

# Photons and the PDFs

**Confronting Theory with Experiment: Puzzles,  
Challenges & Opportunities in the LHC Era**

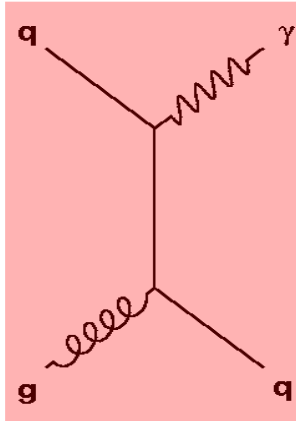
Fermilab, 17-18<sup>th</sup> November 2011

**David d'Enterria**

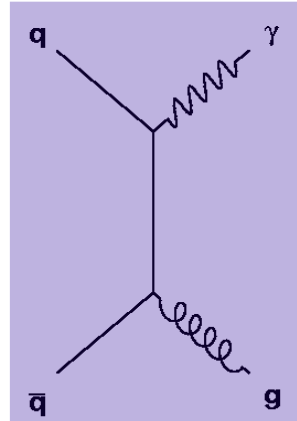
**CERN**

# Prompt $\gamma$ production in hadronic collisions

- Leading-order partonic production processes in p-p, p- $\bar{p}$  collisions :

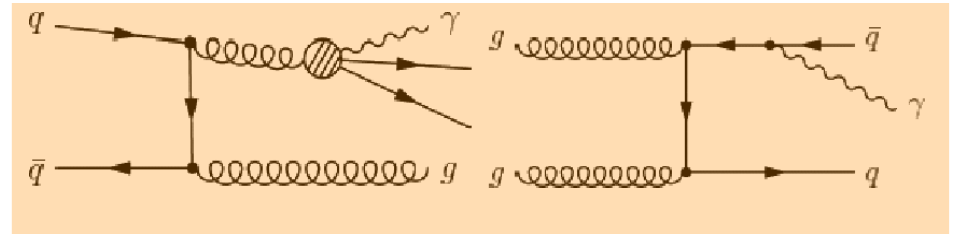


Compton Process

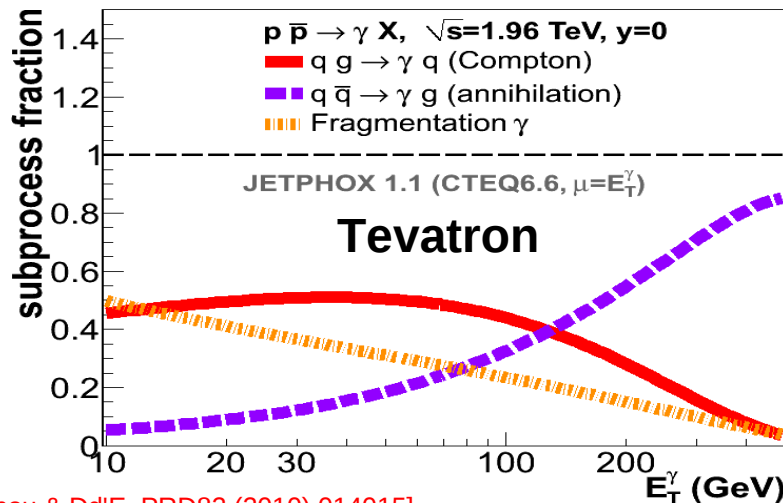


Annihilation Process

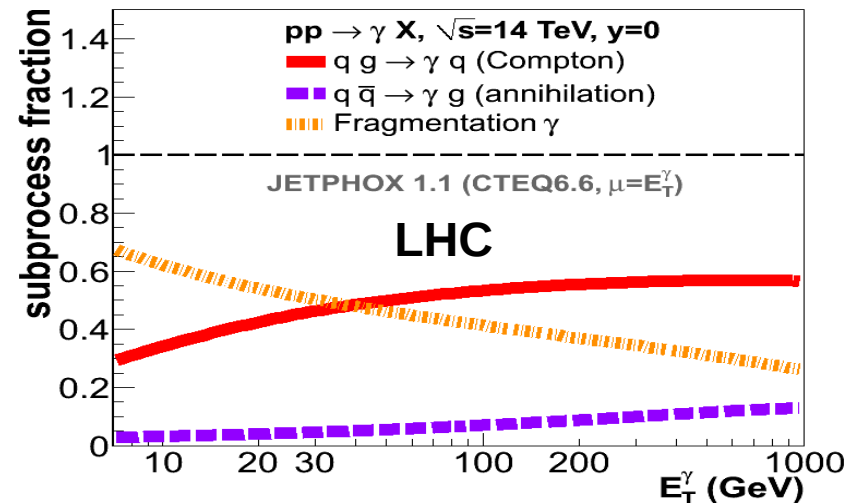
+ parton-to-photon fragmentation:



- Relative subprocess fractions (NLO): Important fragmentation contribution

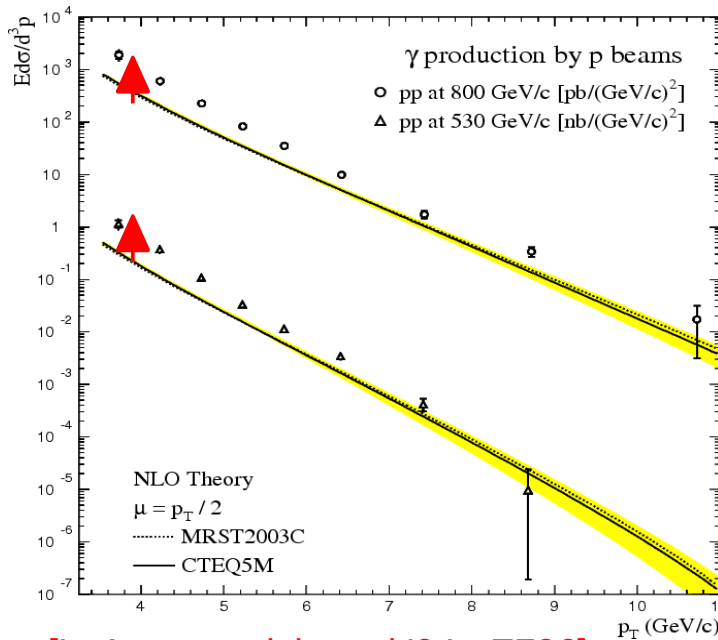


[R.Ichou & Dd'E, PRD82 (2010) 014015]

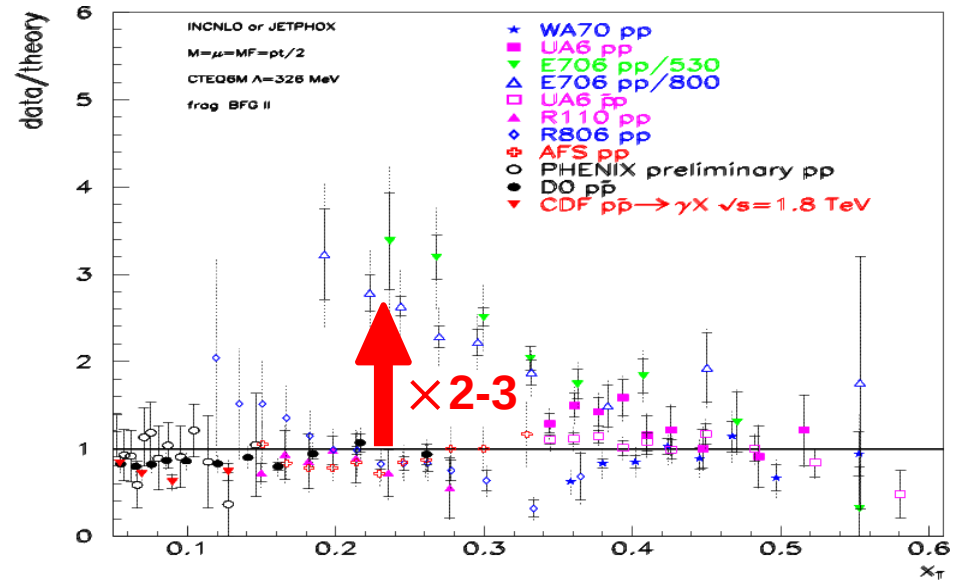


# Prompt $\gamma$ production in hadronic collisions

- Long-standing disagreement between NLO pQCD & fixed-target inclusive photon data (p-p, p-A @  $\sqrt{s} \sim 20-40$  GeV):



[L. Apanasevich et al.'04 - E706]



[P.Aurenche et al.'06]

[Also Owens, Vogelsang, ...]

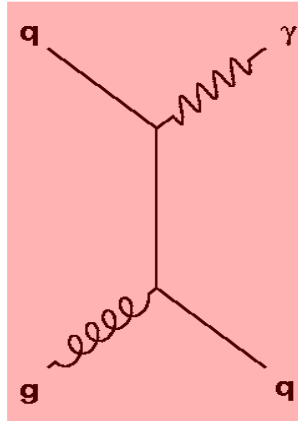
- Not solved by (N)NNL soft-gluon threshold & recoil resummations:  
 Low  $p_T$  dominated by intrinsic- $k_T$  ? parton-to- $\gamma$  FF ? nuclear target effects ?
- “Conclusion”: Photons removed from global PDF fits (used to constrain high-x gluon) since MRST99 !

# Redeeming $\gamma$ data for PDF global fits

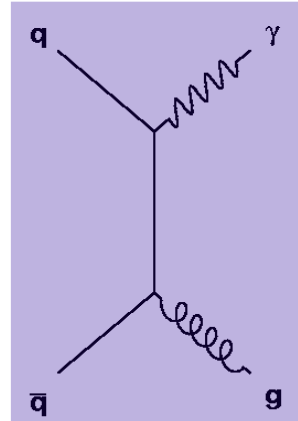
- Does **NLO reproduce** the existing photon data ... ? Yes !
  - ✓ Applying **isolation cuts**: remove most fragmentation  $\gamma$ 's
  - ✓ Moving to **collider energies**: higher pQCD scales
  
- Are they **useful for PDF** constraints ... ? Yes !
  - ✓ **30+ meas., 350+ data points = direct access to gluon PDF !**  
[  $xg(x, Q^2)$  only indirectly constrained by  $F_2$  scaling violations & directly at large- $x$  by Tevatron jets]
  
- **How** can one quantify the inclusion of isolated- $\gamma$  into PDF fits ?
  - (1) Including  $\gamma$  data & full **refitting** all data-sets: (very) slow NLO code ...
  - (2) “A posteriori” inclusion **via fastNLO or ApplGrid**: not implemented yet
  - (3) Using **NNPDF “reweighting”** technique ✓

# Isolated $\gamma$ production in hadronic collisions

- Leading partonic production processes in p-p, p-p collisions :

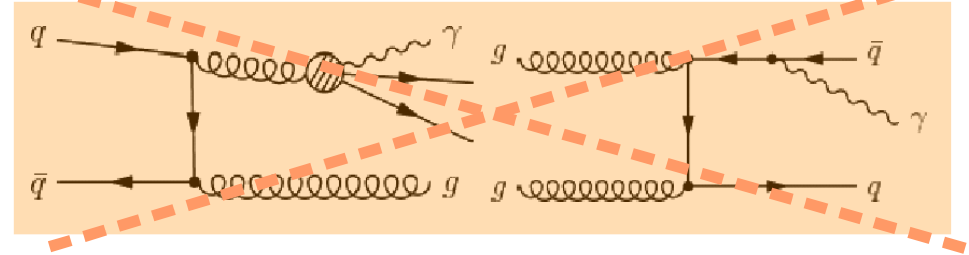


Compton Process



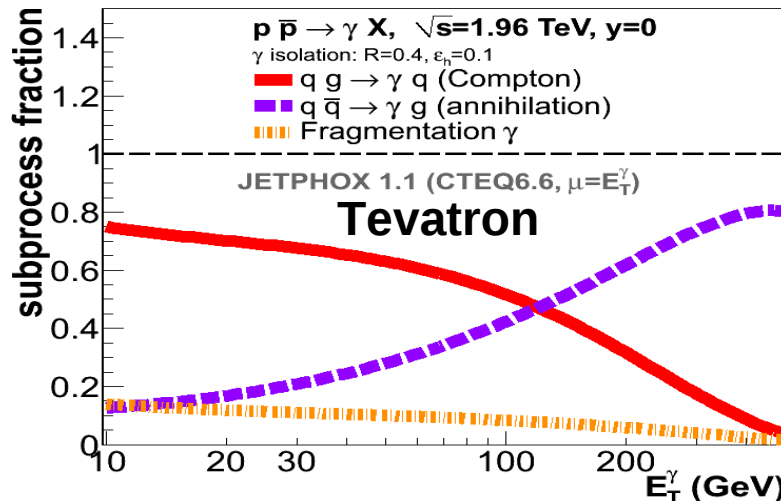
Annihilation Process

+ parton-to-photon fragmentation:

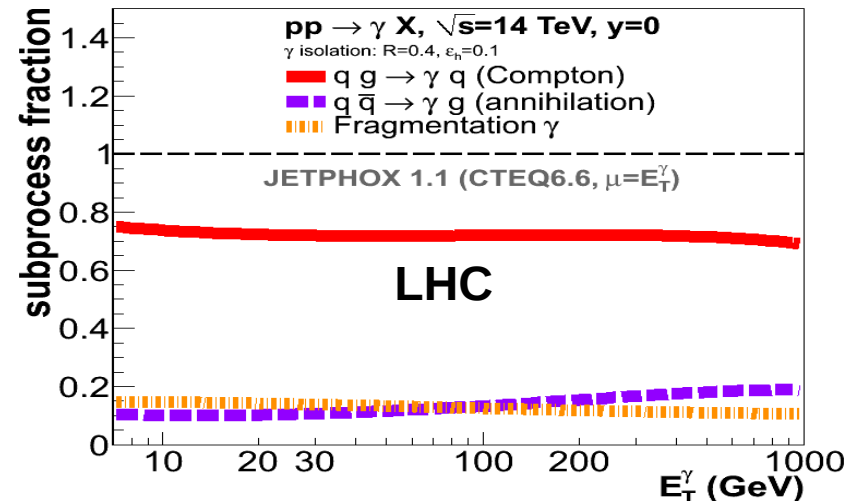


Isolation cuts (e.g.  $R=0.4$ ,  $E_{T, \text{had}} < 5$  GeV)

- Quark-gluon Compton scattering dominates now ( $\sim 80\%$ ) x-sections:



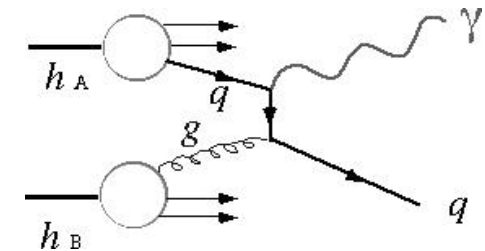
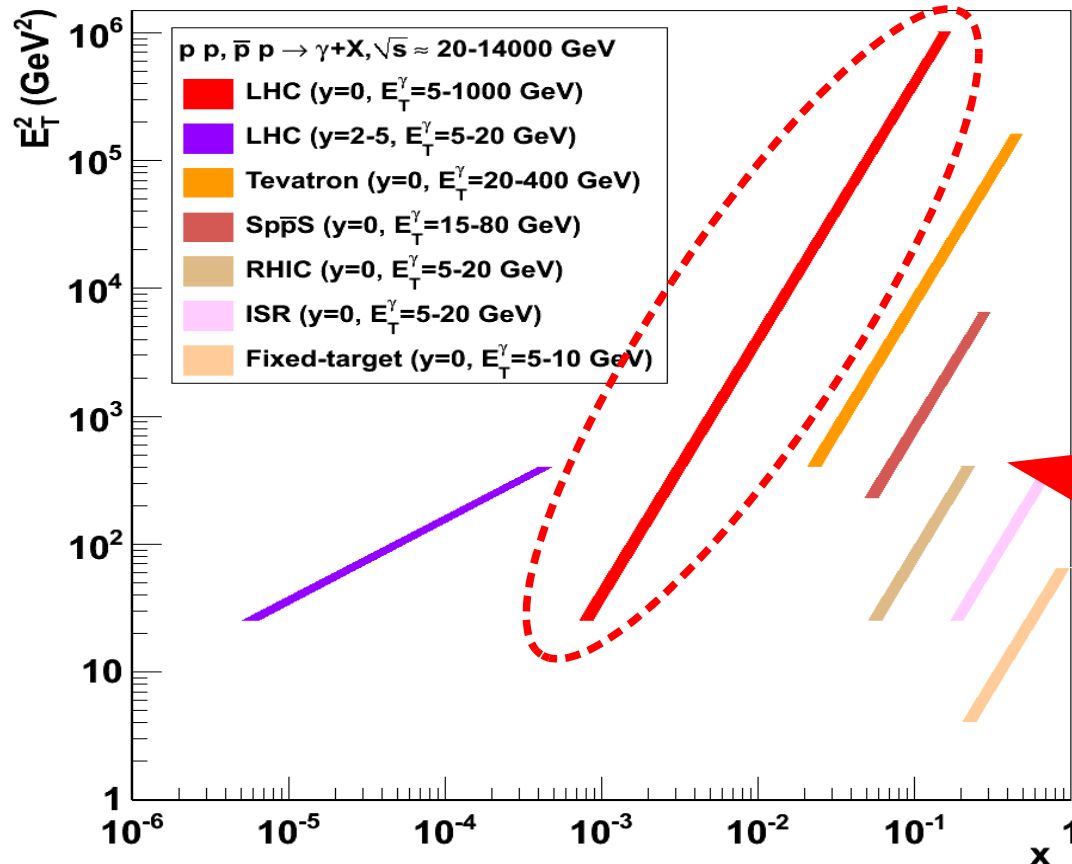
[R. Ichou & Dd'E, PRD82 (2010) 014015]



# $(x, Q^2)$ map of collider isolated- $\gamma$ data-sets

[R.Ichou & D.d'E, PRD82 (2010) 014015]

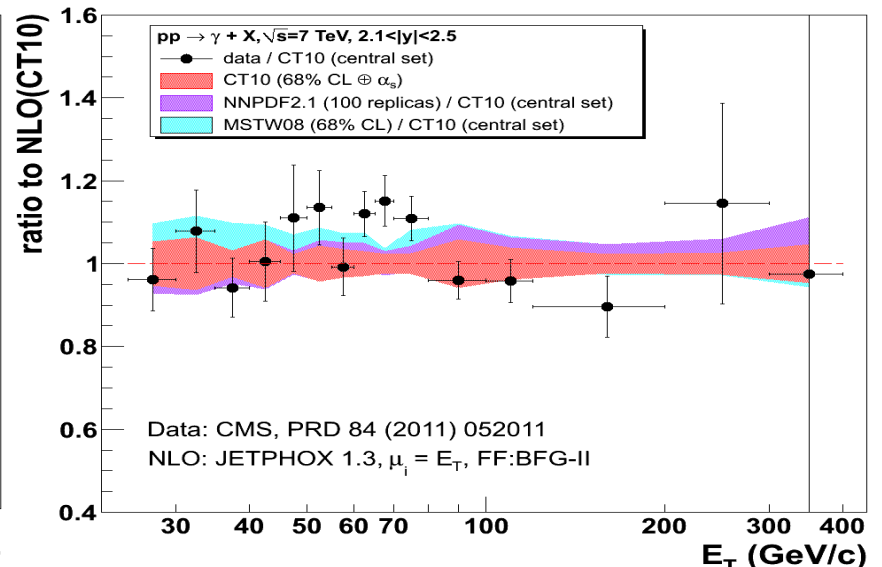
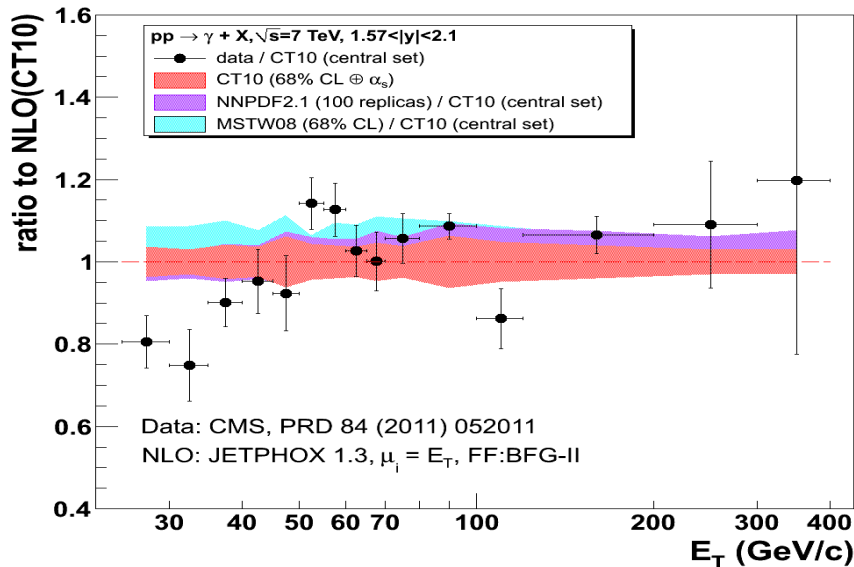
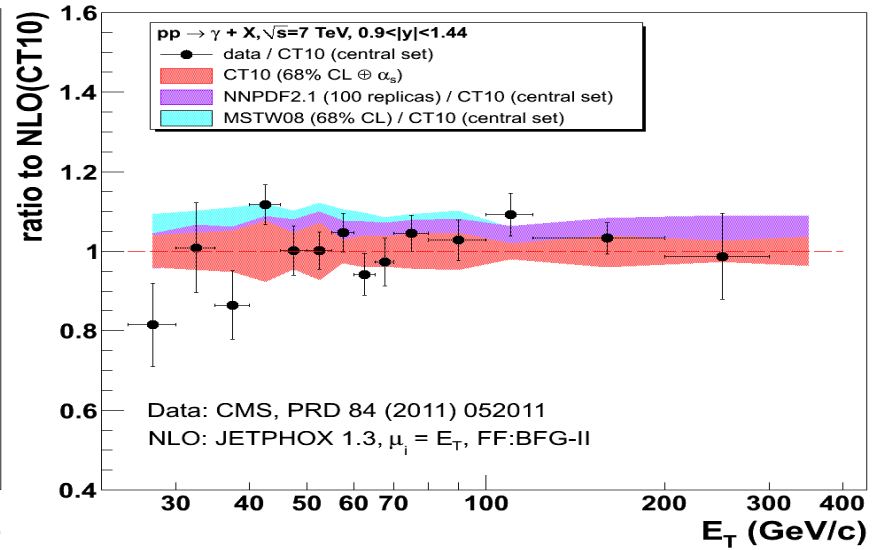
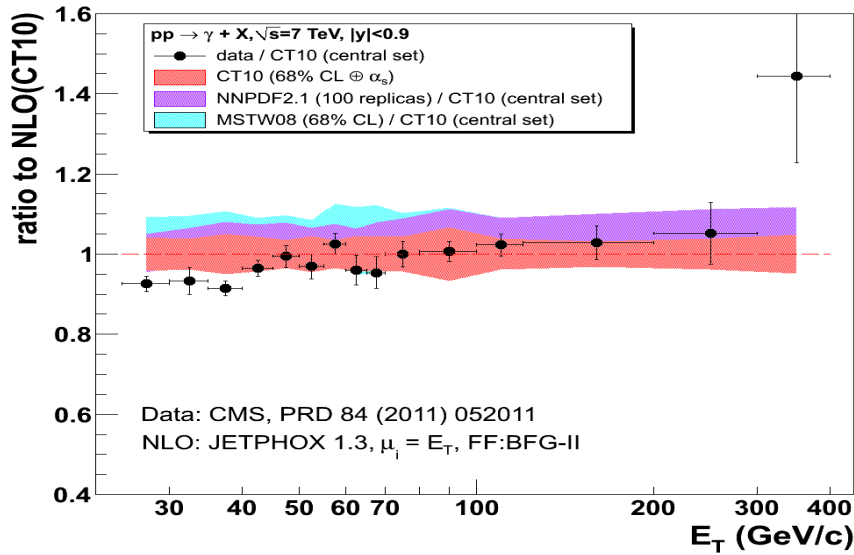
- Kinematical range of LHC, Tevatron, Sp $\bar{p}$ S & RHIC  $\gamma_{\text{isol}}$  data:



- Direct sensitivity to gluon PDF over wide  $(x, Q^2)$  domain

[ $xG(x, Q^2)$  only constrained indirectly by DIS & directly at large- $x$  by Tevatron jets]

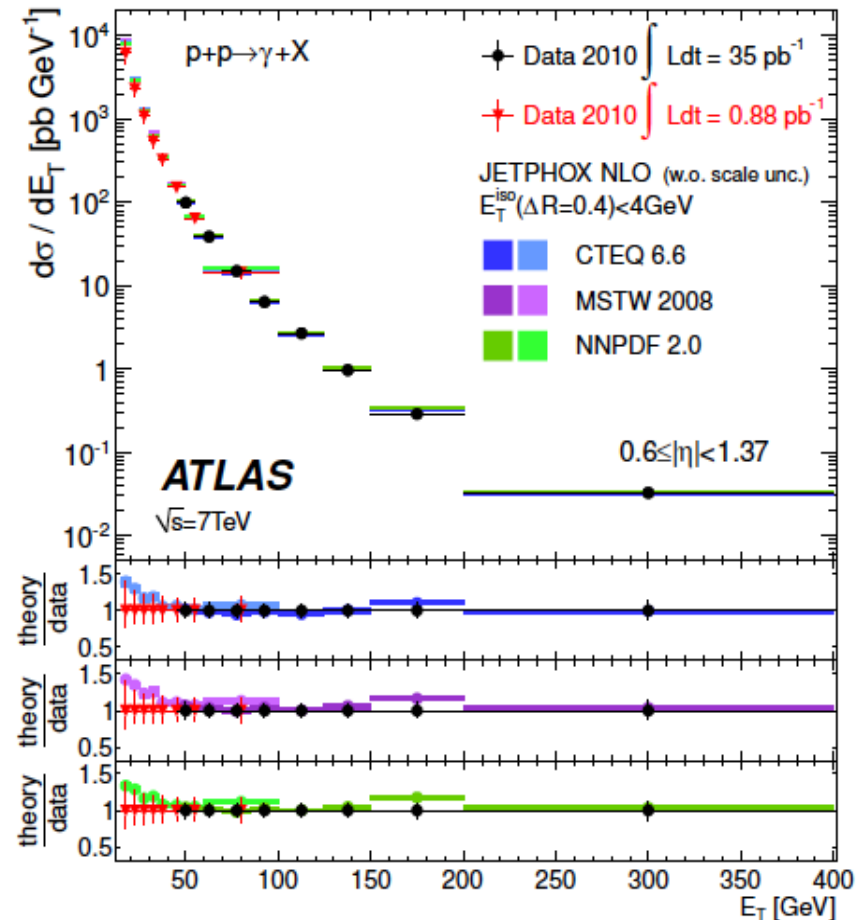
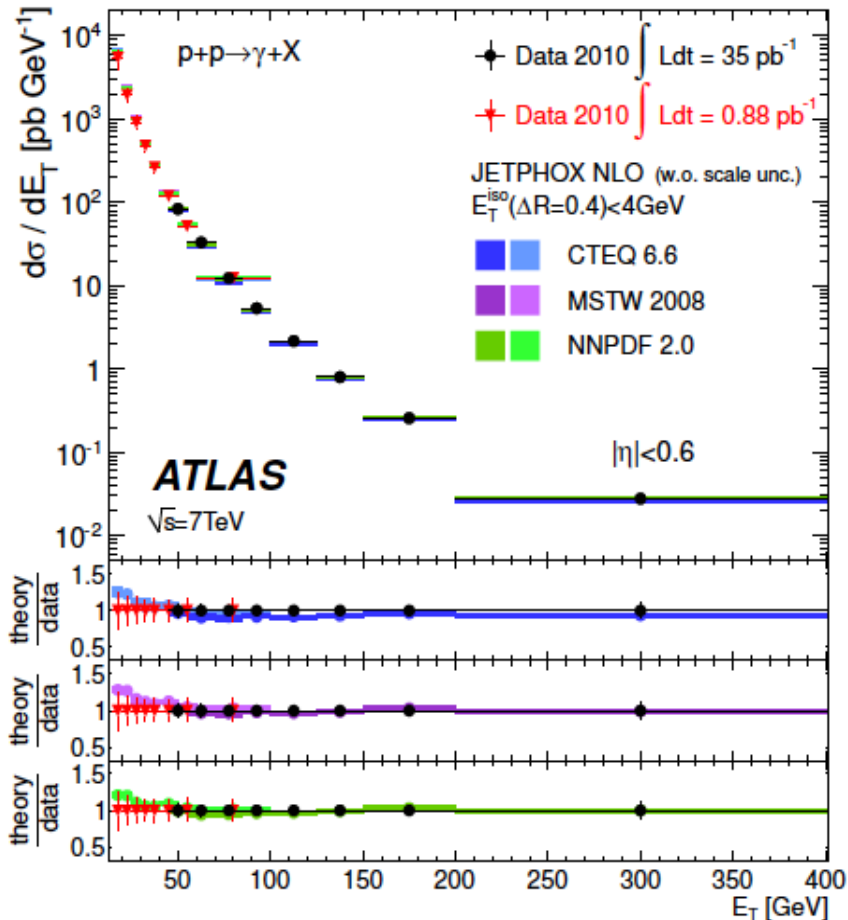
# pp $\rightarrow \gamma_{\text{iso}} + X$ at 7 TeV (CMS) vs NLO (3 PDFs)



■ **Very good agreement** data-NLO at barrel & endcap rapidities.

# pp $\rightarrow \gamma_{iso} + X$ at 7 TeV (ATLAS) vs NLO (3 PDFs)

ATLAS data: PRD 83 (2011) 052005  
arXiv:1108.0253



- Very good agreement data-NLO (slight overprediction at  $E_T < 50$  GeV/c ?)
  - Typical systematic uncertainties:  $\sim 20 - 7\%$
  - Theory uncertainties: Scales =  $15 - 10\%$ ; PDF diffs. =  $5 - 10\%$



# Isolated- $\gamma$ collider world-data (I)

■ 30 meas. (350 data points) at LHC/Tevatron/SppS/RHIC & increasing ...

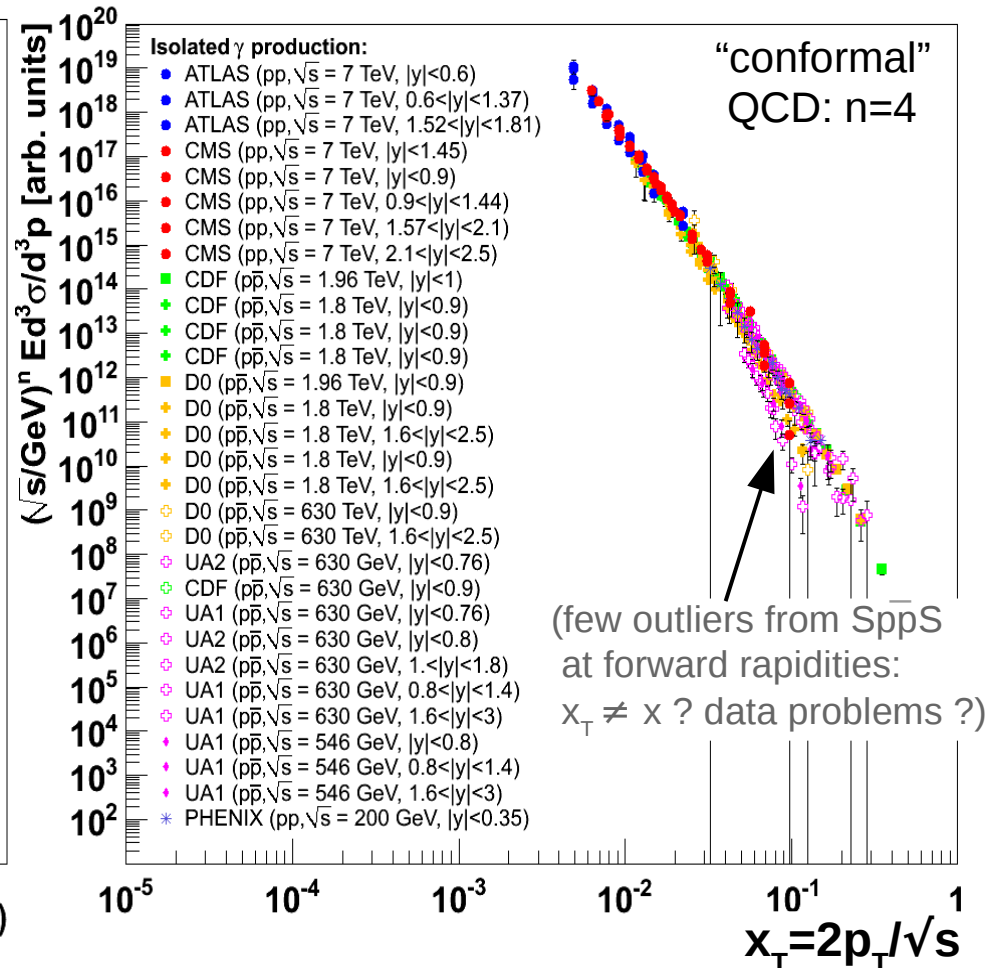
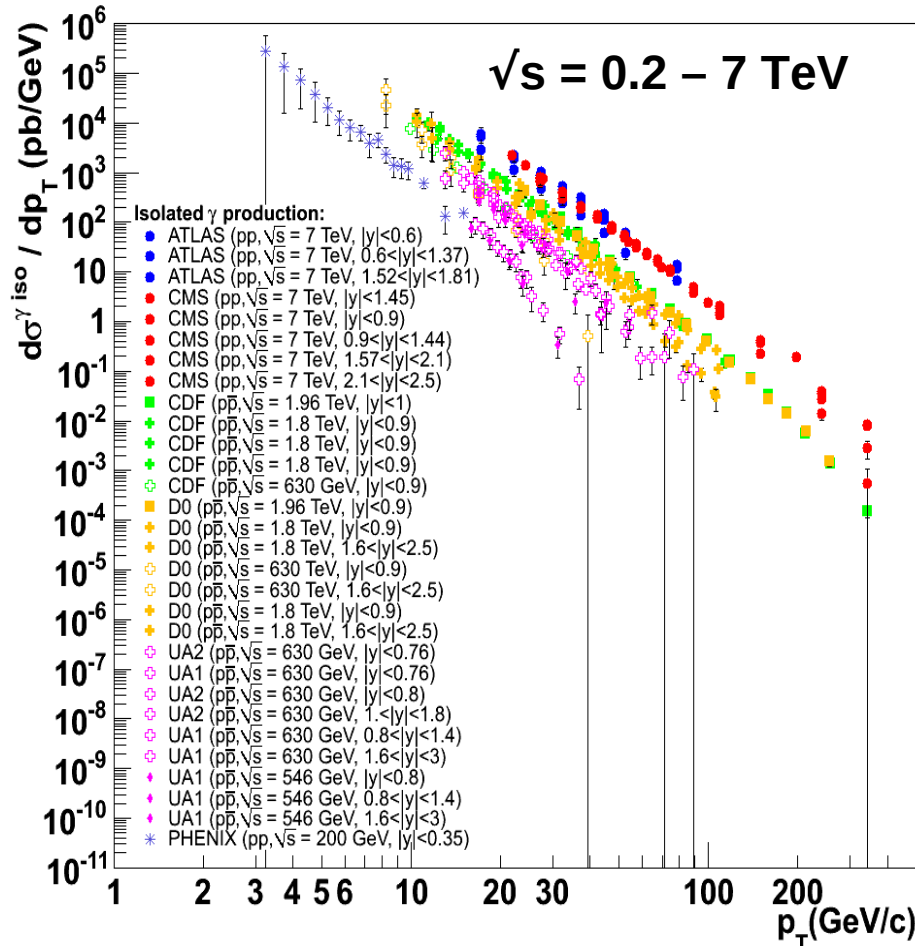
System	Collab./Exp. (collider)	$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	Ref.	$\gamma$ (c.m.)	$p_T$ range (GeV/c)	Number of points	Isolation
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	ATLAS (LHC)	7000.	(Aad <i>et al.</i> , 2010) [3]	-0.6 – 0.6	15. – 100.	8	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	ATLAS (LHC)	7000.	(Aad <i>et al.</i> , 2010) [3]	0.6 – 1.37	15. – 100.	8	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	ATLAS (LHC)	7000.	(Aad <i>et al.</i> , 2010) [3]	1.52 – 1.81	15. – 100.	8	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CMS (LHC)	7000.	(Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> , 2010) [1]	-1.45 – 1.45	21. – 300.	11	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CMS (LHC)	7000.	(Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> , 2011) [2]	-0.9 – 0.9	25. – 400.	15	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CMS (LHC)	7000.	(Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> , 2011) [2]	0.9 – 1.44	25. – 400.	15	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CMS (LHC)	7000.	(Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> , 2011) [2]	1.57 – 2.1	25. – 400.	15	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CMS (LHC)	7000.	(Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> , 2011) [2]	2.1 – 2.5	25. – 400.	15	$R = 0.4, E_h < 5$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CDF (Tevatron)	1960.	(Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> , 2009) [4]	-1.0 – 1.0	30. – 400.	16	$R = 0.4, \epsilon_h = 0.1$
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	1960.	(Abazov <i>et al.</i> , 2005) [5]	-0.9 – 0.9	23. – 300.	17	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CDF (Tevatron)	1800.	(Abe <i>et al.</i> , 1994) [6]	-0.9 – 0.9	8. – 132.	16	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CDF (Tevatron)	1800.	(Acosta <i>et al.</i> , 2002) [7]	-0.9 – 0.9	11. – 132.	17	$R = 0.4, E_h < 4$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CDF (Tevatron)	1800.	(Acosta <i>et al.</i> , 2004) [8]	-0.9 – 0.9	10. – 65.	17	$R = 0.4, E_h < 1$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	1800.	(Abachi <i>et al.</i> , 1996) [9]	-0.9 – 0.9	9.0 – 126.	23	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	1800.	(Abachi <i>et al.</i> , 1996) [9]	1.6 – 2.5	9.0 – 126.	23	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	1800.	(Abbott <i>et al.</i> , 1999) [10]	-0.9 – 0.9	10. – 140.	9	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	1800.	(Abbott <i>et al.</i> , 1999) [10]	1.6 – 2.5	10. – 140.	9	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	CDF (Tevatron)	630.	(Acosta <i>et al.</i> , 2002) [7]	-0.9 – 0.9	8. – 38.	7	$R = 0.4, E_h < 4$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	630.	(Abazov <i>et al.</i> , 2001) [11]	-0.9 – 0.9	7.0 – 50.	7	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	D0 (Tevatron)	630.	(Abazov <i>et al.</i> , 2001) [11]	1.6 – 2.5	7.0 – 50.	7	$R = 0.4, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	630.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	-0.8 – 0.8	16. – 100.	16	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	630.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	0.8 – 1.4	16. – 70.	10	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	630.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	1.6 – 3.	16. – 70.	13	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA2 (SppS)	630.	(Alitti <i>et al.</i> , 1992) [14]	-0.76 – 0.76	14. – 92.	13	$R = 0.265, \epsilon_h = 0.25$
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA2 (SppS)	630.	(Ansari <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [13]	-0.76 – 0.76	12. – 83.0	14	$R = 0.25, E_h < 0.1$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA2 (SppS)	630.	(Ansari <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [13]	1.0 – 1.8	12. – 51.	8	$R = 0.53, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	546.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	-0.8 – 0.8	16. – 51.	6	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	546.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	0.8 – 1.4	16. – 46.	5	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	UA1 (SppS)	546.	(Albajar <i>et al.</i> , 1988) [12]	1.6 – 3.	16. – 38.	5	$R = 0.7, E_h < 2$ GeV
$p-p \rightarrow \gamma_{isol} + X$	PHENIX (RHIC)	200.	(Adler <i>et al.</i> , 2006) [15]	-0.35 – 0.35	3.0 – 16.0	17	$R = 0.5, \epsilon_h = 0.1$

# Isolated- $\gamma$ collider world-data (II)

[D.d'E & R.Ichou, HEP-EPS'11 Proceeds.]

- LHC/Tevatron/Sp $\bar{p}$ S/RHIC  
power-law  $p_T$  spectra  
within  $\sim 4 - 400$  GeV/c

- $x_T$ -scaled cross sections:  
power slope  $n=4.5$   
(pQCD tell-tale behaviour)



# Theoretical setup: JETPHOX NLO + NNPDF2.1

- JETPHOX 1.3.0 NLO pQCD code.
- NNPDF21\_100.LHgrid (100 replicas) interfaced via LHAPDF5.8.5
- BFG-II parton-to-photon FFs (but suppressed by isolation cuts).
- All scales set to default:  $\mu_R = \mu_F = \mu_{FF} = E_T^\gamma$
- Exp. kinematics+isolation cuts &  $p_T$  binnings for 30+ systems:
  - 100 replicas direct- $\gamma$  NLO: ~ 7h CPU / 1M evts (~5 days for 20 Mevts !)
  - 100 replicas frag- $\gamma$  NLO: ~10h CPU / 1M evts (~1 week for 20 Mevts !)

×30 !

- NNPDF2.1 “reweighting technique”: [R.D.Ball et al. NPB 849 (2011) 112]

(1) Compute  $d\sigma_{\text{NLO}}/dp_T$  for 100 replicas

(2) Perform  $\chi^2$  analysis  $d\sigma_{\text{EXP}}/dp_T$  vs  $d\sigma_{\text{NLO}}/dp_T$  for each replica.

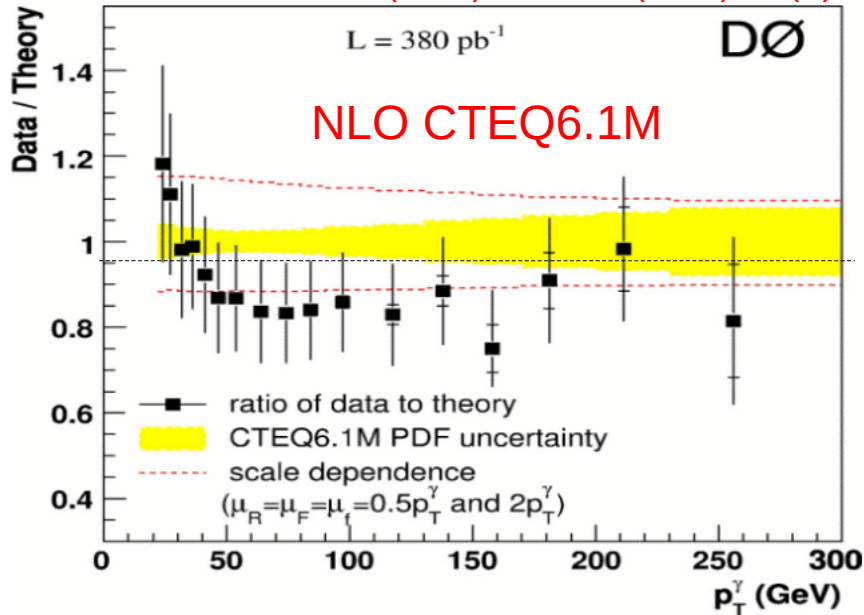
(3) Obtain associated “weight”  
for each replica:

$$w_k = \frac{(\chi_k^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-1)} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\chi_k^2}}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N (\chi_k^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-1)} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\chi_k^2}}$$

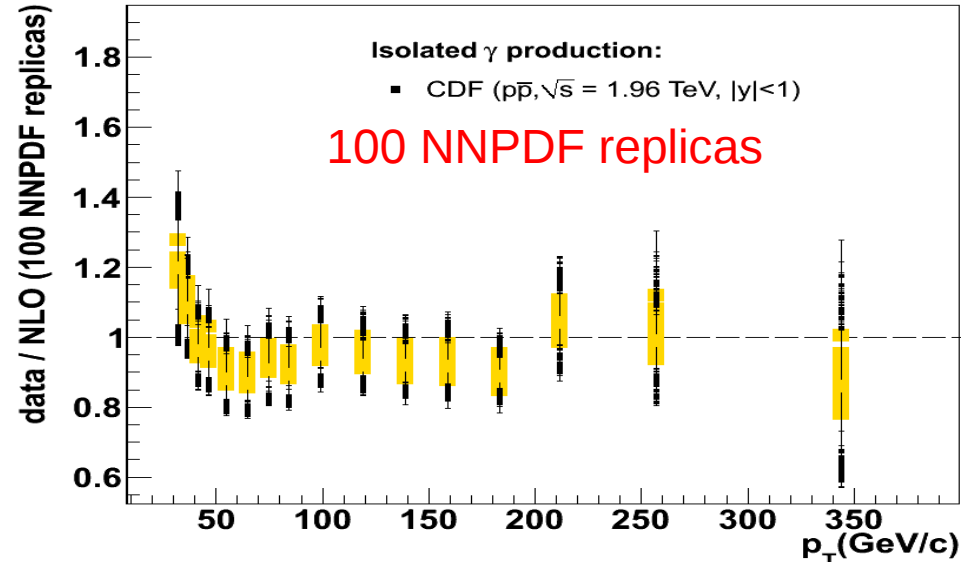
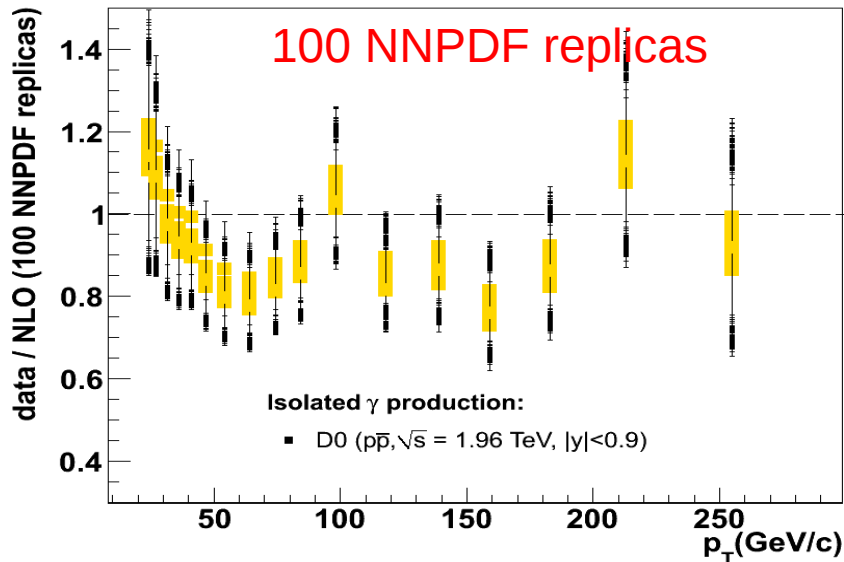
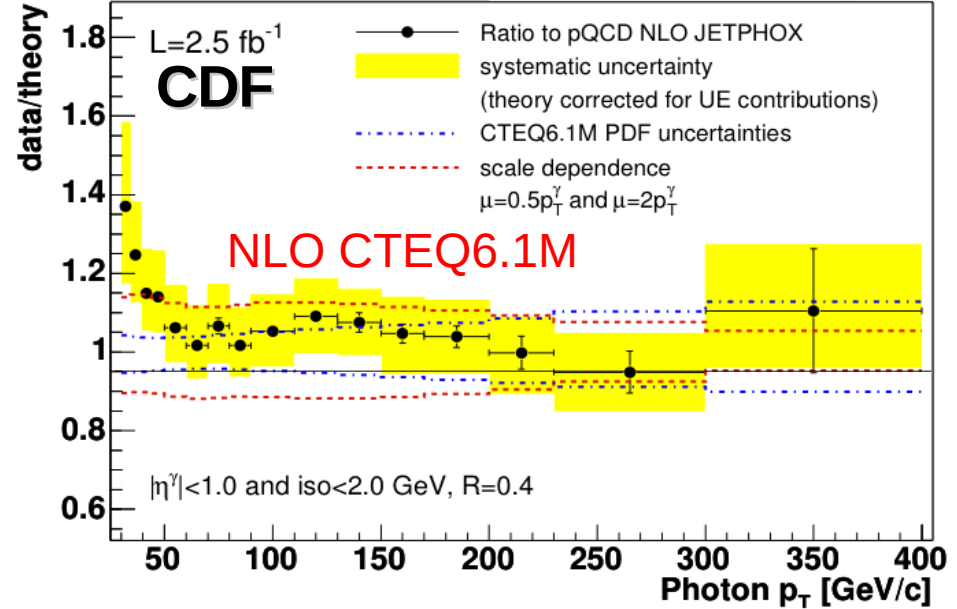
(4) Obtain reweighted PDF replicas:  $\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle_{\text{new}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N w_k \mathcal{O}[f_k]$

# Example: Tevatron vs JETPHOX-NNPDF2.1 (I)

DZERO: PLB 639 (2006) 151; 658 (2008)285(E)

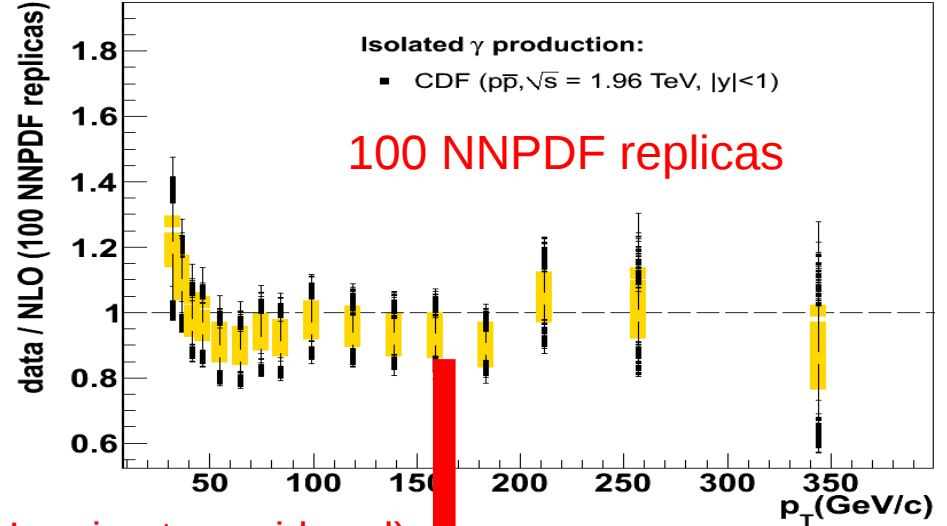
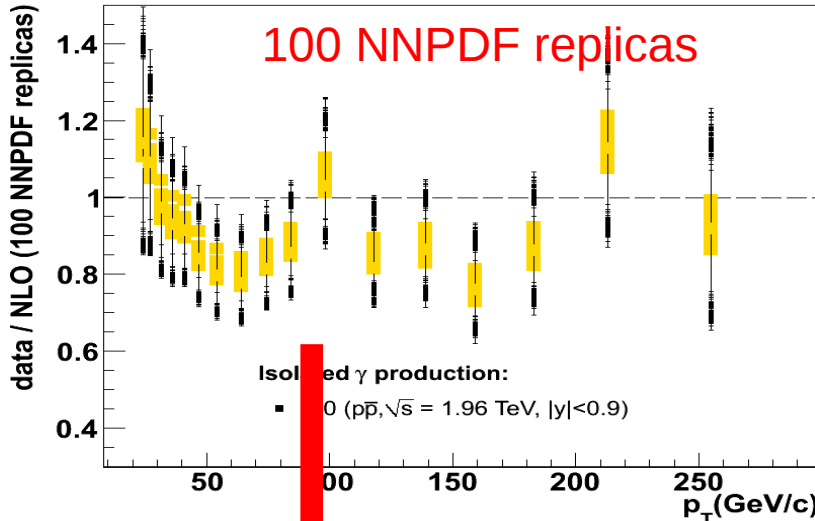


CDF: PRD 80, 111106 (2009)

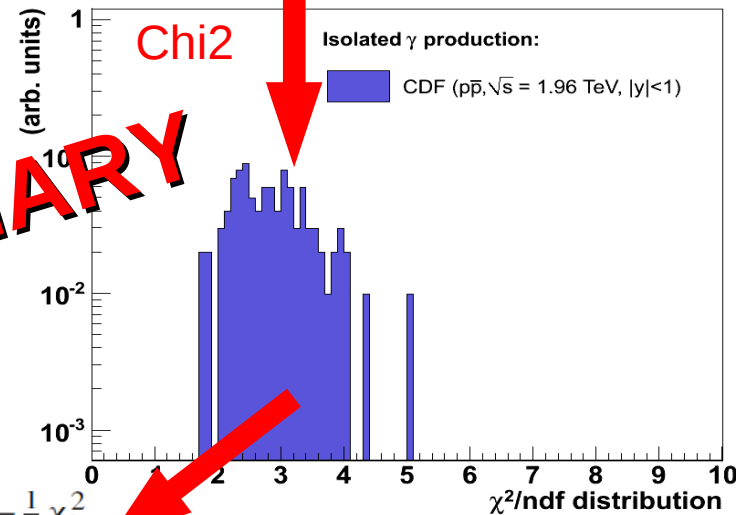
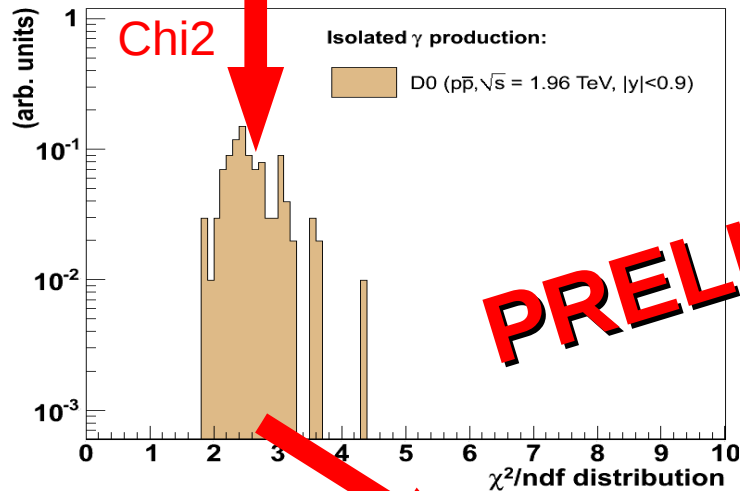


# Example: Tevatron vs JETPHOX-NNPDF2.1 (II)

[D.d'E & J.Rojo, in preparation]



(syst.  $\oplus$  stat. uncertainties. Lumi not considered)

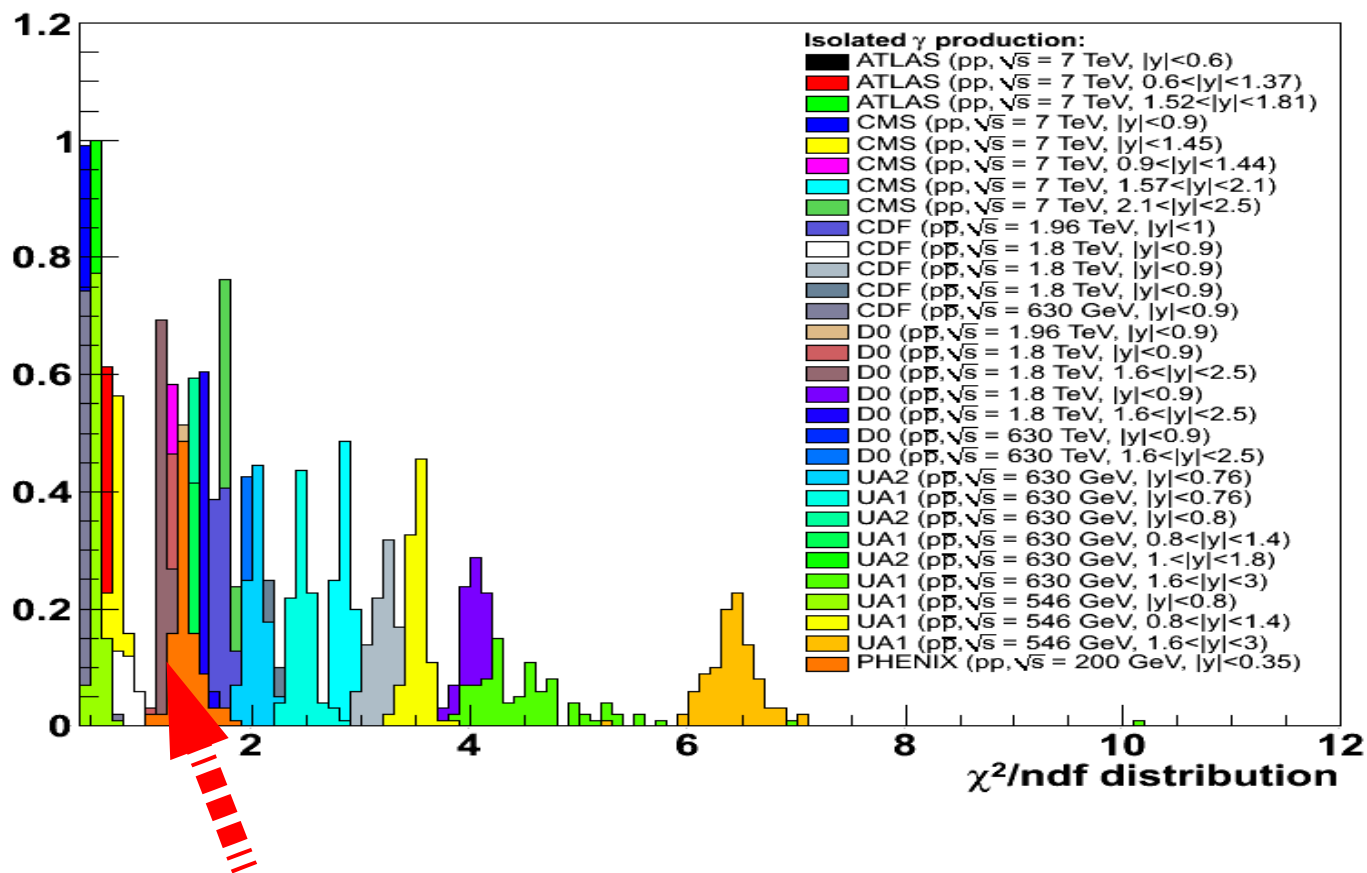


**PRELIMINARY**

$$w_k = \frac{(\chi_k^2)^{n/2-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\chi_k^2}}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N (\chi_k^2)^{n/2-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\chi_k^2}} \quad : \text{Replicas weights}$$

# $\chi^2$ world $\gamma$ -data vs NNPDF replicas (preliminary)

- $\chi^2$ /ndf distribution of 100 replicas for each one of 30 systems: (syst.+stat. uncertainties in quadrature. Lumi not considered)

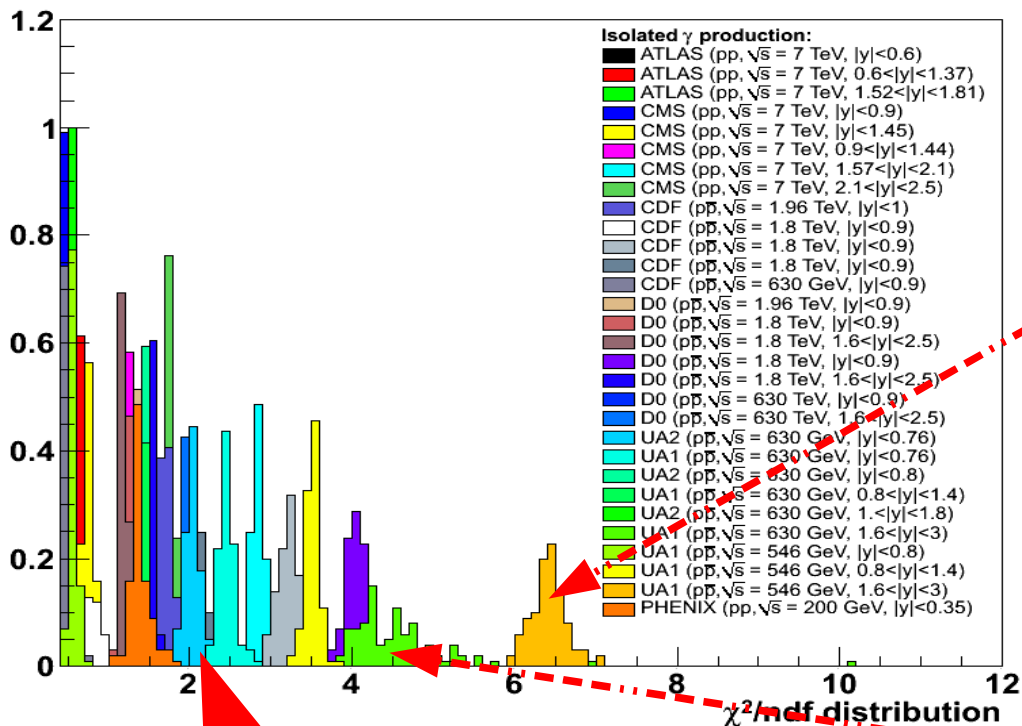


- $\sim 2/3$  of measurements have all replicas with  $\chi^2$ /ndf < 2.  
Possible impact on PDFs if included in global-fit

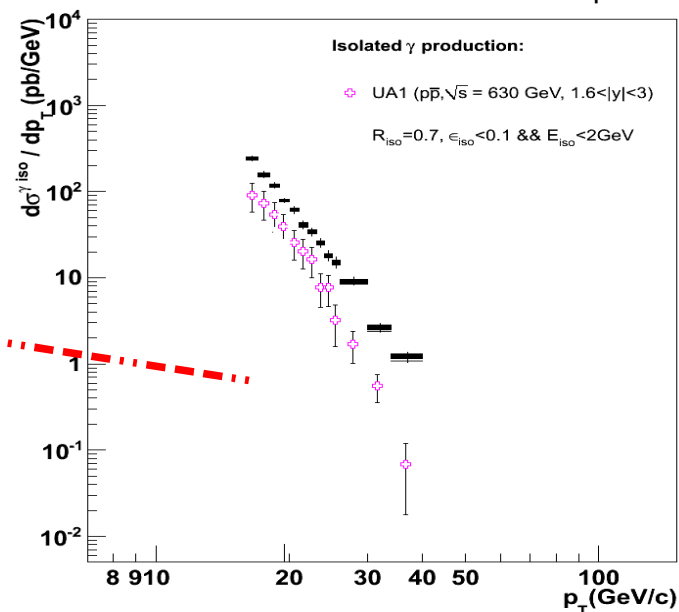
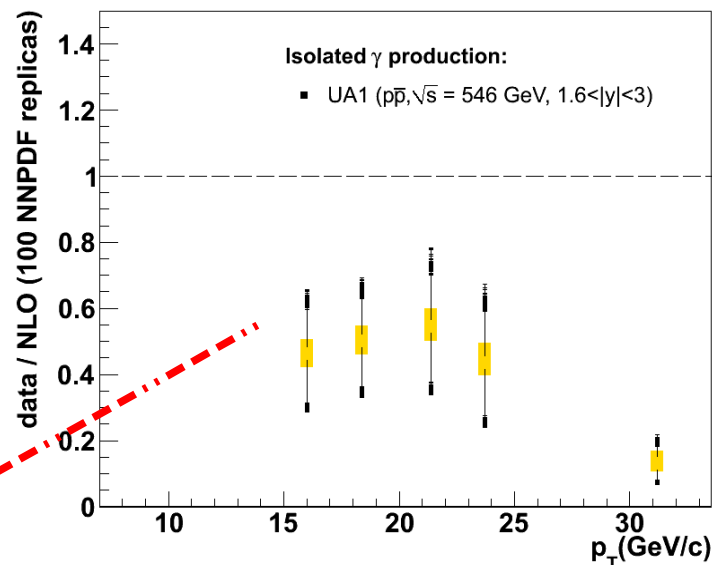


# $\chi^2$ world $\gamma$ -data vs NNPDF replicas (preliminary)

- A few outliers from Sp $\bar{p}$ S at fwd rapidities (likely not “physics”. Being checked ...):



- Other measurements with  $\chi^2/\text{ndf} \sim 2-4$  Possibly larger impact on global PDF fits



# Conclusion & Outlook

- There exists **30+ measurements of isolated-photons** at collider energies ( $\sqrt{s} = 0.2 - 7$  TeV):
  - ✓ Directly **sensitive to gluon density**: quark-gluon Compton scatt. dominates x-sections (fragmentation  $\gamma$  much reduced).
  - ✓ Follow “ **$x_T$  scaling**”. **Reproduced by NLO** pQCD calculations.
  - ✓ Corresponding **350+ data points** (+100's more from the LHC ?) can be used to add direct constraints to the gluon PDF.
- **NNPDF “reweighting”** technique tested with **NLO JETPHOX**:
  - ✓ 2/3 of data-sets have all 100 replicas with  $\chi^2/\text{ndf} < 2$ .
  - ✓ Few outliers (physics ? instrumental ?) & data-sets with  $\chi^2/\text{ndf} > \sim 2$ .
  - ✓ Coming steps:
    - **Reweighting of replicas.**
    - Quantitative **determination of impact on global PDF fits.**



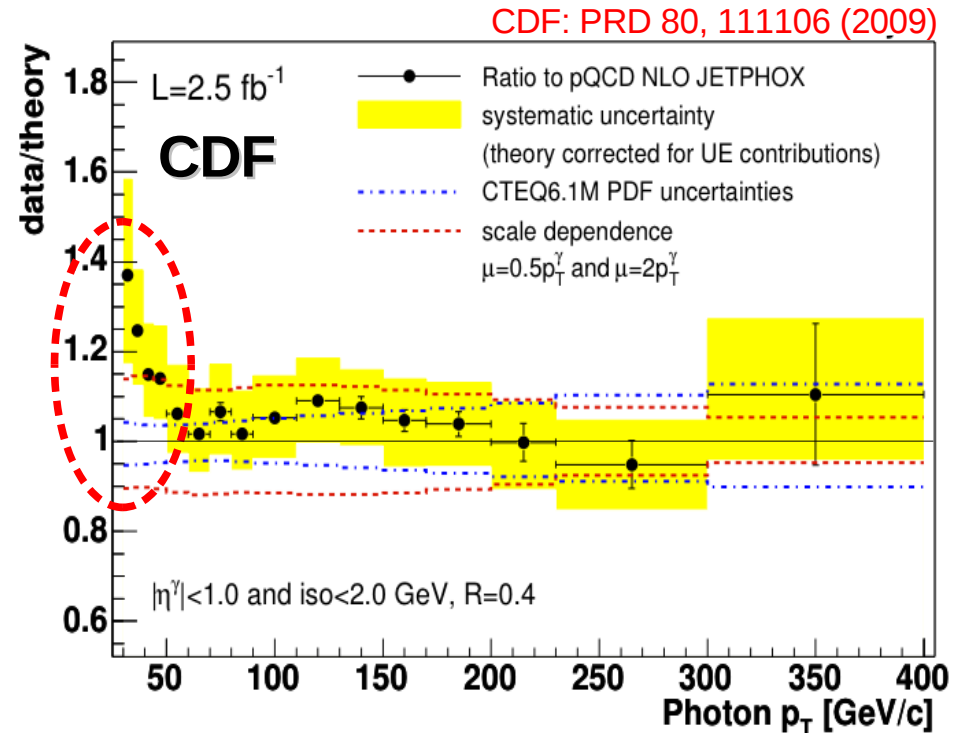
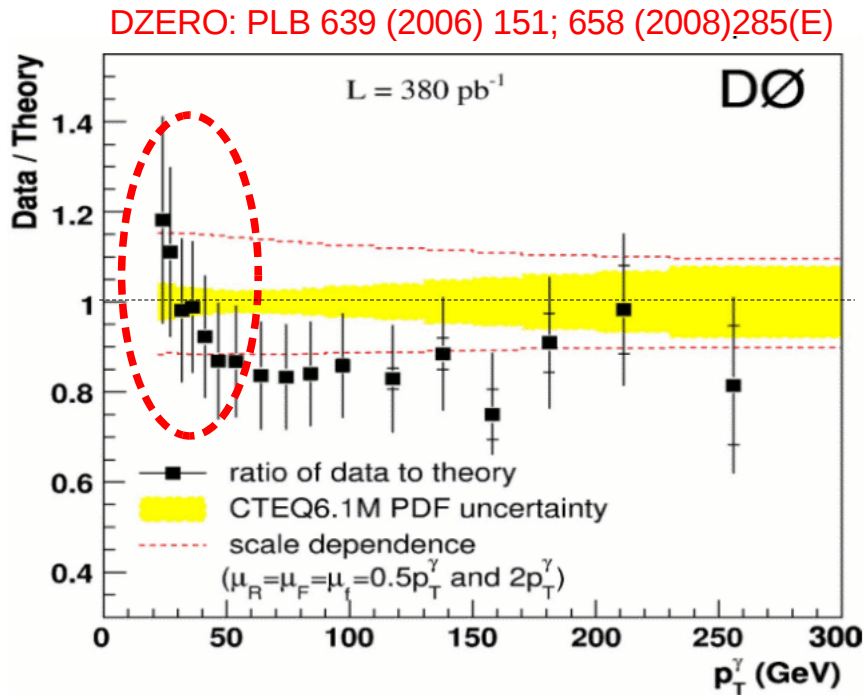
# Backup slides

# Compare to ... $pp \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{iso}} + X$ at 1.96 TeV vs NLO

■ D0 syst. uncertainty: ~20%

■ CDF syst. uncertainty: 15 – 10%

(Tevatron uncertainties dominated by photon energy scale)



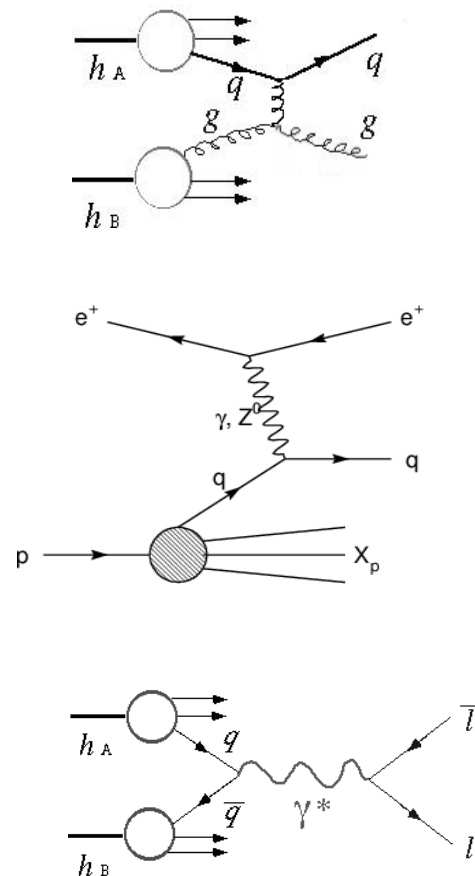
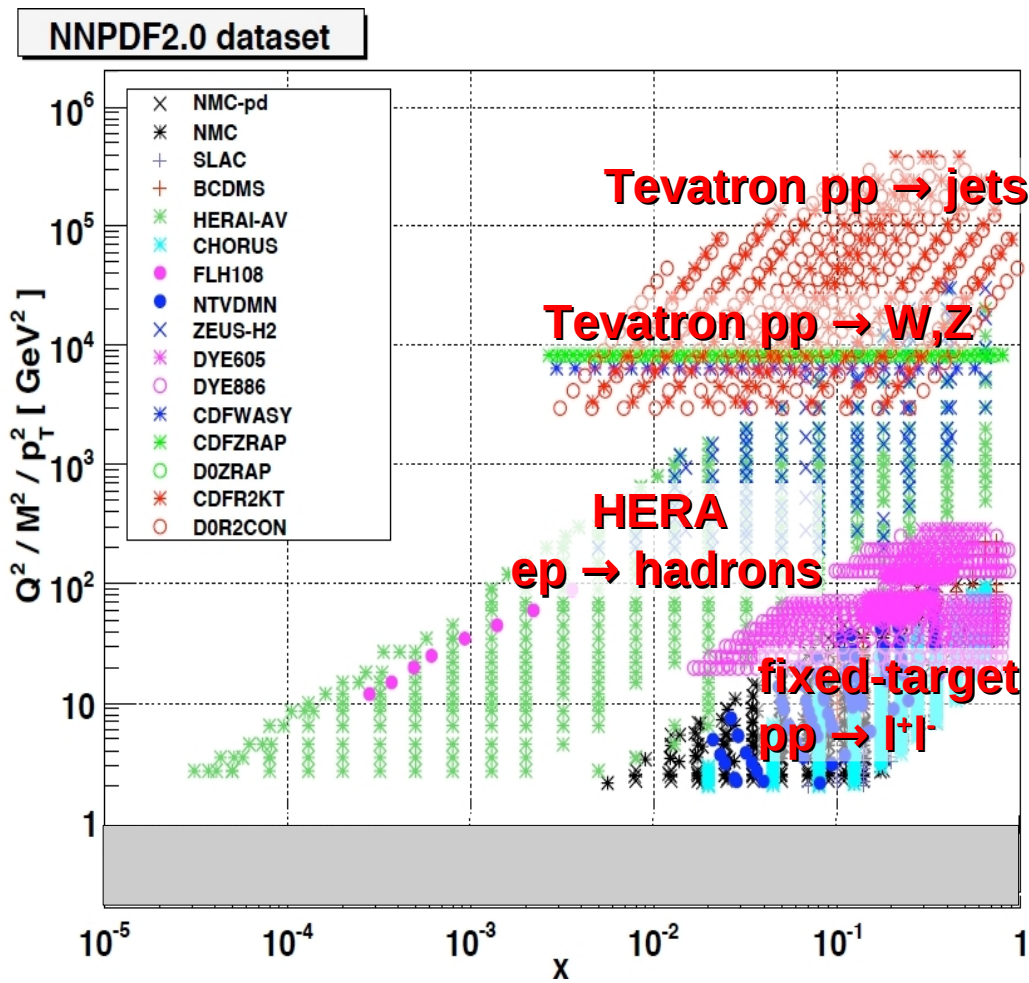
■ NLO tends to **underpredict** data at  $p_T < 50 \text{ GeV/c}$  (still OK within errors)

- Theory scale uncertainty: 15 – 10%
- Theory PDF uncertainty: 5 – 10%

[See also: R.Ichou & D.d'E, PRD82 (2010) 014015]

# $(x, Q^2)$ map of data-sets used in PDF global fits

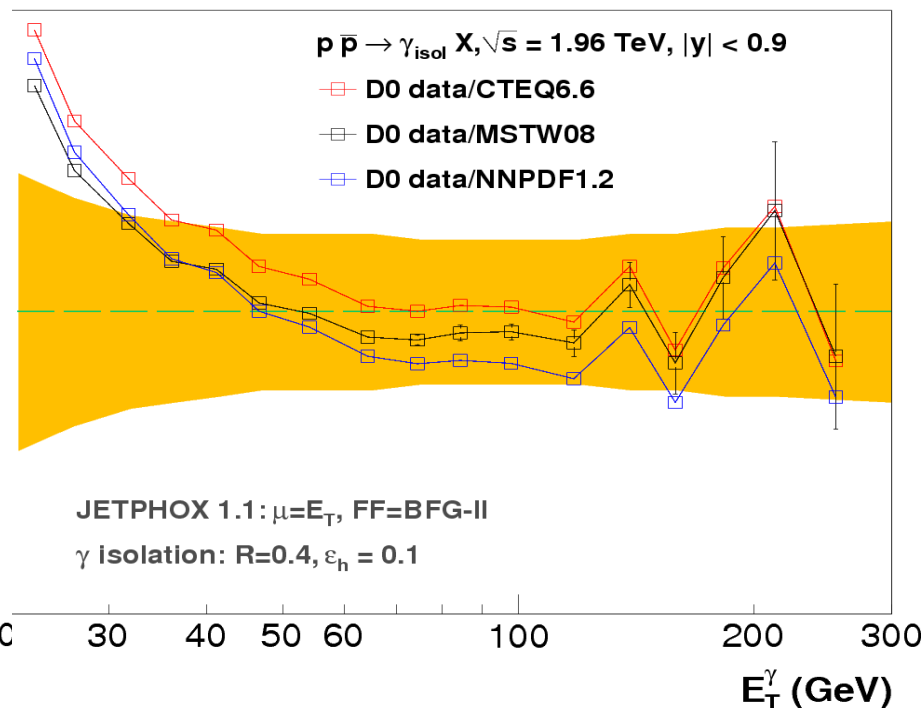
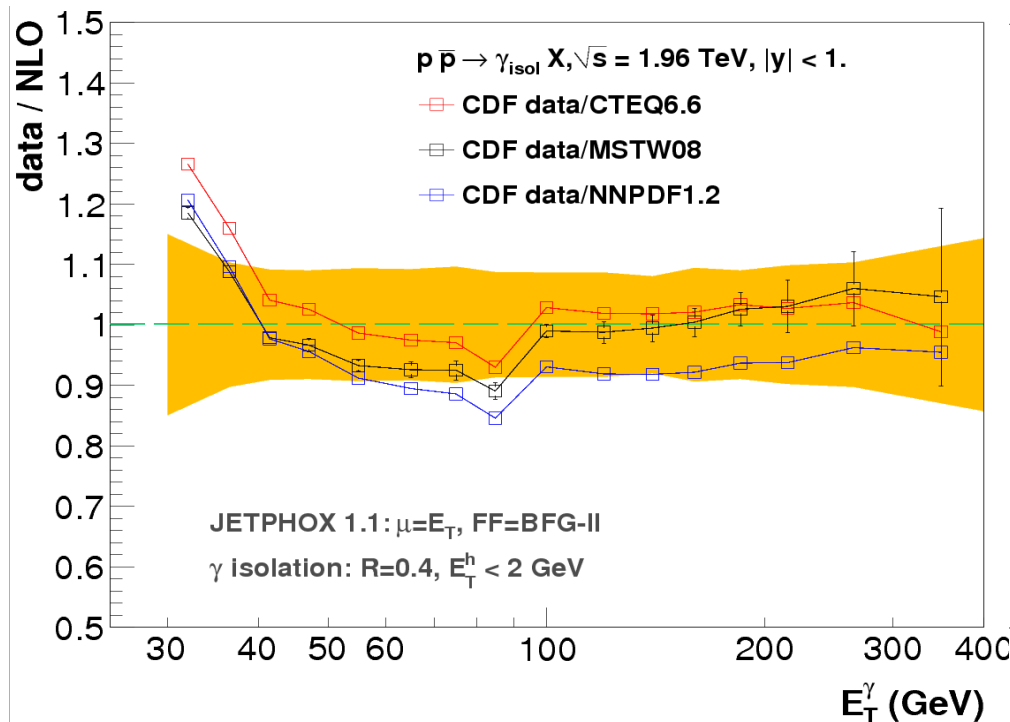
- ~3500 data points from DIS, fixed-target & collider data:



- Gluon:** indirectly via  $\partial F_2 / \partial \log Q^2$  & directly at large- $x$  via **Tevatron jets**

# Tevatron isolated- $\gamma$ vs NLO (3 PDFs)

[R.Ichou & Dd'E, PRD82 (2010) 014015]



- Good overall agreement data-NLO in  $pp \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{isol}} + X$  at 1.96 TeV.
- Excess at  $p_T < 30 \text{ GeV}/c$  (still within exp. uncertainties):  
 physics ? Instrumental ?