

Spontaneous R-symmetry Breaking with Multiple Pseudomoduli

arXiv: 1202.5331

Yuhsin Tsai

In collaboration with David Curtin, Zohar Komargodski, and David Shih

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Take home message: Previous result

D. Shih, JHEP 0802, 091 (2008)

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- only 0 or 2 R -charge
- single pseudo-modulus

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radiatively-induced R -symmetry breaking at one-loop level

Take home message: New result

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For a generalized O'Raifeartaigh model with

- only 0 or 2 R -charge
- **ARBITRARY** number of pseudo-moduli

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WHY DO WE CARE?

The R -symmetry breaking is important

Generic SUSY-breaking models need R -symmetry
(Nelson-Seiberg)

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Need to break the R -symmetry spontaneously!

- **Tree-level breaking:** problematic, requires tuning and more complicated potential (Komargodski & Shih, 09')
- **Radiatively-induced breaking:** pseudomodulus gets a loop-induced tachyonic mass which breaks the R -symmetry

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Fields with only 0 or 2 R -charge

Models in the form

$$W = X_i f_i(\phi_a), \quad \text{e.g. } W = f X + \lambda_{ij} \phi_i X \phi_j$$

have only 0 or 2 R -charge. (e.g. ISS)

- No **tree-level** R -breaking in this type of models. (Komargodski & Shih, 09')
- **Radiatively-induced** breaking?

Single PM: it doesn't work!

D. Shih, JHEP 0802, 091 (2008)

The potential can be parametrized as

$$W = f X + \frac{1}{2}(M_{ij} + N_{ij}X)\phi_i\phi_j.$$

The mass matrix of X at the origin from the one-loop V_{CW} is always positive-definite. \Rightarrow **No spontaneous R -breaking**

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How about having

additional PM not coupling to SUSY-breaking directly
but break the R -symmetry?

Multiple PM?

- Few R -symmetry breaking attempts have been made by introducing multiple-PM.

J. Evans, et. al. (1103.4549), Y. Shadmi (1107.3565)

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WHY?

1103.4549 gave a proof of **one extra** PM, we extend the result to **arbitrary many** PM.

A sketch of the proof

General O'R model containing R -charges only 0 and 2

$$W = f X + \lambda_{ab} X \rho_a \rho_b + \tilde{\lambda}_{nab} Y_n \rho_a \rho_b + m_{ai} \rho_a \sigma_i + \tilde{\lambda}'_{iab} \sigma_i \rho_a \rho_b$$

- $R[X, Y, \sigma] = 2, \quad R[\rho] = 0.$
- Tree-level R -symmetry breaking is impossible
- The $\tilde{\lambda}'$ -term never contributes to the V_{CW} of X, Y at 1-loop.
- Write $N_{ab} = \lambda_{ab} X + \tilde{\lambda}_{nab} Y_n.$

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The 1-loop Coleman-Weinberg potential $V_{\text{eff}}^{(1)}$

$$= \frac{1}{64 \pi^2} \text{STr} M^4 \ln \frac{M^4}{\Lambda^2}$$

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Expand the integrand, get the $N^\dagger N$ term

$$V_{\text{eff}}^{(1)} \Big|_{N^2} = \frac{1}{48 \pi^2} \int_0^\infty dv^6 \text{Tr} \left(\frac{\hat{\lambda}^\dagger \hat{\lambda}}{1 - \hat{\lambda}^\dagger \hat{\lambda}} \hat{N}^\dagger \hat{N} \right),$$

$$\hat{\lambda} = (v^2 + mm^\dagger)^{-1/2} \lambda f^* (v^2 + m^T m^*)^{-1/2}$$

$$\hat{N} = (v^2 + mm^\dagger)^{-1/2} N (v^2 + m^T m^*)^{-1/2}$$

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The mass matrix is positive semi-definite!

- No spontaneous R -breaking at one-loop
- Can show the zero-modes are fields decoupled from SUSY-breaking at one-loop

Conclusion

When building a model with multiple pseudomoduli

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- only 0 or 2 R -charge
- **ARBITRARY** number of pseudo-moduli

It is IMPOSSIBLE to have
Radiatively-induced R -symmetry breaking at one-loop level

- **Zero-modes** may exist at one-loop, but they are decoupled from SUSY-breaking at this loop level.