



CLIC Implementation Studies

Ph. Lebrun & J. Osborne
CERN

CLIC Collaboration Meeting addressing the 2012-2016 Work Packages
CERN, 3-4 November 2011



CLIC long-term plan



2011-2016 – Project Preparation phase

Goal for 2016: Develop a project implementation plan for a Linear Collider (at CERN):

- ✓ addressing the key physics goals as emerging from the LHC data
- ✓ with a well-defined scope (i.e. technical implementation and operation model, energy and luminosity), cost and schedule
- ✓ with a solid technical basis for the key elements of the machine and detector
- ✓ including the necessary preparation for siting the machine at CERN
- ✓ within a project governance structure as defined with international partners

After 2016 – Project Implementation phase, including an initial period to lay the grounds for full approval

Considering the preparation steps foreseen and the resources situation it is clear that several key tasks will need further effort before the project can move into construction:

- finalization of the CLIC technical design, taking into account:
 - results of technical studies done in the previous phase
 - final energy staging scenario based on the LHC Physics results, which should be fully available by the time
- possible construction of CLIC Zero as first CLIC phase
- further industrialization and pre-series production of large series components with validation facilities
- further detector and physics studies, with increased emphasis on technical coordination issues and integration
- revision of the project implementation plan of CLIC, following the energy staging strategy and detailed resource discussion with all partners – providing the basis for a staged or full approval, and subsequent construction start up

During this initial period we will need to produce the necessary documents to support a proposal for CLIC construction start-up



The next steps 2012-2016



Define **the scope, strategy and cost of the project implementation.**

Main input:

- The evolution of the physics findings at LHC and other relevant data
- Findings from the CDR and further studies, in particular concerning minimization of the technical risks, cost, power as well as the site implementation.
- A Governance Model as developed with partners.

Define and keep an up-to-date optimized **overall baseline design** that can achieve the scope within a reasonable schedule, budget and risk.

- Beyond beam line design, the energy and luminosity of the machine, key studies will address stability and alignment, timing and phasing, stray fields and dynamic vacuum including collective effects.
- Other studies will address failure modes and operation issues.

Identify and carry out **system tests** and programs to address the **key performance** and operation goals and mitigate risks associated to the project implementation.

- The priorities are the measurements in: CTF3+, ATF and related to the CLIC Zero Injector addressing the issues of drivebeam stability, RF power generation and two beam acceleration, as well as the beam delivery system.
(other system tests to be specified)
(technical work-packages and studies addressing system performance parameters)

Develop the **technical design basis**. i.e. move toward a technical design for crucial items of the machine and detectors, the MD interface, and the site.

- Priorities are the modulators/klystrons, module/structure development including testing facilities, and site studies.
(technical work-packages providing input and interacting with all points above)



CLIC activities & work packages 2012-2016



| | Old Name | New Name | Name | WP Holder |
|---|------------|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| General | CLIC-001 | | CLIC General | S. Stapnes |
| Parameters and design Daniel Schulte | BPH-BASE | CD-BASE | Integrated Baseline Design and Parameters | D. Schulte |
| | BPH-SIM | CD-SIM | Integrated Modelling and Performance Studies | A. Latina |
| | BPH-FEED | CD-LUMI | Feedback Design | D. Schulte (interim) |
| | BPH-MP | CD-OP | Machine Protection & Operational Scenarios | M. Jonker |
| | BPH-BCKG | CD-BCKG | Background | D. Schulte (interim) |
| | BPH-POL | CD-POL | Polarization | - |
| | BPH-SRC E | CD-ESRC | Main beam electron source | S. Doebert |
| | BPH-SRC P | CD-PSRC | Main beam positron source | |
| | BPH-DR | CD-DR | Damping Rings | Y. Papaphilippou |
| | BPH-RTML | CD-RTML | Ring-To-Main-Linac | A. Latina |
| | BPH-ML | CD-ML | Main Linac - Two-Beam Acceleration | D. Schulte (placeholder) |
| | BPH-BDS | CD-BDS | Beam Delivery System | R. Tomas |
| | BHP-MDI | CD-MDI | Machine-Detector Interface (MDI) activities | L.Gatignon |
| | BPH-DRV | CD-DRV | Drive Beam Complex | B. Jeanneret |
| Experimental verification Roberto Corsini | CTF3-001 | | CTF3 Consolidation & Upgrades | F. Tecker |
| | CTF3-002 | | Drive Beam phase feed-forward and feedbacks | P. Skowronski |
| | CTF3-003 | | TBL+, X-band high power RF production & structure testing | S. Doebert |
| | CTF3-004 | | Two-Beam module string, test with beam | - |
| | CLIC0-001 | | CLIC 0 drive-beam front end facility (including Photoinjector option) | S. Doebert |
| | CLIC0-002 | | Drive Beam Photo Injector | S. Doebert |
| | BTS-001 | | Accelerator Beam System Tests (ATF, Damping Rings, FACET,...) | R. Tomas |
| | BTS-002 | | Sources Beam System Tests | - |
| Technical Developments Hermann Schmickler | CTC-001 | CTC-WIG | Damping Rings Superconducting Wiggler | P. Ferracin |
| | CTC-002 | CTC-SUR | Survey & Alignment | H. Mainaud |
| | CTC-003 | CTC-QUA | Quadrupole Stability | K. Artoos |
| | CTC-004 | CTC-TBM | Two-Beam module development | G. Riddone |
| | CTC-005 | CTC-WMP | Warm Magnet Prototypes | M. Modena |
| | CTC-006 | CTC-BDI | Beam Instrumentation | T. Lefevre |
| | CTC-008 | CTC-PCLD | Post Collision Lines and Dumps | E. Gschwendtner |
| | CTC-011 | CTC-CO | Controls | M.Draper |
| | CTC-012 | CTC-RF | RF Systems (1 GHz klystrons & DB cavities, DR RF) | E. Jensen (placeholder) |
| | CTC-013 | CTC-EPC | Powering (Modulators, magnet converters) | S. Pittet |
| | CTC-014 | CTC-VAC | Vacuum Systems | C. Garion |
| | CTC-015 | CTC-MM | Magnetic stray Fields Measurements | S. Russenschuck |
| | CTC-016 | CTC-BT | Beam Transport Equipment | M. Barnes |
| | CTC-017 | CTC-MME | Creation of an "In-House" TBA Production Facility | F.Bertinelli (placeholder) |
| X-band Technologies Walter Wuensch | RF-DESIGN | RF-DESIGN | X-band Rf structure Design | A.Grudiev, I. Syrathev |
| | RF-XPROD | PRODUCTION | X-band Rf structure Production | G.Riddone |
| | RF-XTSTING | TESTING | X-band Rf structure High Power Testing | S. Doebert |
| | RF-XTSTFAC | TEST AREAS | Creation and Operation of x-band High power Testing Facilities | E.Jensen (placeholder) |
| | RF-R&D | HIGH-GRADIENT | Basic High Gradient R&D | S.Calatroni |
| Implementation studies Philippe Lebrun | | IS-CES | Civil Engineering & Services | J. Osborne |
| | | IS-PIP | Project Implementation Studies | P.Lebrun |



CLIC Implementation Studies

WP Civil Engineering and Services



| WP: IS-CES Workpackage leader: J. Osborne | Purpose/Objectives/Goals | Deliverables (incl. approx. resource estimate) | Schedule |
|---|--|---|--|
| Task 1: Site studies | Develop site criteria, conduct geological investigations, optimize site layout & shaft positions | 1. Establish site selection matrix, 2. Produce internal Siting Studies report, 3. Issue Siting Studies report to external authorities | Deliverable 1 mid 2012; deliverable 2 mid 2013; deliverable 3 end 2016 |
| Task 2: Environmental Impact | Prepare Environmental Impact Study | 1. Outline of Environmental Impact document, 2. Issue Environmental Impact document | Deliverable 1 mid 2012; deliverable 2 end 2016 |
| Task 3: Services | Update technical definition of services | 1. Electrical distribution 2. Cooling & ventilation 3. Handling & transport 4. Survey and alignment | All deliverables end 2016 |

<http://indico.cern.ch/categoryDisplay.py?categId=1882>

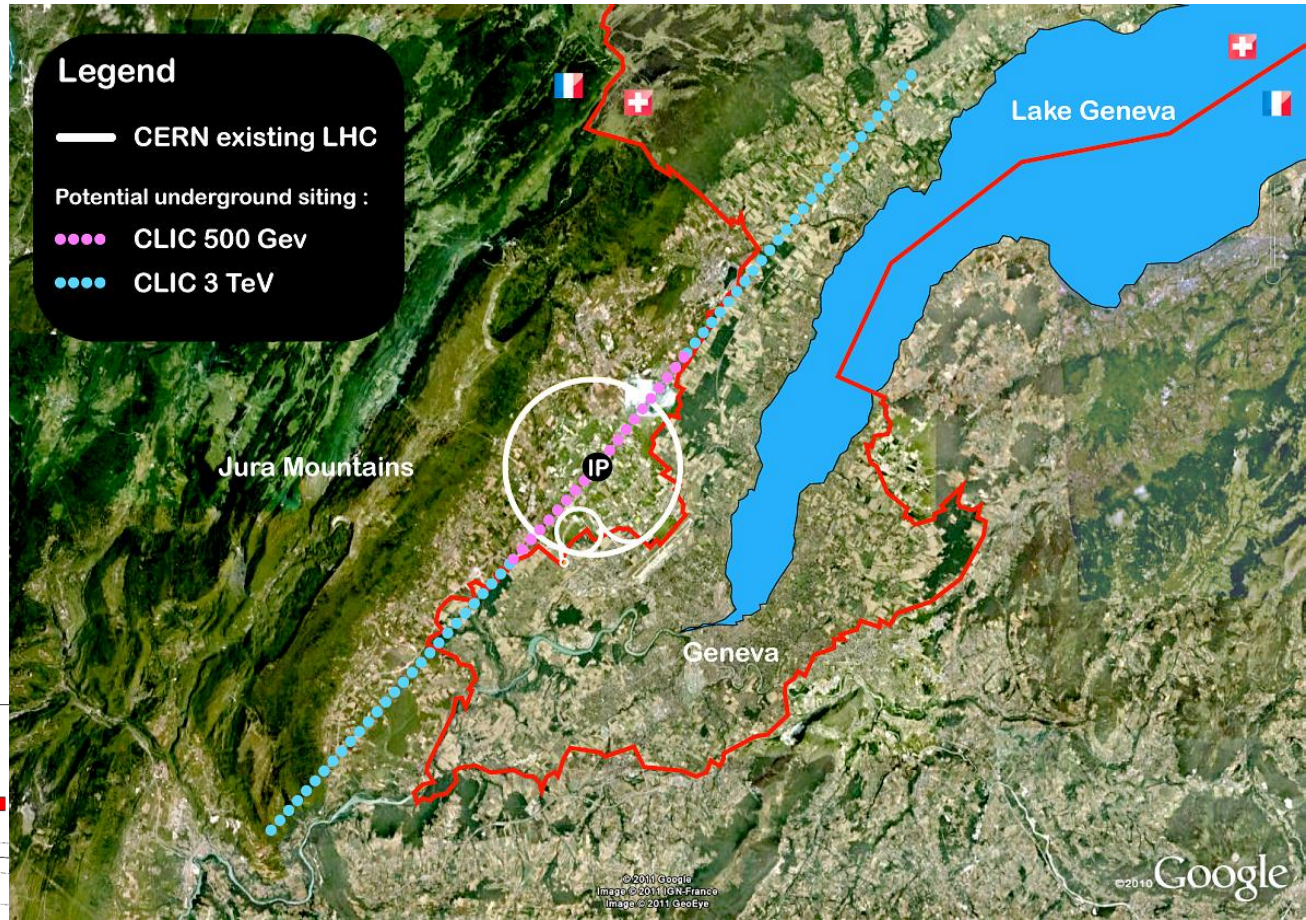
CERN support required from BE-ABP, EN-CV, EN-EL, EN-HE, EN-MEF, GS-SE

Lead collaborator(s): CERN (J.Osborne et al); FNAL (V.Kuchler); KEK (A.Enomoto), DESY (W.Bialowons), JINR (G.Shirkov)

| Estimated resources (needed): | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Total |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Material (kCHF) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 500 |
| Personnel (FTE) | 2.5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 14.5 |

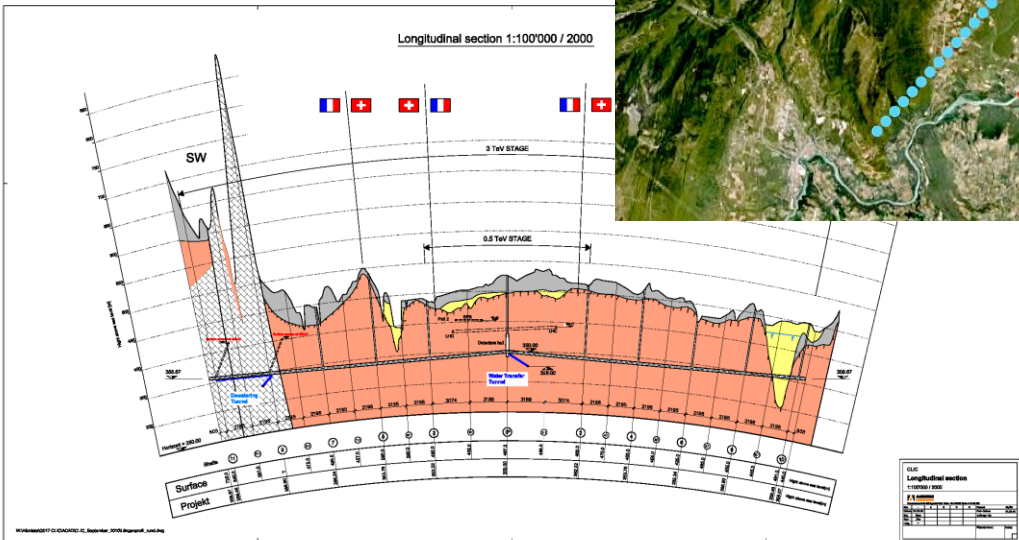
Resource comment: material budget for external consultancy services (e.g. geologist, environmental expert, engineer & architect)

Civil engineering: tunnel profile & footprint



Legend

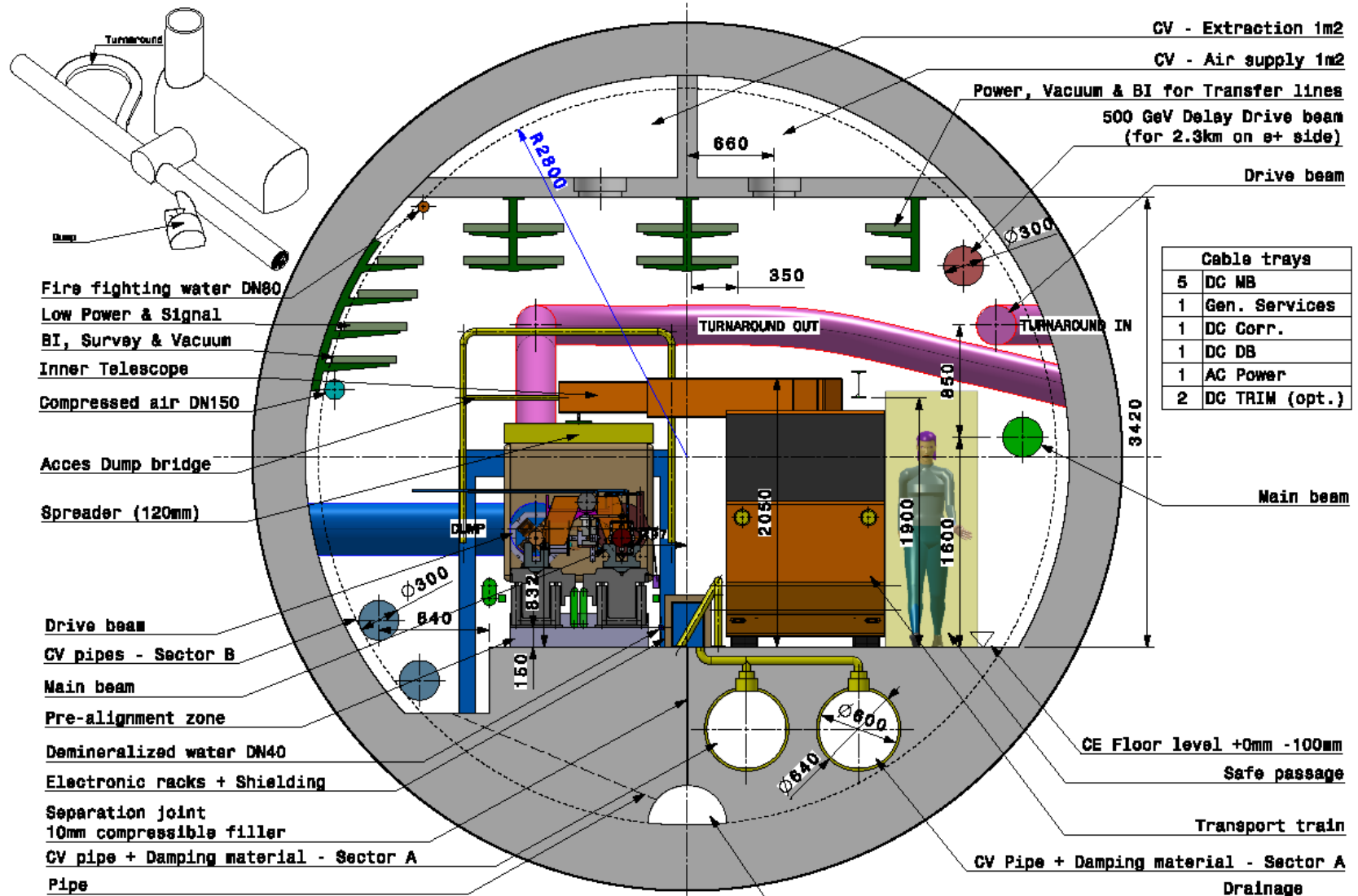
- CERN existing LHC
- Potential underground siting :
- CLIC 500 GeV
- CLIC 3 TeV



© 2010 Google
 Image © 2011 IGN-France
 Image © 2011 GeoEye

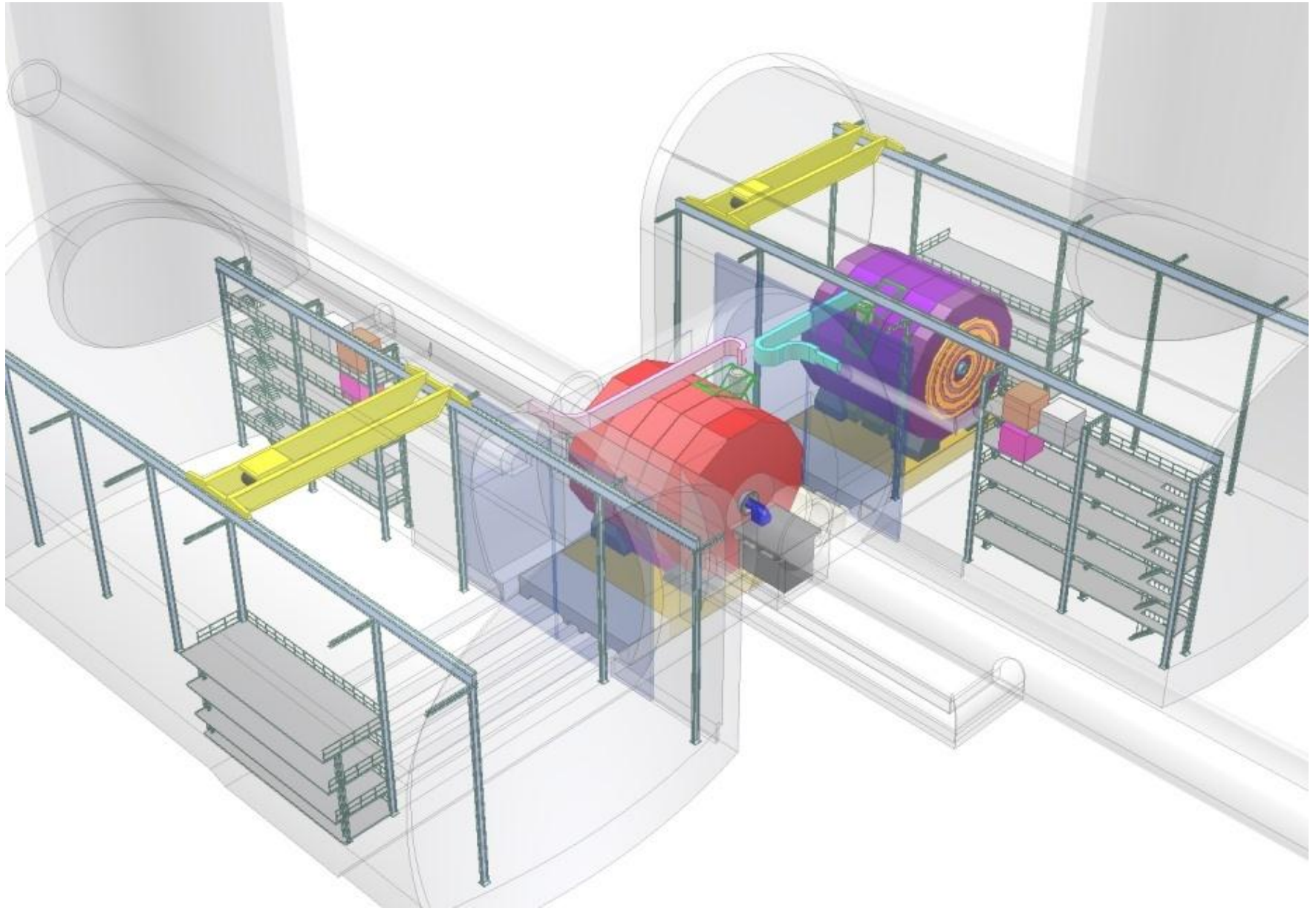
© 2010 Google

Integration: tunnel cross-section



CLIC - Typical Cross Section - Diameter 5600mm - Junction with Turnaround - 1:25
 Draft - J.Osborne / A.Kosmicki - August 9th 2010

Integration: experimental area





LHC



*étude d'impact
sur l'environnement*

Environmental impact study
encompasses complete lifecycle, from
construction to D&D



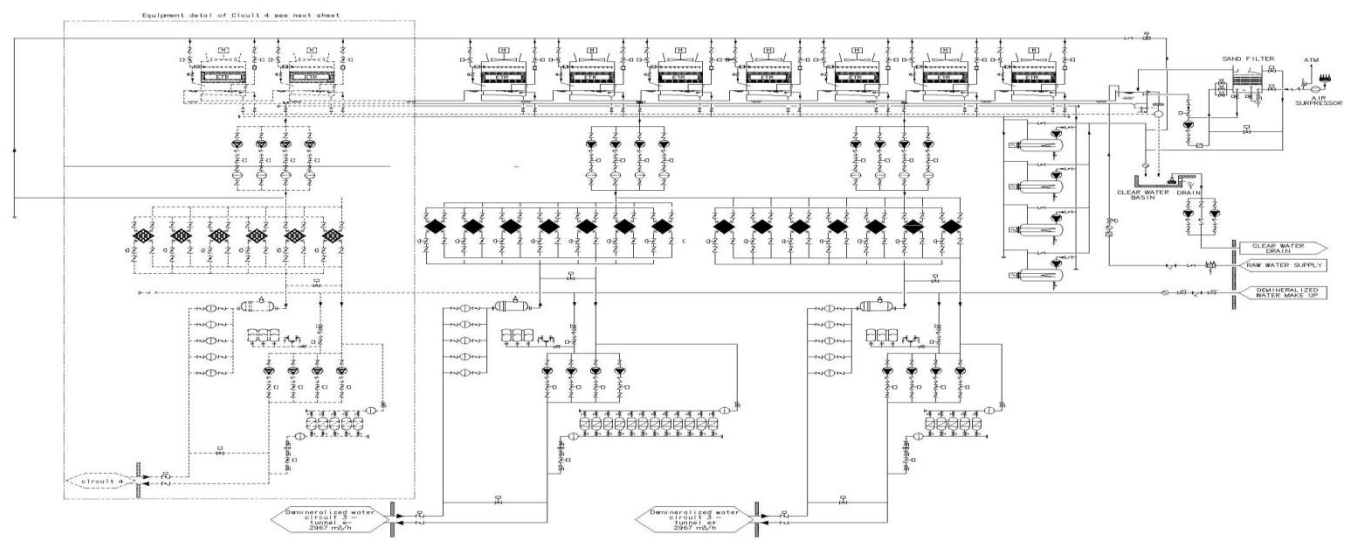
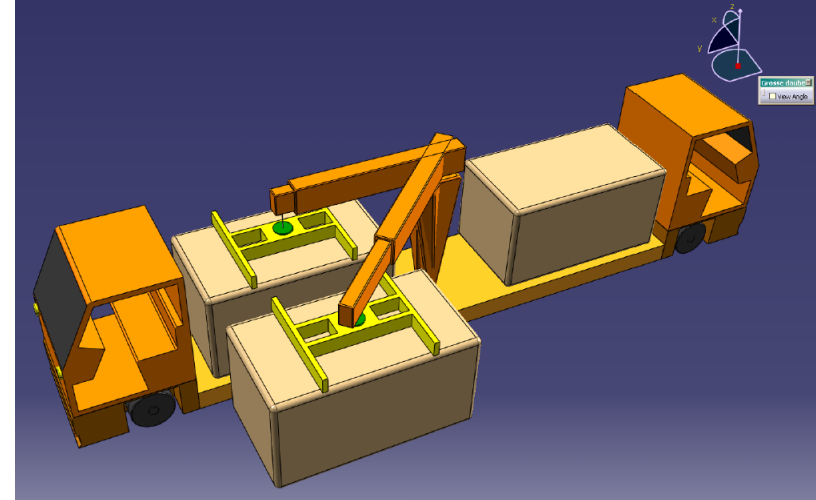
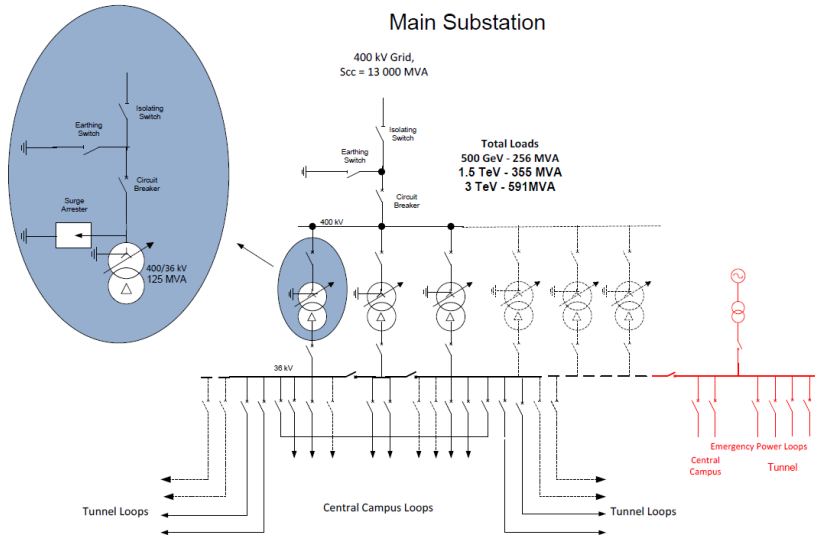
Le Conseil du CERN a décidé à l'unanimité, le 16 décembre 1994, de construire le grand collisionneur de hadrons (LHC), qui donne aux physiciens des particules européens et du monde un instrument exceptionnel pour la poursuite de leurs travaux.

Cet instrument sera réalisé sur le domaine que la Suisse et la France, Etats-hôtes de l'Organisation, ont mis à la disposition de celle-ci.

Comme il l'a fait pour ses grands accélérateurs antérieurs, en particulier le SPS et le LEP, le CERN réalisera le LHC en concertation avec les autorités nationales et les élus locaux.

Hubert Curien

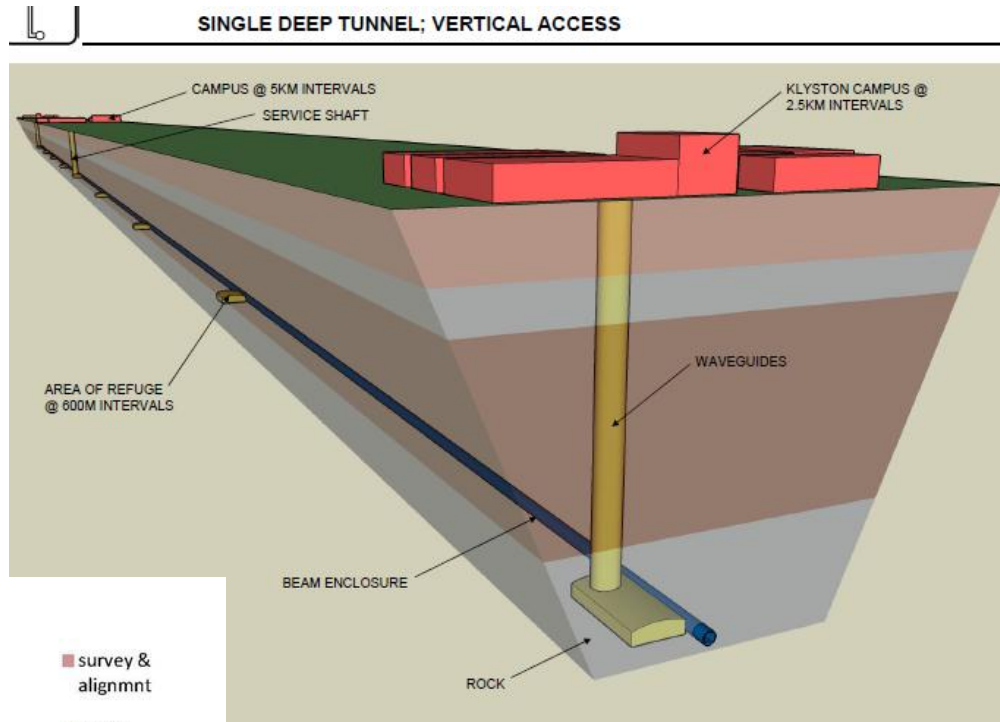
Président du Conseil du CERN
lors de l'approbation du projet LHC
Ancien Ministre de la Recherche
du Gouvernement français





Continued Collaboration with CES & ILC CFS Groups

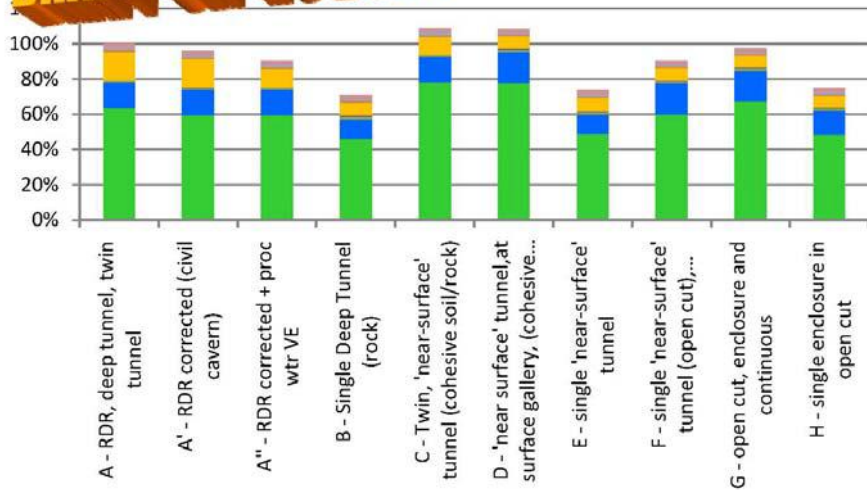
e.g. ILC tunnel configurations



Main Linac Tunnel Configuration Study

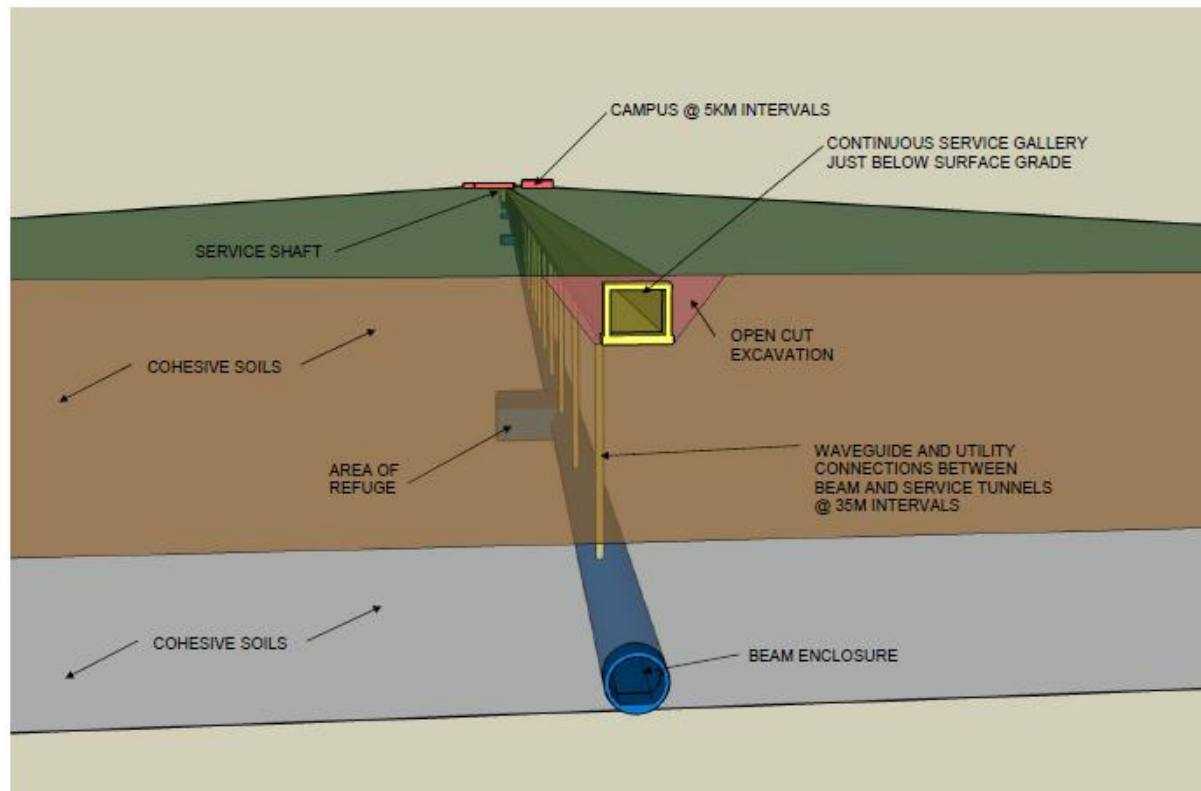
DRAFT Sep 25 2009

DRAFT SEP 25 2009



- survey & alignmt
- safety equipment
- handling equipment
- process cooling
- pipe utilities
- air treatment
- electrical
- civil

- The purpose of this Work Package is the preparation and the investigation of possible European sites for the construction of the International Linear Collider. The work concentrates on the investigation of potential sites in Europe and the adaption and optimization of the tunnel design to the different sites in the framework of the GDE activities.
- For example the single tunnel with surface gallery "Dubna" solution :





CLIC Implementation Studies

WP Project Implementation Plan

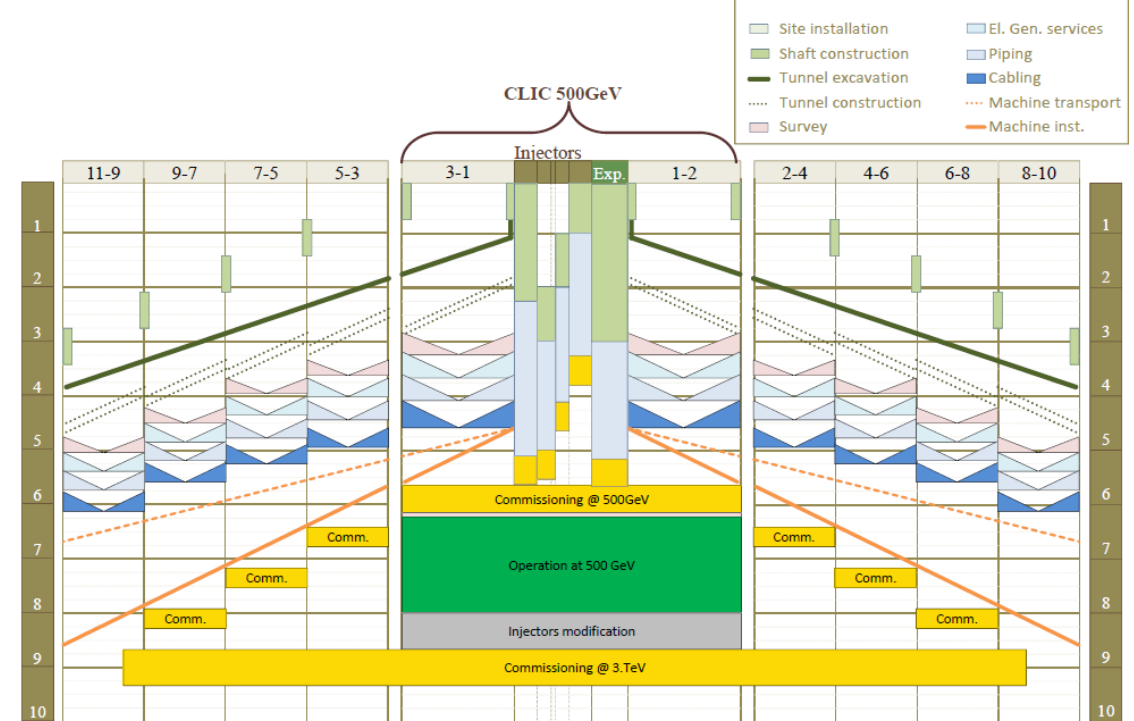


| WP: IS-PIP Workpackage leader: Ph. Lebrun | Purpose/Objectives/Goals | Deliverables (incl. approx. resource estimate) | Schedule |
|---|---|---|---|
| Task 1: PBS/WBS | Update and maintain project PBS/WBS compatible with revised parameters and configuration in PP phase | 1. First update of PBS/WBS for value estimate, 2. Final update of PBS/WBS for project submission | Deliverable 1 end 2013, deliverable 2 end 2016 |
| Task 2: Value estimate | Refine value estimates compatible with revised parameters and configuration in PP phase; conduct value engineering of critical cost drivers | Revised value estimates | End 2016 |
| Task 3: Schedule | Update and maintain general schedule | 1. Updated general schedule, 2. Updated detailed schedules for system/component production | Deliverable 1 end 2013, deliverable 2 end 2016 |
| Task 4: Safety | Conduct preliminary safety assessment of project | 1. Preliminary safety document; 2. Conduct safety hearings of critical systems, 3. Final safety document | Deliverable 1 end 2013, deliverable 2 2014-2015, deliverable 3 end 2016 |
| Task 5: Energy & power | Refine energy and power consumption estimates; identify and develop actions towards energy and power efficiency (e.g. load shedding, heat recovery) | 1. Definition of operating modes influencing power consumption, 2. Updated power & energy consumption estimates | Deliverables 1 end 2013, deliverable 2 end 2016 |

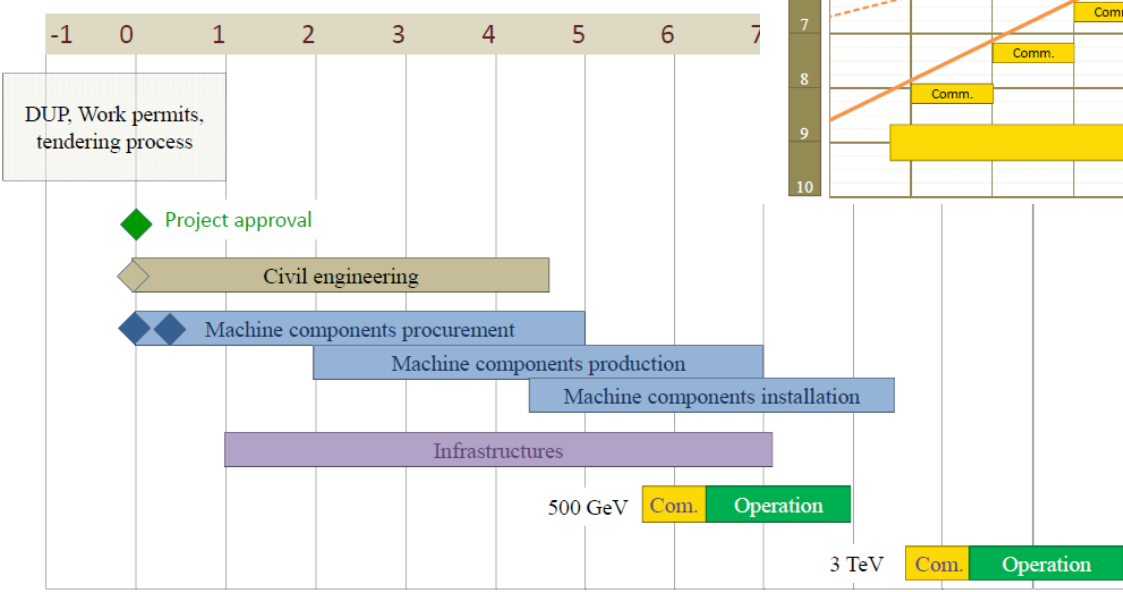
CERN support required from BE-ABP, EN-CV, EN-EL, EN-HE, EN-MEF, GS-SE, HSE

| Estimated resources (needed): | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Total |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Material (kCHF) | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 250 |
| Personnel (FTE) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 15 |

General Construction and installation schedule



Master Schedule





Safety assessment

Analyses, Hearings, Documents



CERN
CH1211 Genève 23
Suisse



| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| NP EDMS 634739 | REV. 1.0 | VALIDITÉ APPROUVÉ |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|

RÉFÉRENCE DES
RPS section I.1

Date : 2006-01-11

DOCUMENT D'EXPLOITATION

RAPPORT PROVISOIRE DE SÛRETÉ DU SPS/CNGS ET DU LHC

SECTION I.1 INTRODUCTION

DOCUMENT PRÉPARÉ PAR :

Enrico Cennini / SC
André Faugier / SC
(Éditeurs)

DOCUMENT VÉRIFIÉ PAR :

Pierre Bonnal / AB
John Poole / AB
Ghislain Roy / AB

DOCUMENT APPROUVÉ PAR :

Steve Myers / AB
Chef d'Installation

GROUPE D'APPROBATION

CERN
CH1211 Genève 23
Suisse



| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| NP EDMS 699391 | REV. 1.0 | VALIDITÉ APPROUVÉ |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|

RÉFÉRENCE DES
RGE section 0

Date : 2006-01-11

DOCUMENT D'EXPLOITATION

RÈGLES GÉNÉRALES D'EXPLOITATION DU SPS/CNGS ET DU LHC

SECTION 0 INTRODUCTION

DOCUMENT PRÉPARÉ PAR :

Enrico Cennini / SC
André Faugier / SC
(Éditeurs)

DOCUMENT VÉRIFIÉ PAR :

Pierre Bonnal / AB
John Poole / AB
Ghislain Roy / AB

DOCUMENT APPROUVÉ PAR :

Steve Myers / AB
Chef d'Installation

GROUPE D'APPROBATION

EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH
European Laboratory for Particle Physics



Large Hadron Collider Project

LHC Project Report 324

PRELIMINARY RISK ANALYSIS OF THE LHC CRYOGENIC SYSTEM

M. Chorowski,¹ Ph. Lebrun,² and G. Riddone²

Abstract

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC), presently under construction at CERN, will require a helium cryogenic system unprecedented in size and capacity, with more than 1600 superconducting magnets operating in superfluid helium and a total inventory of almost 100 tonnes of helium. The objective of the Preliminary Risk Analysis (PRA) is to identify all risks to personnel, equipment or environment resulting from failures that may accidentally occur within the cryogenic system of LHC in any phase of the machine operation, and that could not be eliminated by design. Assigning a gravity coefficient and one analyzing physical processes that will follow any of the recognised failure modes allows to single out worst case scenarios. Recommendations concerning lines of preventive and corrective defence, as well as for further detailed studies, are formulated.

¹ Wroclaw University of Technology, 50-370 Wroclaw, Poland
² CERN, LHC Division, 1211 Geneva, Switzerland

Presented at the 1999 Cryogenic Engineering and International Cryogenic Materials Conference (CEC-ICMC'99), 13-16 July 1999, Montreal, Canada

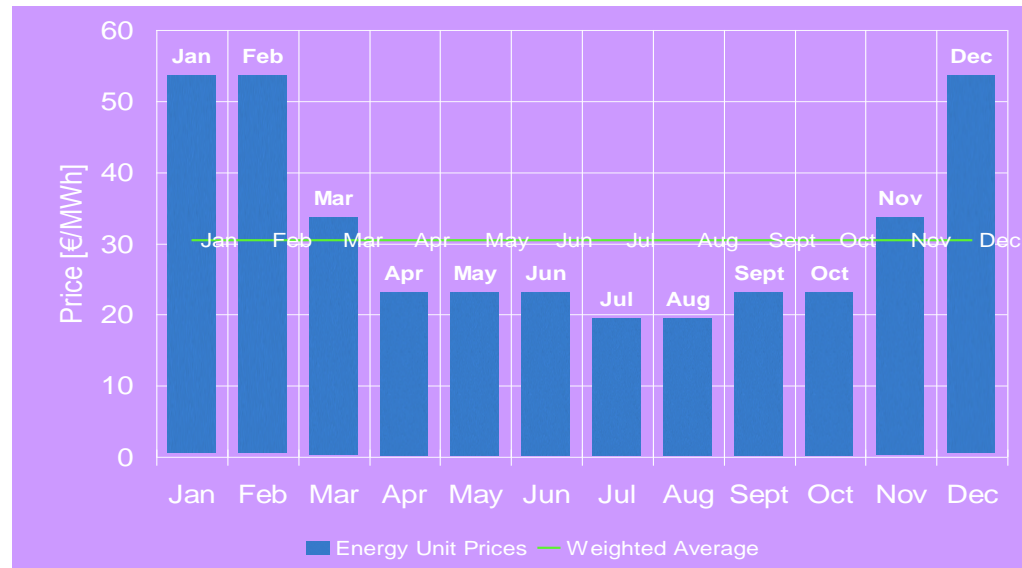
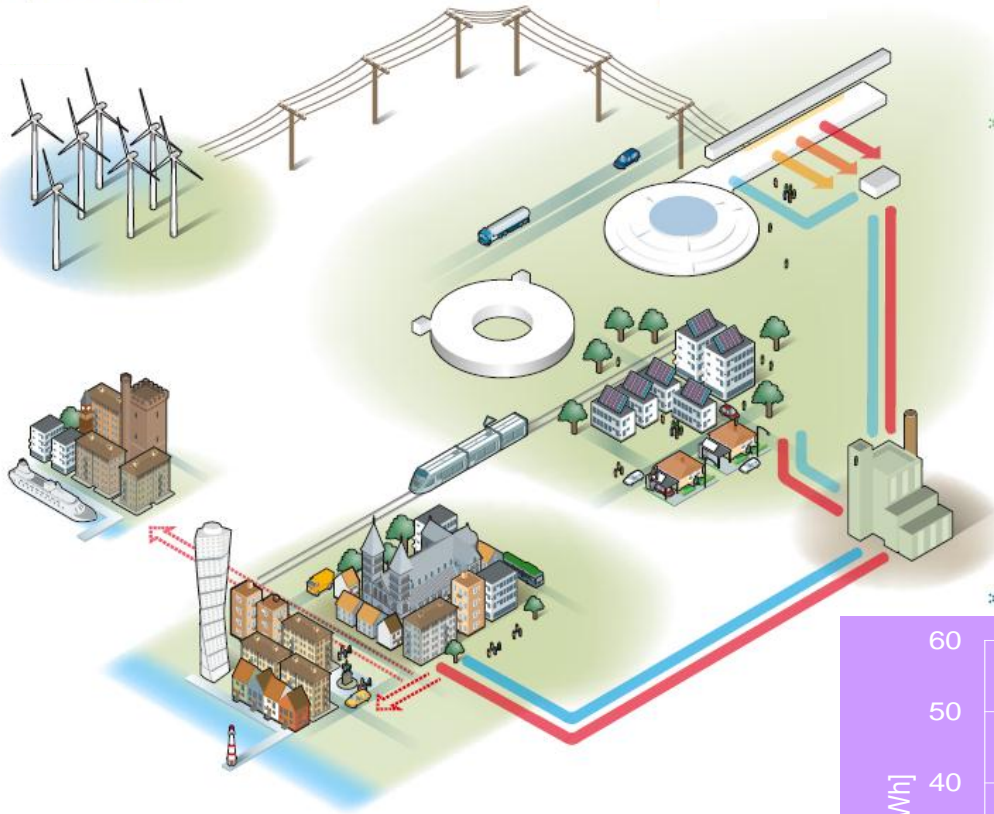
Administrative Secretariat
LHC Division
CERN
CH-1211 Geneva 23
Switzerland

Geneva, 1 December 1999



Energy and power studies

Energy efficiency, load shedding, peak shaving, heat recovery





Conclusions



- Implementation studies are to be conducted in the Project Preparation Phase (2012-2016) in order to get ready for the Project Implementation Phase (>2016)
- Two work-packages defined, each with a variety of tasks, concerning Civil Engineering & Services, and Project Implementation Plan
- Some of these tasks are strongly site-specific, and therefore to be handled preferentially by the (potential) host laboratory
- Others of more general nature can be handled through collaborative work with institutes having the specific competencies and interests
- The CLIC study team is seeking partners for such collaborations in the domains of mutual interest