



Results on Cavity Simulations and Measurements

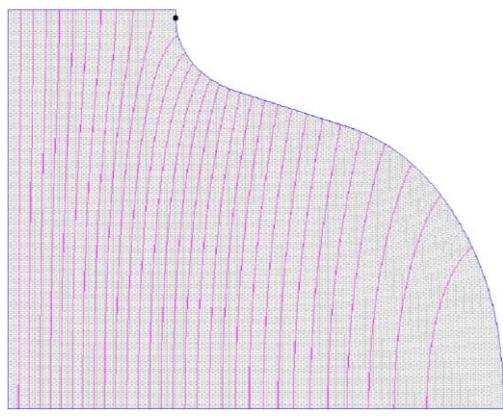
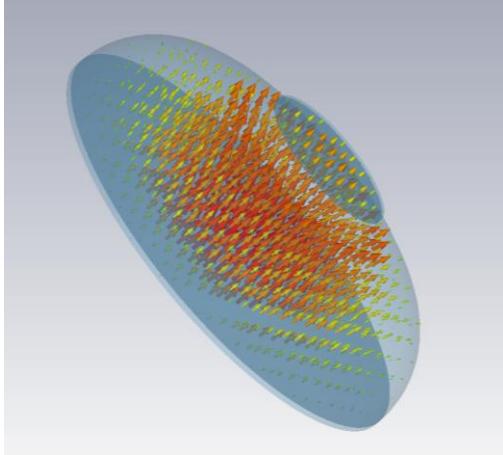
Szabina Mikulas

SLHiPP-1 08-09.12.2011

CERN BE-RF



Simulated First Resonance Frequency



Simulation Codes

- CST -> most suitable solver settings
- SuperFISH

Accuracy of the Simulated Value

- **$\pm 10 \text{ kHz}$**

Material Properties

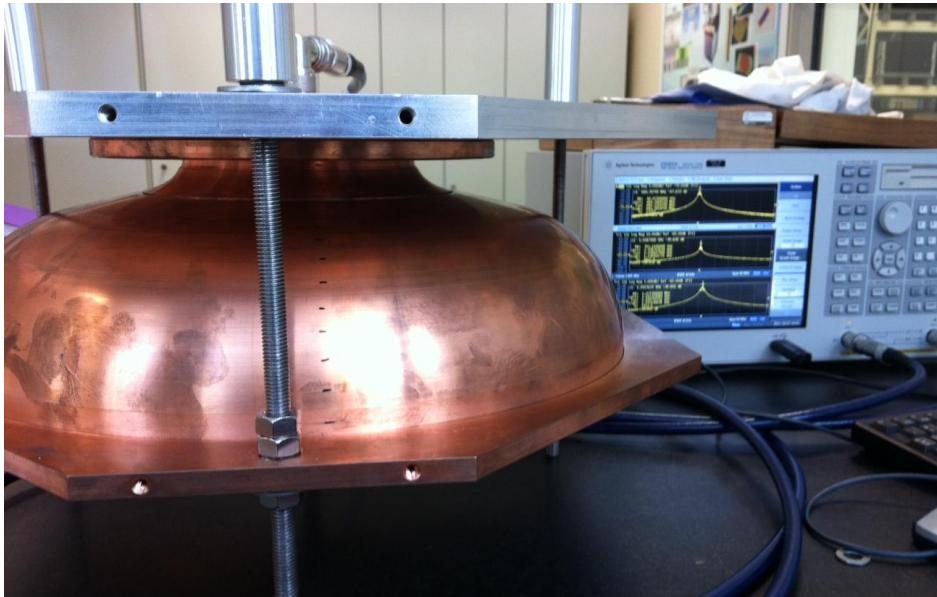
- relative permittivity **1.0006** of dry air
- 200 kHz deviation to vacuum

half central cell half cell dia 140 half cell dia 130

684.475 MHz 688.280 MHz 689.987 MHz



Measurement principles



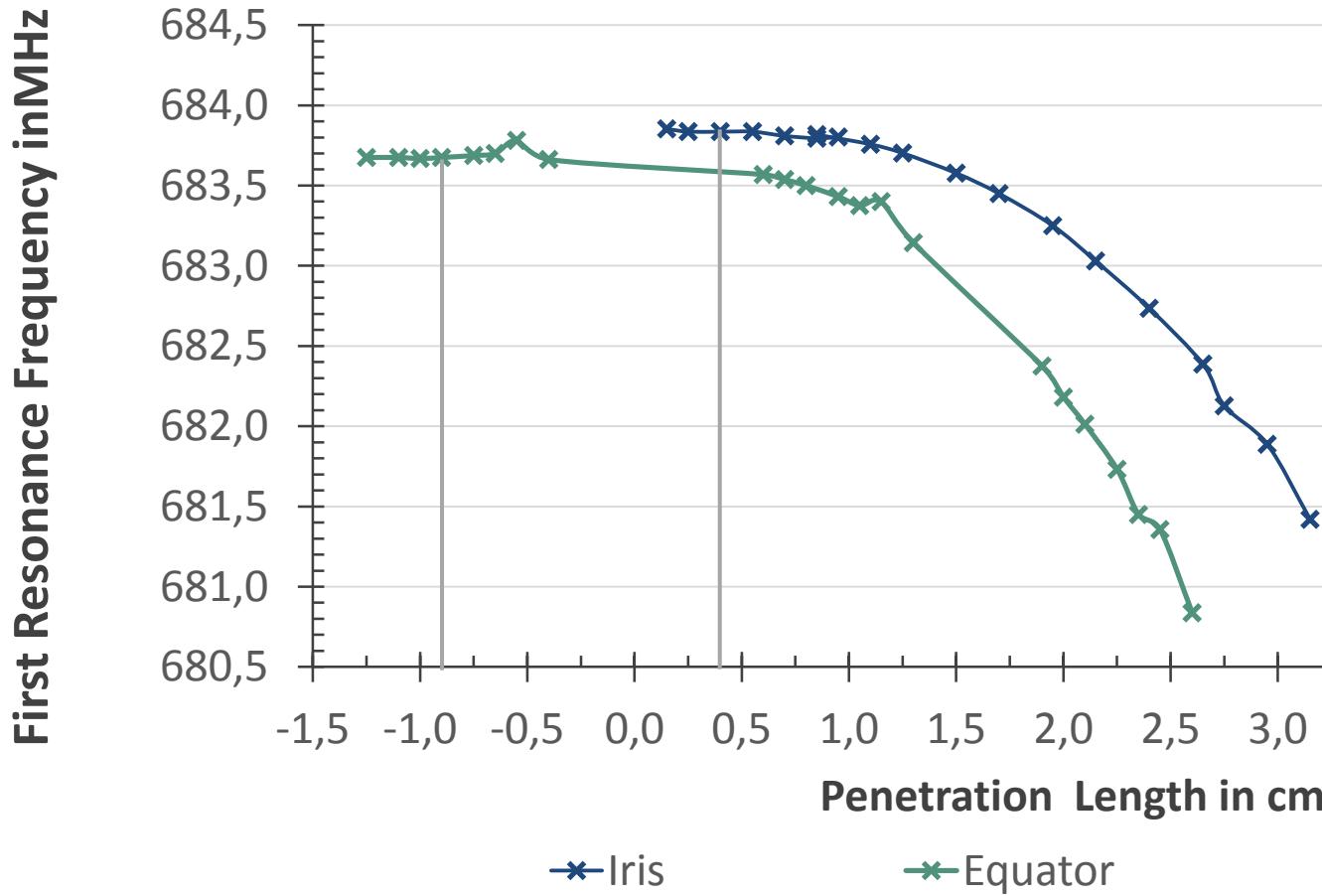
First
Resonance
Frequency

- S21** Parameter maximum
- noise level 100 dB

- Q** Value as quality indicator
- theoretical value 22000

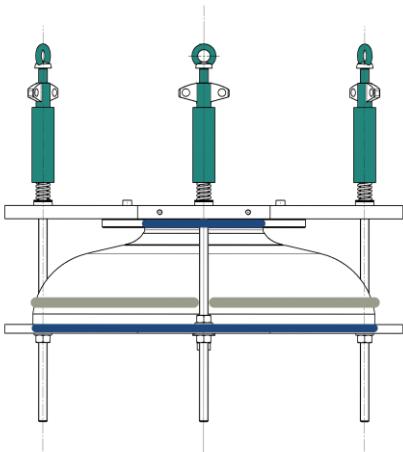
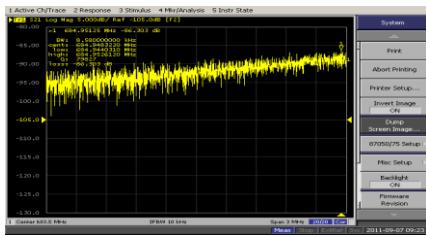
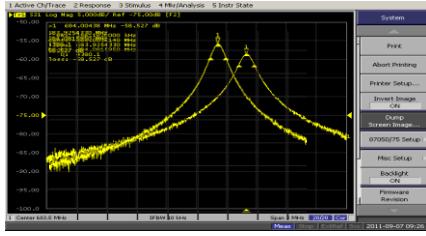


Antenna fitting





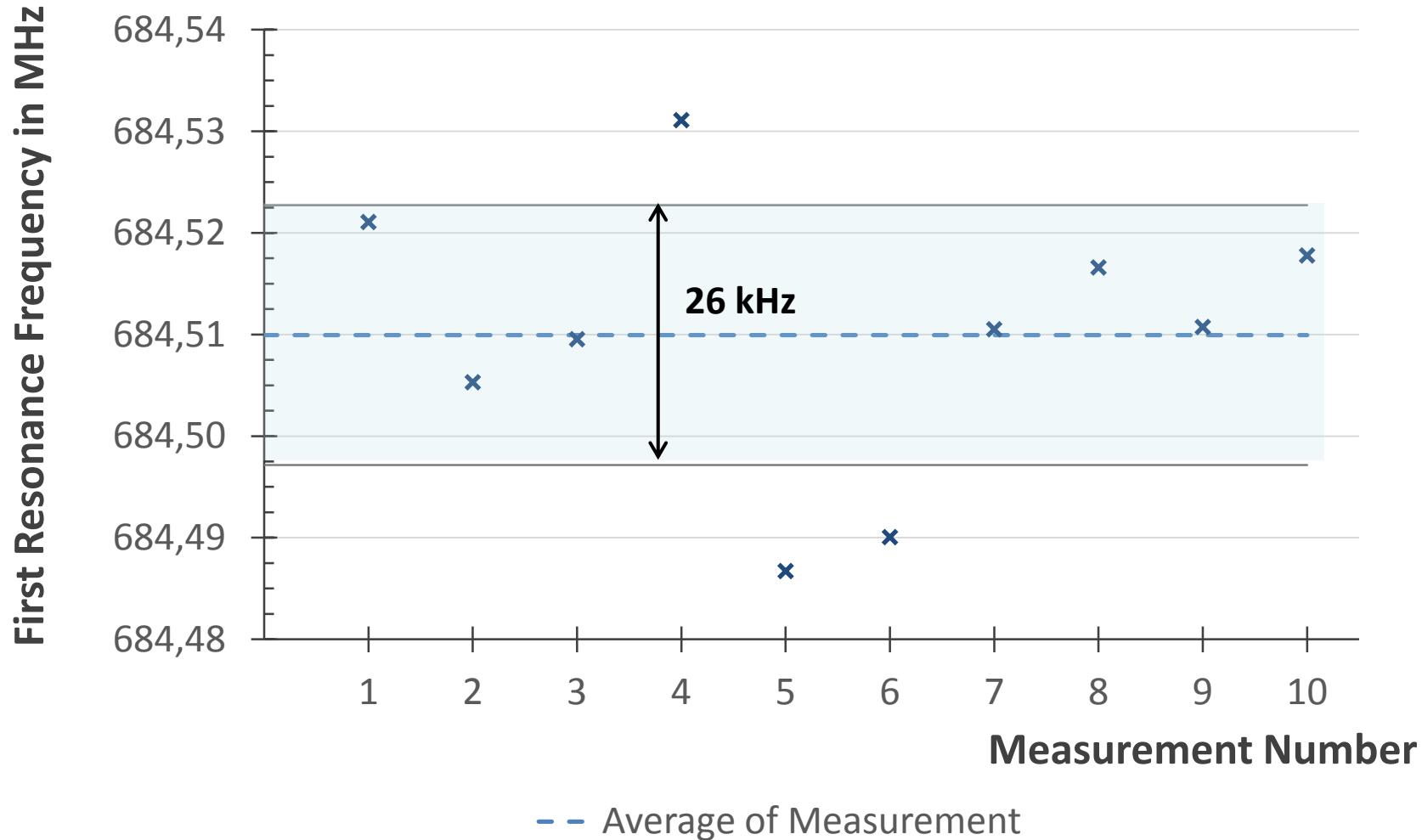
Problems and Solutions



- Thermal Drift
 - metrology
- Spring loaded rods
- Ring at the waist line
 - Q-value increases until sudden drop
- Size of the groove
 - increase by a few tenth of a mm
- Alcohol
 - strongly improves Q-value and frequency stability
 - shows drift over time due to evaporation
- Distilled Water
 - unclear why it works as distilled water should be an insulator

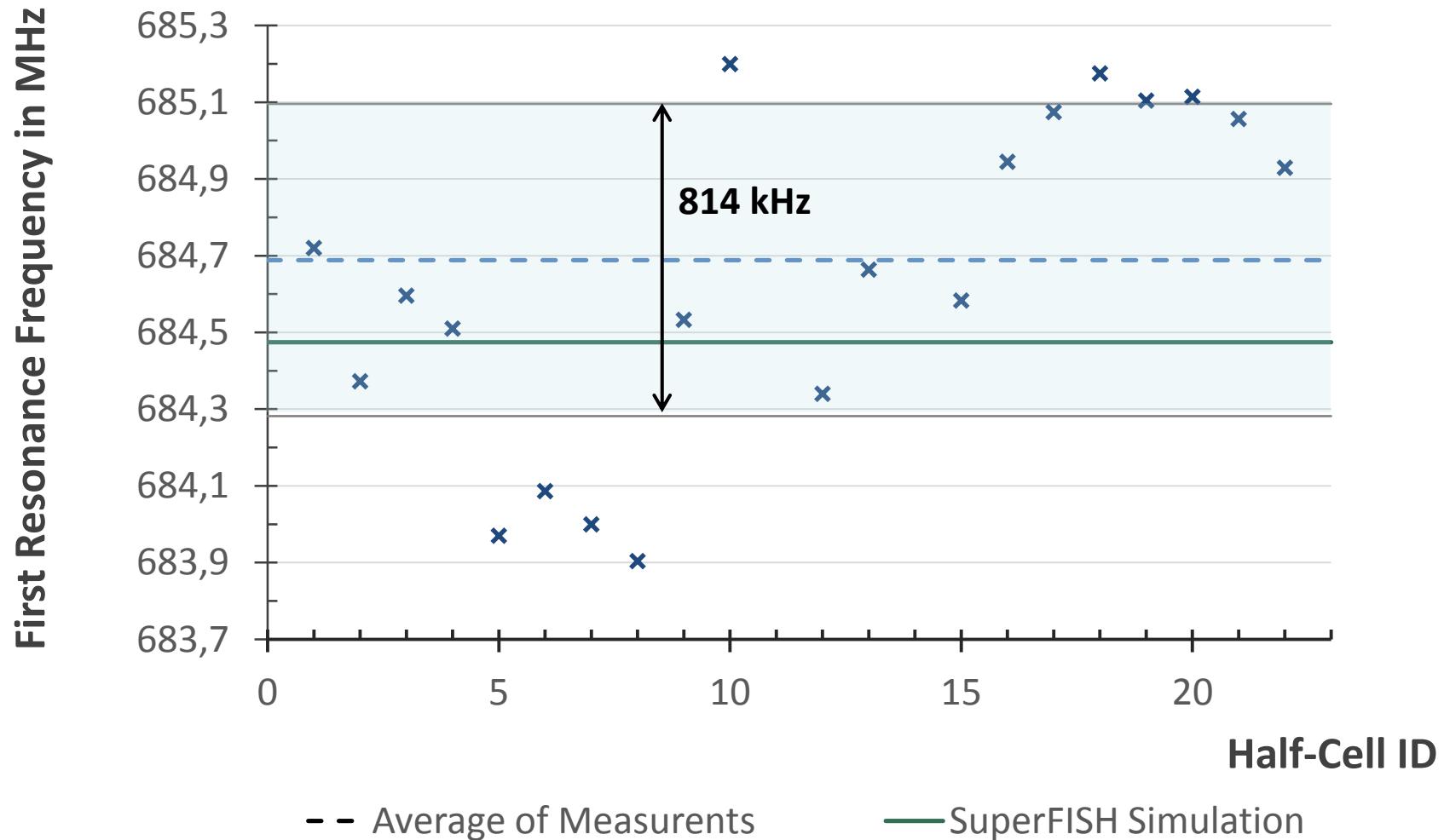


Reproducibility _ half central cell ID 4



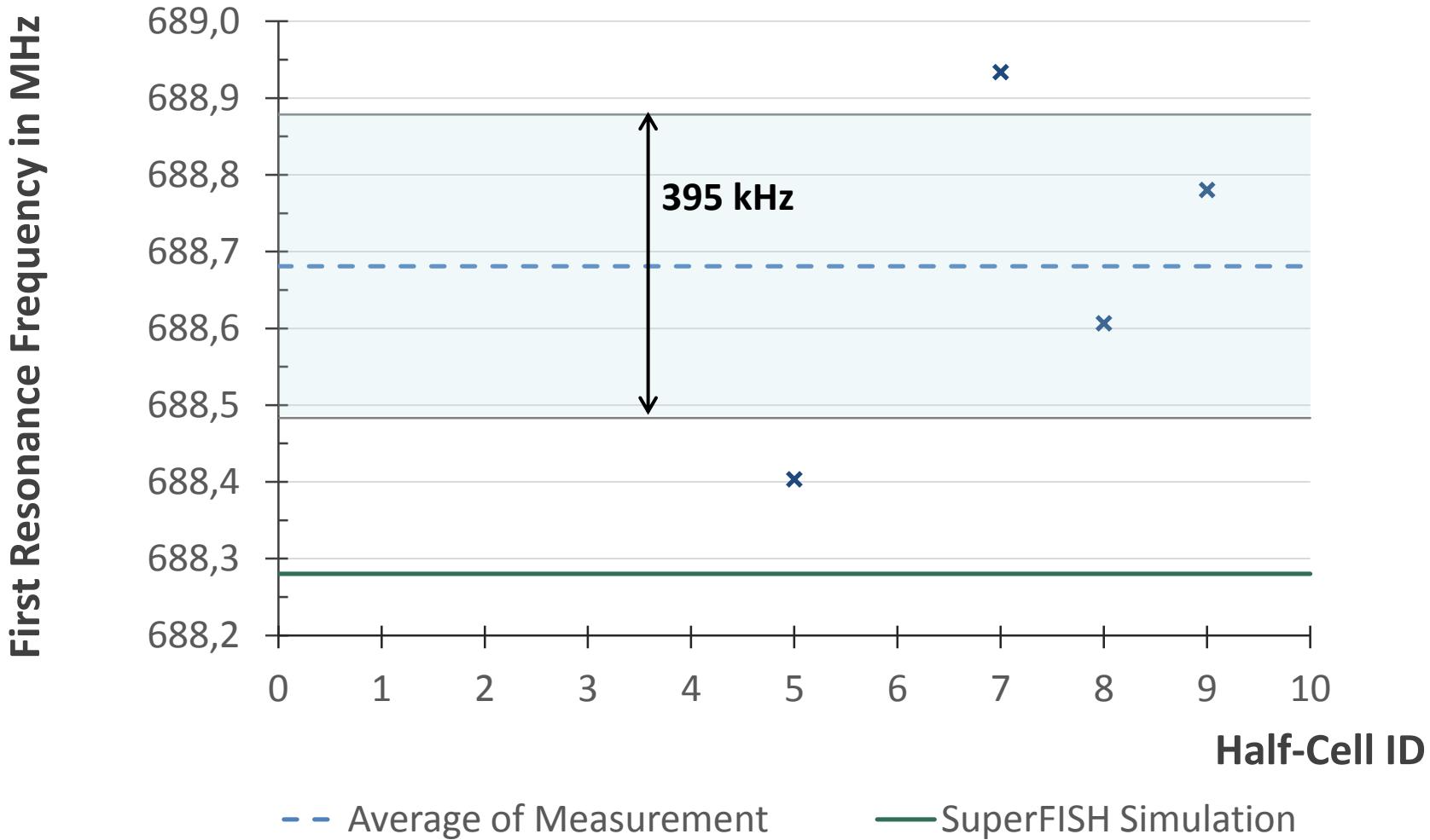


Production spread _ half central cell



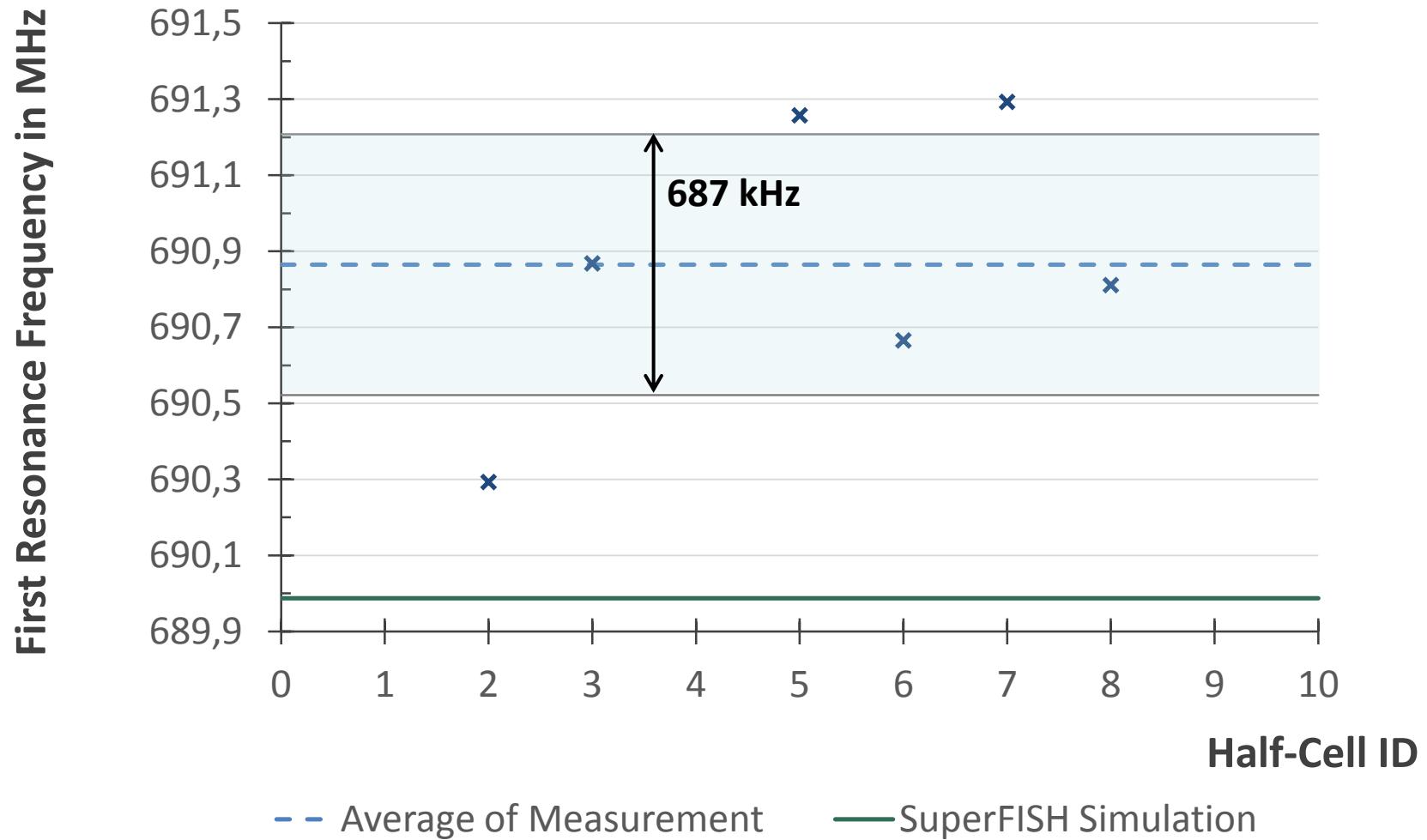


Production spread _ half cell dia 140



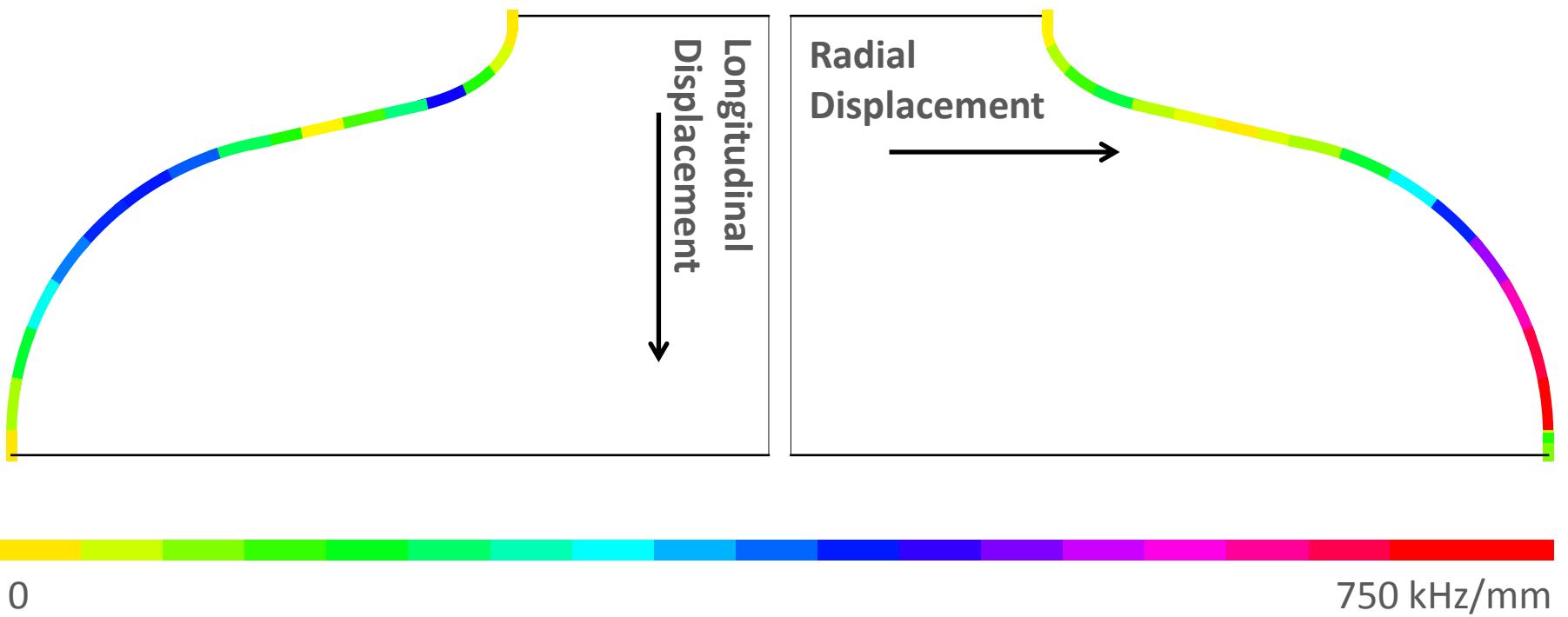


Production spread _ half cell dia 130





Sensitivity study with SuperFISH



Tolerances amount to 1.1 MHz in a worst case scenario



Trimming at the Iris and Equator

