

SCET Improved SUSY Search

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with S. Mantry and F. Petriello

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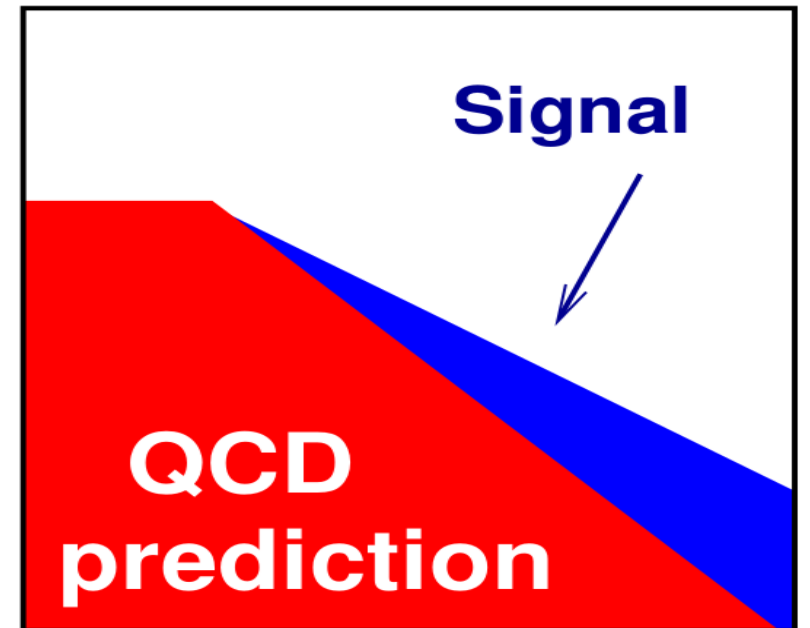


Outline

- Motivation
- Results
- Conclusion and Outlook

Motivation

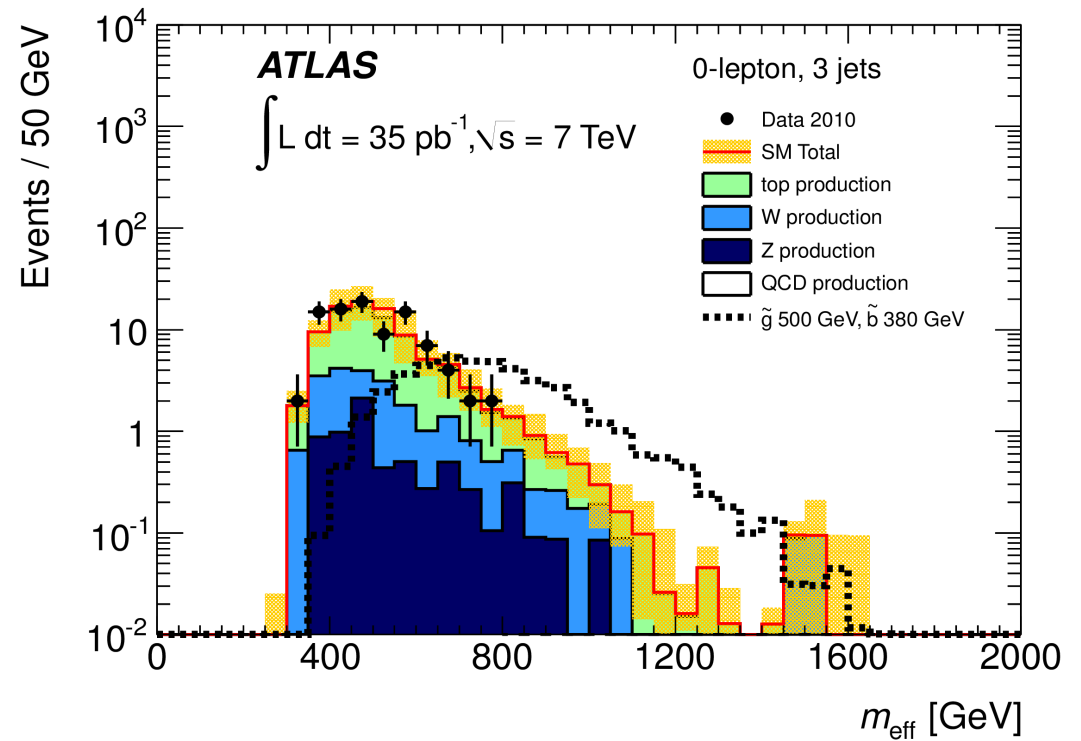
- New physics as excesses to the data



(G.Salam, 11)

Motivation

- New physics as excesses to the data

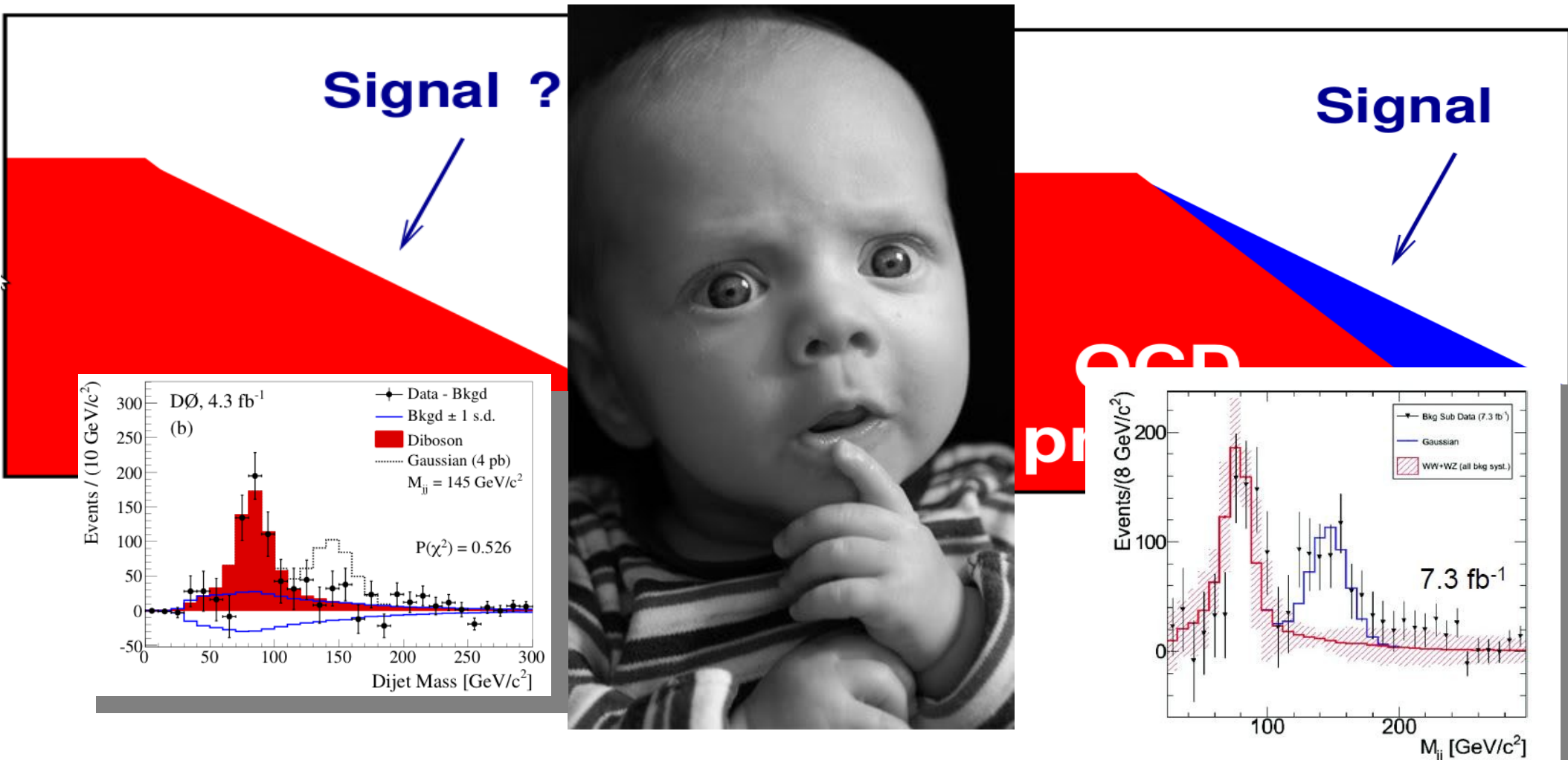


(ATLAS collaboration, 11)

Motivation

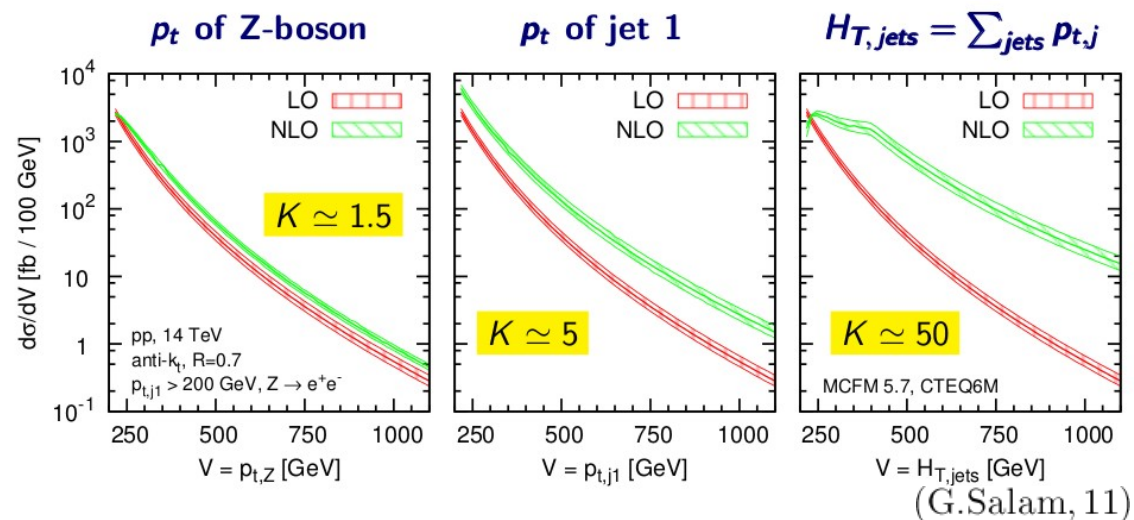
- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial

$$\text{SIGNAL} = \text{DATA} - \text{BACKGROUNDS}$$



Motivation

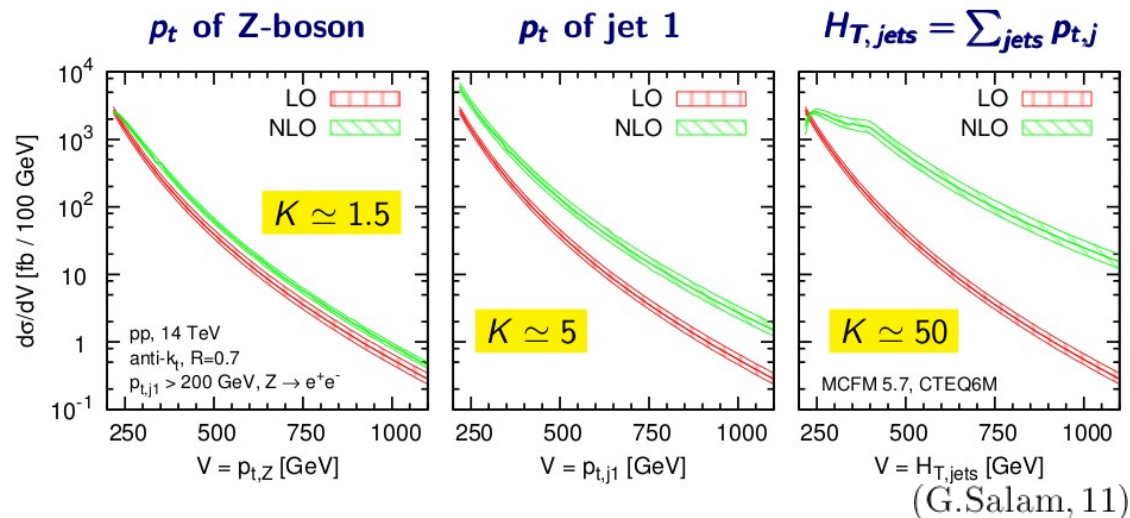
- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Difficulties and potential problems
 - Large K factor



Motivation

- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Difficulties and potential problems
 - Large K factor
 - Sudakov Logs

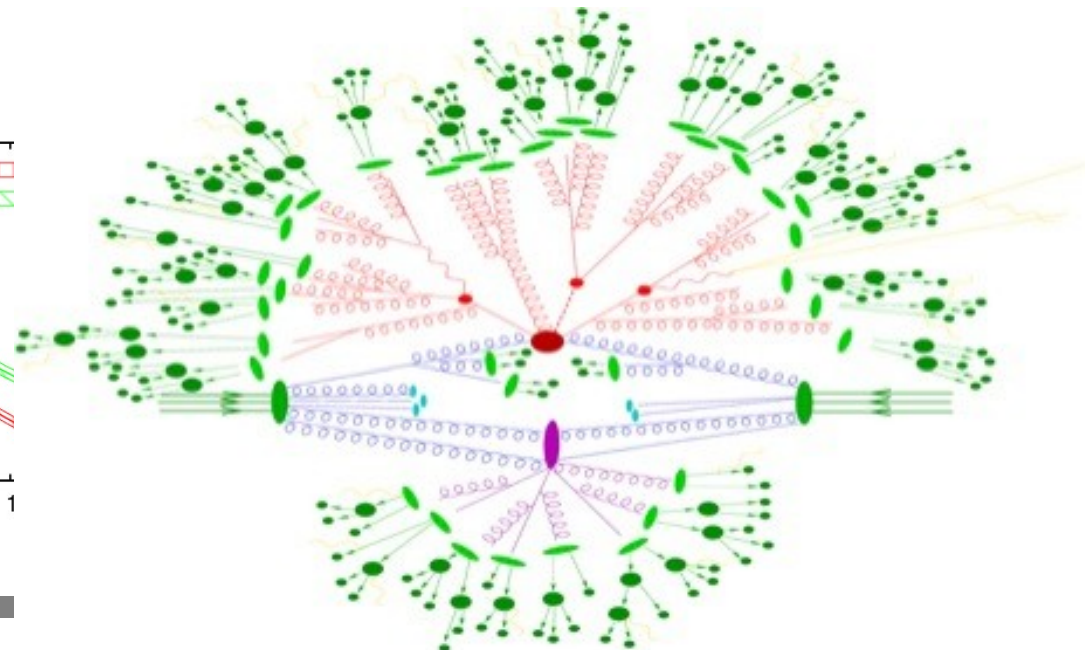
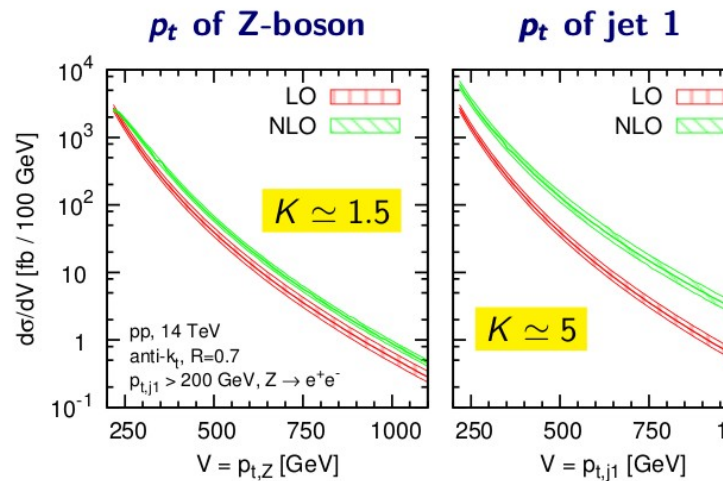
$$\alpha_s^n \log^{2n-m}(Q^2/q^2)$$



Motivation

- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Difficulties and potential problems
 - Large K factor
 - Sudakov Logs
 - Multi-scales

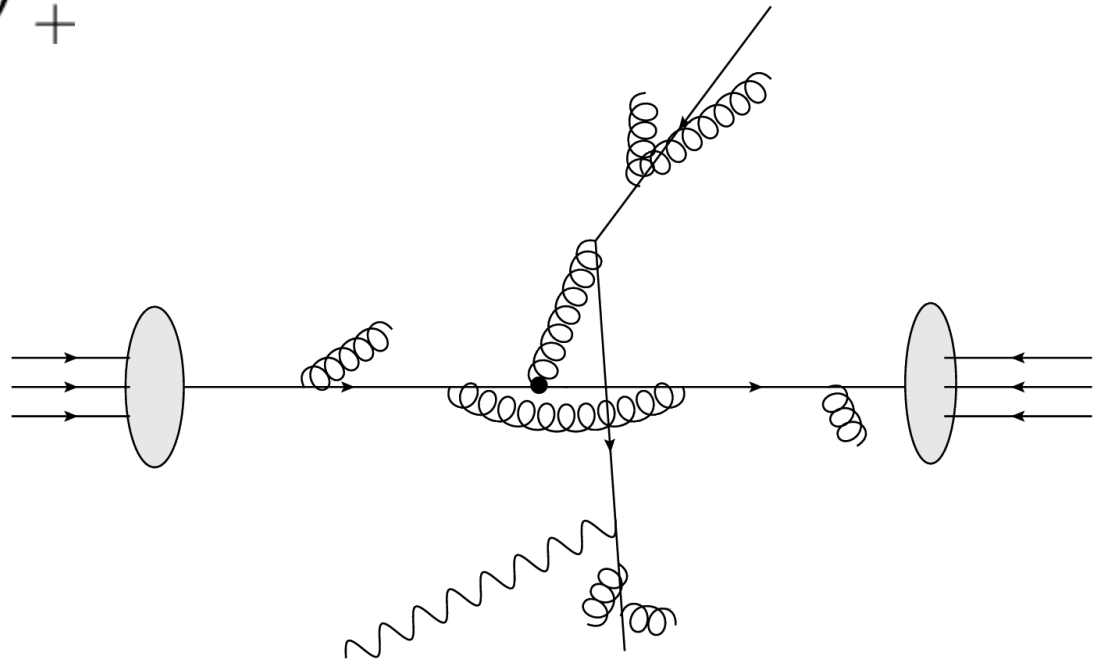
$$\alpha_s^n \log^{2n-m}(Q^2/q^2)$$



Motivation

- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Threshold logs and dynamical enhancement

- $\alpha_s^n \left(\frac{\log^m(1-z)}{1-z} \right)_+$

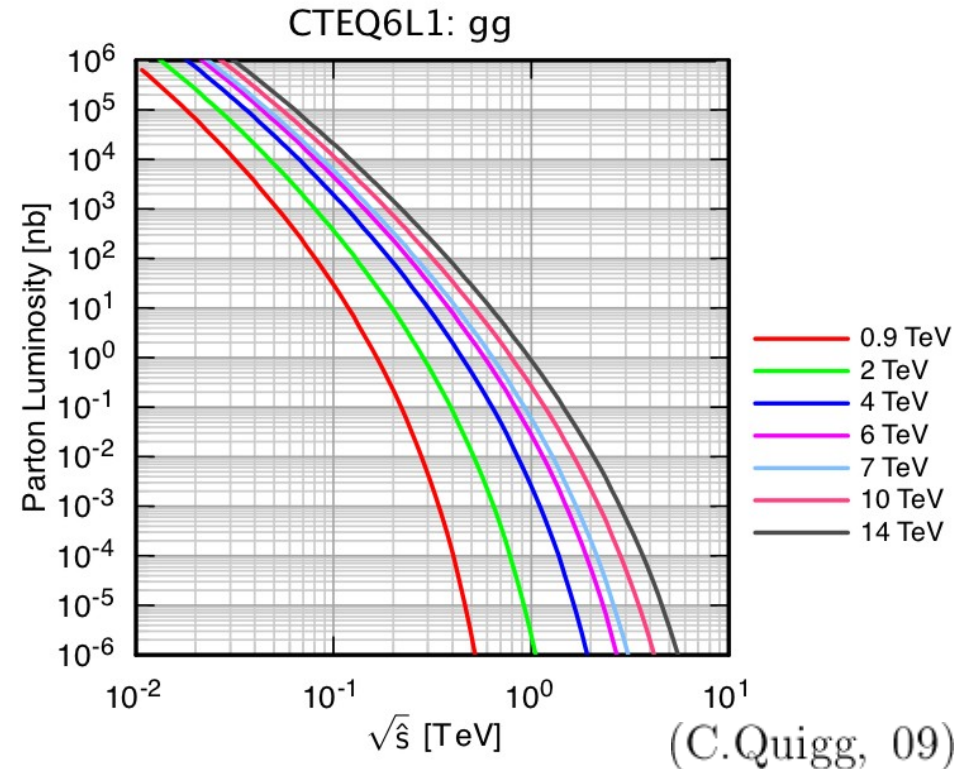
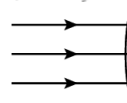


Motivation

- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Threshold logs and dynamical enhancement

- $\alpha_s^n \left(\frac{\log^m(1-z)}{1-z} \right)_+$

- Important for $x \gtrsim 0.3$
(C.Bauer, 10, T.Becher, 07)



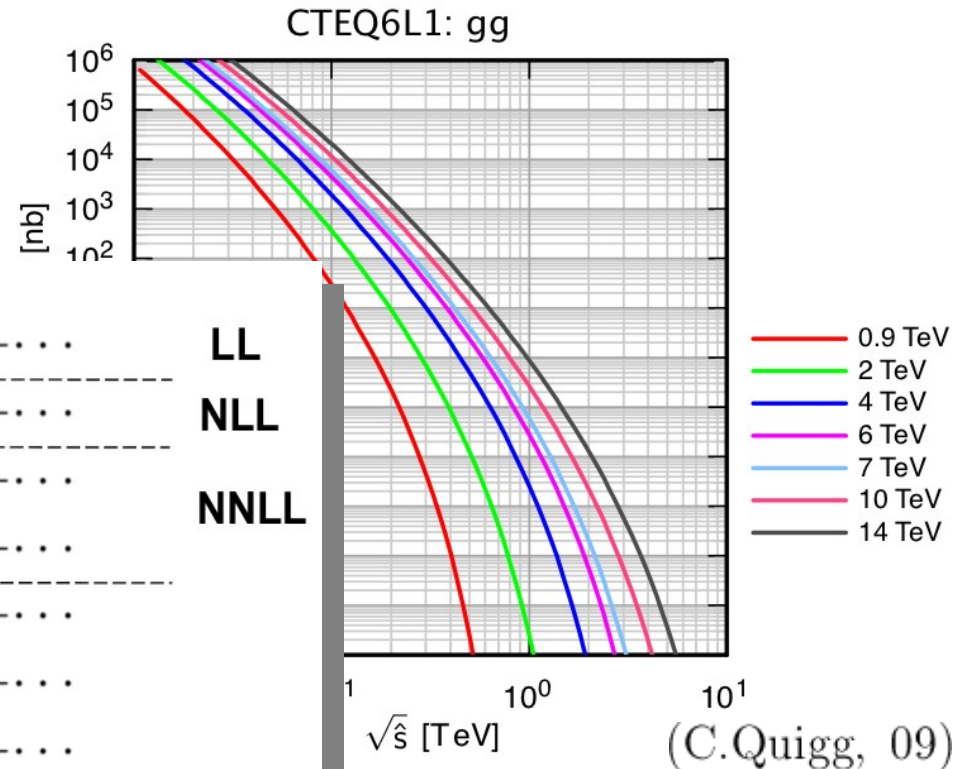
Handwritten notes: $\sim 10^6$ and $\sim 10^0$

Motivation

- Knowledge of backgrounds is crucial
 - Threshold logs and dynamical enhancement

$$\bullet \alpha_s^n \left(\frac{\log^m(1-z)}{1-z} \right) +$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 C = \alpha_s L^2 + \alpha_s^2 L^4 + \alpha_s^3 L^6 + \alpha_s^4 L^8 + \dots \\
 \hline
 \alpha_s L^1 + \alpha_s^2 L^3 + \alpha_s^3 L^5 + \alpha_s^4 L^7 + \dots \\
 \hline
 + \alpha_s^2 L^2 + \alpha_s^3 L^4 + \alpha_s^4 L^6 + \dots \\
 + \alpha_s^2 L^1 + \alpha_s^3 L^3 + \alpha_s^4 L^5 + \dots \\
 \hline
 + \alpha_s^3 L^2 + \alpha_s^4 L^4 + \dots \\
 + \alpha_s^3 L^1 + \alpha_s^4 L^3 + \dots \\
 + \alpha_s^4 L^2 + \dots \\
 + \alpha_s^4 L^1 + \dots \\
 + \dots
 \end{array}$$



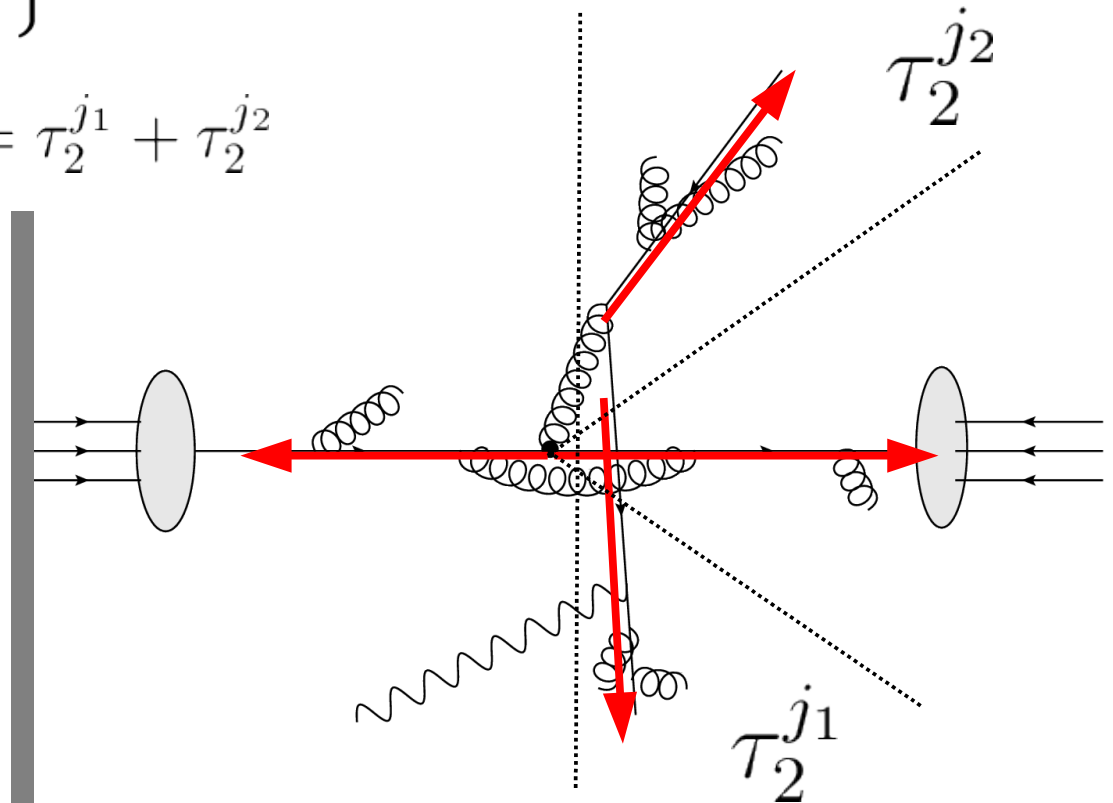
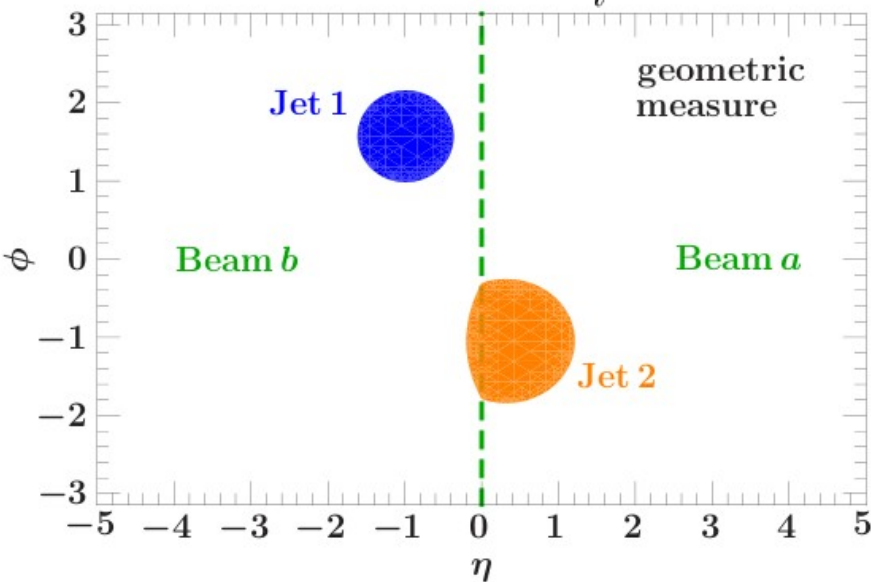
9/100

Results

- $pp \rightarrow \gamma + 2j$
- SCET and Jettiness (I.Stewart, F.Tackmann, W.Waalewijn, 10)

$$\tau_2 = \sum_k \min_i \left\{ \frac{2q_i \cdot p_k}{Q_i} \right\}$$

$$\tau_2 = \sum_i \tau_2^i \rightarrow \hat{\tau}_2 = \tau_2^{j1} + \tau_2^{j2}$$



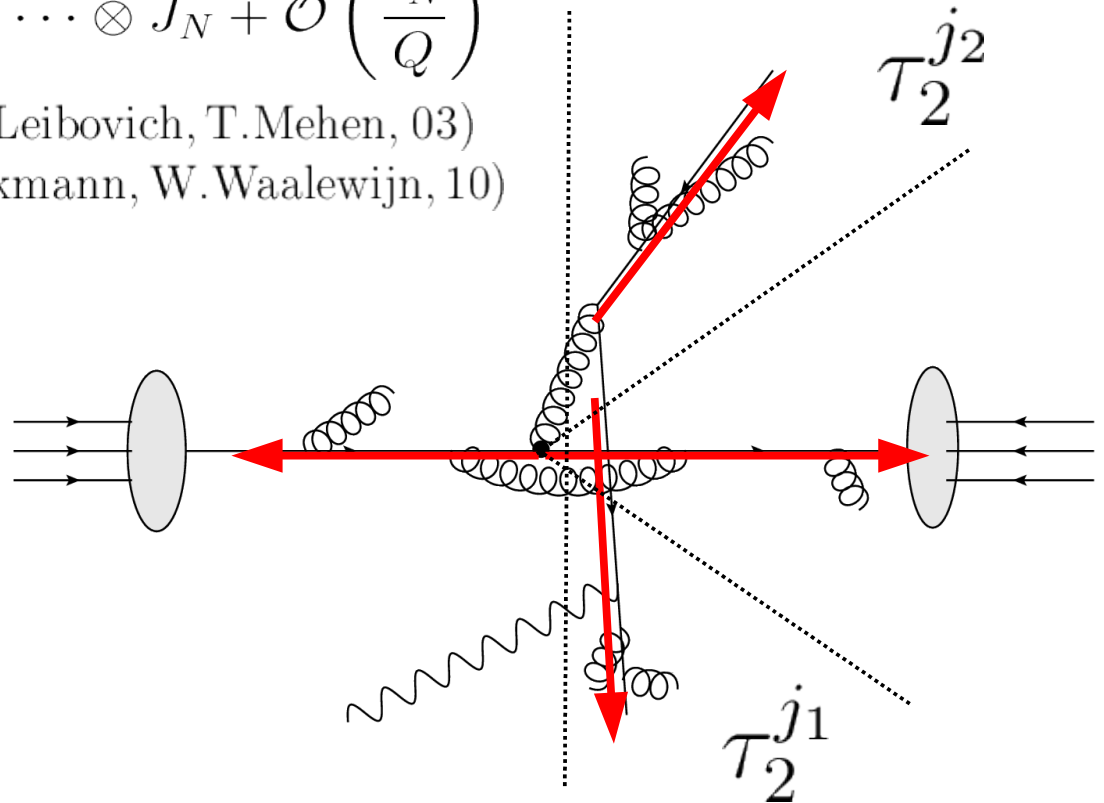
Results

- $pp \rightarrow \gamma + 2j$
 - SCET and Jettiness
 - Factorization and resummation

$$d\sigma \sim F \cdot H \cdot S \otimes B_a \otimes B_b \otimes J_1 \otimes \cdots \otimes J_N + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\tau_N}{Q}\right)$$

(S.Fleming, A.K.Leibovich, T.Mehen, 03)

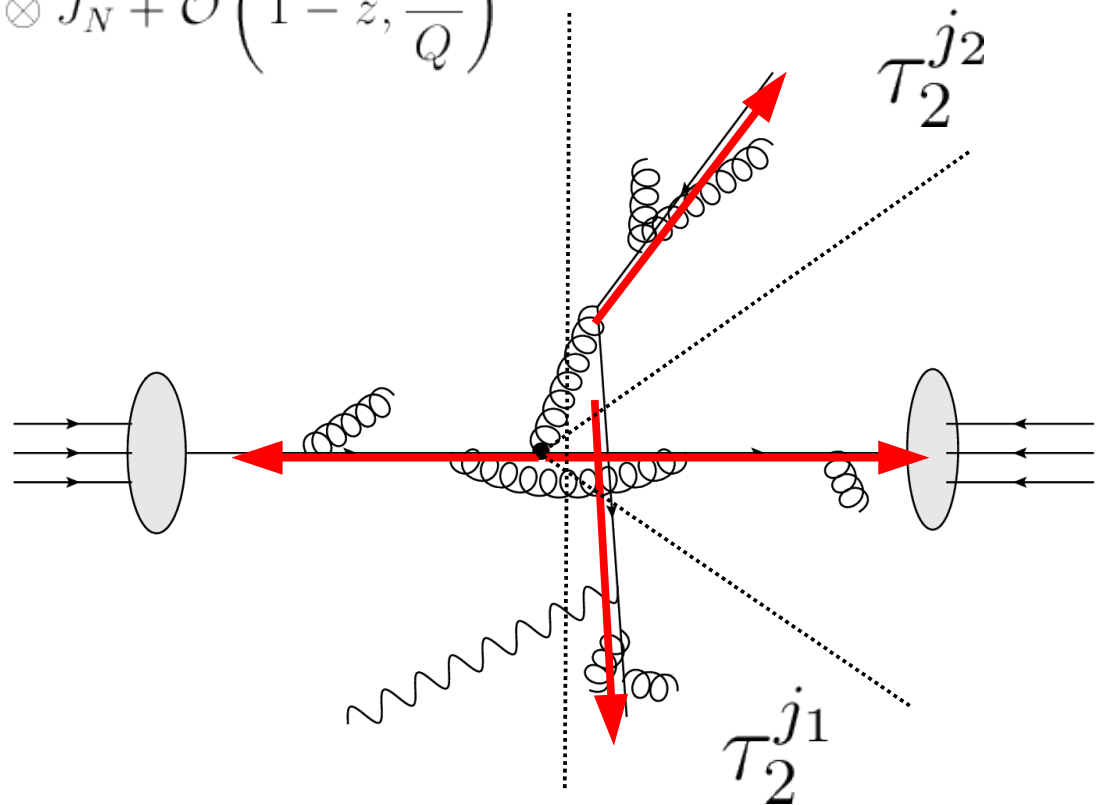
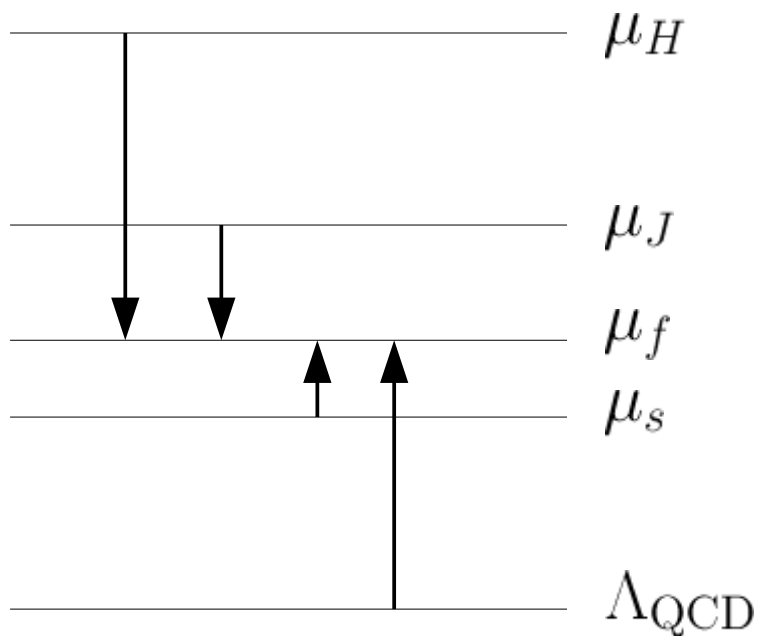
(I.Stewart, F.Tackmann, W.Waalewijn, 10)



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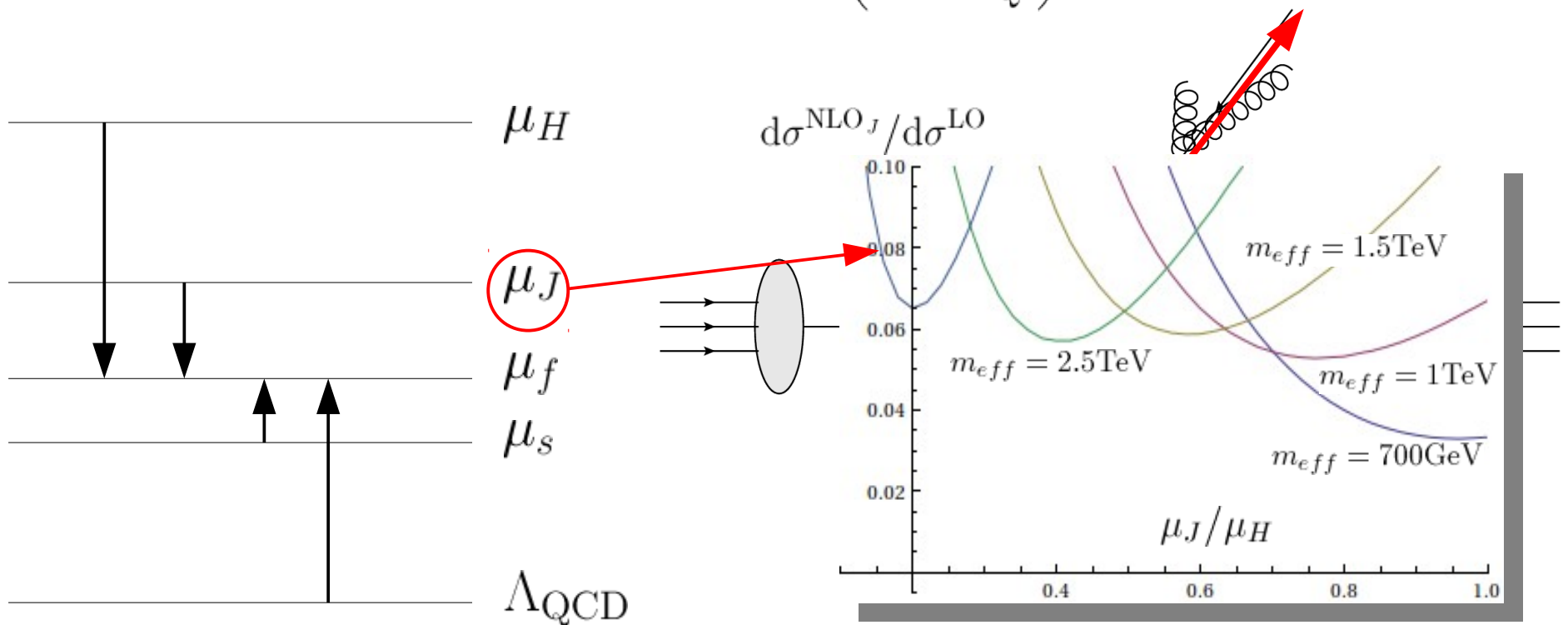
$$d\sigma \sim F \cdot H \cdot S \otimes f_a \otimes f_b \otimes J_1 \otimes \cdots \otimes J_N + \mathcal{O}\left(1 - z, \frac{\hat{\tau}_N}{Q}\right)$$



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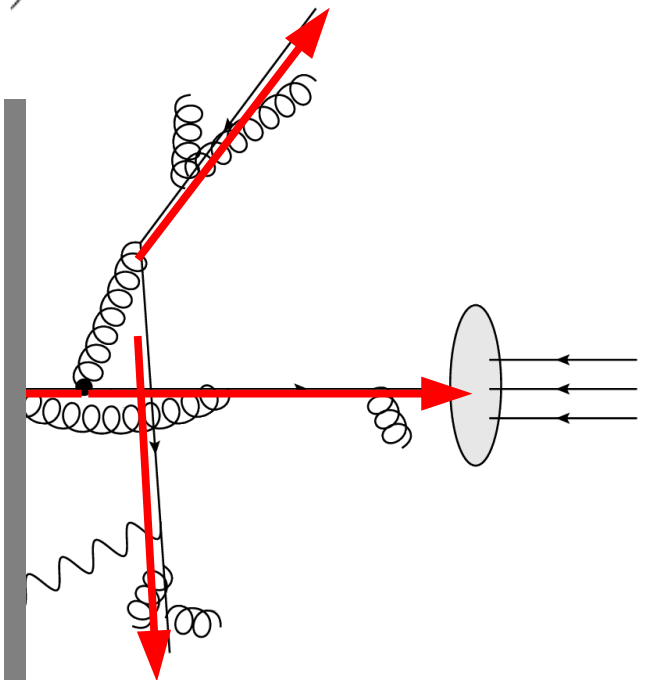


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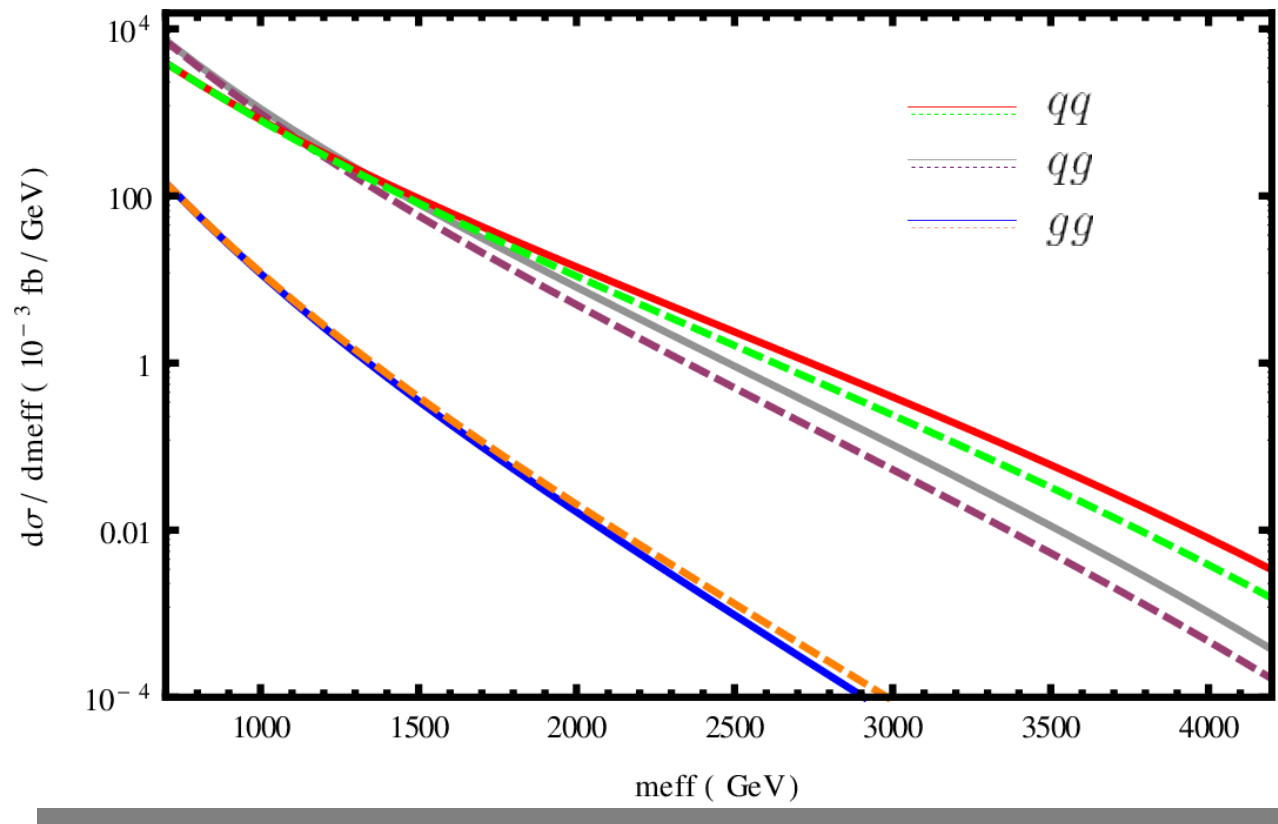
$$d\sigma \sim F \cdot H \cdot S \otimes f_a \otimes f_b \otimes J_1 \otimes \cdots \otimes J_N + \mathcal{O}\left(1 - z, \frac{\hat{\tau}_N}{Q}\right)$$

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 + \alpha_s^4 L^2 + \dots \\
 + \alpha_s^4 L^1 + \dots \\
 + \dots
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{l}
 \text{LL} \\
 \text{NLL} \\
 \text{NNLL}
 \end{array}$$



Results

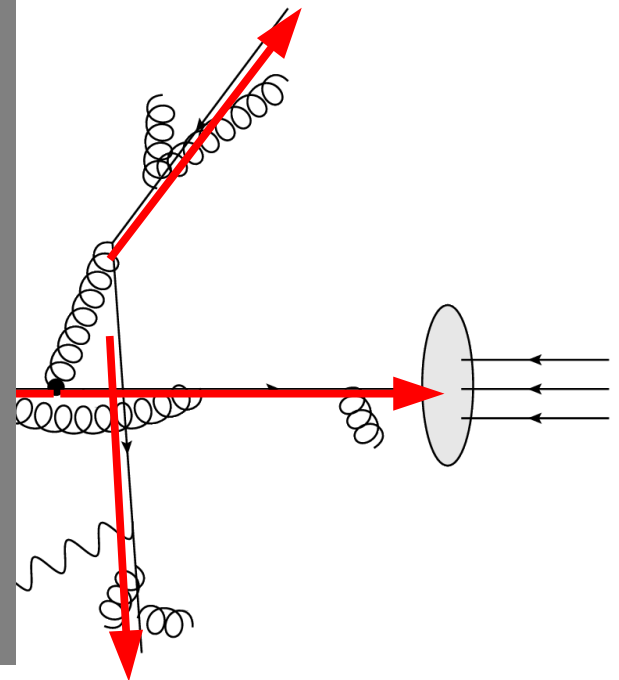
- $pp \rightarrow \gamma + 2j$
 - Numerical results



$$|\eta| > 2.5$$

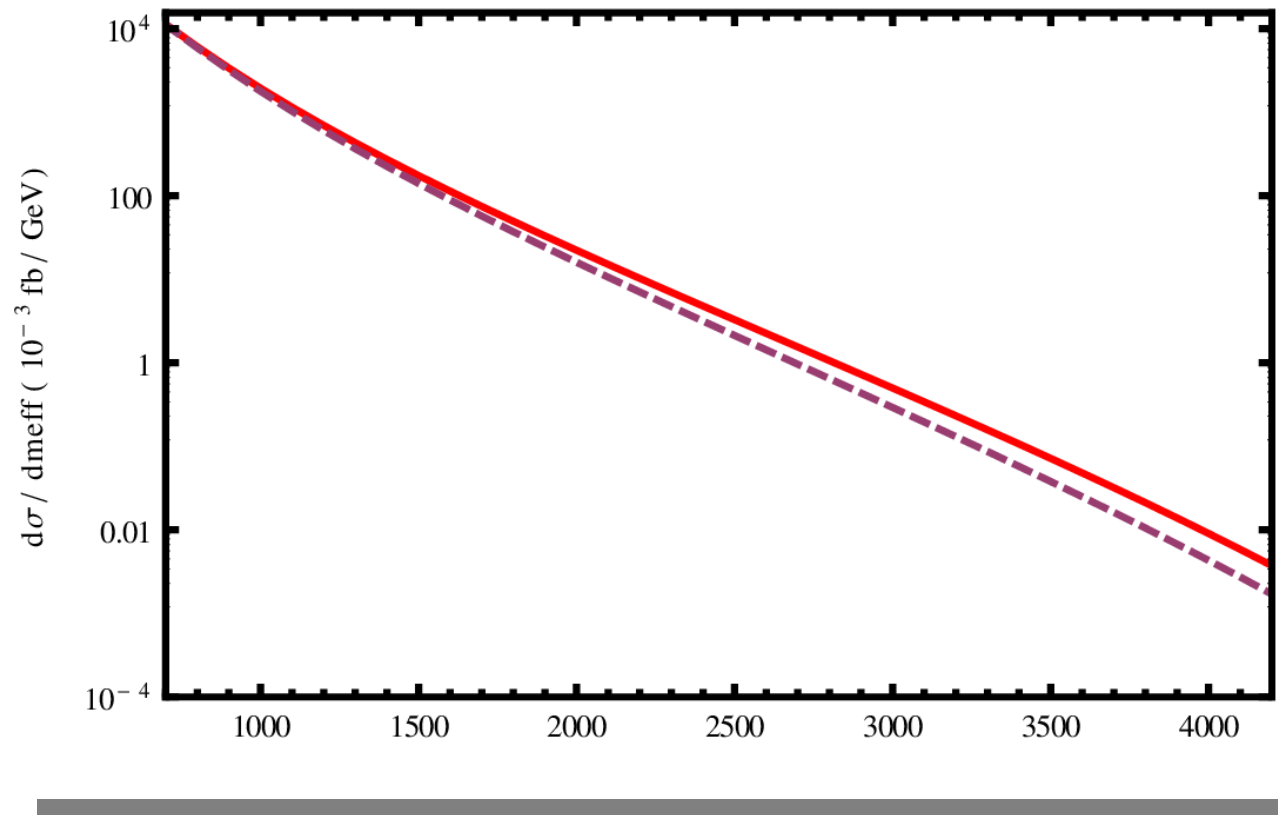
$$\Delta R_{ij} > 0.4$$

$$p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$$



Results

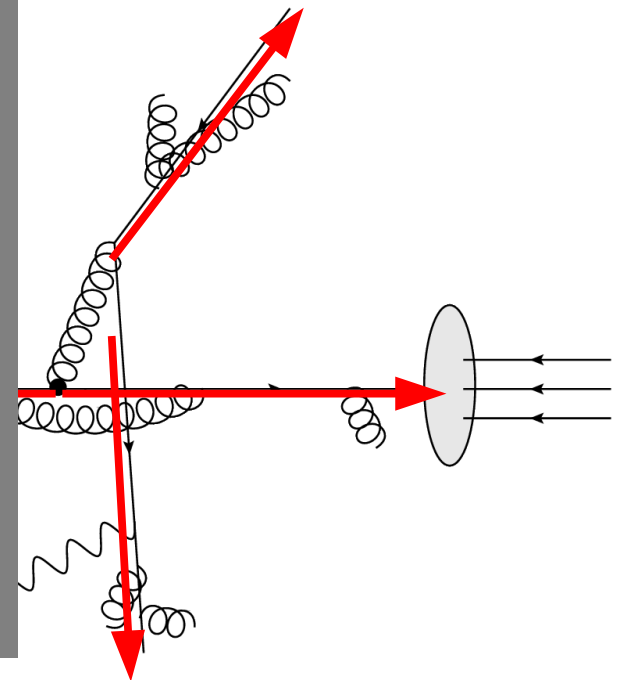
- $pp \rightarrow \gamma + 2j$
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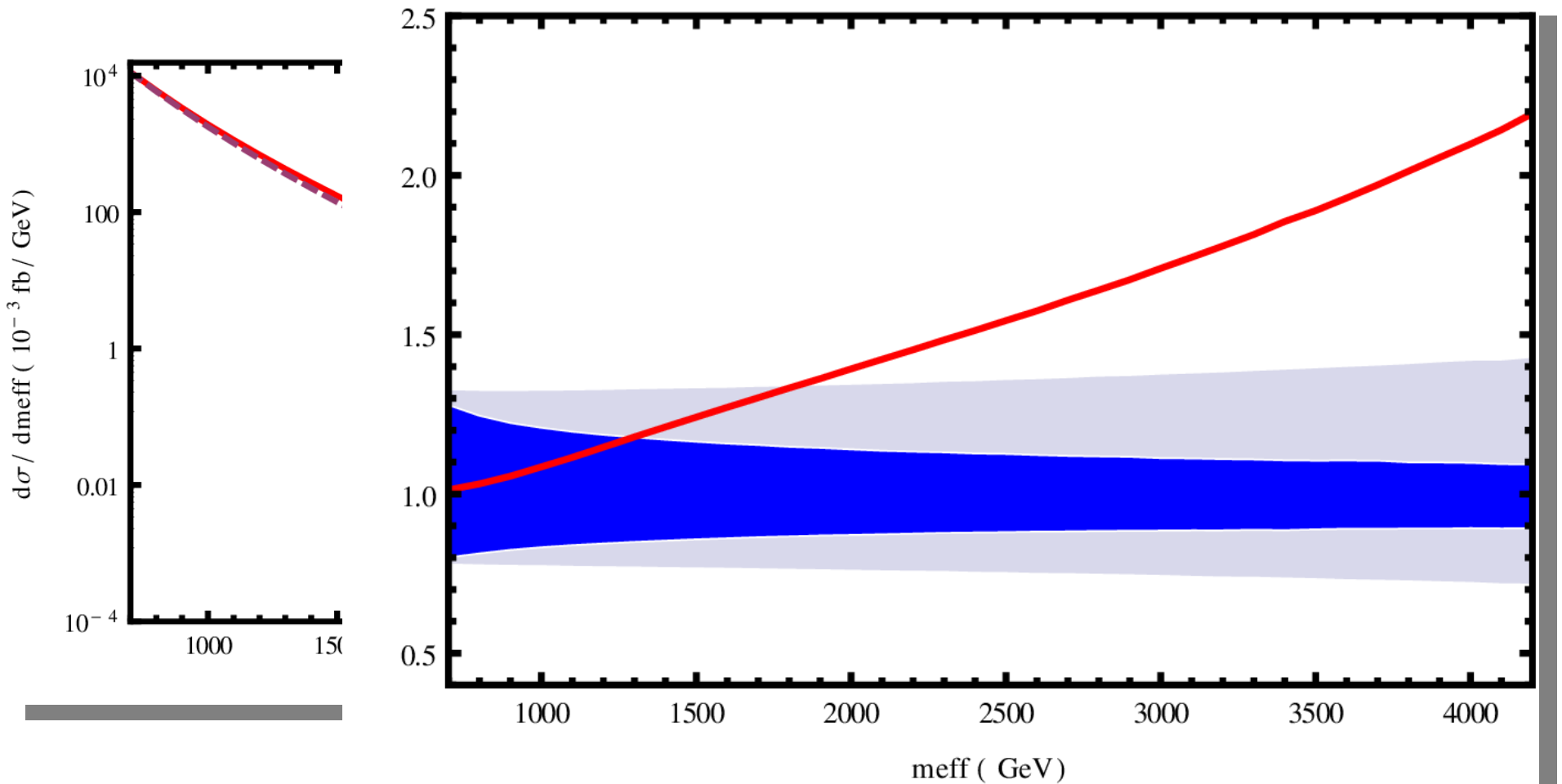
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Results

- $pp \rightarrow \gamma + 2j$
- Numerical results



Conclusion and Outlook

- Better understanding of backgrounds
- Higher accuracy
- Other processes

Thanks

Backup

