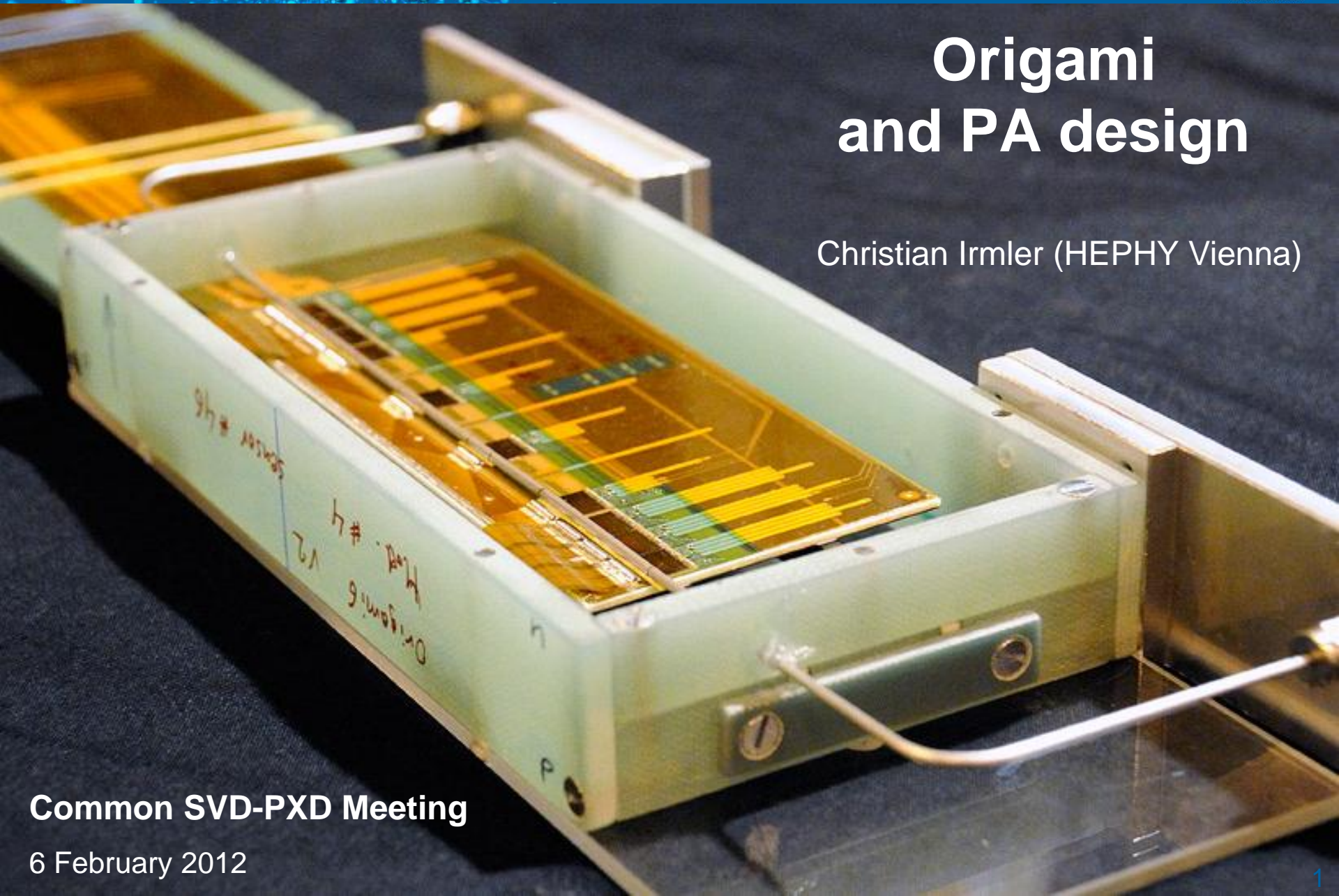


# Origami and PA design

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# B2GM Nov. 2011

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Belle II

SVD

## Windmill Orientation

TDR case

Particle from IP

n-side short strips along  $\phi$   
+HV

p-side long strips along z  
+HV

$\otimes B \parallel z$

Particle from IP

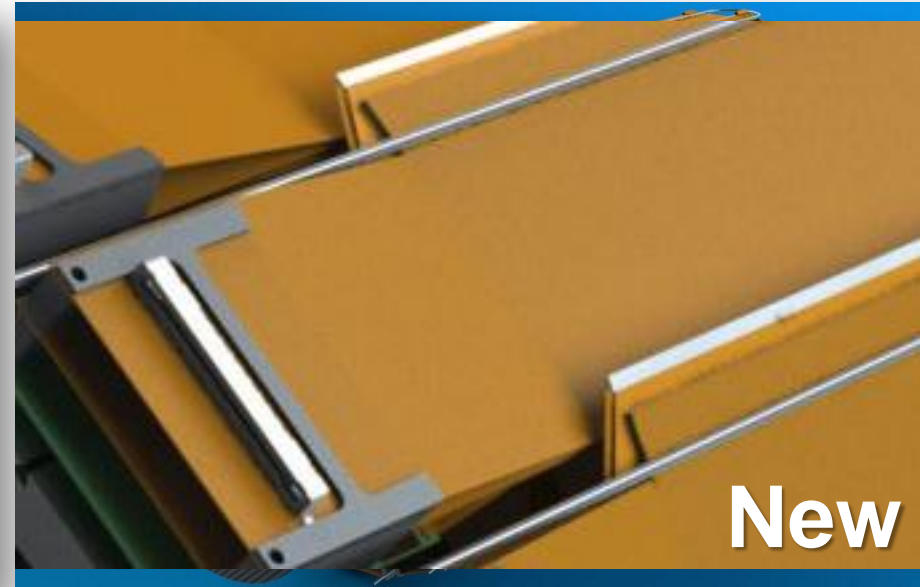
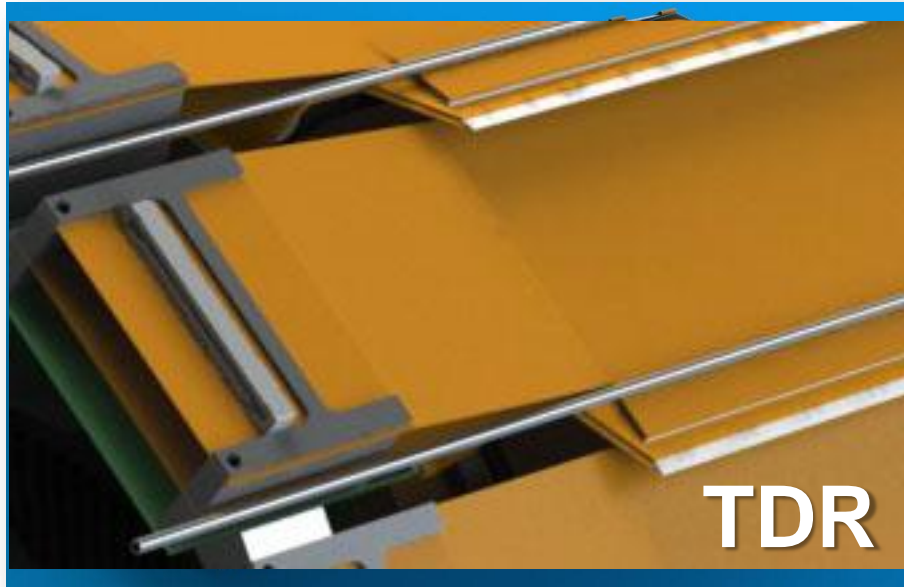
Have to flip w.r.t. TDR!

We thank Samo Korpar who questioned the TDR assumptions.

Markus Friedl (HEPHY Vienna): SVD Overview 17 November 2011 14

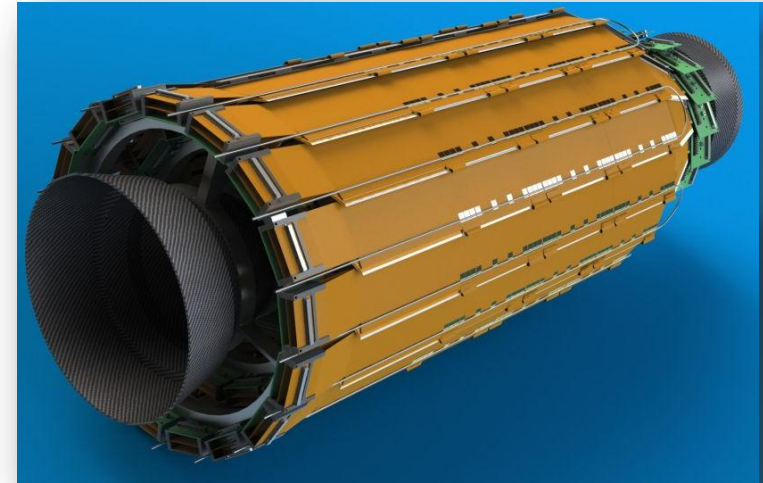
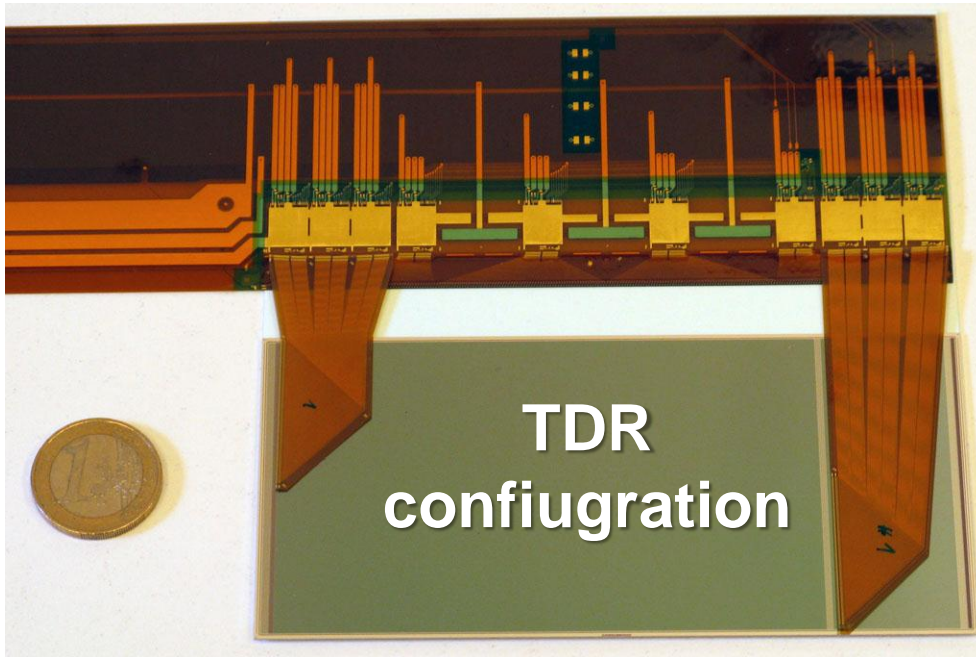
- **Windmill orientation**
  - intensive discussion
  - Drift field
  - Potential field
  - Simulation by Markus
- **Conclusion:**
  - **Windmill has to be flipped w.r.t. TDR!**

# Implications on Origami Design



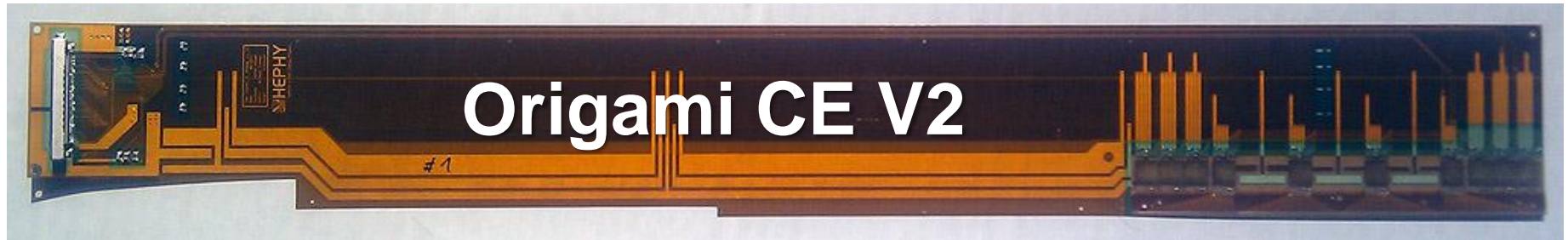
- Located at the opposite edge of ladder:
  - n-side wire bonds & ears of PA1/PA2
  - APV chip and cooling pipe
- **Origami flex has to be mirrored**
  - Old design can be used for forward flex

## Whats about PA1 and PA2?



- Mirrored design of PA1 and PA2 required?
- **No, old design can be kept, when each sensor is rotated by 180°.**
- Only the tail of the Origami flex has to be mirrored.

# Mirrored Origami for Center Sensor

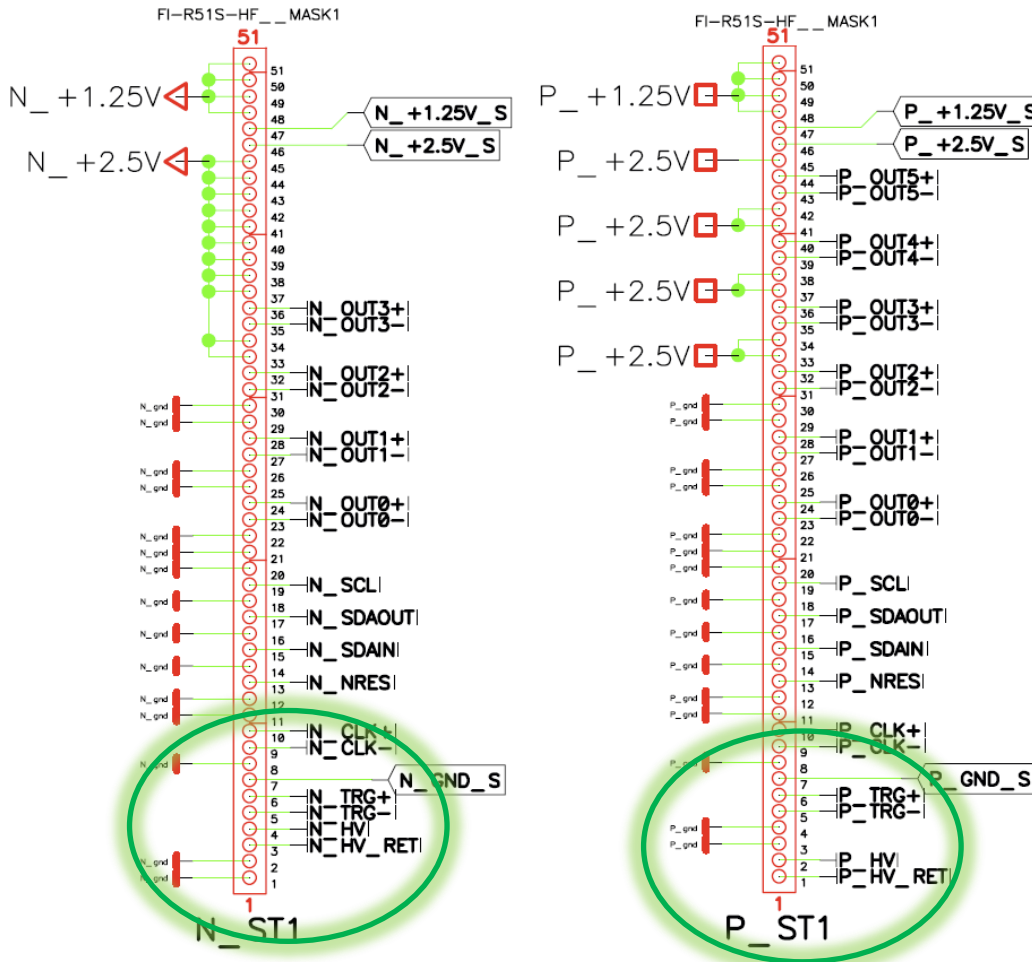


- Whole Origami design rotated
- JAE connectors can not be rotated
  - requires to interchange connector sides
  - p-side connector is now on top layer
- In layer 6 both versions are required
  - different connector order in forward and backward direction
  - causes the danger to attach cables to wrong connector

## Mixed Connectors

- Routing constraints don't allow to avoid mixing of connector order.
- p- and n-side connectors have same pin assignment for power and HV.
- Wrongly attached connectors causes forward biasing of DSSD → dangerous.
- Failsafe pin assignment required!

# Connector Pin Assignment



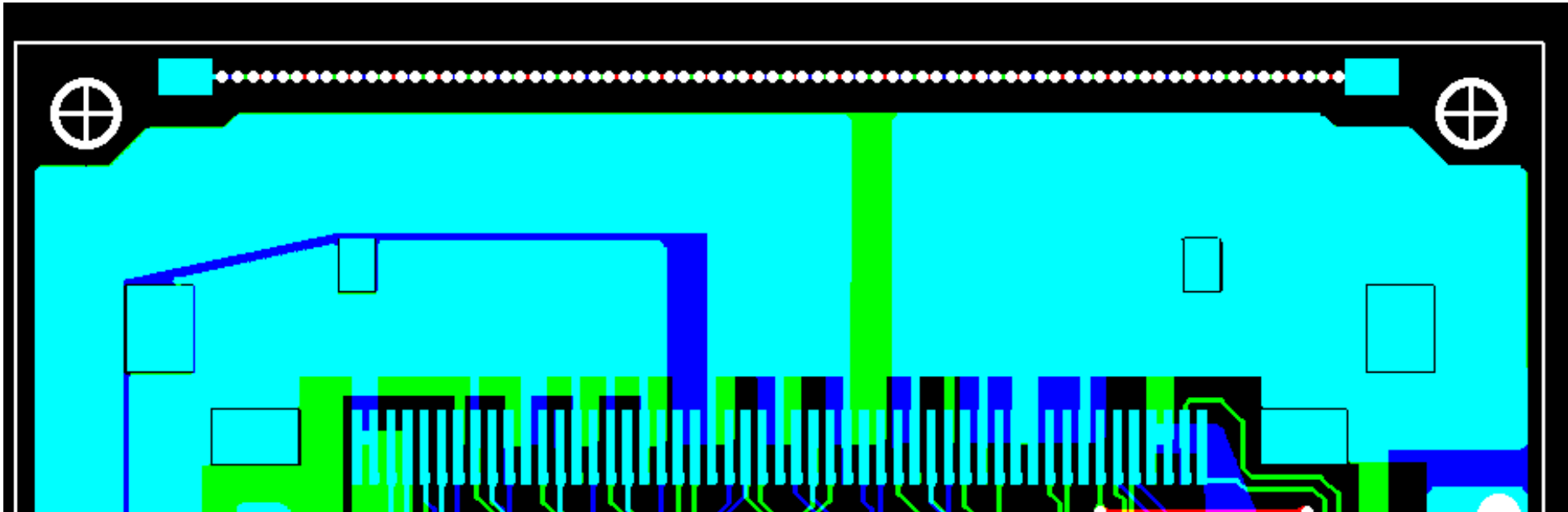
- Different pin assignment for HV on n- and p-side
- Wrong connector causes HV shortcut
- Easy to detect
- Harmless for Sensor
- Drawback: 2 types of cables or different pin out on junction box needed

# Origami Flex Quality Assurance

- Presentation by *Rui de Oliveira* from CERN at the CERN QA workshop in Nov. 2011.
- Bad plated through holes (Vias) are often source of PCB failures.
  - Hard to find
  - Usually not repairable
  - Can occur delayed
  - Sometimes caused by thermal stress
- Via chain for quality testing

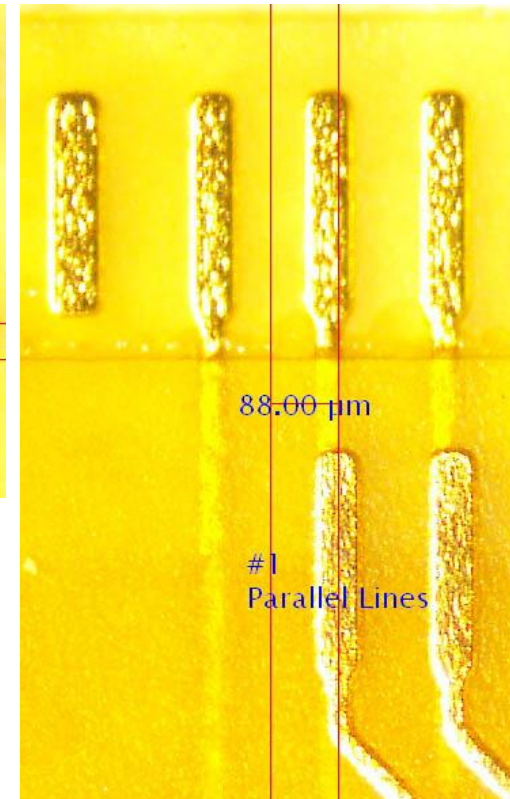
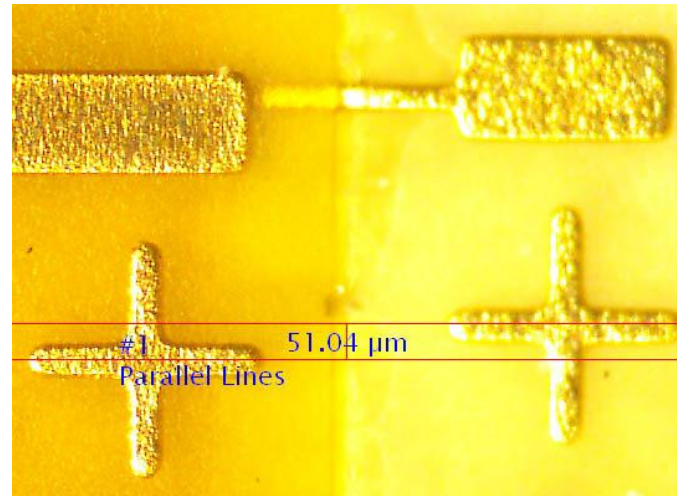
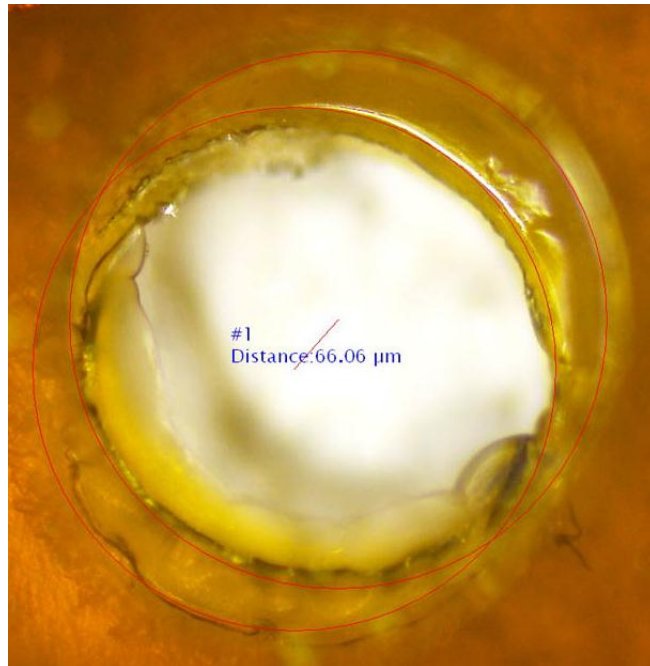


## Via Chain



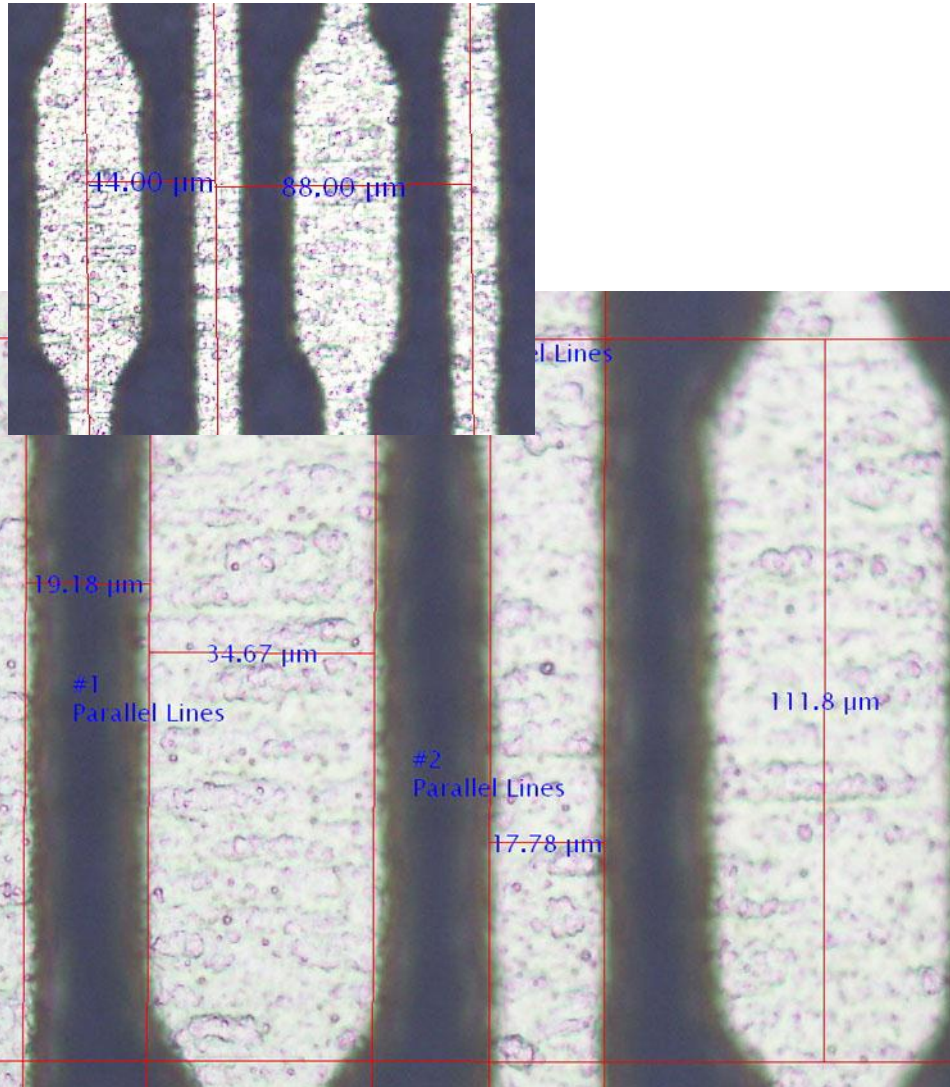
- Via chain with 76 vias
- Each connects two out of the 3 layers
- Will be used for tests, e.g. thermal cycling

# Precision of Pitch Adapters



- Prototypes made by Taiyo
  - 2 layer design → glued together
  - Alignment between the two layers is poor
  - **20 to 90μm offset** → pitch is 44μm, staggered!
- **Other vendor: Azuma → can produce single layer PA**

# Test PA made by Azuma



## Pitch adapter APV side

- Pad size: 35μm x 112 μm
- Line width: 18μm
- Spacing: 19μm
- Pitch
  - pad to pad: 44μm
  - line to line: 88μm

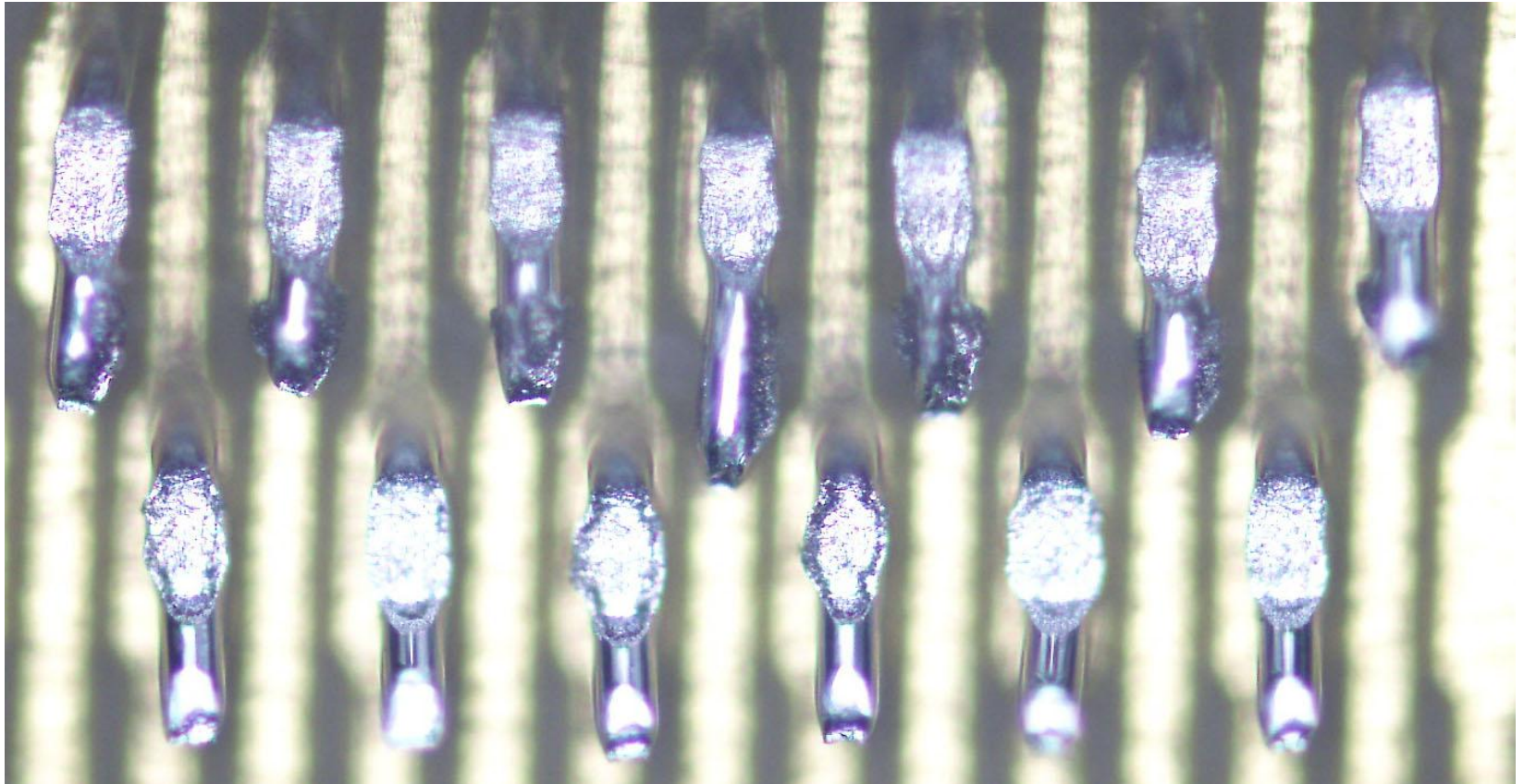
## APV25

- Pad size: 58μm x 136μm

**Bond pads are smaller than that of the APV chip!**

## Bond Test

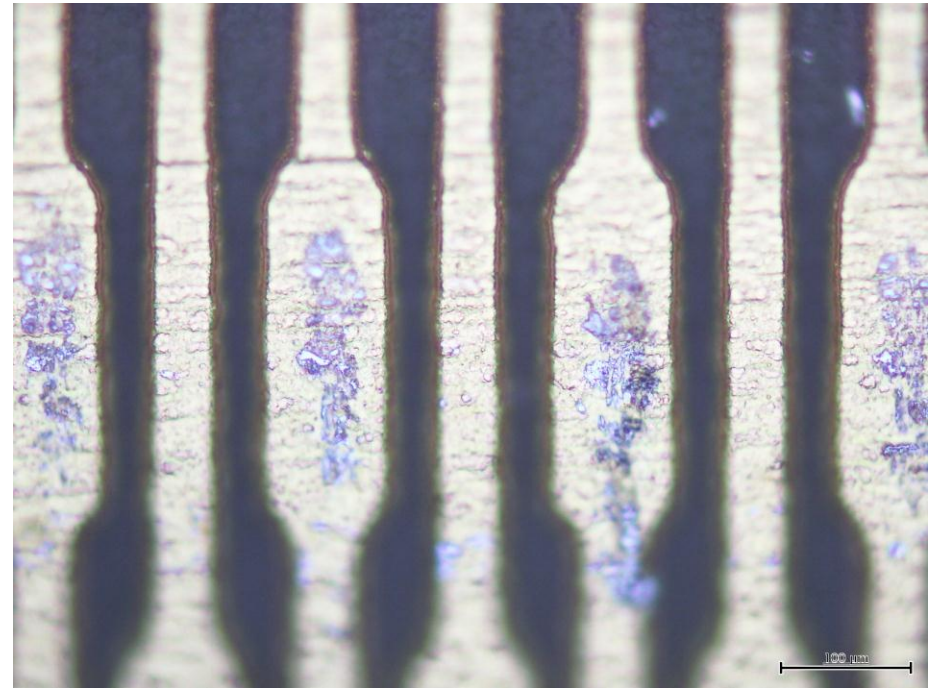
- Bonder: Delvotec 6400
- Wire:  $\varnothing$  25 $\mu$ m (our standard)
- Wedge: Gaiser 2145-**1520**-1.0
  - small wedge
  - intended for 17 $\mu$ m wire
  - but can be used for 25 $\mu$ m wire, too  $\rightarrow$  smaller bond feet
- Made around 20 bonds with different bonding parameters (US power, bond force)



- Bond pads are small, but wire bonding is possible without shorts
- Single bond per pad → no second attempt
- Can we make 2 pads per connection? → Enough Space?

## Pull Test

- Good results, independently from used parameters
- Result: 7 to 11.5g
- Avg: ~10g

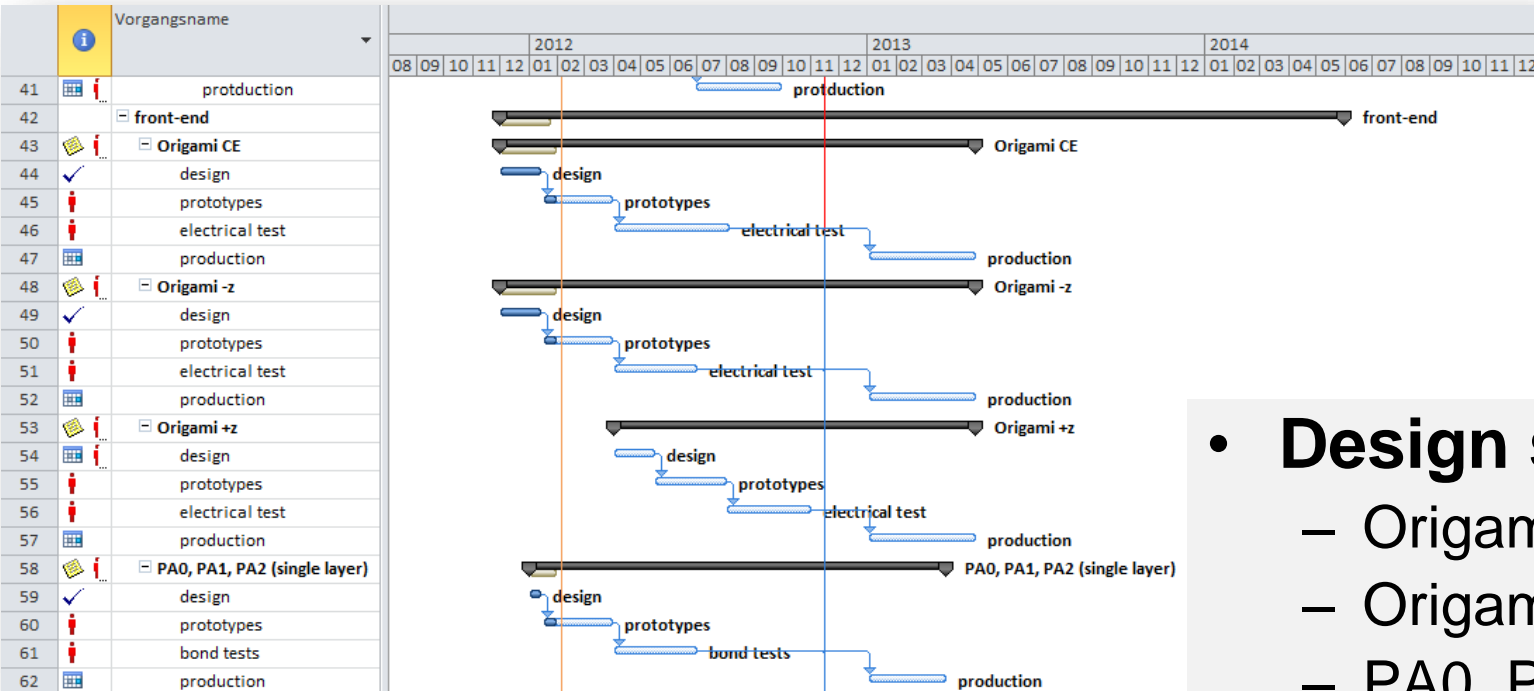


→ **very good bondability**

# Pro and Contra of Single Layer PA

- Thinner structure
  - $\sim 90\mu\text{m}$  compared to  $\sim 145\mu\text{m}$
  - **easier to bend**
  - thinner copper layer ( $3\mu\text{m}$ , asked for  $5\mu\text{m}$ )
- Smaller bond pads  $\rightarrow$  but bondable
- Thinner lines ( $\sim 20\mu\text{m}$ )
- No offset possible
- Single layer PAs are cheaper
- **Will make single layer PA0, PA1 and PA2**

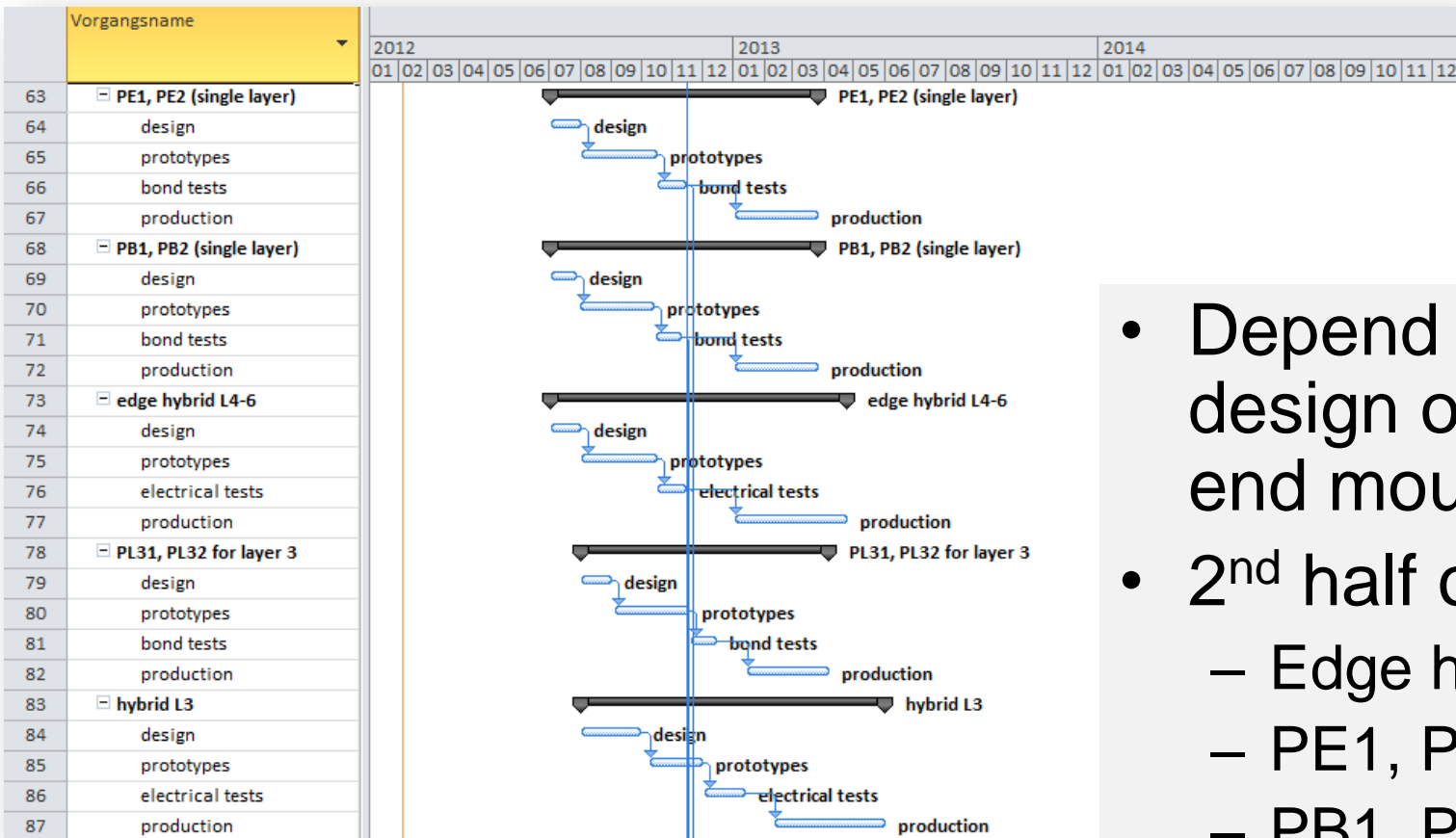
# Schedule Origami



- **Design submitted**
  - Origami CE
  - Origami -z
  - PA0, PA1, PA2
- Prototypes soon available (B2GM?)

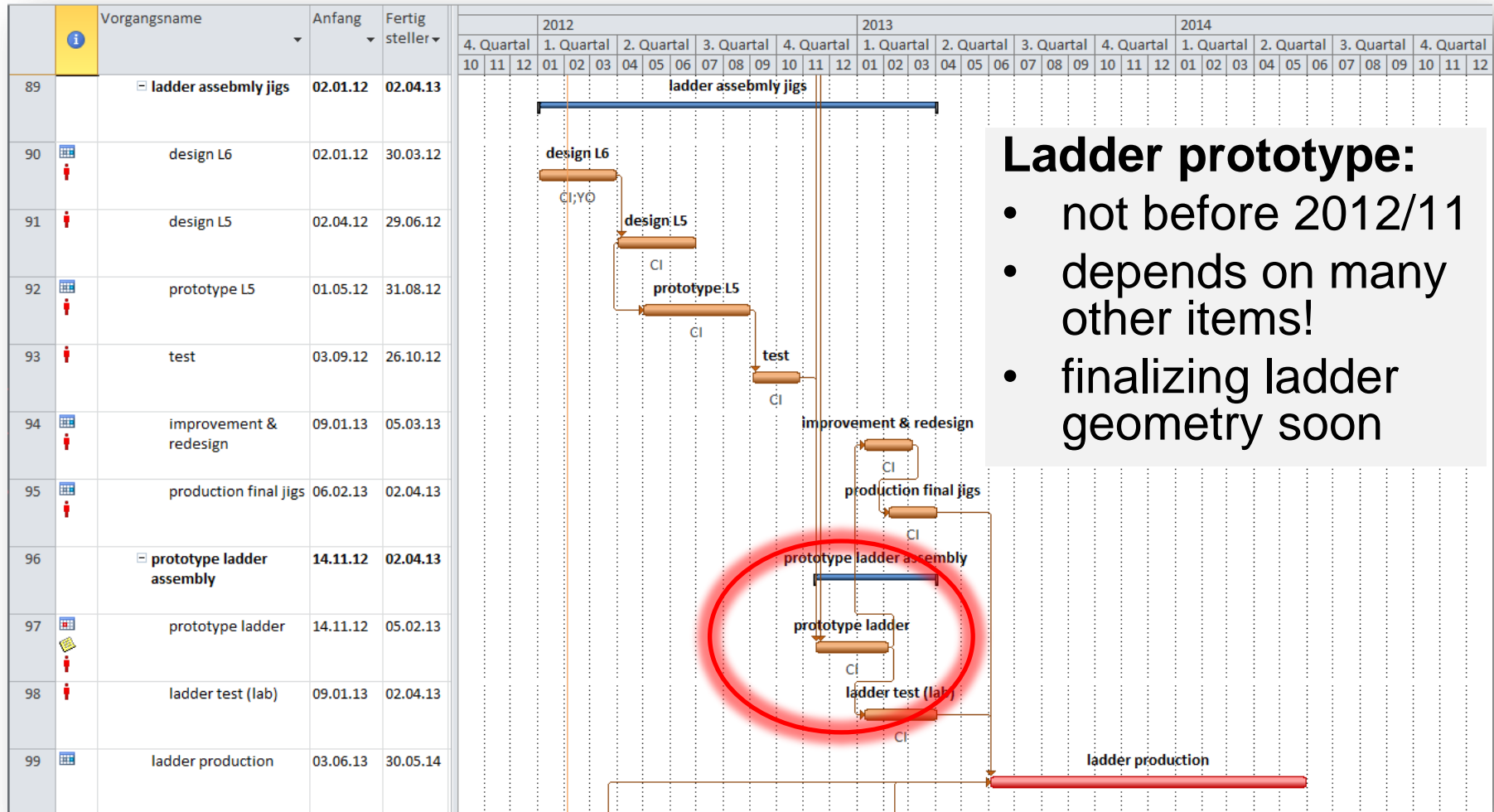


# Schedule Edge Hybrids



- Depend on design of ladder end mounts
- 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2012
  - Edge hybrid L4-6
  - PE1, PE2
  - PB1, PB2
  - Edge hybrid and PA for L3

# Schedule Ladder Assembly

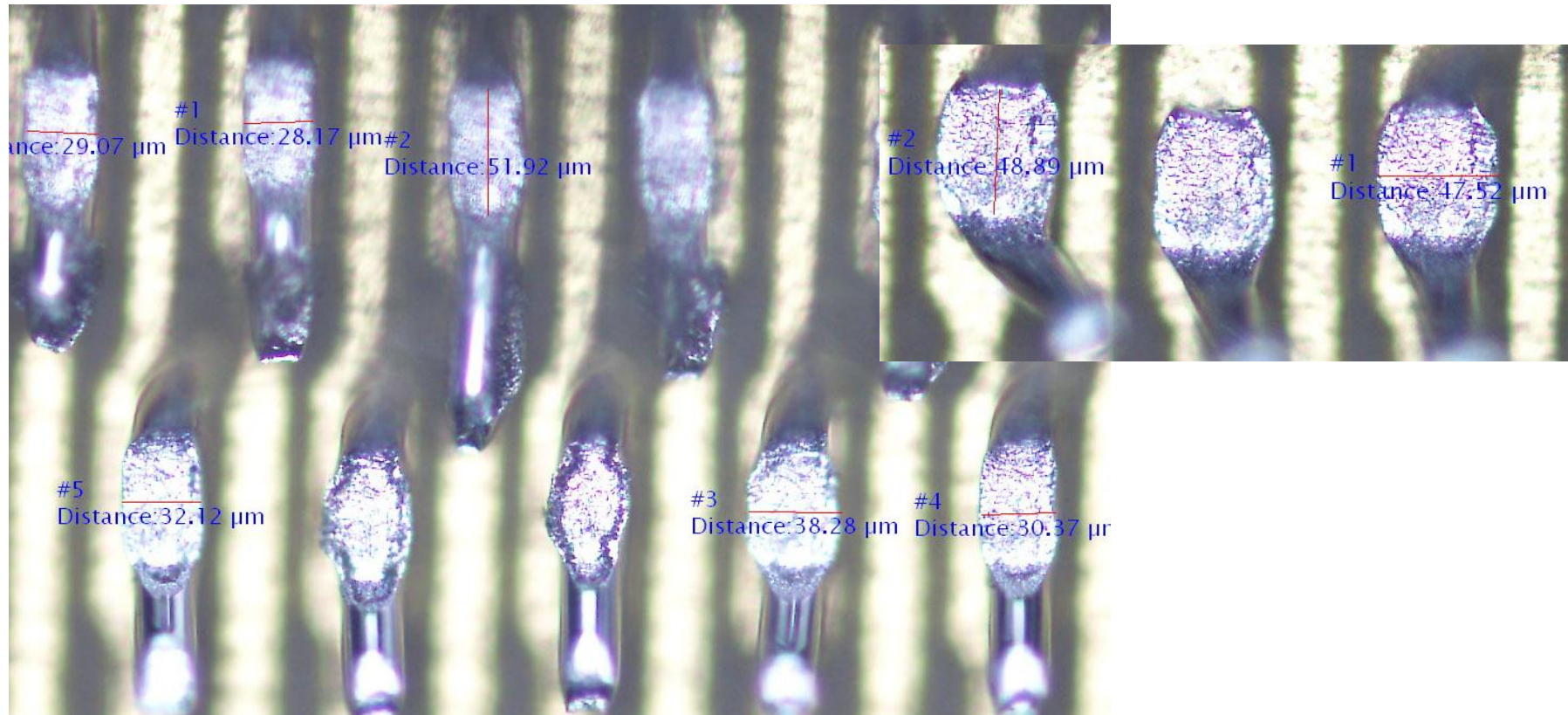


# Summary

- New mirrored Origami design
- New failsafe connector pin out
- Single layer pitch adapters
- Design submitted → awaiting prototypes soon
- Tight schedule
  - many items depend on mechanics design!
- Prototype ladder not before end of this year

**THANK YOU**

## Bond foot dimensions



**Bond foot length: ~52  $\mu\text{m}$**

**Bond foot width: 28  $\mu\text{m}$  to 50  $\mu\text{m}$  depending on bond force**

## Gluing masks

- **Idea:**
  - Self-adhesive plastic film (~60 $\mu$ m thick)
  - Openings at gluing locations only
  - Glue the mask onto the device
  - Dispense a ropes of glue at that locations.
  - Smooth rope with scraper
  - Remove mask
- **Result:**
  - Areas with uniformly dispensed glue
  - Same thickness as film
  - Works excellent
  - Easy and cheap method

