

Hide and Seek With Natural SUSY

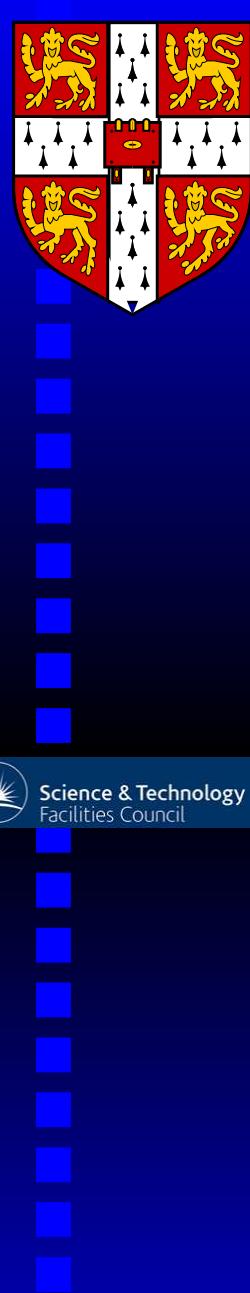
by

Ben Allanach^a (University of Cambridge)

Talk outline

- Natural SUSY: bottom up philosophy
- 2011 LHC searches
- 2012 Searches

^aBased on BCA, Gripaios, arXiv:1202.6616

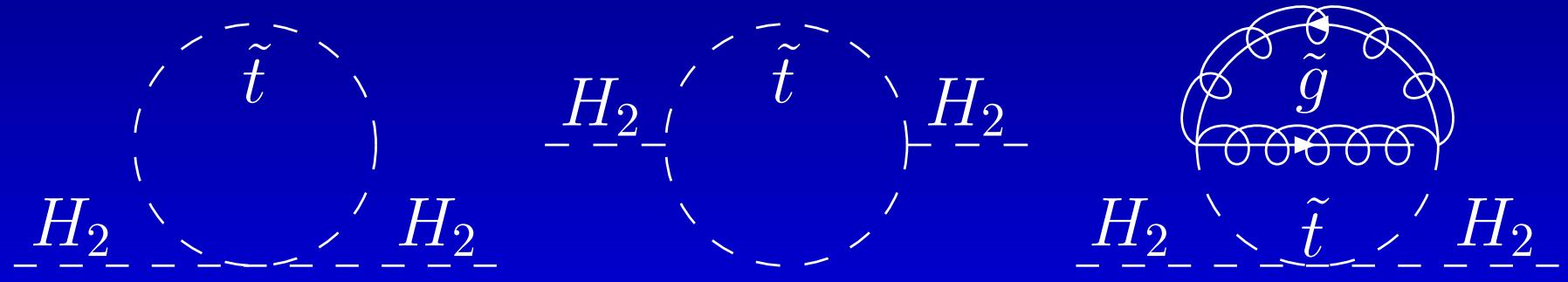


Natural SUSY

The particles coupling the most strongly to the higgs are the *stops*^a. Minimising the MSSM Higgs potential,

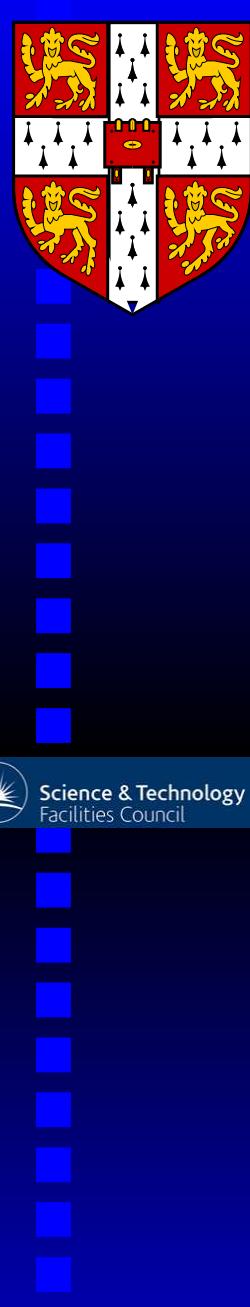
$$-\frac{M_Z^2}{2} = |\mu|^2 + m_{H_2}^2,$$

$$\delta m_{H_2}^2 = \frac{-3h_t^2}{4\pi^2} m_{\tilde{t}}^2 \ln\left(\frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{m_{\tilde{t}}}\right)$$



^aM. Papucci, J. T. Ruderman and A. Weiler, arXiv:1110.6926;

C. Brust, A. Katz, S. Lawrence and R. Sundrum, arXiv:1110.6670



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No cancellation \Rightarrow

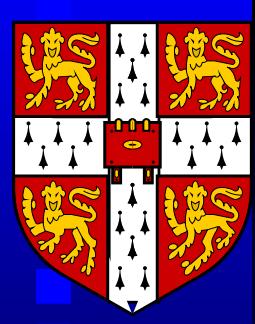
$$m_{\tilde{t}} \lesssim 700 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_{\tilde{g}} \lesssim 1000 \text{ GeV}.$$

Experimental E_T searches \Rightarrow

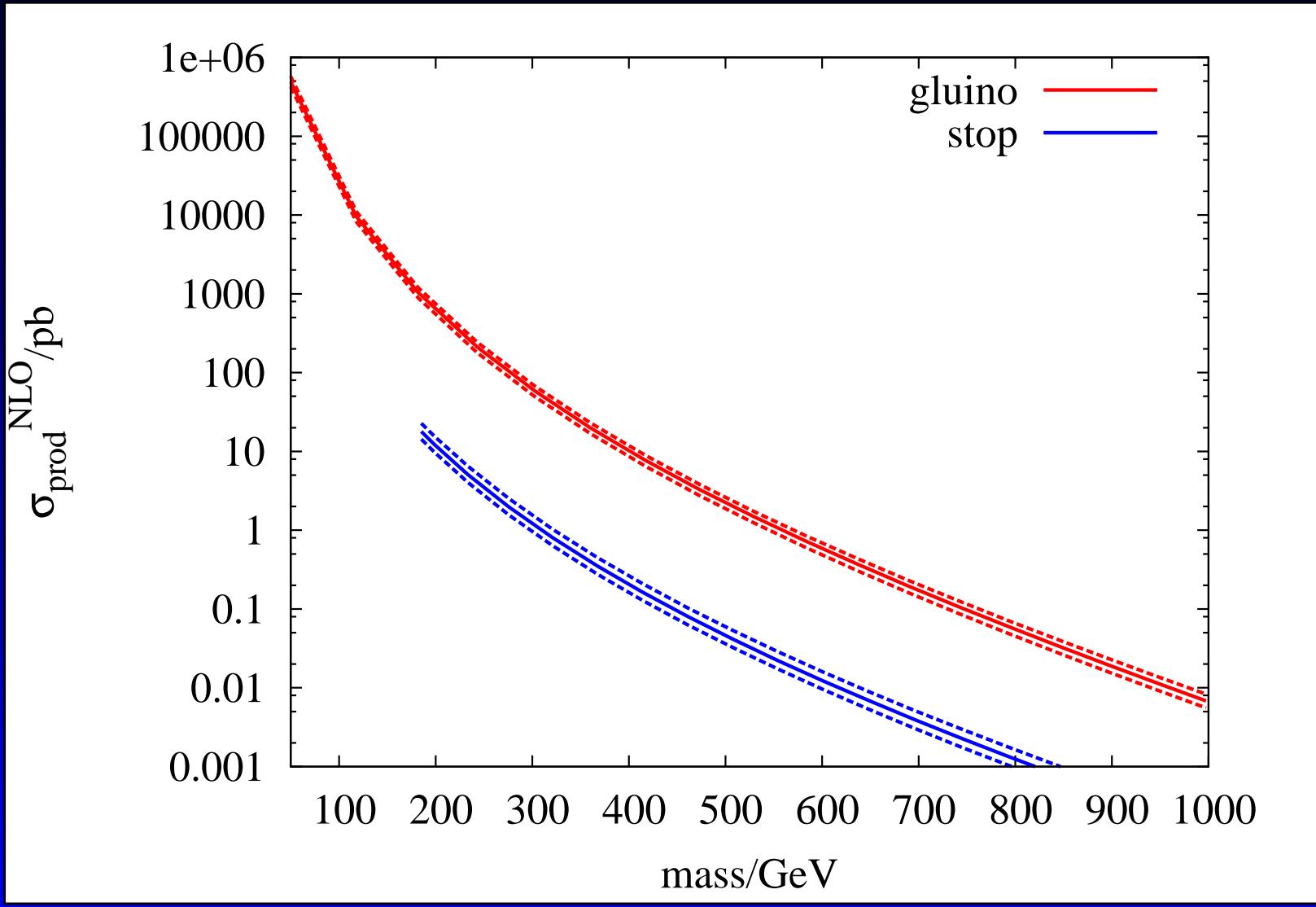
$$m_{\tilde{t}} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_{\tilde{g}} > 900 \text{ GeV}.$$

^aM. Papucci, J. T. Ruderman and A. Weiler, arXiv:1110.6926;

C. Brust, A. Katz, S. Lawrence and R. Sundrum, arXiv:1110.6670
B.C. Allanach - p. 2

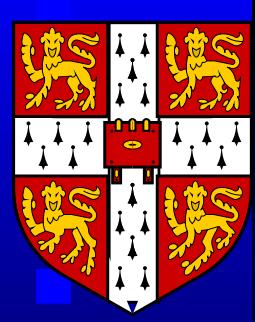


Gluino/stop production at LHC7



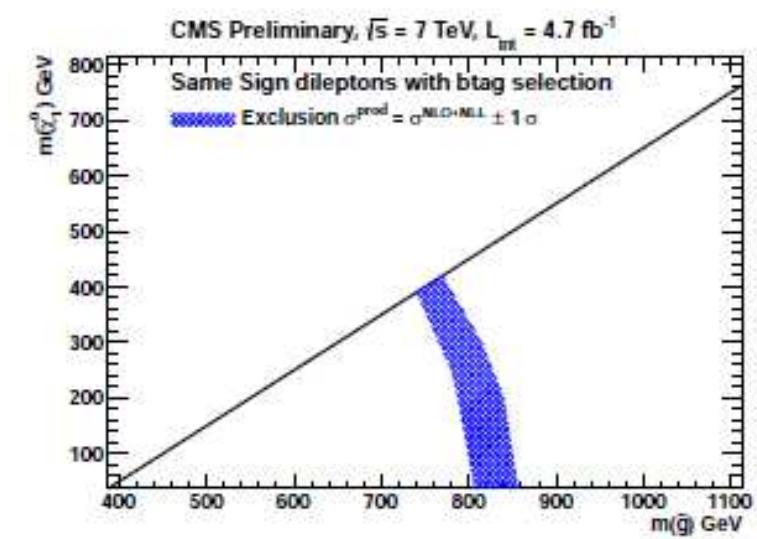
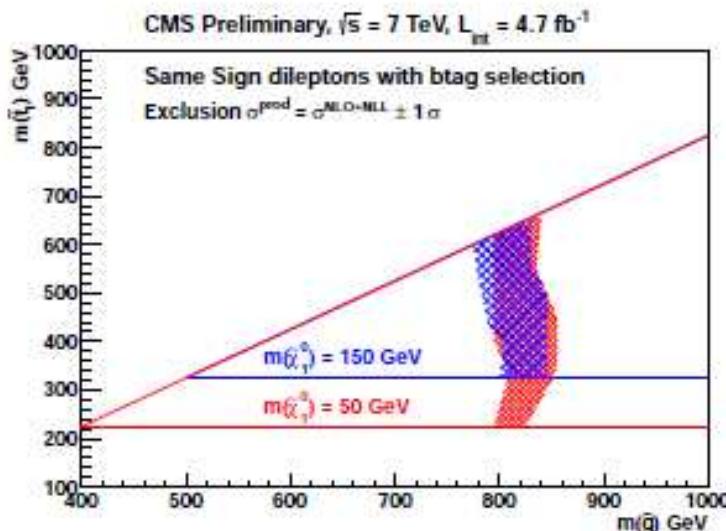
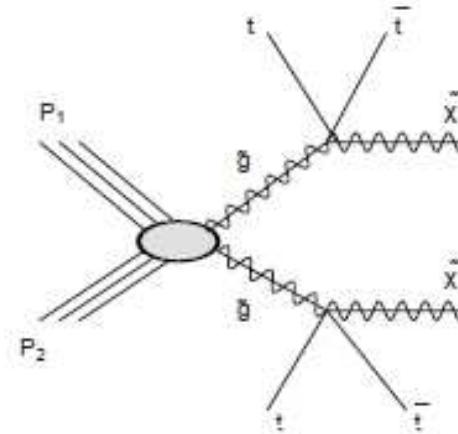
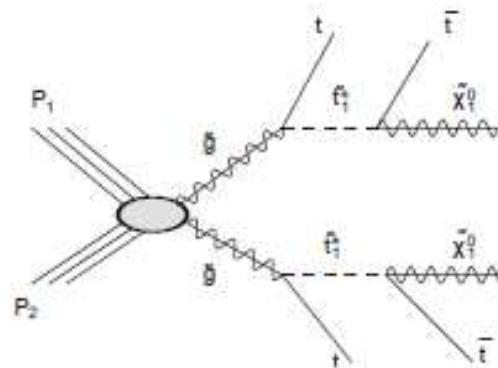
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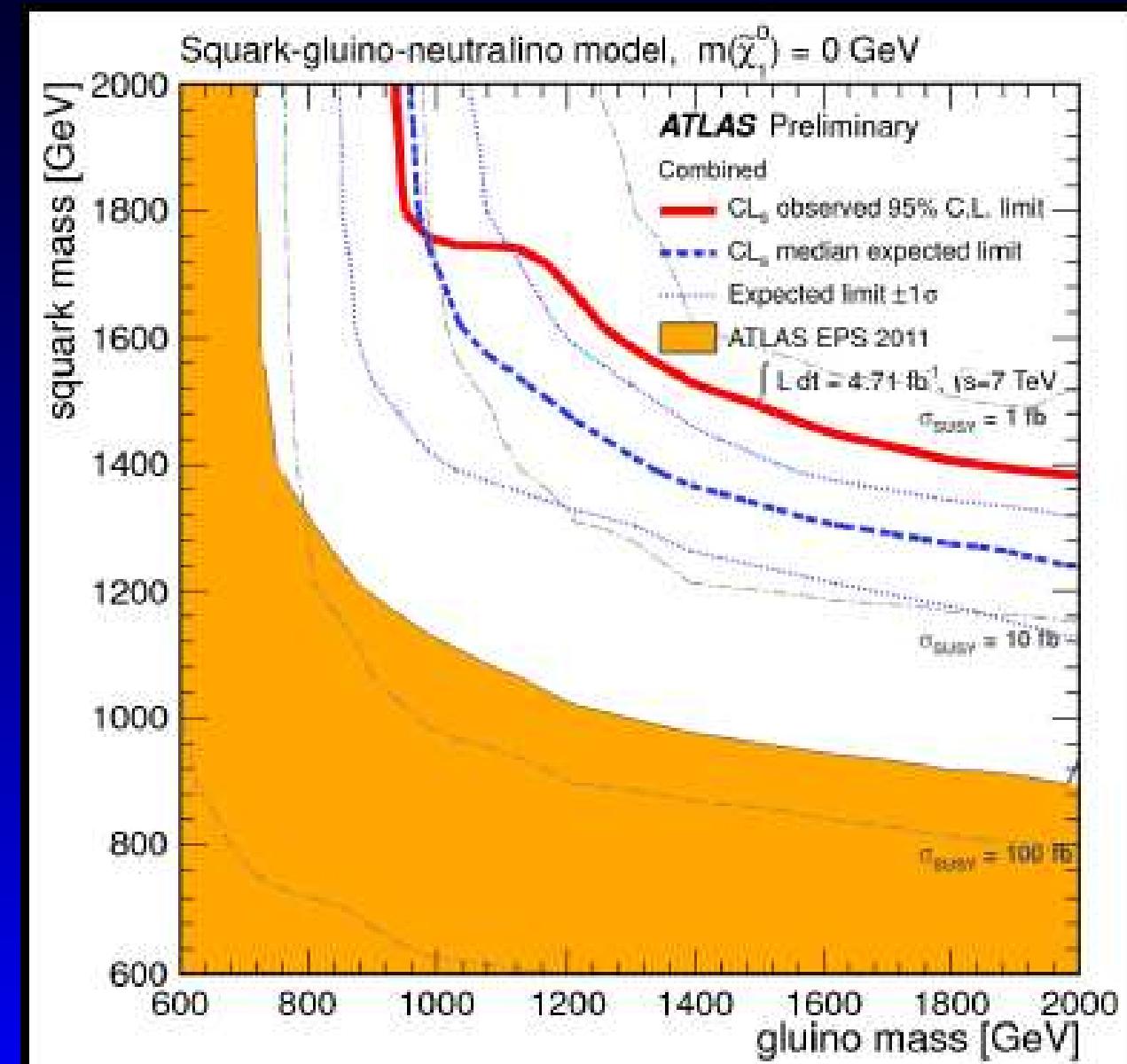
gt: $\cancel{E}_T > 50/120 \text{ GeV}$, $N_b \geq 2$,
 $\#j \geq 2$, $H_T > 320 \text{ GeV}$

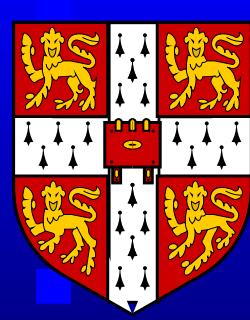
Interpret in a gluino-mediated stop scenario with on-shell (left) or off-shell stops (right)





Jets Plus E_T Search



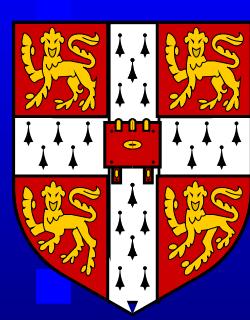


Implications of 2011 Data

Naturalness is under **pressure**. Ways to get around it:

- Compressed spectra^a
- RPV decreases/removes the \cancel{E}_T .
 - Explains why natural SUSY hasn't been found yet
 - Like-sign dileptons is a generic signature, as we'll see
- If first two generation squarks are quite heavy, bounds from current jets plus \cancel{E}_T searches become less stringent
- Suggests a simplified model with **only** light stops and light gluinos: remains natural

^aLeCompte, Martin arXiv:1111.6897



Review of R-Parity

The superpotential of the MSSM can be separated into two parts:

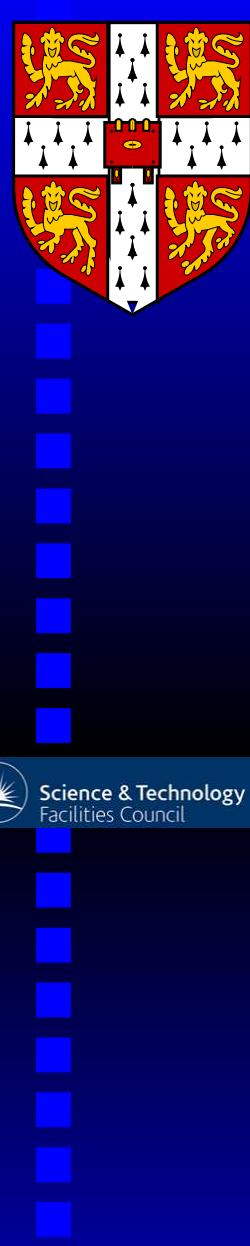
$$W_{R_p} = h_{ij}^e L_i H_1 \bar{E}_j + h_{ij}^d Q_i H_1 \bar{D}_j + h_{ij}^u Q_i H_2 \bar{U}_j + \mu H_1 H_2,$$

$$W_{R_P} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{D}_k + \frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k + \kappa_i L_i H_2.$$

W_{R_p} is what is usually meant by the MSSM.

\mathcal{Q} : Why ban W_{R_P} ?

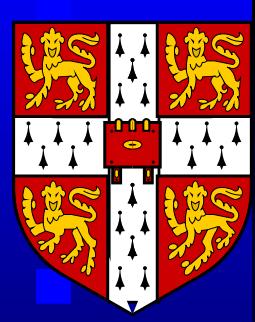
\mathcal{A} : “Proton decay”



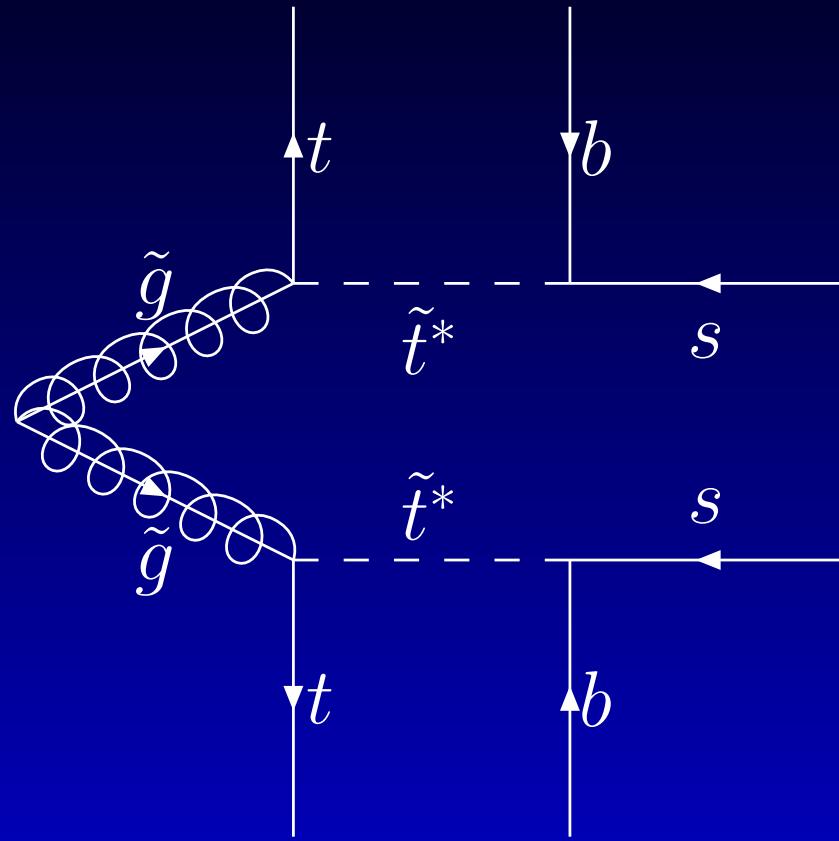
Gluinos With R_p Violation

- We assume lightish \tilde{g} , \tilde{t}_R . If one has lepton number violating LLE or LH_1 operators, the gluinos decay producing various leptons. These cases ought to be easy to find, and are good candidates for searches. **Get same-sign leptons.**
- With LQD operators, the stops will again decay into leptons, easy to see. Flavour constraints imply that $L_3 QD$ operators are likely to be the largest. **Get same-sign leptons** in $\sim \frac{7}{9}$ of $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ events.
- With UDD operators, the (right-handed) top decays directly into jets.





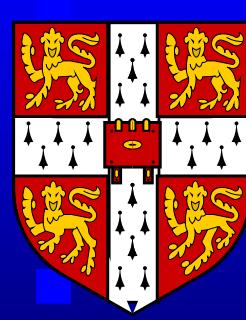
Baryon Number violating Example



$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ production dominates. Here, you can look for like-sign di-leptons since gluinos decay into t and \bar{t} with equal branching ratios.

Can lead to natural SUSY with light stops and gluinos that hasn't been excluded yet. *A difficult case^a:* $W \supset \lambda''_{ijk} U_i D_j D_k$.

^aBCA and Ben Gripaios,
arXiv:1202.6616



Other Light States

How robust is the **same-sign dilepton** signature in the case that other states are also light?

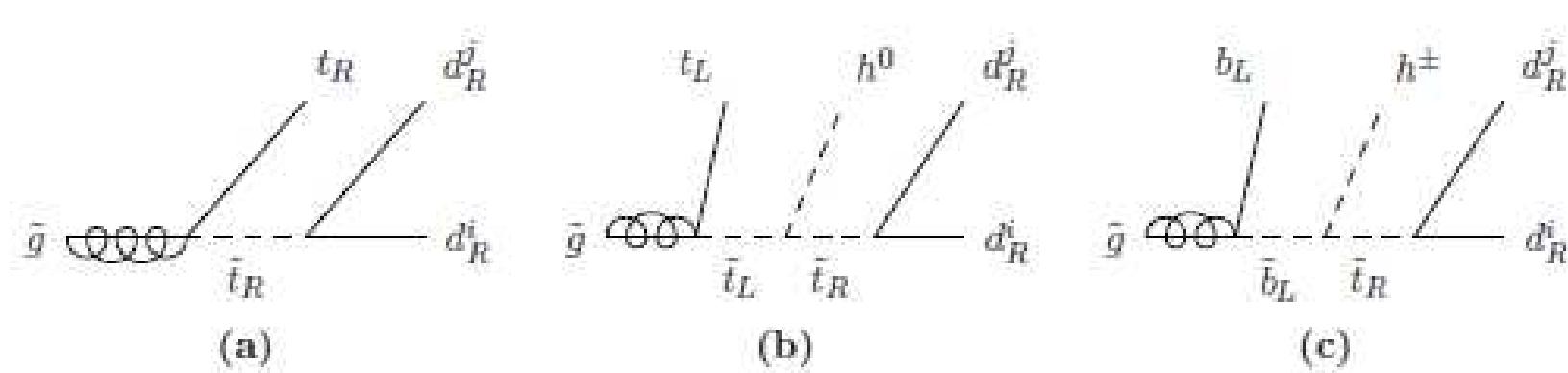


Figure 1. Gluino decays without right-handed bottom squarks in the presence of $W \supset U_3 D_i D_j$, via (a) right-handed top, (b) left-handed top, and (c) left-handed bottom. Same sign leptons are obtained in (c) only if the charged Higgs subsequently decays to $t\bar{b}$ or to leptons.

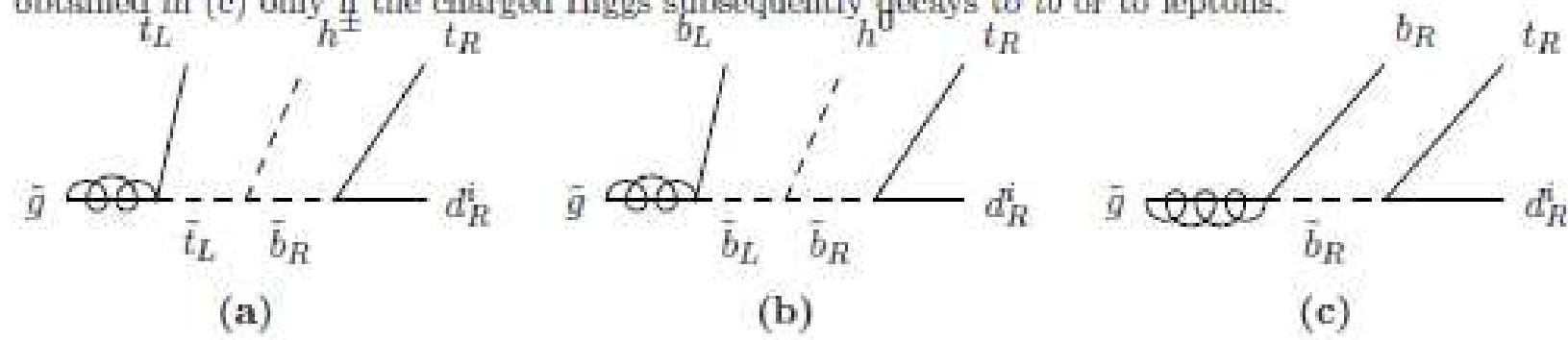
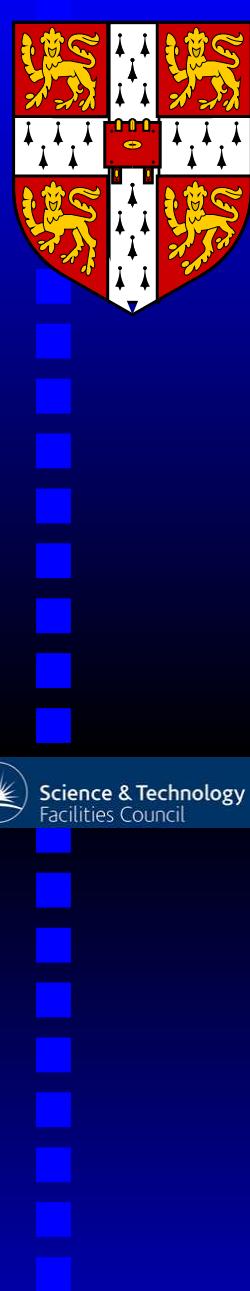


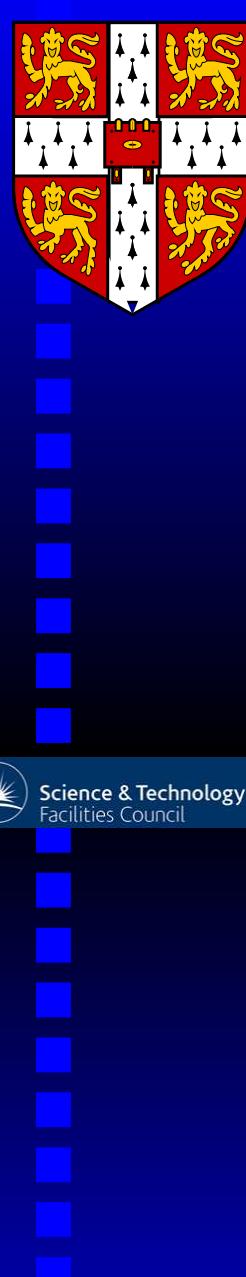
Figure 2. Gluino decays with right-handed bottom squarks in the presence of $W \supset U_3 D_i D_3$, via (a) left-handed top squark, (b) left-handed bottom squark, and (c) right-handed bottom squark.



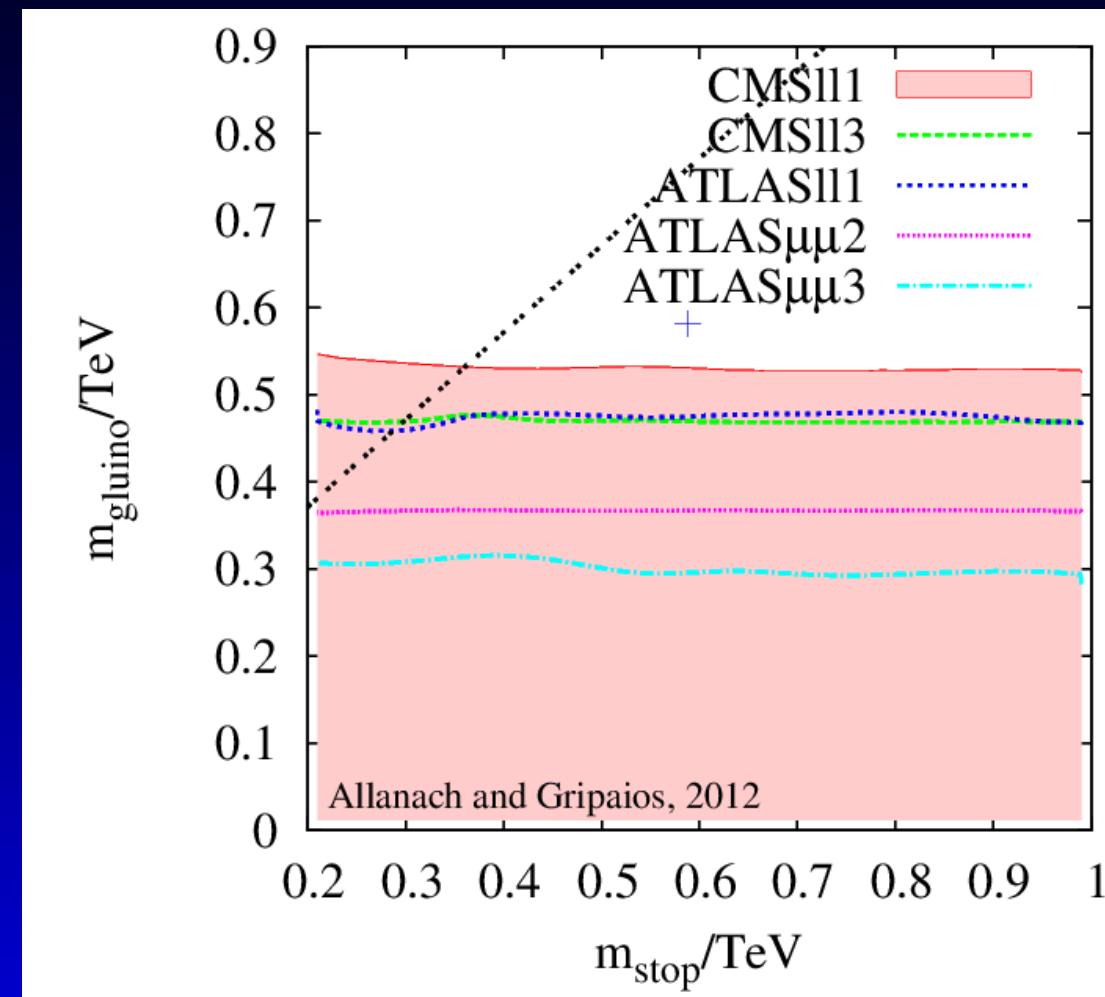
Can we avoid SS dileptons?

- For $m_{H^\pm} > m_t + m_b$, $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ dominates, which again will yield same-sign dileptons.
- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu_\tau$ is also OK, since we'll get like-sign di-taus.
- Only fly in the ointment comes from Fig. 1c: when $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$ (but only happens when $\tan\beta \ll m_t V_{cb}/m_\tau \sim 3$, which seems unlikely).



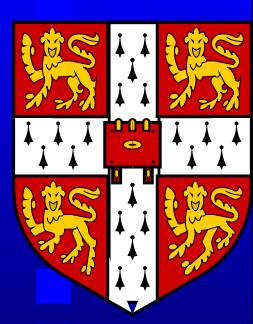


Same-sign E_T Limits



CMSSM1^a: $H_T > 400 \text{ GeV}, |E_T| > 120 \text{ GeV}$

^aCMS-PAS-SUS-010; ATLAS-CONF-2012-004

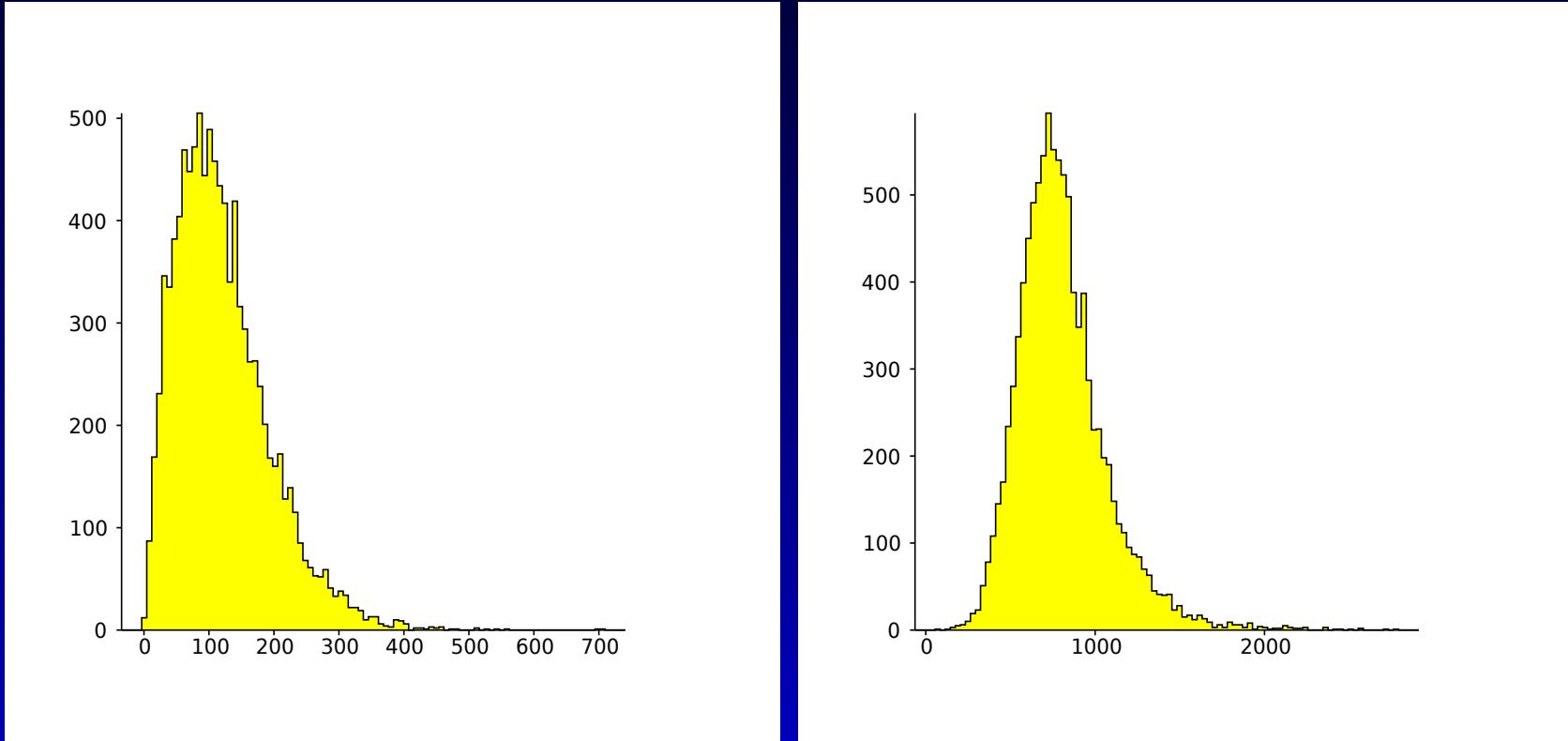


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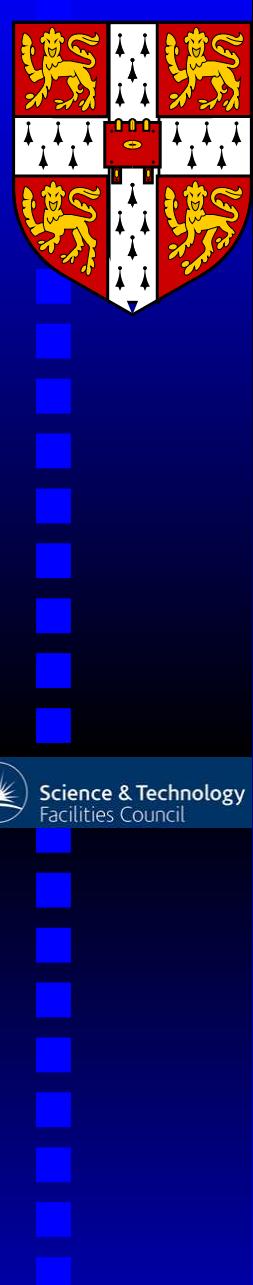


Test Point

$$m_{\tilde{g}} = 588 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{t}} = 581 \text{ GeV}.$$

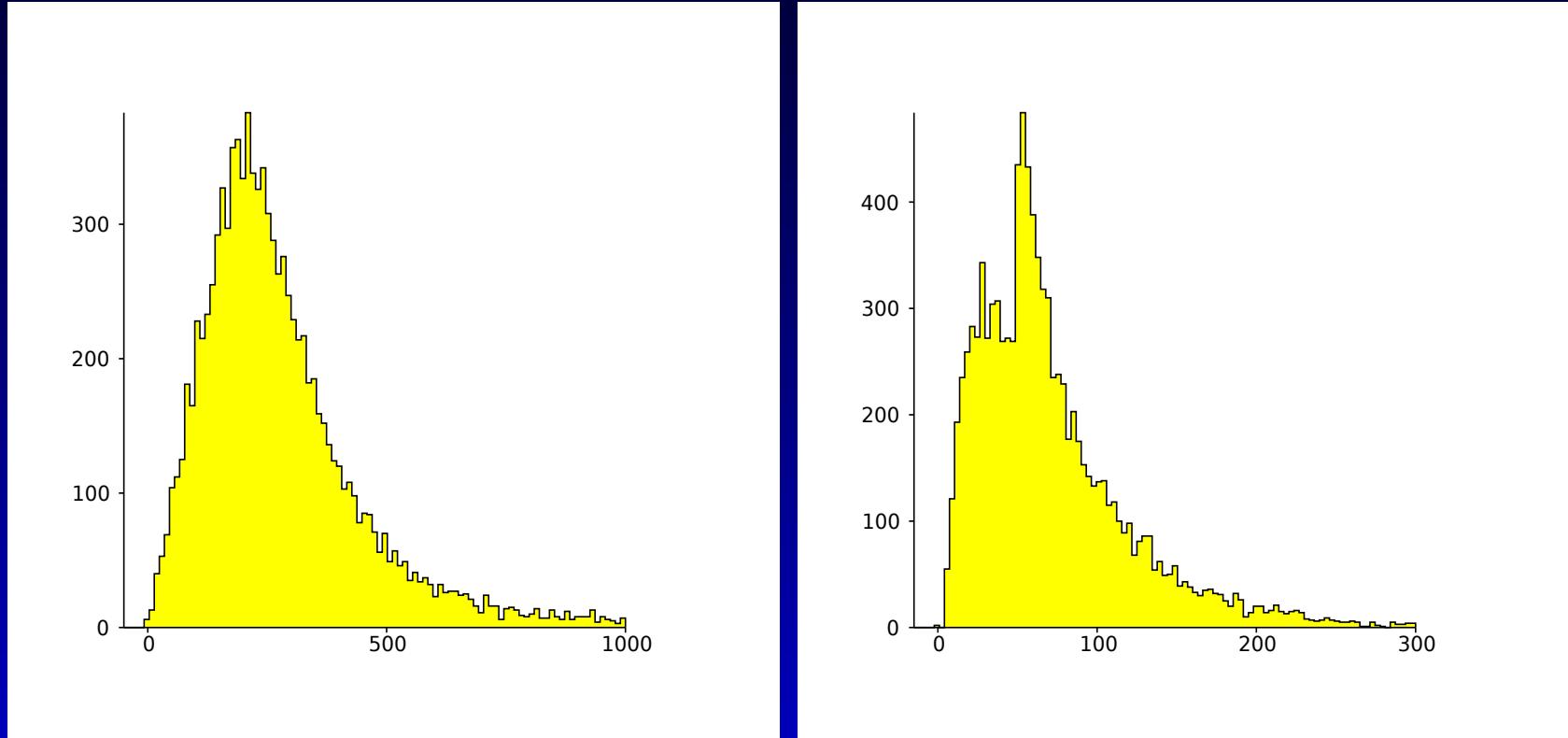


LH panel: E_T/GeV , RH panel: H_T/GeV

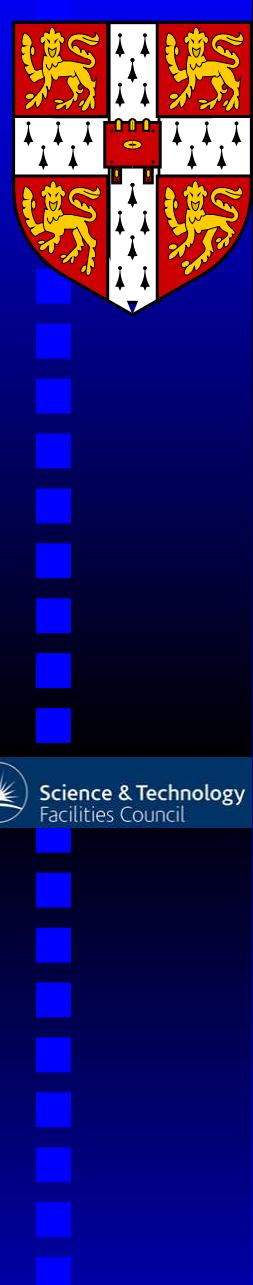


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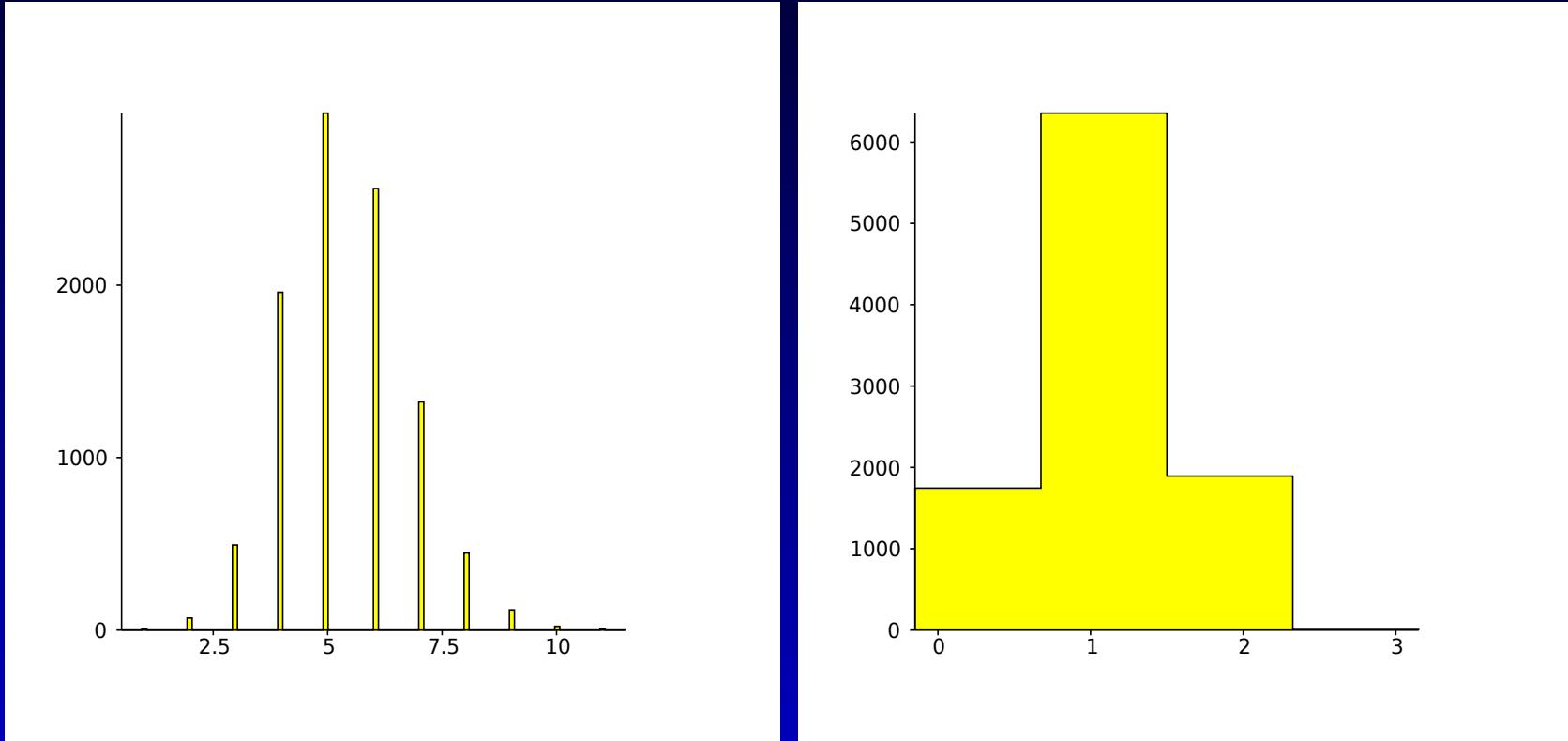


LH panel: $p_T(j_1)/GeV$, RH panel: $p_T(l_1)/GeV$



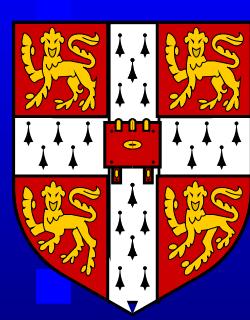
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LH panel: N_J , RH panel: $N_{isol e, \mu}$

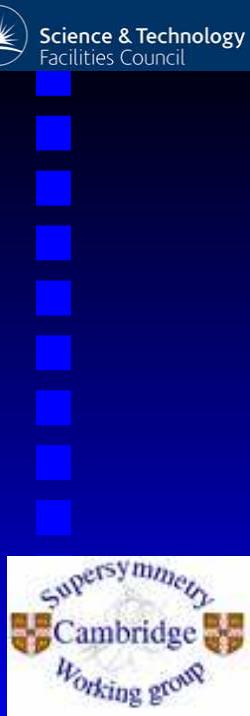
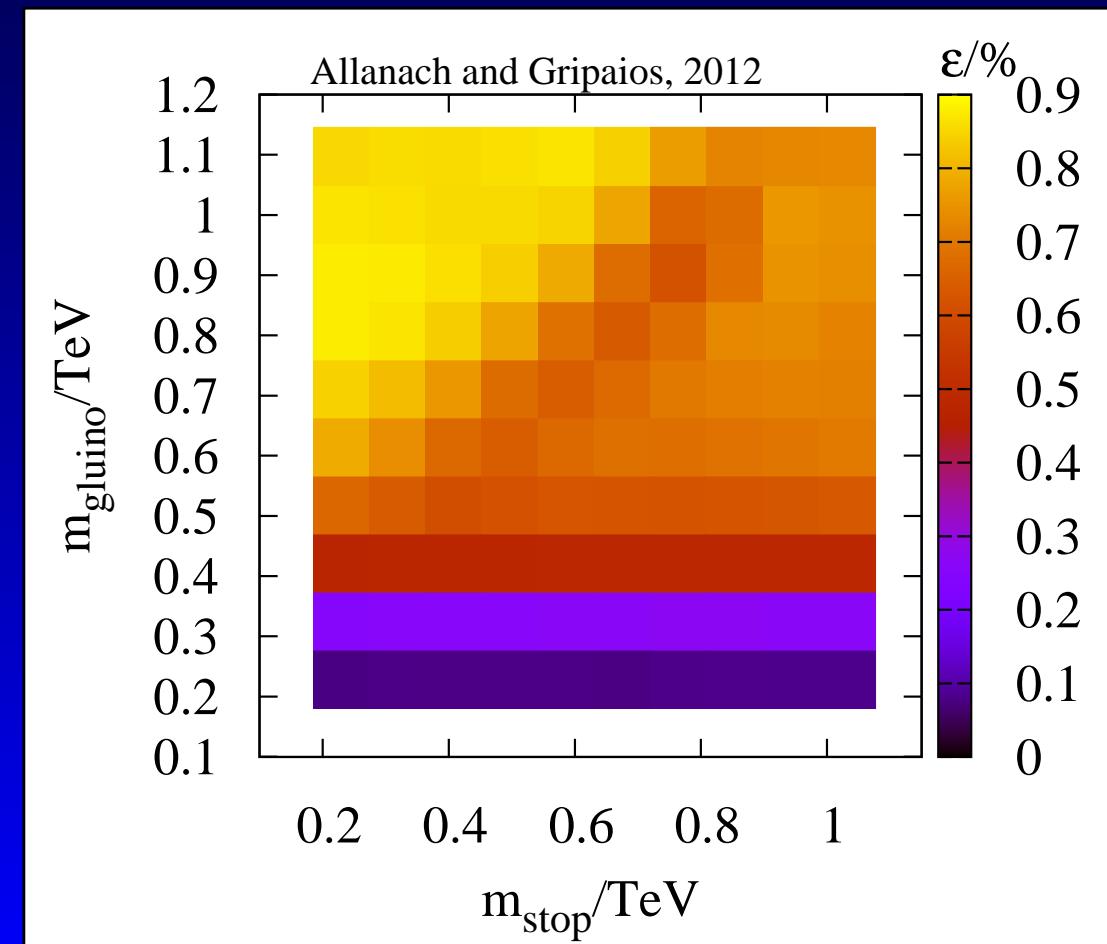


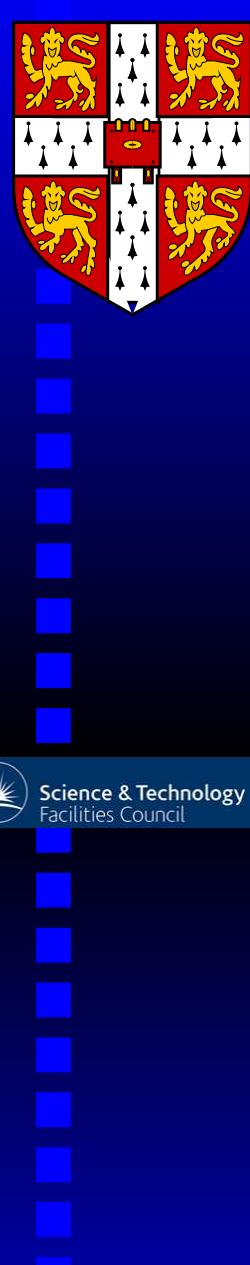


Efficiencies of CMS $ll\ell E_T$

$$\epsilon = \frac{\text{SUSY events past cuts}}{\text{SUSY events}}$$

You pay for the di-leptonic $t\bar{t}$ branching ratio.

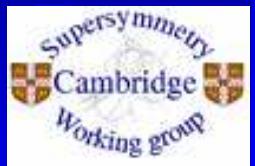
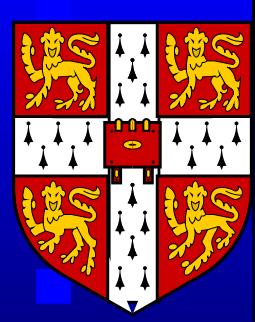




Summary

- R_p violation allows natural SUSY with lightish gluinos and squarks that have not yet been ruled out by searches.
- **Same-sign dilepton** searches *without* huge E_T cut will be interesting. It covers almost all possible cases of RPV operator.
- In case of $U_i D_j D_k$ operators, current searches
 $\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{g}} > 550$ GeV.
- Opportunity to tailor searches including b -tags, leptons and jets.
- **Many other** channels to look at which may have higher sensitivity than di-leptons.





Backup