text{ decreases substantially!} \rightarrow \text{RG Improvement important!}$
- Outlook:
 - Detailed error analysis for $\sigma_{\text{tot}}(e^+ e^- \rightarrow t \bar{t})$ at threshold
 - Determination of bottom mass from nonrel. Γ sum rules

Backup



Backup

