Excluding Electroweak Baryogenesis in the MSSM

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[arXiv:1203.2932] David Curtin, Patrick Meade, PJ

Motivation

- Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe (BAU)
 → "an unsolved mystery"
- Many approaches : Leptogenesis, Affleck-Dine Baryogenesis, Electroweak Baryogenesis (EWBG)
- EWBG \rightarrow weak scale physics
 - \rightarrow direct experimental tests
- LEP limits on SM Higgs mass *inconsistent* with EWBG
- Supersymmetry (MSSM) → Solution to Hierarchy Problem, Gauge Coupling Unification, Dark Matter?
- Can generate sufficient BAU and consistent with collider constraints until 2011 LHC data.

Electroweak Baryogenesis

• Sakharov's three conditions :

- \rightarrow B-violation
- \rightarrow C/CP-violation
- \rightarrow Departure from thermal equilibrium
- EWBG :
 - \rightarrow Sphaleron processes
 - \rightarrow Complex phases
 - $\rightarrow 1^{st}$ Order Phase Transition
- EWBG in SM : All three conditions satisfied. However, not enough BAU (weak first order phase transition).

Electroweak Baryogenesis

BAU Computation

First order Phase Transition

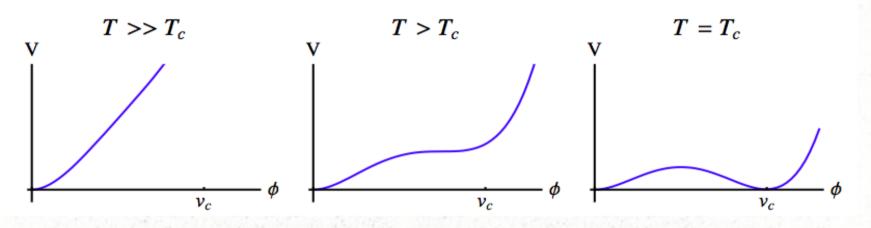
Not so easy! → more constraining Quantum transport, hydrodynamic calc.

Creating BAU

sources of CP violation : EDM Constraints

Reasonably easy to satisfy...

First Order Phase Transition



Sphaleron processes $\sim e^{-v/T}$

- \rightarrow Inside the bubble wall (broken phase), sphalerons suppressed.
- → Suppression must be strong enough to prevent washout of B generated outside the wall ($v_c/T_c \gtrsim 1$)
- To get first order phase transition, a *cubic term* in φ is required.
 - \rightarrow Strength of phase transition ~ (cubic coeff)/(quartic coeff)
- Thermal QFT \rightarrow only *bosons* can generate such a term.

First Order Phase Transition

• Form of the cubic term in the thermal potential :

$$\rightarrow$$
 V ~ T m³(ϕ) ~ c T ϕ ²

<u>SM</u>

- Background dependent bosons : W, Z
- Small couplings to φ
 - \rightarrow small cubic coeff
 - \rightarrow weak 1st order phase transition

<u>MSSM</u>

- Background dependent bosons : W, Z, Stops
- Large top Yukawa couplings to φ
 - \rightarrow large cubic coeff
 - \rightarrow strong 1st order phase transition ... but

Thermal Potential in the MSSM V (cubic) ~ T m³(ϕ) ~ c T ϕ ³

where, $m(\phi)$ are the mass eigenstates.

• Stop mass eigenstates :

$$\begin{split} m_{\tilde{t}_{1,2}}^2(\phi) &= \frac{m_{\tilde{t}_L}^2(\phi) + m_{\tilde{t}_R}^2(\phi)}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{m_{\tilde{t}_L}^2(\phi) - m_{\tilde{t}_R}^2(\phi)}{2}\right)^2 + [m_X^2(\phi)]^2} \,. \\ m_{\tilde{t}_R}^2 &= m_{Q_3}^2 + h_t^2 \phi_u^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W\right) \frac{g^2 + {g'}^2}{2} (\phi_u^2 - \phi_d^2) \\ m_{\tilde{t}_L}^2 &= m_{U_3}^2 + h_t^2 \phi_u^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W\right) \frac{g^2 + {g'}^2}{2} (\phi_u^2 - \phi_d^2) \\ m_X^2 &= h_t (A_t \phi_u - \mu \phi_d) \end{split}$$

- Complications due to :
 - \rightarrow non-linear φ dependence
 - \rightarrow Thermal masses : $\Pi_{t_L}, \ \Pi_{\tilde{t}_R} \sim g^2 T^2$

EWBG in MSSM

$$m_{ ilde{t}_{1,2}}^2(\phi) = rac{m_{ ilde{t}_L}^2(\phi) + m_{ ilde{t}_R}^2(\phi)}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(rac{m_{ ilde{t}_L}^2(\phi) - m_{ ilde{t}_R}^2(\phi)}{2}
ight)^2 + \left[m_X^2(\phi)
ight]^2}$$

• Require $m_{U_3}^2 \sim -\prod_{t_R}$ and small mixing. \rightarrow maximize cubic term \rightarrow avoid color-breaking

 $m_{\tilde{t}_1} < m_t \text{ and } A_t \lesssim m_Q/2 \text{ (light right-handed stop)}$ • Heavy left-handed stops > TeV

(ρ parameter and LEP Higgs mass constraints) $m_h^2 = m_Z^2 c_{2\beta}^2$ $+ \frac{3m_t^4}{4\pi^2 v^2} \left(\log \frac{m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{t}_2}}{m_t^2} + \frac{X_t^2}{M_S^2} \left(1 - \frac{X_t^2}{12M_S^2} \right) \right)$

EWBG in MSSM

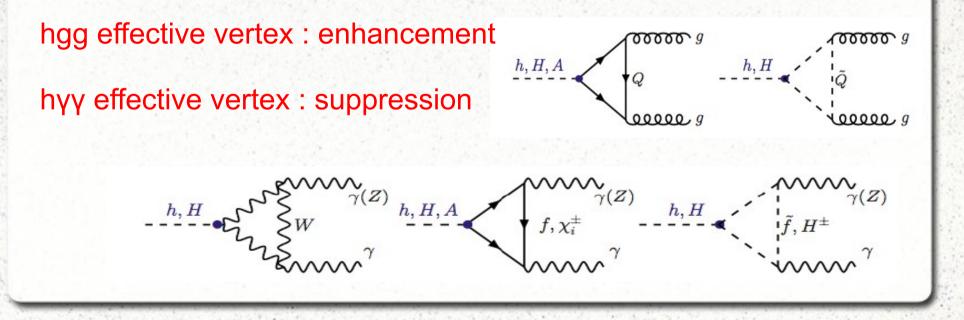
Light Stop Scenario

 $m_{ar{t}_R} = 80 - 115\,{
m GeV}$, $m_{ar{t}_L} \gtrsim ~10^3\,{
m TeV}$, $\taneta pprox 5 - 15$

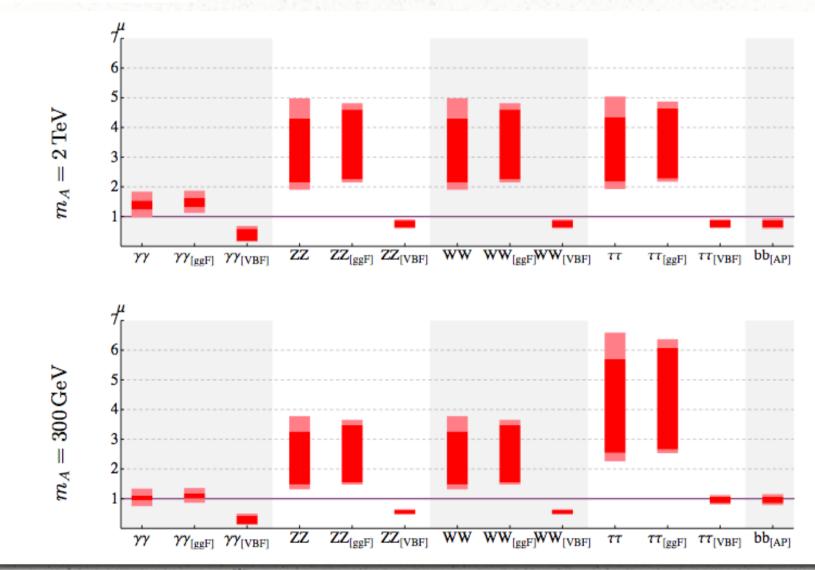
M. Carena, G. Nardini, M. Quiros and C. E. M. Wagner, Nucl. Phys. B 812, 243 (2009) [arXiv:0809.3760 [hep-ph]].

The Fingerprint of EWBG

- Direct searches for stops model dependent
 - \rightarrow easy to evade e.g. displaced vertex
- *Fingerprint of EWBG* : Effect of light stops on Higgs phenomenology through loops : correlations between Higgs production and decay channels

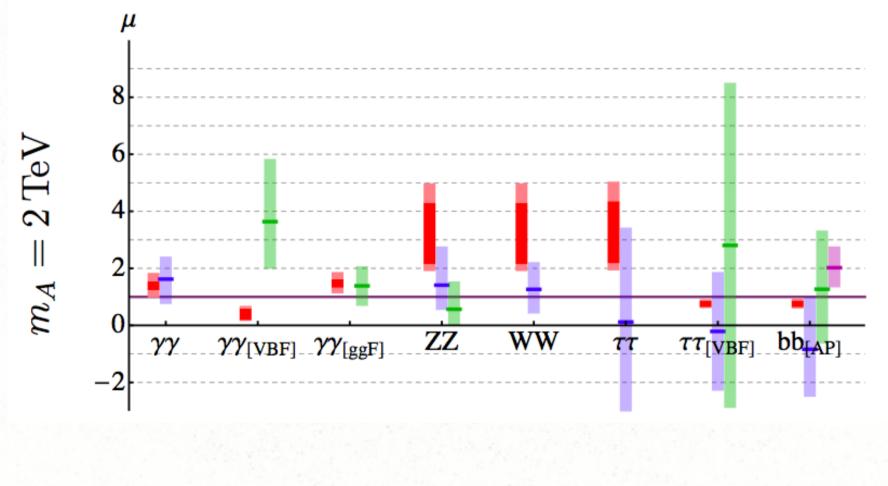


The Fingerprint of EWBG $m_h = 125 \,\mathrm{GeV}$ $m_{\tilde{t}_R} \in (80, 115) \,\mathrm{GeV}$ $\tan \beta \in (5, 15)$



EWBG vs LHC

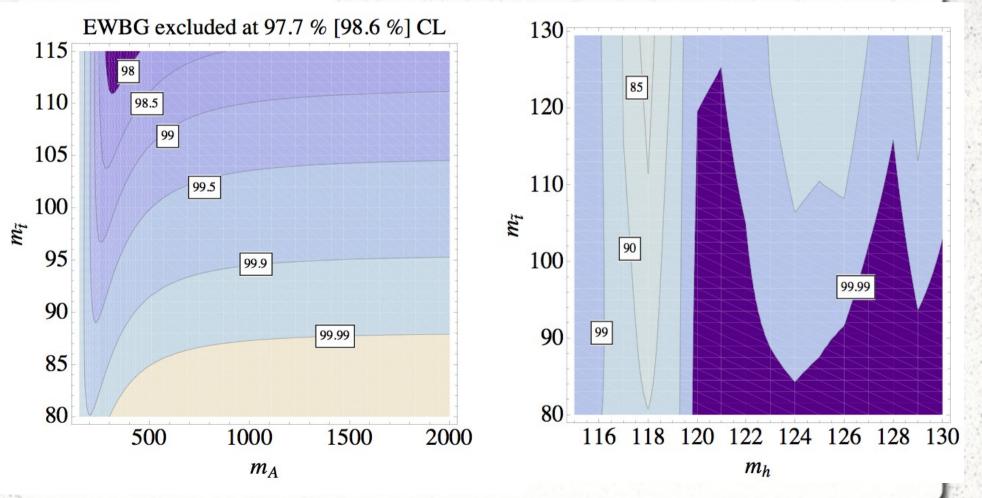
 $m_h = 125 \,\mathrm{GeV}$



EWBG vs LHC

decoupling limit $m_A > 1 \,\mathrm{TeV}$

 $m_h = 125\,{
m GeV}$



Results and Conclusion

- A heavy Higgs (~125 GeV) is disfavored by EWBG.
- EWBG prediction : light right-handed stop ($< m_1$)
- Higgs physics : a test of EWBG
 - → Production and decay rates modified significantly compared to SM
- Most of the parameter space excluded at 90% CL except $m_h \approx 117 119 \,\text{GeV}$
- $m_h = 125 \,\text{GeV}$ Excluded at 95% CL for decoupling limit and at least 90% CL in the non-decoupling limit.