

#### Long lived particles Implications of LHC results for TeV-scale physics (WG3)

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#### Introduction



#### Exotic long lived particles predicted by extensions of SM

- eg. Hidden Valley, GUTs, Gauge mediated SUSY, BSM Higgs
- In general search for heavy, stable particles which decay away from interaction point
- Present model independent results using data-driven bkg estimation

#### • September meeting [link] covered:

- Heavy stable charged particles, HSCPs (1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [PAS link]
- $\circ$  Stopped heavy stable charged particles (886 pb<sup>-1</sup>) [PAS link]
- Displaced Leptons  $(1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1})$  [PAS link]

#### • NEW: Displaced photons (2.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [PAS link]

## **HSCPs**

- HSCPs appear in various extensions of the SM
- Signal MC: Pair produced gluino (g̃), scalar top (t̃) into R-hadrons (gg̃, gqq̄, g̃qqq, t̃q, t̃qq̄), GMSB stau
- Signature: Particles with large p<sub>T</sub> and low β → large Time-Of-Flight (1/β) and high energy loss (dE/dx)
- Bkg: Instr. noise with high dE/dx, overlapping tracks etc...



## **HSCPs**





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# Stopped HSCP

- HSCP may come to rest and decay later
  Signif. for particles with β < 0.4 (compliments HSCP search)</li>
- Signal MC: Pair produced  $\tilde{g}$  and  $\tilde{t}$  hadronizing to R-hadrons
- **Signature:** Asynchronous HCAL activity (±1 BX from *pp* collision)
- **Bkg:** Cosmics rays, beam-halo muons, instr. noise
- Est. bkg using data-driven methods (see constant rate since 2010)



### Stopped HSCP

Gluino limits



#### No significant excess observed Limits as func. of mass on plateau of lifetime excl. (10µs–1000s) Lower limits set: $m_{\tilde{g}} > 601 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ and $m_{\tilde{t}} > 337 \text{ GeV/c}^2$



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### Stopped HSCP

Stop Limits



No significant excess observed Limits as func. of mass on plateau of lifetime excl. (10 $\mu$ s–1000s) Lower limits set:  $m_{\tilde{g}} > 601 \text{ GeV/c}^2$  and  $m_{\tilde{t}} > 337 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ 



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### **Displaced leptons**

- Search for neutral LL particles decaying into leptons
- Signal MC:  $H^0 \rightarrow 2X, X \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$
- Signature: One or two displaced vertices from oppositely charged leptons
- Bkg: QCD,  $t\overline{t}$ ,  $Z/\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$
- Eff. for single isol. particles  $d_0 < 40$  cm
- Look for peak in inv. mass spec. of X
- Bkg. estimated with fit to decay length signif.

CMS Preliminary √s=7 TeV MC



## **Displaced leptons**

- Search for neutral LL particles decaying into leptons
- Signal MC:  $H^0 \rightarrow 2X, X \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$
- Signature: One or two displaced vertices from oppositely charged leptons (use iterative tracking)
- **Bkg:** QCD,  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $Z/\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$
- Eff. for single isol. particles d<sub>0</sub> < 40 cm
- Look for peak in inv. mass spec. of X
- Background estimated with data-driven fit to decay length signif.

CMS Preliminary √s=7 TeV L=1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>



### **Displaced leptons**

Limits

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- Search for long-lived neutral particles decaying into photons
- Signal MC: GMSB scenario  $(\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \widetilde{G}\gamma)$  with Gravitino  $(\widetilde{G})$ as LSP and Neutralino  $(\widetilde{\chi}_1^0)$  as NLSP
- Difficult to assign vertex to displaced photon
   Use converted photons
- Transverse impact parameter (*d<sub>XY</sub>*) as discriminating variable





Analysis

Selection	Events in MC	2 103
Total	45057	
Di-γ trigger	39988	
Di- $\gamma E_T > 45$ GeV and $E_T > 30$ GeV	37398	CMS Preliminary, 2.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
Barrel $\gamma E_T > 45$ GeV with photon ID	27766	Z 10 Optimize cut to maximize
Jets $p_T > 80$ GeV and $p_T > 50$ GeV	26229	
Conversion selection	1602	
$E_T^{miss} > 30 \text{ GeV}$	1542	
$d_{XY} > 0.6 \mathrm{cm}$	711	0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 Photon d <sub>vv</sub> [cm]

- Select  $\gamma$  conversions  $\rightarrow$  Able to reconstruct  $\gamma$  direction
- Select di-photons events (counting exp.)  $\rightarrow$  Use transverse IP  $(d_{XY})$  to distinguish signal from SM bkg
- Expect 8 events of signal (after normalizing to lumi) → Observe 1

Background estimation

- Use low ∉<sub>T</sub> as control region for bkg estimation



- Lower ∉<sub>T</sub> compared to other SUSY/EXO analyses using photons (eg. ∉<sub>T</sub> > 100 GeV)
- Compare  $d_{XY}$  distributions for  $E_T < 20$  GeV and  $E_T > 30$  GeV
- Normalize bkg estimate to signal data using number of conversions

Uncertainties



The overall uncertainty is 25% with the largest contribution from the conversion reconstruction efficiency

Systematics	Uncertainty (%)
Conversion reconstruction efficiency	20.6
Photon $d_{XY}$ resolution	< 0.5
Integrated luminosity	4.5
$Jet/E_T^{miss}$ energy scale	< 0.5
Pile-up study	2.5
Photon Data/MC scale	2.6
Photon ID	0.5
Total	25

Table: Summary of experimental uncertainties

Results



No significant excess observed Set limits as a function of lifetime of long-lived particle Sensitivity of analysis is 2 cm  $< c\tau_{\chi^0} < 25$  cm

- At short lifetimes: Difficult to optimize sig/bkg eff. near PV
- At long lifetimes: Low conversion reconstruction eff.



### Summary



- We search for long lived particles using a wide range of techniques
  - Highly ionising tracks
  - Slow muon tracks (high TOF)
  - Decays from stopped particles
  - Displaced vertices
  - Photon conversions

#### No discoveries as of yet → Only limits

- Competitive world limits for stable  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $\tilde{t}$ , GMSB (and pair-produced) stau
- $\circ~$  Competitive world limits for displaced  $\ell$  in mass range presented
- New results on LL particles using displaced photons
- For all publicly available results from CMS see [here]



#### Thank You



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