



Composite Higgs Sketch

Brando Bellazzini

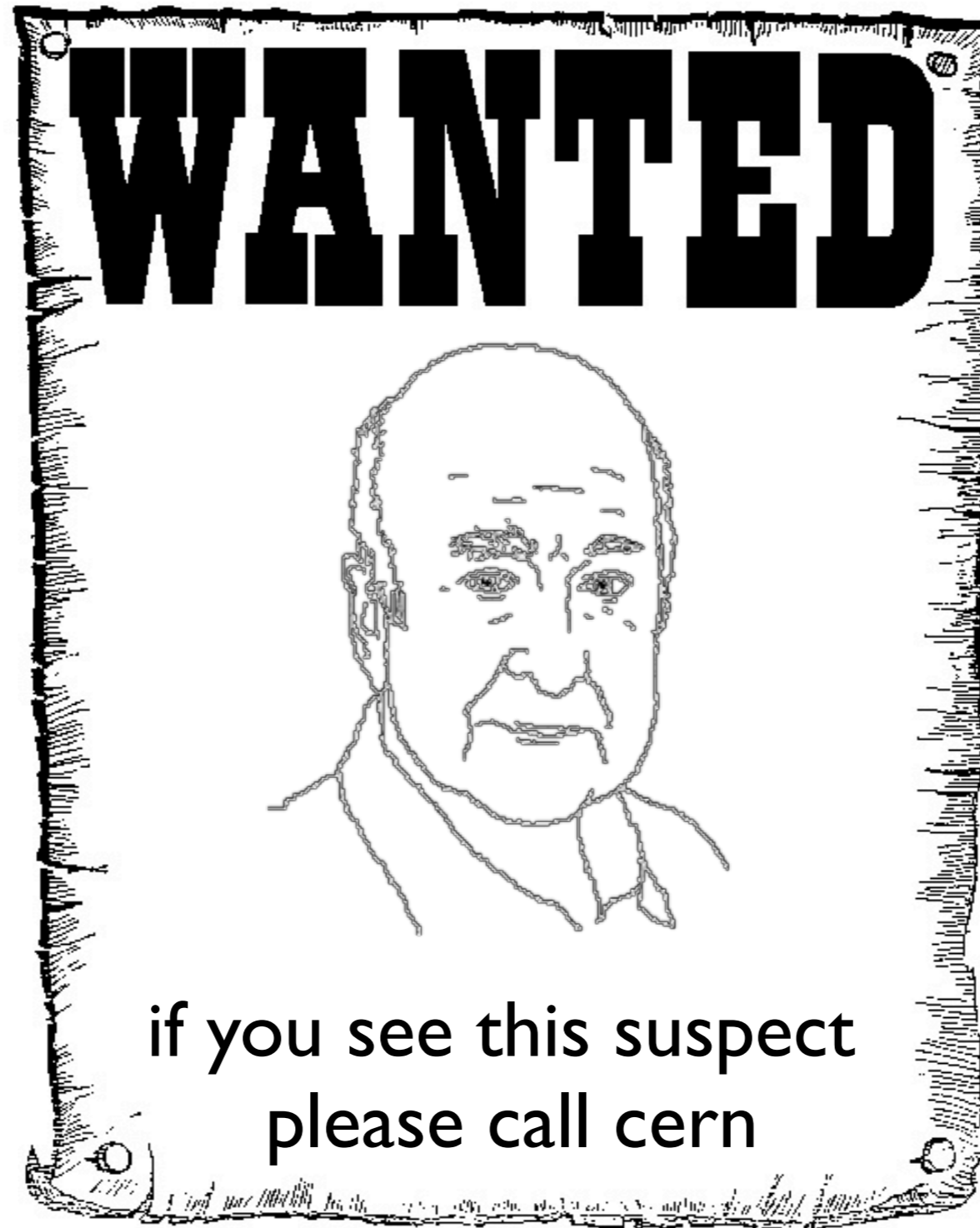
University of Padova, SISSA, & INFN

based on a work with
C. Csaki, J. Hubisz, J. Serra & J. Terning

CERN
TH Summer Institute, June 25th 2012

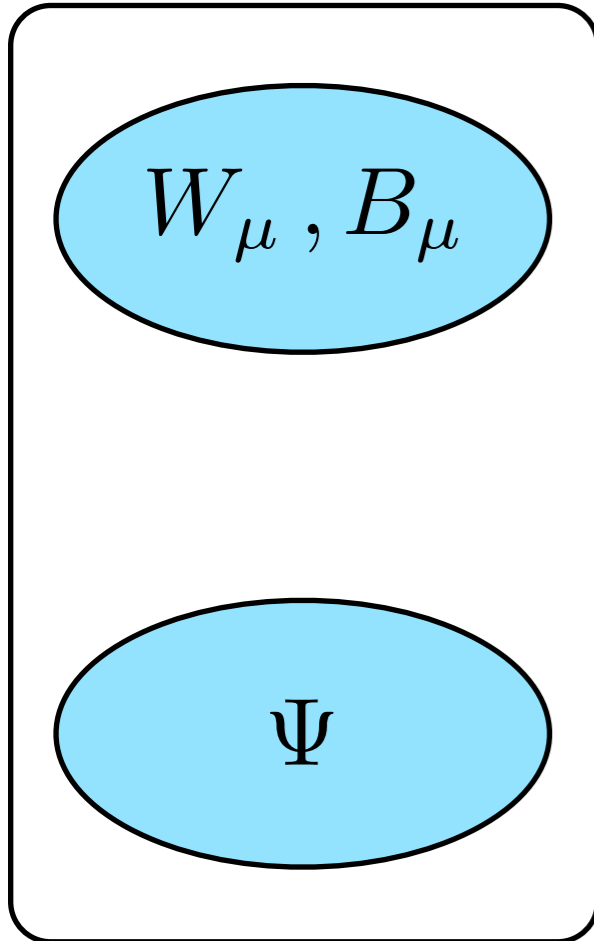


Composite Sketch



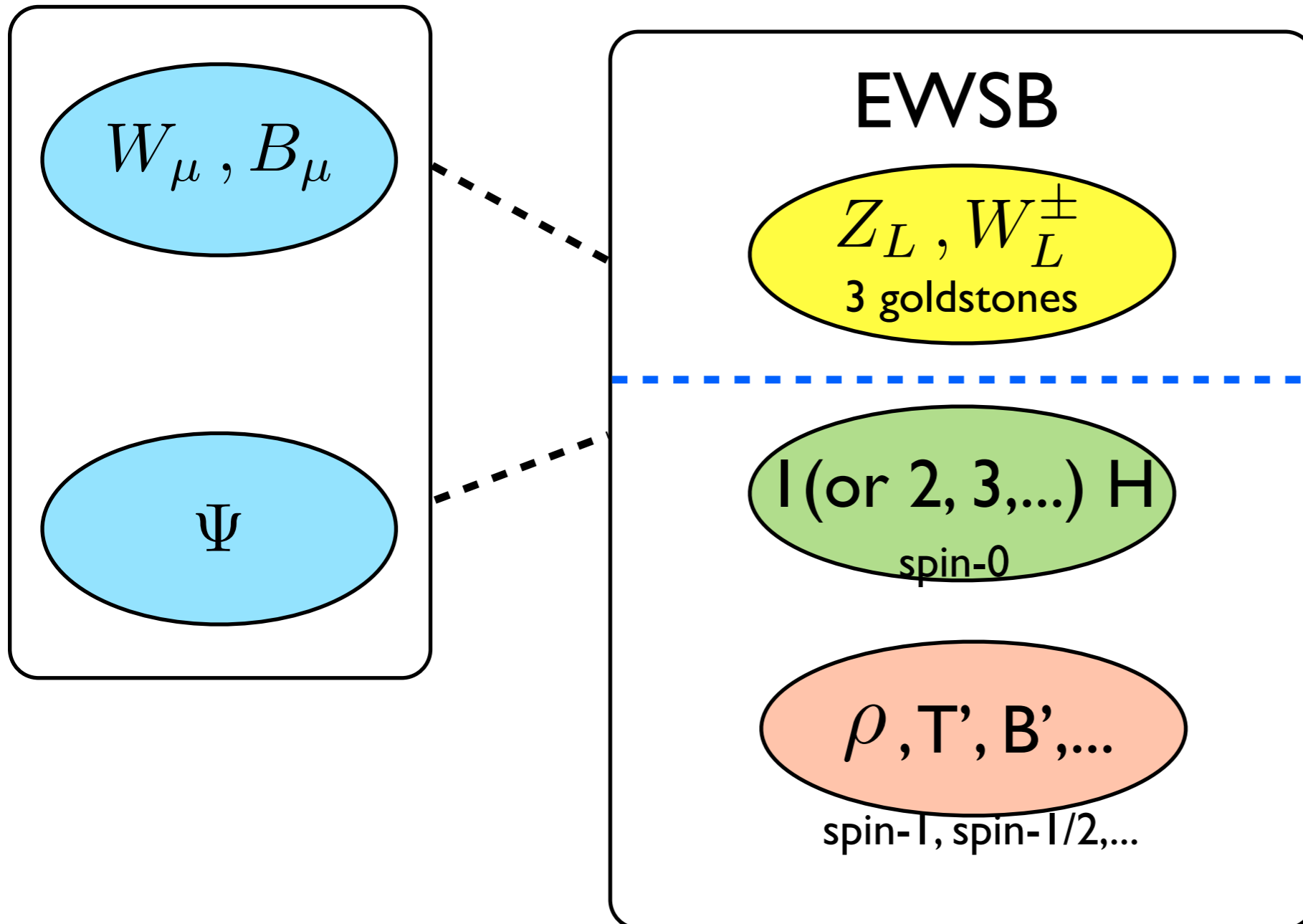
EWSB-sector

gauge-sect.



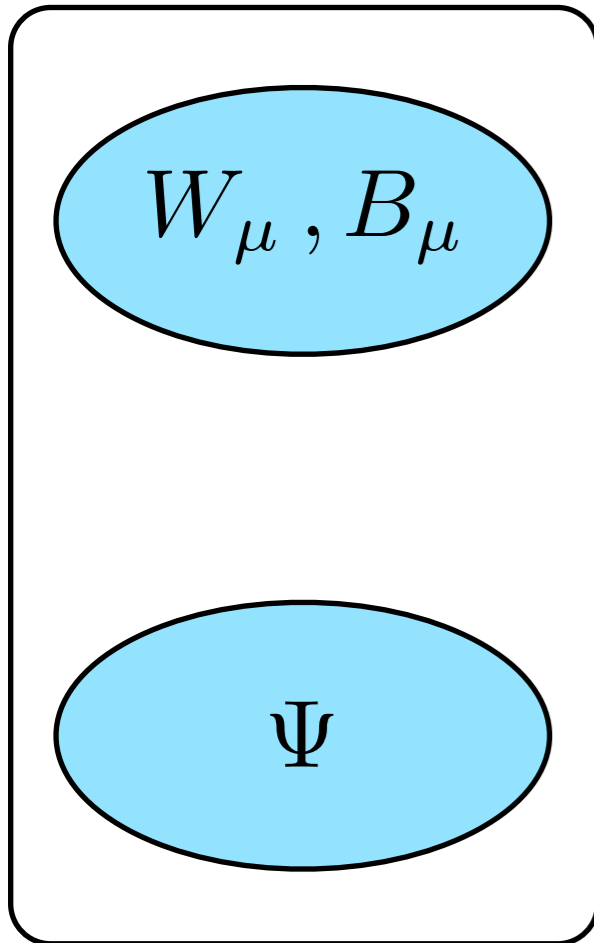
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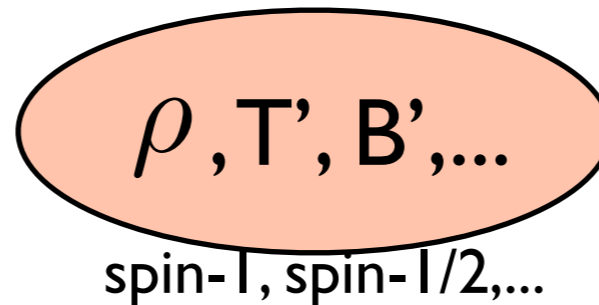
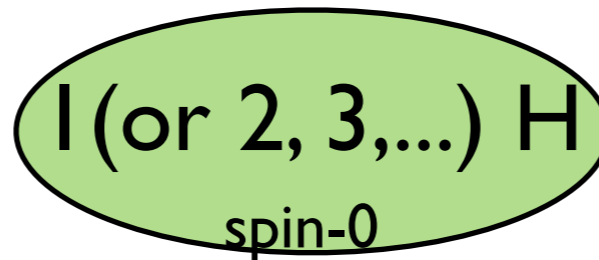


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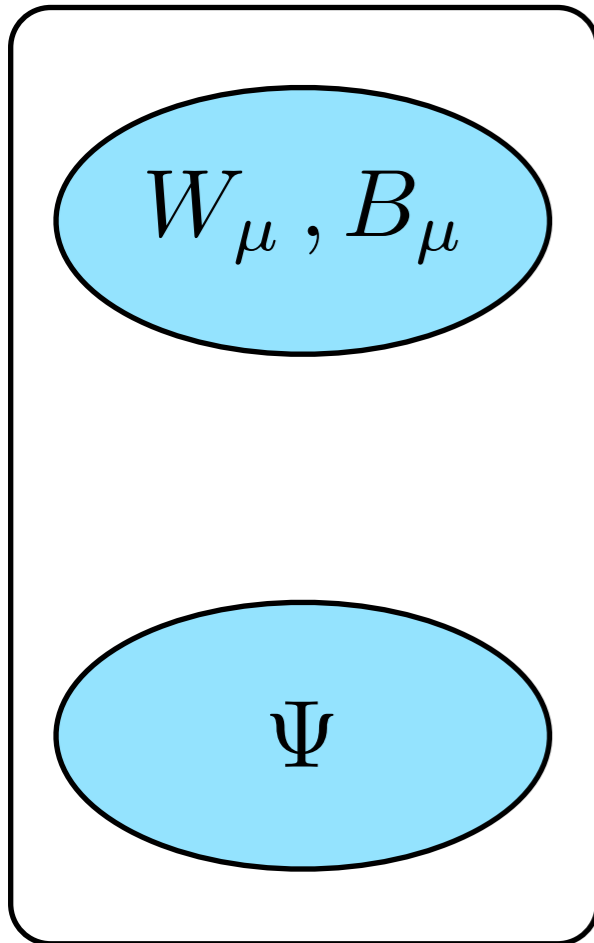
EWSB



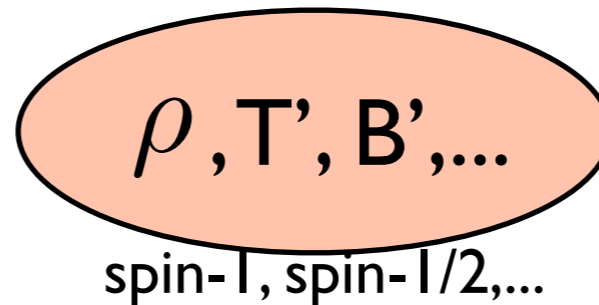
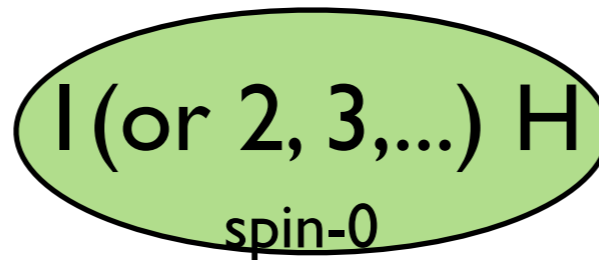
$$\rho - 1 = 0.00 \dots$$

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EWSB



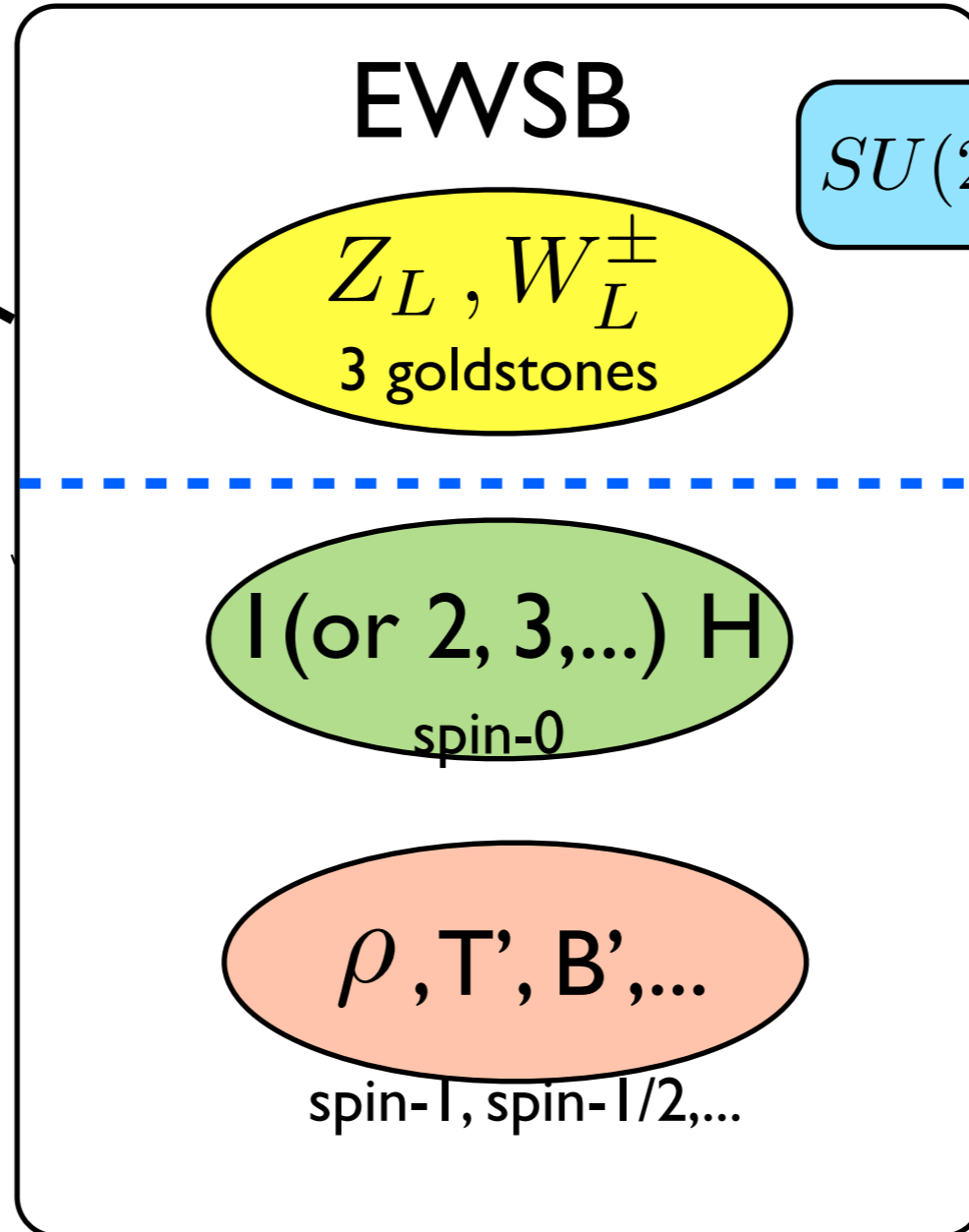
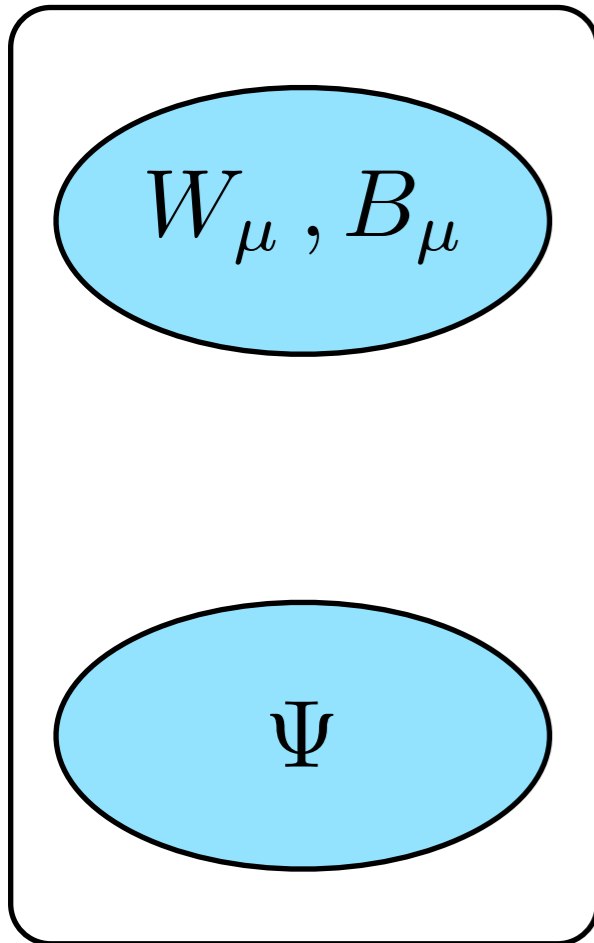
$$\rho - 1 = 0.00 \dots$$

$$SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R / SU(2)_{L+R}$$

custodial sym.

EWSB-sector

gauge-sect.



$$\rho - 1 = 0.00 \dots$$

$$SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R / SU(2)_{L+R}$$

custodial sym.

$m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$
by July 4th it's real

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

expansion in derivatives

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

expansion in derivatives

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & \frac{v^2}{4} |D_\mu \Sigma|^2 \left(1 + 2a \frac{h}{v} + b^2 \frac{h^2}{v^2} + \dots \right) \\ & - \sum m_f \bar{f} f \left(1 + c_f \frac{h}{v} + \dots \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu h)^2 - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 - \frac{d_3}{2v} m_h^2 h^3 + \dots \\ & + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h F_{\mu\nu}^2 + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^2 + \dots \\ & + \dots \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \phantom{\mathcal{L} =} \\ \phantom{\mathcal{L} =} \\ \phantom{\mathcal{L} =} \\ \phantom{\mathcal{L} =} \\ \phantom{\mathcal{L} =} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{O}(p^2) \\ \\ \\ \mathcal{O}(p^4) \\ \\ \mathcal{O}(p^6) \end{array}$$

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

expansion in derivatives

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$m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

expansion in derivatives

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$$- \sum m_f \bar{f} f \left(1 + c_f \frac{h}{v} + \dots \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu h)^2 - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 - \frac{d_3}{2v} m_h^2 h^3 + \dots$$

$$+ c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h F_{\mu\nu}^2 + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^2 + \dots$$

$$+ \dots$$

$m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$

??

$a, b, c_f, d_3, c_g, c_\gamma$

$\mathcal{O}(p^4)$

$\mathcal{O}(p^6)$

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = a \left(\frac{m_Z^2}{v} Z_\mu^2 + \frac{2m_W^2}{v} W_\mu^2 \right) h + c_f \frac{m_f}{v} \bar{f} f h + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h F_{\mu\nu}^2 + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^2$$

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

controls the hWW and hZZ vertex

$$\begin{array}{c} \pi \\ \diagdown \\ \text{---} \\ \diagup \\ \pi \end{array} \text{---} h = a g_{VVh}^{SM}$$

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controls the $h\bar{f}f$ vertex

$$\begin{array}{c} f \\ \bar{f} \end{array} \text{---} h = c_f g_{\bar{f}f h}^{SM}$$

EW-Chiral Lagrangian

controls the hWW and hZZ vertex

$$h = a g_{VVh}^{SM}$$

$\gamma\gamma$ decay

$$h = c_\gamma$$

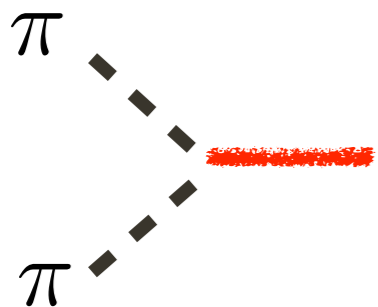
$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = a \left(\frac{m_Z^2}{v} Z_\mu^2 + \frac{2m_W^2}{v} W_\mu^2 \right) h + c_f \frac{m_f}{v} \bar{f} f h + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h F_{\mu\nu}^2 + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^2$$

controls the $h\bar{f}f$ vertex

$$h = c_f g_{f\bar{f}h}^{SM}$$

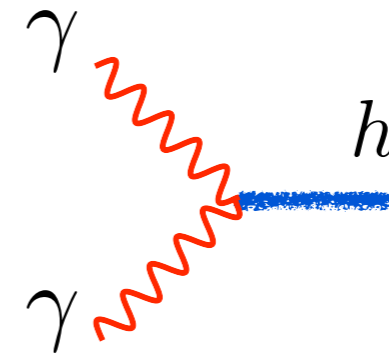
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$$h = a g_{VVh}^{SM}$$

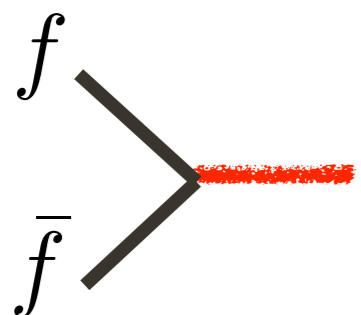
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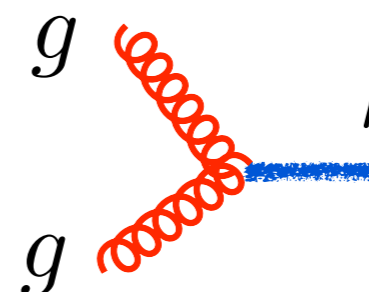
$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = a \left(\frac{m_Z^2}{v} Z_\mu^2 + \frac{2m_W^2}{v} W_\mu^2 \right) h + c_f \frac{m_f}{v} \bar{f} f h + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h F_{\mu\nu}^2 + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^2$$

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$$h = c_f g_{\bar{f}fh}^{SM}$$

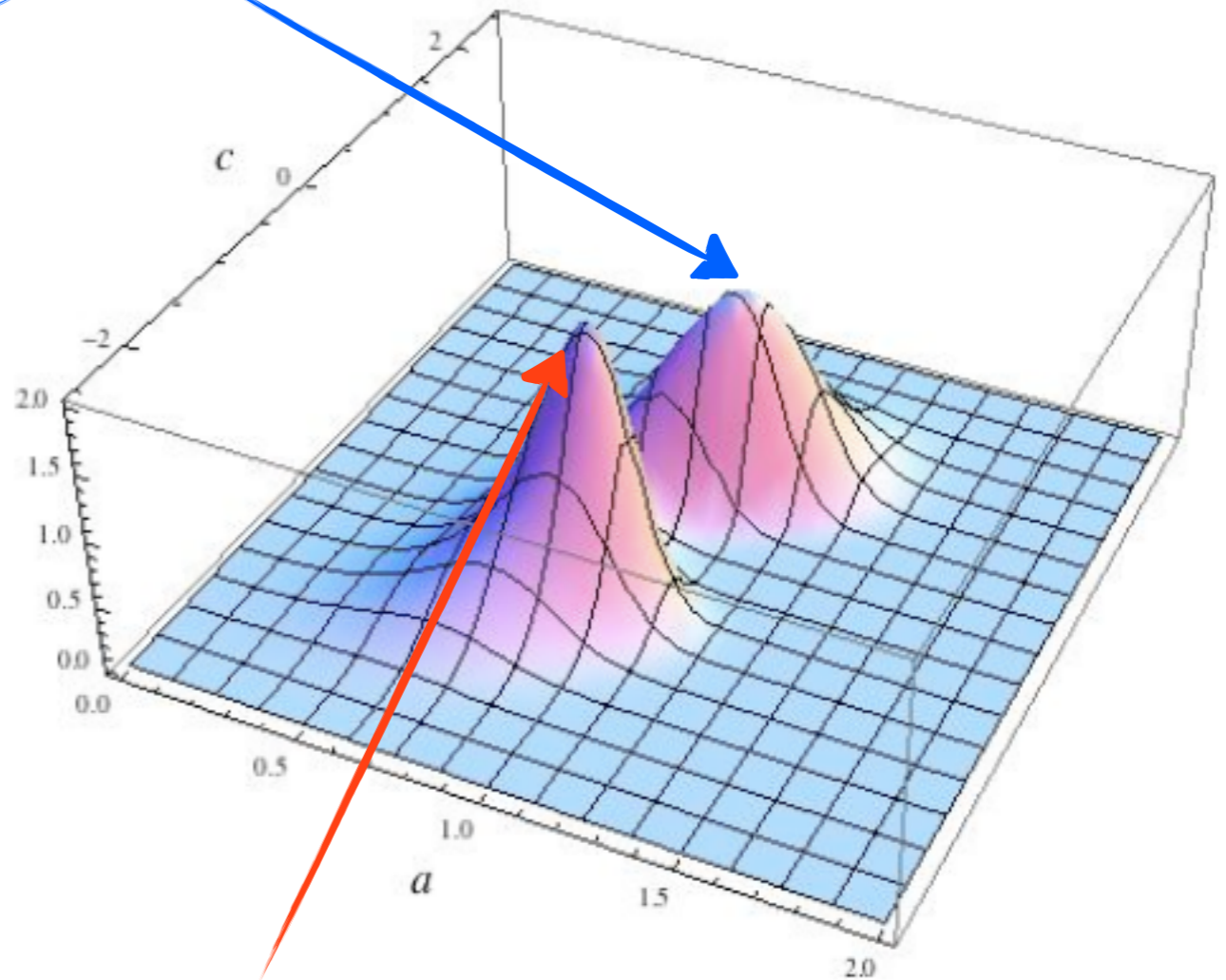
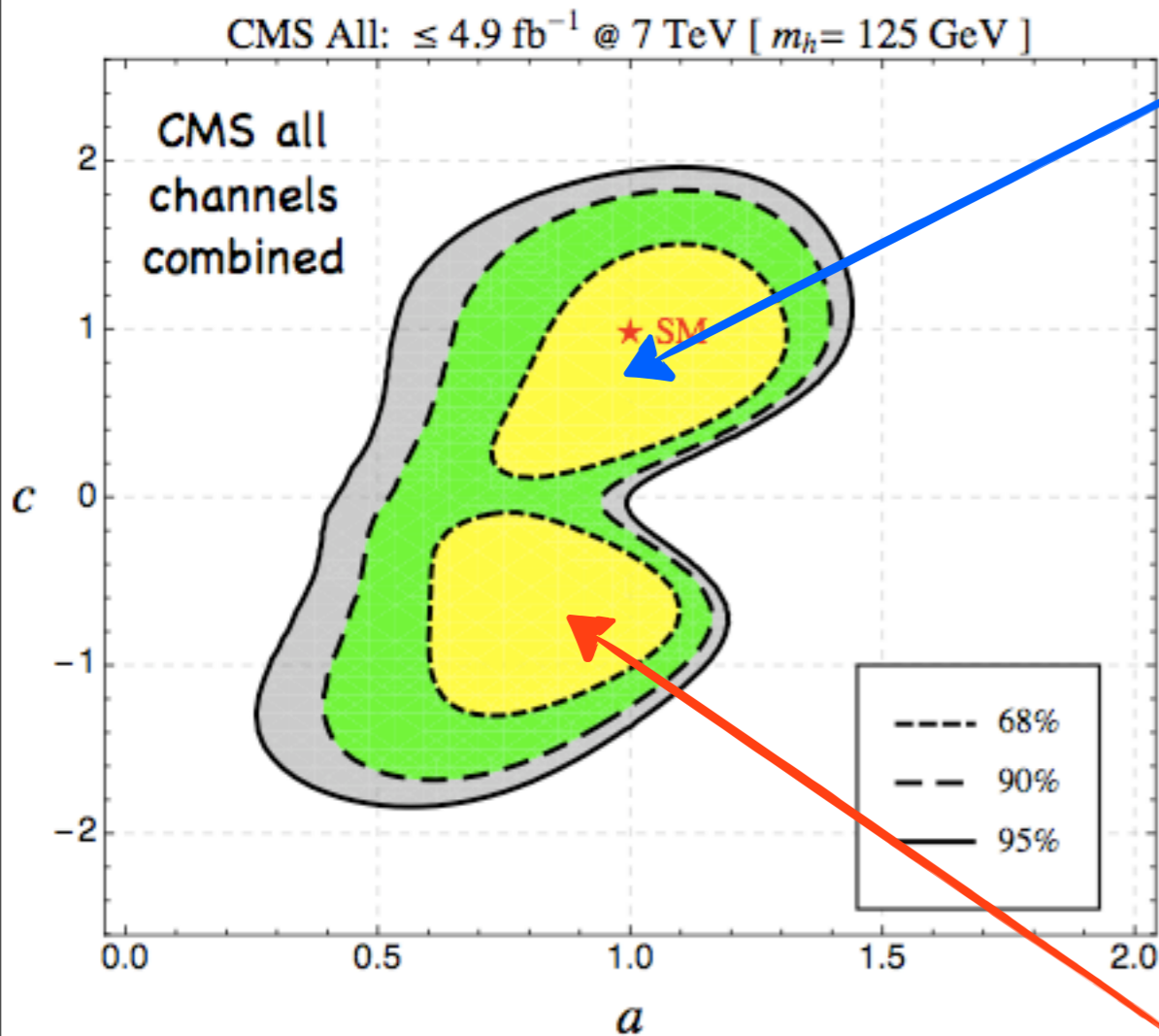
ggh and gluon fusion



$$h = c_g$$

fitting data

$$a=1.0, c=0.75$$



see e.g. Azatov, Contino, Galloway, [1202.3415]

$$a=0.85, c=-0.6$$

dysfermiofilia?

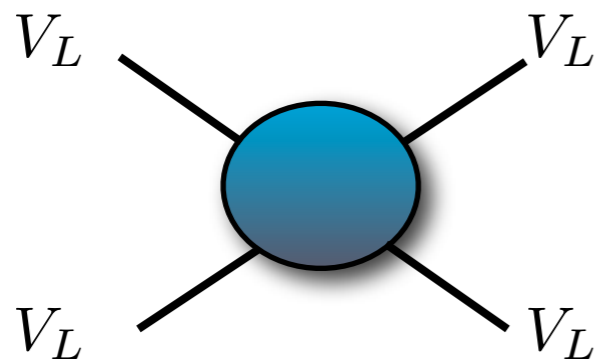
Where is new physics?

Where is new physics?

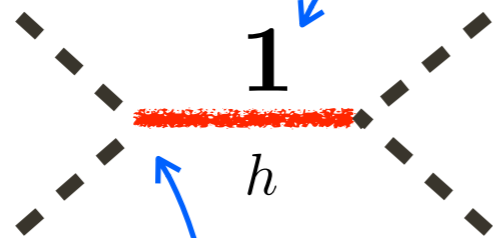
unitarity arguments!

Where is new physics?

unitarity arguments!



$$3 \times 3 = \mathbf{1} + 3 + 5$$



+ crossing



$$\mathcal{A} \sim (1 - a^2) \frac{s}{v^2}$$

$$|D_\mu \Sigma|^2 \left(1 + 2a \frac{h}{v} + \dots \right)$$

$$\Lambda \approx \frac{4\pi v}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}} \ll \Lambda_{SM} \sim \infty$$

EXAMPLES

✱ SM-Higgs $a^2 = 1$ $\Lambda = \infty$

✱ THDM $a_{h1}^2 + a_{h2}^2 = 1$ $\Lambda = \infty$

✱ pNGB $a^2 = 1 - \frac{v^2}{f^2}$ $\Lambda = 4\pi f$

✱ Dilaton $a^2 = \frac{v^2}{f^2}$ $\Lambda = \frac{4\pi v}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/f^2}}$

Resonances

Resonances

- ✱ add **new resonances** coupled to the P_i 's
(the first ones that go strong)
- ✱ enforce perturbative **unitarity** up to higher scales

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Delay the onset of strong dynamics

Increase the cutoff

Resonances

- * add **new resonances** coupled to the Pi's
(the first ones that go strong)
- * enforce perturbative **unitarity** up to higher scales

Delay the onset of strong dynamics

Increase the cutoff

familiar example: the SM Higgs

Higgsless

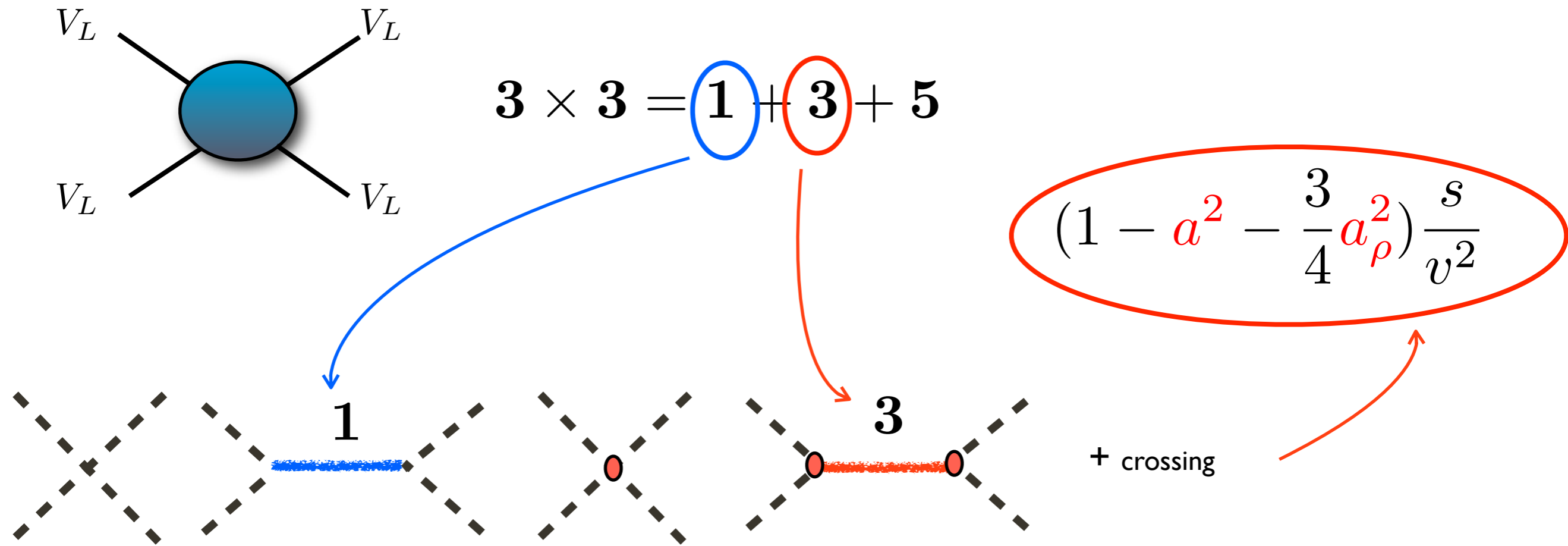
$$\Lambda \sim 4\pi v$$

Higgs

$$\Lambda = \infty$$



UV-Moderators



$$-\frac{1}{4g_\rho^2} \rho_{\mu\nu}^2 + a_\rho^2 \frac{v^2}{2} \left[\rho_\mu^2 + (\vec{\rho}_\mu \times \partial_\mu \vec{\pi}) \cdot \vec{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} (\vec{\pi} \times \partial_\mu \vec{\pi})^2 + \dots \right]$$

EXAMPLES



QCD
(vmd)

$$a_\rho^2 \approx 2$$

$$\Lambda \sim m_\rho$$



Higgsless

Csaki et al. hep-ph/0305237

$$\sum_N \frac{3}{4} a_{\rho N}^2 = 1$$

$$\Lambda \gg 4\pi v$$

$$\Lambda_{NDA} \sim \Lambda_{unitary}$$

$$\sqrt{s} \lesssim 2m_\rho$$

inelastic threshold

ADDING A VECTOR

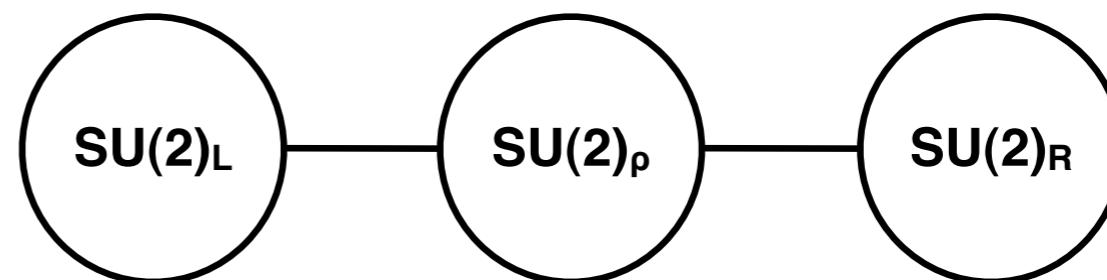
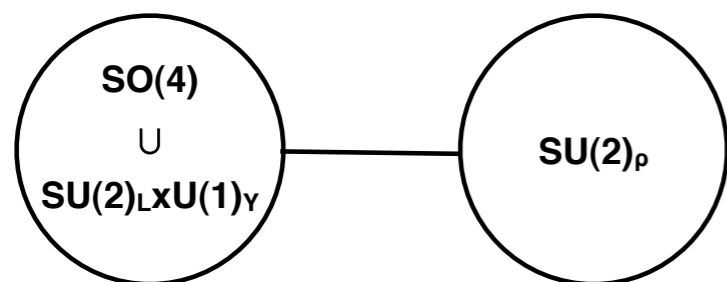
one spin-1 below the cutoff (techni-rho, KK-W, ...)

ρ_μ as gauge vector $\rho \longrightarrow h\rho h^\dagger - ih\partial_\mu h$

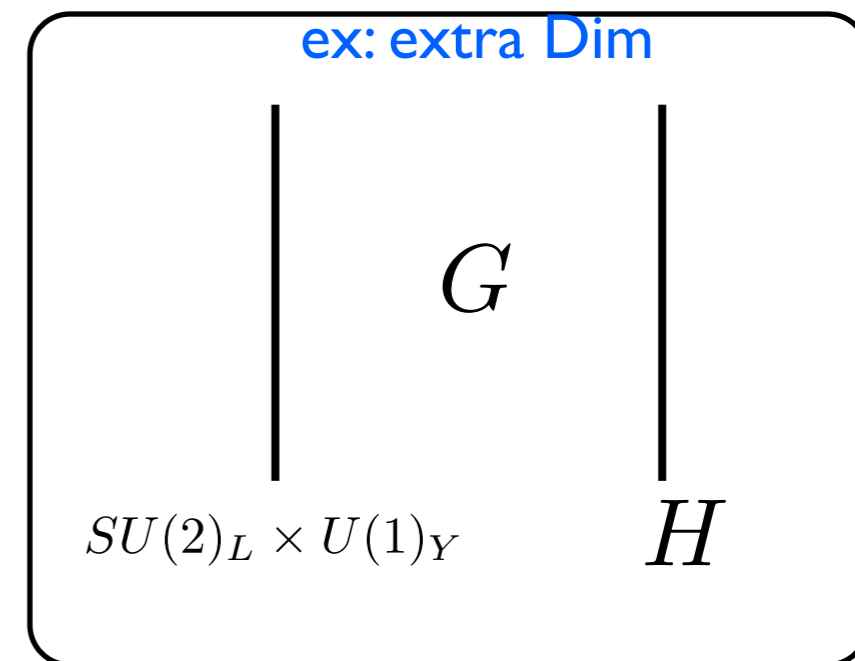
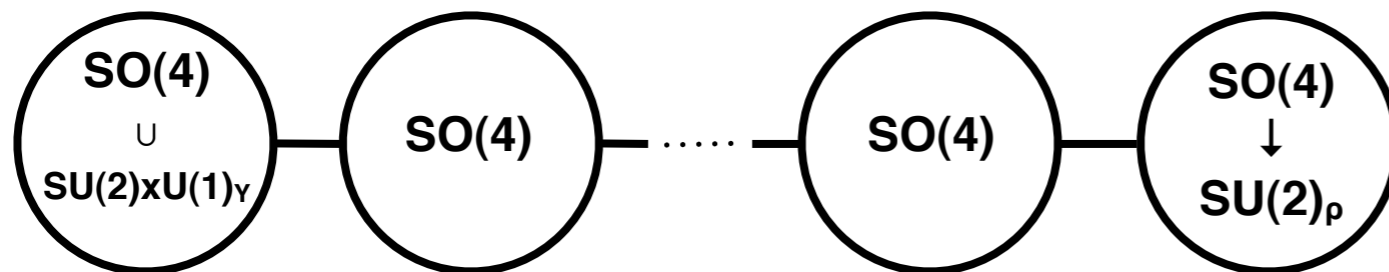
- UV-behavior $\rho_L \longrightarrow \partial\eta$ $h \in H \subset \text{custodial}$
- no weird NDA $\mathcal{L} \not\propto \frac{\mathcal{O}}{m_\rho^\#}$
- perturbative limit $\Sigma = e^{i\pi} \longrightarrow e^{i\pi} \left(1 + \frac{h}{v}\right)$
- easy (e.g. to implement on MC)

EXAMPLES

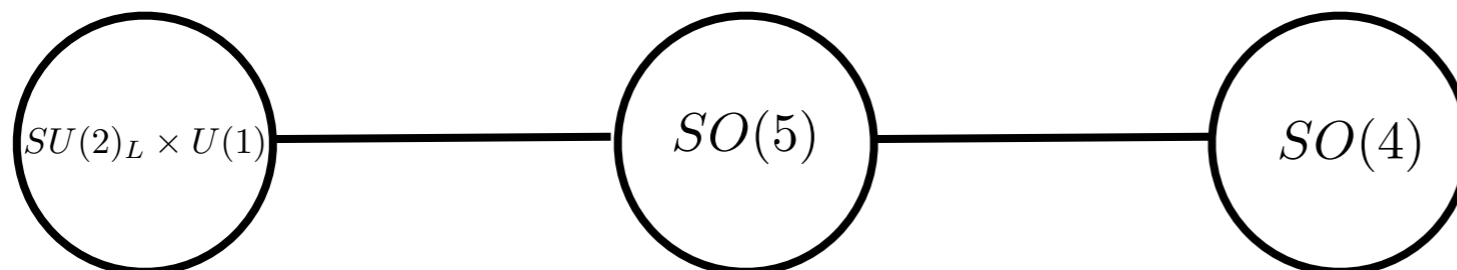
minimal mose



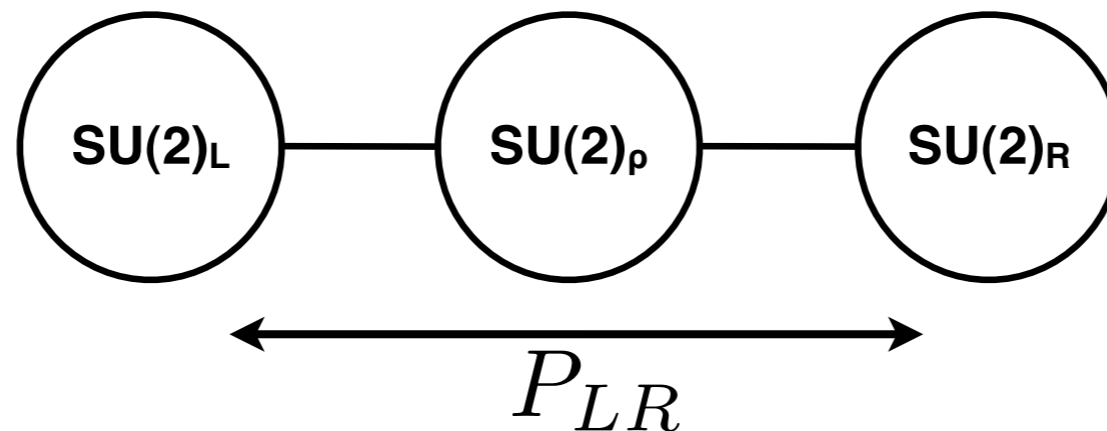
more sites



larger groups

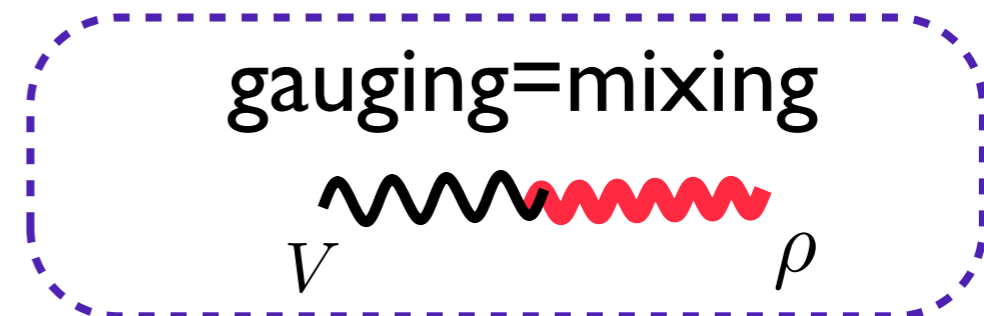
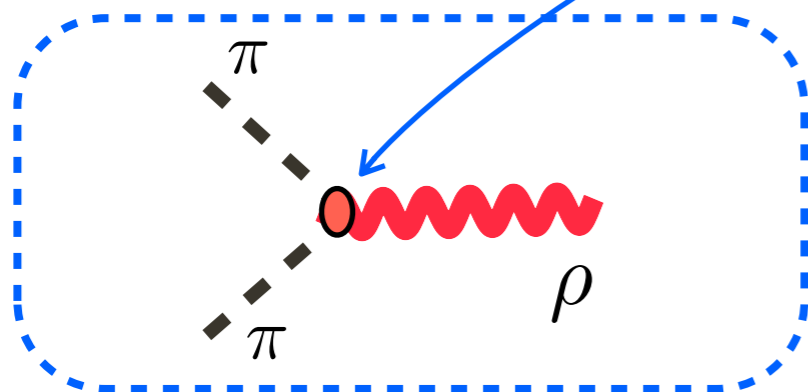


MINIMAL+Z2



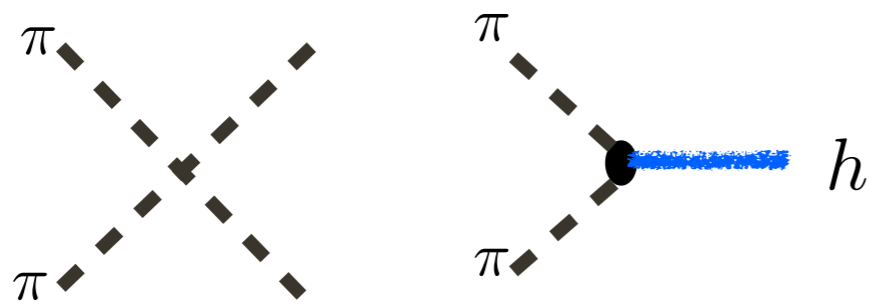
spin-1: couples to the conserved custodial current

$$g_\rho \rho_\mu^a J_C^a = g_\rho a_\rho^2 \epsilon^{abc} \rho_\mu^a \partial_\mu \pi^b \pi^c + \dots$$

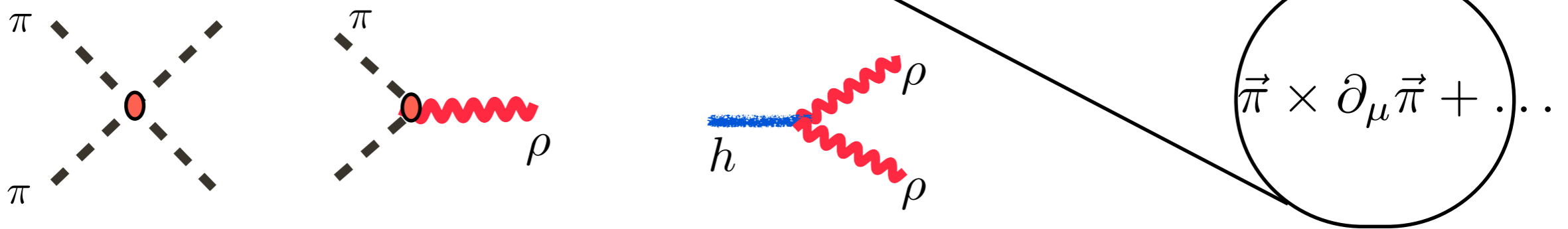


HIGGS+VECTOR

Higgs: $|D_\mu \Sigma|^2 \left(1 + 2a \frac{h}{v} + \dots \right) + c_t h \bar{t} t + \dots$



spin-1: $-\frac{1}{4g_\rho^2} \rho_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{a_\rho^2 v^2}{2} (\rho_\mu^a + \dots)^2 \left[1 + 2c_\rho \frac{h}{v} + \dots \right]$



SUM RULES

SUM RULES

elastic sum-rule

$$\pi\pi \longrightarrow \pi\pi$$

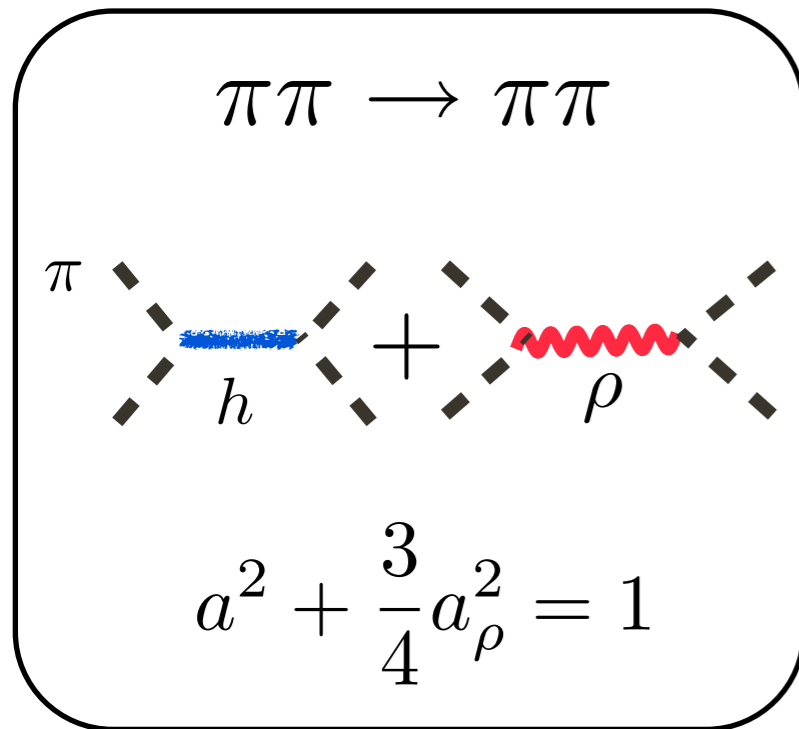


$$a^2 + \frac{3}{4}a_\rho^2 = 1$$

$$A \sim \left(1 - a^2 - \frac{3}{4}a_\rho^2\right) \frac{s}{v^2}$$

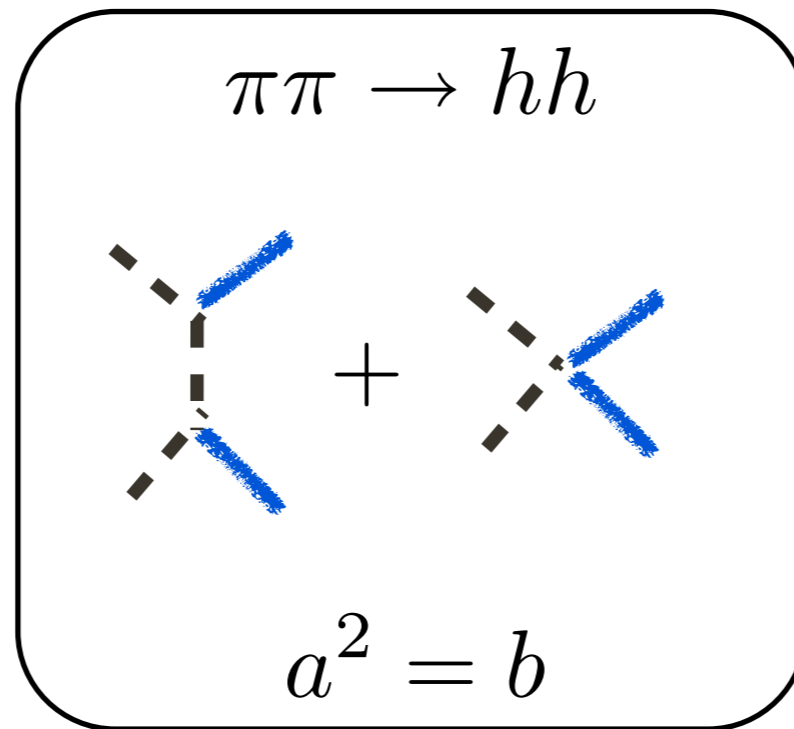
SUM RULES

elastic sum-rule



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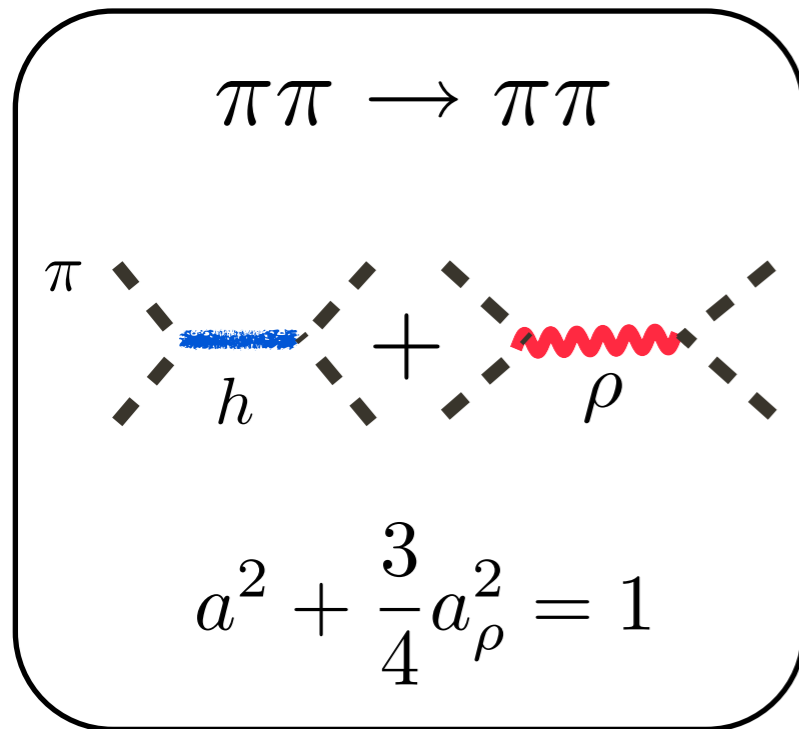
inelastic sum-rule



$$A \sim (a^2 - b) \frac{s}{v^2}$$

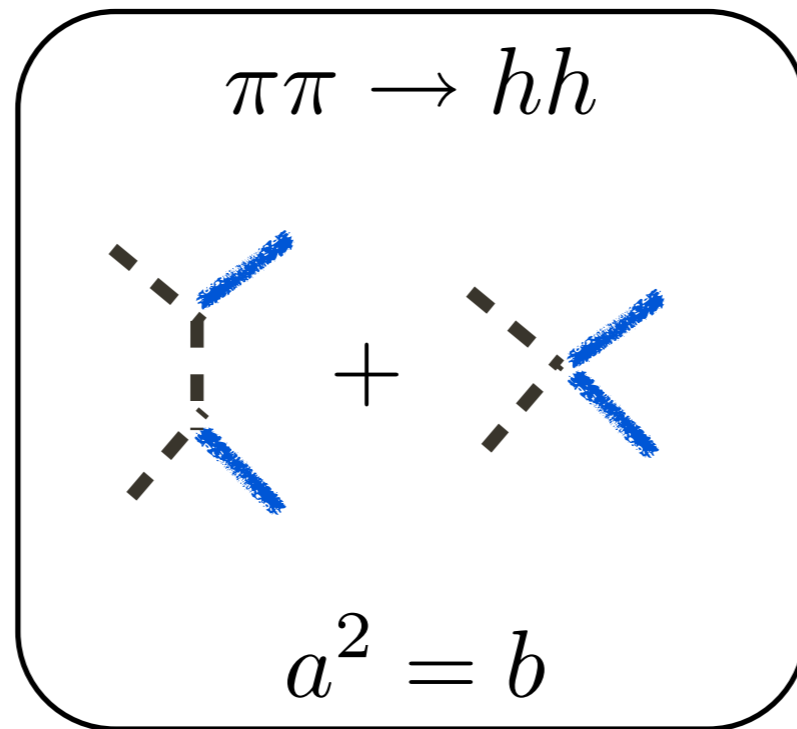
SUM RULES

elastic sum-rule



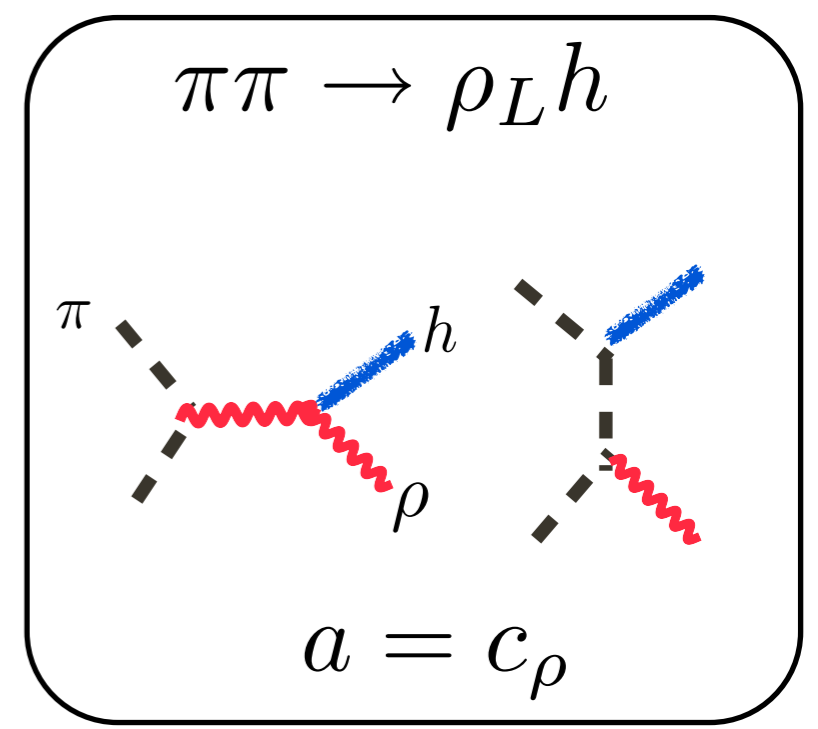
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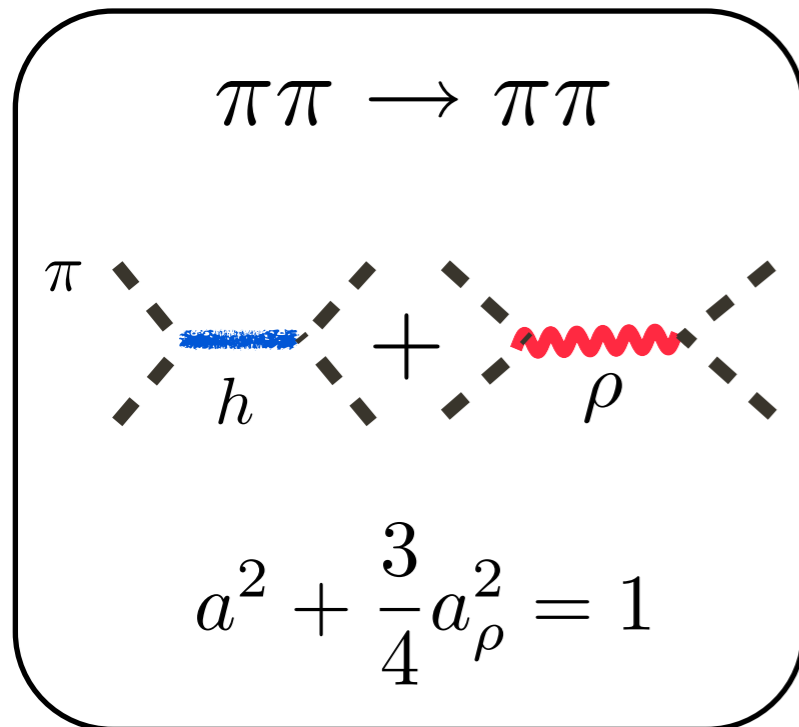
inelastic sum-rule



$$A \sim i \frac{t - u}{2v^2} (a - c_\rho) a_\rho$$

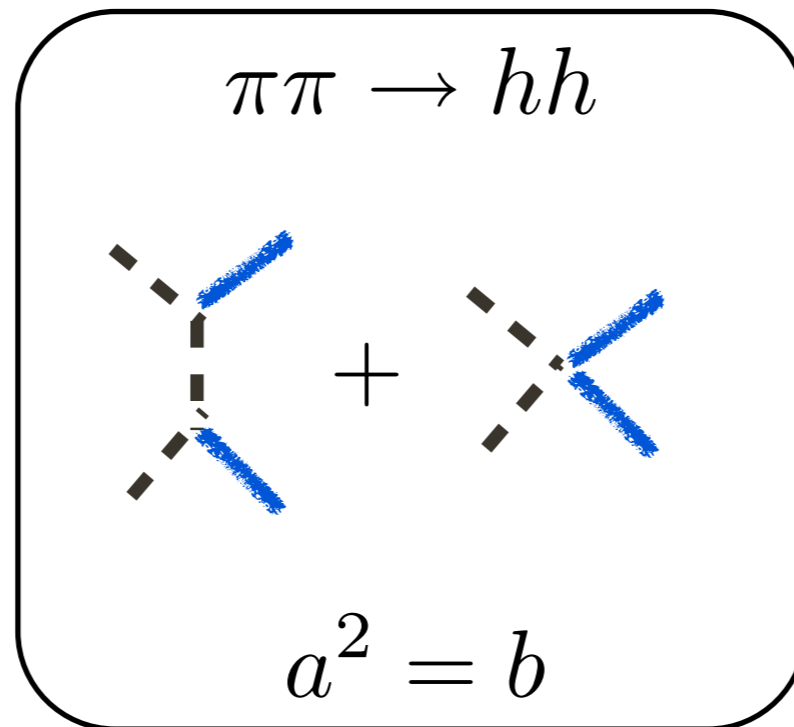
SUM RULES

elastic sum-rule



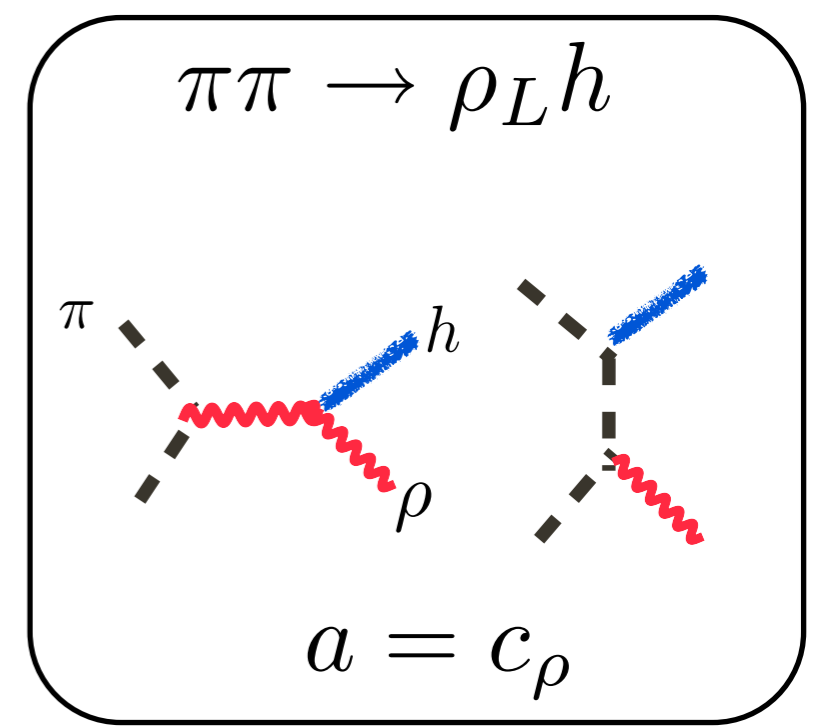
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inelastic sum-rule



$$A \sim (a^2 - b) \frac{s}{v^2}$$

inelastic sum-rule



$$A \sim i \frac{t - u}{2v^2} (a - c_\rho) a_\rho$$

~~3~~+3 parameters

~~c_ρ~~ ~~b~~ ~~a_ρ~~ m_ρ a c_{top}

MODELS ON A CIRCLE

$$a^2 + \frac{3}{4}a_\rho^2 = 1$$

sm-higgs
 $\Lambda = \infty$

weak 3-site (see Carcamo, Torre 1005.3809)

$\Lambda \sim m_H \lesssim 2m_\rho$ Integrate-out H

$\Lambda \gg 2m_\rho$ Integrate-in H

parity-odd

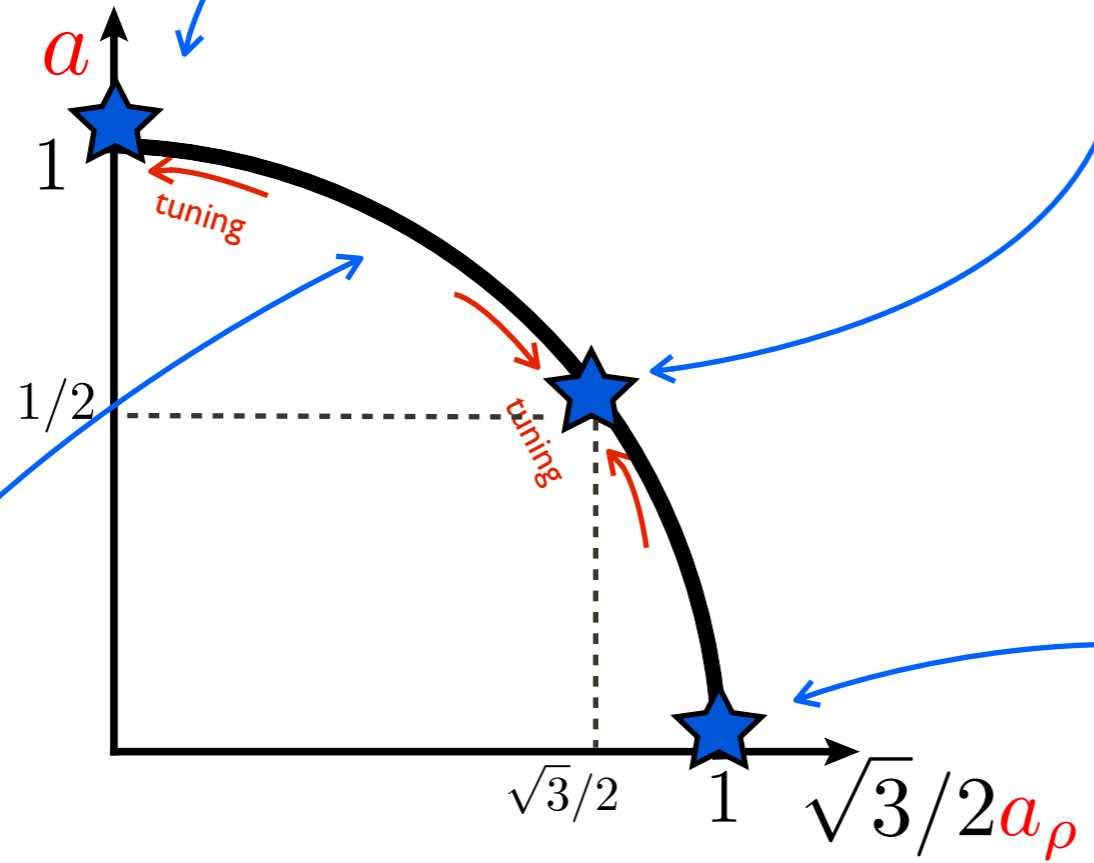
no change in
 $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$

Higgsless XD

$\Lambda \sim 2m_\rho$

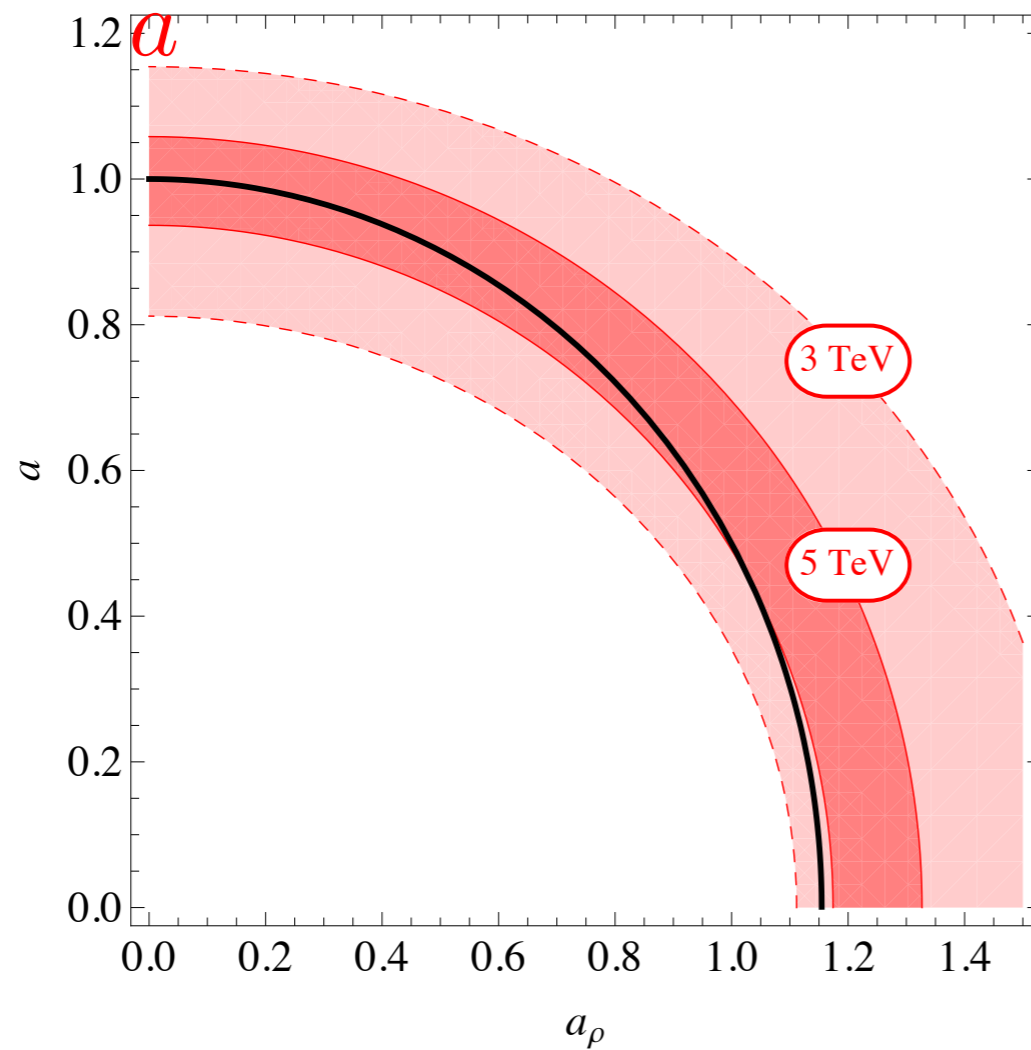
gaugephobic

see Cacciapaglia et al. hep-ph/0611358

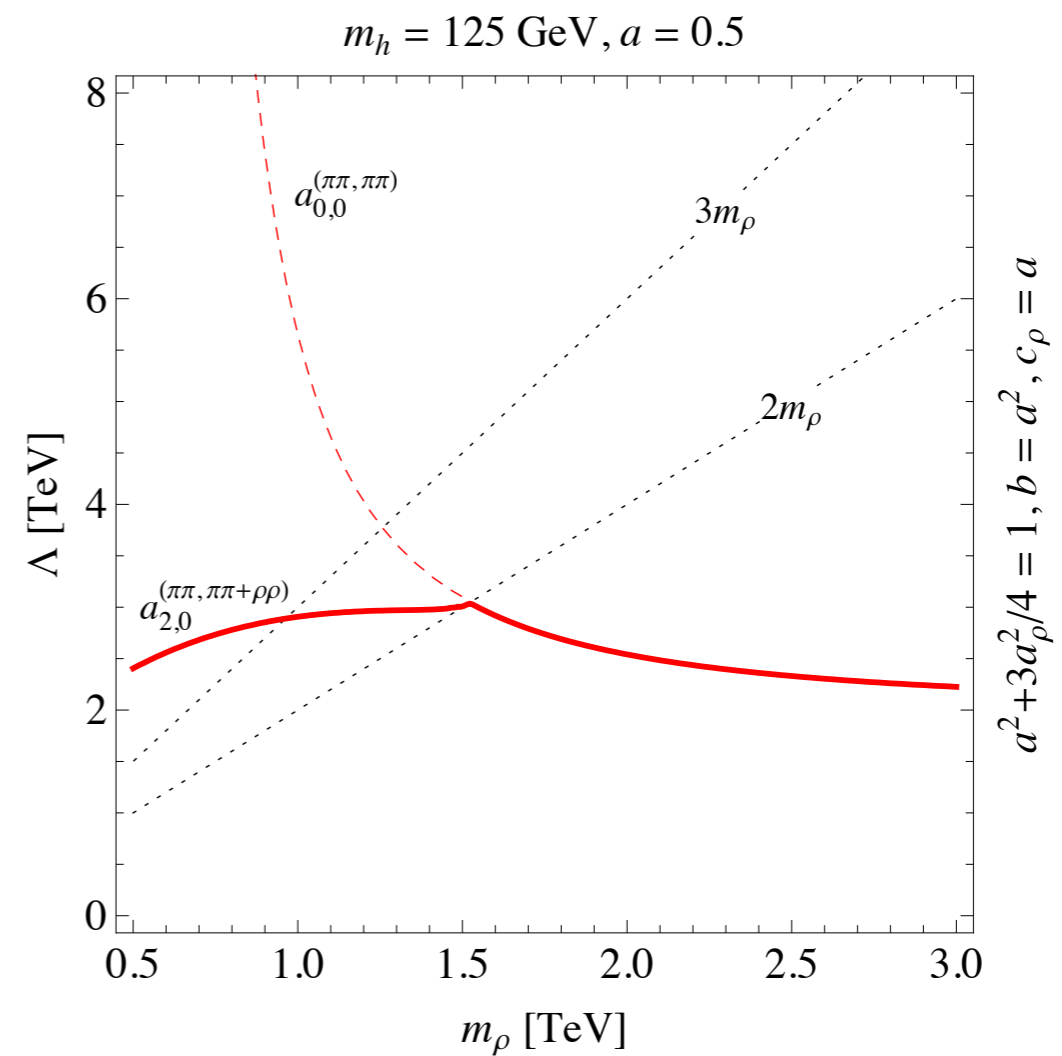
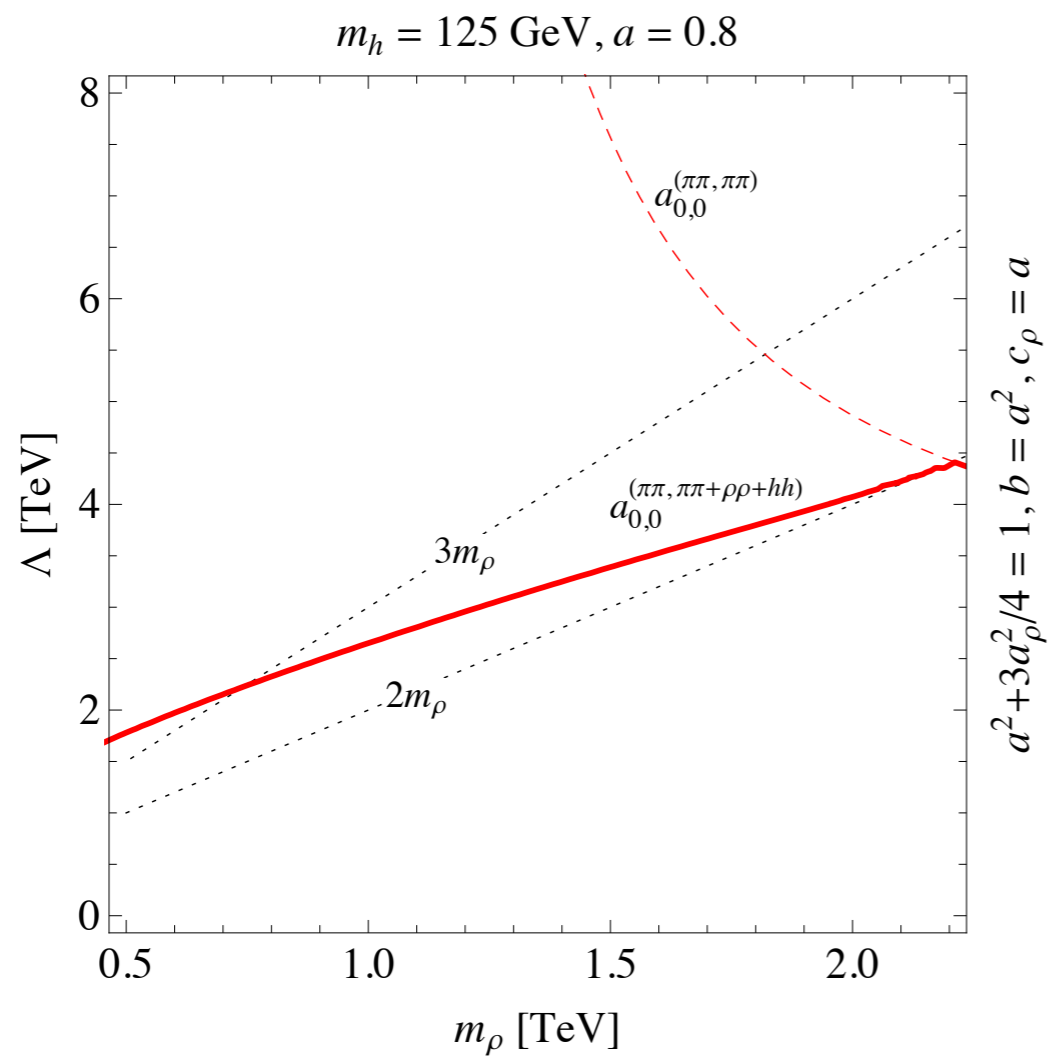


MODELS ON A CIRCLE

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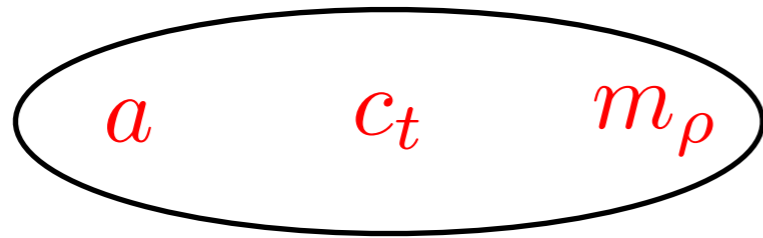
INELASTIC CHANNELS



PARAMETER SPACE

predictive:

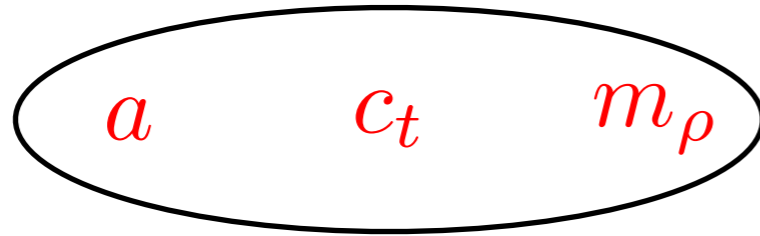
3 parameters and several **decay** and **production** modes



PARAMETER SPACE

predictive:

3 parameters and several **decay** and **production** modes



partial widths

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow VV^*) = a^2$$

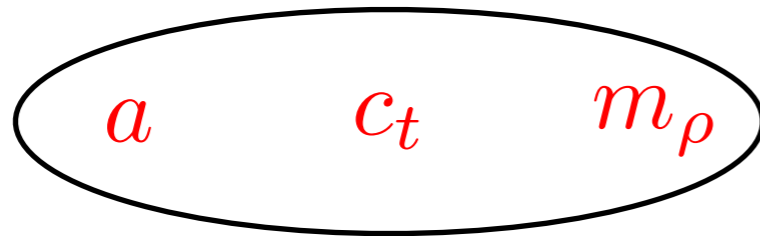
$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow gg) \simeq c_t^2$$

...

PARAMETER SPACE

predictive:

3 parameters and several **decay** and **production** modes



partial widths

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow VV^*) = a^2$$

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow gg) \simeq c_t^2$$

...

production Xsec

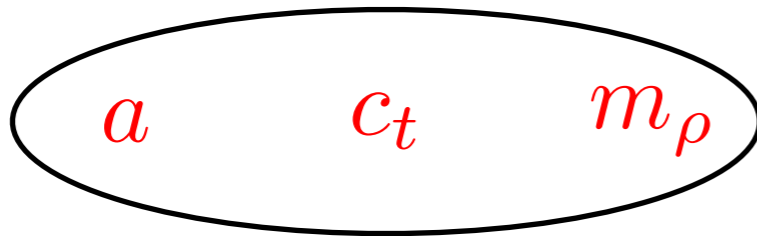
$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(q\bar{q} \rightarrow hjj) = \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(q\bar{q} \rightarrow hW) = a^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(gg \rightarrow h) \simeq \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(gg \rightarrow htt) = c_t^2$$

PARAMETER SPACE

3 parameters and several **decay** and **production** modes

predictive:

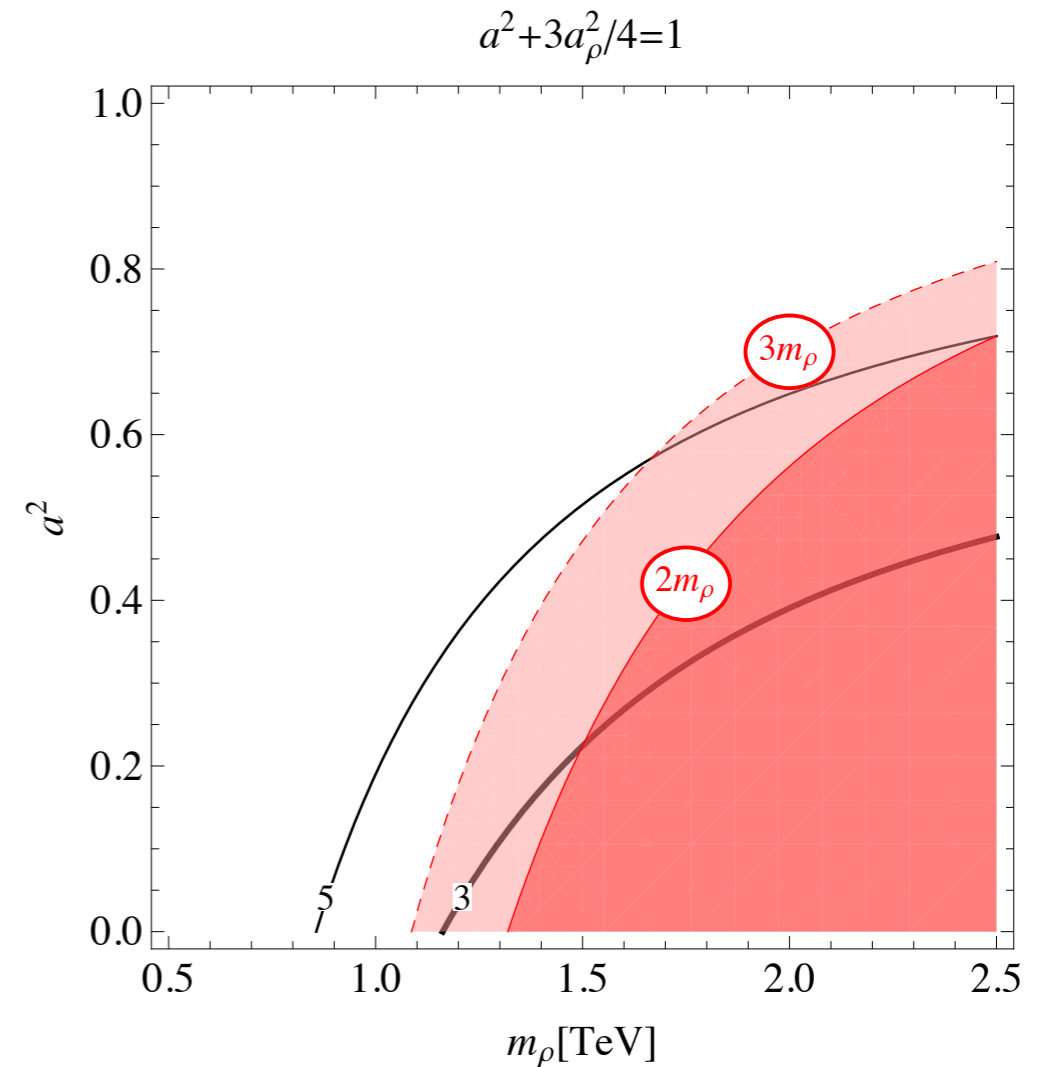


partial widths

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow VV^*) = a^2$$

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow gg) \simeq c_t^2$$

...

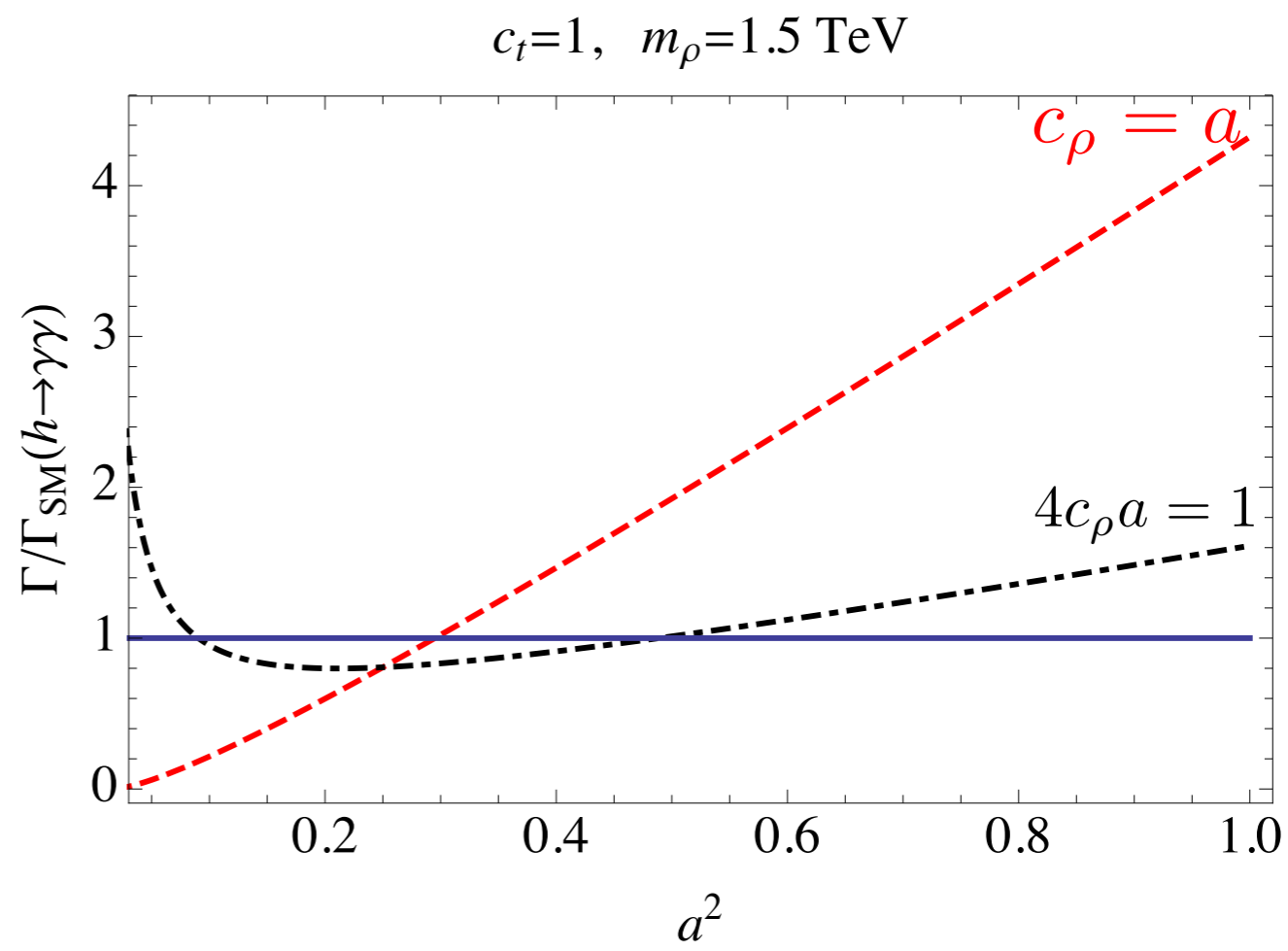
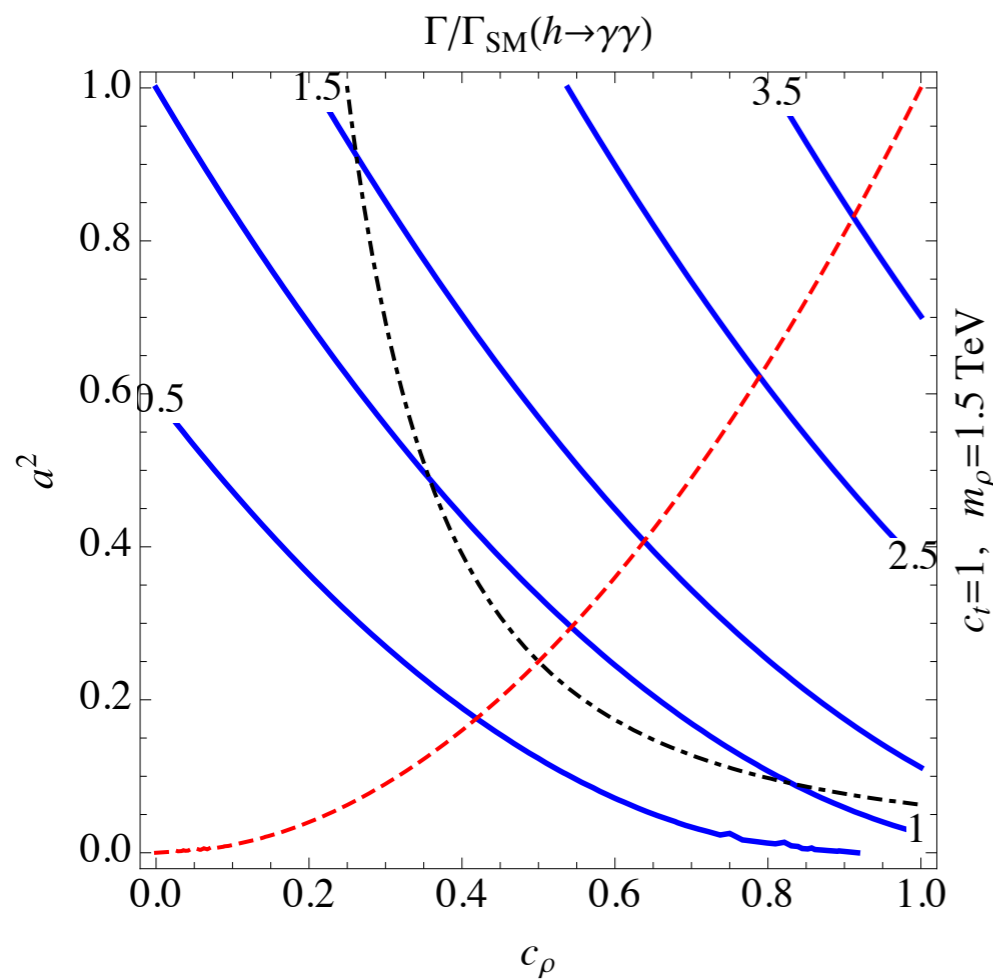
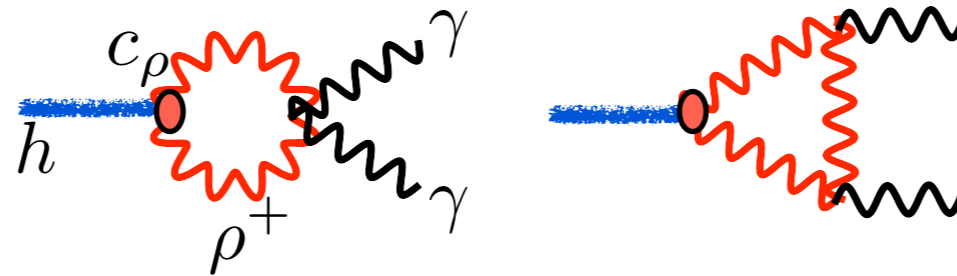


production Xsec

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(q\bar{q} \rightarrow hjj) = \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(q\bar{q} \rightarrow hW) = a^2$$

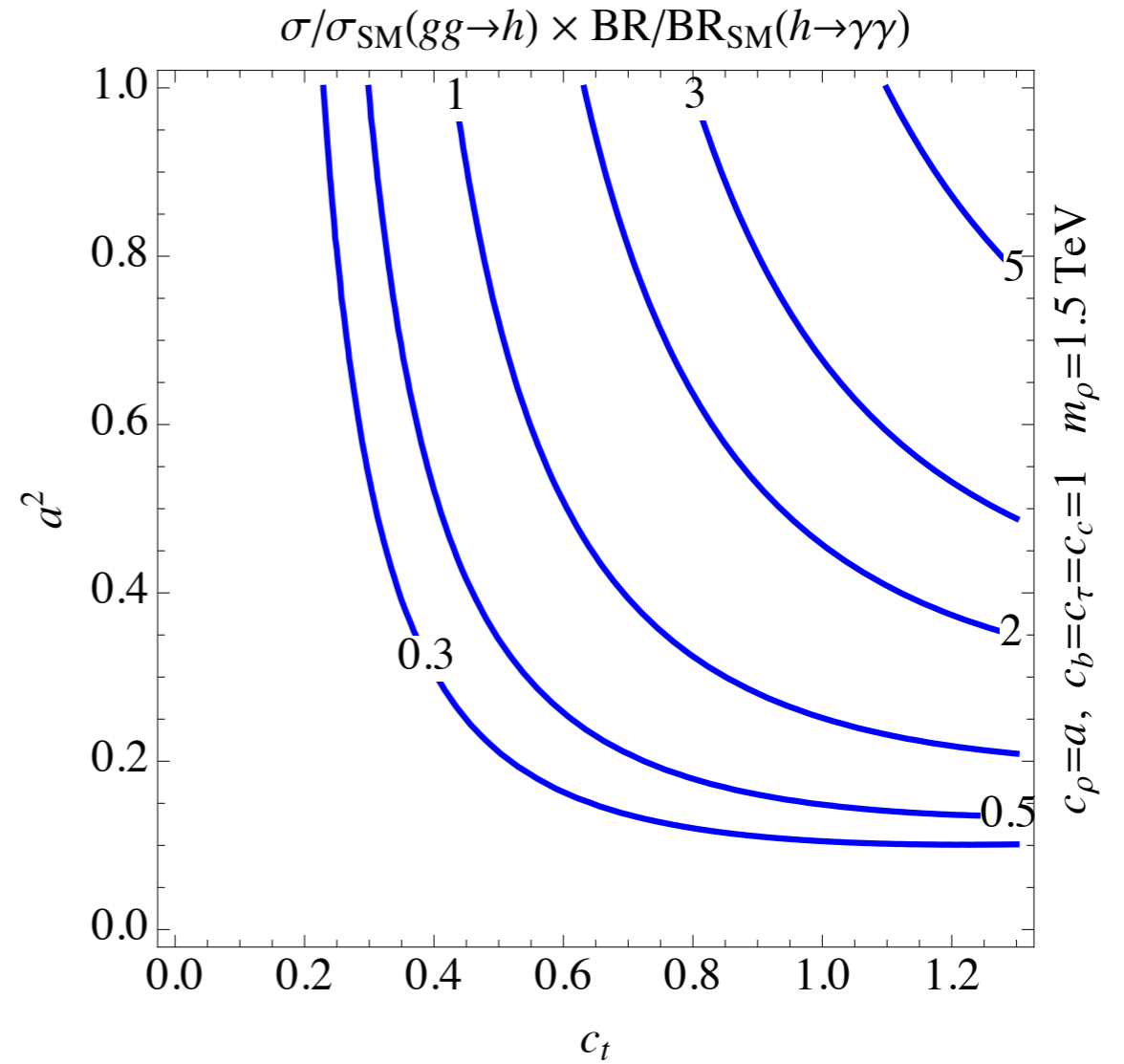
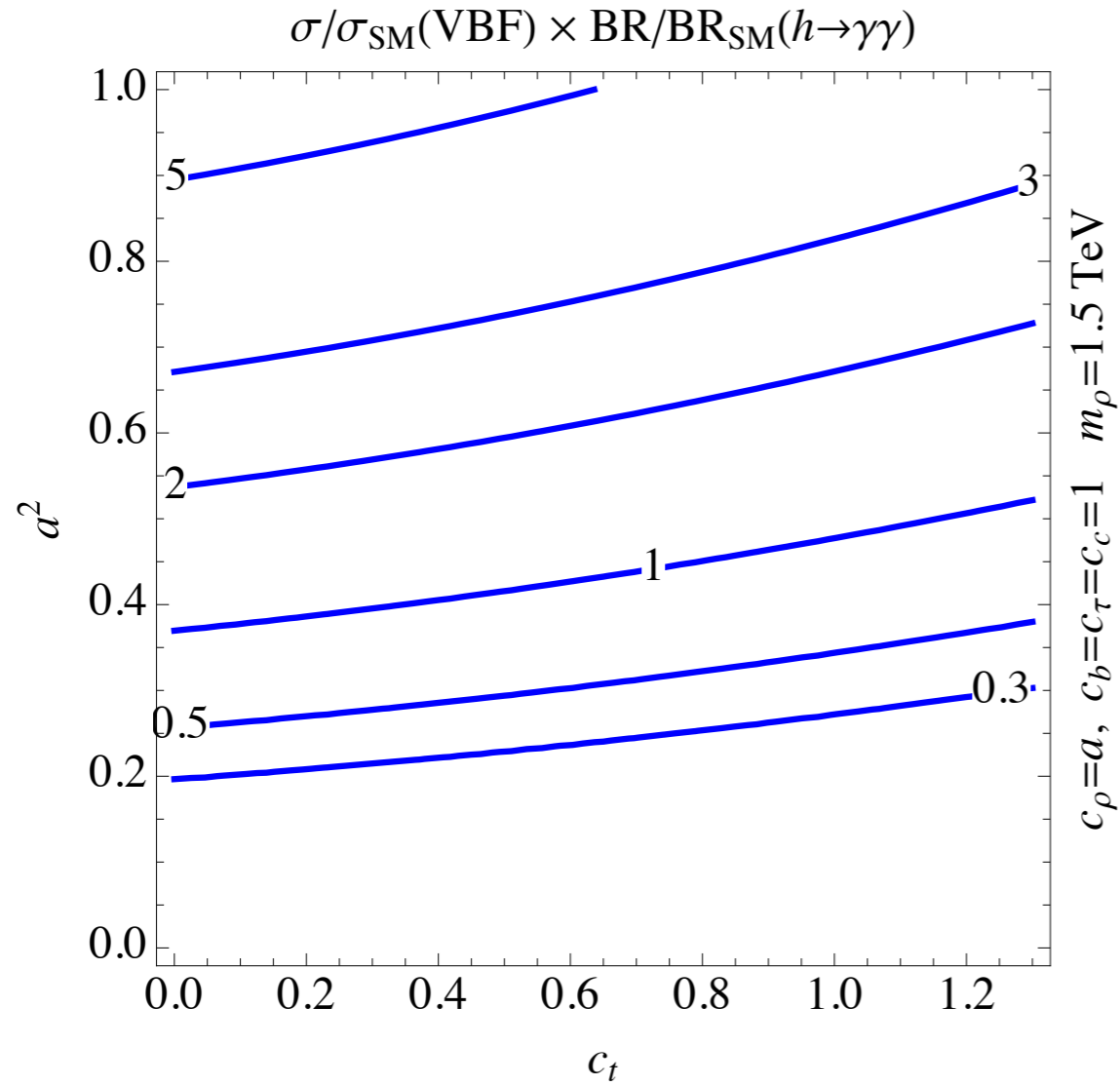
$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(gg \rightarrow h) \simeq \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(gg \rightarrow htt) = c_t^2$$

HIGGS INTO GAMMAS



$$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \simeq \left[1 + \frac{9}{8}c_\rho + \frac{9}{7}(a - 1) - \frac{2}{7}(c_t - 1) \right]^2$$

BOOST INTO GAMMAS

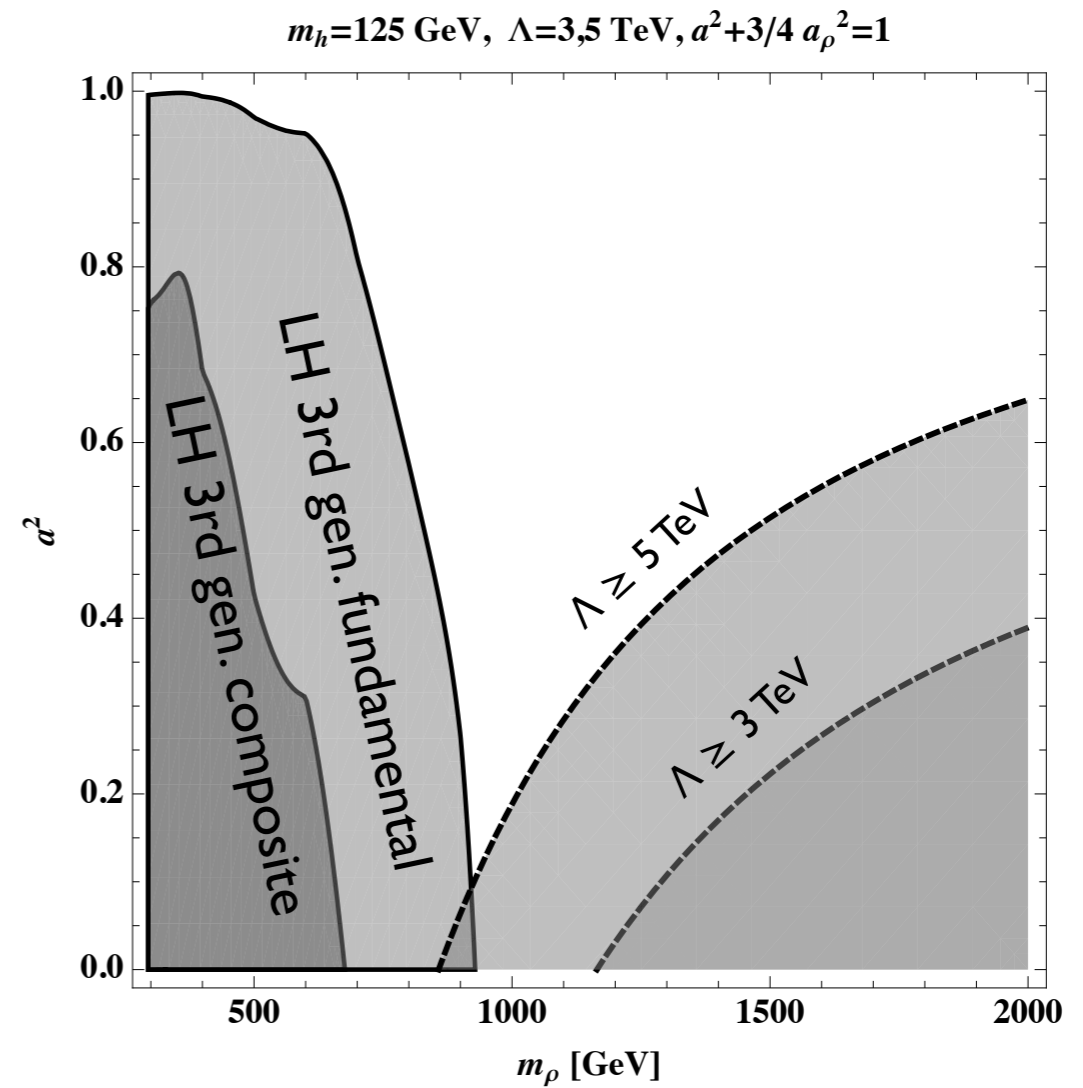
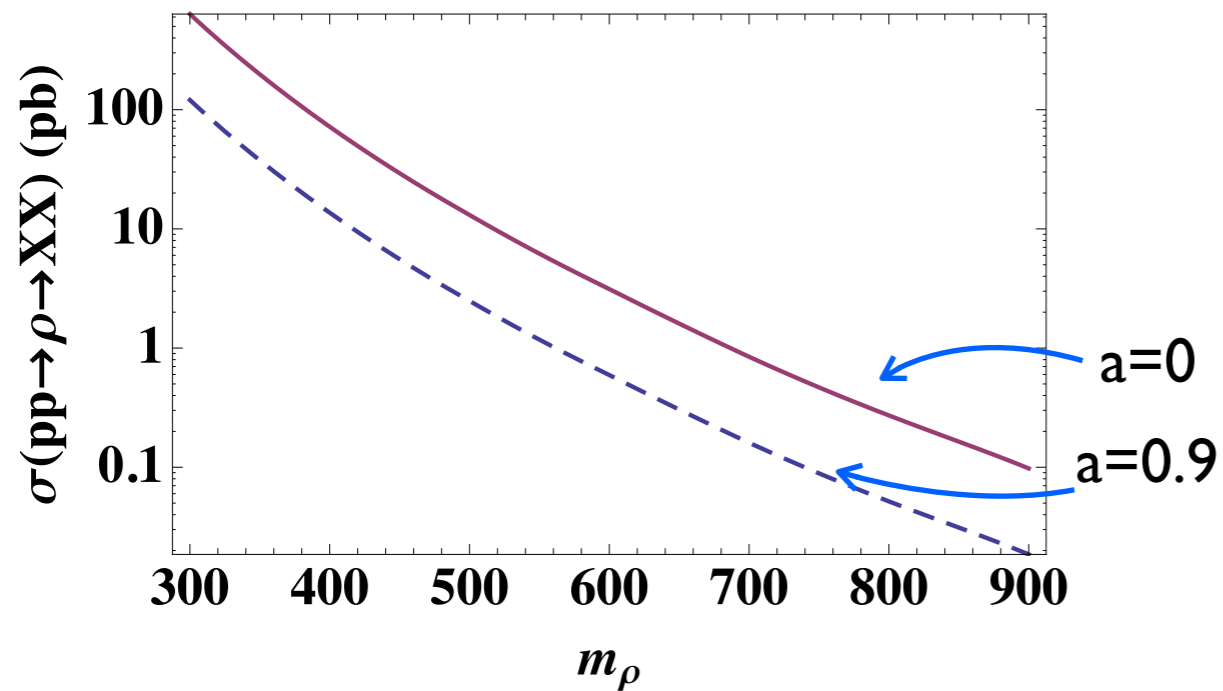
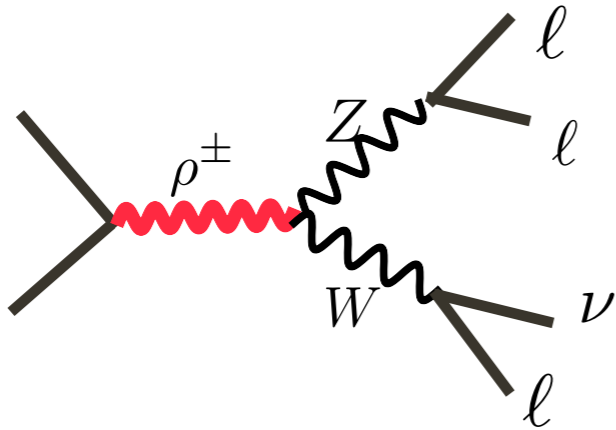


$$\frac{\text{BR}}{\text{BR}_{\text{SM}}}(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \simeq \frac{\left[1 + \frac{9}{8}c_\rho + \frac{9}{7}(a-1) - \frac{2}{7}(c_t-1)\right]^2}{c_b^2 \text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) + a^2 \text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(h \rightarrow VV^*) + \dots}$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(q\bar{q} \rightarrow hjj) \simeq a^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}(gg \rightarrow h) \simeq c_t^2$$

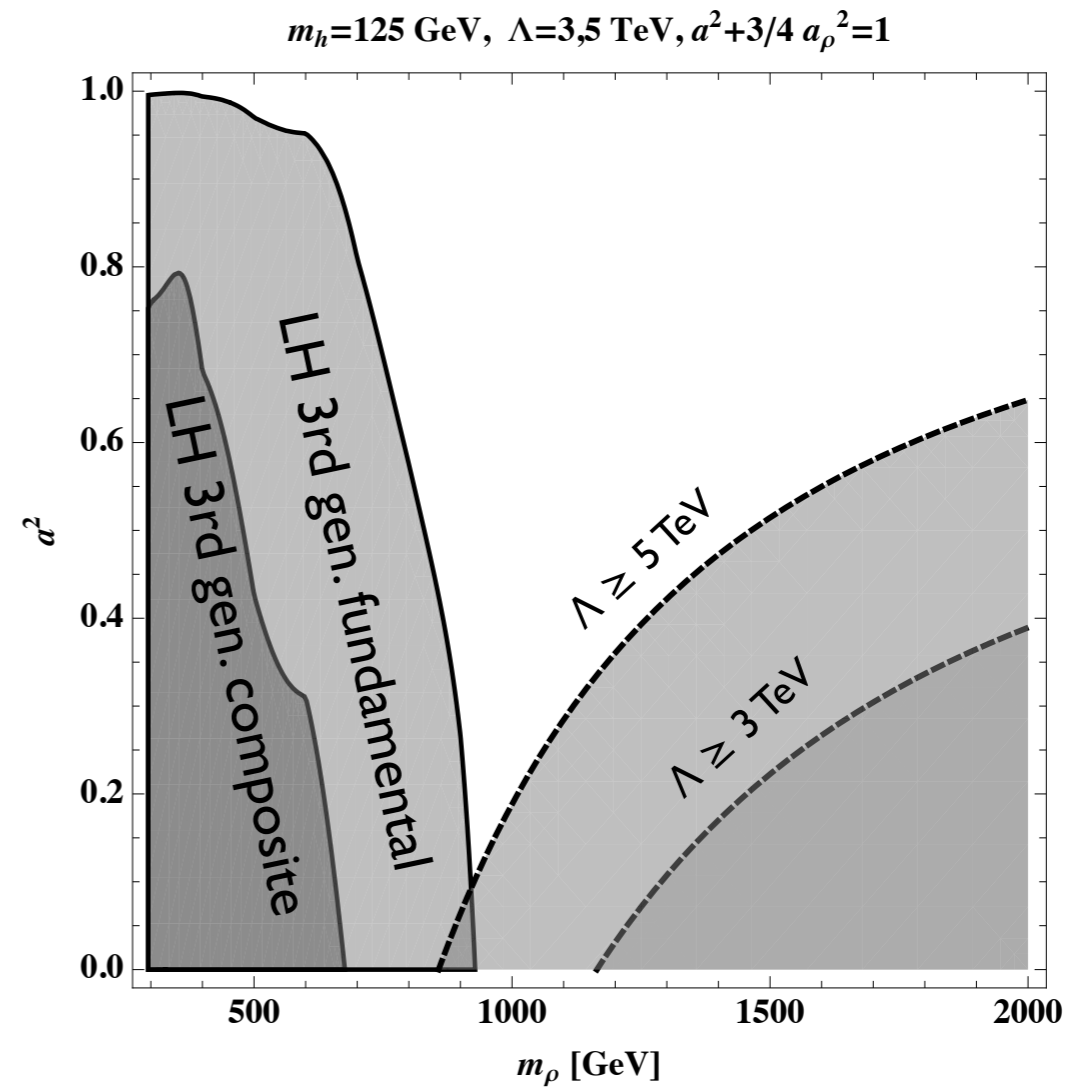
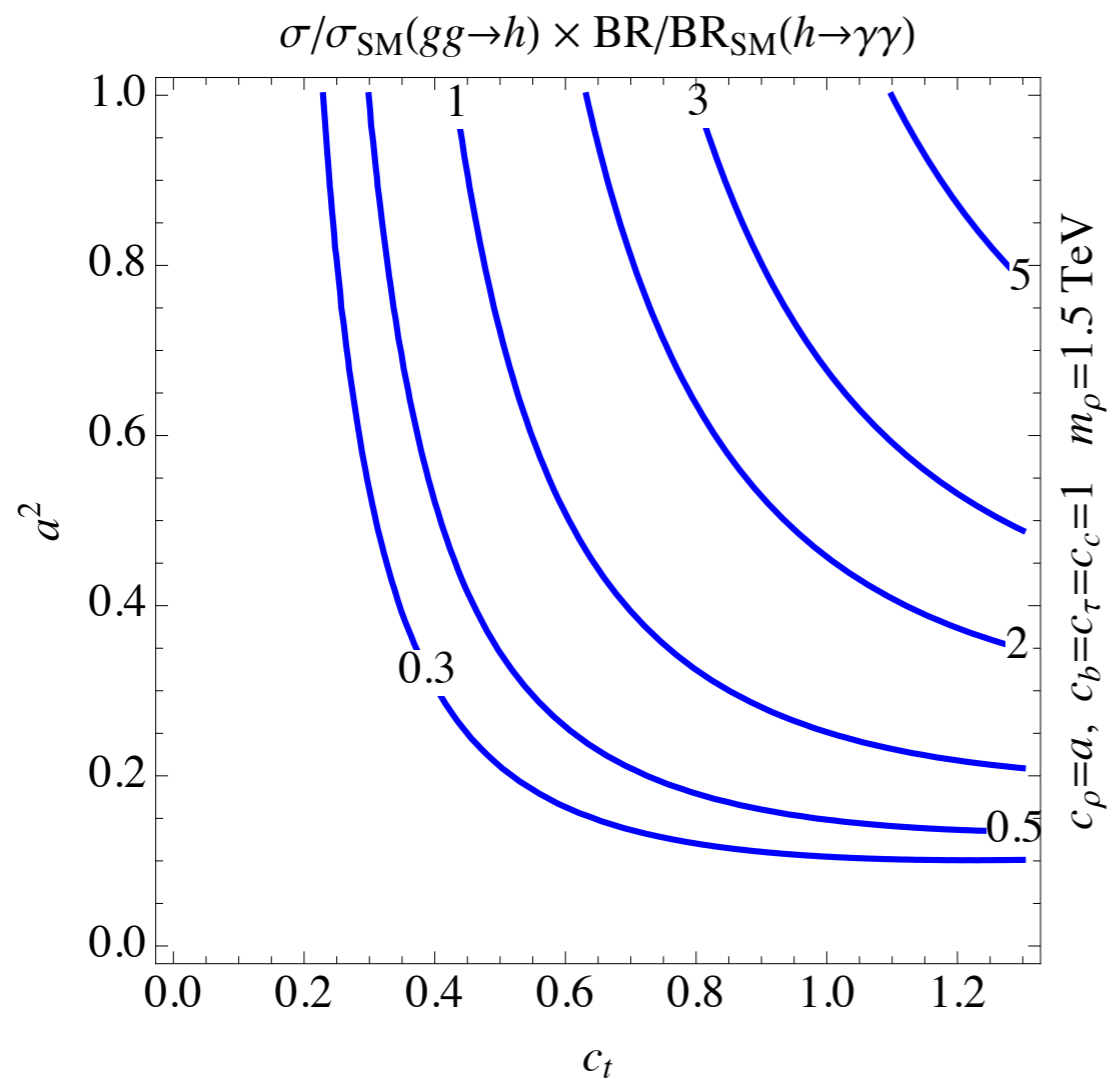
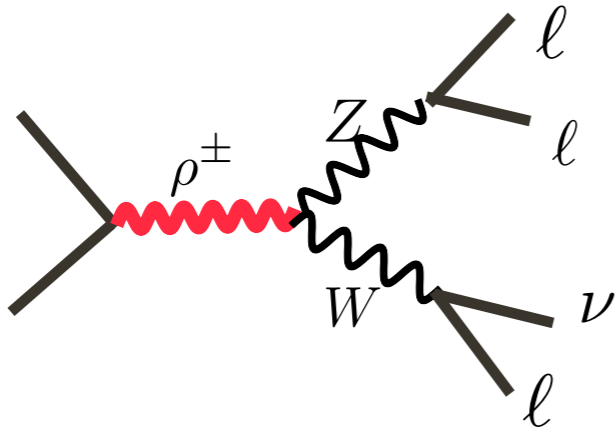
LIMITS ON ρ^{\pm}



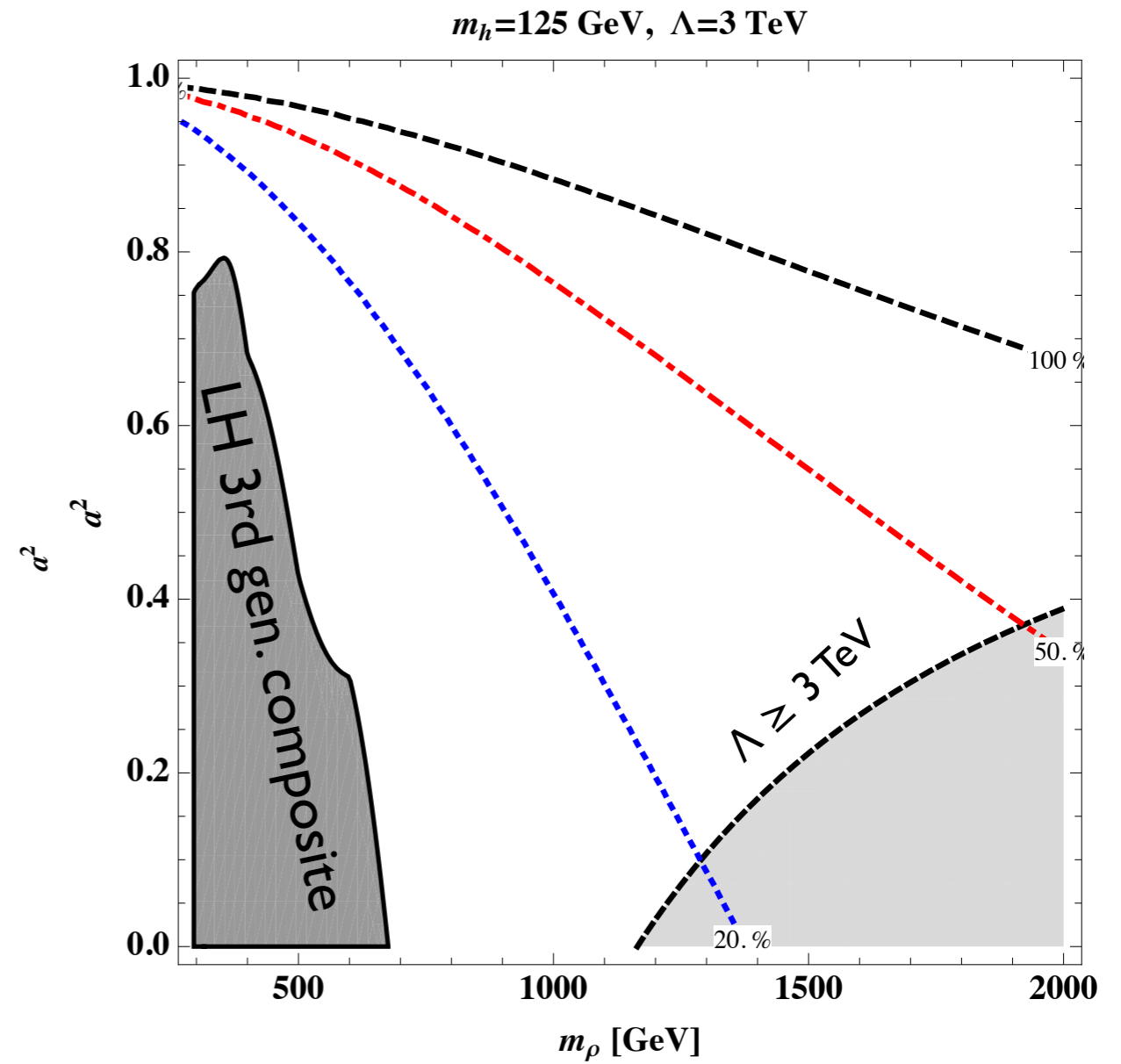
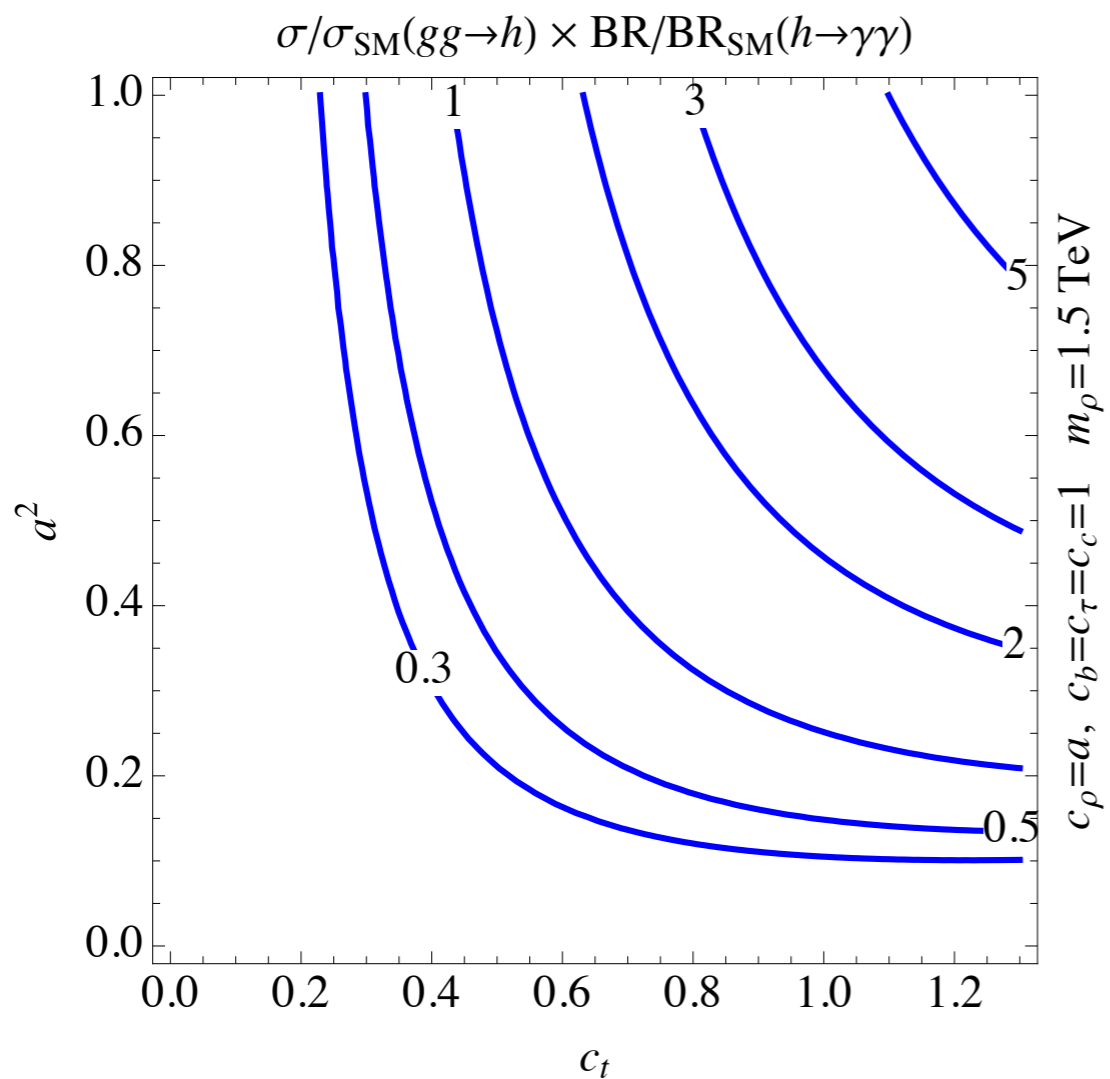
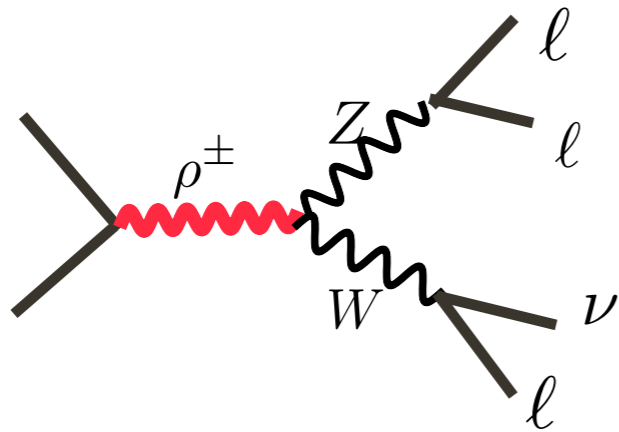
$$\Gamma_{min}/m_\rho \sim 0.04 \left(\frac{m_\rho}{1 \text{ TeV}} \right)^2$$

$$\sigma \sim 50 \text{ fb at } 1 \text{ TeV}$$

LIMITS ON ρ_{+-}



LIMITS ON ρ_{+-}



conclusions

- non standard higgs couplings: **new resonances below the cutoff**
- Effective theory of **Higgs + spin-1**
- Elastic and inelastic **unitarity sum rules** reduce the parameters
- generic prediction for a **single** resonance below cutoff:
smaller **$h \rightarrow VV$**
larger **$h \rightarrow 2$ gammas**

Thank you!