

# Improving the performance of the LFC

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- LFC too slow ? What parameters have an impact?
  - Hardware quality
  - Oracle usually more scalable and faster for large tables
  - Load on the LFC server
  - Time needed to process and execute the job on the server: some requests are more time-consuming
  - RTT : the further away the LFC is, the slower it will be
  - Security issue (authentication) : the more secure, the slower
- What can be done to tune the LFC performance
  - Avoiding the time spent for authentication -> session
  - Avoiding the RTT -> bulk methods





- Authentication done once, at the beginning of the session
  - TCP connection kept alive
  - All the LFC operations performed in a session will use the same TCP connection
  - 8 RTT during authentication !
- A session is automatically dropped by the server: the session must be idle for less than 60 seconds
- Usable from the LFC C and python API
  - rescode = lfc\_startsess (lfc\_host, "Starting adding replicas");
    // adding replicas to the LFC
  - (void) lfc endsess ();
- Performance : x10-15 times faster



### Reduce the number of RT

- Very useful when the catalog is remote

### • ATLAS request : bulk methods

- Getting the list of replicas
- Passing a list of guids to be deleted
- Passing a list of Ifns with some filtering options to be deleted
- Performance \* 15-20 times faster



## LFC bulk methods

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- //deleting replicas (if force=1) and LFNs if mapped to one of guid in the list
   of guids
- int DLL\_DECL lfc\_delfilesbyguid(int nbguids, const char \*\*guids, int force, int \*nbstatuses, int \*\*statuses)

//deleting replicas (if force=1) and LFNs (specified by the \*\*paths)

 int DLL\_DECL lfc\_delfilesbyname(int nbfiles, const char \*\*paths, int force, int \*nbstatuses, int \*\*statuses)

 int DLL\_DECL lfc\_delfilesbypattern(const char \*path, const char \*pattern, int force, int \*nbstatuses, struct Cns filestatus \*\*statuses)

//deleting replicas stored on the given SE and associated with
one guid provided by the list of guids

 int DLL\_DECL lfc\_delreplicas(int nbguids, const char \*\*guids, char \*se, int \*nbstatuses, int \*\*statuses)

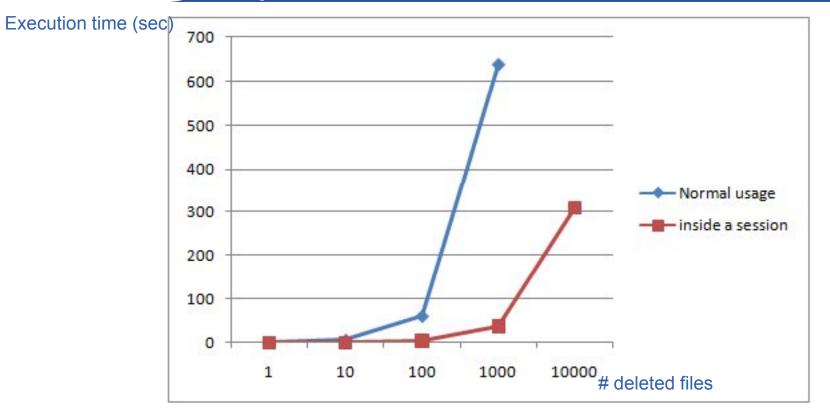
//list the content of the directory + replica info if matches the
pattern

struct lfc\_direnrep DLL\_DECL \* lfc\_readdirxp(Cns\_DIR \*dirp, char \*pattern,



# Performance study 1/3

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



LFC : prod-lfc-shared-central.cern.ch, oracle

Ping : 0.493 ms

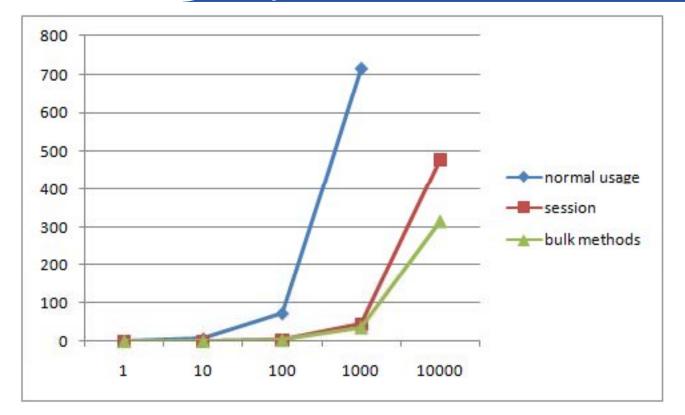
Session : up to 20 times faster

Authentication /operation :  $\approx 0.3$  sec



# Performance study 2/3

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



LFC : Ixb0986v2.cern.ch : VM, no load, MySQL

Ping : 0.380 ms

Session : up to 20 times faster

Authentication /operation :  $\approx 0.3$  sec

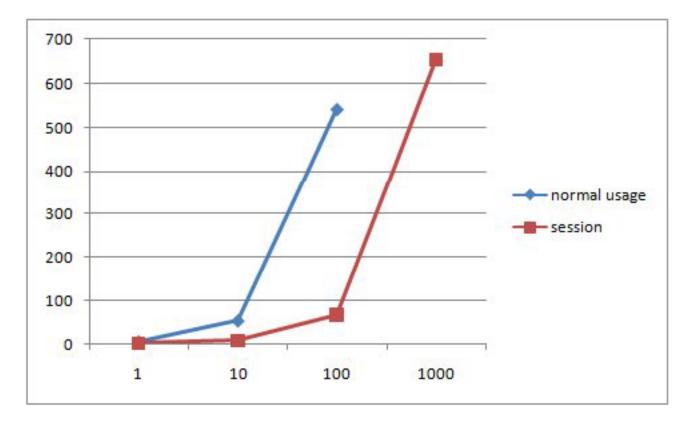
The LFC production is faster -> hw quality, VM

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# Performance study 3/3

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



LFC : lfc.grid.sinica.edu.tw : production, MySQL

Ping : 312 ms

Session : up to 10 times faster

Authentication /operation :  $\approx$  3 sec

Impact of the RTT

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- Usage of session and bulk methods
  - Performance is far better
  - Satisfaction from the LHC experiments
- Needs to make more tests for the bulk methods
  - Measurements with a remote LFC
  - Influence of the nb of guids given