

Quantum Corrections in the 5D (Supersymmetric) Space

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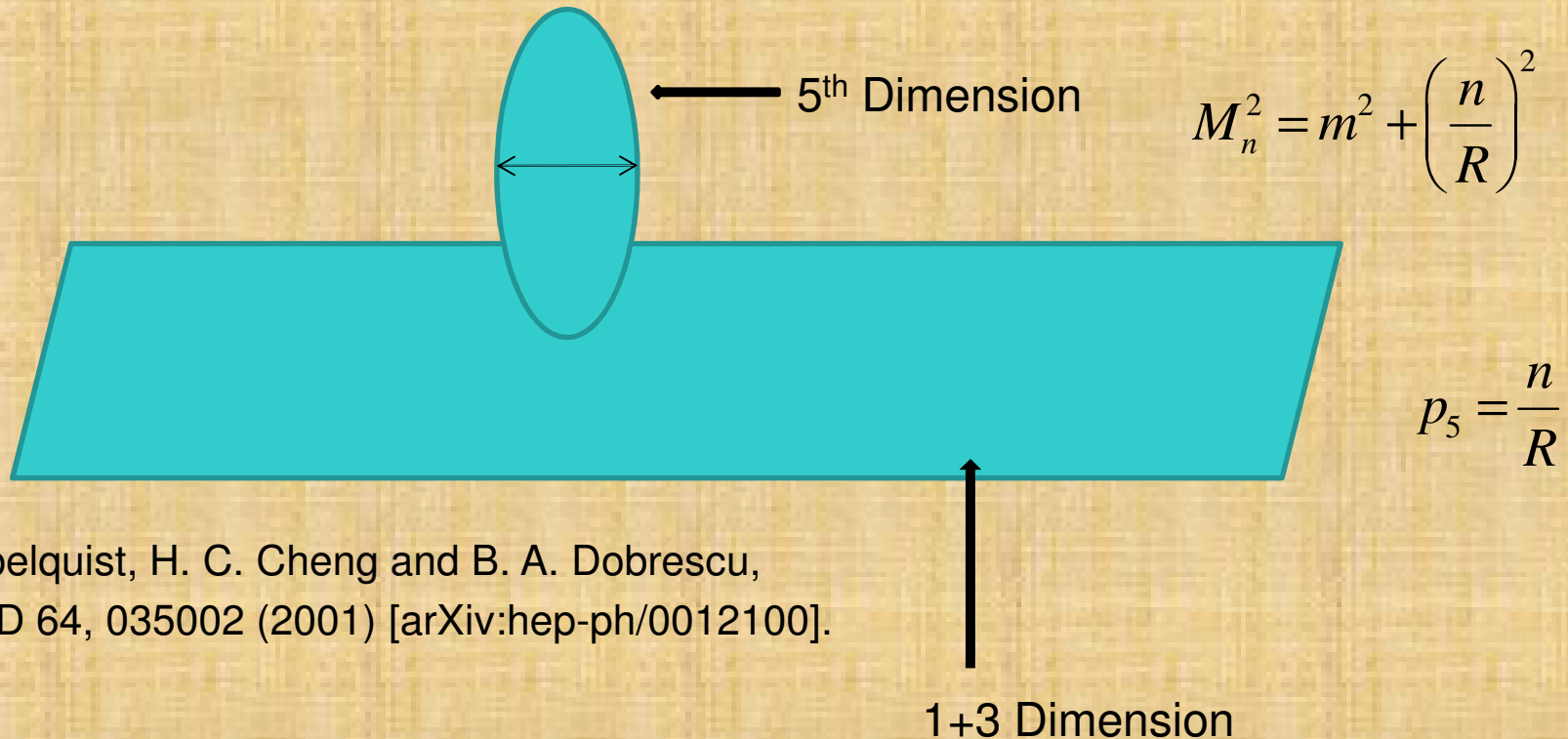
Johannesburg

- Lu-Xin Liu, A.S.Cornell, arXiv:1204.0532 [hep-ph]
- A.S. Cornell,A.Deandrea, Lu-Xin Liu, A. Tarhini,arXiv:1110.1942 [hep-ph]
- A. S. Cornell, Lu-Xin Liu, arXiv:1105.1132 [hep-ph] ;
- Lu-Xin Liu, A. S. Cornell, arXiv:1103.1527 [hep-ph] ;
- A. S. Cornell, Lu-Xin Liu, arXiv:1010.5522 [hep-ph];

Universal Extra Dimensional Model

$$y \sim y + 2\pi R$$

$$\phi(x, y) \sim \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \phi^{(n)}(x) \exp\left(i \frac{n}{R} y\right)$$



T. Appelquist, H. C. Cheng and B. A. Dobrescu,
PRD 64, 035002 (2001) [arXiv:hep-ph/0012100].

Fields in 4D

$$A_\mu(x)$$

$$\psi_L(x) \quad \psi_R(x)$$

$$\phi(x)$$

Fields in 5D

$$A_M(x, y)$$

$$\psi(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_L(x, y) \\ \psi_R(x, y) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\phi(x, y)$$

$$y \rightarrow -y \quad (S_1 / Z_2)$$

Kaluza–Klein (KK) expansion of the 5D fields

$$A_\mu(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left\{ A_\mu^0(x) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_\mu^n(x) \cos\left(\frac{ny}{R}\right) \right\}$$

$$A_5(x, y) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi R}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_5^n(x) \sin\left(\frac{ny}{R}\right)$$

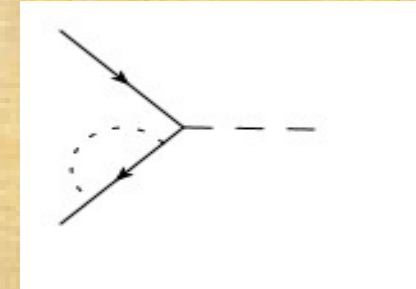
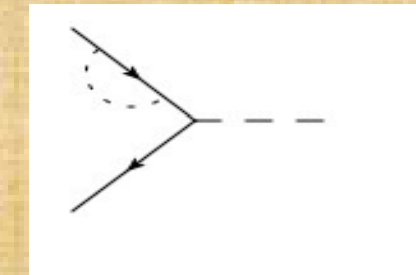
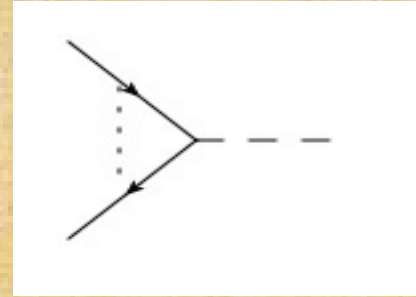
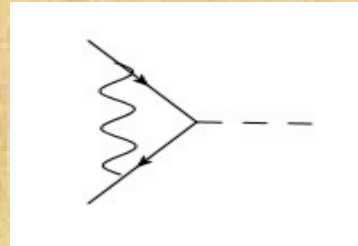
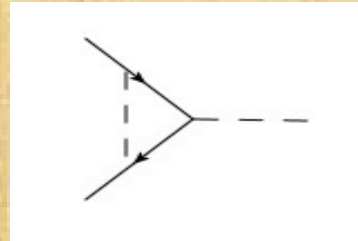
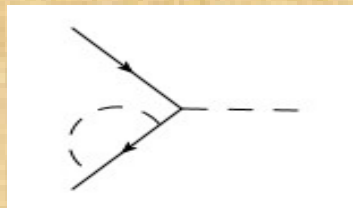
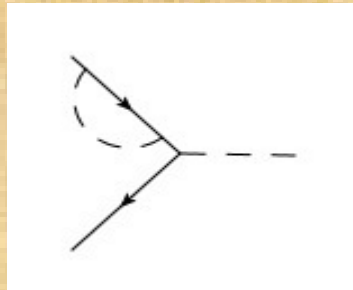
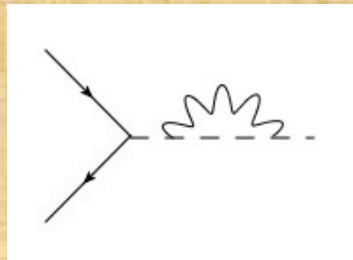
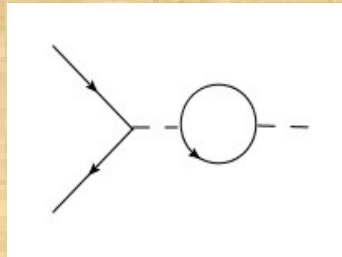
$$\psi_L(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left\{ \psi_L(x) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\psi_L^n(x) \cos\left(\frac{ny}{R}\right)] \right\}$$

$$\psi_R(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\psi_R^n(x) \sin\left(\frac{ny}{R}\right)]$$

$$\Phi(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left\{ \Phi(x) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Phi_n(x) \cos\left(\frac{ny}{R}\right) \right\}$$

One-Loop Quantum Corrections to Yukawa Couplings $\bar{\psi}_L \psi_R \phi$ in the UED Model

A. S. Cornell, L.X.Liu, arXiv:1010.5522 [hep-ph]



$$D_M u(x, y) = (\partial_M + ig_3^5 G_M + i \frac{Y_u}{2} g_1^5 B_M) u(x, y)$$

$$D_M d(x, y) = (\partial_M + ig_3^5 G_M + i \frac{Y_d}{2} g_1^5 B_M) d(x, y)$$

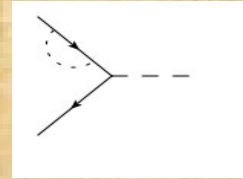
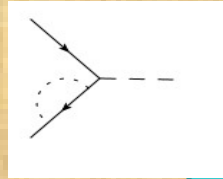
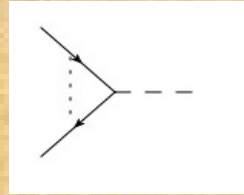
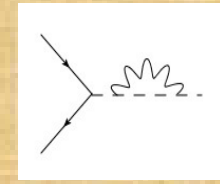
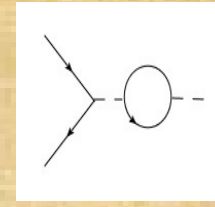
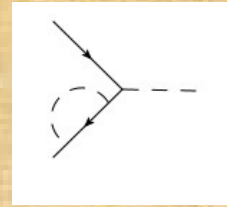
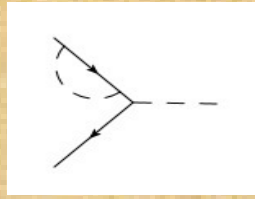
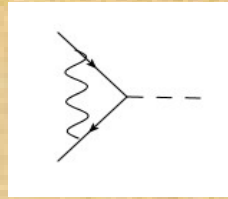
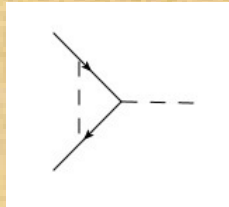
$$\ell_{Quarks} = \int_0^{\pi R} dy \{ i \bar{Q}(x, y) \Gamma^M D_M Q(x, y) + i \bar{u}(x, y) \Gamma^M D_M u(x, y) + i \bar{d}(x, y) \Gamma^M D_M d(x, y) \}$$

$$D_M Q(x, y) = (\partial_M + ig_3^5 G_M + ig_2^5 W_M + i \frac{Y_Q}{2} g_1^5 B_M) Q(x, y)$$

Standard Model

T. P. Cheng, E. Eichten and L. F. Li, PRD9, 2259, (1974).

Beta functions of the Yukawa Couplings



$$Y^o \bar{\psi}_L^o \psi_R^o \phi^o = Y^R Z_{coupling} \bar{\psi}_L^R \psi_R^R \phi^R$$

$$\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} Y^o = 0$$

$$\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Y^R = \frac{1}{2} \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{\psi_L} + \frac{1}{2} \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{\psi_R} + \frac{1}{2} \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{\phi} - \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{coupling}$$

$$16\pi^2 \frac{dY_U}{dt} = \beta_U^{SM} + \beta_U^{UED} \quad 16\pi^2 \frac{dY_D}{dt} = \beta_D^{SM} + \beta_D^{UED}$$

Cumulative Contributions from n=1 to ΛR level of KK states

$$\beta_U^{UED} = Y_U \left\{ (S-1) \left[-\left(\frac{28}{3} g_3^2 + \frac{15}{8} g_2^2 + \frac{101}{120} g_1^2\right) + \frac{3}{2} (Y_U^\dagger Y_U - Y_D^\dagger Y_D) \right] + \right.$$

$$\left. + 2(S-1) \text{Tr}[3Y_U^\dagger Y_U + 3Y_D^\dagger Y_D + Y_E^\dagger Y_E] \right\}$$

$$S(\Lambda) = \Lambda R$$

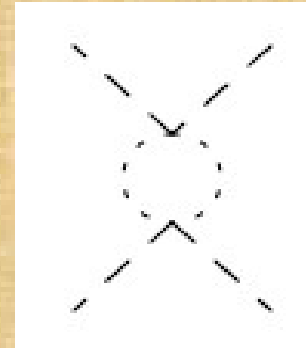
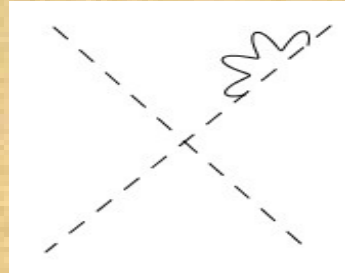
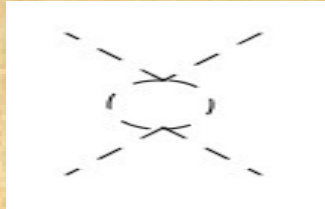
$$\beta_D^{UED} = Y_D \left\{ (S-1) \left[-\left(\frac{28}{3} g_3^2 + \frac{15}{8} g_2^2 + \frac{17}{120} g_1^2\right) + \frac{3}{2} (Y_D^\dagger Y_D - Y_U^\dagger Y_U) \right] + \right.$$

$$\left. + 2(S-1) \text{Tr}[3Y_U^\dagger Y_U + 3Y_D^\dagger Y_D + Y_E^\dagger Y_E] \right\}$$

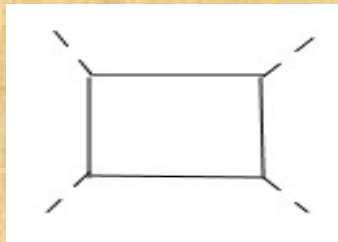
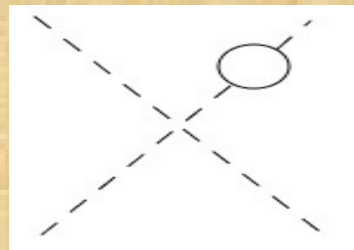
One-Loop Quantum Corrections to Higgs Quartic Coupling in the UED Model

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$$

A. S. Cornell, L.X.Liu, arXiv:1105.1132 [hep-ph]



$$A_5^{(n)}(x)$$



$$\frac{\lambda^0}{2} (\Phi^{0\dagger} \Phi^0)^2 = \frac{\lambda^R}{2} Z_{Vertex} (\Phi^{R\dagger} \Phi^R)^2$$



$$\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \lambda^o = 0$$

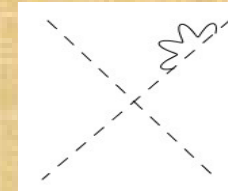
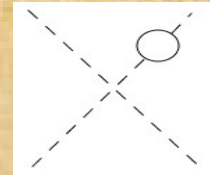
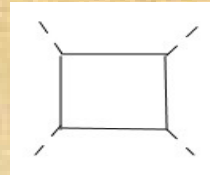
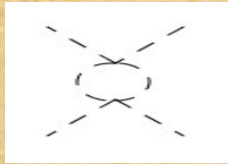
T. P. Cheng, E. Eichten and L. F. Li, PRD9, 2259,(1974).

Standard Model

$$\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln \lambda^R = \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_\Phi^2 - \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{Vertex}$$

RGE of Higgs Quartic Coupling

Beta Functions of the Higgs Quartic Coupling



$$\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln \lambda^R = \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_\Phi^2 - \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \ln Z_{\text{Vertex}}$$

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d\lambda}{dt} = \beta_\lambda^{\text{SM}} + \beta_\lambda^{\text{UED}}$$

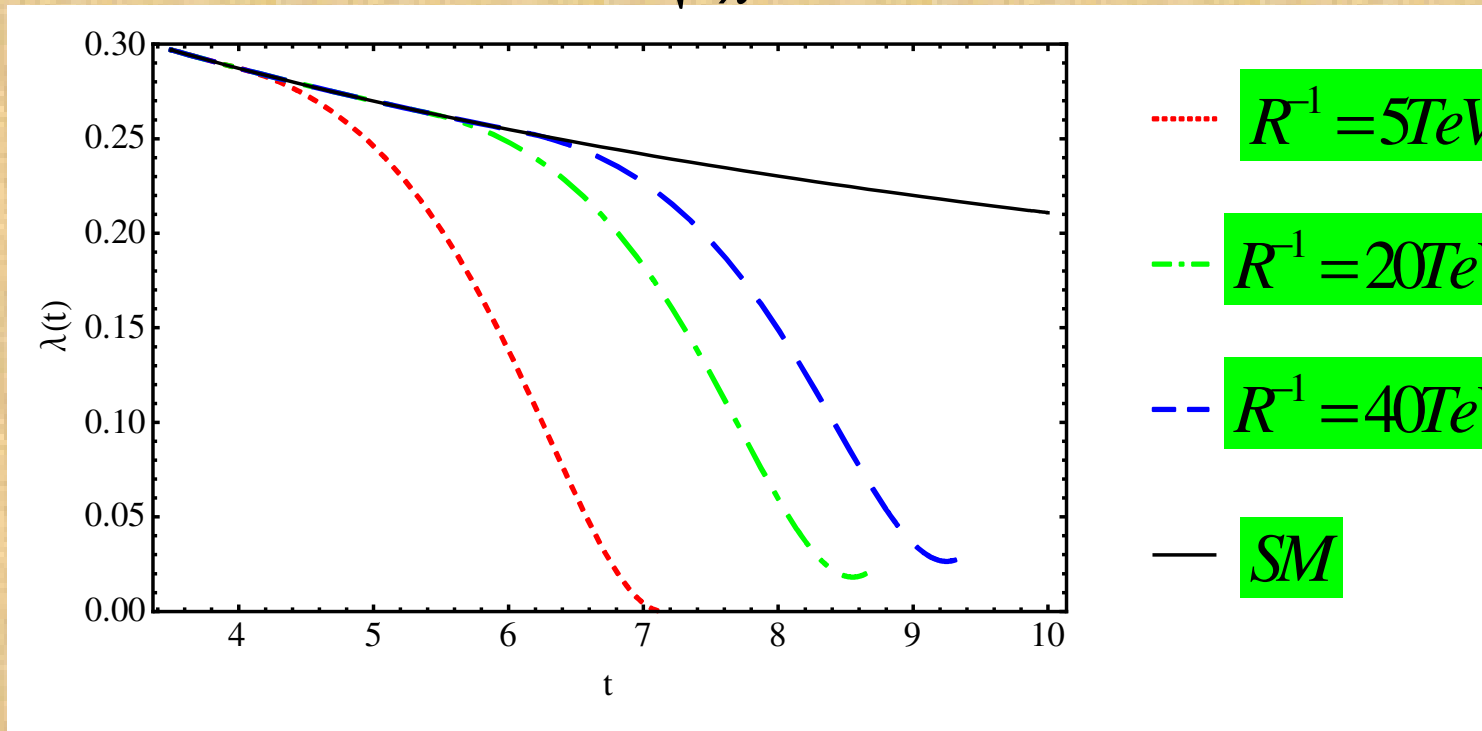
$$\beta_\lambda^{\text{UED}} = (S(t) - 1) \left\{ 12\lambda^2 - 3 \left(\frac{3}{5} g_1^2 + 3g_2^2 \right) \lambda + \left(\frac{9}{25} g_1^4 + \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 g_2^2 + 3g_2^4 \right) \right\} \\ + 2(S(t) - 1) \left\{ 4\lambda \text{Tr}[3Y_U^\dagger Y_U + 3Y_D^\dagger Y_D + Y_E^\dagger Y_E] - 4\text{Tr}[3(Y_U^\dagger Y_U)^2 + 3(Y_D^\dagger Y_D)^2 + (Y_E^\dagger Y_E)^2] \right\}$$

Extra dimension effects: Cumulative Contributions
from $n=1$ to ΛR level of KK states

Vacuum Stability Condition for the UED Model

$$\langle VEV \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\mu^2}{\lambda}} = 246 GeV$$

$$\lambda(M_Z) = 0.394$$



$$V = -\mu^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi + \lambda (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$$

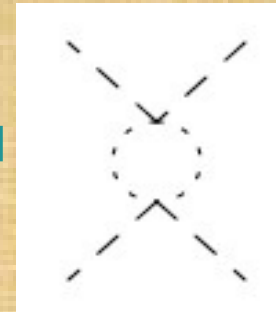
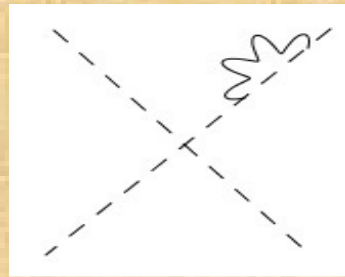
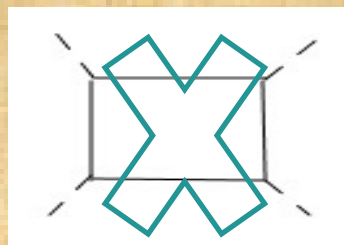
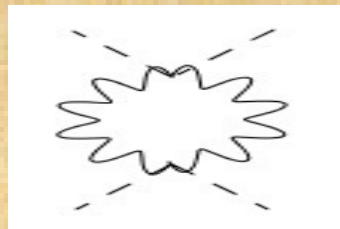
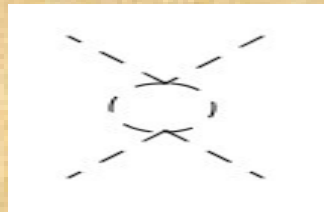
$$\frac{\lambda}{2} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2 \longrightarrow \lambda > 0 \quad \text{for the scalar potential or vacuum stability condition}$$

$$152 GeV \sim m_H(M_Z) \sim 157 GeV$$

One-Loop Quantum Corrections to Higgs Quartic Coupling in the Brane Localized Matter fields 5D Model

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$$

L.X. Liu, A.S.Cornell, arXiv:1204.0532 [hep-ph]



$$A_5^{(n)}(x)$$

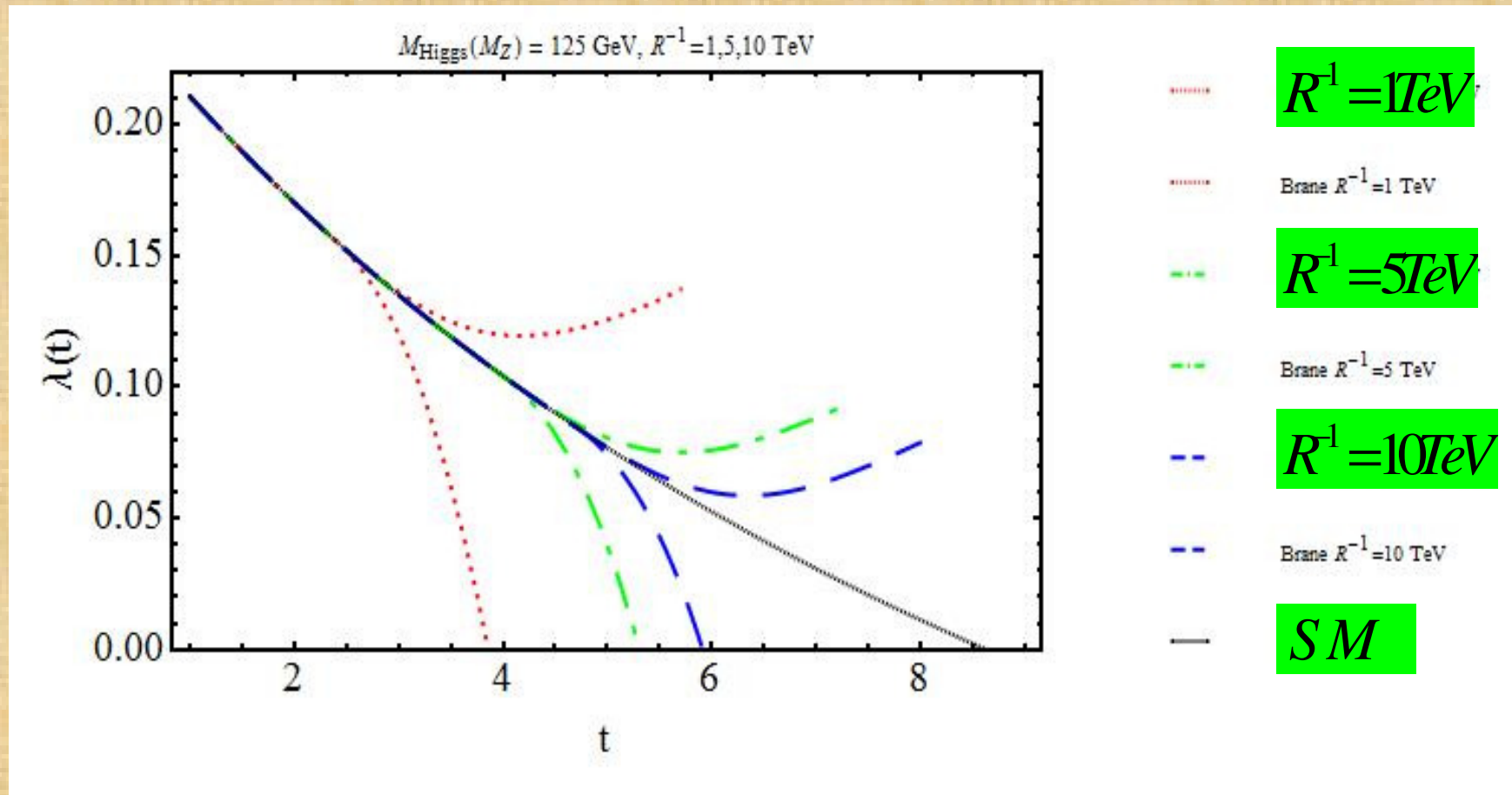
RGE of Higgs Quartic Coupling

$$\beta_\lambda^{UED} = (S(t) - 1) \left\{ 12\lambda^2 - 3 \left(\frac{3}{5} g_1^2 + 3g_2^2 \right) \lambda + \left(\frac{9}{25} g_1^4 + \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 g_2^2 + 3g_2^4 \right) \right\}$$

~~$$+ 2(S(t) - 1) \left\{ 4\lambda \text{Tr} [3Y_U^\dagger Y_U + 3Y_D^\dagger Y_D + Y_E^\dagger Y_E] - 4\text{Tr} [3(Y_U^\dagger Y_U)^2 + 3(Y_D^\dagger Y_D)^2 + (Y_E^\dagger Y_E)^2] \right\}$$~~

Alternative 5D Scenario-Brane Localized Matter Fields

LHC latest constraints 125GeV



Lu-Xin Liu, A.S.Cornell, Improved vacuum stability in a five dimensional model, arXiv:1204.0532 [hep-ph]

$$m_H = \sqrt{\lambda} v$$

$$v = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

N=1 Five Dimensional Supersymmetry

(Extra Dimension + Supersymmetry)

Gauge Supermultiplet

A_M 5 vector gauge field

λ Dirac spinor

Σ Real scalar

Scalar Supermultiplet

H^i Scalar fields $SU(2)_R$ doublet

ψ Dirac spinor

Dimensional Reduction

4D vector supermultiplet V

$A_\mu \lambda_L$

4D chiral supermultiplet χ

$\Sigma + iA_5 \lambda_R$

4D chiral supermultiplet Φ

$H^1 \psi_L$

4D antichiral supermultiplet Φ^c

$H^{2*} \psi_R$

Superfield Effective Actions

$$S_{matter} = \int d^8 z \left\{ \bar{\Phi}^{(0)} \Phi^{(0)} + 2g \bar{\Phi}^{(0)} V^{(0)} \Phi^{(0)} + 2g \sum_{n=1} \bar{\Phi}^{(n)} V^{(n)} \Phi^{(0)} + \right. \\ \left. + g \sum_{n=1} \Phi^{c(n)} \chi^{(n)} \Phi^{(0)} \delta(\bar{\theta}) + \dots \right\}$$

→ Zero modes → MSSM fields
 $y \rightarrow -y$ S_1 / Z_2

KK expansion of the Superfields

$$V(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left\{ V^{(0)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [V^{(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) \cos(\frac{ny}{R})] \right\}$$

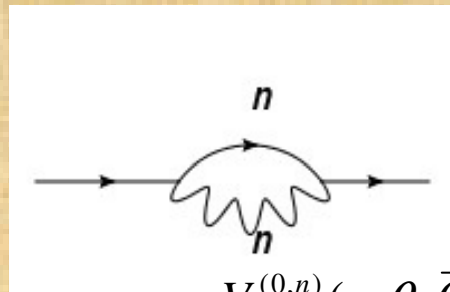
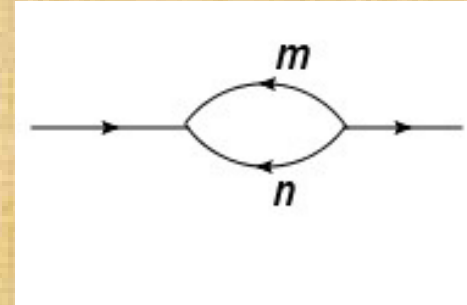
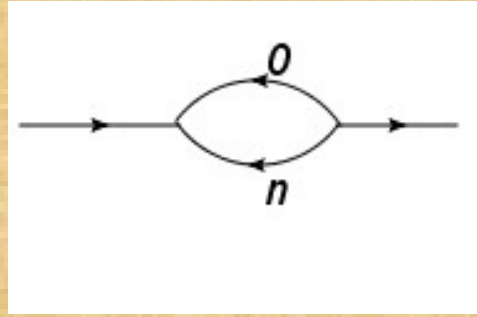
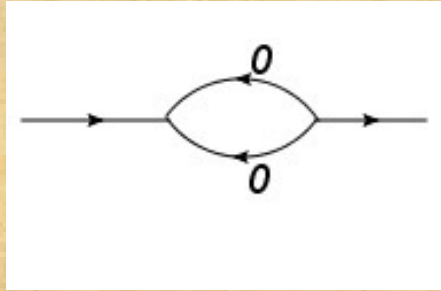
$$\chi(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\chi^{(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) \sin(\frac{ny}{R})]$$

$$S_{Yukawa} = \int d^8 z \left\{ \frac{\lambda_{ijk}}{6} [\Phi_i^{(0)} \Phi_j^{(0)} \Phi_k^{(0)} + 3\sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1} \Phi_i^{(n)} \Phi_j^{(0)} \Phi_k^{(0)} + \right. \\ \left. + 6 \sum_{m,n=1} \Phi_i^{(0)} \Phi_j^{(m)} \Phi_k^{(n)} \right] \delta(\bar{\theta}) + \dots \right\}$$

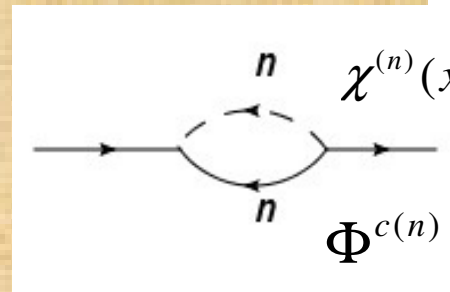
$$\Phi^c(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}, y) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi R}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Phi^{c(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) \sin(\frac{ny}{R})$$

$$\Phi(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left\{ \Phi^{(0)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Phi^{(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) \cos(\frac{ny}{R}) \right\}$$

Quantum Correction to the Superfield Wavefunction Renormalization



$$V^{(0,n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$$



$$\chi^{(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$$

$$\Phi^{c(n)}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$$

Beta Functions of the Yukawa Couplings

$$16\pi^2 \frac{dY_d}{dt} = Y_d (3\text{Tr}(Y_d^\dagger Y_d) + \text{Tr}(Y_e^\dagger Y_e) + 3Y_d^\dagger Y_d + Y_u^\dagger Y_u) \pi S(t)^2 - Y_d \left(\frac{7}{15} g_1^2 + 3g_2^2 + \frac{16}{3} g_3^2 \right) S(t)$$

$$16\pi^2 \frac{dY_u}{dt} = Y_u (3\text{Tr}(Y_u^\dagger Y_u) + 3Y_u^\dagger Y_u + Y_d^\dagger Y_d) \pi S(t)^2 - Y_u \left(\frac{13}{15} g_1^2 + 3g_2^2 + \frac{16}{3} g_3^2 \right) S(t)$$

$$16\pi^2 \frac{dY_e}{dt} = Y_e (3\text{Tr}(Y_d^\dagger Y_d) + \text{Tr}(Y_e^\dagger Y_e) + 3Y_e^\dagger Y_e) \pi S(t)^2 - Y_e \left(\frac{9}{5} g_1^2 + 3g_2^2 \right) S(t)$$

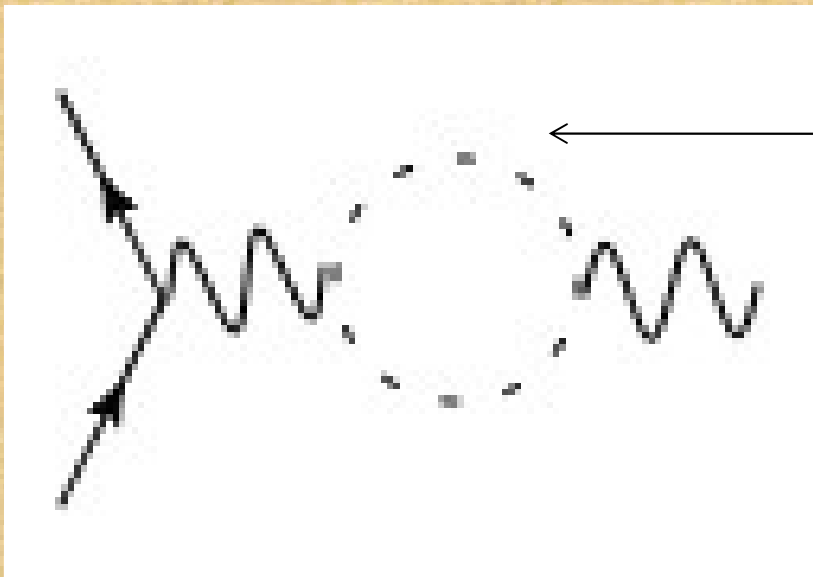
KK number non-conservation effects

Beta functions of the Gauge Couplings

$\chi(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$ ~the scalar field and its superpartner

$\Phi^c(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$ ~the scalar field and its superpartner for each **matter fields**

$\Phi^c(x, \theta, \bar{\theta})$ ~the scalar field and its superpartner for each **Higgs fields**



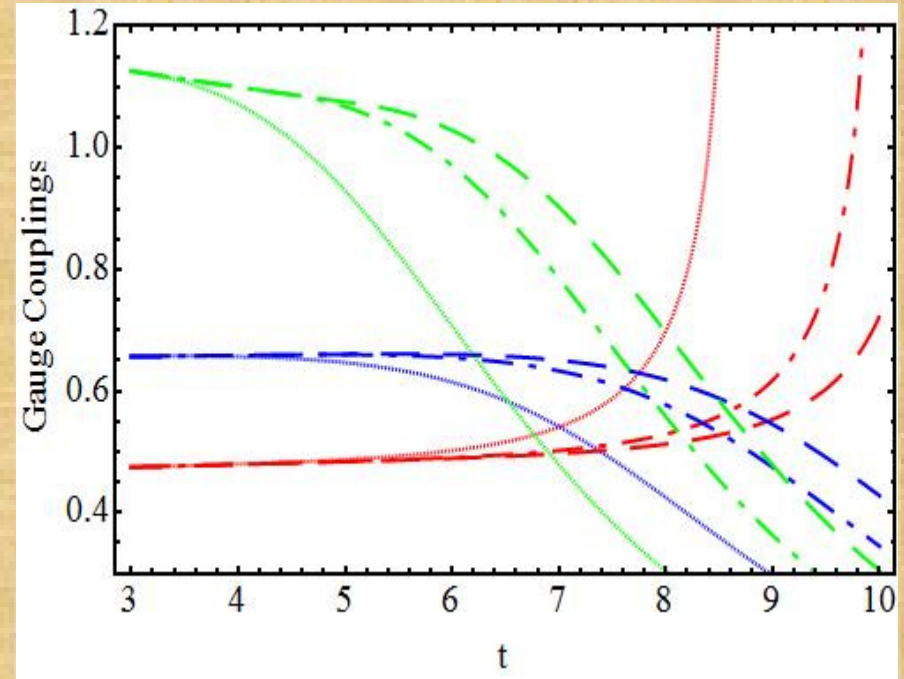
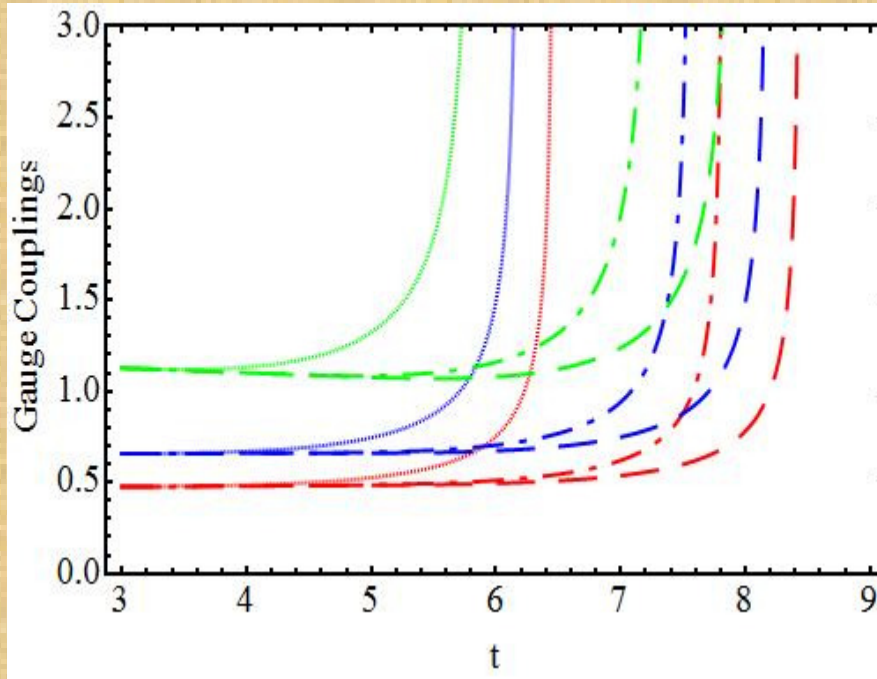
new contributions from these fields
to the wave function renormalization
of the gauge fields

$$16\pi^2 \frac{dg_i}{dt} = [b_i^{MSSM} + (S(t) - 1)\tilde{b}_i]g_i^3$$

$$b_i^{MSSM} = \left(\frac{33}{5}, 1, -3\right)$$

$$(\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, \tilde{b}_3) = \left(\frac{6}{5}, -2, -6\right) + 4\eta$$

Evolution of the Gauge Couplings



$$(\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, \tilde{b}_3) = \left(\frac{6}{5}, -2, -6\right) + 4\eta$$

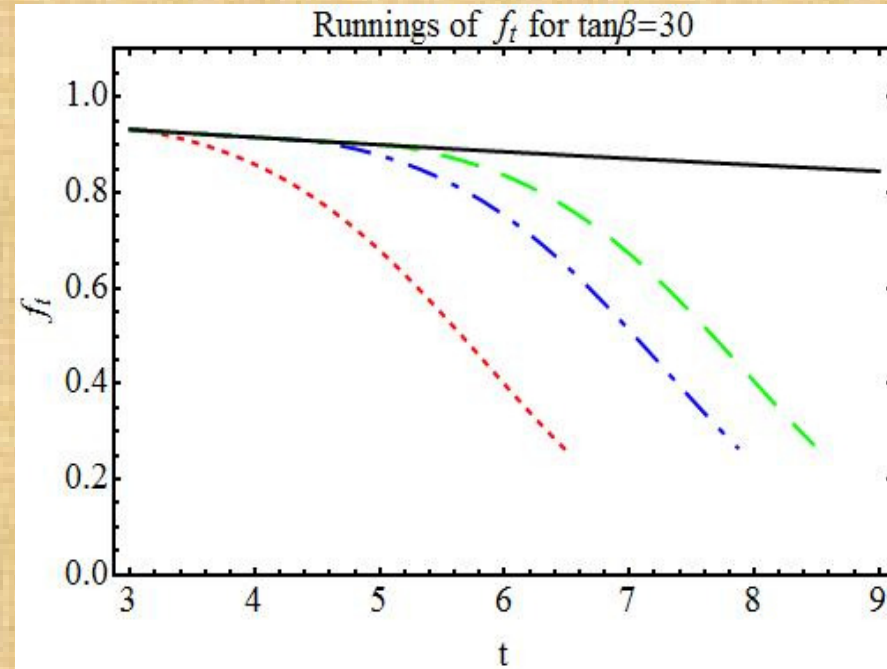
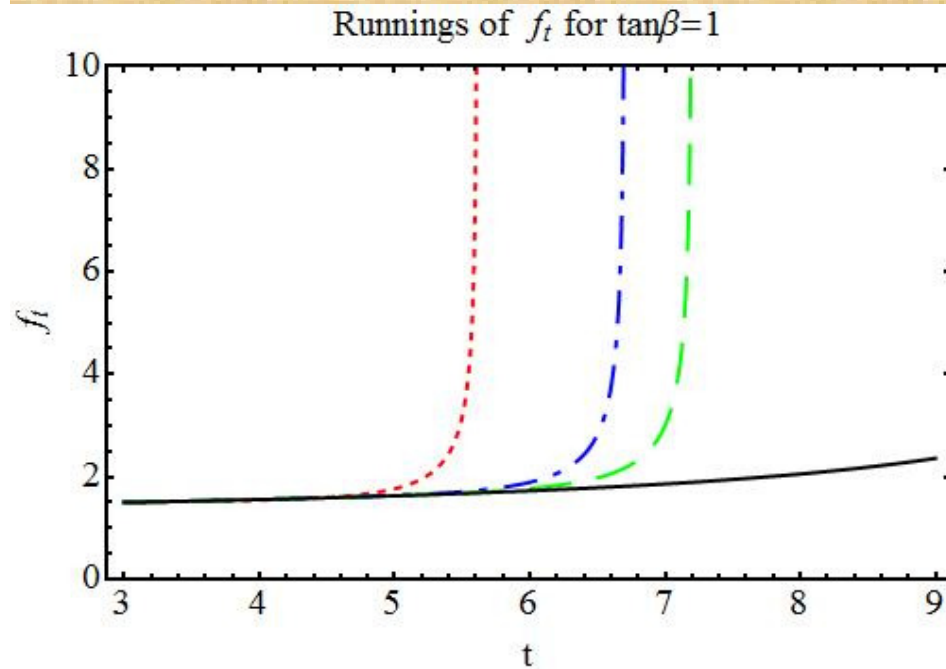
$\eta = 3$

Universal Scenario

$$\eta = 0$$

Brane Localized Matter
Fields Scenario

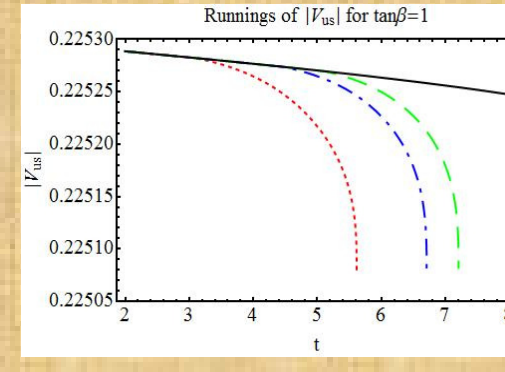
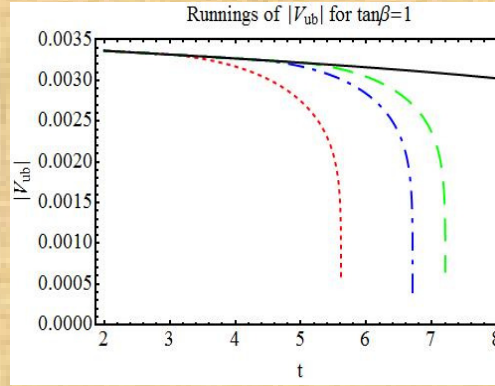
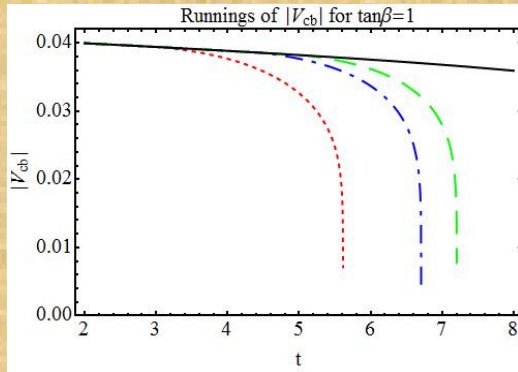
Evolutions of the Top Yukawa Coupling for Different $\tan \beta$



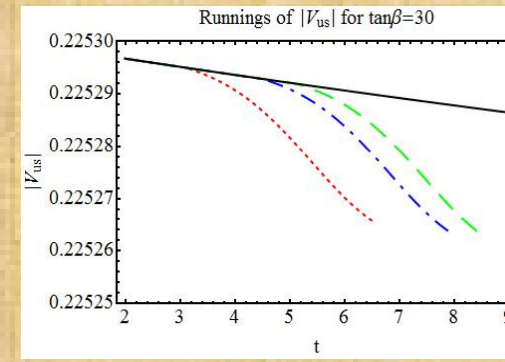
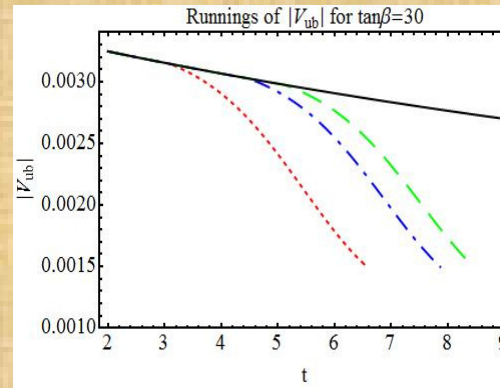
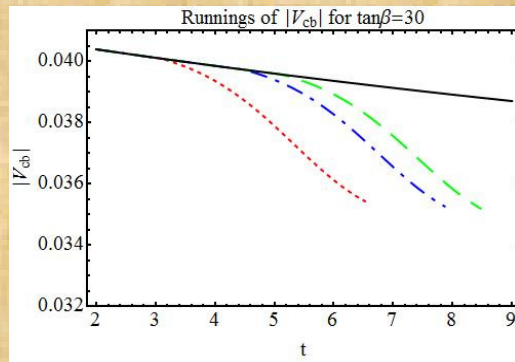
$$\tan \beta = \frac{v_u}{v_d} \quad v_u^2 + v_d^2 = \left(\frac{246}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \quad Y_{d,s,b} = \frac{m_{d,s,b}}{v_d} \quad Y_{u,c,t} = \frac{m_{u,c,t}}{v_u}$$

A.S. Cornell, A. Deandrea, Lu-Xin Liu, A. Tarhini, arXiv:1110.1942 [hep-ph]

Evolution of the CKM Flavor Mixing Matrix in the 5D MSSM Model



small
 $\tan\beta$



large
 $\tan\beta$

$$V_{cb} \approx \theta_{23}$$

$$V_{ub} \approx \theta_{13} e^{-i\delta_{13}}$$

$$V_{us} \approx \theta_{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_W &= \bar{u}_L \gamma_\mu d_L = \bar{u}_L (mass) \gamma_\mu V_U^+ V_D d_L (mass) \\ &= \bar{u}_L (mass) \gamma_\mu V_{CKM} d_L (mass) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}e^{-i\delta_{13}} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta_{13}} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta_{13}} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

Summary

- In the 5D Model, in light of the current LHC Higgs mass bounds, the evolution of the Higgs self-coupling has an **improved vacuum stability** condition for brane localized matter fields scenario.
- In the 5D MSSM, **the brane localized matter** field scenario with a large $\tan\beta$ has a preferable gauge unification and better Yukawa evolution behavior.
- As for the flavor mixing matrix, the CKM evolves towards no mixing (or small mixing) scenario at high energy scale.