

The CMS Collaboratior Speaker: Michael Luk

Generalities Motivation

 $t' \rightarrow bW$ 

Selection lepton+jets Event Yield

Reconstruction Event Mrt and Hr

1D Plots

Statistics 2D Templates Final Templates Uncertainties

Results

Comments Brown University

# The Search for Fourth Generation Top-Like Quarks (t') in the Lepton+Jets Channel at CMS

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# $t'ar{t}' ightarrow bWbW ightarrow bbjjl u$

Talk is based on material found in EXO-11-099

Search uses the 4.68 (4.60)  $fb^{-1}$  of data collected during 2011 at CMS in the *e*+jets ( $\mu$ +jets) channel at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV.

Assumptions:

- is strongly pair produced
- has mass greater than top quark
- decays promptly.



## Motivation

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- Natural extension of Standard Model
- Consistent with precision electroweak measurements
- May allows sufficient CP violation to explain matter-antimatter asymmetry - highly constrained CKM matrix does not allow sufficient CP violation (only one T violating complex phase with 3 generations, measured to be very small)

Search is not limited to fourth generation chiral quarks - many BSM theories predict particles the same decay:

May resolve 'naturalness' of Higgs predicted to be light by cancelling quadratically divergent loop diagrams.



## $t'\bar{t'} ightarrow bWbW$





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#### Constraints

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Comments Brown University Constraints on the pair produced t' mass:

•  $m_{t'}$  > 404 GeV direct search

ATLAS arxiv:1202.3076

|*m*<sub>t'</sub> - *m*<sub>b'</sub>| < 50 GeV from precision electroweak measurements</li>

(Kribs, PRD 76 075016 (2007) Eberhardt, Lenz, Rohrwild, PRD 82 095006 (2010))

•  $m_{b'} > 611 \text{ GeV direct search}$ (CMS arXiv:1204.1088)

motivates our search:

$$t'\bar{t}' 
ightarrow bWbW$$

in lepton+jets channel.





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- primary vertex
  - |z| < 24 cm, |r| < 2 cm
- lepton and MET
  - pT > 35 42 GeV to match trigger threshold
  - pseudorapidity  $|\eta| <$  2.5 (2.1 for  $\mu$ )
  - impact parameter of matched track  $|d_{xy}| < 0.02$  cm,  $|d_z| < 1$  cm
  - missing p<sub>T</sub> > 20 GeV
- at least 4 jets with
  - pT > 120, 90, 50(30), 35(30) GeV &  $|\eta| < 2.4 \ (\mu + \text{jets})$
  - $\Delta R(l, jets) = \sqrt{(\Delta \phi)^2 + (\Delta \eta)^2} < 0.3$  veto avoids double counting leptonic jets
  - $\geq$  1 jet is btagged (suppresses *W*+jets and *QCD*).



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		e+jets events	$\mu$ +jets events
L		$4683 \text{ pb}^{-1}$	$4601 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
data		4734	6448
background process	cross section		
$t\bar{t}$	165.8  pb	$4000\pm33$	$5536 \pm 45$
single $t$	33  pb	$196\pm3$	$316\pm5$
W+jets	$30~\mu{ m b}$	$434\pm13$	$709\pm48$
Z+jets	$2.9 \ \mu \mathrm{b}$	$46 \pm 5$	$51\pm 6$
WW,WZ,ZZ	67  pb	—	$14 \pm 1$
multijets (QCD)		$73 \pm 3$	$5\pm5$
total background		$4749\pm36$	$6631\pm67$

*e*+jets and  $\mu$ +jets optimised and studied independently.

 $t\bar{t}$  background is irreducible:

▶ use 'fitted' mass and  $H_T \equiv \sum p_T$ (jets,MET,lepton) to discriminate against  $t'\bar{t}'$  signal.



#### Event Reconstruction

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Comments Brown University Kinematic fitter reconstructs the fitted mass  $M_{fit}$  and  $H_T$ . Measurements:

- Lepton momentum
- Neutrino p<sub>T</sub> (calculated)
- Jets momenta

Fit unknowns:

- t' mass
- >  $\nu$  has 2  $p_{//}$  solutions
- 4 jets from b, b, W<sub>had</sub> (4!/2 × 2 = 24 combinations if consider only 4 leading jets)

Fit constraints:

- $\blacktriangleright \ M(W_{had} \rightarrow q\bar{q}) = M_W(80.4 \text{ GeV}) = M(W_{lep} \rightarrow l\nu)$
- $\blacktriangleright M(W_{had} + b) = M_{fit} (free param.) = M(W_{lep} + b)$

Fit to constraints - get one  $\chi^2$  value for each combination. Then pick 'best' combination that reconstructs the event.



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Comments Brown University Final state:  $4 \text{ jets } + l\nu$  but also have initial/final state radiation.

Number of combs of assigning jets to partons (×2 $\nu_{//}$  sol) :

no of jets	combinations	1 b-tag
4	12	6
5	60	24
6	180	60

Studied 4,5,6 leading jets - 5 jets best compromise.

We take the  $Min\chi^2$  combination from the following set:

all 4-jet combs out of the leading 5 jets, which have one btagged jet assigned to a bjet in the fitter hypothesis.



# $M_{fit}$ & $H_T$ : e+jets@4.68 fb<sup>-1</sup> , $\mu+jets$ @4.60 fb<sup>-1</sup>

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- Start with 2D histogram ( $M_{fit} vs H_T$ )
- Apply fit to 2D templates this smooths out statistical uncertainty (used *only* in ordering)
- Order bins in descending S/\sqrt{B} according to the fitted values - maximises signal and background separation
- Merge adjacent bins until have good statistics in both background and signal MC templates

These final templates are then compared to data (with uncertainties) by HistFactory, a limit calculator.



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### 2D Distributions - e+jets



Figure: e+jets 2D plots using  $\int \mathcal{L} = 4.68 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ( $\mu$ +jets similar).



# 2D Fit and Final Merged Templates - e+jets

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Results

Comments Brown University Figure: (left) *e*+jets 2D  $S/\sqrt{B}$  plot using  $\int \mathcal{L} = 4.68$  fb<sup>-1</sup>. Each colour corresponds to one bin in the merged final templates (right).

( $\mu$ +jets similar)



### Uncertainties

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- $t\bar{t}$  cross section:
  - 158*pb* ± 11%
- total electroweak (non tt) background normalization -50% uncertainty of sum of other backgrounds.
- integrated luminosity:
  - lumi known to ±6%
- lepton selection efficiency:
  - data driven correction 1% (3%) for *e*+jets (μ+jets)
- b-tagging efficiency:
  - correction factor to match simulation and data applied to  $t\bar{t}$  and  $t'\bar{t}$  5%
- jet energy scale:
  - JES corrected by CMS jet energy calibration constants  $\pm 1\sigma(5\%)$
- ▶ jet energy and missing  $p_T$  resolution:
  - JER for simulation increased by 10  $\pm$  10% to match resolution in data
  - MET varied accordingly.







lepton+jets Event Yield

Reconstructio Event M<sub>tit</sub> and H<sub>T</sub>

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Results Limits

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Figure: (left)  $m_{t'} > 485 \text{ GeV} @ 95\% CL$  in the e+jets channel (right)  $m_{t'} > 550 \text{ GeV} @ 95\% CL$  in the  $\mu$ +jets channel.



#### Results: Combined Limit

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Figure: observed limit:  $m_{t'} > 560 \text{ GeV} @ 95\% CL$  (exp. 575 GeV)

For t' quark masses above 550 GeV the coupling of the t' to Higgs field becomes so large that perturbative theory starts to break down. M.S. Chanowitz, M.A. Furman, I. Hinchliffe, Phys. Lett. B78, 285 (1978).

ightarrow Makes theoretical extension to fourth generation non-trivial.



#### **Final Comments**

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- exclusive decay  $t' \rightarrow bW$
- strongly pair production
- ▶ used 4.68 fb<sup>-1</sup> in e + jets and 4.60 fb<sup>-1</sup> in  $\mu + jets$  channel
- ▶  $m_{t'}$  > 560 GeV observed limit with 95% CL
- ightarrow no excess over SM seen.