



Performance Reach in the LHC for 2012

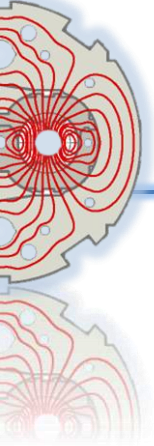
G. Arduini

Acknowledgements: R. Bruce, S. Gilardoni, M. Giovannozzi,
W. Herr, G. Iadarola, J. Jowett, V. Kain, M. Lamont, E.
Métral, G. Rumolo, R. Steerenberg, J. Wenninger, LHC
Machine Coordinators

Outline

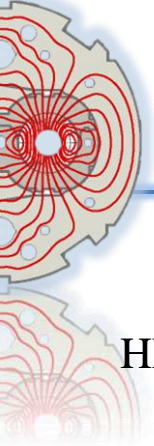
- I will cover mostly the high luminosity experiments. ALICE and LHCb please accept my apologies
 - Review of 2011
 - Summary of the expected parameter range for peak luminosity for 50 and 25 ns
 - Estimate of the possible integrated performance for 50 and 25 ns
 - Summary & Conclusions
-

2011 peak performance - 50 ns



Momentum [TeV/c]	3.5
Beta* [m]	1.0/10/1.0/3.0
ϵ^* [μm] at start of fill for max. bunch intensity	2.6
Max. Bunch Population [10^{11} p]	1.49
Max. Number of bunches	1380
Max. Number of colliding pairs	1331/0/1331/1320
Bunch length [ns]	1.25
Max. Beam Current [A]/population [10^{14} p]	0.37 / 2.05
Max. Stored energy [MJ]	115
Peak luminosity [10^{33} $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$] in IP1/5/8	3.6/3.6/0.4
Half External Crossing angle IP1/2/5/8 [μrad]	120/80/120/250
Beam-beam tune shift (start fill)/IP	-0.007
Min. beam-beam separation (σ) $d_{\text{sep}\sigma}$	9.3
Maximum Average pile-up at IP1/5/8	17/17/2

Again on Hübner factor...


$$HF_i = \frac{\int_0^{\Delta T_i} L dt}{L_{\text{peak } i} \Delta T_i}$$

- This is a “sliding” Hübner factor of the i -th successful fill with peak luminosity $L_{\text{peak},i}$ and Δt_i is the time between the end of the $(i-1)_{\text{th}}$ stable beam period and the end of the i_{th} one. This takes into account of the fraction of time spent in stable beams and the luminosity lifetime

- For 5 periods of the run 2011 estimated:

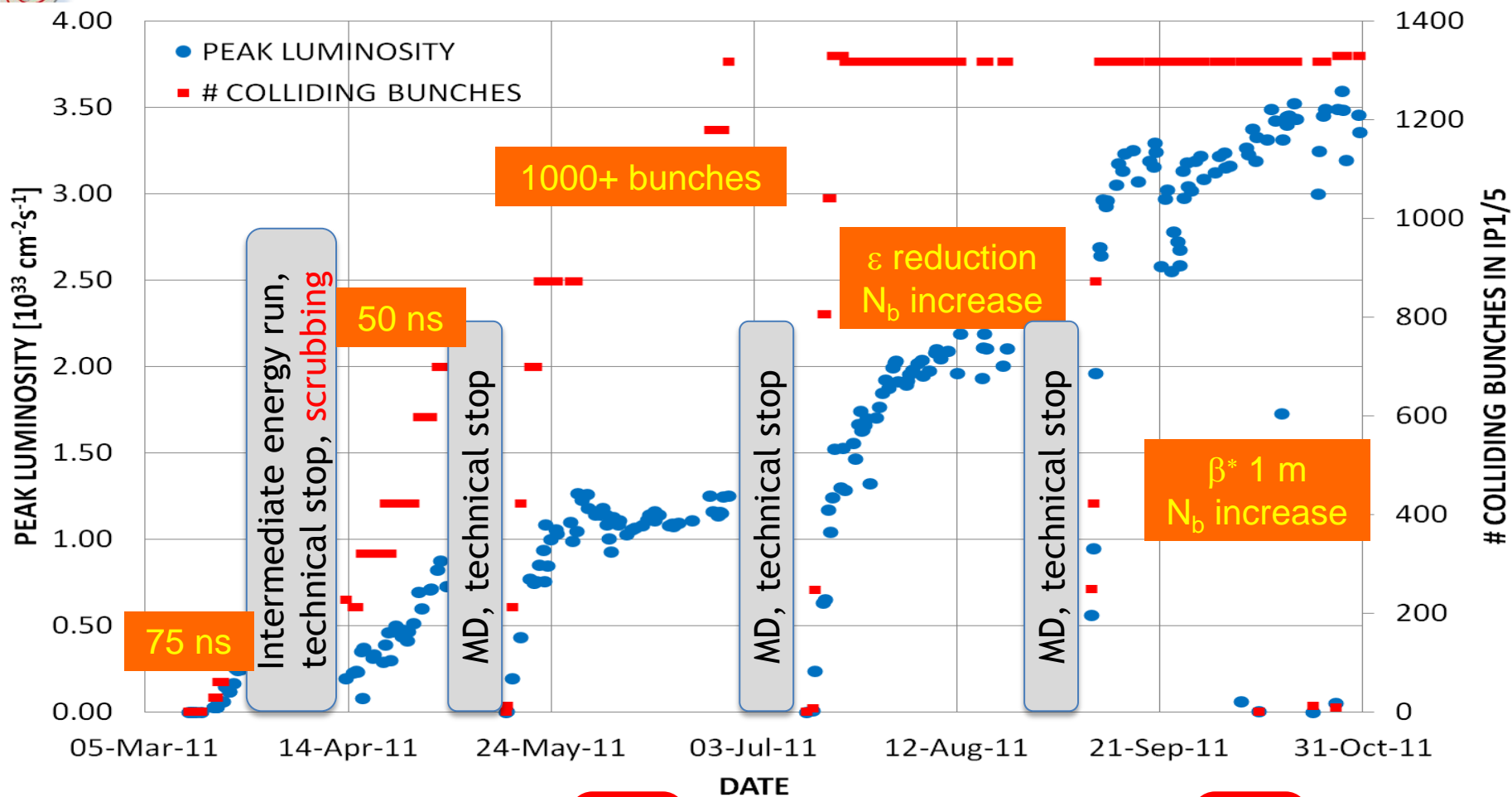
$$HF_{\text{peak}} = \frac{\sum_i \int_0^{\Delta T_i} L dt}{\text{Max}(L_{\text{peak } i}) \sum_i \Delta T_i}$$

$$\langle HF_i \rangle = \frac{\sum_i HF_i}{N}$$

Some notion of ramp-up built-in in the factor

No notion of ramp-up built-in in the factor

$$\langle HF_{\text{LHCb}} \rangle = \frac{\sum_i \int_0^{\Delta T_i} L_{\text{LHCb}} dt}{L_{\text{levelling}} \sum_i \Delta T_i}$$

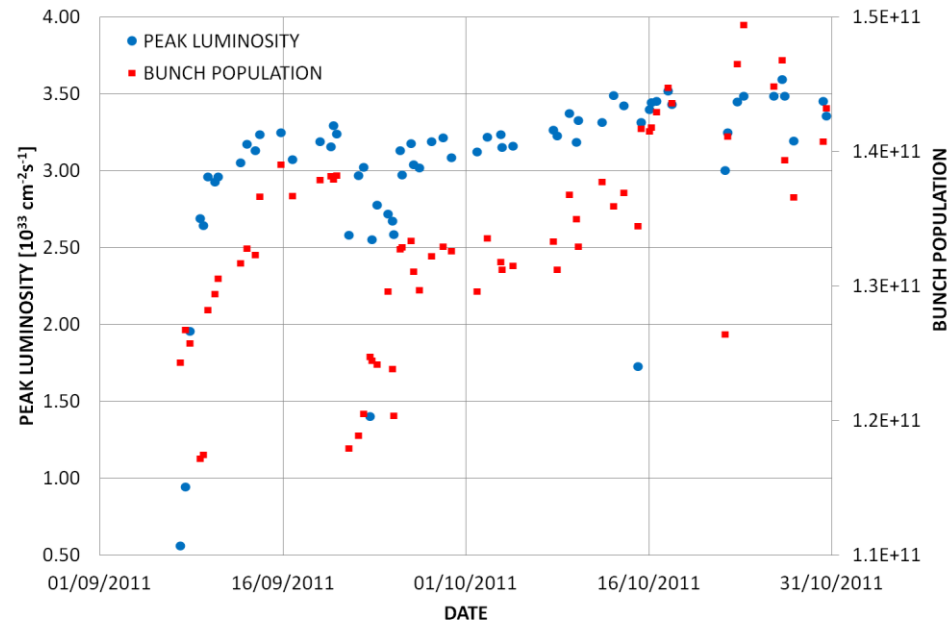


SB [%]	32.8	29.2	29.1	32.8
HF _{peak}	0.14	0.19	0.15	0.2
<HF _i >	0.32	0.26	0.26	0.26
<HF _{LHCb} >				0.31

Last period $\beta^*=1$ m

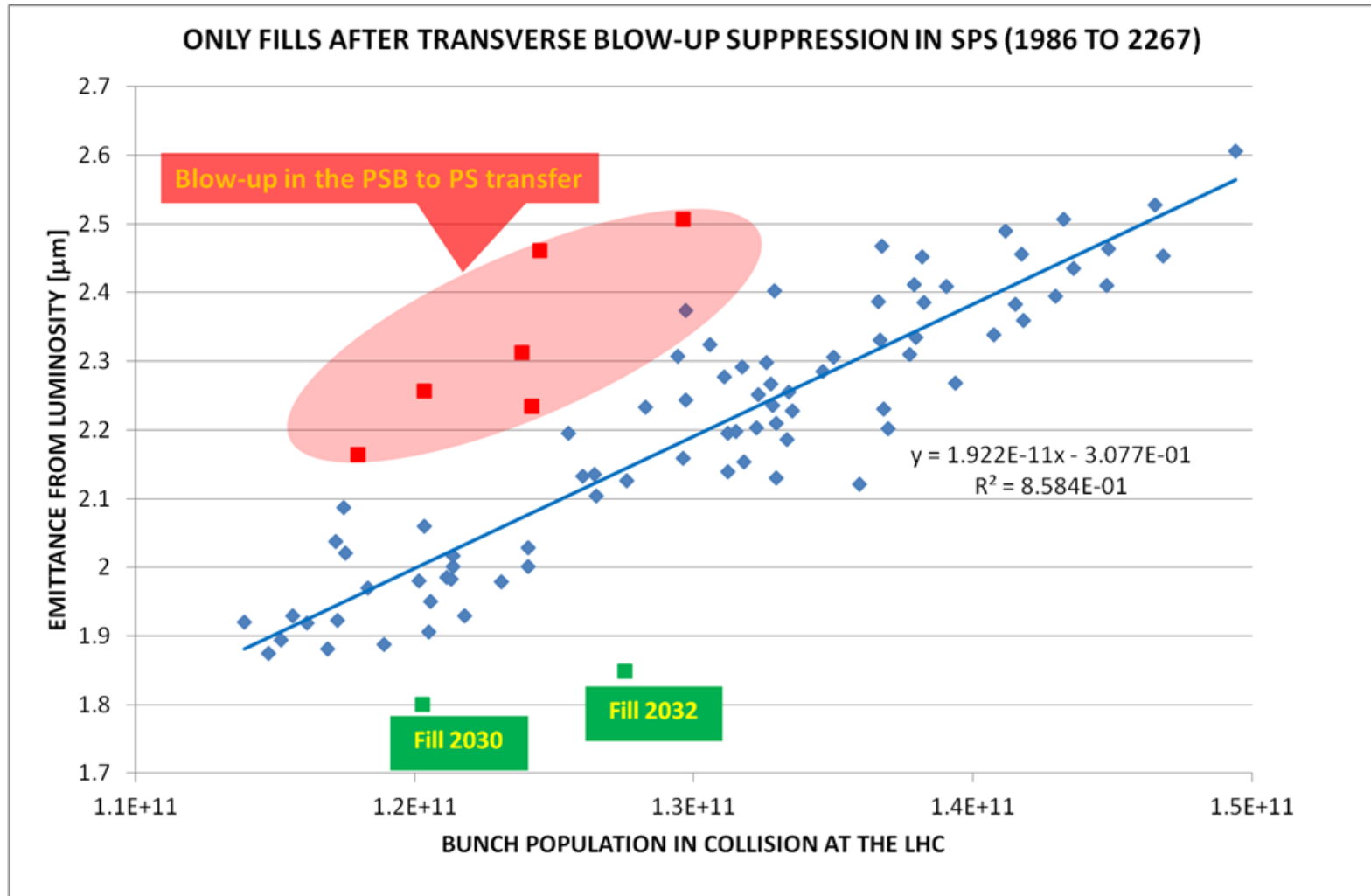
- Most representative for the comparison with 2012:

- New β^* (although more relaxed)
- After initial ramp-up, constant number of bunches
- Natural ε^* provided by the injectors (no transverse blow-up in the SPS)
- Constant β^*
- “Adiabatic” increase of the bunch intensity from 1.2 to 1.5×10^{11} p/b in ~ 1.5 months
- Period with highest intensity and luminosity (UFO and SEE)
- Mitigation measures for SEE in place



$HF_{\text{peak}}=0.2$
 $\langle HF_i \rangle = 0.26$
SB time=32.8%
 $L_{\text{peak}}=3.6 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 $\int L dt \sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $\Delta t \sim 47.6 \text{ days}$

Performance in collision





Injector and LHC ε preservation (c/o V. Kain, R. Steerenberg)

- 50 ns

- Got up to 1.6×10^{11} p/b with 2 μm emittance at SPS extraction \rightarrow caveat: could lose reproducibility
- Extrapolation of present behaviour \rightarrow 1.6×10^{11} p/b in collision with 2.7-2.8 μm \rightarrow 35-40% blow-up

- 50 ns

- Hope to understand and mitigate blow-up at injection (longitudinal blow-up reducing IBS blow-up, mostly H) during ramp and squeeze in the course of the run \rightarrow **In the following assumed 2.5 μm and 3.5 μm in collision for the maximum bunch intensity for 50 and 25 ns for the estimation of the peak performance**

- 25 ns

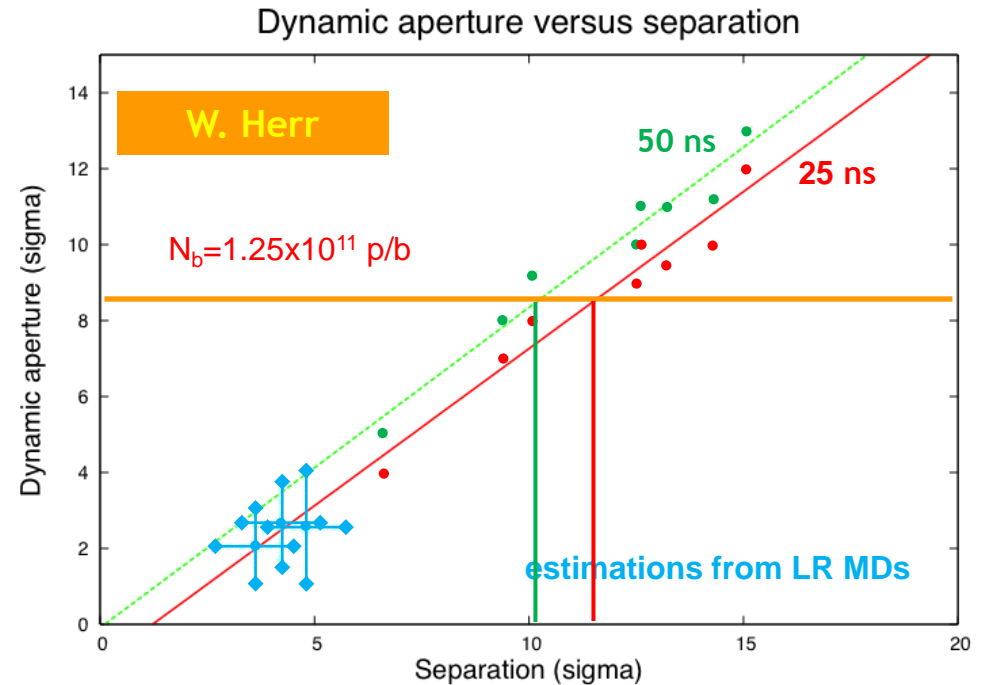
- Expect 1.15×10^{11} p/b with >3 μm emittance at SPS extraction
- Extrapolation of present behaviour \rightarrow 1.15×10^{11} p/b in collision with >3.7 μm (nominal emittance)

Beam-Beam (c/o W. Herr)

LHC-Project-Note 416

In all the proposed scenarios $\Delta Q_{\text{head-on}} \sim N_b / \varepsilon^*$ is smaller or equal to 2011 values and no hard limits observed so far

- 25 ns spaced beams have ~twice (120) the number of LR as compared to 50 ns beams (64)
- To get same dynamic aperture as for 50 ns \rightarrow 25 ns requires ~20 % more LR beam-beam separation (for the same N_b - pessimistic) in σ !



β^* reach (c/o R. Bruce)

	$\Theta_{\text{cross}} [\mu\text{rad}]$ @ 3.5 TeV	$\Theta_{\text{cross}} [\mu\text{rad}]$ @ 4 TeV	Comments
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.6$ m	155	145	Tight collimator settings - errors in quadrature
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.7$ m	143	134	Tight collimator settings - linear error sum
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.9$ m	126	118	Intermediate settings - linear error sum

- For 25 ns (consider only 4 TeV here) \rightarrow in the **optimistic** case that we consider tight collimator settings (primaries at 4.3 **beam** σ) \rightarrow $\beta^*=0.8$ m achievable with 190 μrad half crossing angle providing $\sim 12 \sigma$ (rather conservative) separation for long range encounters

Impedance effects (c/o E. Métral)

- Operation with tight collimator settings: most critical 50 ns with 1.6×10^{11} p/b
 - Need control of chromaticity down to <1 unit
 - Back-up: octupoles at >450 A but this might have impact on lifetime
 - No show stopper expected
 - Main issues:
 - TDI beam screen heating \rightarrow need to open the gaps to parking position (110 mm) as soon as injection is stopped \rightarrow hindrance for the scrubbing run
 - MKI heating \rightarrow impact on turn-around
 - Possible bunch length increase and bunch shape tailoring (c/o P. Baudrenghien):
 - Might reduce TDI heating, expect marginal effect for MKI
 - 10% increase (up to 1.35) acceptable by the experiments (longer luminous region)
 - Reduces the peak luminosity by additional $\sim 3\%$
- $$L \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\beta^* \frac{\epsilon^*}{\beta\gamma} + \frac{\sigma_z^2 \theta^2}{4}}}$$
- Overall impact of bunch lengthening: gain in heating/stability vs. loss in luminosity, luminosity lifetime to be assessed in its globality



Vacuum and Scrubbing (c/o V. Baglin, G. Rumolo)

- Vacuum activity observed in 2011 after scrubbing in LSS2/5/8 related to non-conform RF fingers → actions being taken
 - Operation with 50 ns at 4 TeV requires:
 - SEY < 2.1 in the arcs
 - SEY < 1.6 in the uncoated/unbaked straight sections
 - This is where we got at the end of the scrubbing run in April (5 days with 50 ns beam) even lower with the 25 ns beams tests
 - Operation with 25 ns at 4 TeV requires:
 - SEY < 1.35 in the arcs
 - SEY < 1.2 in the uncoated/unbaked straight sections
-



Vacuum and Scrubbing - 50 ns operation

- Arcs were kept below 80 K and care is going to be taken to cool down the magnet preventing condensation in the beam screens → **hope** to find SEY as at the end of 2011 → **to be confirmed**
 - Straight sections opened in point 2/5/8 → **expect high vacuum activity during start-up with high intensity** → cleaning with 50 ns beams will take ~15 h of beam time at high intensity → few hours with 25 ns beam
 - 1 day of scrubbing with 25 ns beam (trains of 72 bunches) for 50 ns operation preceded by 1 day of setting-up:
 - Allow verifying the conditions of the machine (in particular the arcs) after the Christmas stop → **important for future operation at 25 ns**
 - Create clean conditions for operation with 50 ns beams with intensities above those reached in 2011
 - Conditioning for UFOs?
-



Scrubbing - 25 ns operation

How much machine time:

- At least 20 hours of beam time starting with at least 2100 bunches circulating and going to ~2800 bunches
 - During the MD 25 ns (after 3 MDs) 2 h of beam time at maximum current required in total ~14 h of machine time (slowed down by losses and dumps due to LSS6 BPMs, MKI vacuum activity, etc...). Scrubbing Hübner Factor=0.14. Machine availability was close to 100 %. TDI was kept IN all the time. We should not do it in 2012.
 - At least 140 hours = 6 days of machine time without setting-up (of injections up to 288 bunches) and intensity ramp-up to 2800 bunches (not done so far)
 - 1 day setting-up of 25 ns beam (72 bunches) + 2 shifts commissioning per injection step (144-216-288) → 3 days
 - 2 days for operation/scrubbing at 3.5-4 TeV with increasing number of bunches to validate operation at high energy.
 - Total of 11 days with very good machine availability and no contingency
-

2012 expected peak performance - 50 ns - 4 TeV

Beta* [m]	0.6/3.0/0.6/3.0	0.7/3.0/0.7/3.0	0.9/3.0/0.9/3.0
ε^* [μm] at start of fill for max. bunch intensity	2.5		
Max. Bunch Population [10^{11} p]	1.6		
Max. Number of bunches	1380		
Max. Number of colliding pairs	1331/0/1331/1320		
Bunch length (4σ) [ns]/ (r.m.s.) [cm]	1.35/10.1		
Max. Beam Current [A]/population [10^{14} p]	0.4 / 2.2		
Max. Stored energy [MJ]	142		
Peak luminosity [10^{33} $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$] in IP1/5/8	6.8/6.8/0.4	6.2/6.2/0.4	5.1/5.1/0.4
Half External Crossing angle IP1/2/5/8 [μrad]	145/90/145/250	134/90/134/250	118/90/118/250
Beam-beam tune shift (start fill)/IP	0.007		
Min. beam-beam separation (σ) $d_{\text{sep}\sigma}$	9.3		
Maximum Average pile-up at IP1/5/8	35/35/2	31/31/2	26/26/2

2012 expected peak performance - 50 ns - 3.5 TeV

Beta* [m]	0.6/3.0/0.6/3.0	0.7/3.0/0.7/3.0	0.9/3.0/0.9/3.0
ε^* [μm] at start of fill for max. bunch intensity	2.5		
Max. Bunch Population [10^{11} p]	1.6		
Max. Number of bunches	1380		
Max. Number of colliding pairs	1331/0/1331/1320		
Bunch length (4σ) [ns]/ (r.m.s.) [cm]	1.35/10.1		
Max. Beam Current [A]/population [10^{14} p]	0.4 / 2.2		
Max. Stored energy [MJ]	124		
Peak luminosity [$10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$] in IP1/5/8	6.0/6.0/0.4	5.4/5.4/0.4	4.5/4.5/0.4
Half External Crossing angle IP1/2/5/8 [μrad]	155/90/155/250	143/90/143/250	126/90/126/250
Beam-beam tune shift (start fill)/IP	0.007		
Min. beam-beam separation (σ) $d_{\text{sep}\sigma}$	9.3		
Maximum Average pile-up at IP1/5/8	29/29/2	27/27/2	22/22/2



2012 expected (peak) performance - 25 ns - 4 TeV

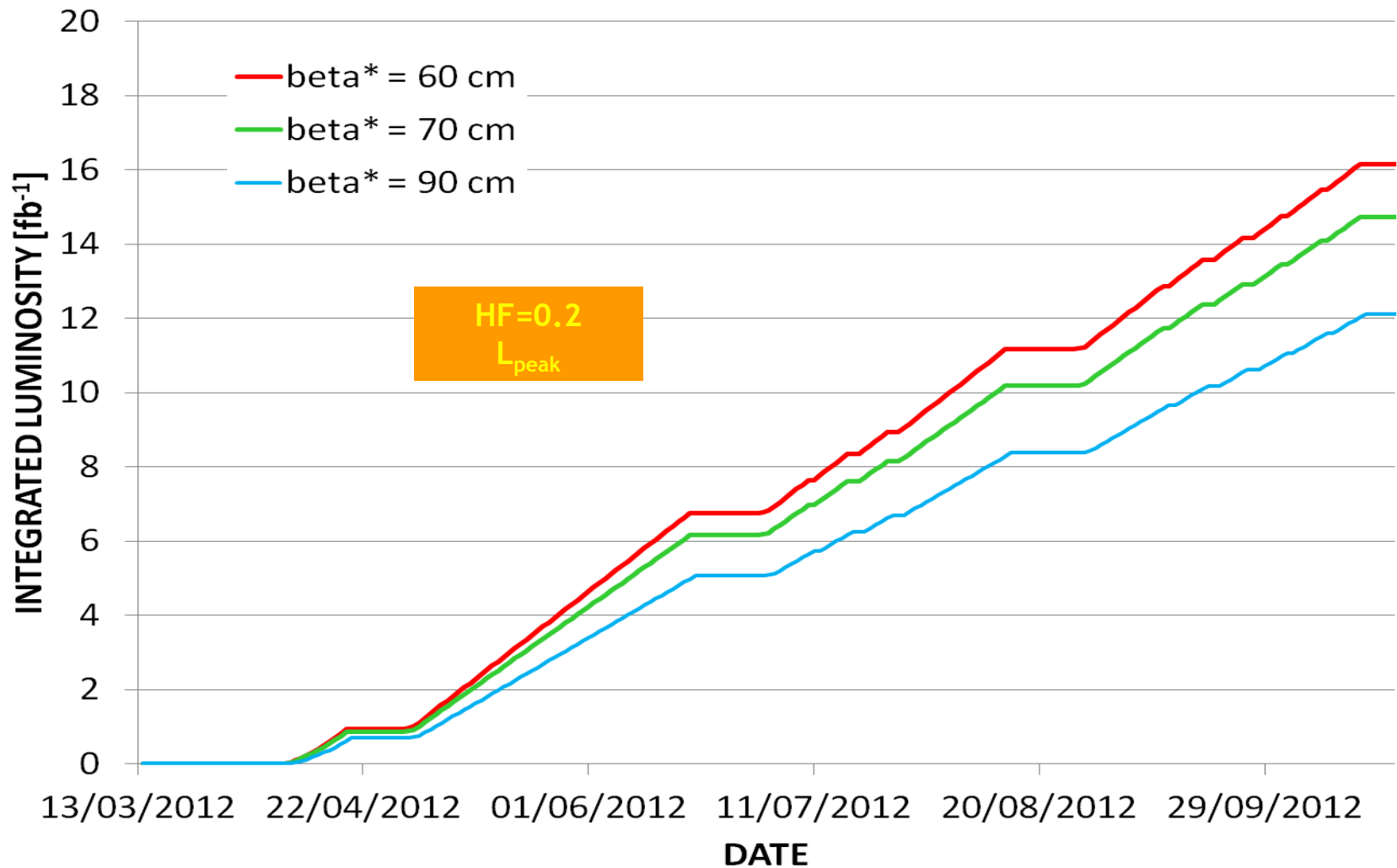
Beta* [m]	0.8/3.0/0.8/3.0
ϵ^* [μm] at start of fill for max. bunch intensity	3.5
Max. Bunch Population [10^{11} p]	1.15
Max. Number of bunches	2760
Max. Number of colliding pairs IP1/5	2662/0/2662/2640
Bunch length (4σ) [ns]/ (r.m.s.) [cm]	1.35/10.1
Max. Beam Current [A]/population [10^{14} p]	0.57 / 3.2
Max. Stored energy [MJ]	203
Peak luminosity [10^{33} $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$] in IP1/5	3.8/3.8
Half External Crossing angle IP1/5 [μrad]	190
Beam-beam tune shift (start fill)/IP	-0.0032
Min. beam-beam separation (σ) $d_{\text{sep}\sigma}$	12
Maximum Average pile-up at IP1/5/8	10/10/1



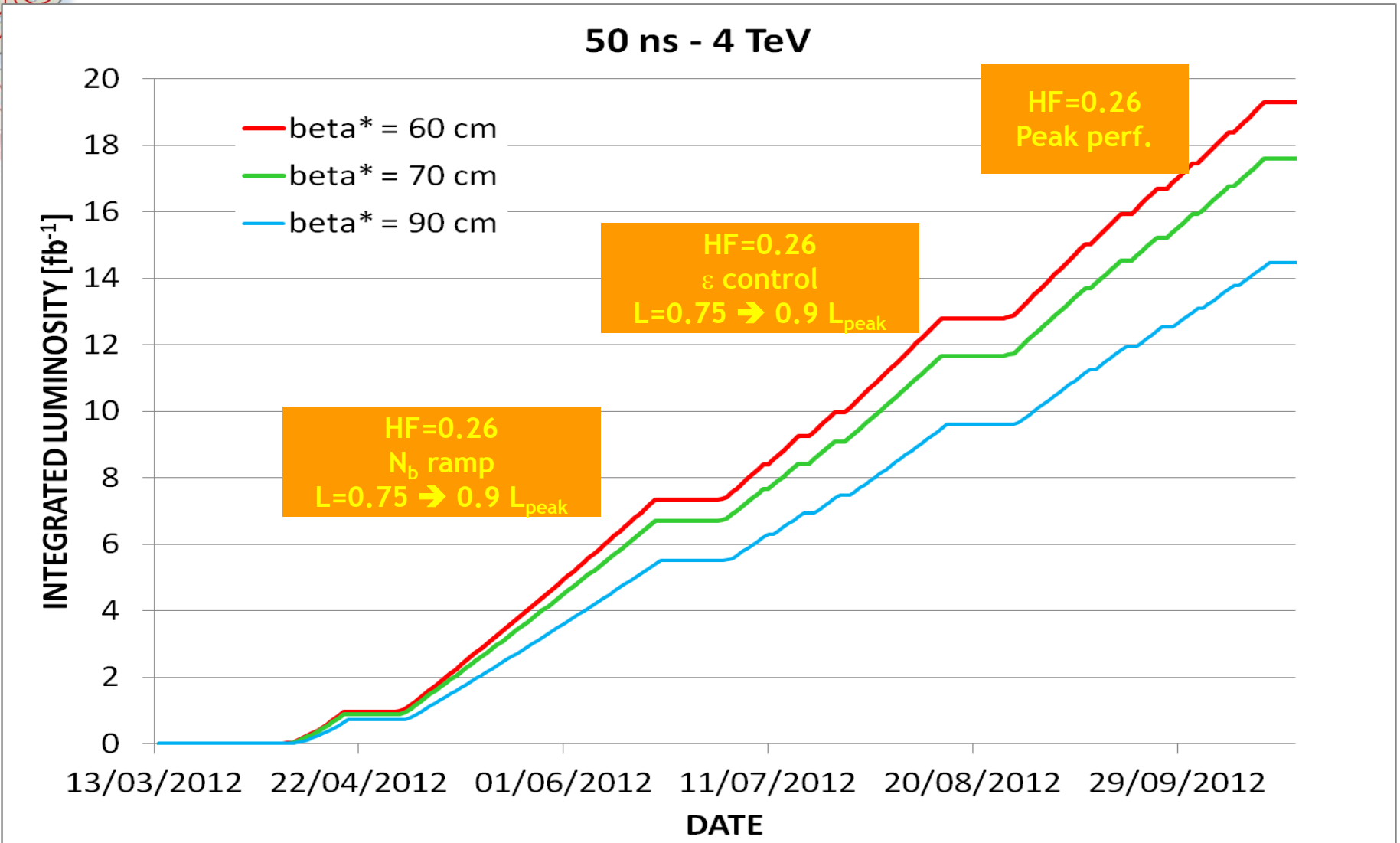
2012 proton run - 50 ns

- Assumptions:
 - 147 days of physics
 - 22 days of MDs
 - 21 days of commissioning with beam (small number of bunches)
 - 20 days of Technical stops
 - 6 (2x3) days of recovery after Technical Stops
 - 8 days of special physics runs
 - 3 day of scrubbing with 25 ns beam including setting-up and 1 day of contingency. To be planned as soon as possible before serious intensity ramp-up.
 - Intensity ramp up as discussed in Evian (for 50 ns):
 - 48-84-264-624: 3 fills and 6 hours of Stable Beams (assumed 25% SB time)
 - 840-1092-1380: 3 fills and 20 hours of Stable beams (assumed 28% SB time)
 - ➔ 2 weeks for validation of maximum number of bunches
-

50 ns - 4 TeV



50 ns - 4 TeV - very optimistic



2012 proton run - 25 ns

- Assumptions (25 ns):

- 137 days of physics
 - 22 days of MDs
 - 21 days of commissioning with beam
 - 20 days of Technical stops
 - 6 (2x3) days of recovery after Technical Stops
 - 8 days of special physics runs
 - 13 days of scrubbing (including setting-up and 2 days of contingency). To be planned as soon as possible before any serious intensity ramp-up.
-
- Intensity ramp up: assumed same ramp-up rate as for 50 ns (very optimistic!! As the final total current is higher!)
-

25 ns - 4 TeV



Summary

	$\int L dt / L_{\text{peak}} / \text{Pile-Up @ 3.5 TeV}$ [fb ⁻¹ /10 ³³ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ /e.p.c.]	$\int L dt / L_{\text{peak}} / \text{Pile-Up @ 4 TeV}$ [fb ⁻¹ /10 ³³ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ /e.p.c.]
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.6$ m	14.3-17/6.0/29	16.2-19.3/6.8/35
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.7$ m	12.8-15.3/5.4/27	14.7-17.6/6.2/31
50 ns - $\beta^*=0.9$ m	10.7-12.8/4.5/22	12.1-14.5/5.1/26
25 ns - $\beta^*=0.8$ m	-	8.3/3.8/10

- For LHCb, assuming $\langle HF_{\text{LHCb}} \rangle = 0.3$ and $L_{\text{level}} = 0.4 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Expected Integrated luminosity:

→ ~1.5 fb⁻¹ for 50 ns operation (147 days of physics)

→ close to 1.4 fb⁻¹ for 25 ns operation (137 days of physics)

Long fills are certainly better for LHCb...

50 ns vs. 25 ns

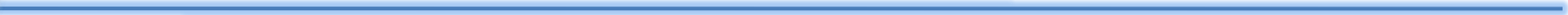
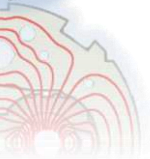
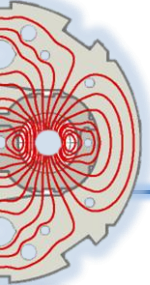
- 50 ns provides clearly higher integrated luminosity than 25 ns
 - Longer scrubbing period for 25 ns reduces significantly the in for the Summer conference
 - Pile-up is certainly an issue for 50 ns but the flexibility of leveling can be used (should work)
 - 25 ns is a new mode of operation with more unknowns and likely surprises
 - 25 ns requires larger current with more potential stress on equipment and collimation
 - Operation at tight settings with nominal emittance has been optimistically assumed for 25 ns
 - Intensity ramp-up rate for 25 ns optimistically assumed to be the same as for 50 ns
 - **I do not see arguments to go to 25 ns this year.**
-

Caveats

- Higher number based on tight collimator settings assumed to work without major problems. It will imply tight control of machine parameters (orbit, chromaticity, etc.).
 - Realistic ramp-up phase in number of bunches and luminosity. Assumption of operation at peak with HF=0.26 assumes mastering high intensity and blow-up in the whole chain before the last third of the run. Should be considered as upper limit.
 - Assumed that 4 TeV will not reserve significantly more surprises than 3.5 TeV (UFO, SEU,) and will not imply additional commissioning time.
-

Conclusions

- 15 fb⁻¹ feasible → heavily relies on tight collimator settings and 4 TeV. No space for rethink.
 - 20 fb⁻¹ seems out of reach even for a very optimistic scenario. Approaching it requires 60 cm β^* → Start with that.
 - In spite of the (I still consider) optimistic scrubbing plan 25 ns cannot compete with 50 ns operation. A mini-scrubbing run at 25 ns before intensity ramp-up with 50 ns would give important input for future operation at 25 ns (model and cool-down procedure validation) and would allow fast intensity ramp-up.
-



2011 proton run

Item	Days
Total proton operation	264
5 MDs (4 days)	- 20
6 TS (4+1 days)	- 30
Special requests	- 10
Commissioning	- 20 to -30
Intensity ramp up	- 30 to -40
Scrubbing run	- 10
Total High intensity	124 to 144 (135 days for integrated L)

M. Meddahi -
Chamonix 2011

- What we did:
 - 167.8 days of physics (including intensity ramp-up with 75-50 ns)
 - 20 days of MDs
 - 21 days of commissioning with beam
 - 23 days of Technical stops
 - 5 days of recovery after Technical Stops
 - 10.5 days of special physics runs (1.38 TeV, VdM, high pile-up, 90 m optics)
 - 10 days of 50 ns injection set-up (2) and scrubbing (8) → we got effectively 5 days
 - 3.8 days of 25 ns tests (2) and ion optics pre-commissioning (1.8)
 - 0.5 days of additional planned stops (VIPs, strike)