



European Organization for Nuclear Research Über 50 Jahre Grundlagenforschung

CERN

... das Labor ... die Beschleuniger ... die Experimente ... die Physik ...

Dr. Sascha Marc Schmeling
CERN PH



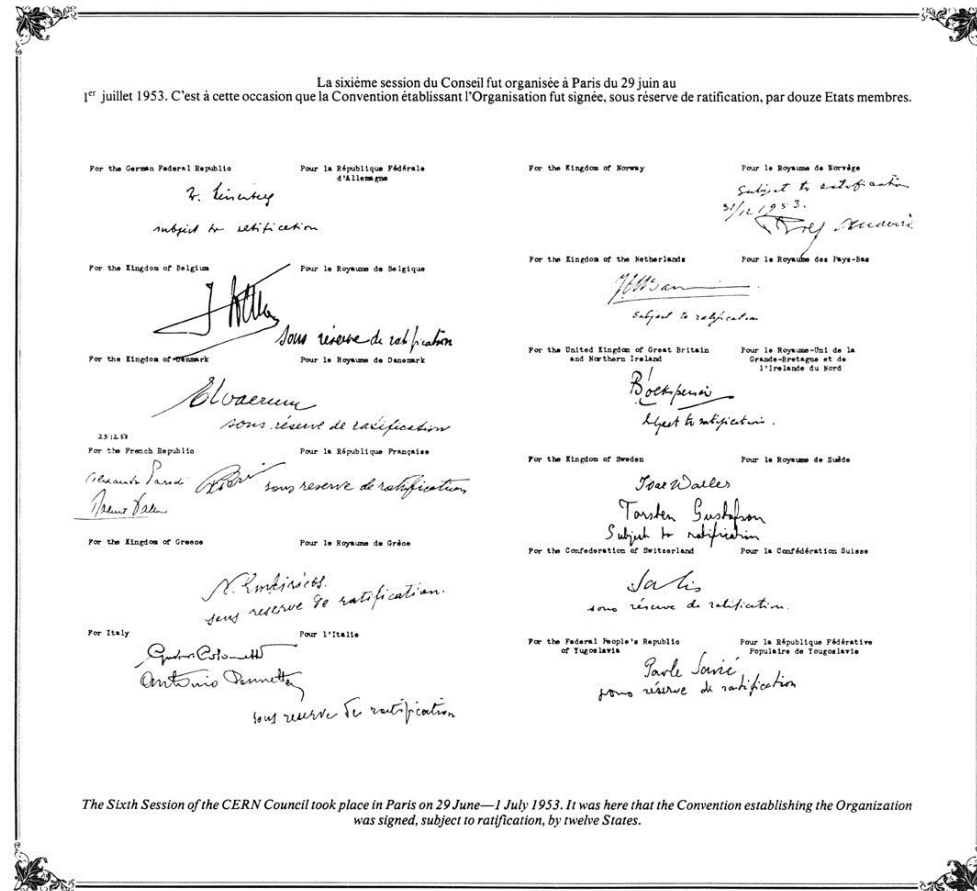
CERN – Eine Einführung

- CERN – Organisation, Teilchenphysik, Forschung
- Beschleuniger und Experimente
 - vom Wasserstoff zum schnellen Proton
 - Experimente
- Der LHC – In Betrieb!



Geschichte

- 1949
Erste Ansätze ziviler Forschung im Bereich der Nukleartechnik
- 1952
Gründung des **C**onseil **E**uropéen pour la **R**echerche **N**ucléaire unter der Obhut der UNESCO
- Oktober 1952
Standortauswahl für Genf
- 1. Juli 1953
Unterzeichnung der CERN Charta
- 29. September 1954
Abschluß des Ratifikationsprozesses in den ursprünglichen zwölf Mitgliedsstaaten



The Twenty Member States of CERN



Member States (Dates of Accession)

 AUSTRIA (1959)	 DENMARK (1953)	 GREECE (1953)	 NORWAY (1953)	 SPAIN (1/1961-12/1968-1/1983)
 BELGIUM (1953)	 FINLAND (1991)	 HUNGARY (1992)	 POLAND (1991)	 SWEDEN (1953)
 BULGARIA (1999)	 FRANCE (1953)	 ITALY (1953)	 PORTUGAL (1986)	 SWITZERLAND (1953)
 CZECH FR (1993)	 GERMANY (1953)	 NETHERLANDS (1953)	 SLOVAK FR (1993)	 UNITED KINGDOM (1953)



Physics Department



CERN – Das Laboratorium



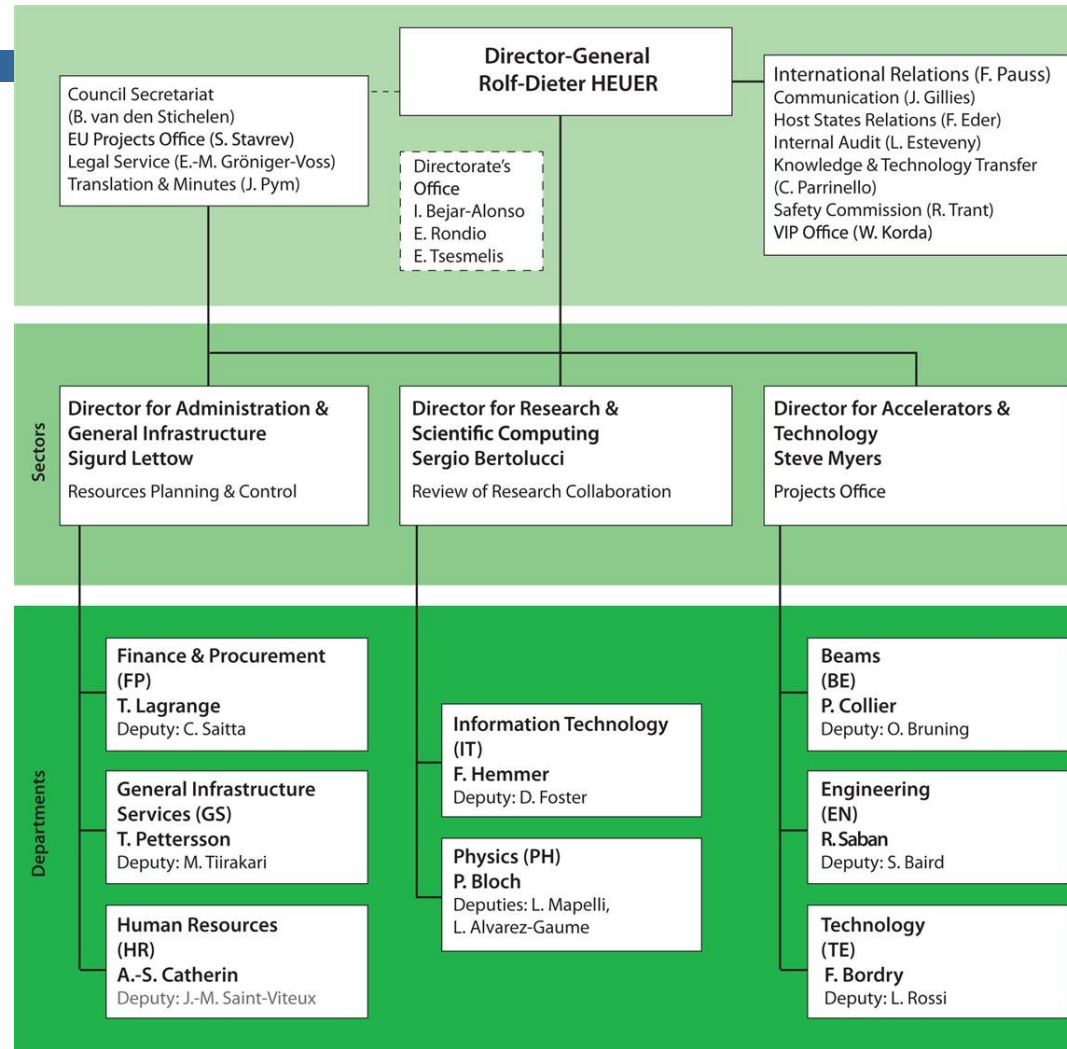


CERN Organisation

- **CERN Council**
Rat der Mitgliedsstaaten
 - 2 Sitze und Stimmen pro Mitgliedsstaat
 - Beobachter
 - z.B. UNESCO, EU
 - 4 Sessionen im Jahr

- **Scientific Policy Committee**
 - 16 Mitglieder
 - 5 Sitzungen im Jahr

- **Finance Committee**
 - alle Mitgliedsstaaten vertreten
 - Stimmenverteilung je nach Abstimmungsthema verschieden
 - 5 Sitzungen im Jahr





Menschen bei CERN – September 2011

Angestellte

- Staff
 - 2367
- Fellows
 - 464

Abgeordnete

- Wissenschaftler
 - 56
- Projektpersonal
 - 152
- Studenten
 - 204
- Doktoranden
 - 151
- Sonstige
 - 773

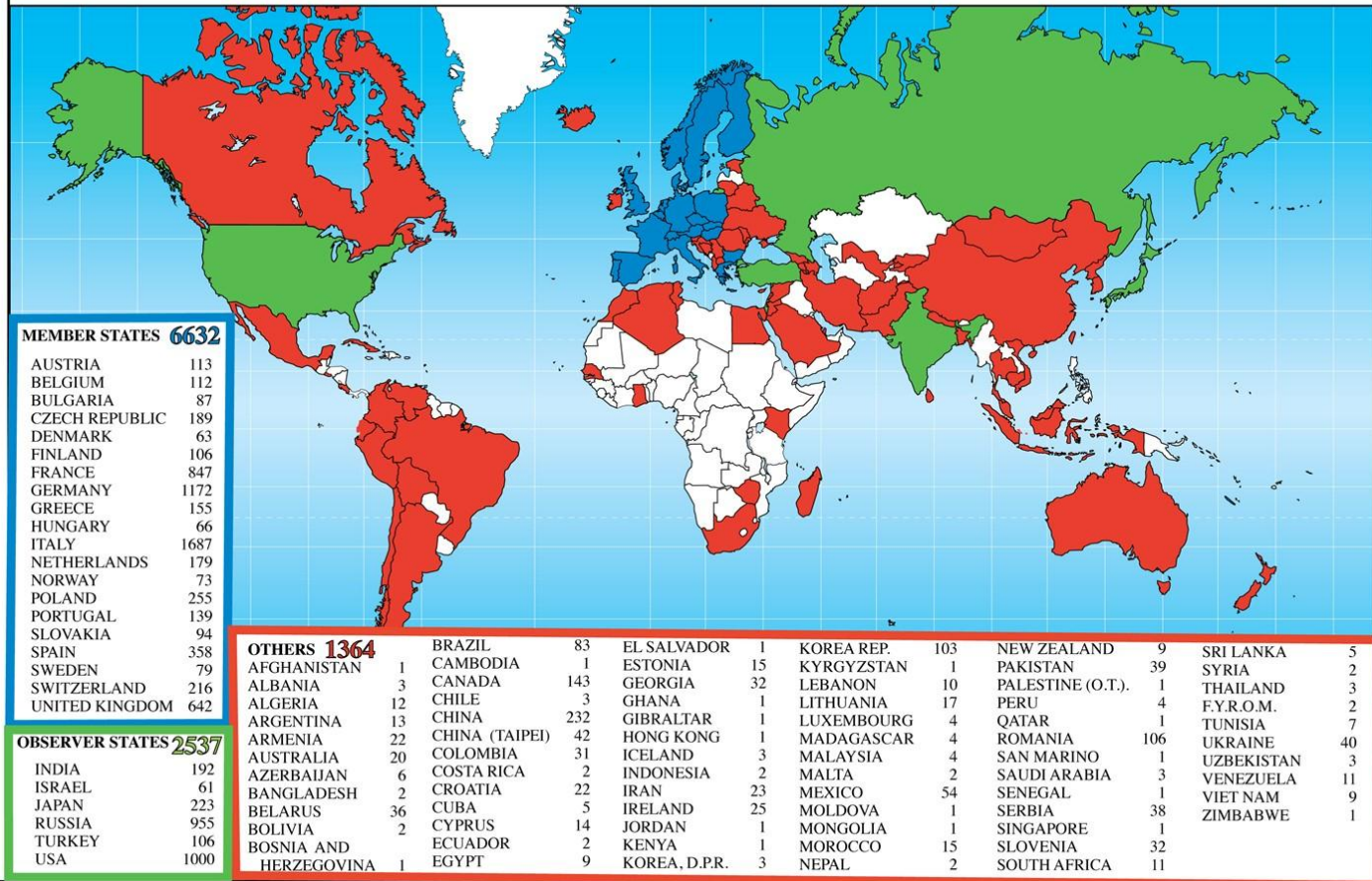
Firmen

- 3406

User

- 10577

Distribution of All CERN Users by Nationality on 27 June 2011





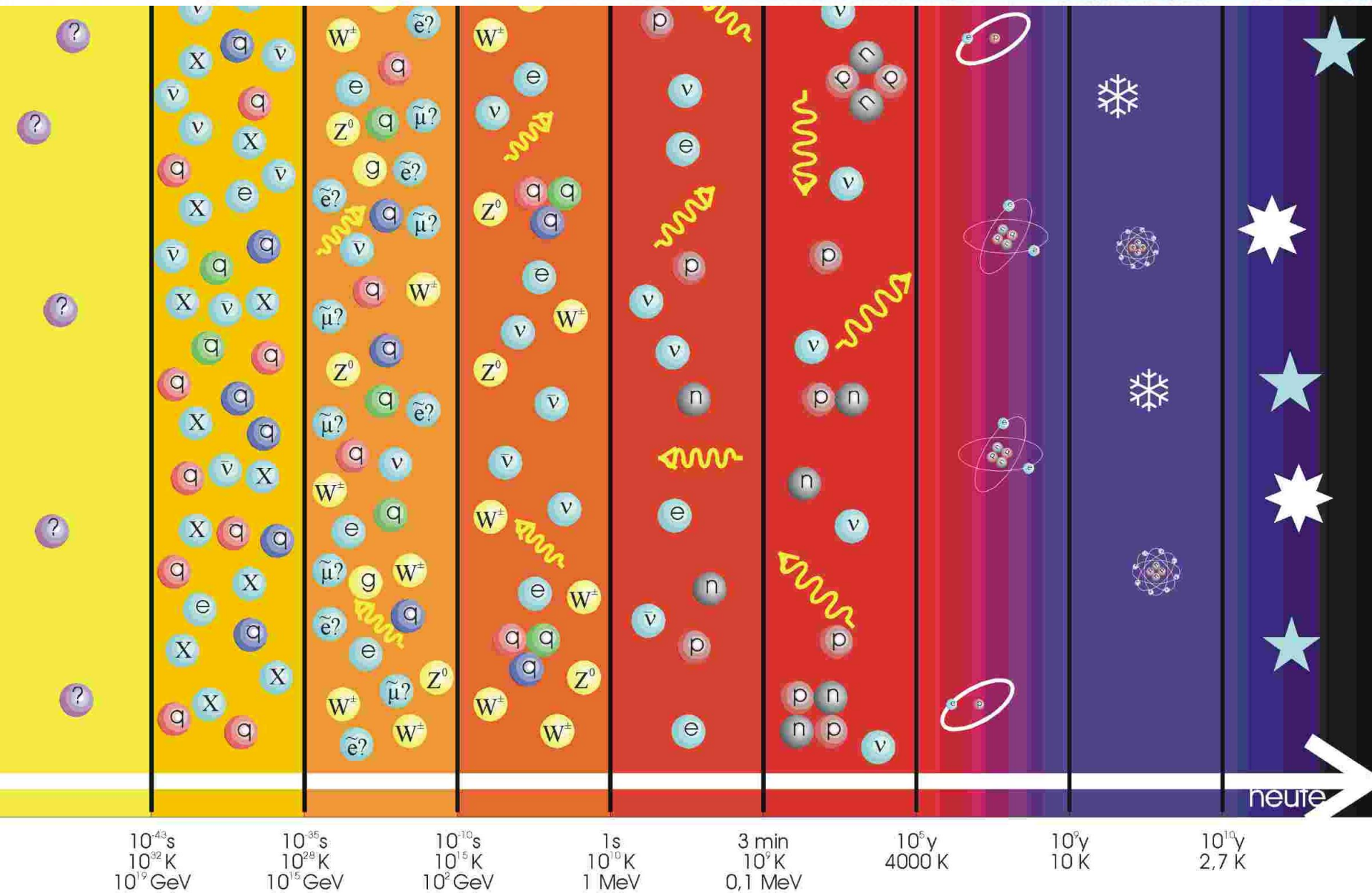
HochEnergiePhysik

- Auf der Suche nach dem,
"Was die Welt im Innersten zusammenhält"

- Suche nach
 - elementaren Teilchen
 - Kräften
 - Symmetrien



Physics Department

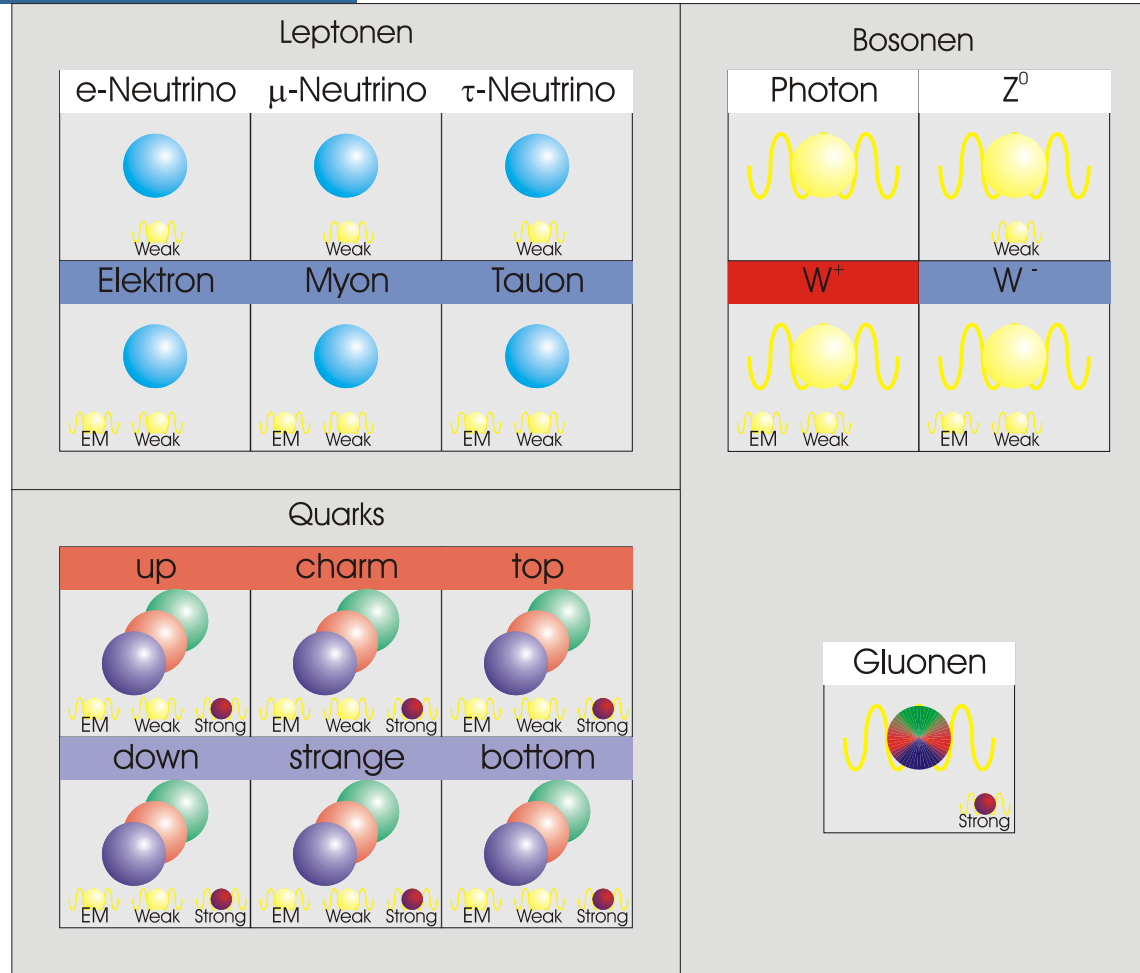




Das Standardmodell

... ist ...

- ... eine experimentell gut bestätigte Beschreibung unserer Welt auf der Ebene der Elementarteilchen
- ... eine Zusammenfassung Alles Wissens um die Natur der kleinsten Teilchen
- ... sehr präzise, sogar so weit, daß zukünftige Entdeckungen recht präzise vorhergesagt werden können



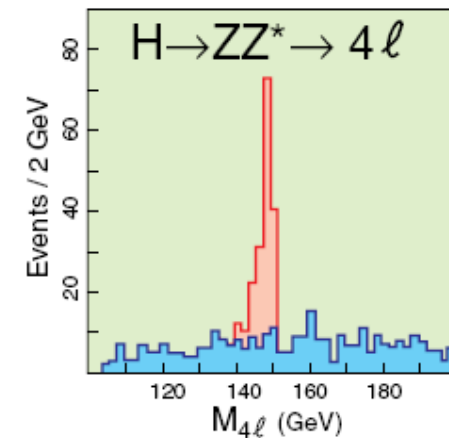
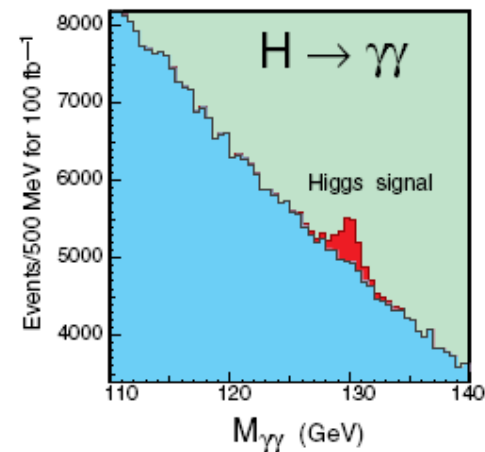
Higgs

the mystery of mass

What causes particles to have mass? Why do the masses of fundamental particles differ so enormously - the top quark is more than 200,000 times heavier than the electron?

A solution has been developed by several physicists and takes the name of Peter Higgs. According to this, the whole of space is permeated by a field, similar in some ways to the electromagnetic field. As particles move through space they travel through this field. The interaction between the particles and the field is similar to the action of a viscous force felt by a particle moving through a thick liquid. The stronger the interaction of the particles with the Higgs field, the more mass they appear to have.

We know from quantum theory that fields have particles associated with them, so if the Higgs idea is right, there must be a Higgs particle. Finding it is the key to verifying whether our best hypothesis for the origin of mass is indeed correct.





SUISSE
FRANCE

CMS

LHCb

CERN Prévessin

ATLAS

CERN Meyrin

SPS 7 km

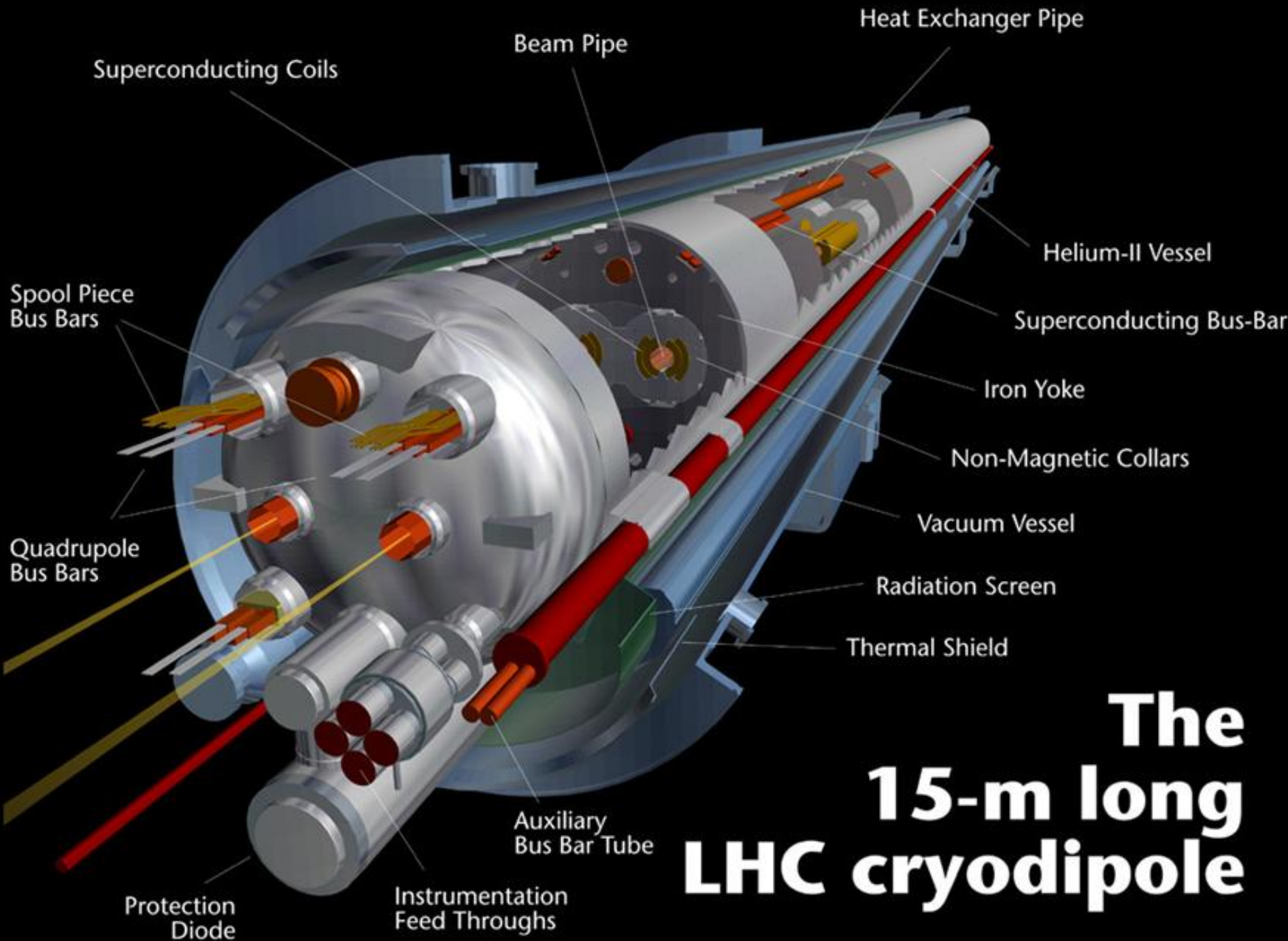
ALICE

LHC 27 km



LHC – Von der Idee zum Beschleuniger

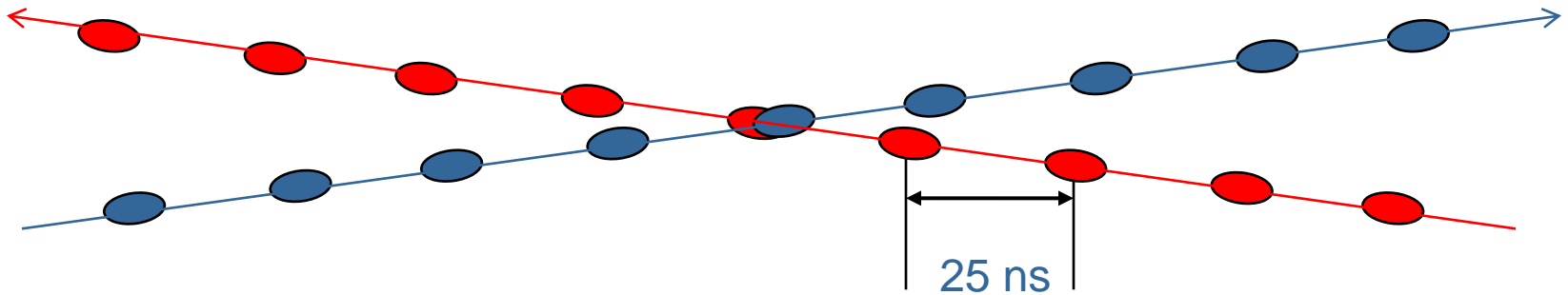
- 1982 : Erste Projektstudien
- 1983 : Z^0 -Ereignis am Sp^pS
- 1985 : Nobelpreis für S. van der Meer und C. Rubbia
- 1989 : Beginn des LEP-Betriebs (Z Factory)
- 1994 : Zustimmung zum LHC durch das Council
- 1996 : Endgültige Entscheidung zum Baubeginn
- 1996 : LEP Betrieb bei 100 GeV (W Factory)
- 2000 : Ende des LEP Betriebs
- 2002 : Abschluß des LEP Abbaus
- 2003 : Beginn der LHC Installation
- 2005 : Beginn der LHC Tests
- 2008 : Erste Betriebsaufnahme LHC
- 2009 : *Physik!*



The 15-m long LHC cryodipole



Strahlenergie



Strahlenergie = Protonenenergie • Anzahl der Wolken • Anzahl der Protonen pro Wolke

Protonenenergie: 7 TeV

bei höchster Intensität:

Anzahl der Wolken pro Richtung: 2808

Anzahl der Protonen je Wolke: $1.05 \cdot 10^{11}$

Strahlenergie (pro Richtung): 346 MJoule



Gespeicherte Energie in den Magneten

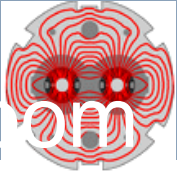
$$E_{\text{Dipol}} = 0.5 \cdot L_{\text{Dipol}} \cdot I_{\text{Dipol}}^2$$

gespeicherte Energie in einem Dipol: 7.6 MJ

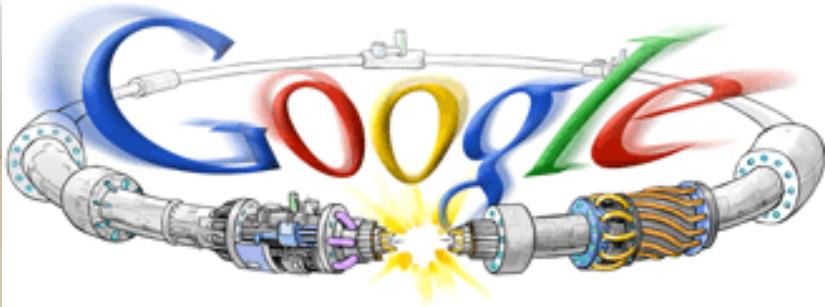
Gesamt für alle 1232 Dipole im LHC: 9.4 GJ

Nimitz Klasse Flugzeugträger (90000 t)
bei Reisegeschwindigkeit von 20 kn
Energie = $\frac{1}{2} mv^2 \sim 10\text{GJ}$





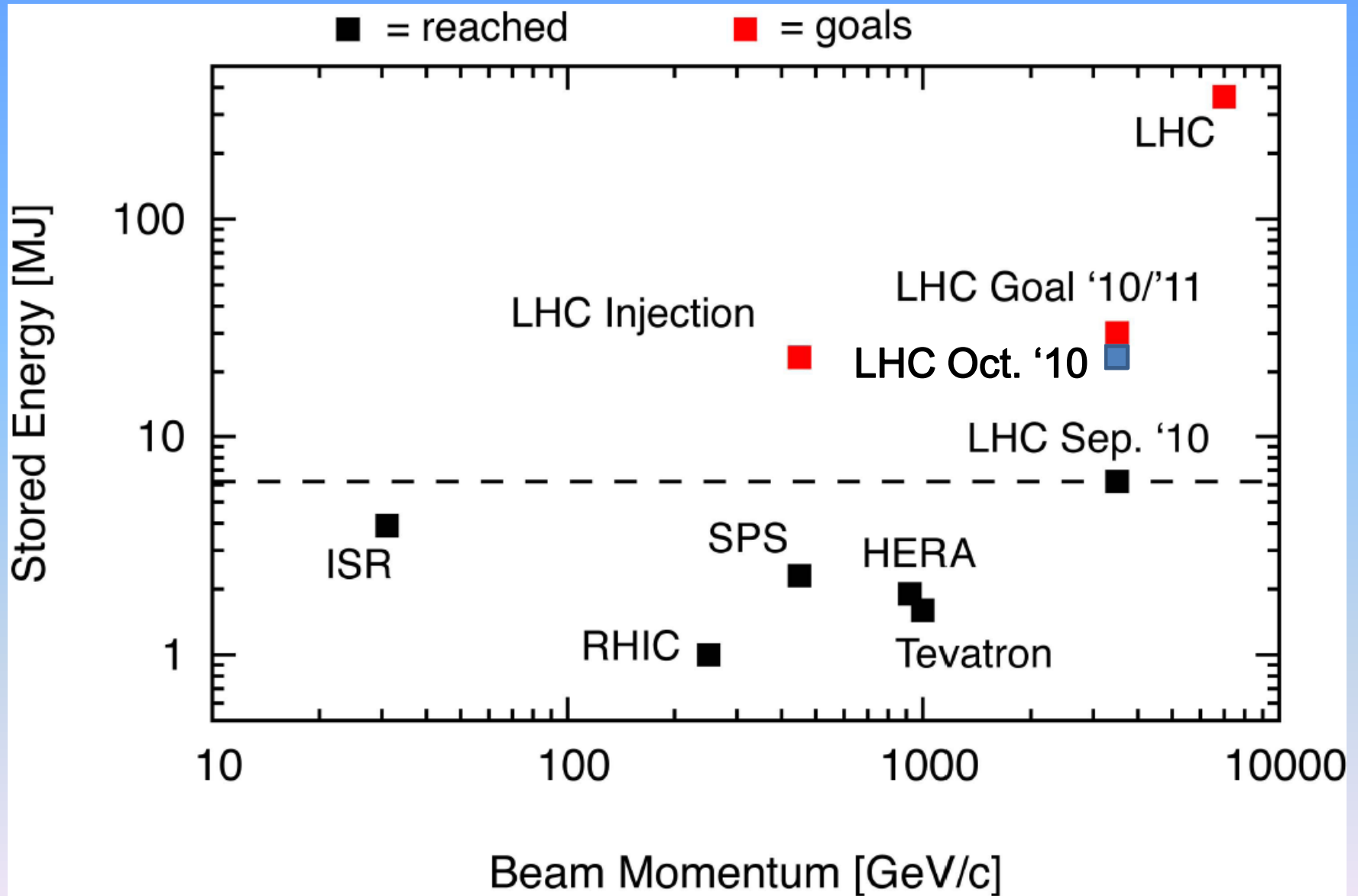
September 10th - control (show) room

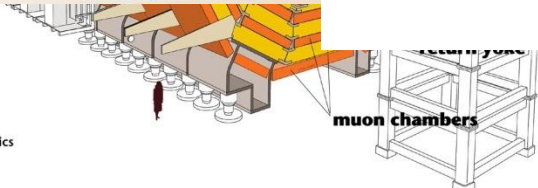
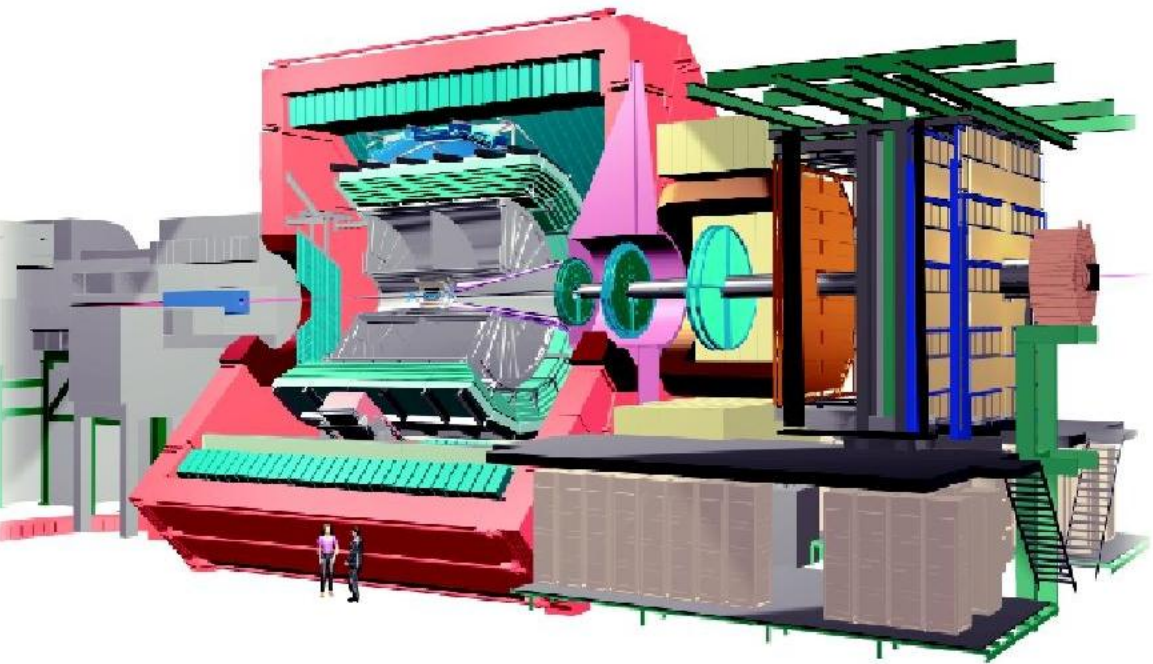
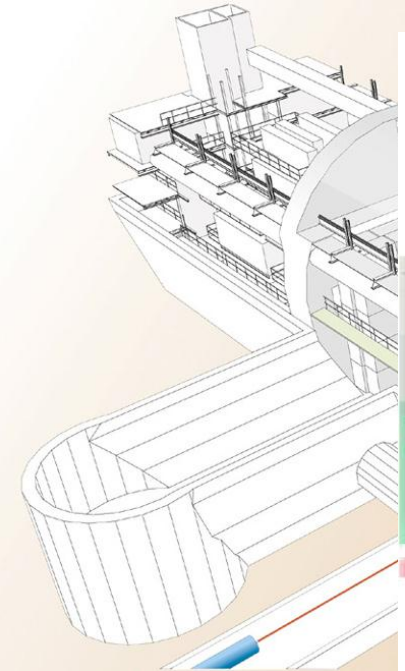
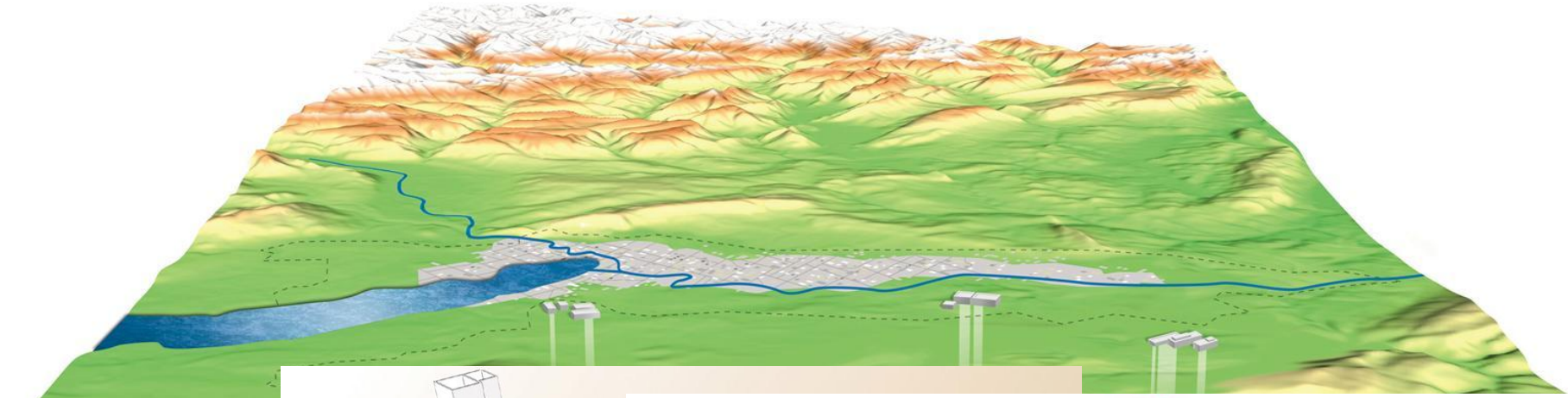


For 3 days all went perfectly well with beam...



LHC now on its own in terms of stored energy

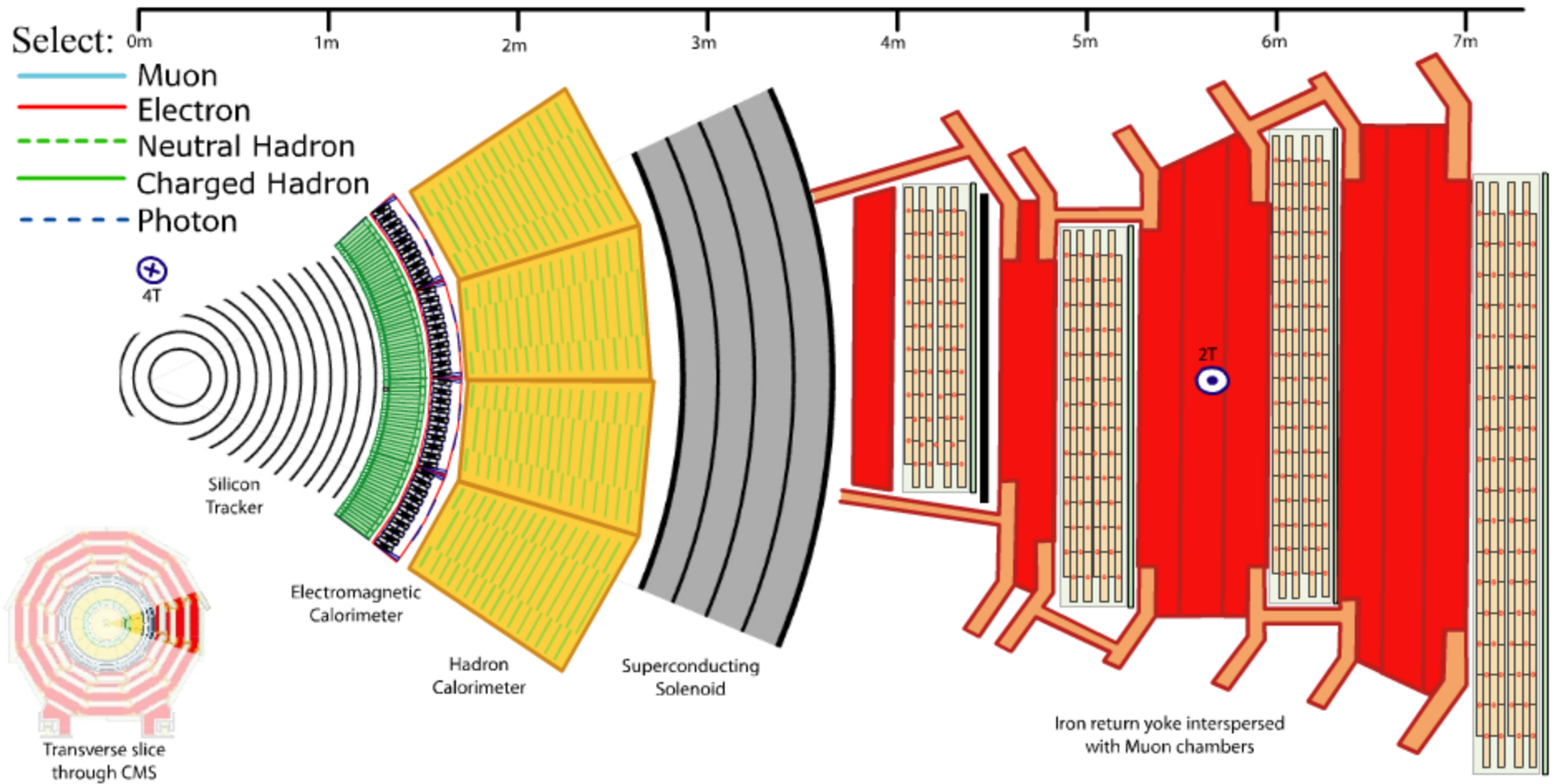




Detector characteristics

Width: 22m
Diameter: 15m
Weight: 14500t

CMS Ereignis





Invariant mass distributions

A tribute to Level1 and HLT trigger capability and flexibility

e^+e^- widths:

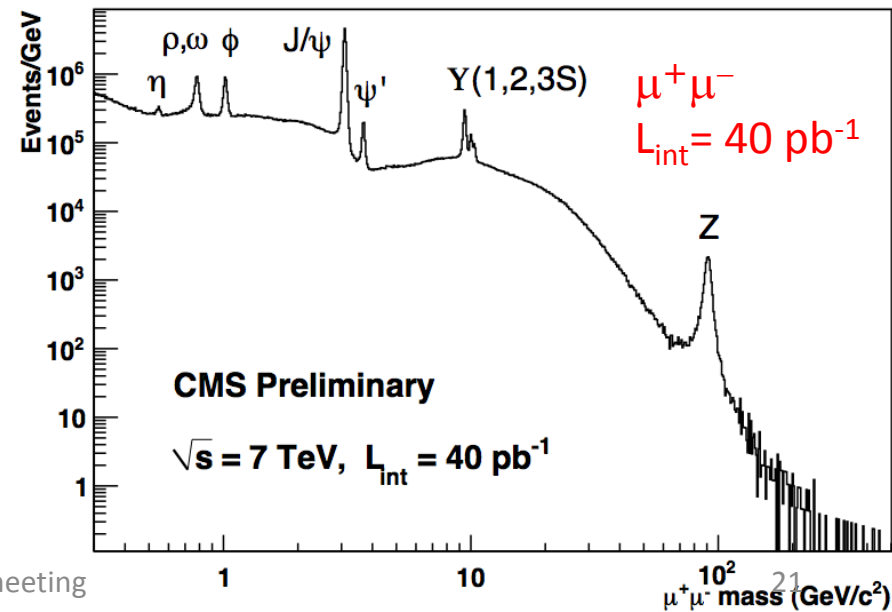
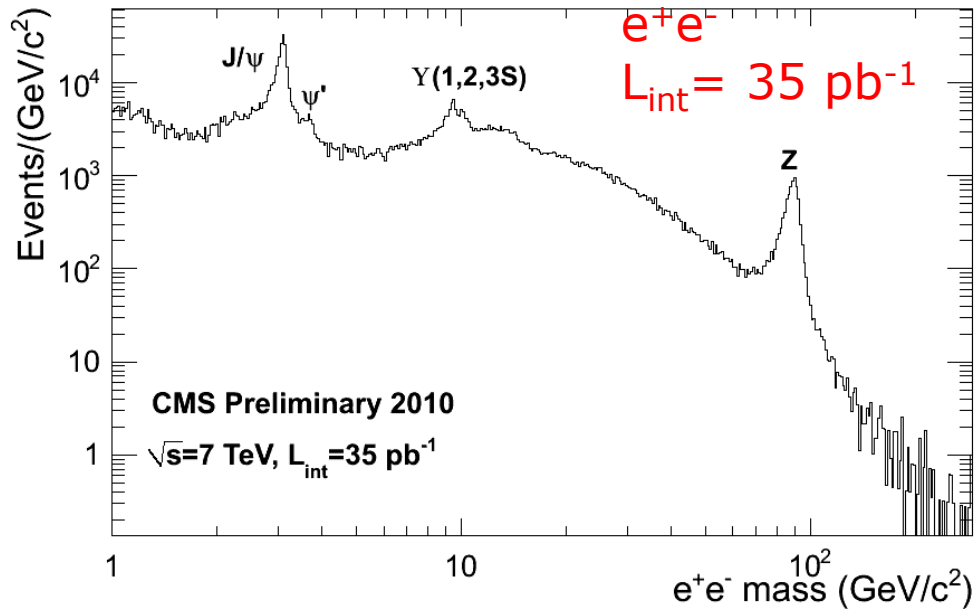
J/ Ψ 52 MeV

Y 149 MeV

$\mu^+\mu^-$ widths:

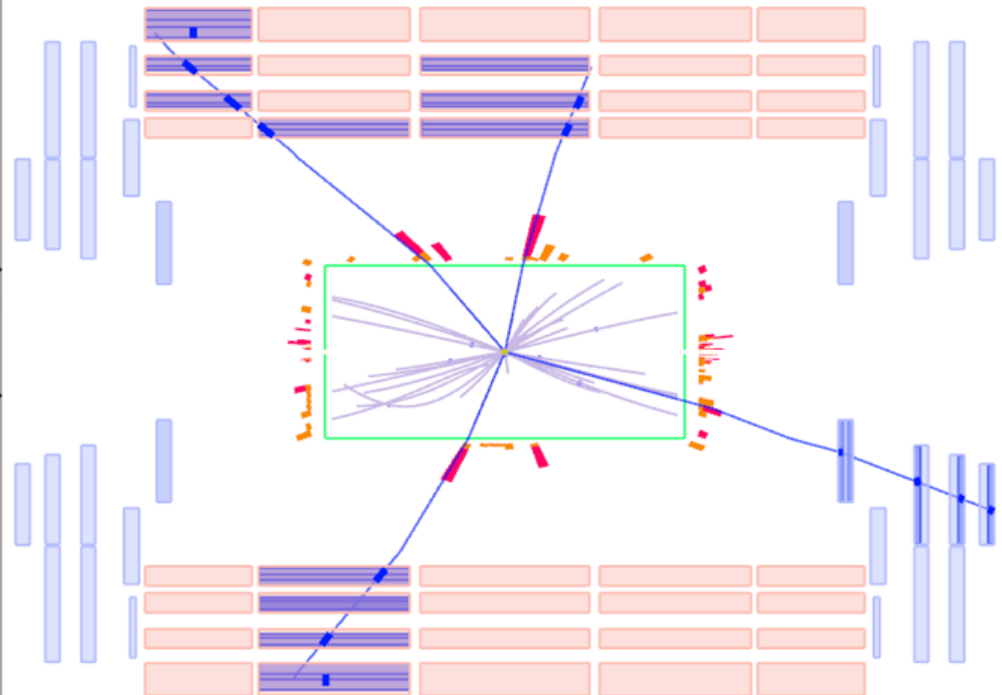
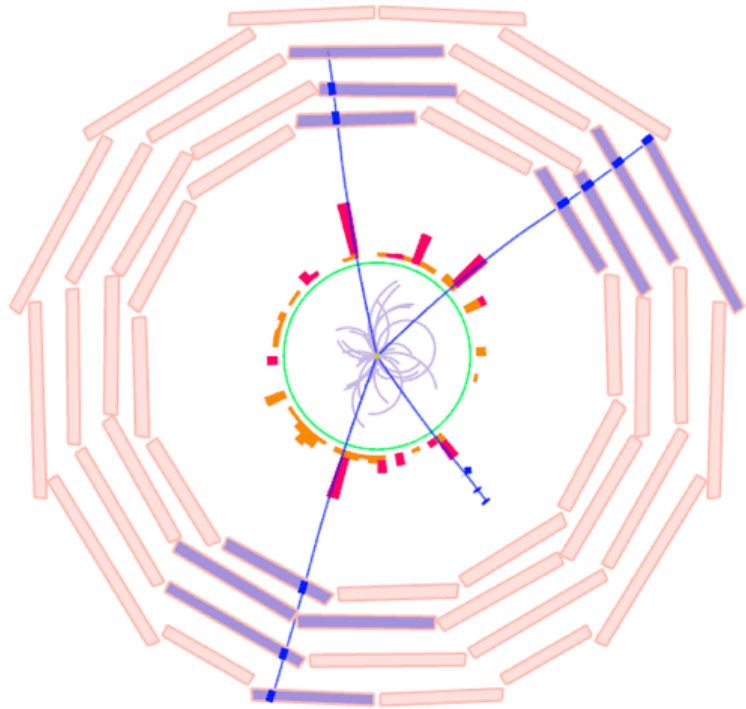
J/ Ψ 30 MeV

Y 67 MeV





A beautiful ZZ event



Invariant Masses

$\mu_0 + \mu_1$: 92.15 GeV (total(Z) p_T 26.5 GeV, ϕ -3.03),
 $\mu_2 + \mu_3$: 92.24 GeV (total(Z) p_T 29.4 GeV, ϕ +.06),
 $\mu_0 + \mu_2$: 70.12 GeV (total p_T 27 GeV),
 $\mu_3 + \mu_1$: 83.1 GeV (total p_T 26.1 GeV).

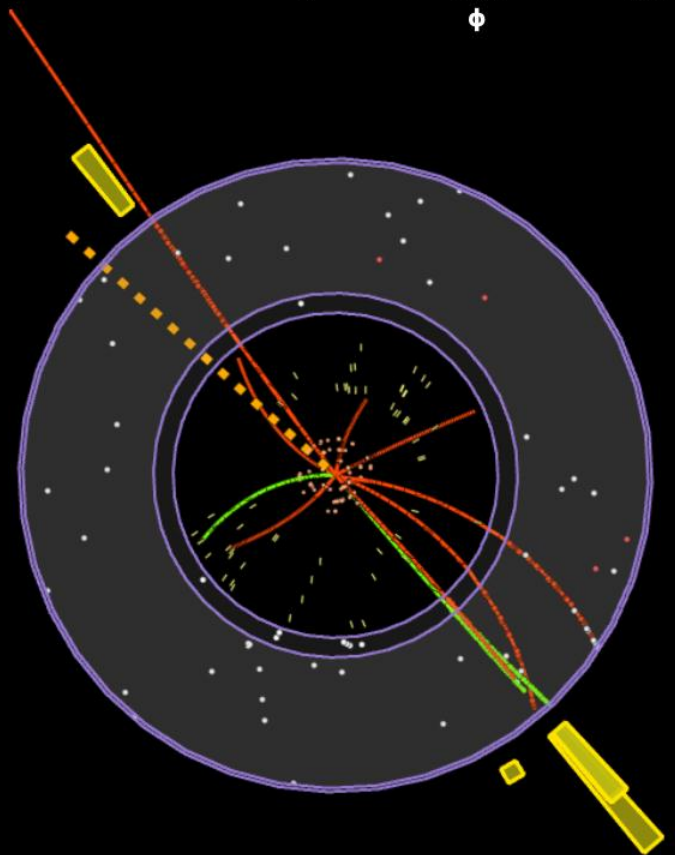
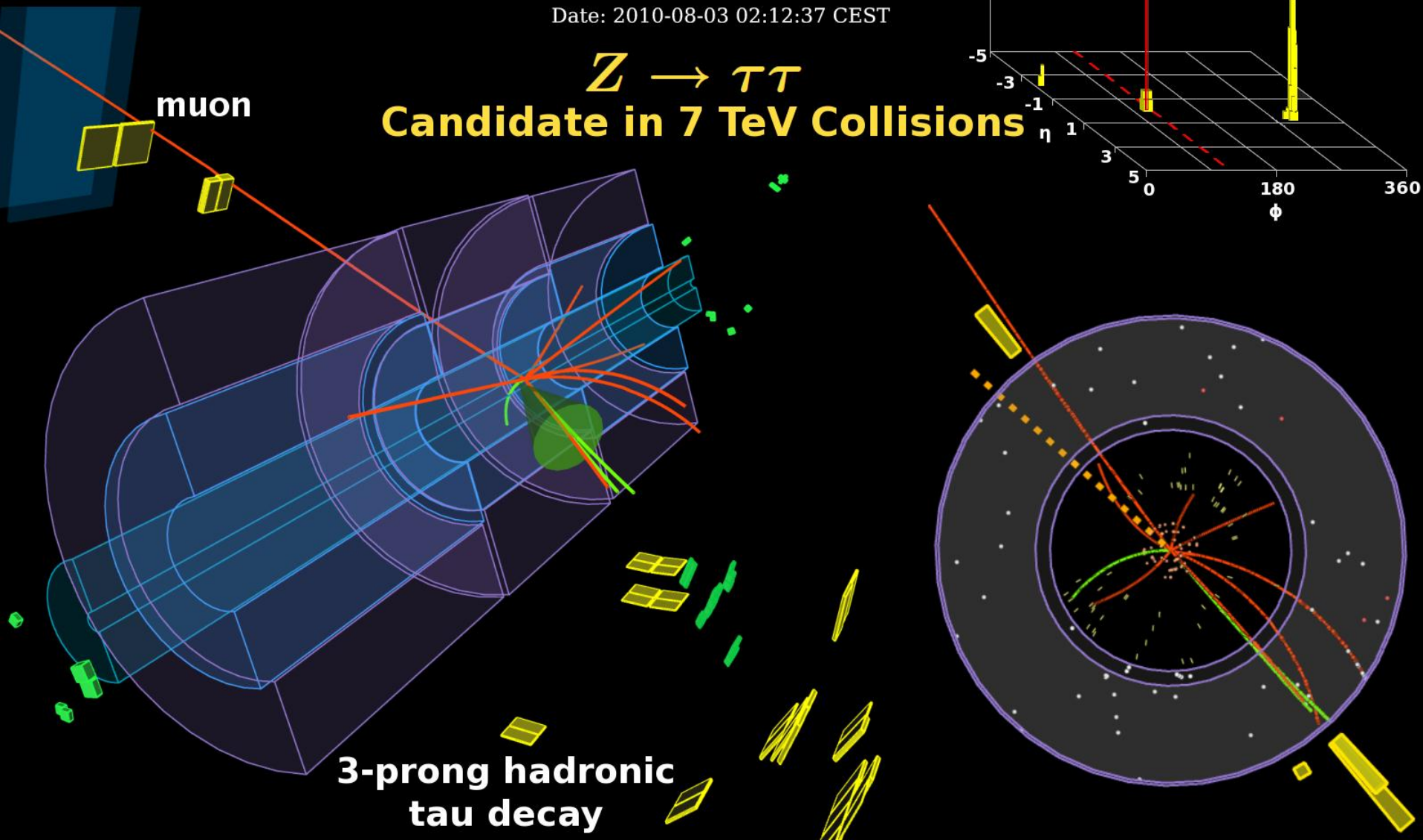
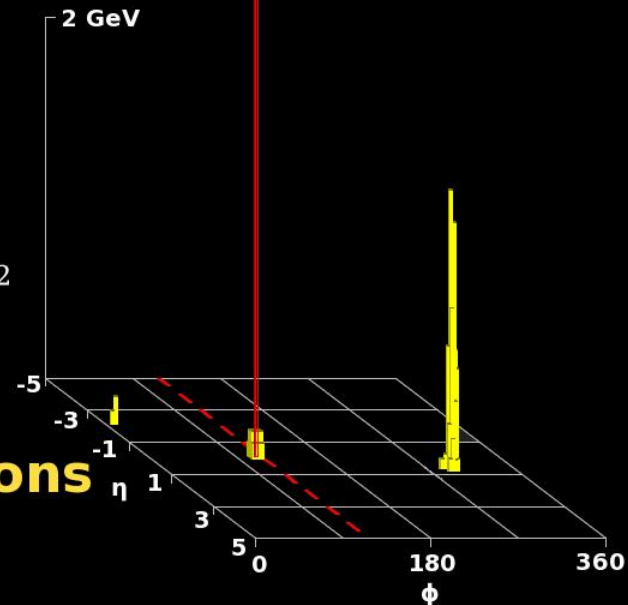
$p_T(\mu) = 18 \text{ GeV}$
 $p_T^{\text{vis}}(\tau_h) = 26 \text{ GeV}$
 $m_{\text{vis}}(\mu, \tau_h) = 47 \text{ GeV}$
 $m_T(\mu, E_T^{\text{miss}}) = 8 \text{ GeV}$
 $E_T^{\text{miss}} = 7 \text{ GeV}$

ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 160613, Event Number: 9209492

Date: 2010-08-03 02:12:37 CEST

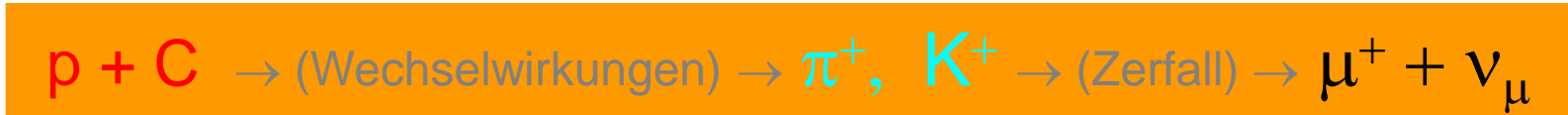
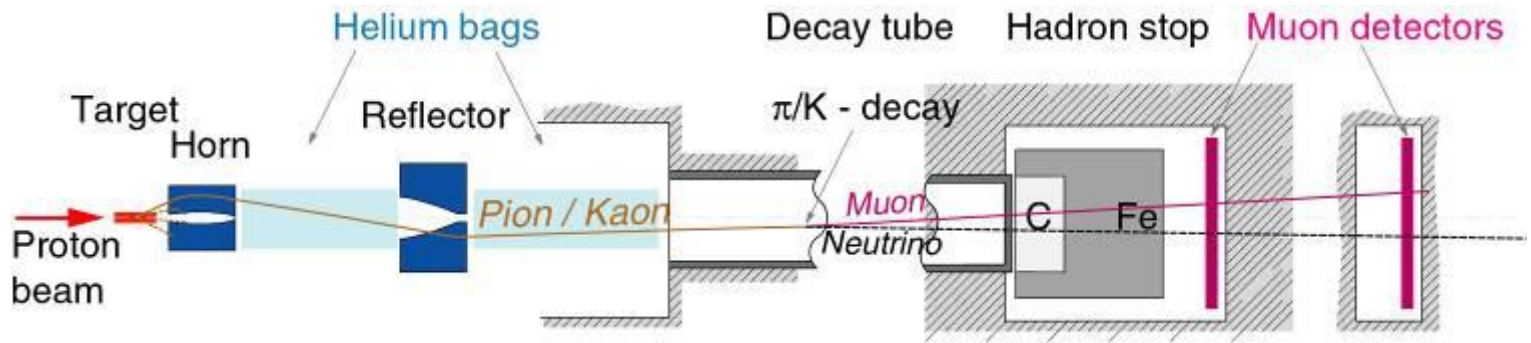
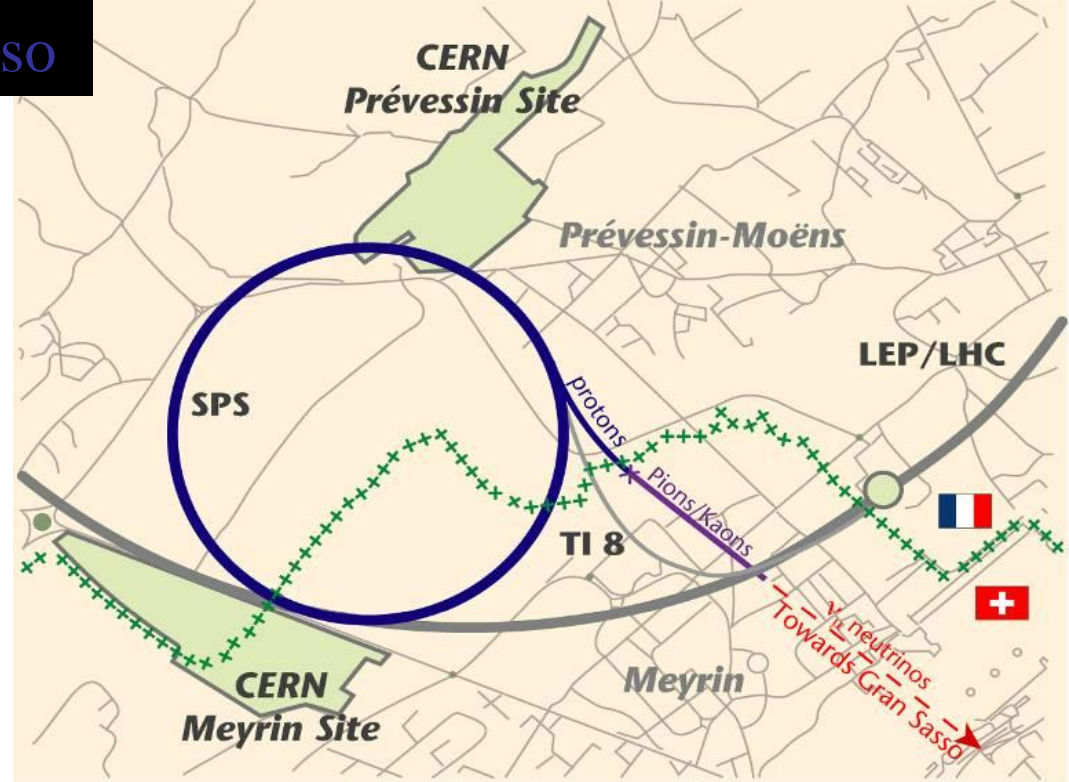
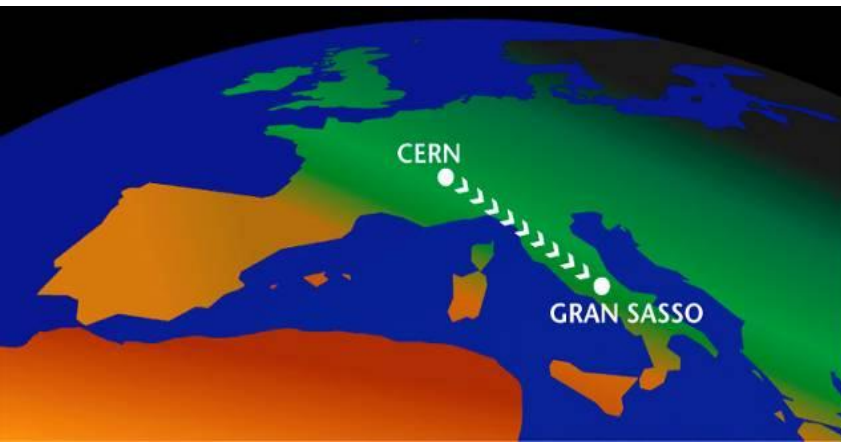
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Candidate in 7 TeV Collisions

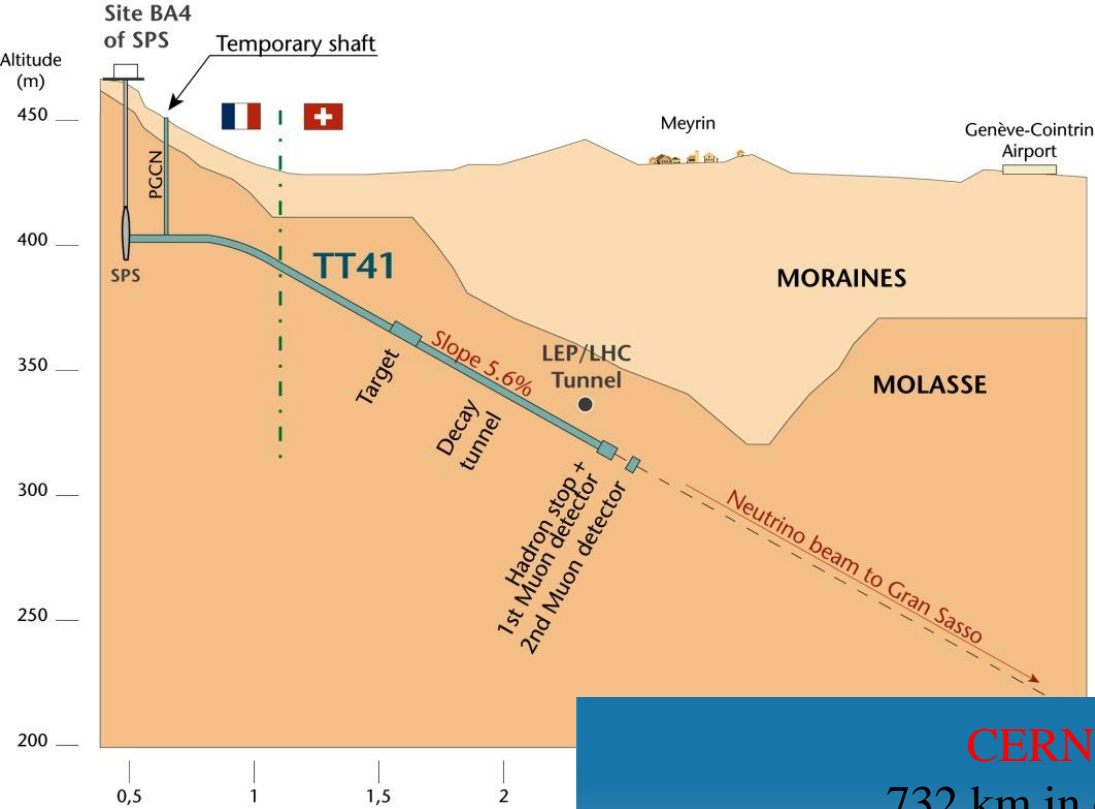


Weitere Aktivitäten am CERN

... eine kleine Auswahl ...

CERN Neutrinos zum Gran Sasso

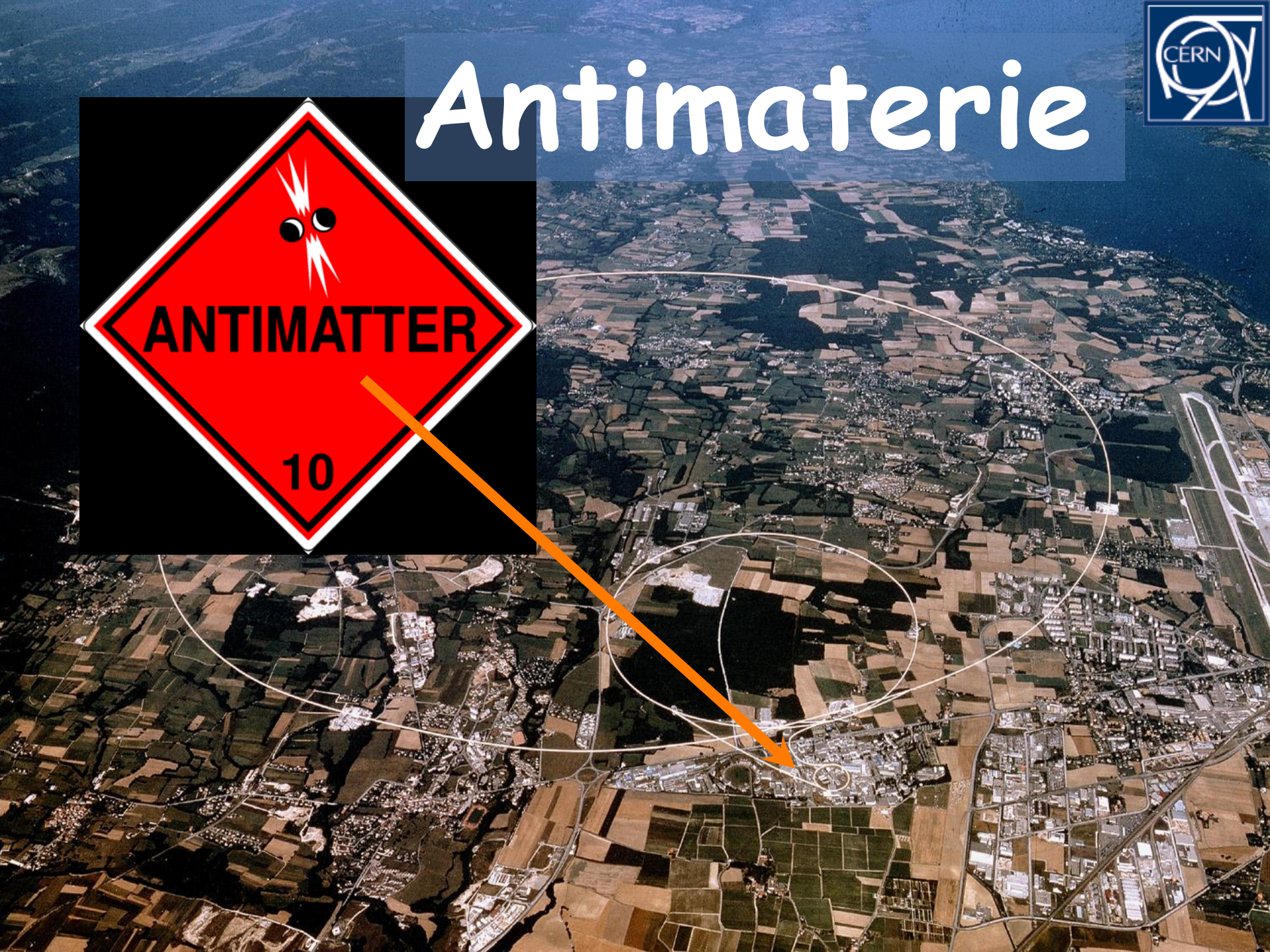




CERN bis zum Gran Sasso :
732 km in einer Tiefe bis zu 11.4 km



Antimaterie



Was ist Antimaterie?

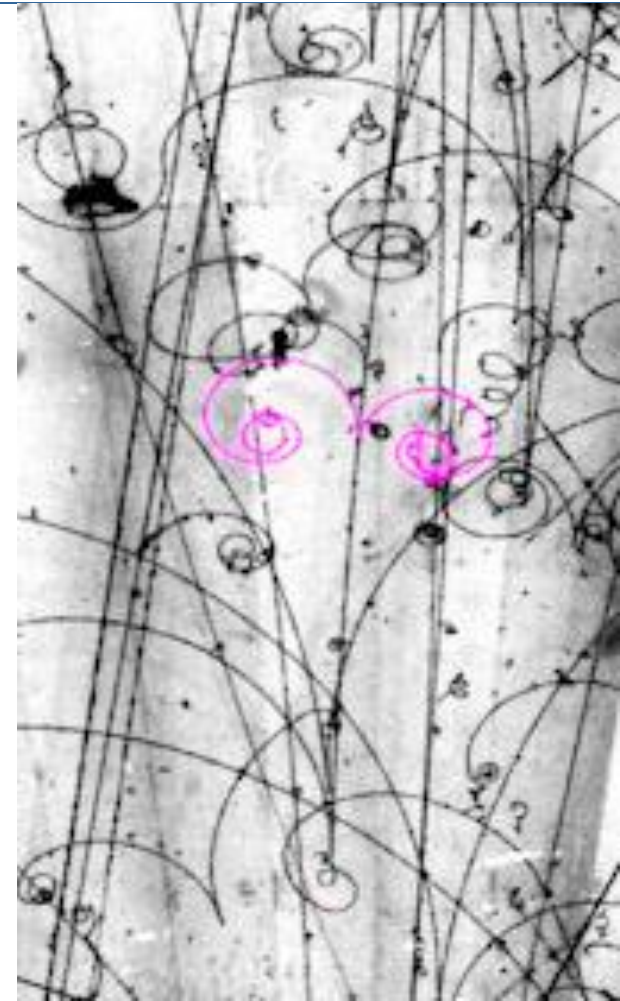
- Einstein
 - "Materie ist kondensierte Energie!"

- Dirac
 - "Teilchen entstehen immer in Paaren, Teilchen und Anti-Teilchen!"



Elektron

Positron

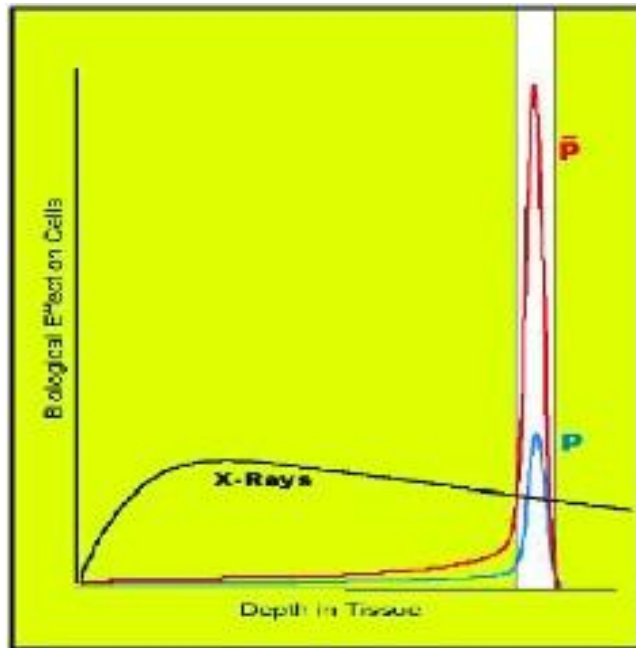
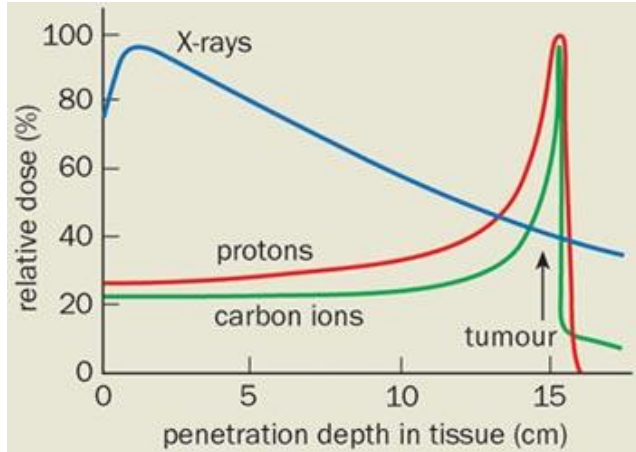


Books of Dan Brown

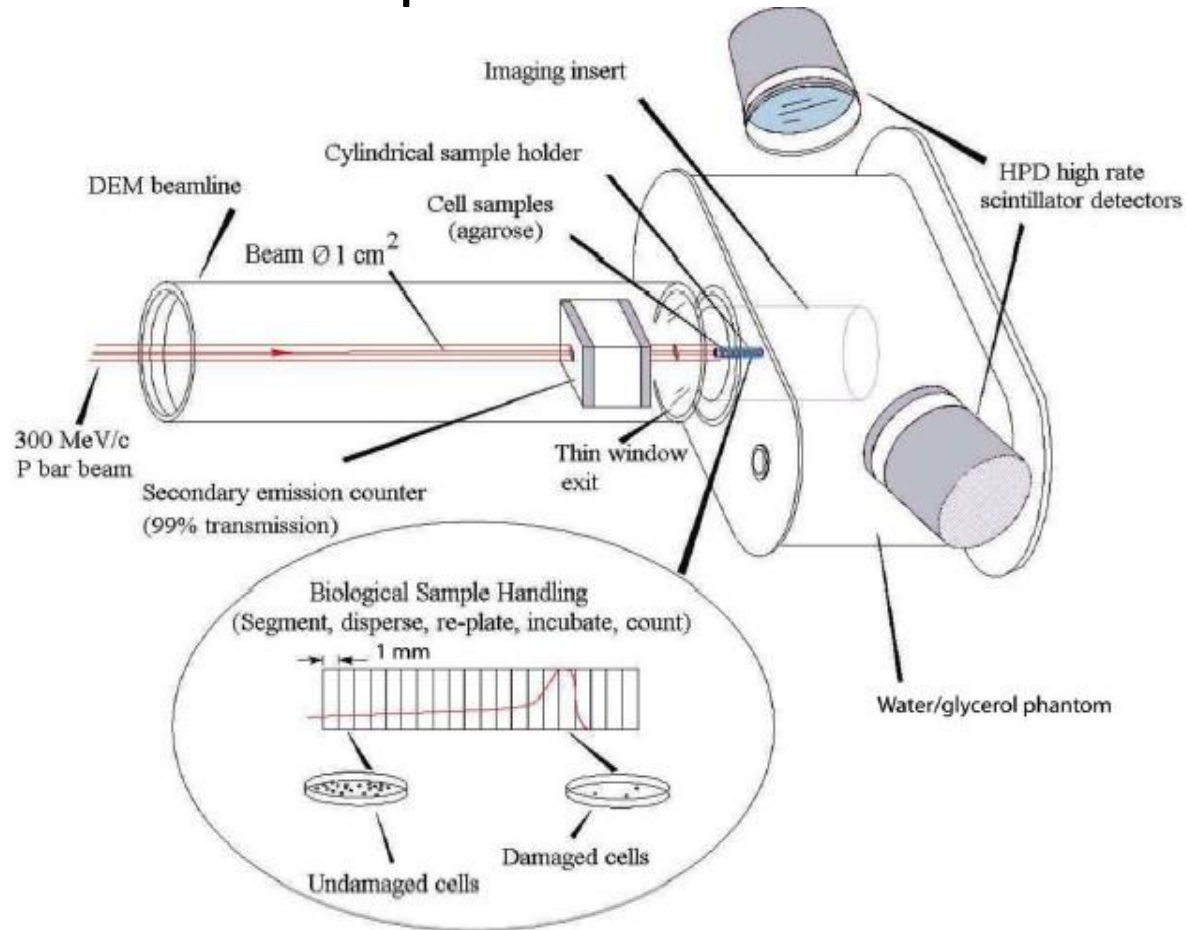


Tom's Angels and demons

Anwendung von Antimaterie - Tumorbekämpfung



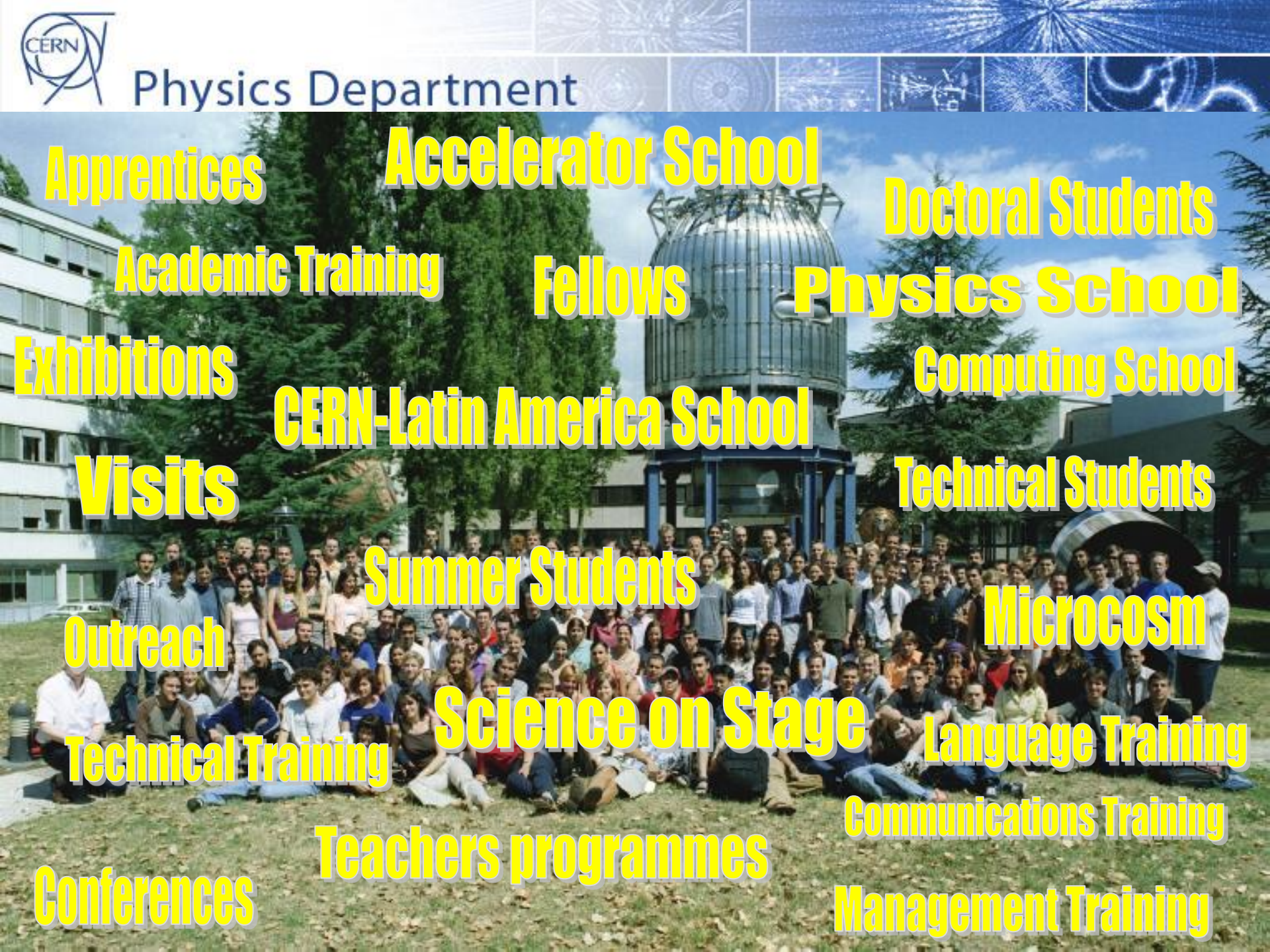
ACE Experiment bei CERN



*) Antiproton Cell Experiment



Physics Department



Apprentices

Accelerator School

Doctoral Students

Academic Training

Fellows

Physics School

Exhibitions

CERN-Latin America School

Computing School

Visits

Technical Students

Summer Students

Microcosm

Outreach

Science on Stage

Language Training

Technical Training

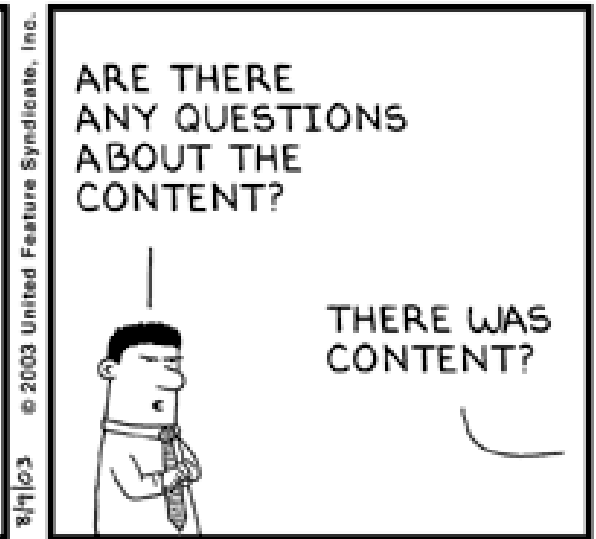
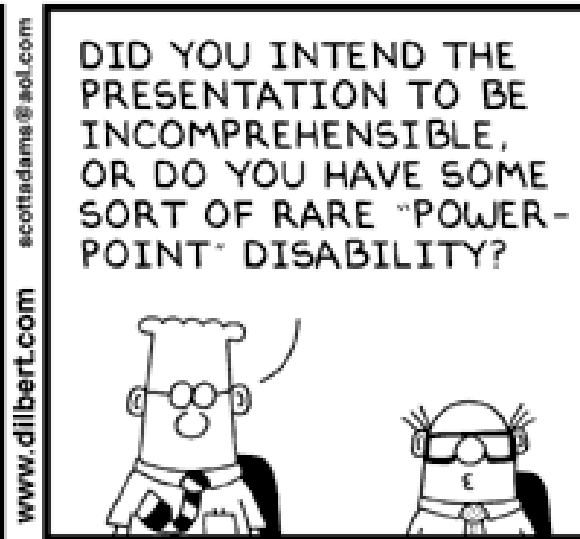
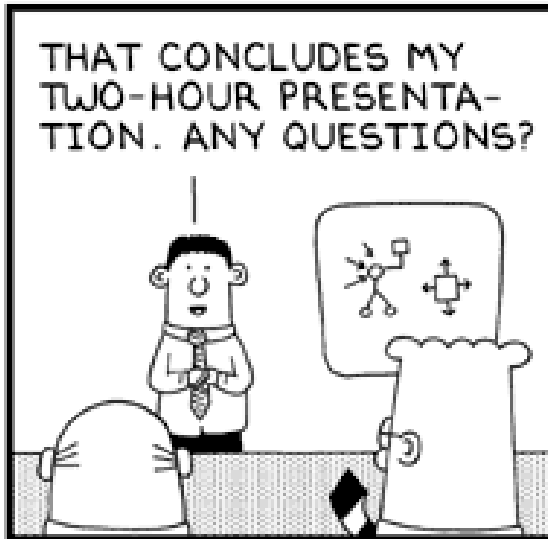
Communications Training

Teachers programmes

Conferences

Management Training

Fragen ?



www.dilbert.com scottadams@aol.com

8/1/03 © 2003 United Feature Syndicate, Inc.

Physique des Particules

Cosmologie

Physique Nucléaire

Astrophysique

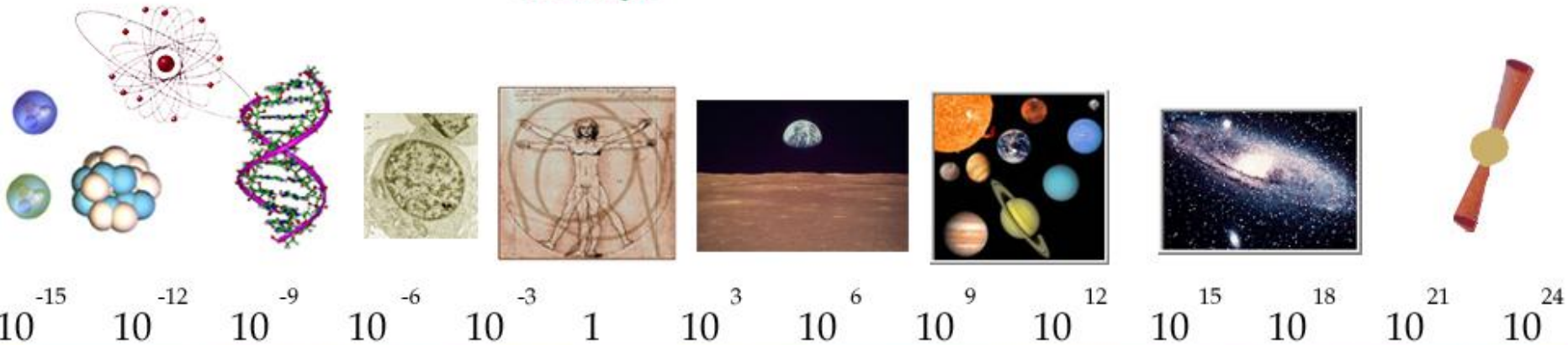
Physique du Solide

Astronomie

Chimie - Biologie

Géophysique

Mécanique



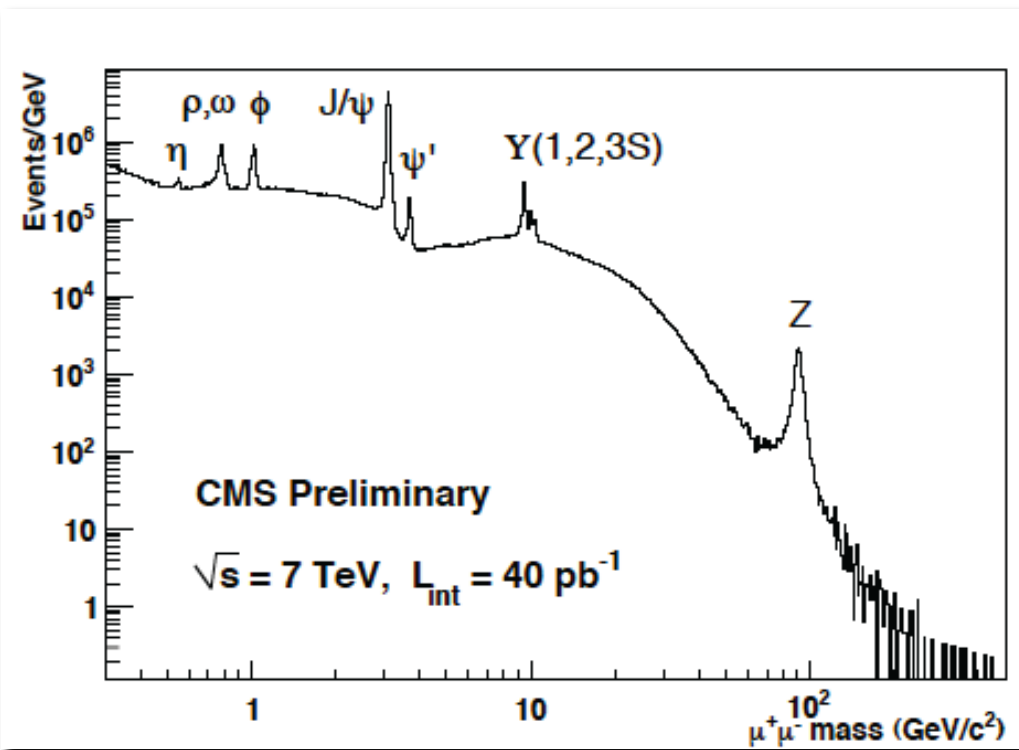
fm pm nm μm mm m km Mm Gm Tm Pm Em



$10^{-15} \text{ m} = 0,000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 001 \text{ m}$

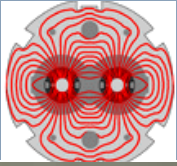
Excellent performances 2010

**Excellent start-up in 2011:
already some 27/pb delivered**

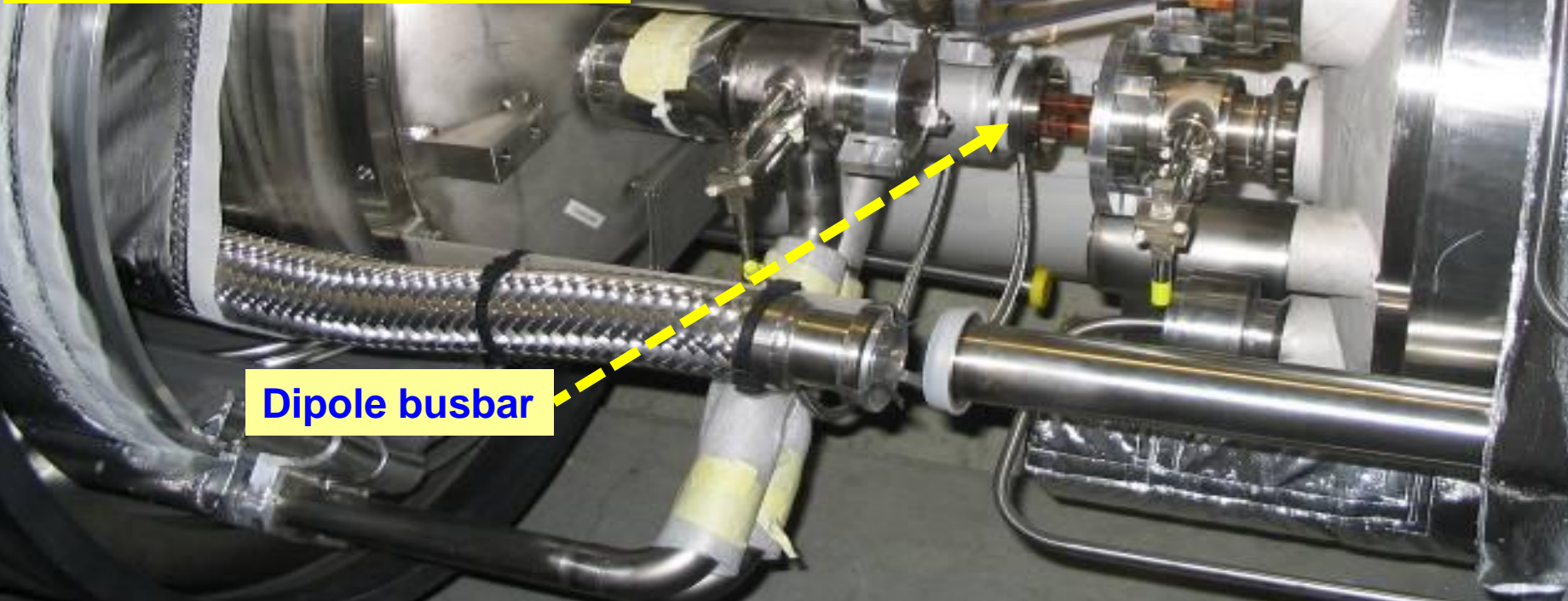
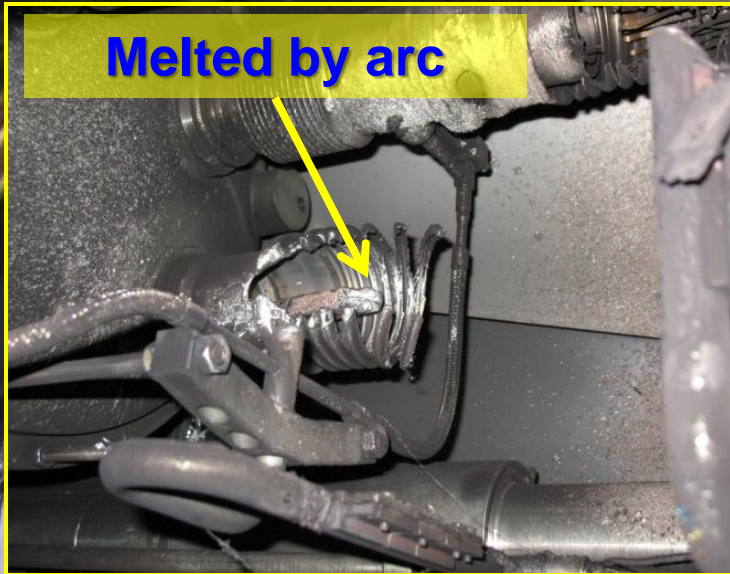


- Experiments demonstrated readiness in the exploitation of the 7 TeV p-p and 2.76 TeV Pb-Pb data;
- analyses proceeded very rapidly;
- Experiments have about completed their journey through the Standard Model ... and have started to take us into uncharted territories

...



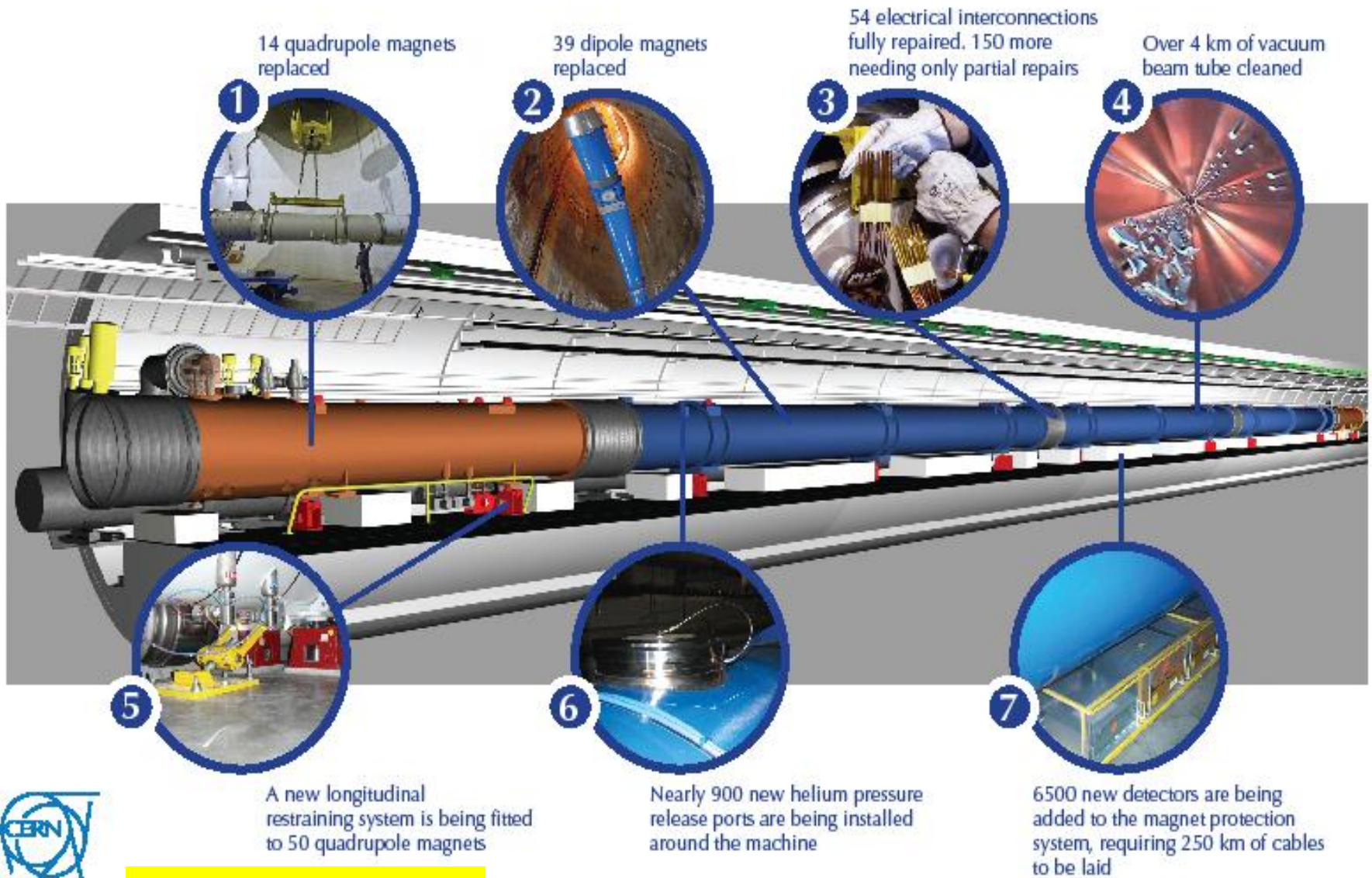
Magnet Interconnection



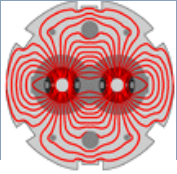
Melted by arc

Dipole busbar

The LHC repairs in detail



+ Kältetechnik

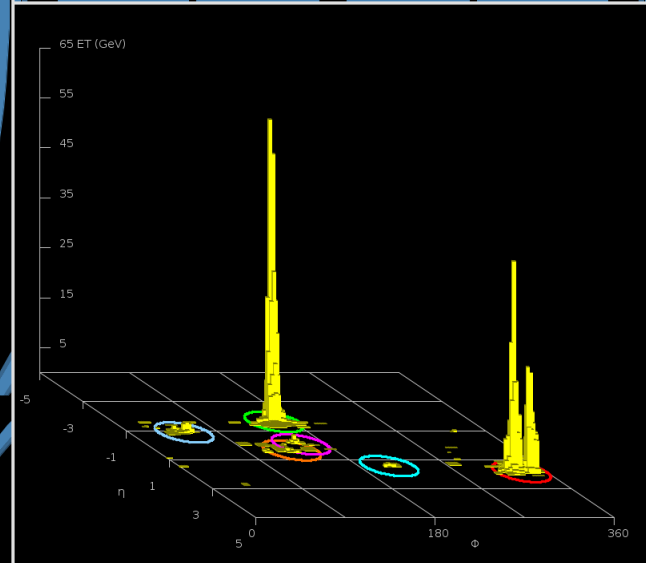
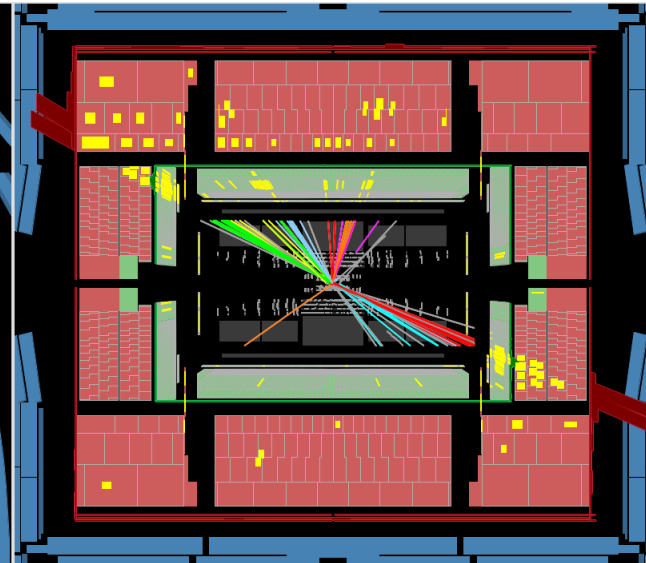
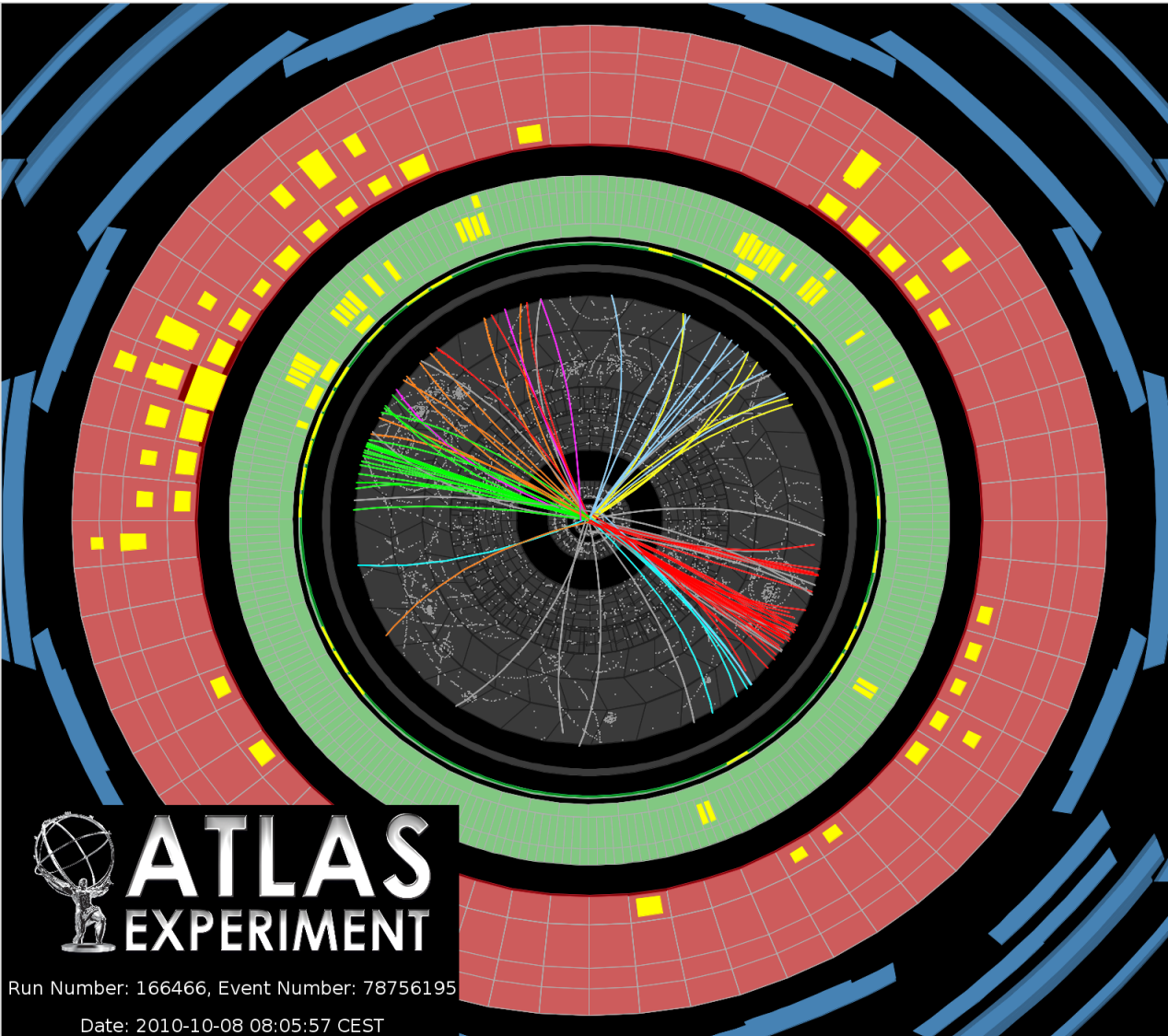


- ❑ 14 months to repair, consolidate and re-commissioning all elements.
- ❑ Great relief on November 20th when both beams circulated again !!!



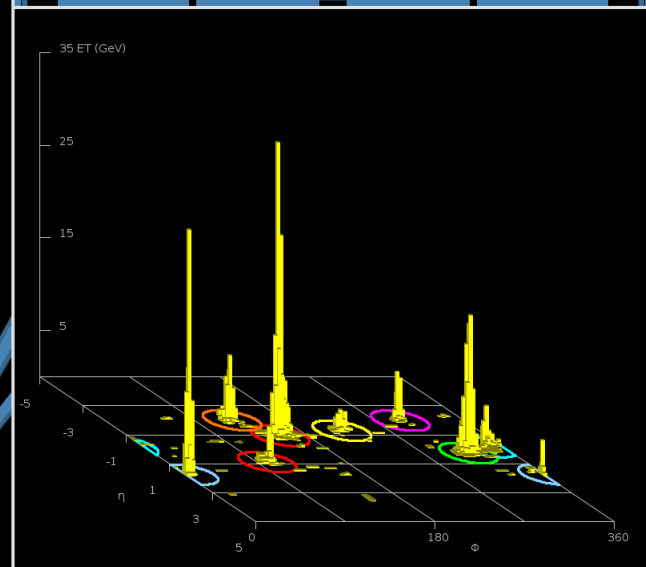
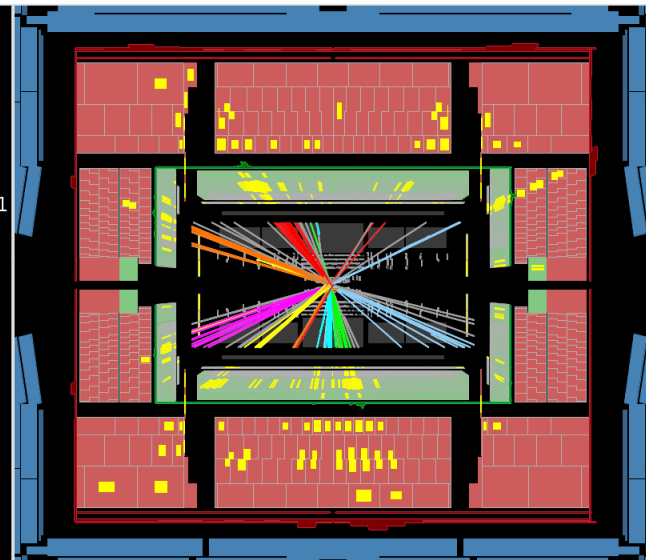
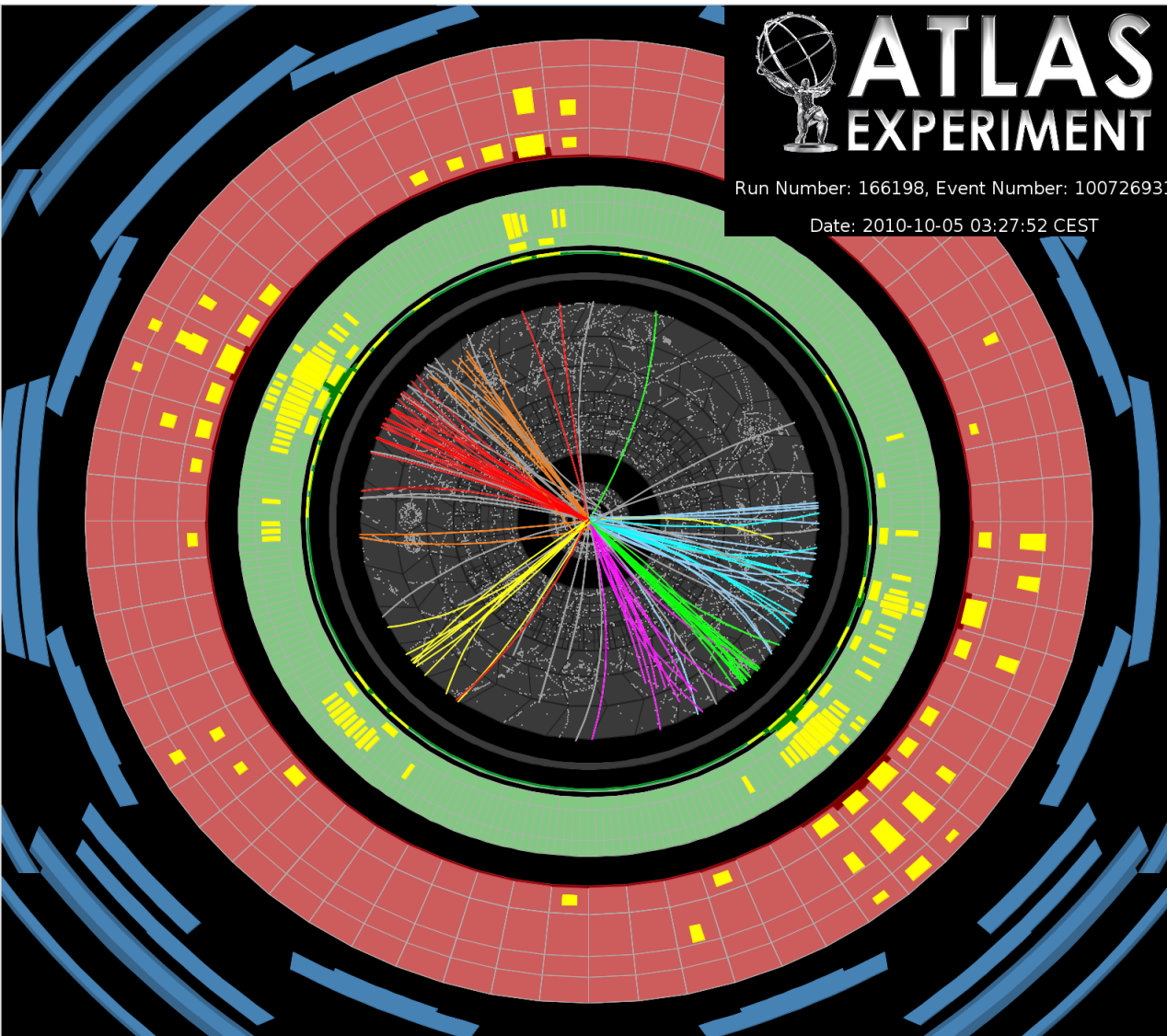
Highest mass di-jet

$p_T \text{ jet1} = 670 \text{ GeV}$,
 $p_T \text{ jet2} = 610 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{jj} = 3.7 \text{ TeV}$



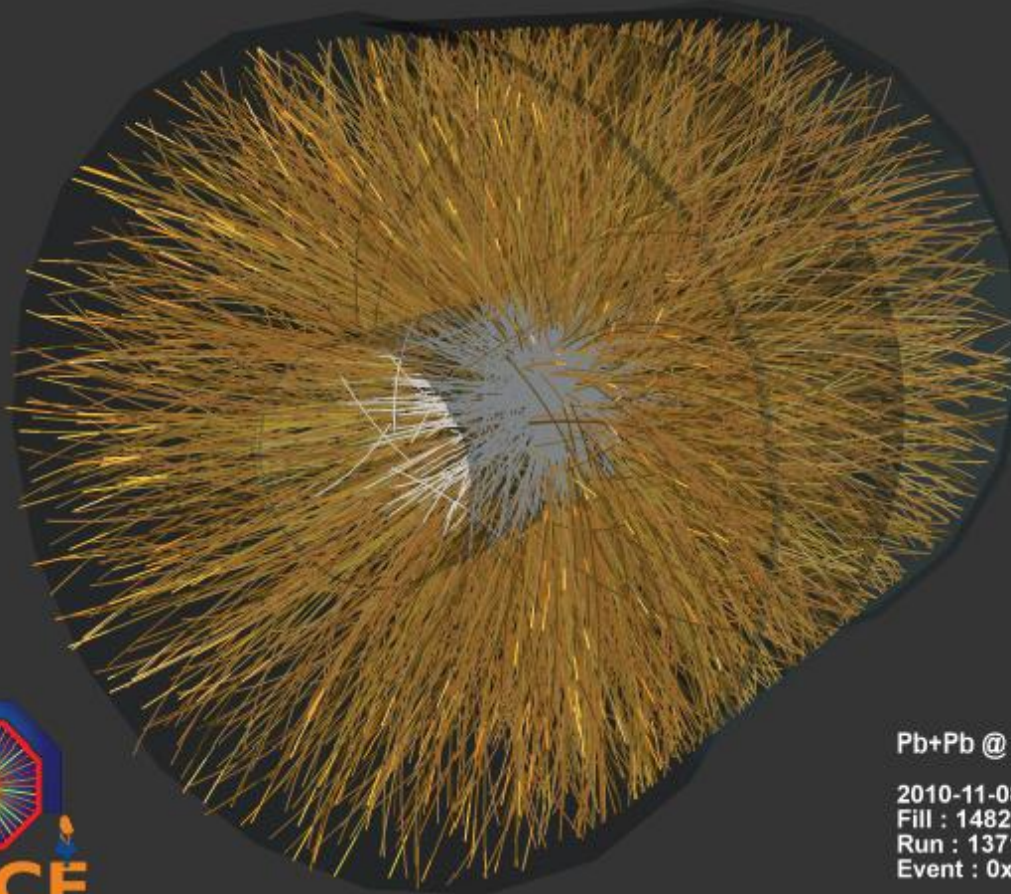
8-jet event

8 jets with $p_T > 60$ GeV



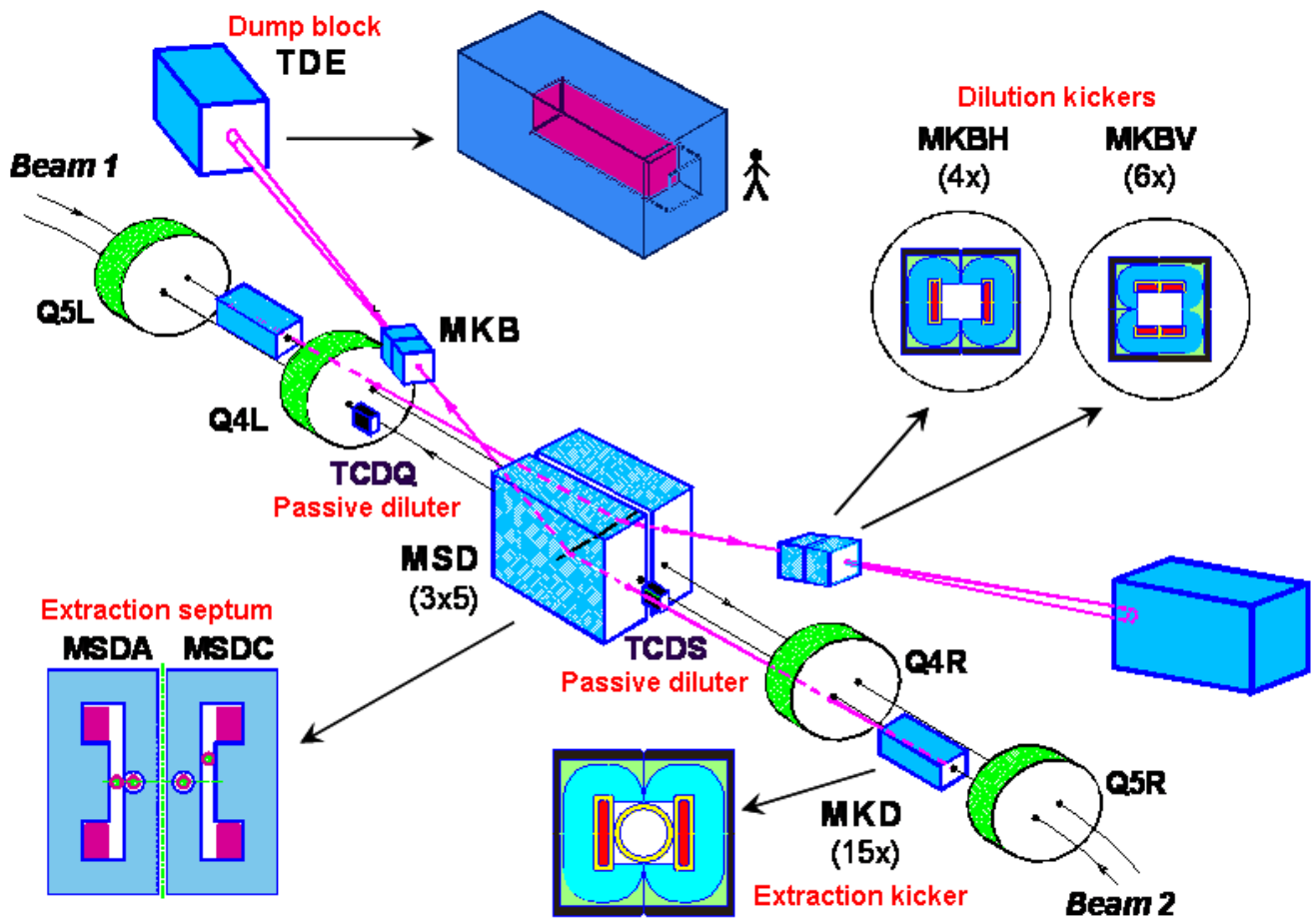
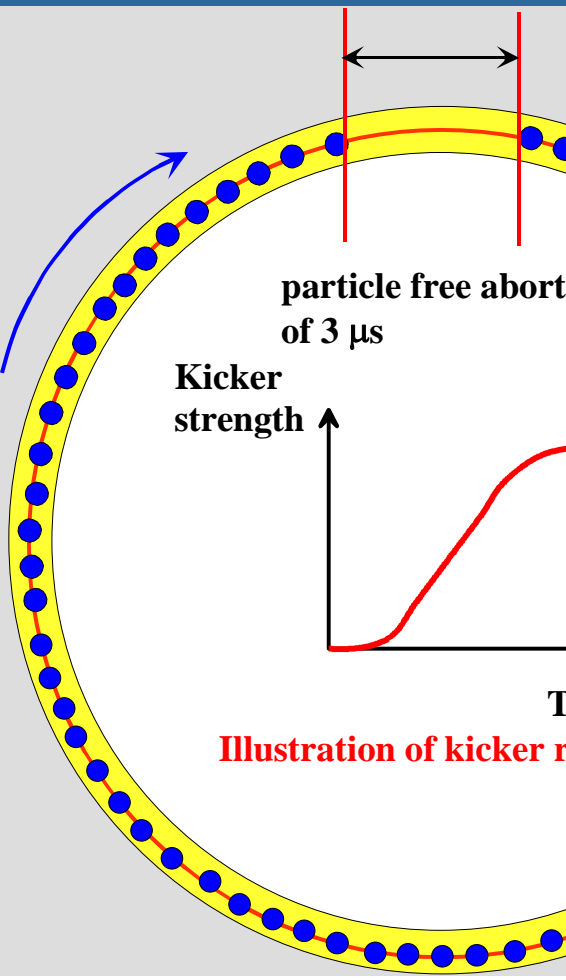
Pb-Pb collisions $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76 \text{ TeV} !$

→ **largest energy jump ($\times 14$) in the history of heavy-ion physics!**





Beam Dump System



Der Beam Dump

