

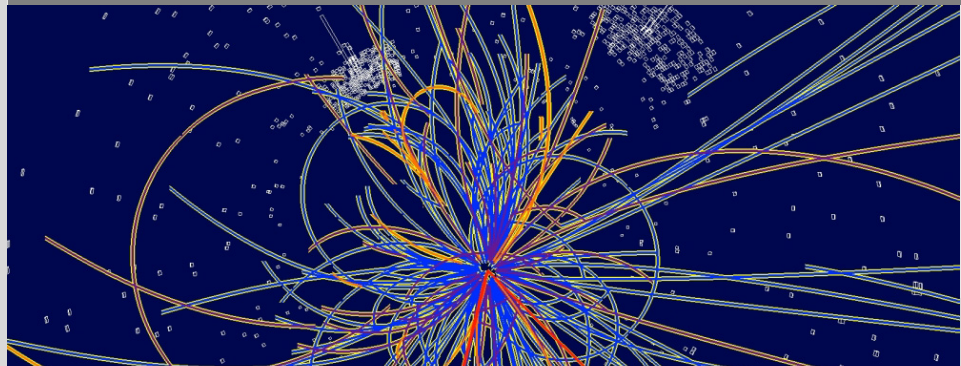


INSTITUTE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS, HEIDELBERG UNIVERSITY

# Results in precision multiboson+jet phenomenology

Christoph Englert | 26.09.2011

RADCOR 2011 SYMPOSIUM, MAMALLAPURAM



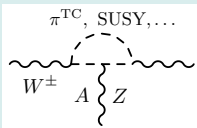
# Why anomalous couplings?

LHC starts to test the Fermi scale...

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM w/o Higgs}} + \mathcal{L}_{[SU(2) \times U(1)/U(1)]} + \frac{1}{\Lambda_{UV}^2} \mathcal{L}^{(6)} + \dots$$

Try to measure  $\mathcal{L}$  in model-independent way: **bottom-up phenomenology of  $\mathcal{L}^{(n)}$**

Focus on the SM extended by operators modifying the  $WWV$  gauge vertices

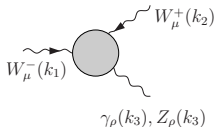


$$\langle J_A^\mu(p) J_A^\nu(-p) \rangle = (p^2 g^{\mu\nu} - p^\mu p^\nu) \left( \frac{F_\pi^2}{p^2} + \sum_n \frac{F_n^2}{p^2 - m_n^2} \right)$$

[t Hooft '74], [Witten '79]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{WW\gamma} &= -ie [W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger W^\mu A^\nu - W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger A_\nu W^{\mu\nu} \\ &\quad + \kappa_\gamma(Q^2) W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger W_\nu F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\lambda_\gamma(Q^2)}{m_W^2} W_{\lambda\mu}^\dagger W_\nu^\mu F^{\nu\lambda}] \\ \mathcal{L}_{WWZ} &= -ie \cot \theta_w [g_1^2(Q^2) (W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger W^\mu A^\nu - W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger A_\nu W^{\mu\nu}) \\ &\quad + \kappa_Z(Q^2) W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger W_\nu Z^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\lambda_Z(Q^2)}{m_W^2} W_{\lambda\mu}^\dagger W_\nu^\mu Z^{\nu\lambda}] \end{aligned}$$

[Hagiwara, Peccei, Zeppenfeld, Hikasa '87]



**modified production cross section, shape-deviations from the SM for large  $Q^2$**

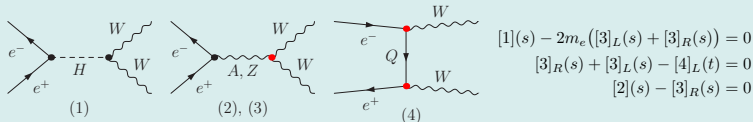
# LHC vs ILC: $\sqrt{s}$ vs $\Delta\sigma$

How can we measure and constrain anomalous parameters?

indirect measurement via  $e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^- + X$  at LEP & ILC

[ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL, arXiv:hep-ex/0612034]

- ① cross section is highly sensitive to gauge cancellations



- ② clean handle on final state particles' helicities, polarized beams &  $e^\pm\gamma$  option

- ③ systematics under excellent control, straightforward comparison of data against Monte Carlo, e.g. RACOONWW [Denner, Dittmaier, Roth, Wackerth '01, '02]

Parameter	68% C.L.	95% C.L.
$g_1^Z$	$0.991^{+0.022}_{-0.021}$	[0.949, 1.034]
$\kappa_\gamma$	$0.984^{+0.042}_{-0.047}$	[0.895, 1.069]
$\lambda_\gamma$	$-0.016^{+0.021}_{-0.023}$	[-0.059, 0.026]

[hep-ex/0612034]

$$\sigma(\lambda_\gamma = 0.035)/\sigma^{\text{SM}} \simeq 1.11$$

coupling	error $\times 10^{-4}$	
	$\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV	$\sqrt{s} = 800$ GeV
$\Delta g_1^Z$	15.5	12.6
$\Delta \kappa_\gamma$	3.3	1.9
$\lambda_\gamma$	5.9	3.3
$\Delta \kappa_Z$	3.2	1.9
$\lambda_Z$	6.7	3.0

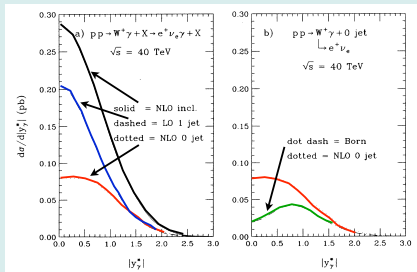
[Menges, LC-PHSM-2001-022]

# LHC vs ILC: $\sqrt{s}$ vs $\Delta\sigma$

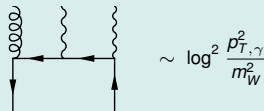
direct measurement via  $p\bar{p}, pp \rightarrow W^\pm \gamma + X$  at Tevatron & LHC

[D0, arXiv:0907.4952], [CDF, arXiv:0912.4500]

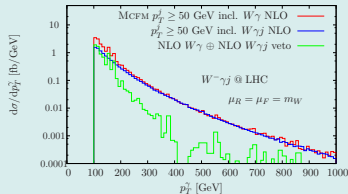
- radiation zeros: Destructive interference for  $q\bar{Q} \rightarrow gW\gamma$  in the SM for  $y_\gamma^* \approx 0$



[Baur, Han, Ohnemus '93]



⇒ impose jet veto to enhance sensitivity!?



$\sigma^{\text{had}}$  are highly dynamical quantities:  $\sigma^{W\gamma} / \sigma^{W\gamma+\text{jet}} = \mathcal{O}(1)$  @ LHC

... NNLO / re-summed log contributions significantly affect the jet veto performance.

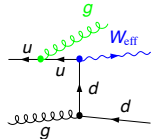
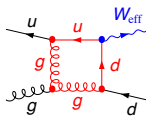
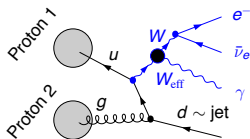
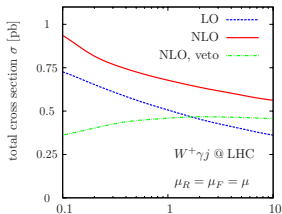
# Turning the vetoed contribution into an additional measurement

[Campanario, CE, Spannowsky '10], [Campanario, CE, Spannowsky, Zeppenfeld, '09]

- $pp \rightarrow W(\gamma^{(*)}Z) + jet + X$  is large:  
new partonic channels enter the game!  $\leadsto$  ISR

Can we use of it instead of excluding it?  
If yes we could constrain TGC from inclusive measurements  $\leftarrow$  perturbative QCD

- Improved perturbative precision is mandatory!



## Numerical calculation, implementation and checks

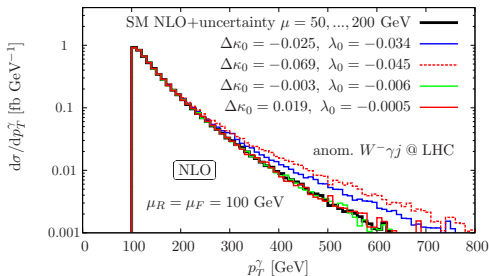
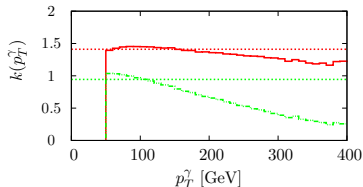
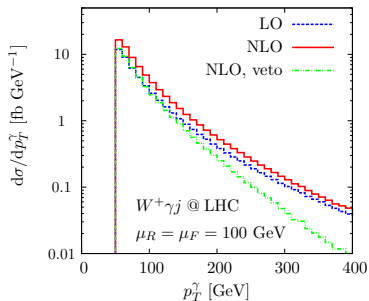
... more details later

- Catani-Seymour dipole subtraction
- optimization, cache systems
- cross & gauge checks
- redundant calculations, ...

# Turning the vetoed contribution into an additional measurement

[Campanario, CE, Spannowsky '10]

QCD correction necessary to reach quantitative results from cut-optimized  $d\sigma/dp_T^\gamma$



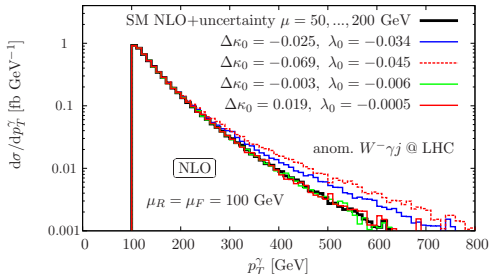
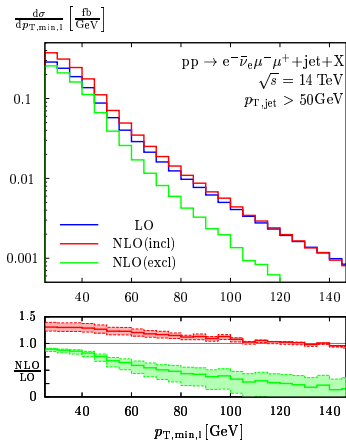
VVj qualitatively same behavior:

- $WWj$  [Dittmaier, Kallweit, Uwer '07]  
[Campbell, Ellis, Zanderighi '07]
- $ZZj$  [Binoth, Gleisberg, Karg, Kauer, Sanguinetti '09]
- $W\gamma j$  [Campanario, CE, Spannowsky, Zeppenfeld, '09]
- $W(\gamma^*, Z)j$  [Campanario, CE, Kallweit, Spannowsky, Zeppenfeld, '10]

# Turning the vetoed contribution into an additional measurement

[Campanario, CE, Spannowsky '10]

QCD correction necessary to reach quantitative results from cut-optimized  $d\sigma/dp_T^\gamma$



VVj qualitatively same behavior:

- $WWj$  [Dittmaier, Kallweit, Uwer '07]  
[Campbell, Ellis, Zanderighi '07]
- $ZZj$  [Binoth, Gleisberg, Karg, Kauer, Sanguinetti '09]
- $W\gamma j$  [Campanario, CE, Spannowsky, Zeppenfeld, '09]
- $W(\gamma^*, Z)j$  [Campanario, CE, Kallweit, Spannowsky, Zeppenfeld, '10]

## Is this of any help?

- $W$ +jets background negligible to first approximation for  $W\gamma$  searches

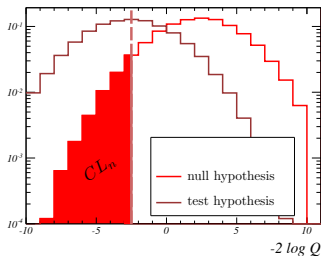
$$\text{jet fakes } \gamma \ll 10^{-5} \text{ for large } p_T^\gamma \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$$

[Escalier *et al.*, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2005-018]

- binned log-likelihood analysis, “simple hypothesis test” à la LEPHWG

[Barate *et al.* '03]

- include perturbative shape uncertainty of the SM hypothesis as a nuisance parameter and compute confidence levels



$$\kappa_\gamma = 0, \lambda_\gamma = 0.035$$

$$\sigma = 3 : 25 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sigma = 5 : 50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

@LHC14



# Towards quartic couplings

[Campanario, CE, Rauch, Zeppenfeld '11]

- triple gauge boson production at NLO  
QCD is fully known

[Lazopoulos, Melnikov, Petriello '07]

[Hankele, Zeppenfeld '07]

[Binoth, Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau '08]

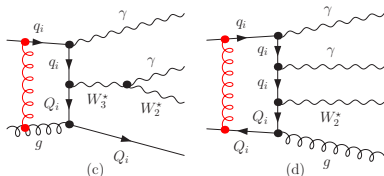
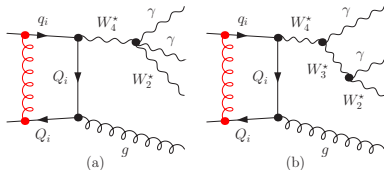
[Campanario, Hankele, Oleari, Prestel, Zeppenfeld]

[VBFNLO '08 '11]

- $K$  factors are large due to ISR  
↪ situation identical to  $VV(j)$

- NLO prediction for 1-jet inclusive  
production mandatory to quantitatively  
model these effects

[Campanario, CE, Rauch, Zeppenfeld '11]



# technicalities

## Virtual contributions

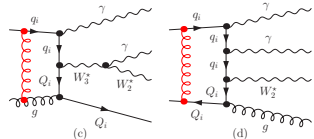
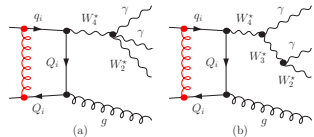
- split virtual corrections into classes of diagrams with 2,3,4 attached effective gauge boson polarizations + fermionic loops

[Passarino, Veltman '79] [Denner, Dittmaier '03]

- classes related by Slavnov-Taylor identities:

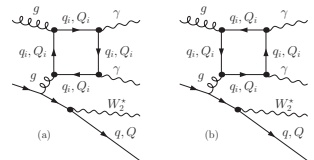
- (i) gauge checks
- (ii) hexagons  $\rightsquigarrow$  pentagons  $\rightsquigarrow$  ...

- classes are non-QED gauge invariant, however no cancellation

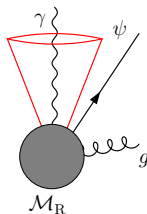
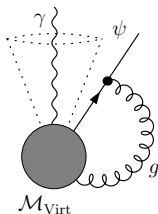


## Real emission contributions

- straightforward application of Catani-Seymour formalism [Catani, Seymour '96]
- optimization: cache systems, avoid redundancy, ...



# IR safety $\Downarrow$ isolated $\gamma$ s



## IR-safe $\gamma$ -isolation

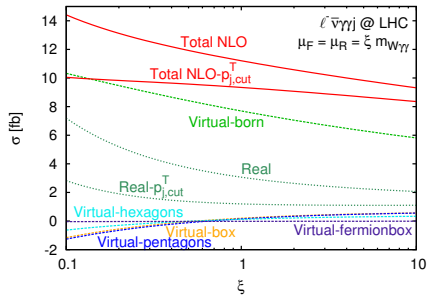
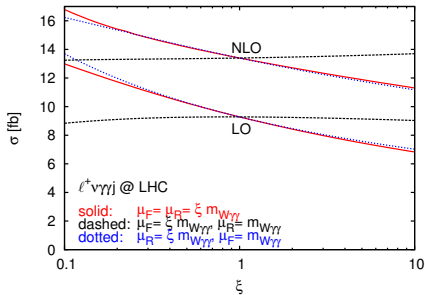
[Baur, Han, Ohnemus '93], [Frixione '98]

- naive isolation limits phase space of soft gluons
- allow soft radiation into the photon cone to assure cancellation of soft divergencies
- at the same time reject hard collinear configurations (veto jet fragmentation)

$$\sum_{i, R_{i\gamma} < R} p_T^{\text{parton}, i} \leq \Xi(\mathcal{E}(p_\gamma), R), \quad \lim_{R \rightarrow 0} \Xi(\mathcal{E}, R) = 0,$$

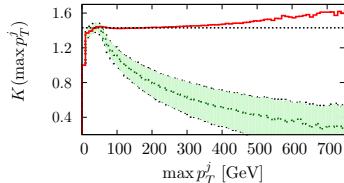
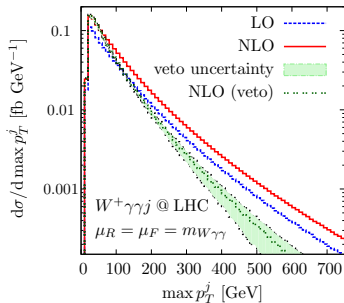
$$\Xi(\mathcal{E}, R) = \frac{1 - \cos R}{1 - \cos \delta_0} p_T^{(\gamma)}$$

# SM $W\gamma j$ @ NLO

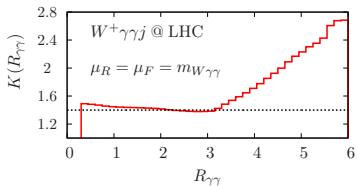
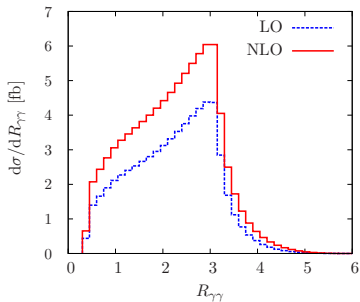


	$\sigma^{\text{LO}}$ [fb]	$\sigma^{\text{NLO}}$ [fb]	$K = \sigma^{\text{NLO}} / \sigma^{\text{LO}}$	
$W^\pm \gamma \gamma + \text{j}et$	1.191	1.754	1.47	Tevatron
$W^+ \gamma \gamma + \text{j}et$	4.640	6.634	1.43	LHC
$W^- \gamma \gamma + \text{j}et$	3.803	5.644	1.48	

# differential corrections

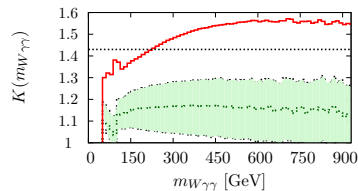
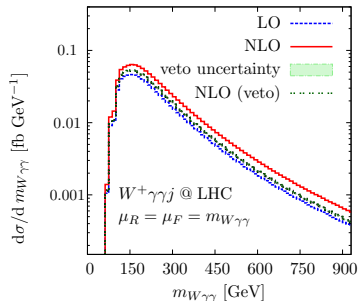


- veto is badly modelled in fixed order perturbation theory



- additional jet radiation dominant, significant modification of LO kinematics

# differential corrections



- differential corrections sizable for intermediate  $m_{W\gamma\gamma}$
- this is the region where we can expect enhanced cross sections due to anomalous couplings
- QCD corrections, if not included, fake anomalous couplings in data vs theory comparisons
- Other processes  $VVj$  to follow

# Summary

- the race for the weak scale is on!
- non-trivial energy scale-dependent modifications of the electroweak sector give rise to a modified phenomenology at large mass scales
  - ~> anomalous couplings as a paradigm
  - modifications of differential cross sections lead to same overall  $K$  factors
    - ~> application of control regions
  - differential QCD corrections need to be taken into account in for precise CLs
- QCD corrections will remain crucial to interpret LHC results on a quantitative level
  - it's crucial to have codes publicly available
  - [ MCFM, BLACKHAT+SHERPA, VBFNLO, MADLOOP ... ]
- interface with shower picture necessary to add precision beyond the first hard emission