

Measurement of B<sup>0</sup>→JpsiPi<sup>+</sup>Pi<sup>-</sup> Branching Fractions with the BaBar Detector

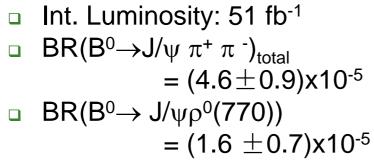
> *Nick Barlow, <u>Yaw Ming Chia</u>* The University of Manchester



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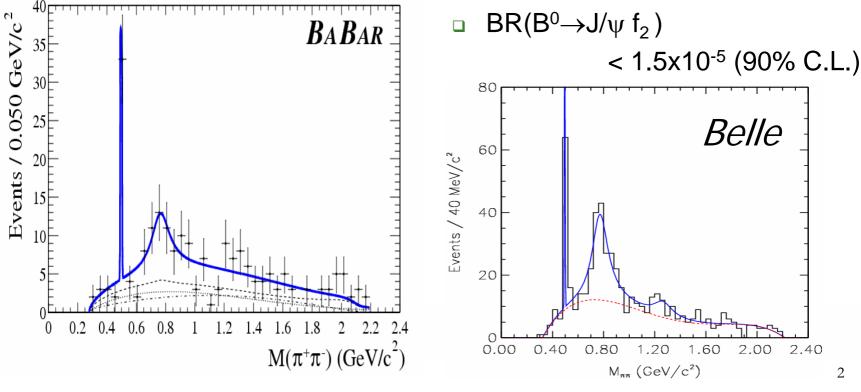
# Past Results

#### BaBar



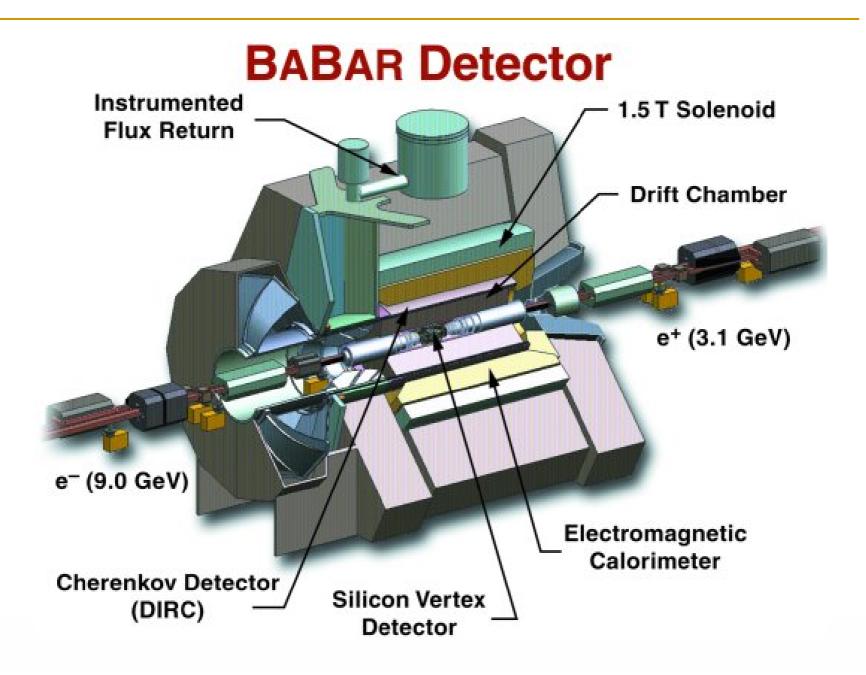
#### □ Int. Luminosity: 120 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- BR(B<sup>0</sup>→ J/ $\psi\rho^{0}(770)$ ) = (2.8±0.4)x10<sup>-5</sup>
- □ BR(B<sup>0</sup>→J/ $\psi$  π<sup>+</sup> π <sup>-</sup>(non-res))



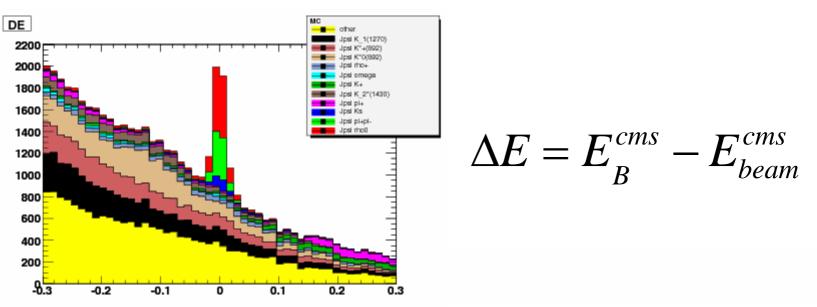
#### Motivation

- We have much more data now, i.e., ~300 fb<sup>-1</sup>. Hence we will be able to
  - Reduce errors for modes with existing branching fractions hence increasing their significance
  - Set branching fractions for modes with upper limits only
  - Discover (or possibly deny the existence of other resonances) that may appear due to higher statistics, i.e., f<sub>2</sub>
  - Explain inconsistencies of Belle results with past BaBar results for the resonant and non-resonant components of B<sup>0</sup> $\rightarrow$ J/ $\psi$   $\pi^+$   $\pi^-$
  - Set up the framework for angular analysis of  $B^0\!\!\rightarrow J/\psi\rho^0(770)$



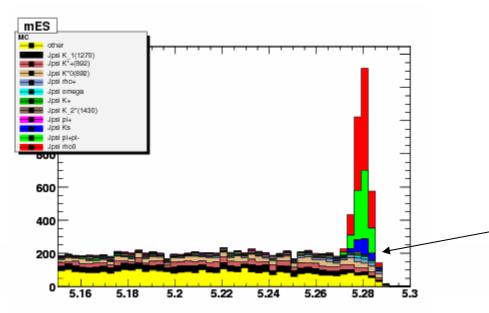
#### Selection & Fit (A)

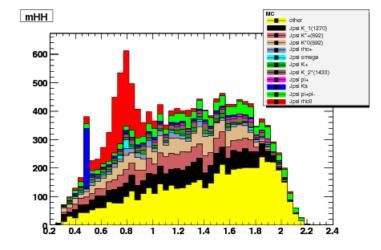
- Initially events have to pass the following cuts:
  - Kinematic & geometric constraint on the vertex fit
  - Lepton ID
  - Jpsi mass (2.98 < Jpsi<sub>ee</sub> < 3.14 , 3.06 < Jpsi<sub>mumu</sub> < 3.14)</p>
  - Tightest pion ID
- Then the best candidate is selected for each event by passing the criteria of having the smallest DE.



### Selection & Fit (B)

- A 2D fit is then made on the MES and the Invariant mass (mHH) plot to obtain the number of events for a specific mode
- Our fit is divided into 4 types:
  - Signal modes
  - Exclusive Jpsi background modes
  - Inclusive Jpsi background
  - Non-Jpsi background

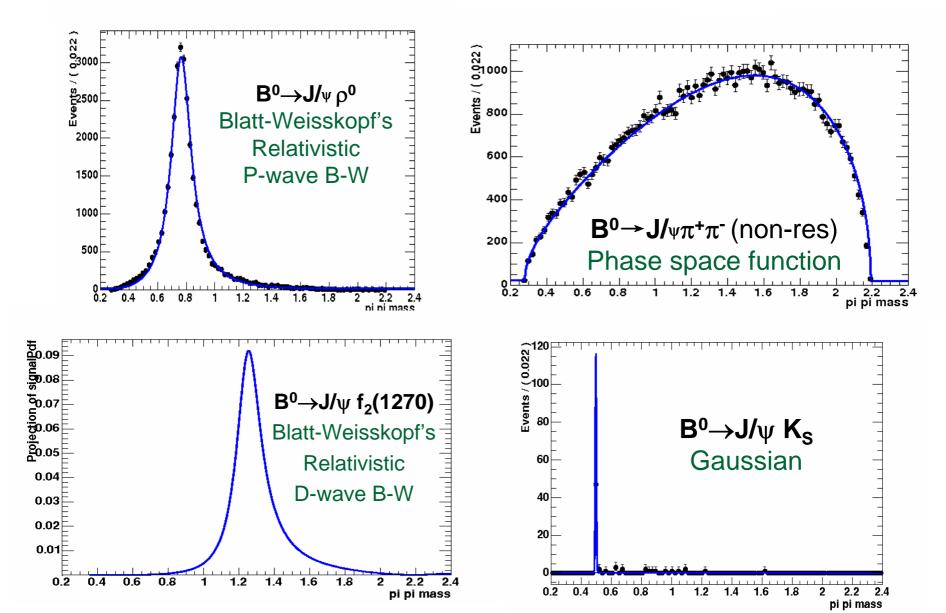




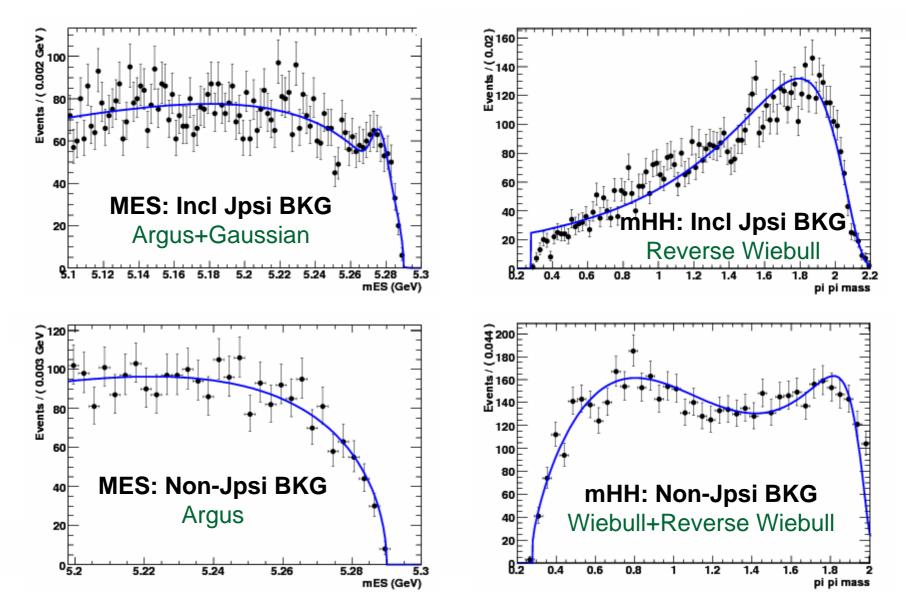
$$M_{ES} = \sqrt{\left(E_{beam}^{cms}\right)^2 - \left(p_B^{cms}\right)^2}$$

MES is fitted with a gaussian for signal and an Argus function for background

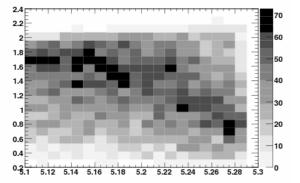
### Signal Fits on Invariant Mass of PiPi



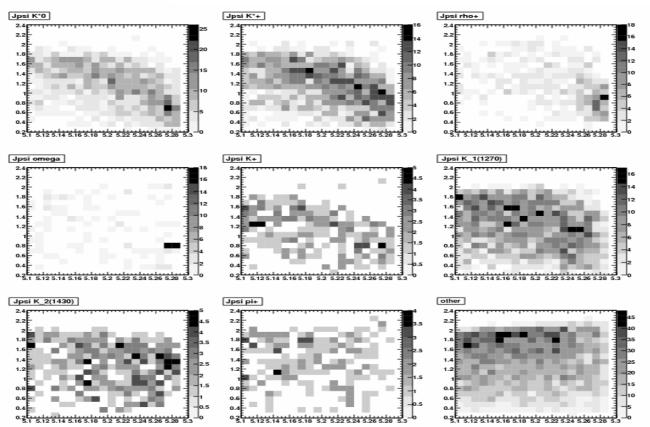
#### Fits to Jpsi & non-Jpsi Backgrounds

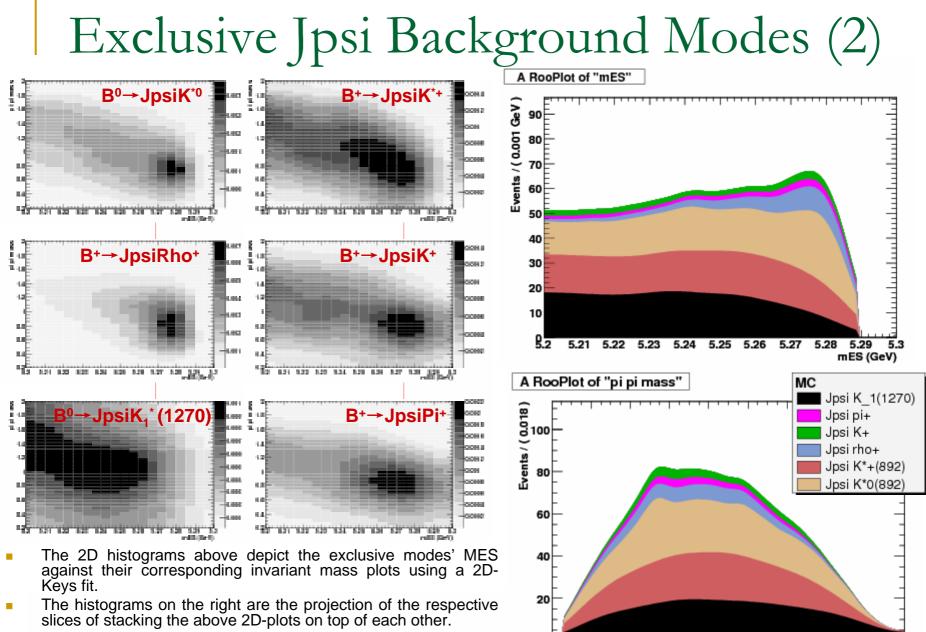


## Exclusive Jpsi Background Modes (1)



- It was discovered that the left 2D plot of invariant mass against MES of the inclusive Jpsi background gave a strong correlation.
- This resulted in the investigation of the exclusive modes that were responsible for such impermissible behaviour.
- The eight modes that were deigned to be the main culprits are plotted as shown below.





8.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

1.2

1

1.4

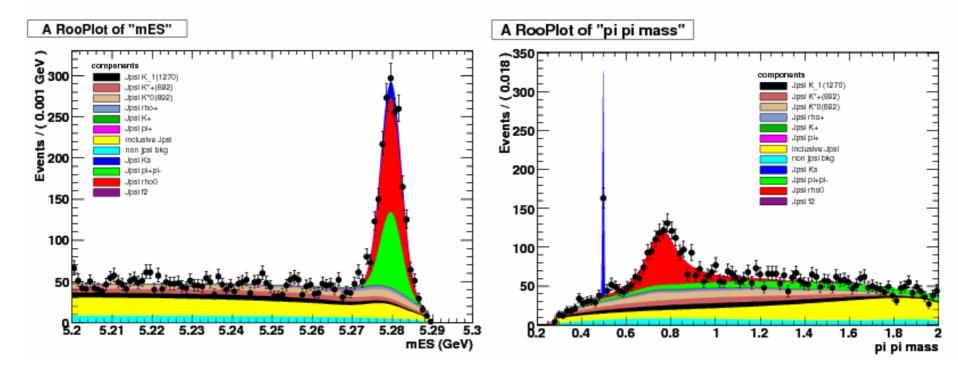
1.6

1.8

pi pi mass

 For the exclusive modes, all parameters are fixed according to their known branching fractions from the latest PDG.

#### Full Final Fits on Monte Carlo



Branching Fraction of $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \rho^0$	
Monte Carlo	<b>3x10</b> <sup>-5</sup>
Fitted	(3.09±0.15)x10 <sup>-5</sup>

 The final fits describes the generic Monte Carlo pretty well and gives an excellent fit to the signal mode(s).

#### Conclusion

- Currently analysis is done using 205fb<sup>-1</sup>. We will update it to 300fb<sup>-1</sup> as well as complete the robustness test on the Toy MC studies within this fortnight.
- Analysis is blinded and we will await for our honourable Analysis Working Group's consent to unblind soon.
- On completion, plan is to submit directly to PRD-RC.