

# **ESAC REVIEW OF THE HIGH FIELD DIPOLE DESIGN**

## **MAGNET STRUCTURE DESIGN, MANUFACTURING, ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE AND TESTS**

**MARCH 2012  
FOR EUCARD-WP7-HFM**

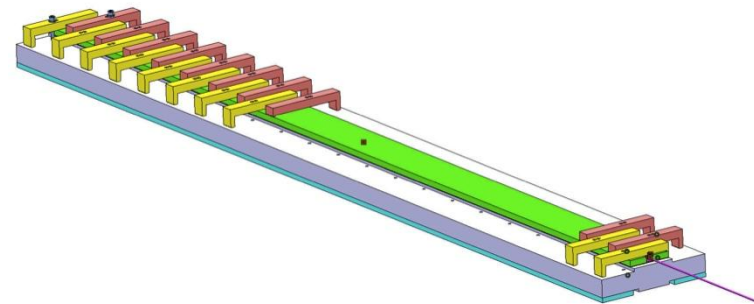
**J.C. Perez**

- Magnet structure design
- Manufacturing status
- Assembly procedure
- Preparation for cold tests



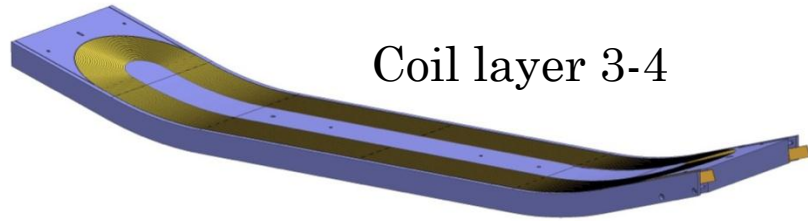
- Price inquiry for the structure launched in September 2011
- The order placed in November 2011 has been split between 3 European companies
  - Cold-mass to Aratz (Spain)
  - Coil-pack (& dummy coil) to Boessenkool (Netherland)
  - Axial compression system to Mectalent (Finland)
- All detailed drawings have been approved in December 2011
- Delivery of all components is expected by middle of April 2012

# WORK IN PROGRESS ON COMPONENTS

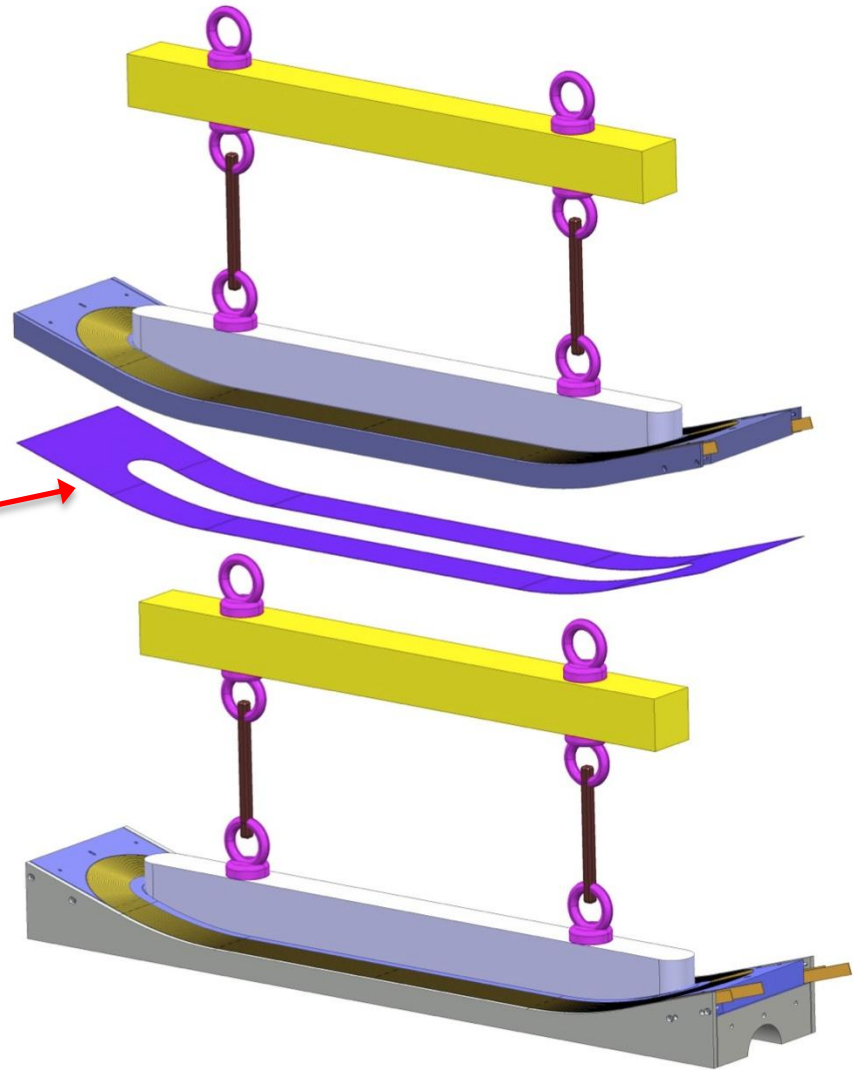
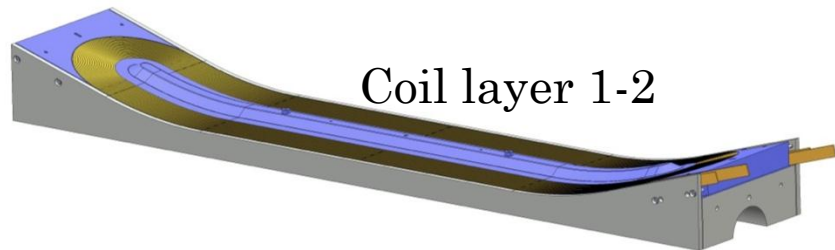


2 sets of Bladders (60 and 75 mm \*1600mm)  
will be produced @ CERN by end of May

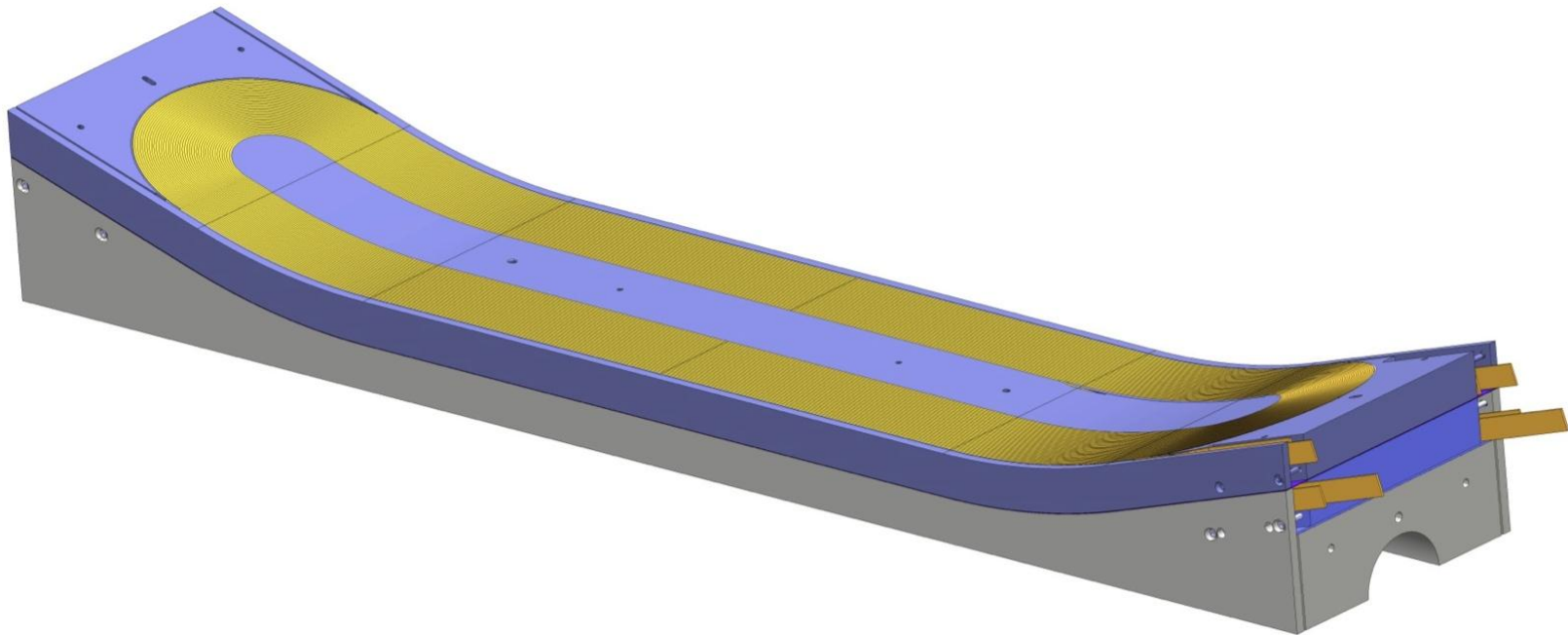
# ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

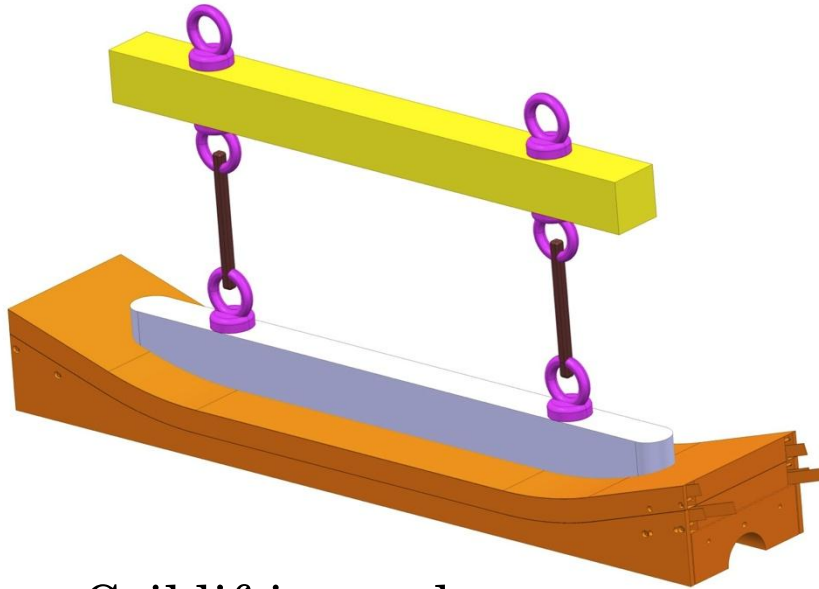


Fiber glass cloth filler

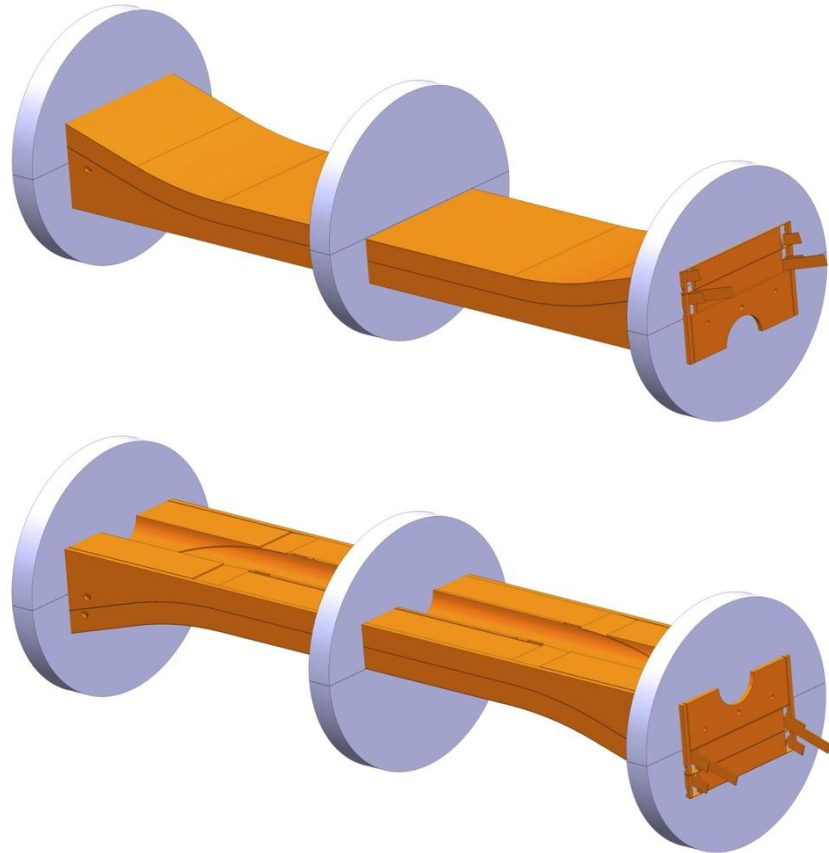


- 2 facing surfaces of the coils will be mold released
- Gap between coils will be filled with 0.9 mm fiber glass cloth
- Impregnation of the fiber glass using the coils as cavity
- This will guarantee a perfect contact between the 2 coils
- This technique will allow to separate the coils in case of failure of one coil



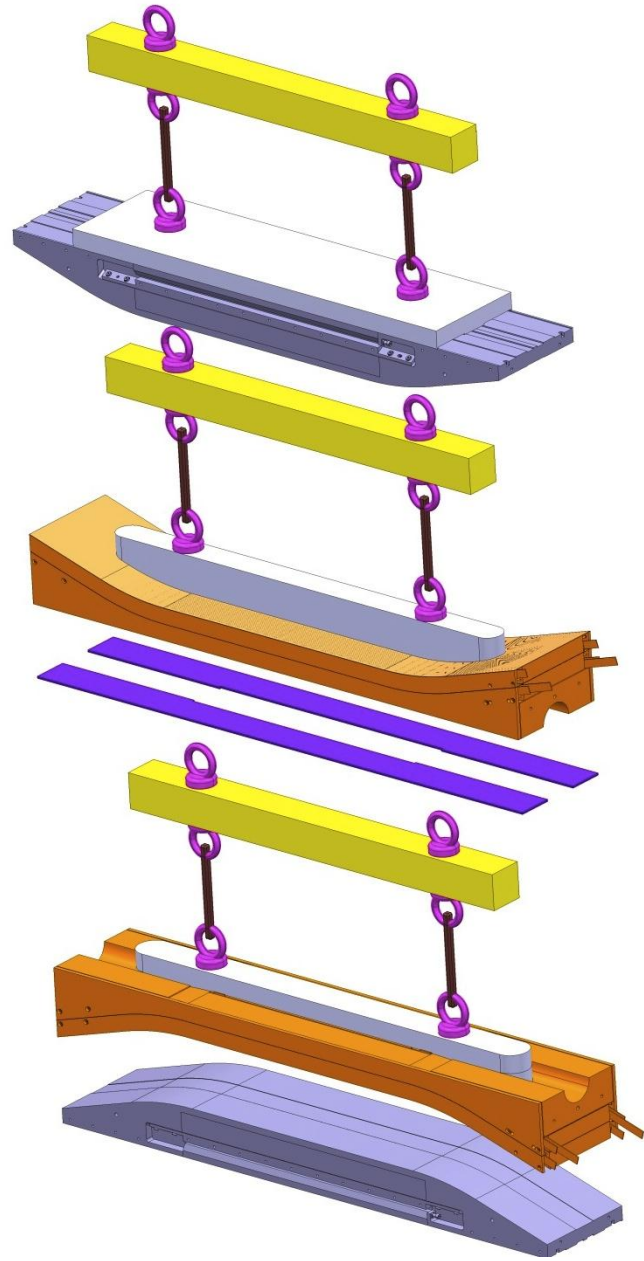
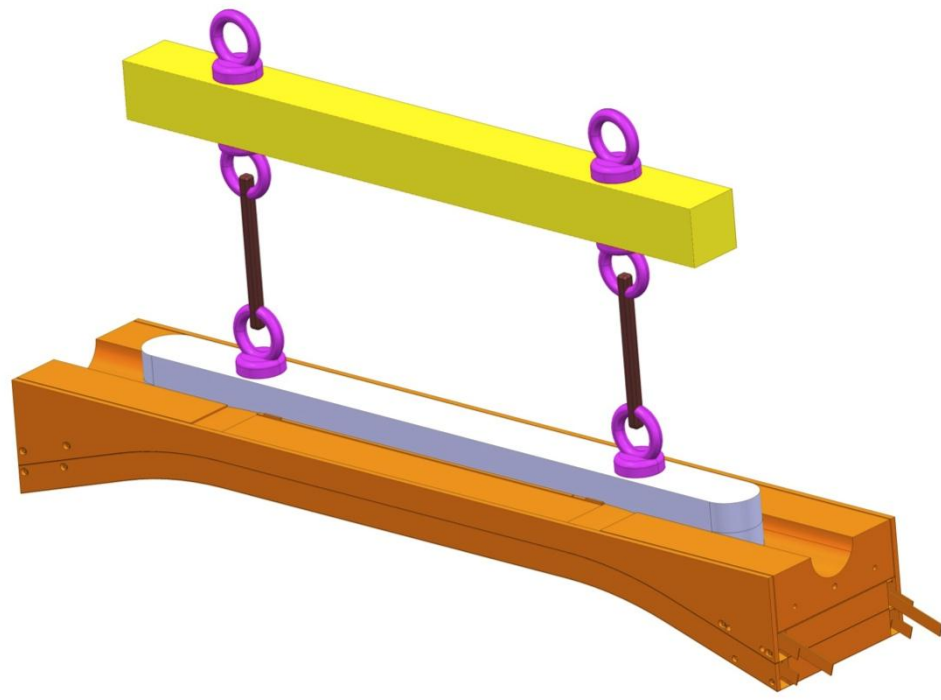


Coil lifting tool



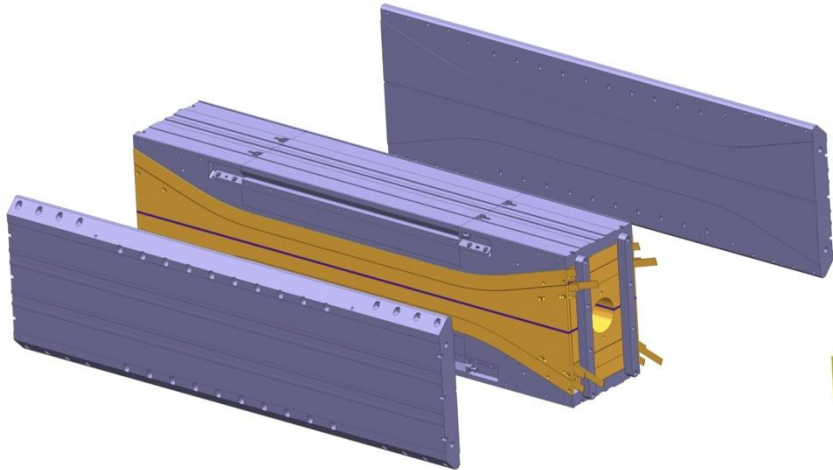
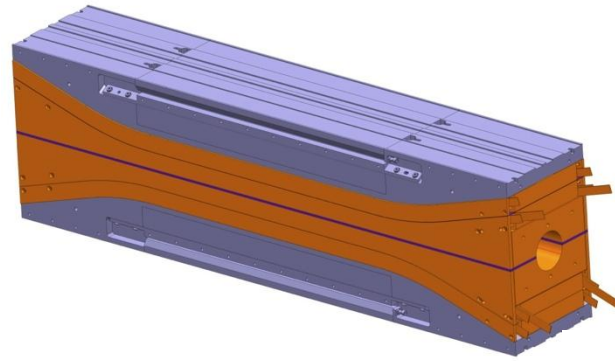
Coil rotation tooling



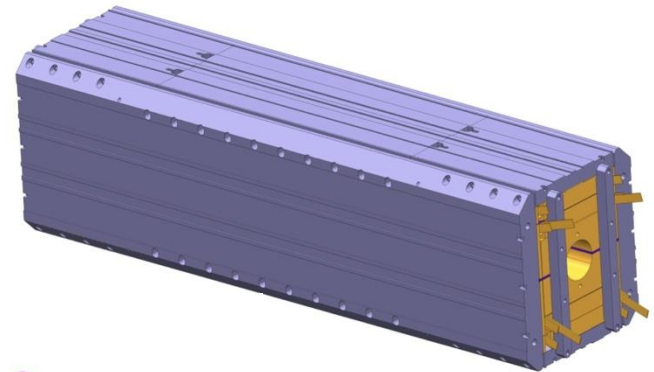


Assembly sequence of the coils in the vertical pads

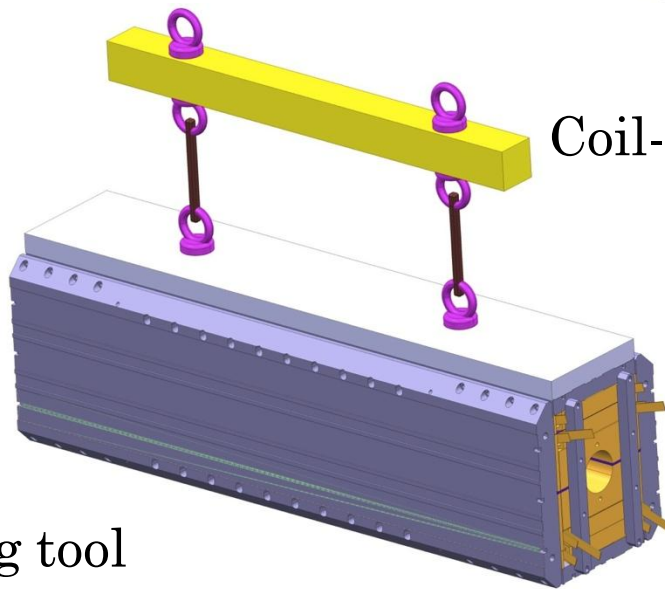
# COIL-PACK ASSEMBLY



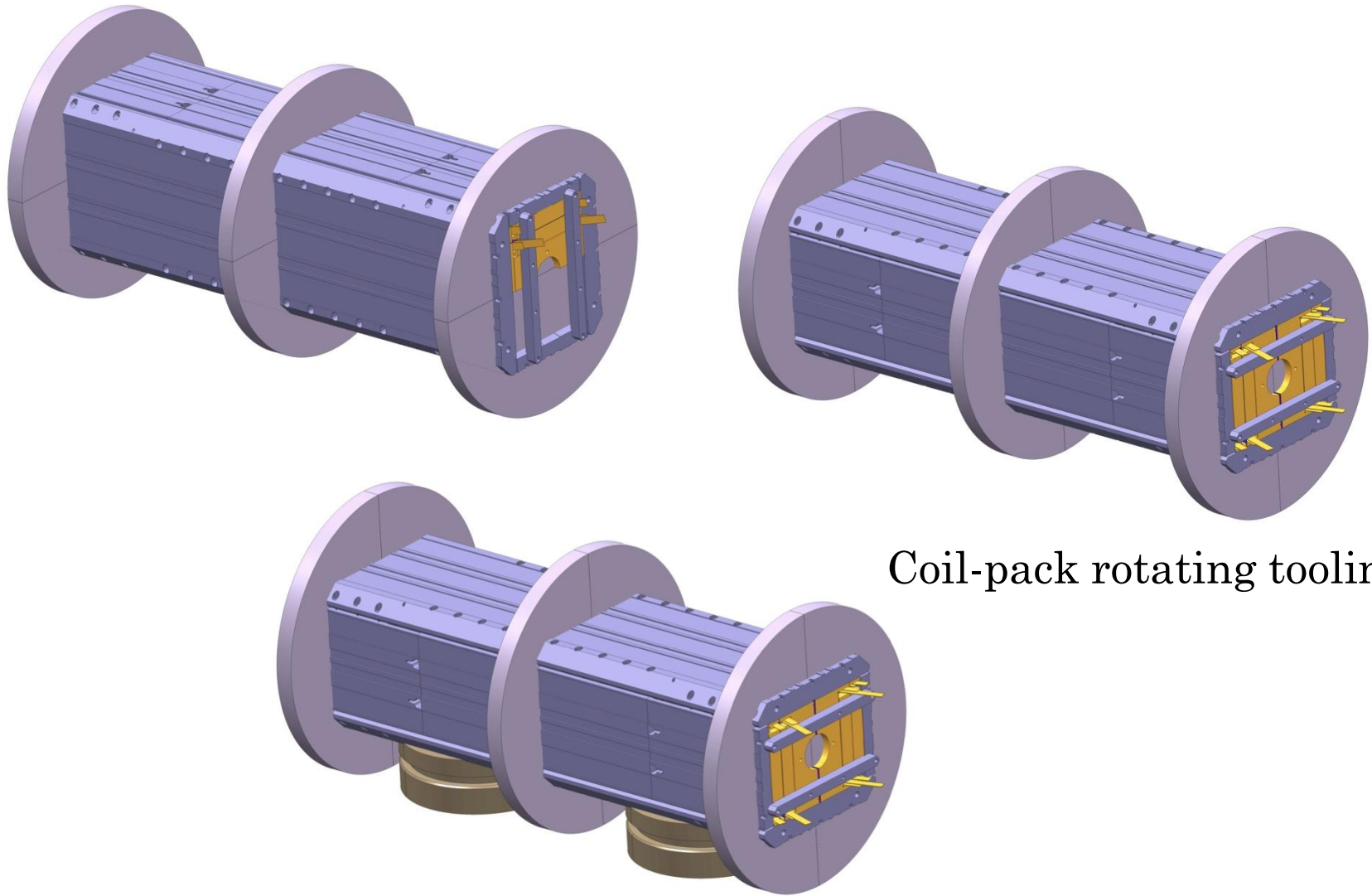
Horizontal pads



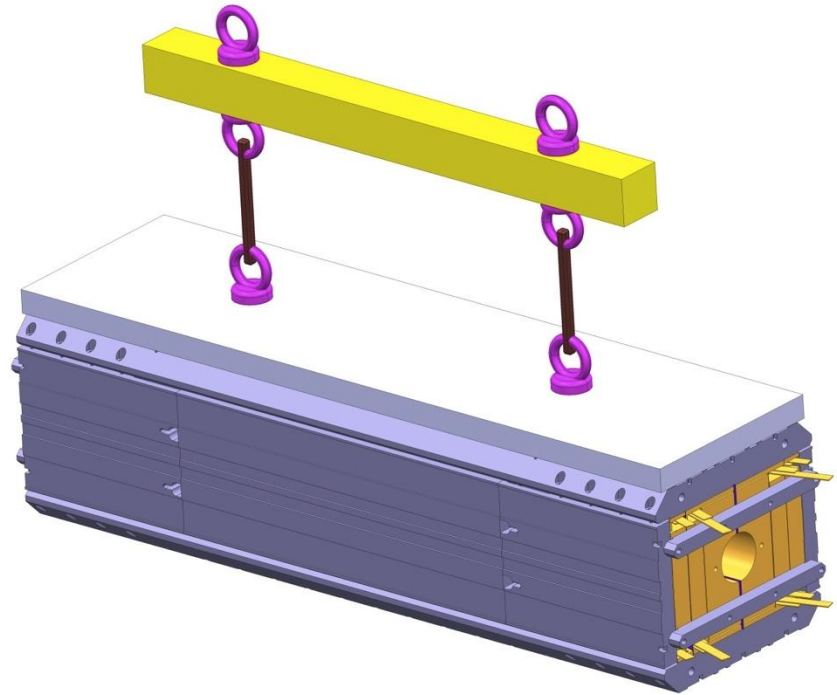
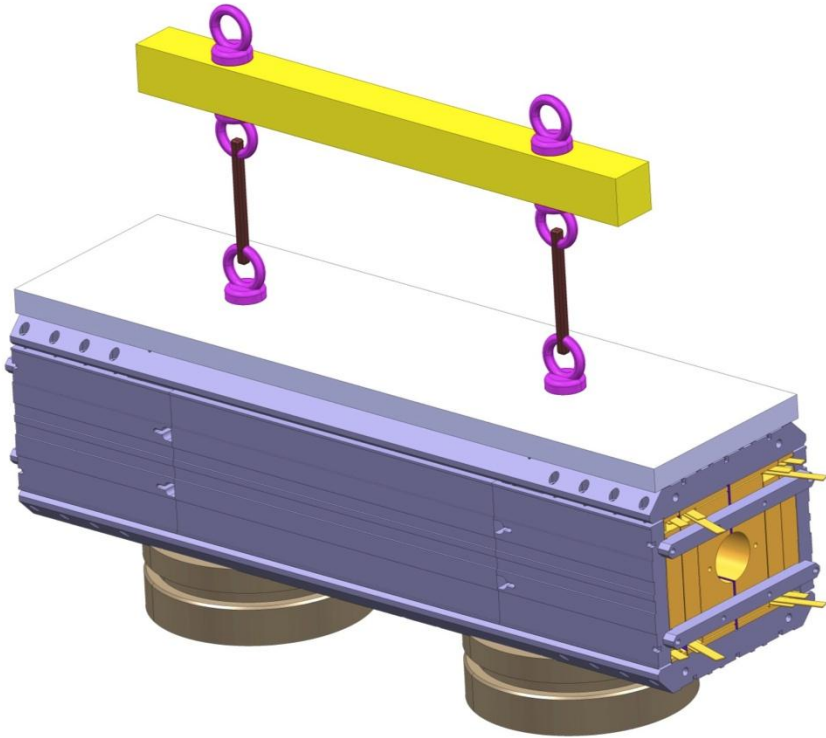
Coil-pack assembly



Coil-pack assembly lifting tool

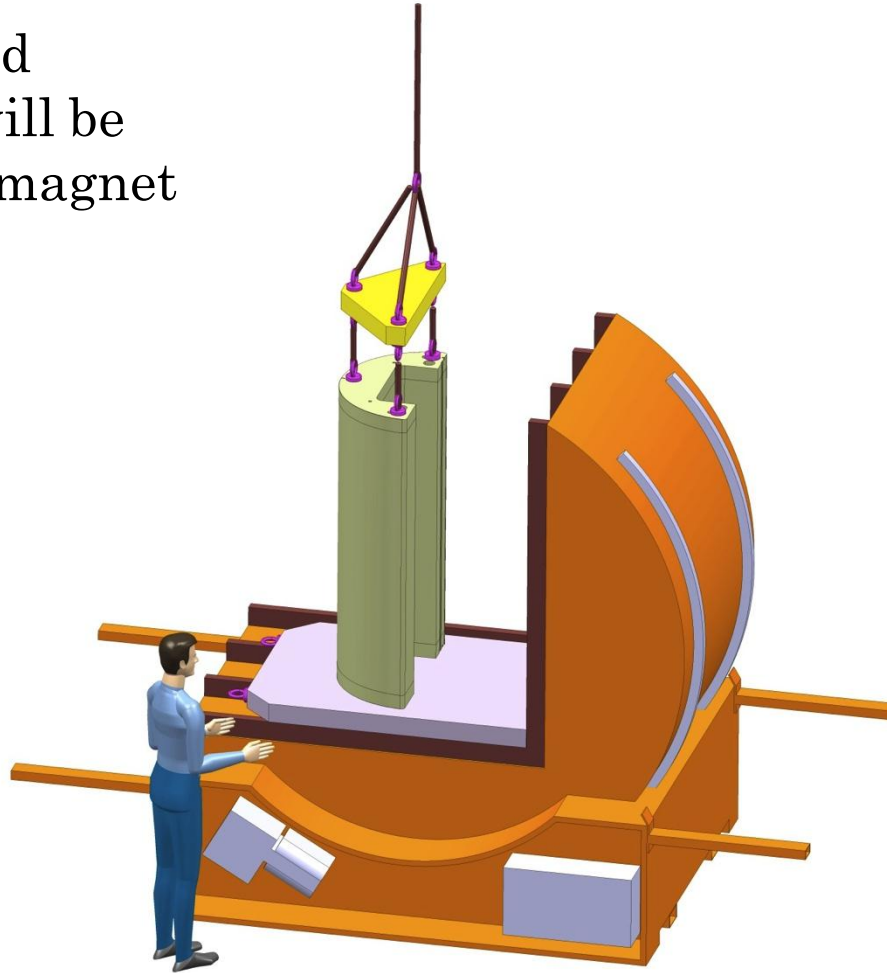


Coil-pack rotating tooling

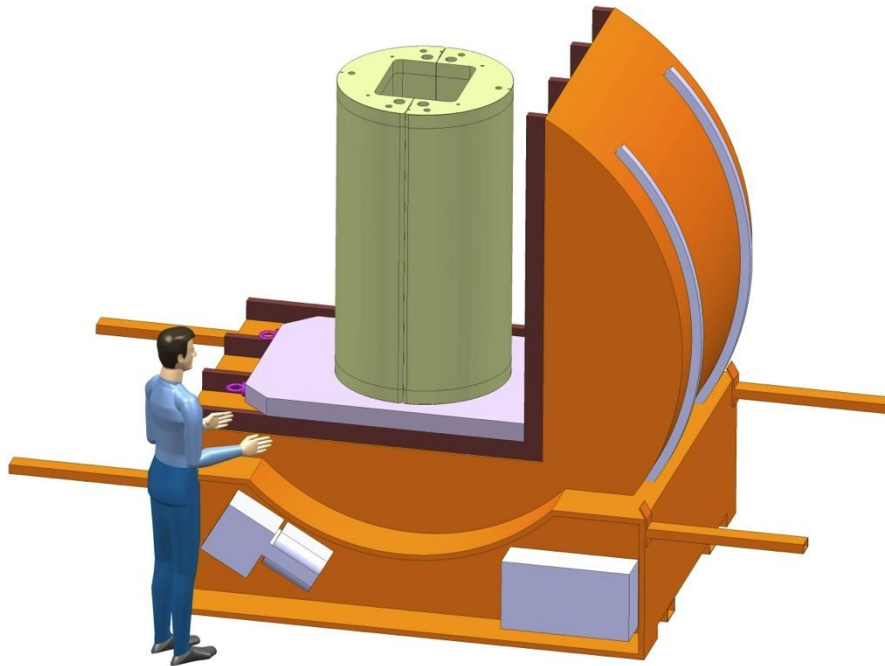


Coil-pack lifting tooling

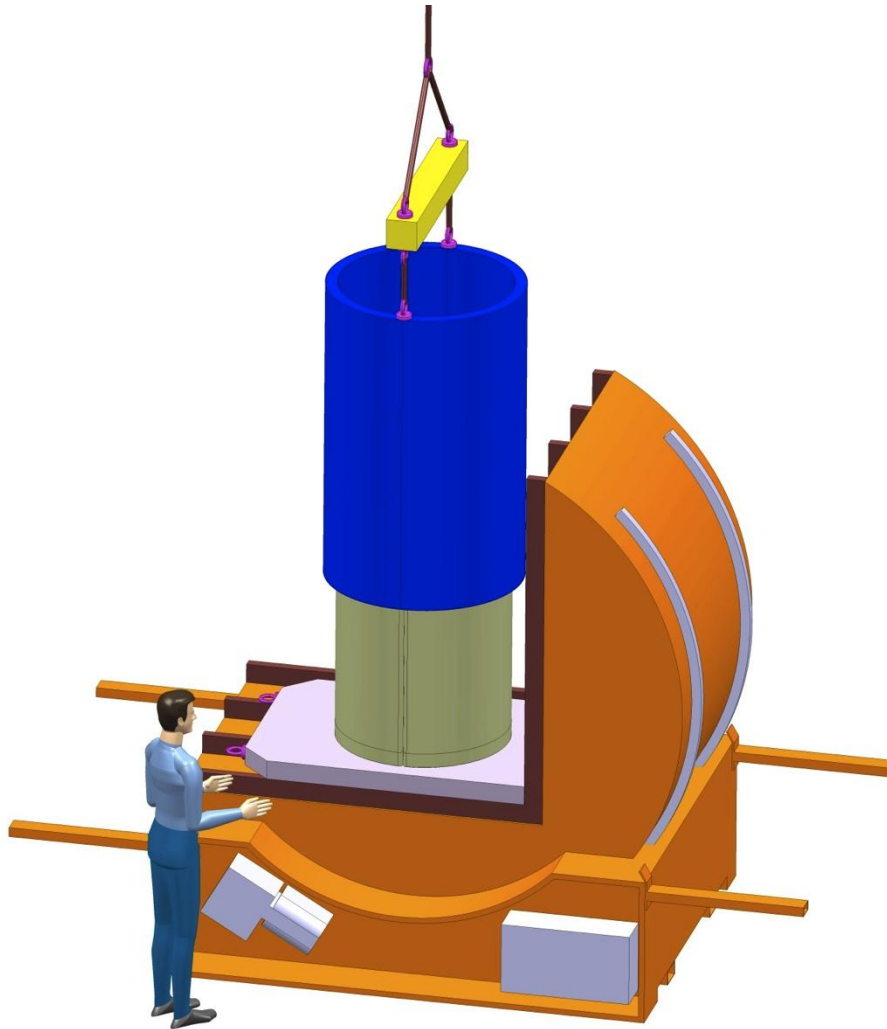
A CERN standard rotating device will be used to turn the magnet



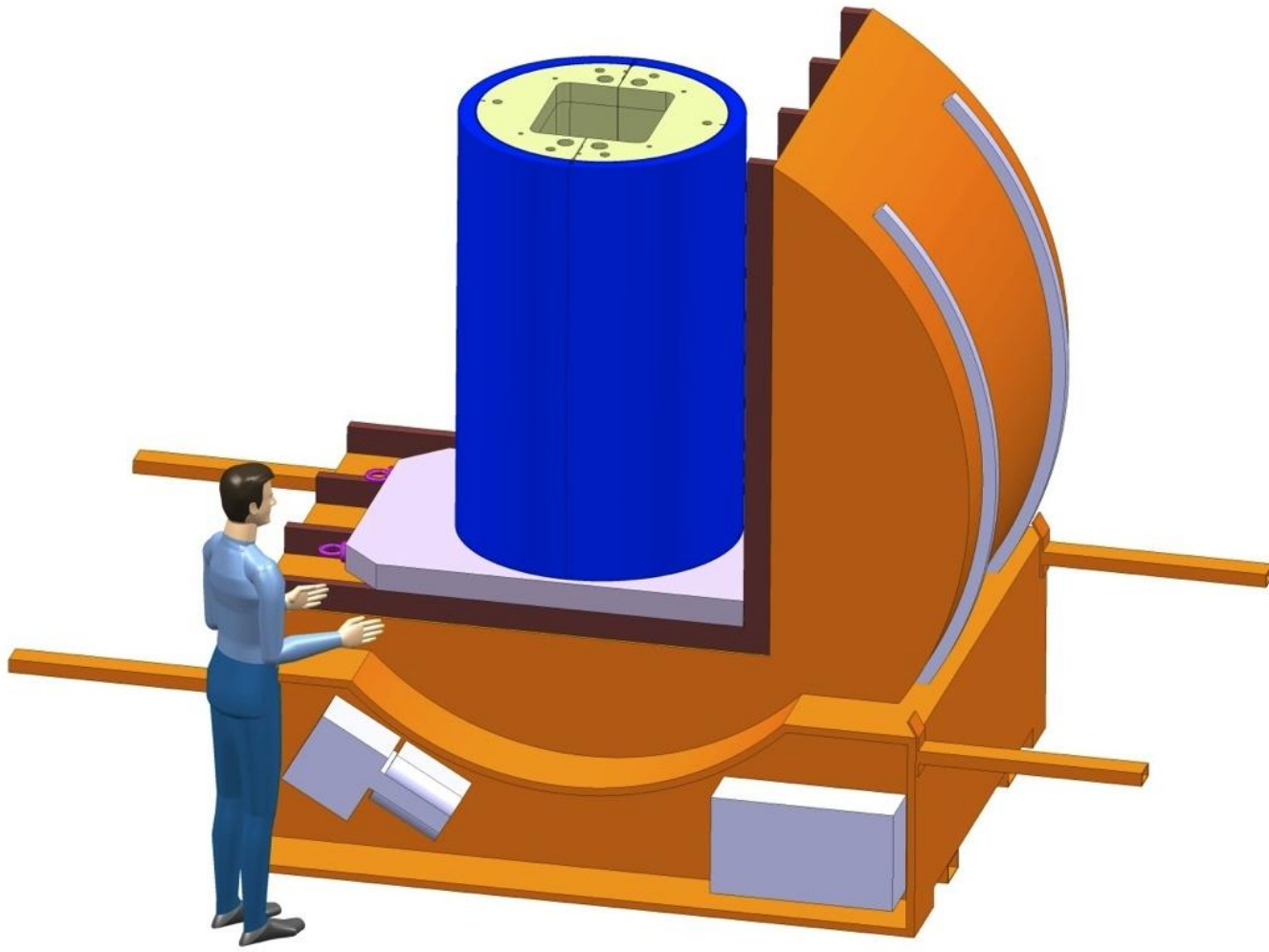
$\frac{1}{2}$  yoke weight: 2400 kg



The 2 half yokes will be aligned with no gap in between

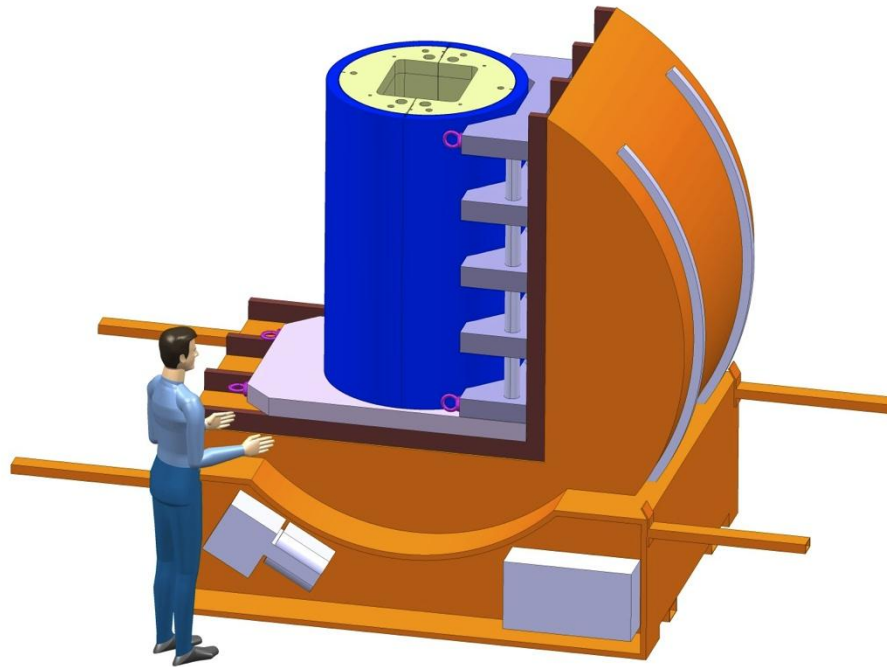


Sliding the aluminum shell

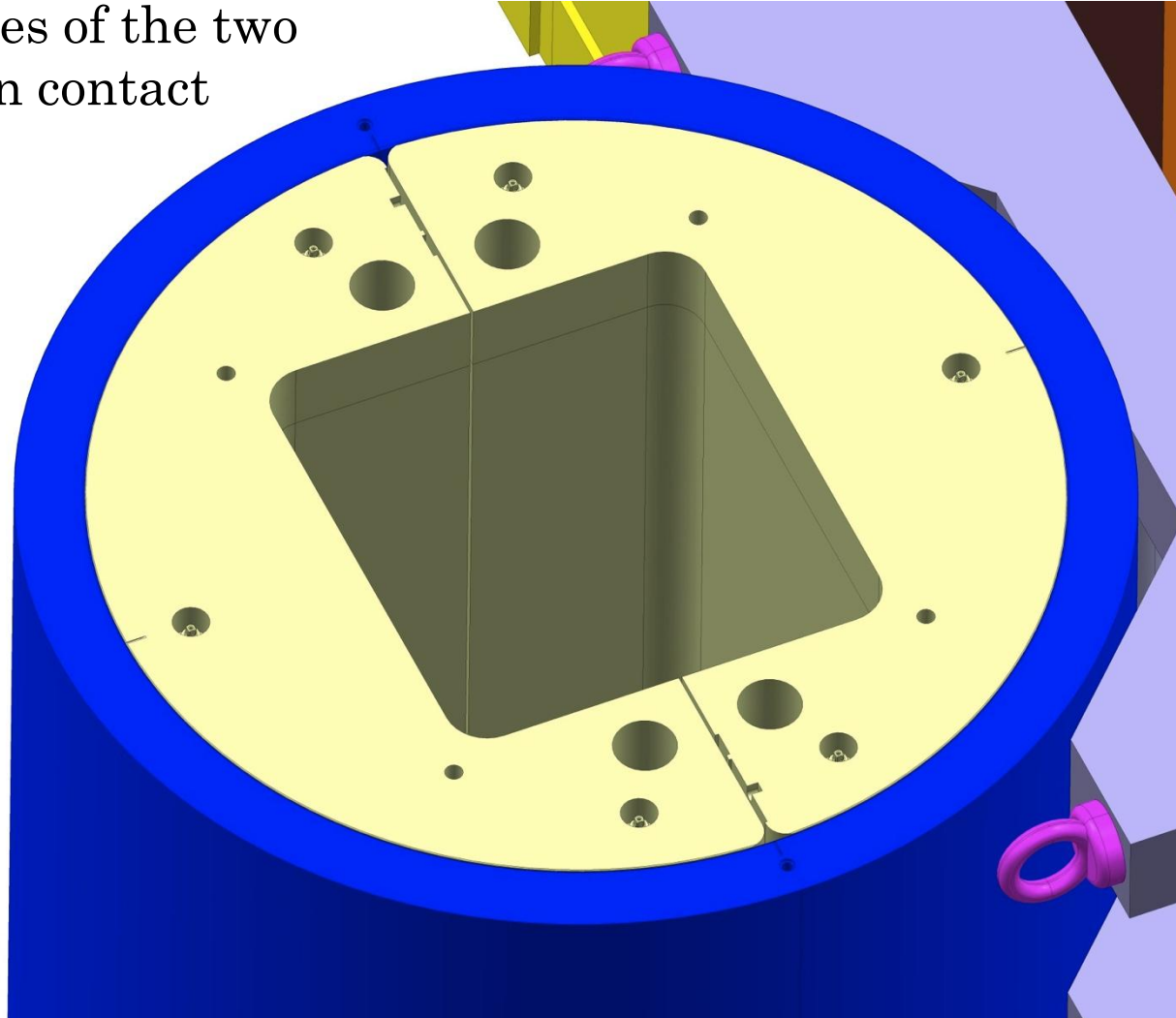




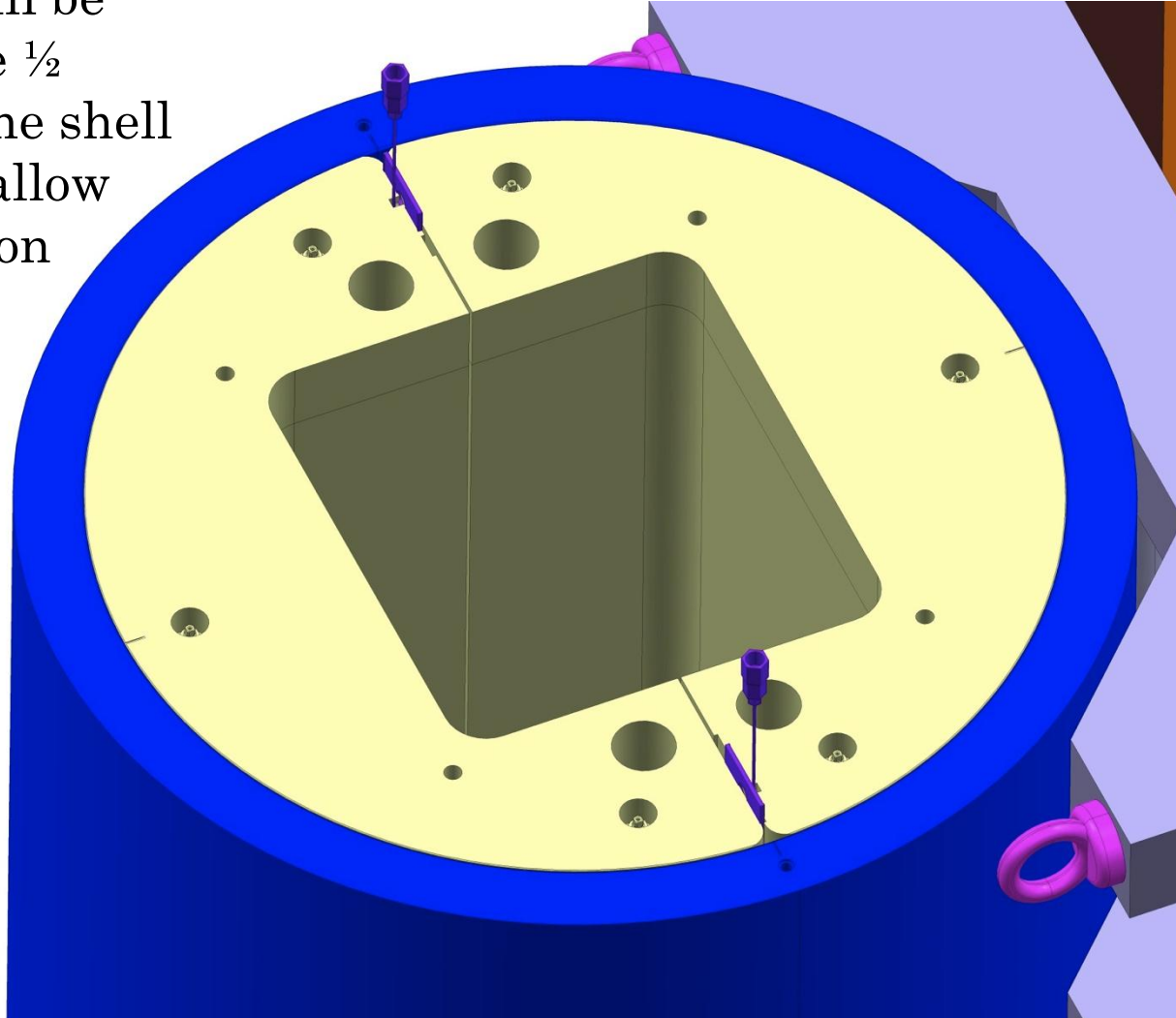
An aluminum support structure will be used to clamp the magnet to the rotating device



The flat surfaces of the two  
1/2 yokes are in contact

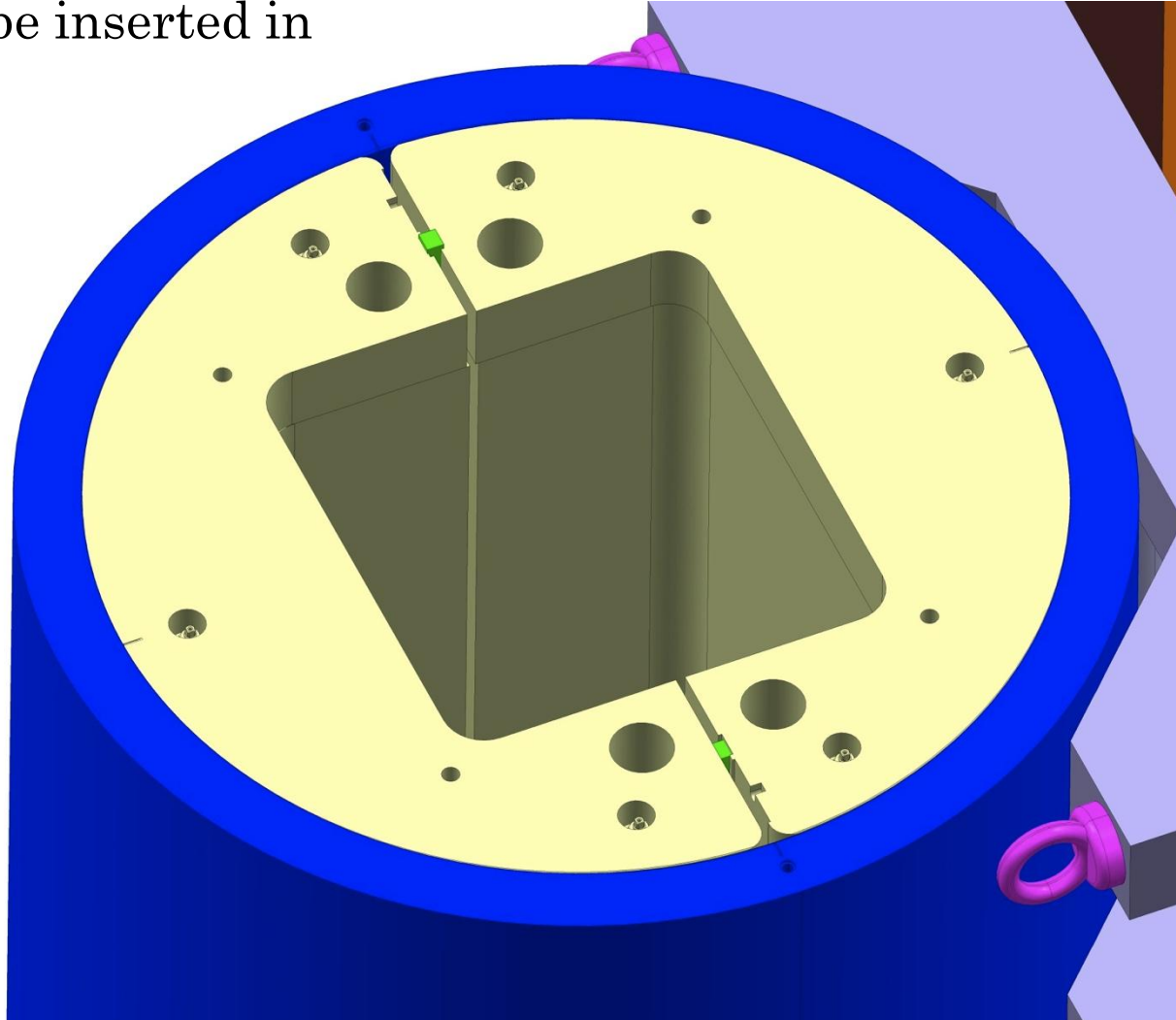


Two bladders will be used to push the  $\frac{1}{2}$  yokes towards the shell inner radius to allow gap keys insertion

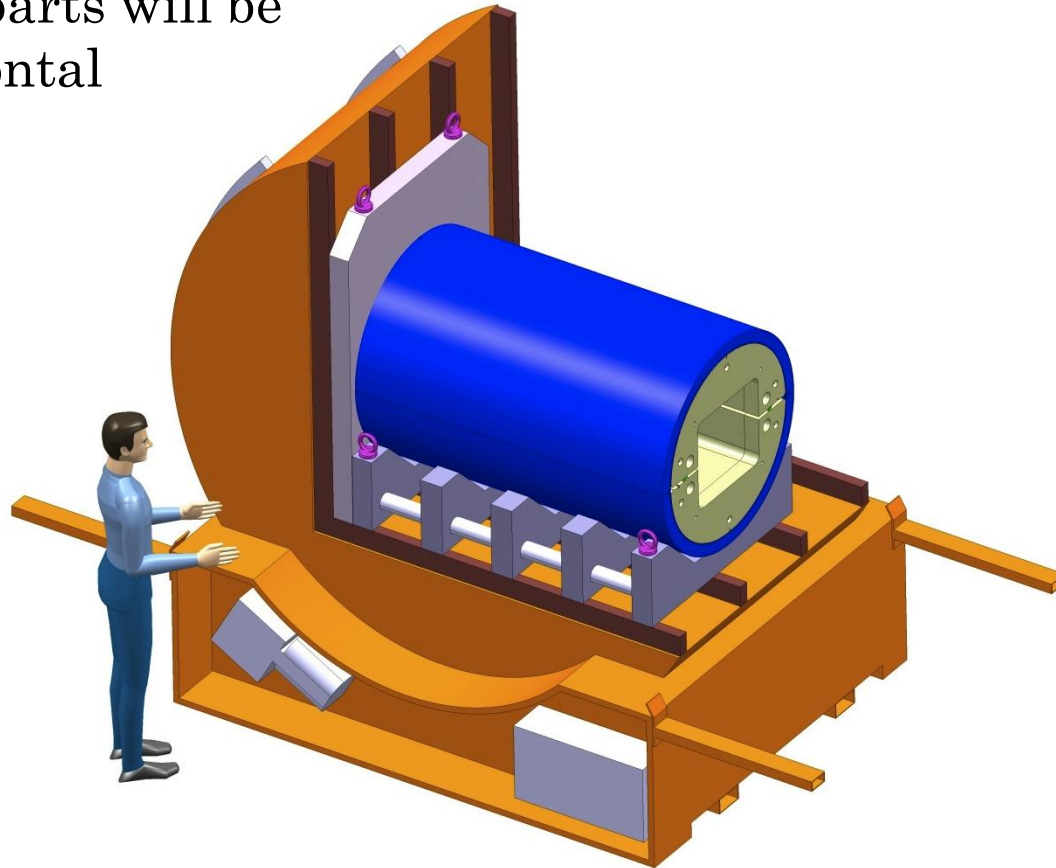


Standard hydraulic jacks can be used instead of bladders

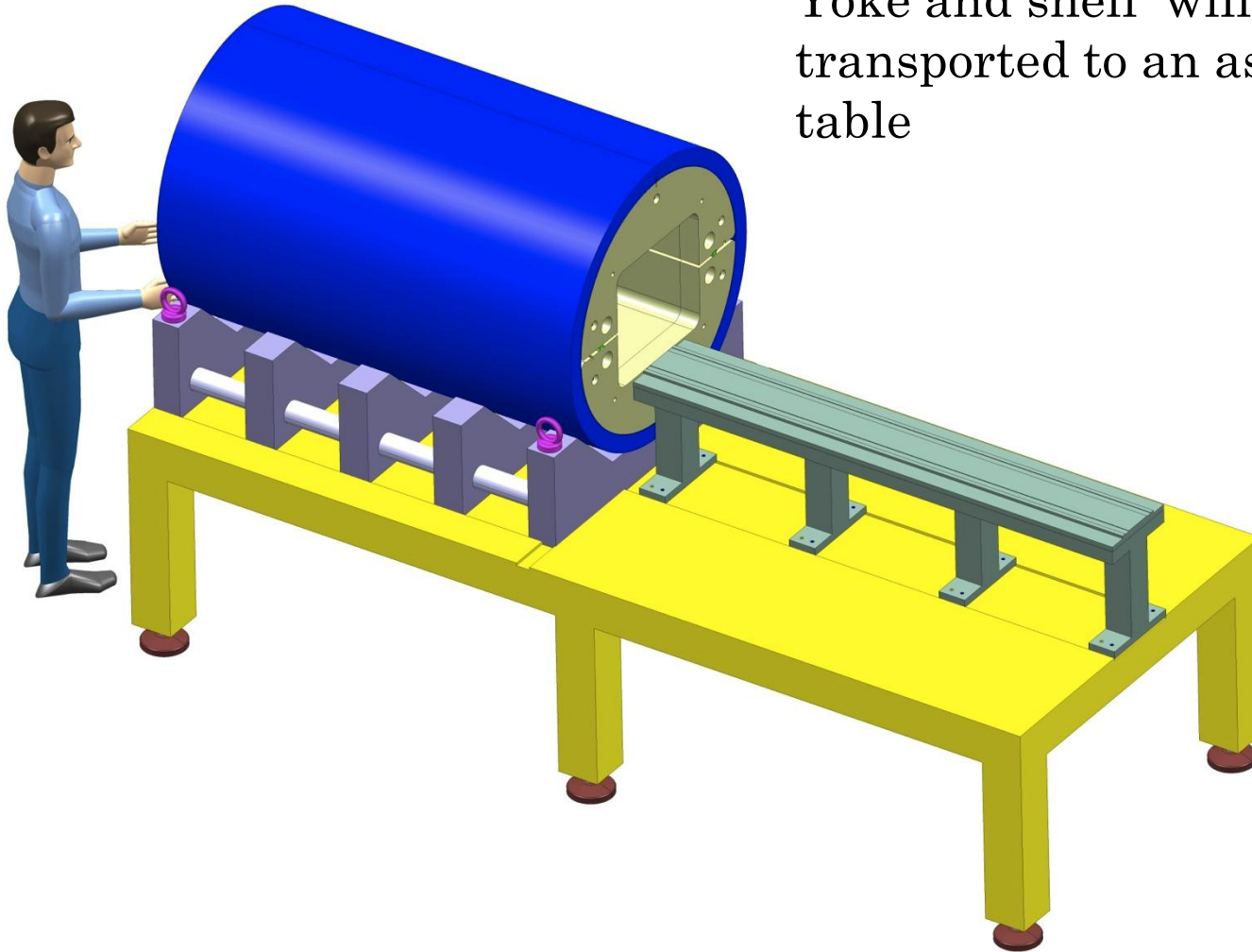
Gap keys will be inserted in the yoke gap

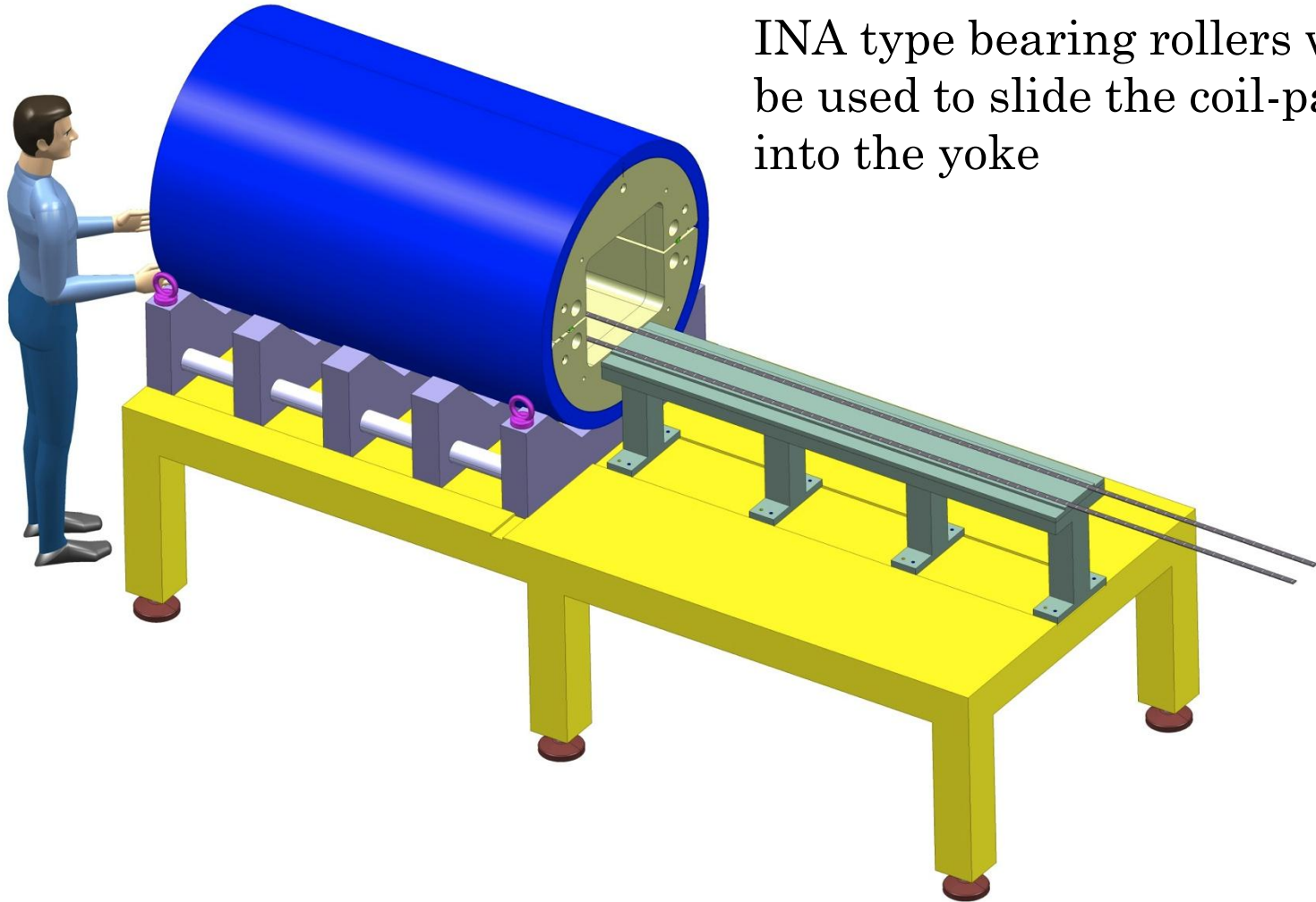


The assembled parts will be rotated to horizontal position



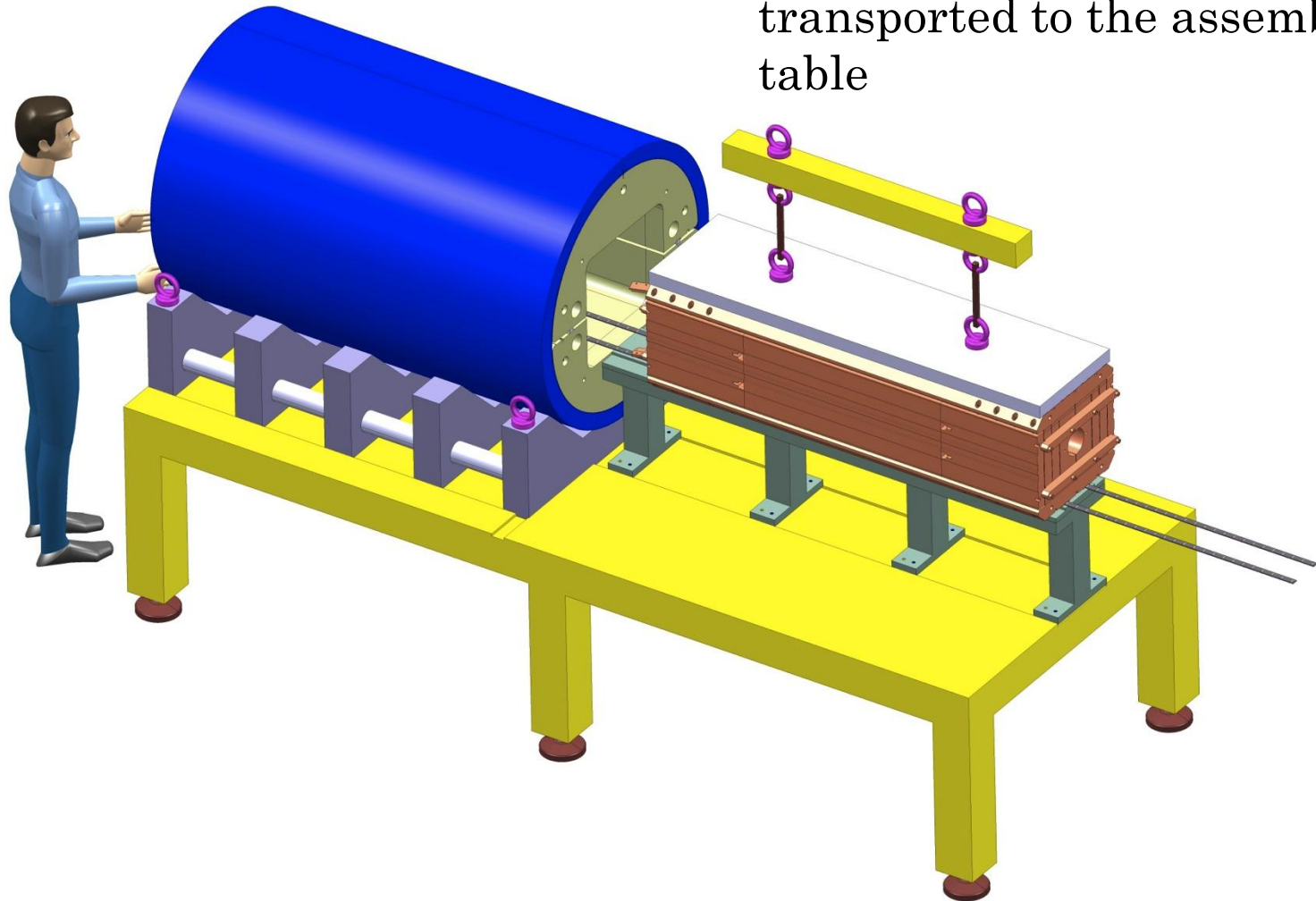
Yoke and shell will be transported to an assembly table





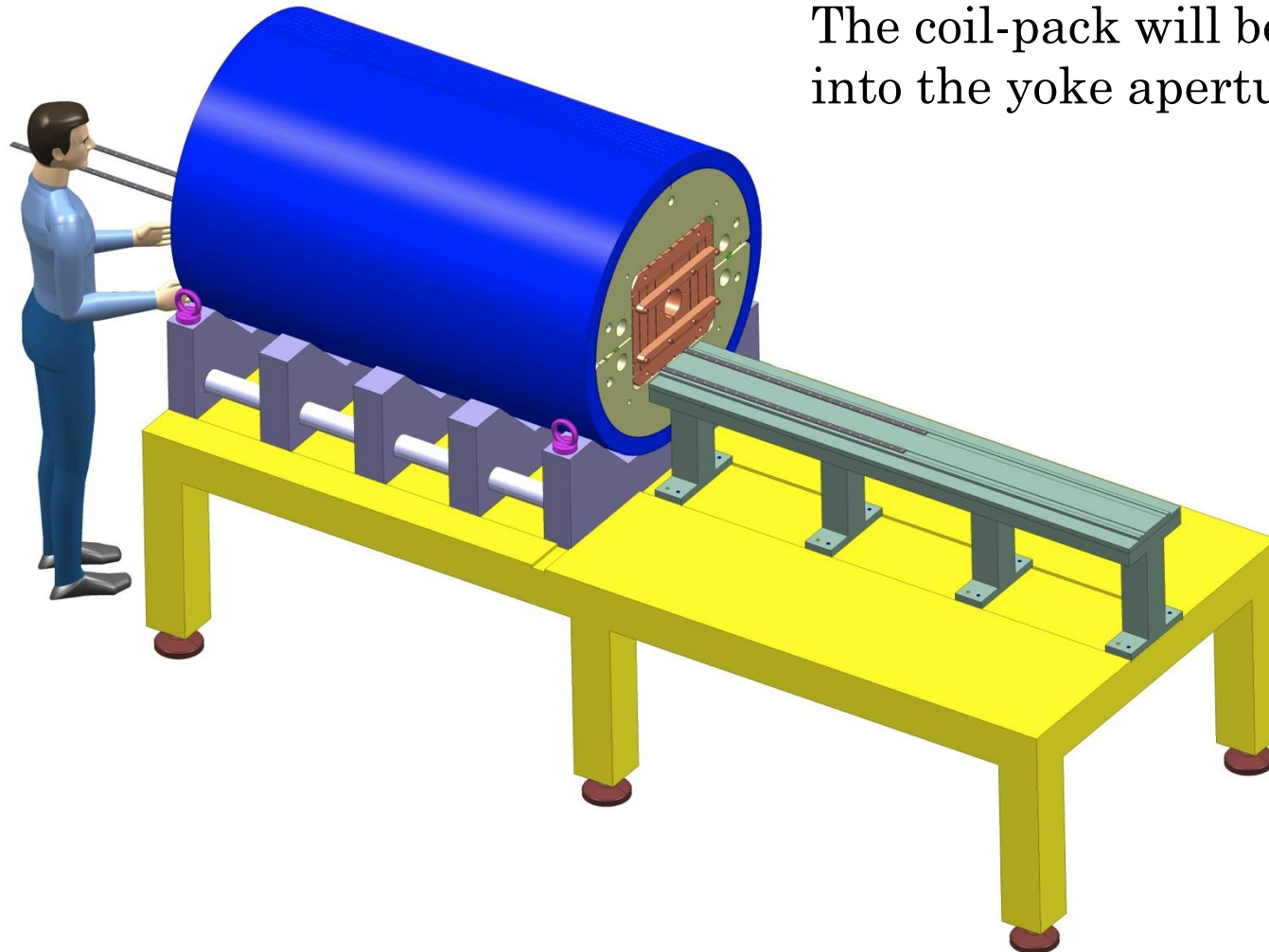
INA type bearing rollers will be used to slide the coil-pack into the yoke

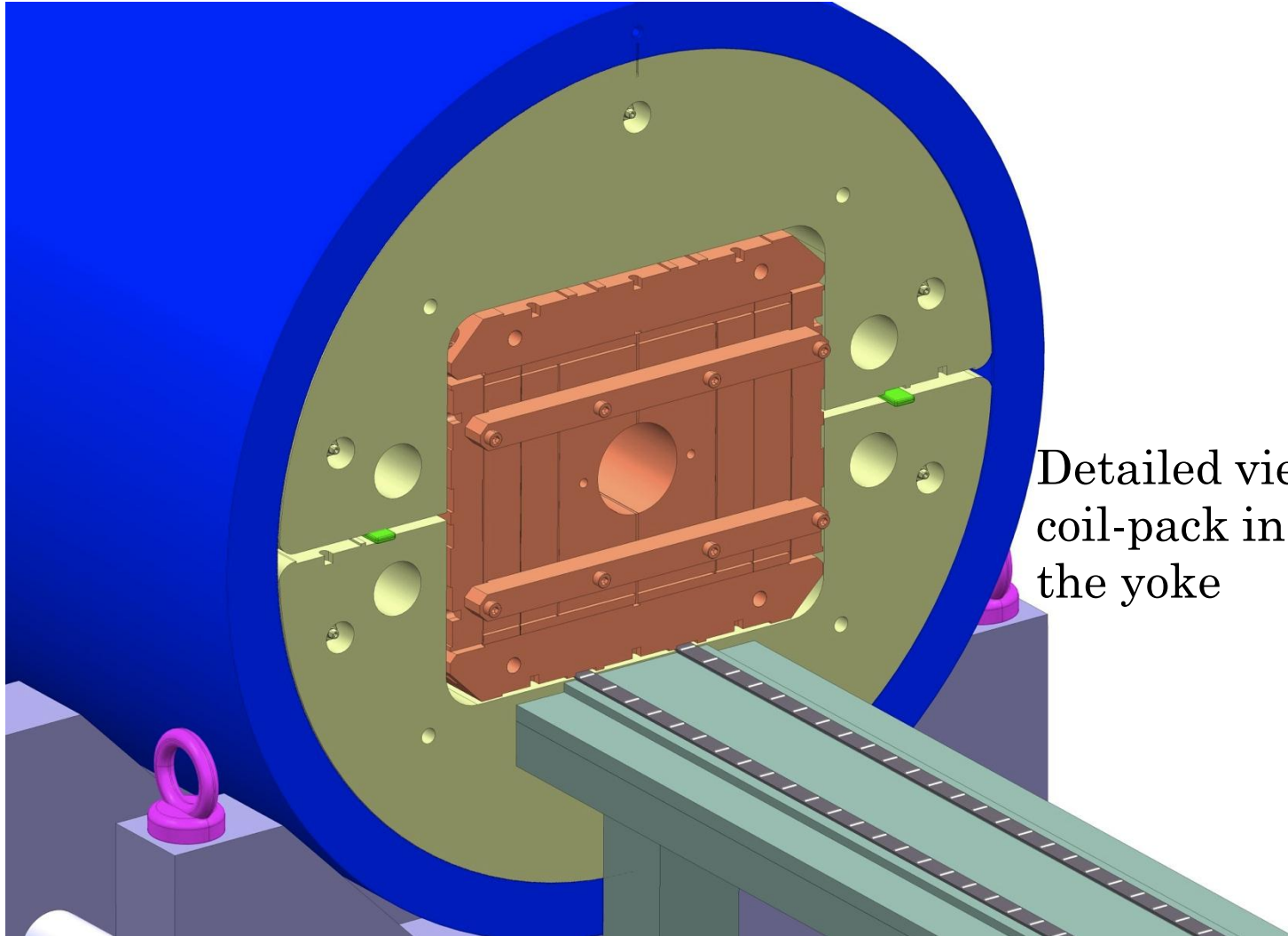
The coil-pack will be transported to the assembly table



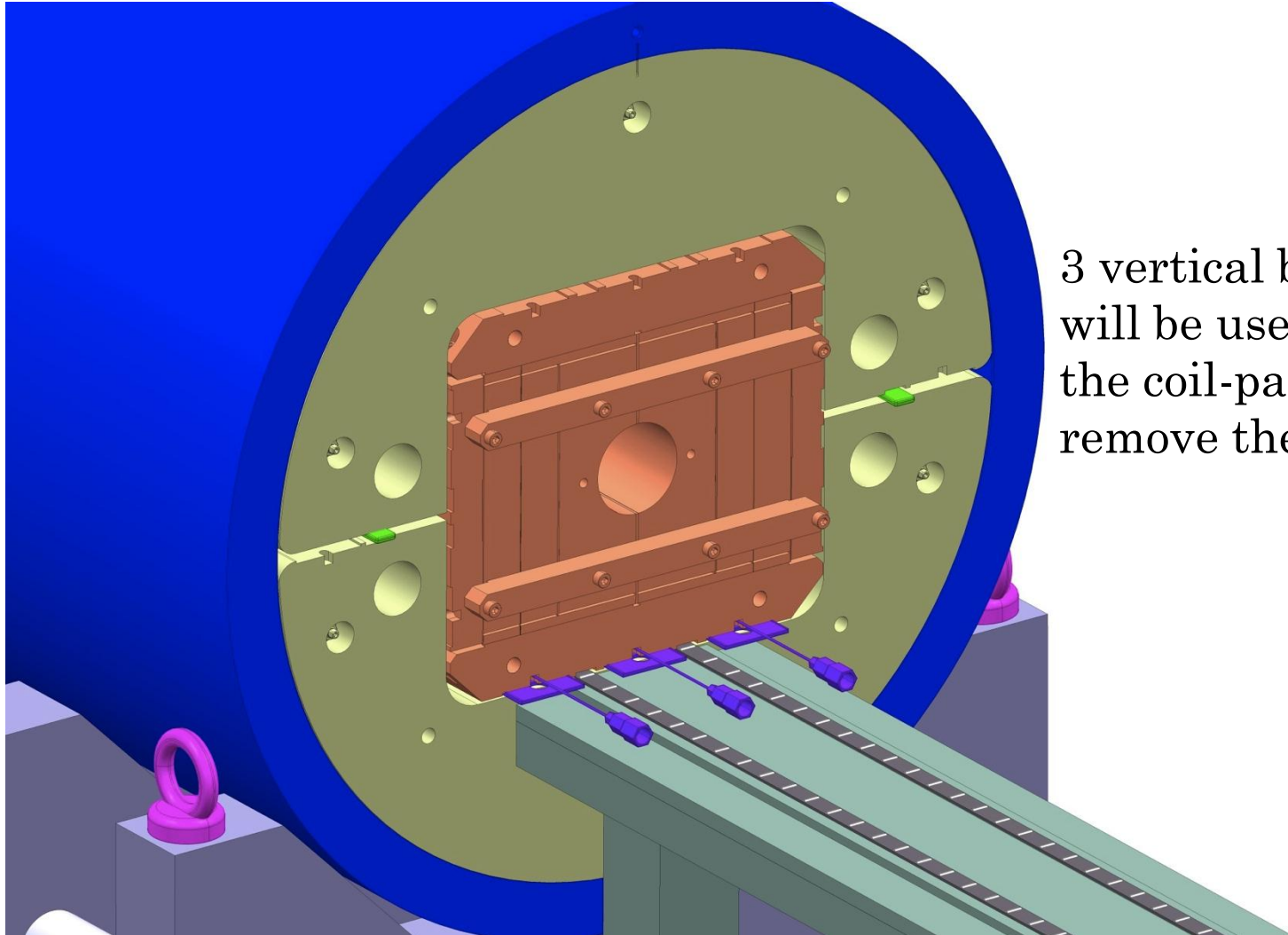


The coil-pack will be pushed into the yoke aperture

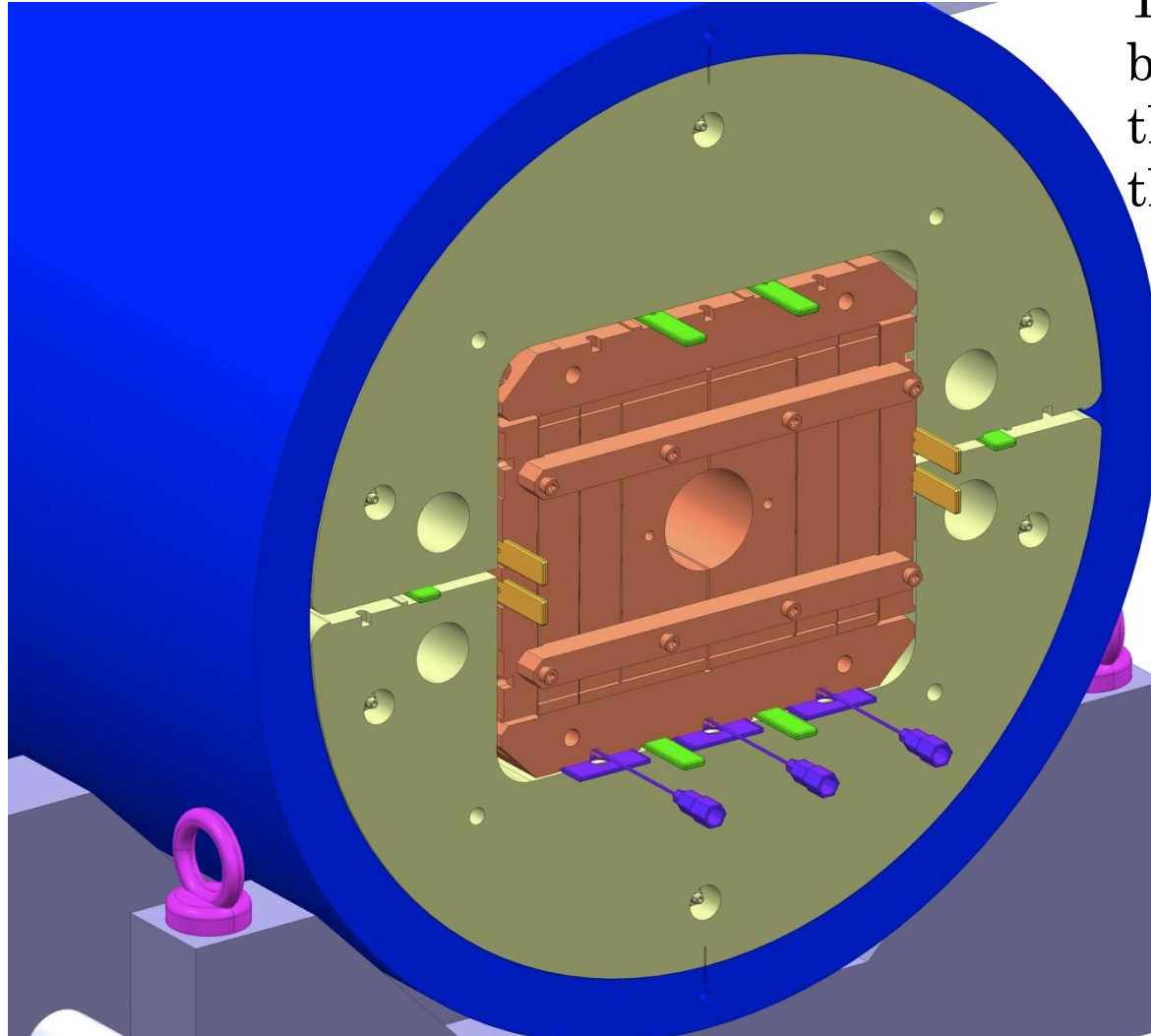




Detailed view of the coil-pack inserted in the yoke

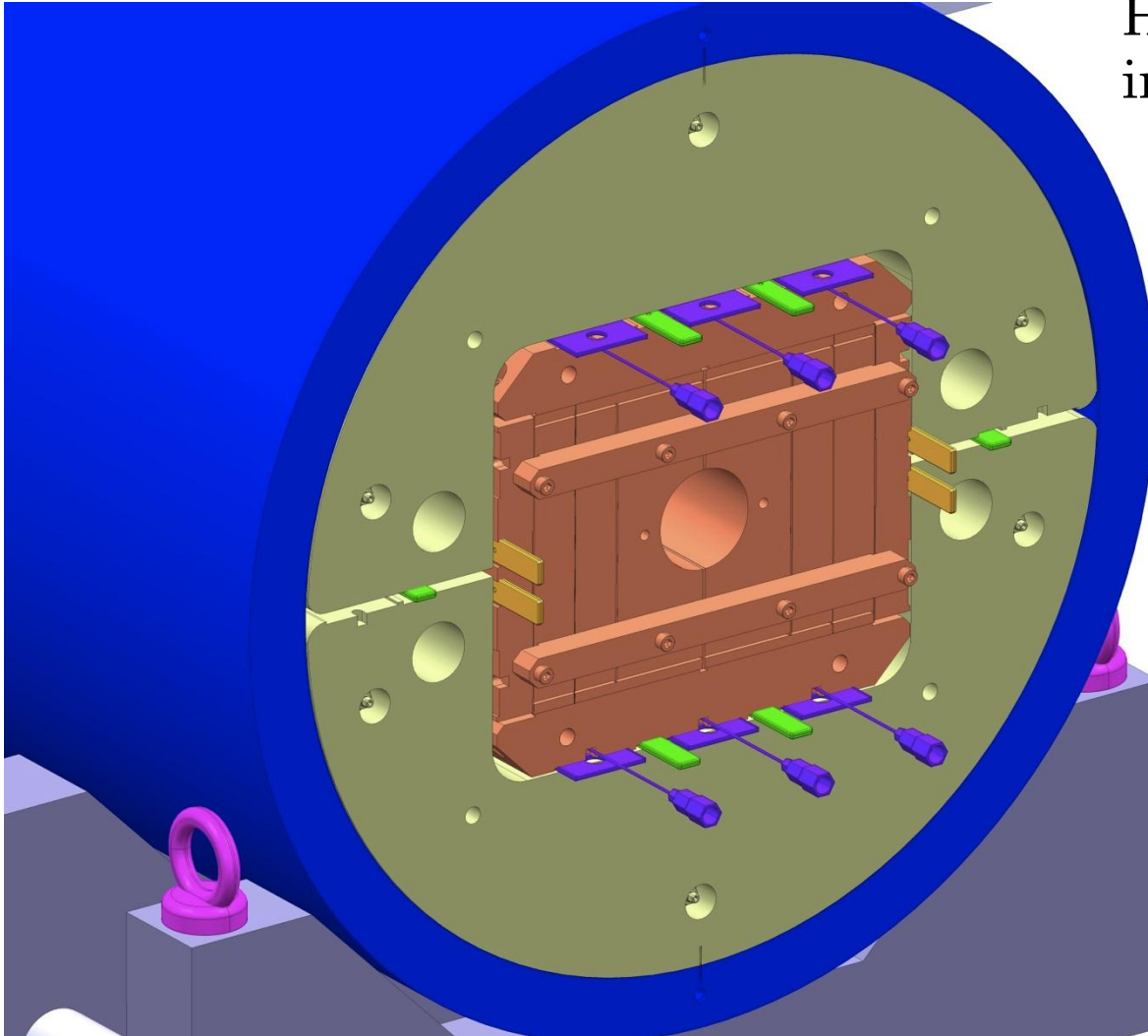


3 vertical bladders will be used to lift the coil-pack and remove the rollers

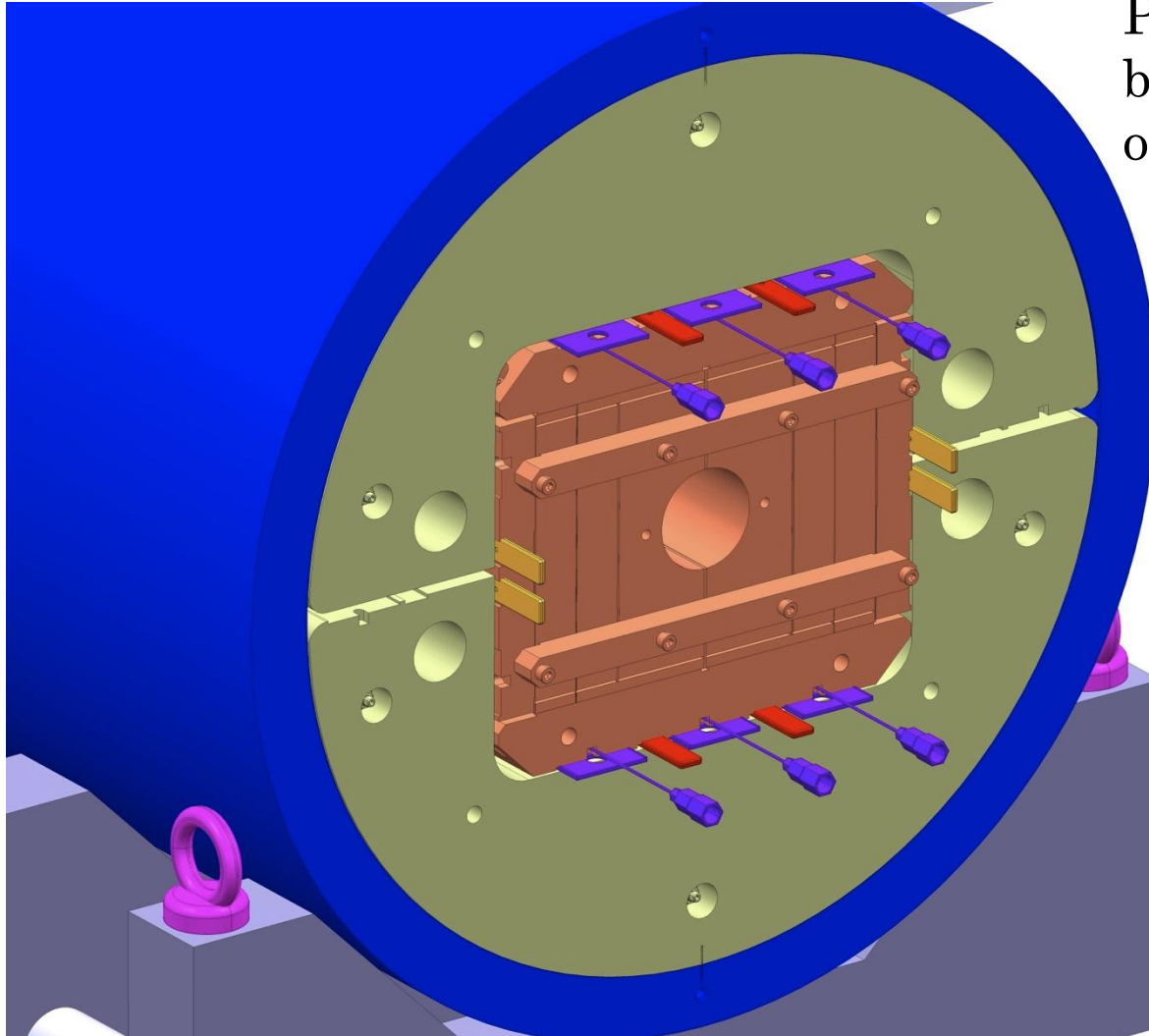


Temporary keys will be inserted to center the coil –pack into the yoke aperture

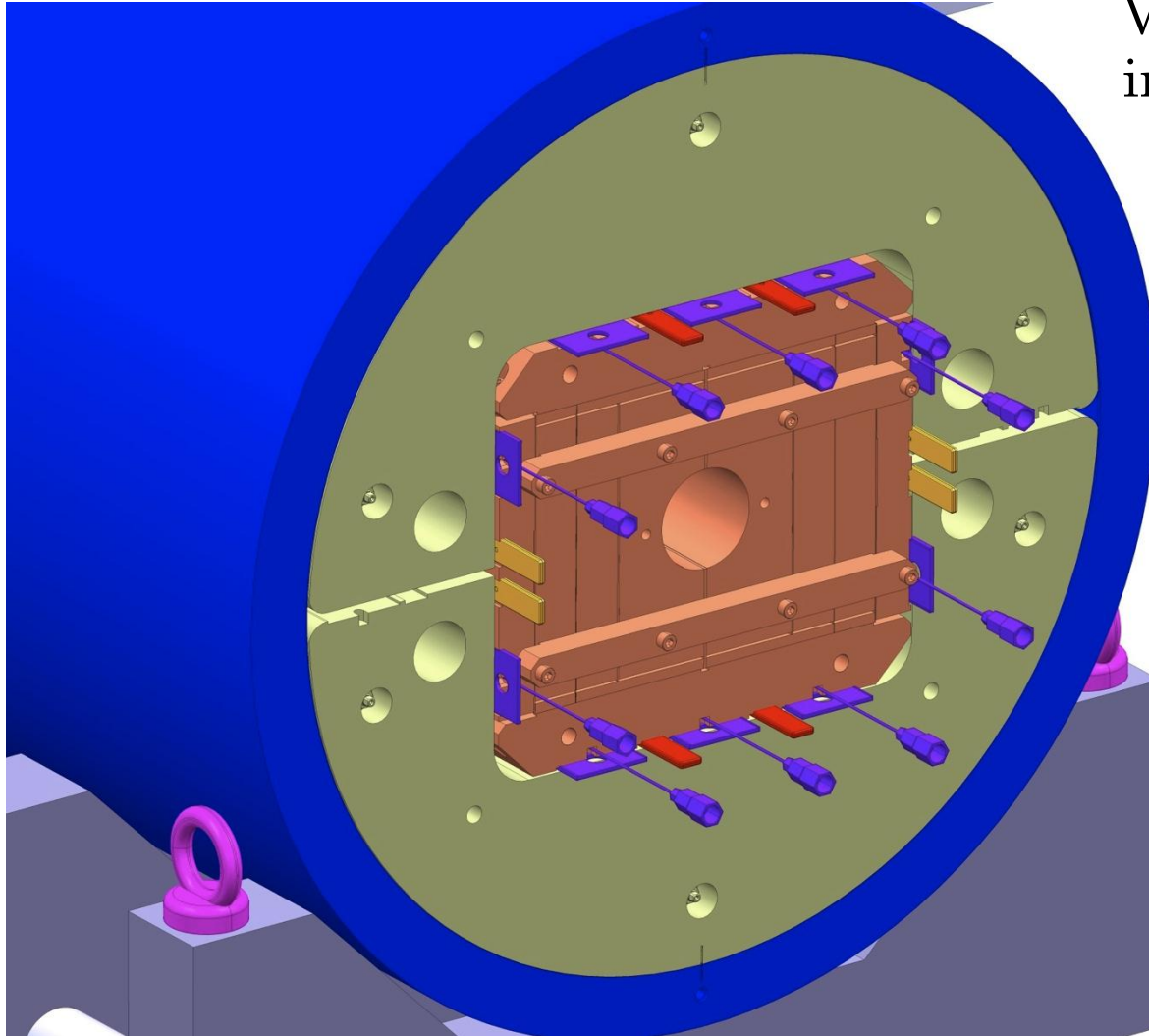
## Horizontal bladders insertion

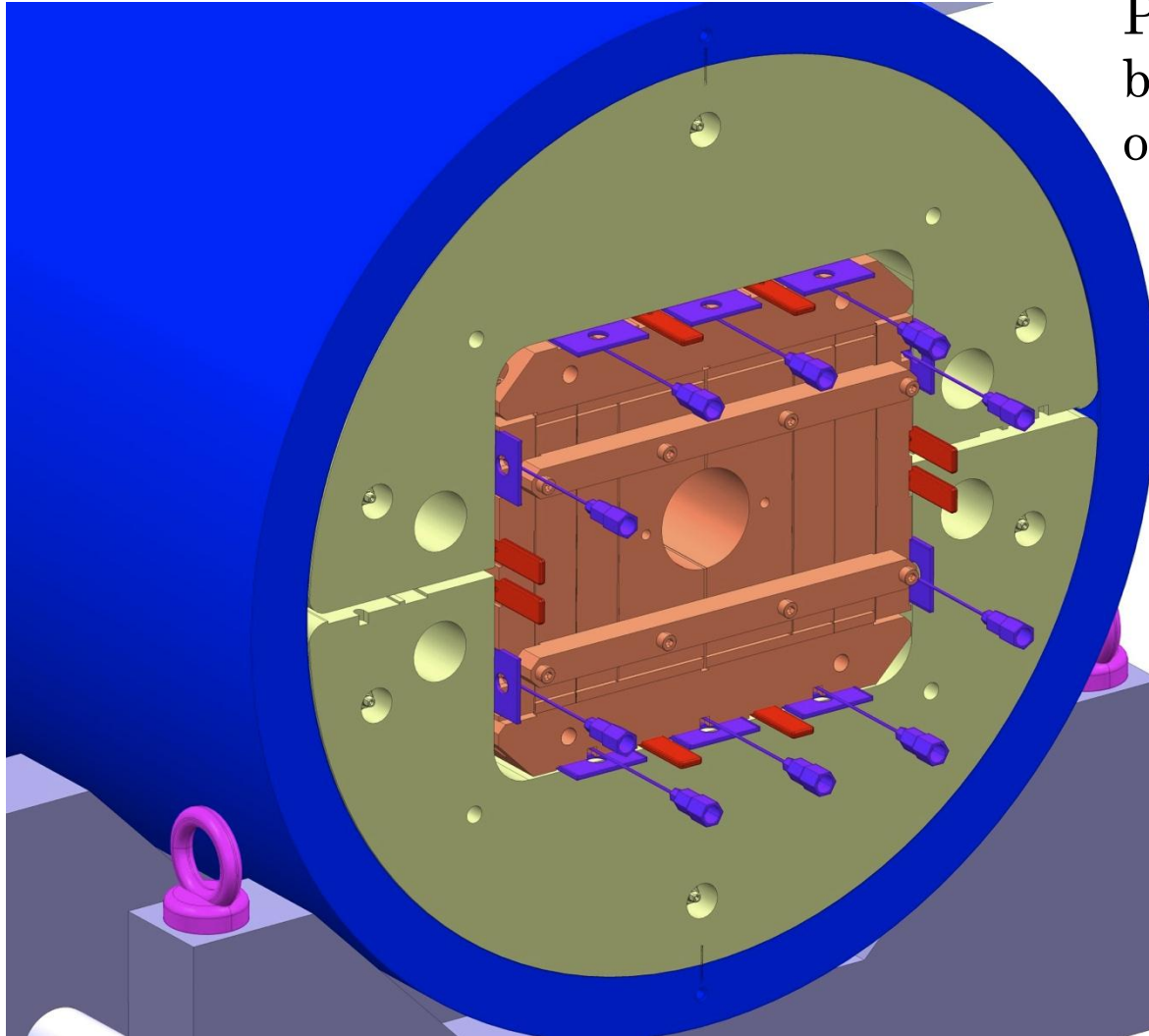


## Pumping horizontal bladders & insertion of horizontal keys



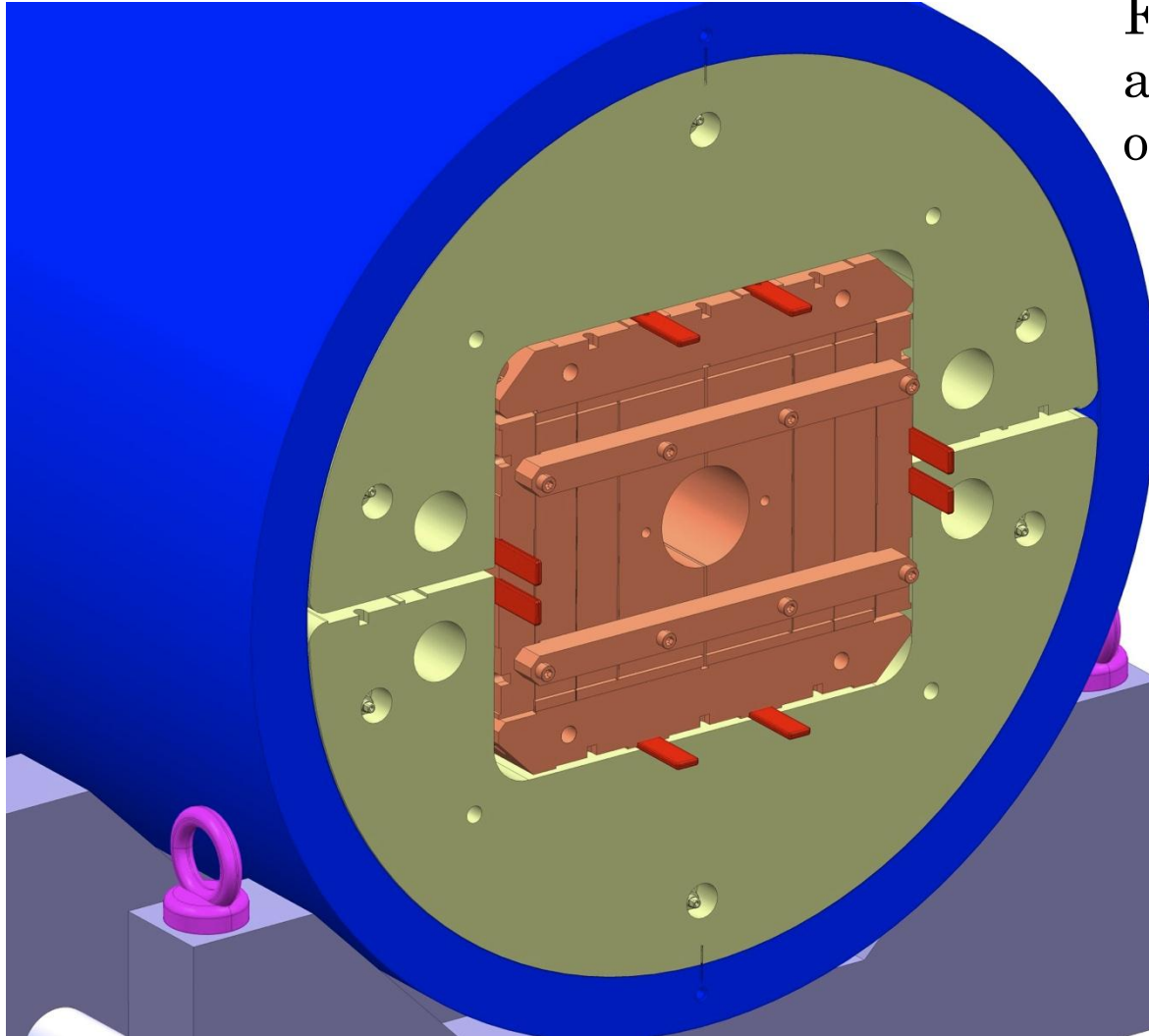
## Vertical bladders insertion





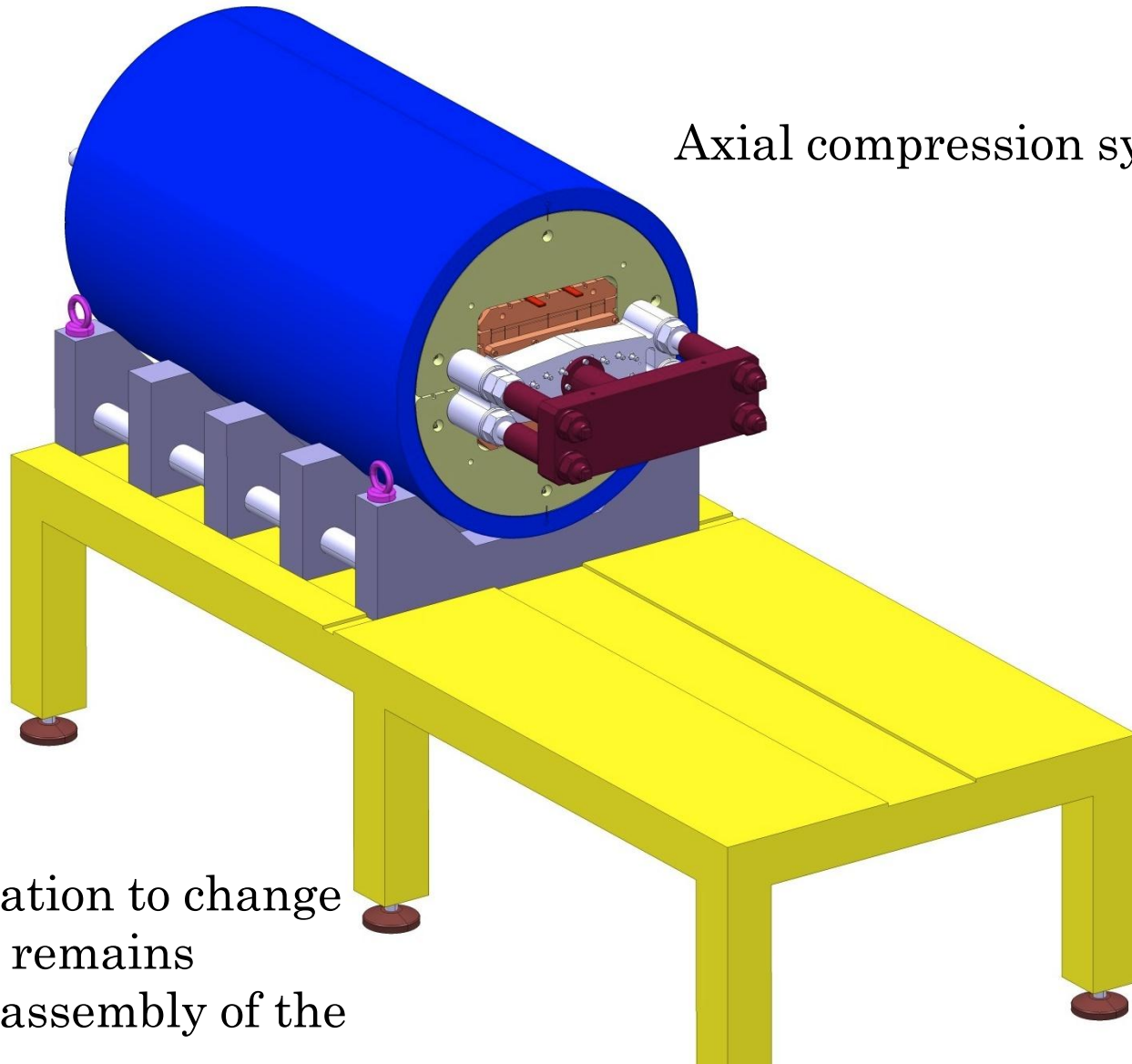
Pumping vertical  
bladders & insertion  
of vertical keys





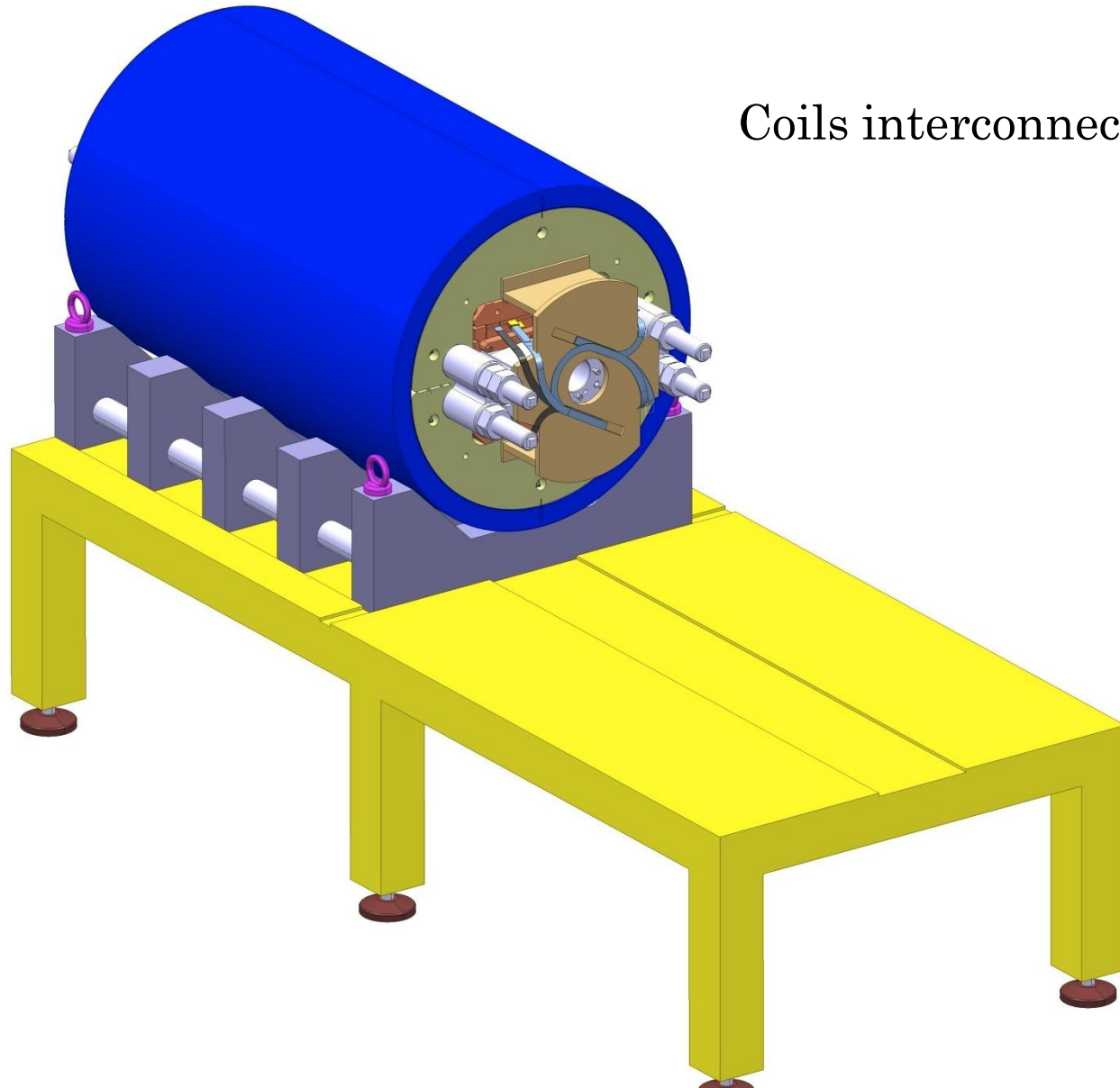
Final configuration  
after loading  
operation

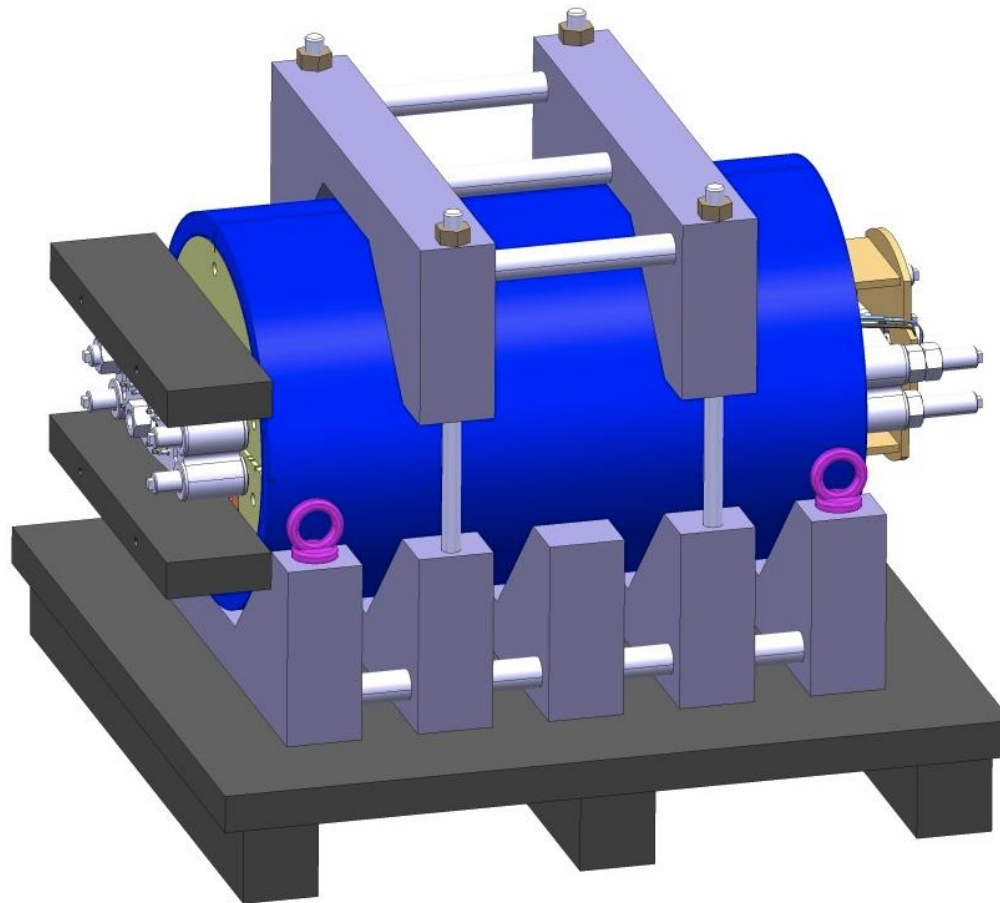
## Axial compression system



Bladders operation to change coil pre-stress remains possible after assembly of the end plates

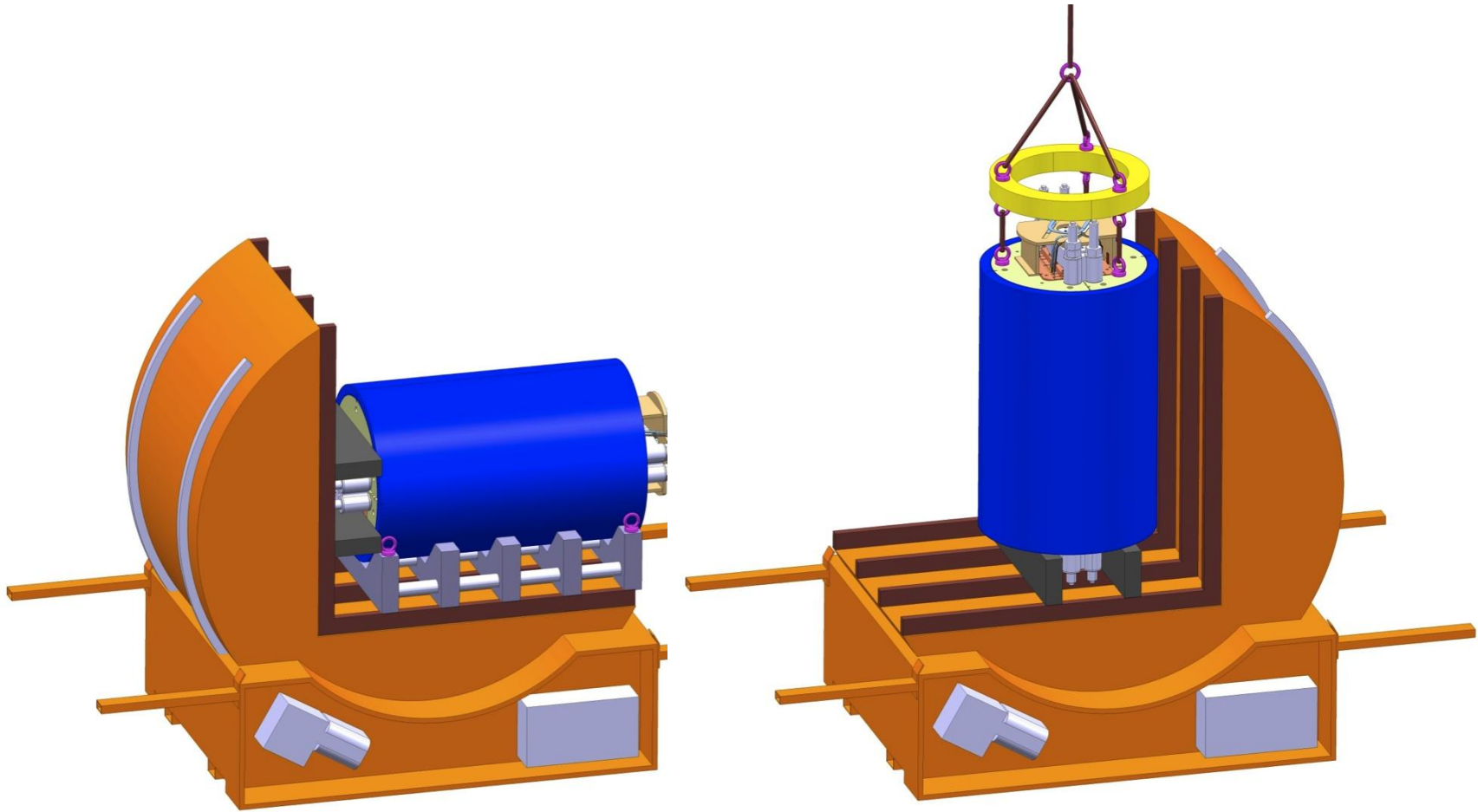
## Coils interconnection

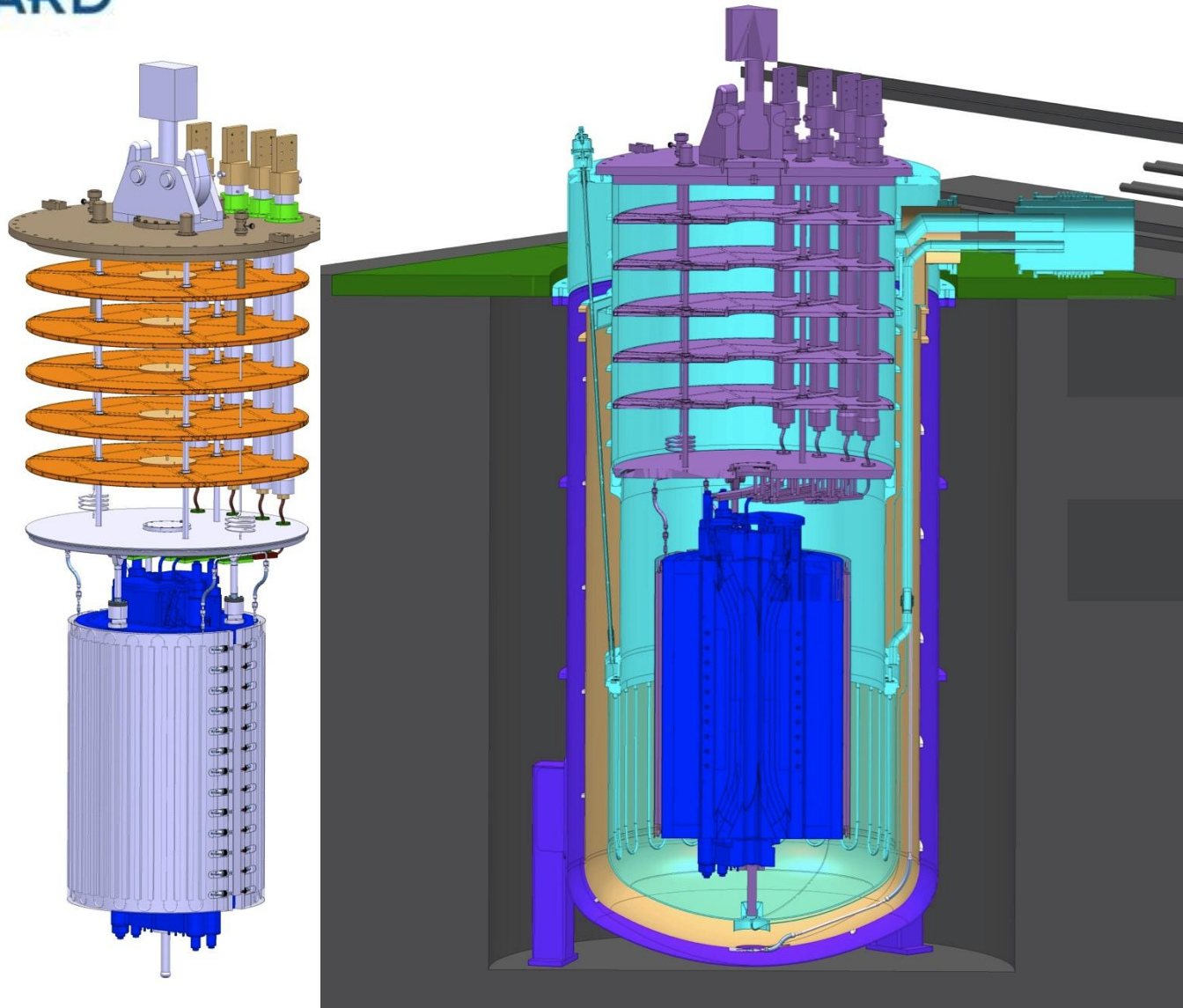




Magnet ready to be transported

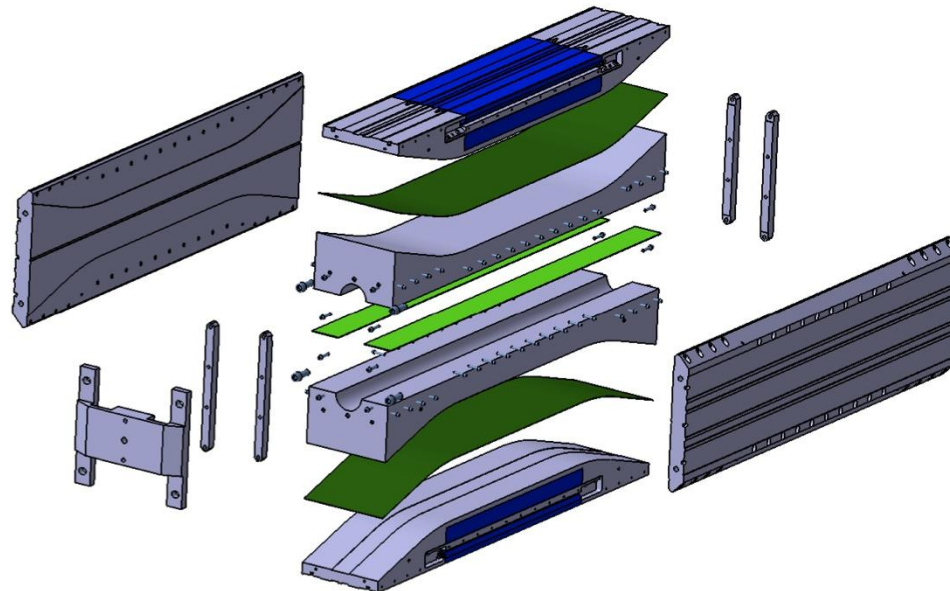
# From horizontal to vertical position in SM18





Magnet in the cryostat

- The first mechanical assembly will be performed using aluminum blocks replacing the real coils
- This will qualify the support structure, the assembly and loading procedure and validate the FEM
- The aluminum dummy coils will be instrumented with strain gauges in the aperture
- The way to cool-down the structure to 77 K in LN2 is under investigation



# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- CEA/Saclay:  
M. Durante, P. Manil, J.F. Millot, J.M. Rifflet, F. Rondeaux,
- CERN:  
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L. Oberli, M. Timmins, G. Villiger,,
- Fresca2 collaboration team

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION