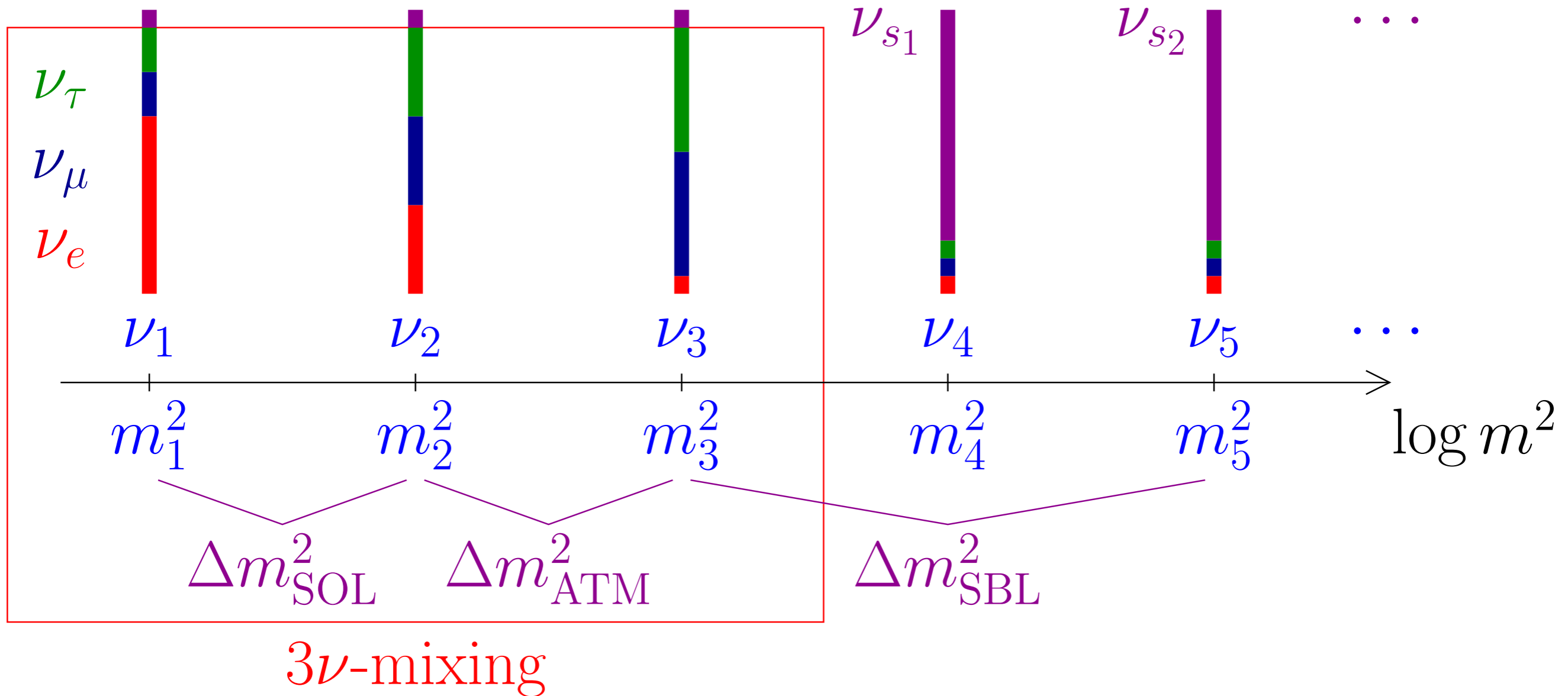


# Search for eV-scale Neutrinos at a muon storage ring (VLENF)

Christopher Tunnell  
JAI, Oxford

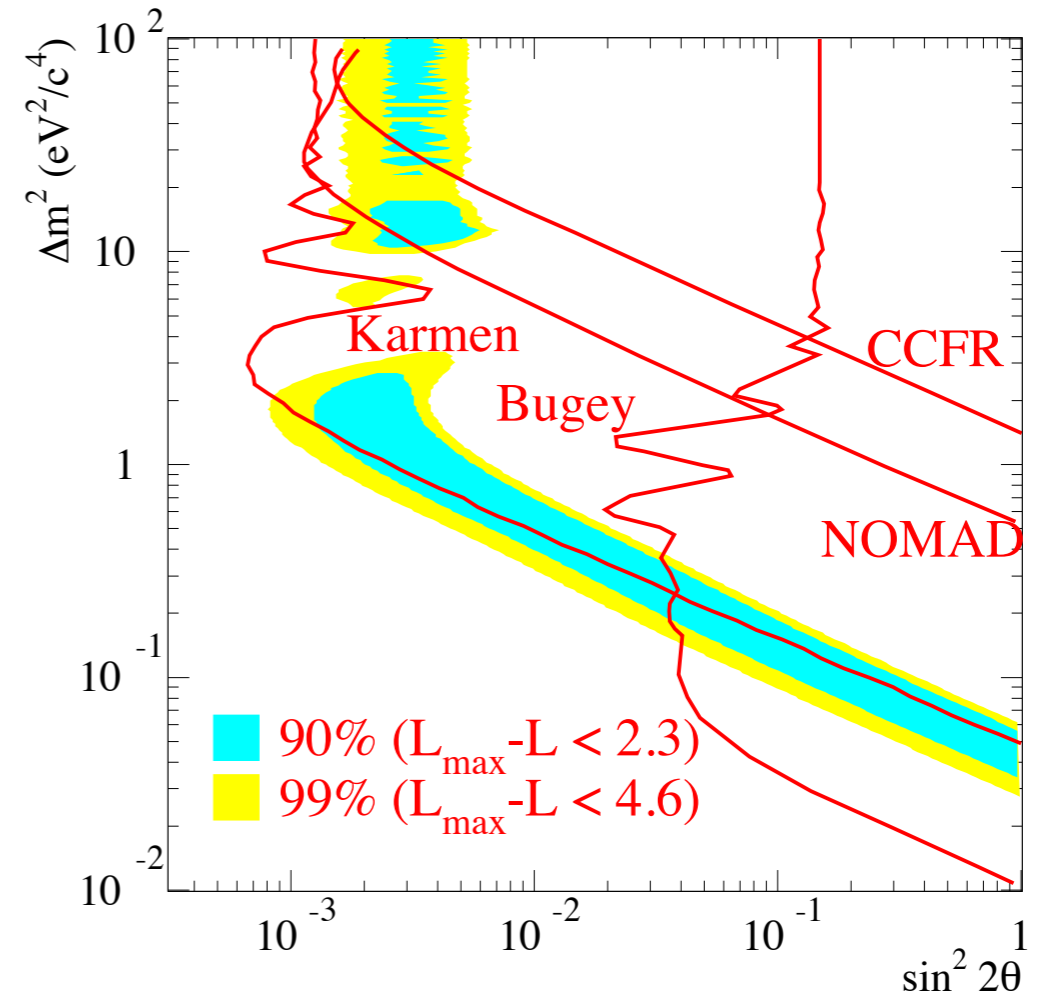
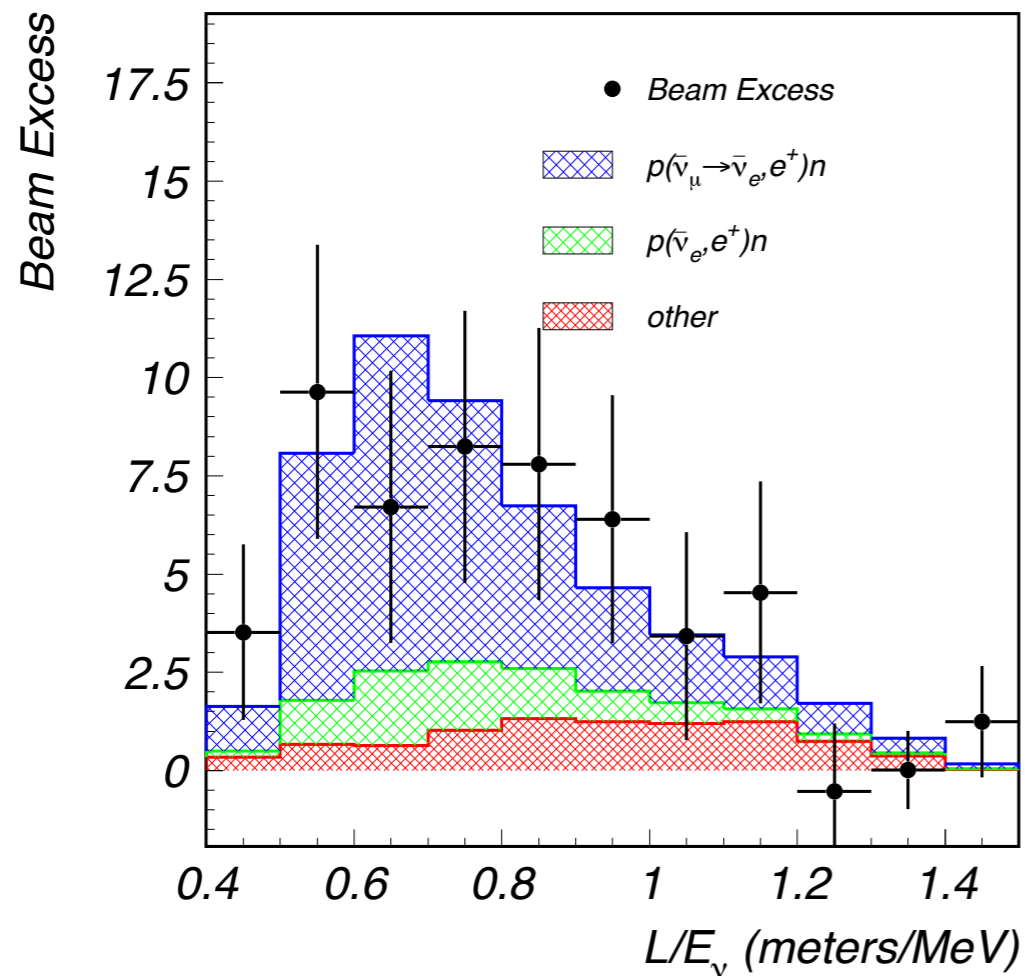
# eV-scale neutrinos? ie. "sterile"



Giunti's figure

# LSND “Evidence”

## Anti-neutrino mode



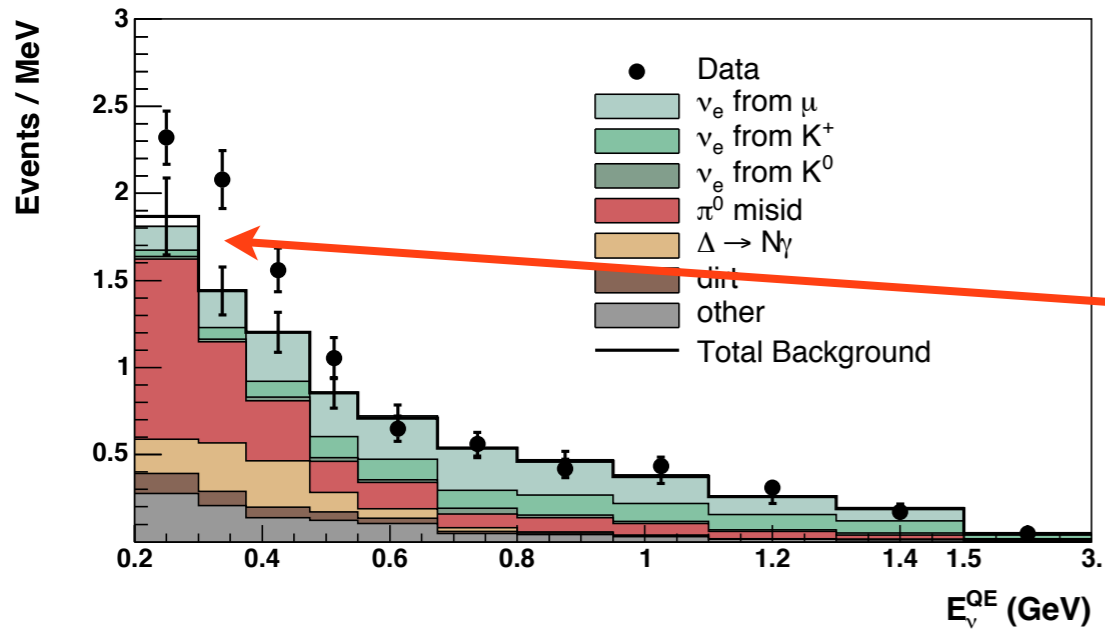
$$\text{Prob}[\mu \rightarrow e] = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \left( \Delta m^2 L / 4E \right)$$

$$L \sim 30 \text{ m}, 20 \text{ MeV} < E < 200 \text{ MeV}$$

90s

arXiv:nucl-ex/9709006

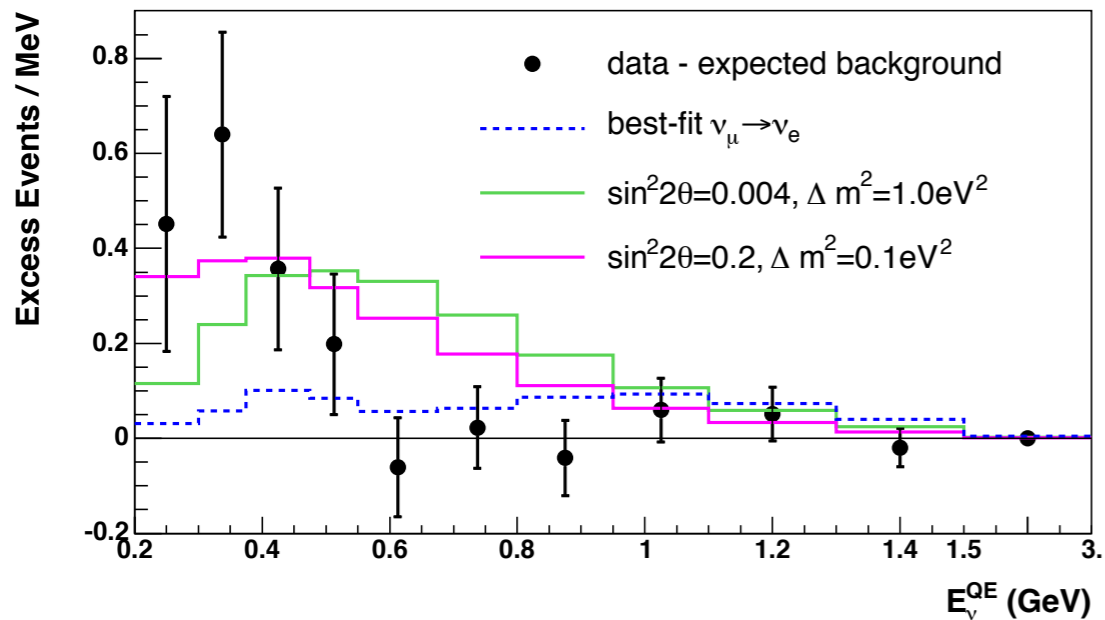
# Then MiniBooNe refutes LSND... sort of.



Different excess?!

????????!!!!

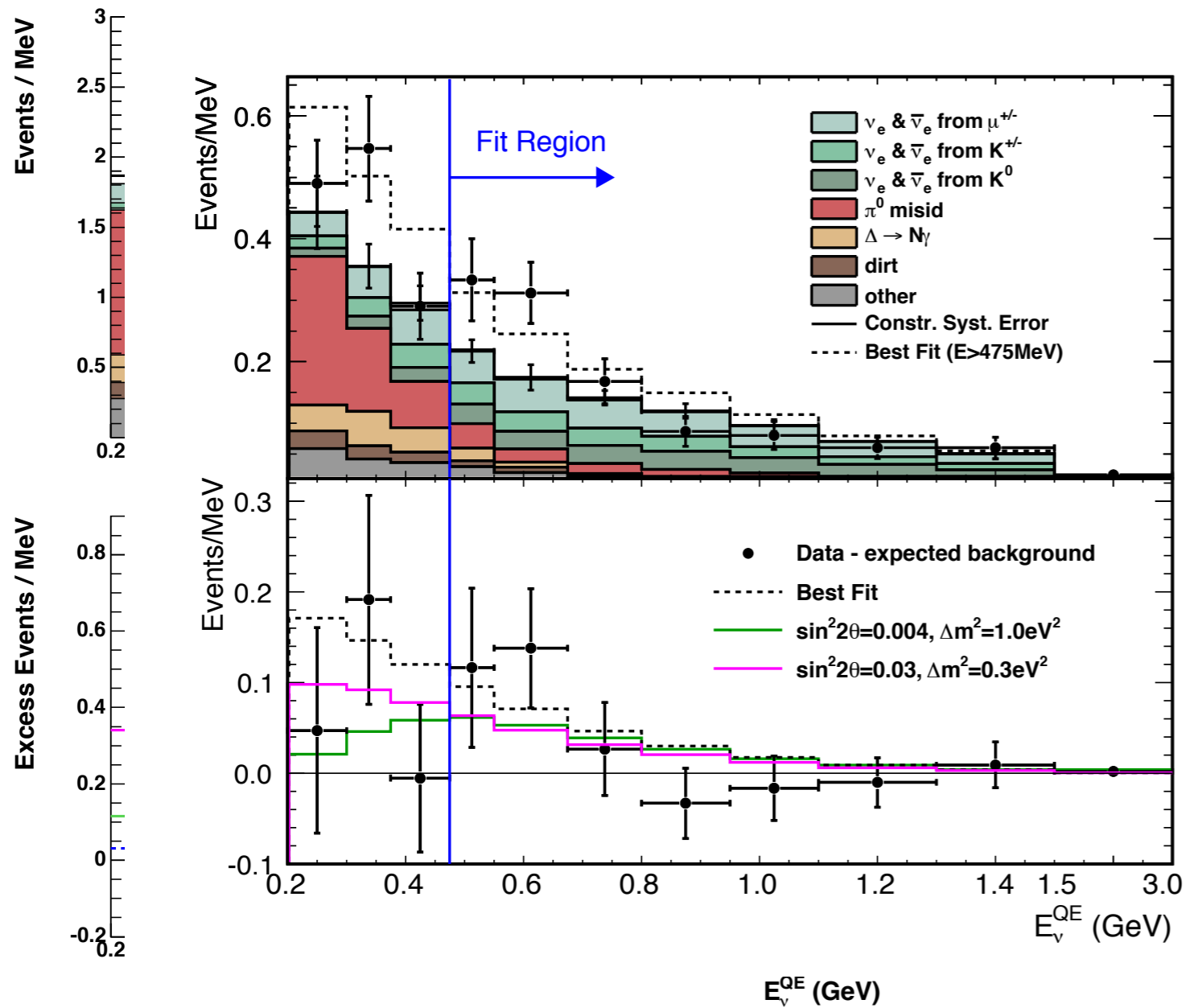
Neutrino mode



00s

$L \sim 541 \text{ m}, 475 \text{ MeV} < E < 3 \text{ GeV}$

# MiniBooNe ~~refutes~~ LSND... sort of.



?????!!!!

Anti-Neutrino mode

Agrees with LSND?

00s

$L \sim 541 \text{ m}, 475 \text{ MeV} < E < 3 \text{ GeV}$

# Anomalies galore

- Reactor neutrino anomaly
- Gallium anomaly
- ...

# Facts of the case

1. Nobody *knows* if LSND is correct.
2. Nobody *knows* what MiniBooNe is seeing
3. Having 4 (or more) neutrinos changes things
4. Regardless of what you think about previous experiments, an experiment could resolve this

# Facts of the case

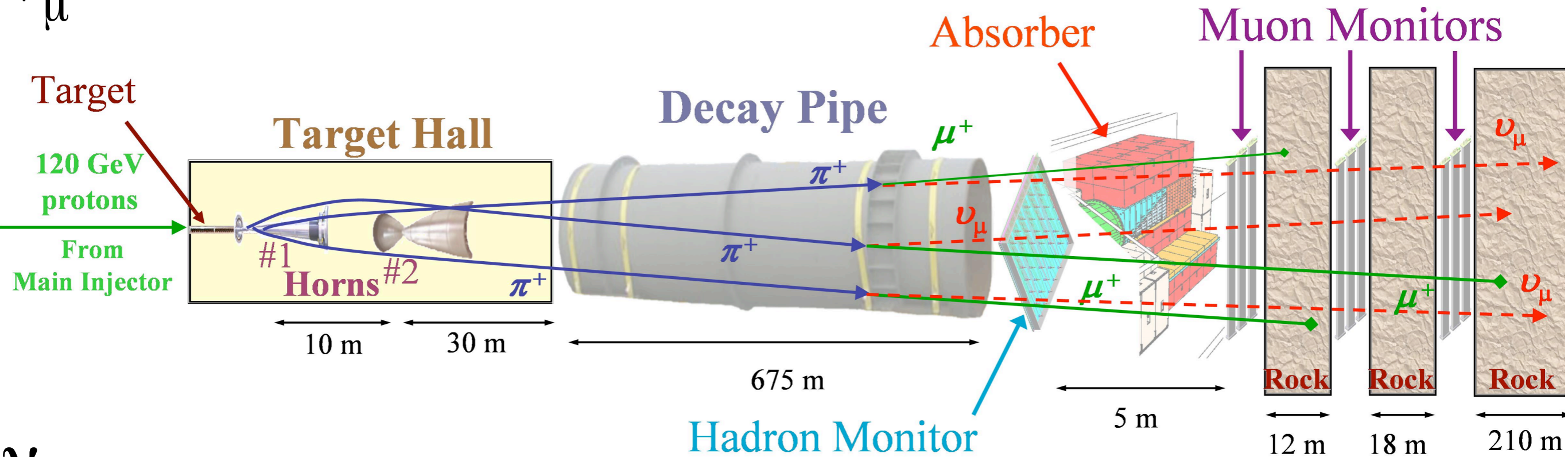
1. Nobody *knows* if LSND is correct.
2. Nobody *knows* what MiniBooNe is seeing
3. Having 4 (or more) neutrinos changes things
4. Regardless of what you think about previous experiments, an experiment could resolve this

**Q: What third experiment could you build to ensure you don't have to build a fourth?**



# Making a neutrino beam

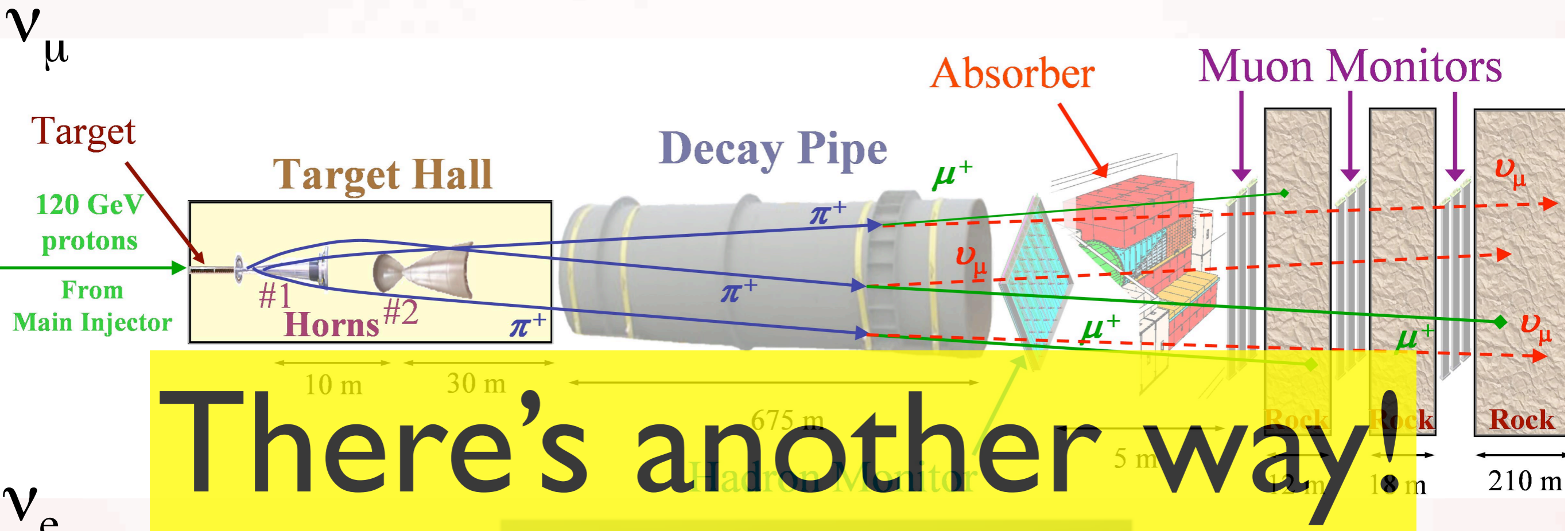
$\nu_{\mu}$

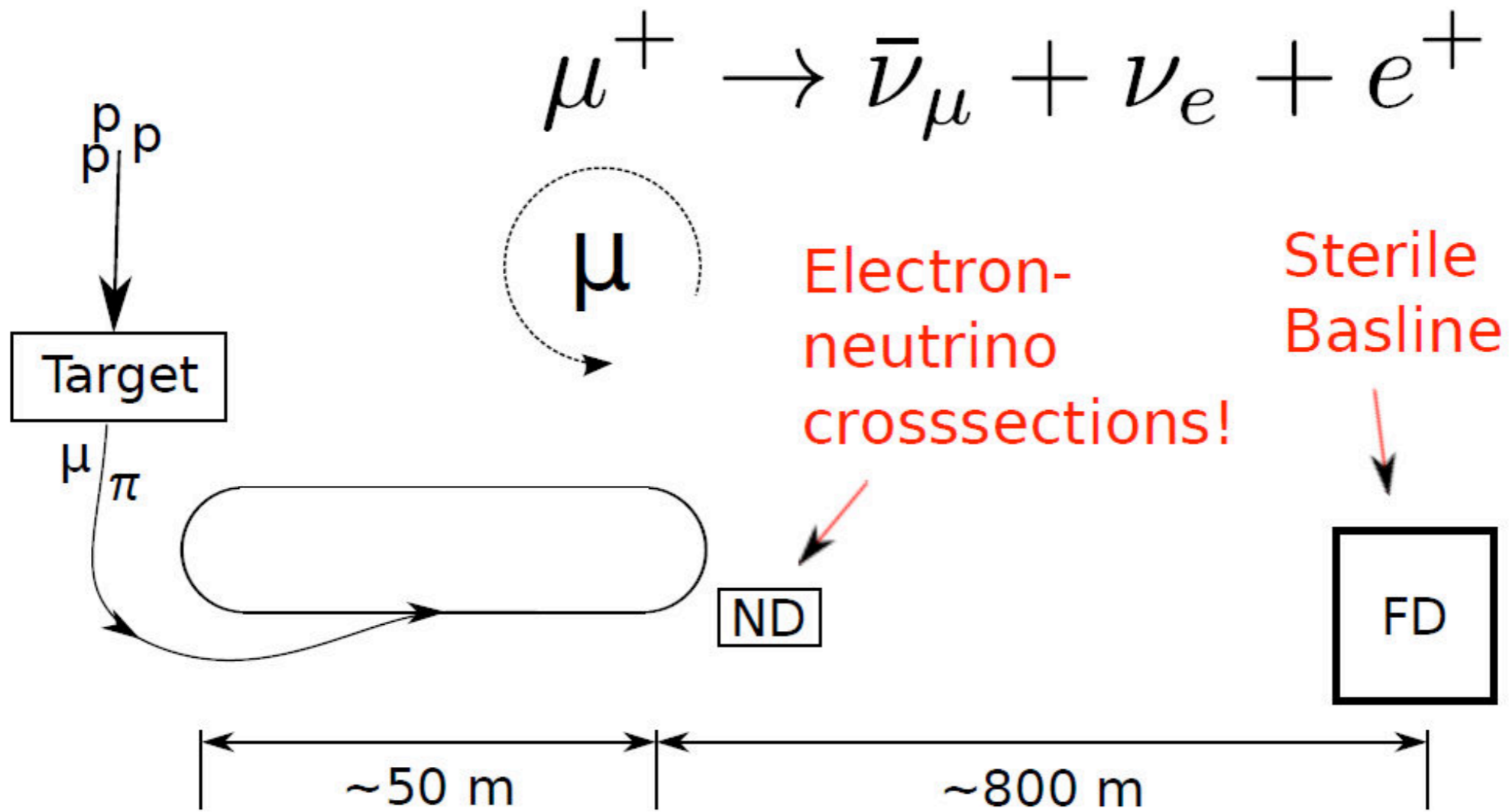


$\nu_e$



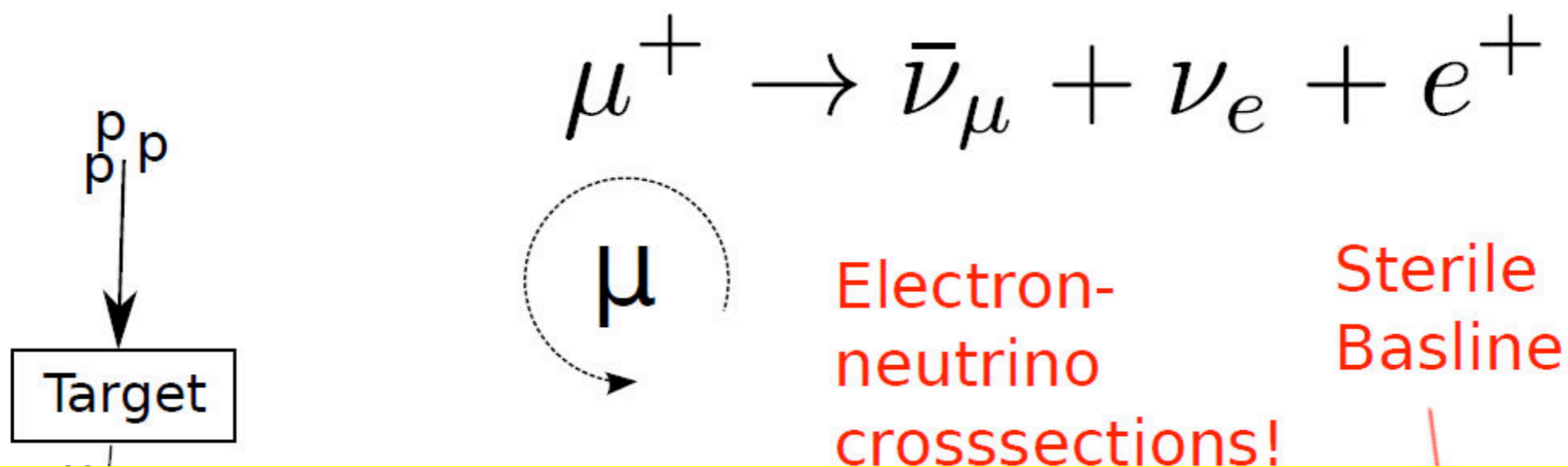
# Making a neutrino beam



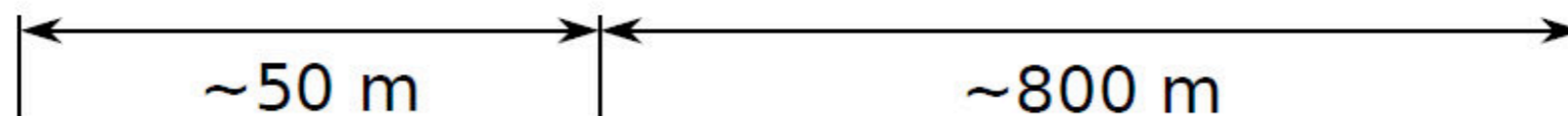


Appearance-only (though disappearance good too!)

$$Pr[e \rightarrow \mu] = 4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu4}|^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\Delta m_{41}^2 L}{4E}\right)$$



**Muon** final state! CPT invariant channel and muons easier to measure than electrons.



Appearance-only (though disappearance good too!)

$$Pr[e \rightarrow \mu] = 4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu4}|^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\Delta m_{41}^2 L}{4E}\right)$$

# Already Proposed

## Telemark 1980



### DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR A MUON STORAGE RING

David Neuffer  
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory\*, Batavia, ILL 60510

#### ABSTRACT

It was noted earlier<sup>1</sup> that a muon ( $\mu$ ) storage ring can provide neutrino ( $\nu$ ) beams of precisely knowable flux and therefore suitable for  $\nu$  oscillation experiments. In that paper it was suggested that parasitic use of the Fermilab  $\bar{p}$  pre-cooler could provide a useful  $\mu$  storage ring. In this paper design possibilities for  $\mu$  storage rings are explored. It is found that a low energy ( $\sim 1$  GeV) ring matched to a high intensity proton source (8 GeV Booster) is most practical and can provide  $\nu$  beams suitable for accurate tests of  $\nu$  oscillations.

Technology existed then,  
certainly exists now...

Also papers by Wolfenstein, Wu, Davis, Nakagawa, Bahcall, Cleveland. Great historical reads!

<http://www.slac.stanford.edu/econf/C801002/>

# Facility

- 2 GeV FFAG ring
- Fed from 60 GeV Main Injector
- 100 kW target station ->  $2 \times 10^{18}$  muons
- 800 m to 1 kt Iron sampling calorimeter  
(think MINOS near detector)
- Saturate the steel. SCTL from VLHC work.

# 3+1 BF Event Rates

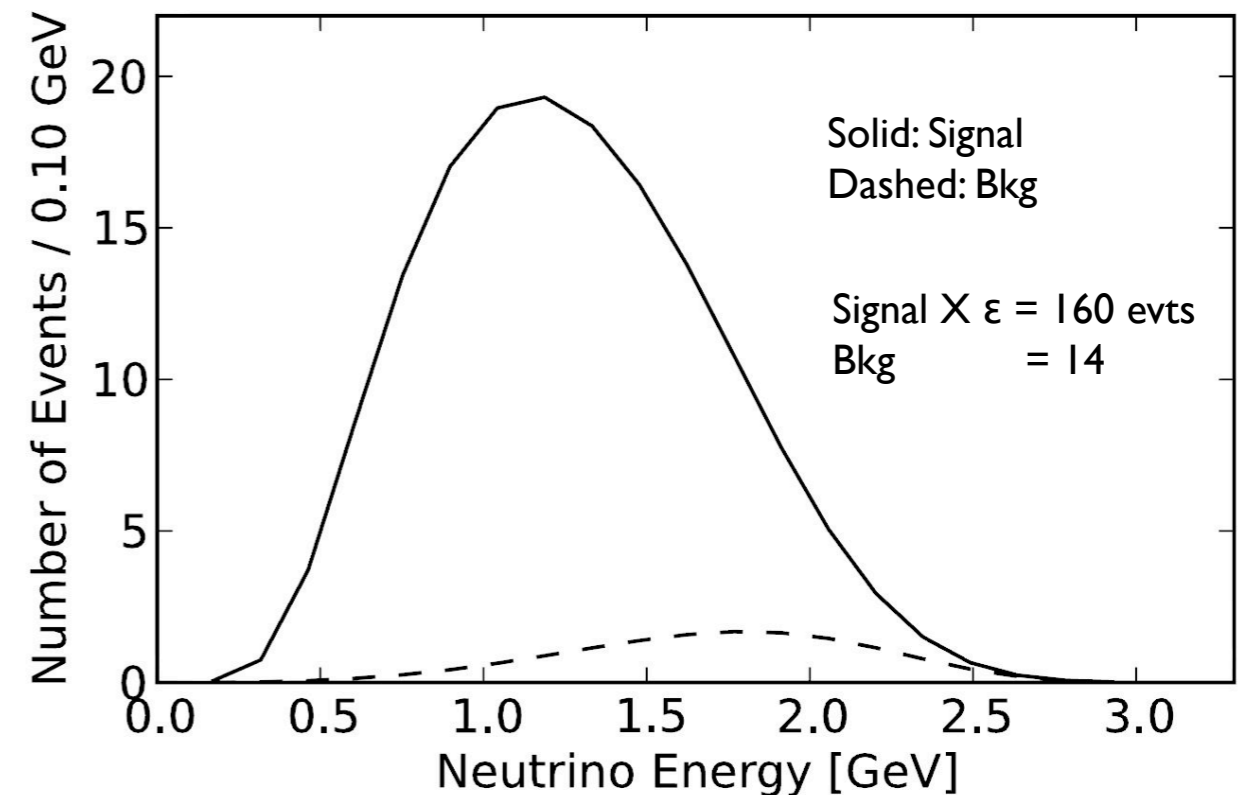
[ $\bar{\nu}$ -mode with stored  $\mu^-$ ]

Channel name	Number Events
$\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu$ CC	77
$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu$ CC	234133
$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu$ NC	85767
$\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ CC	79729
$\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ NC	32916

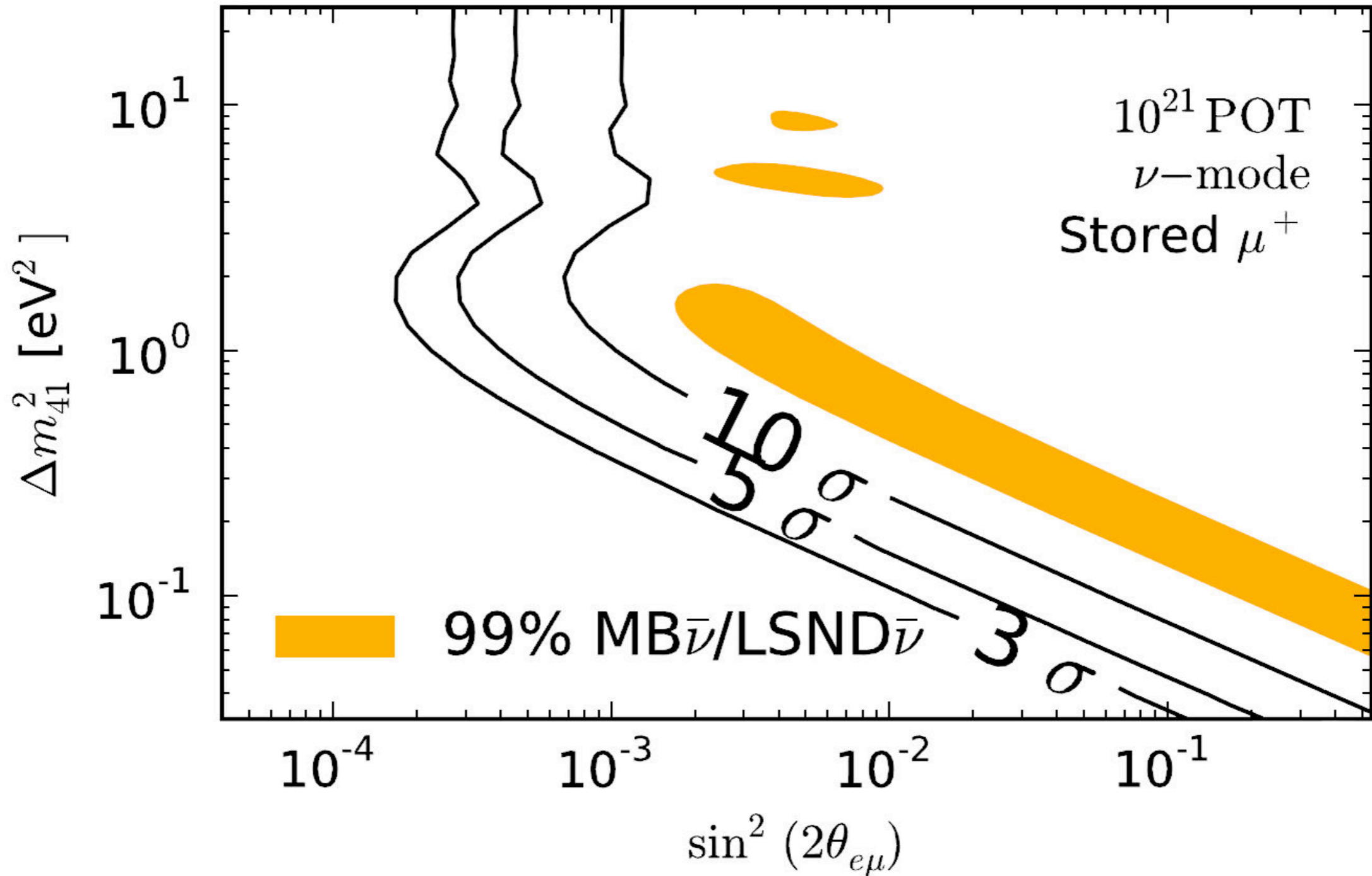
[ $\nu$ -mode with stored  $\mu^+$ ]

Channel name	Number Events
$\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu$ CC	200
$\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu$ CC	99237
$\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu$ NC	40329
$\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e$ CC	196441
$\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e$ NC	74098

Appearance channels

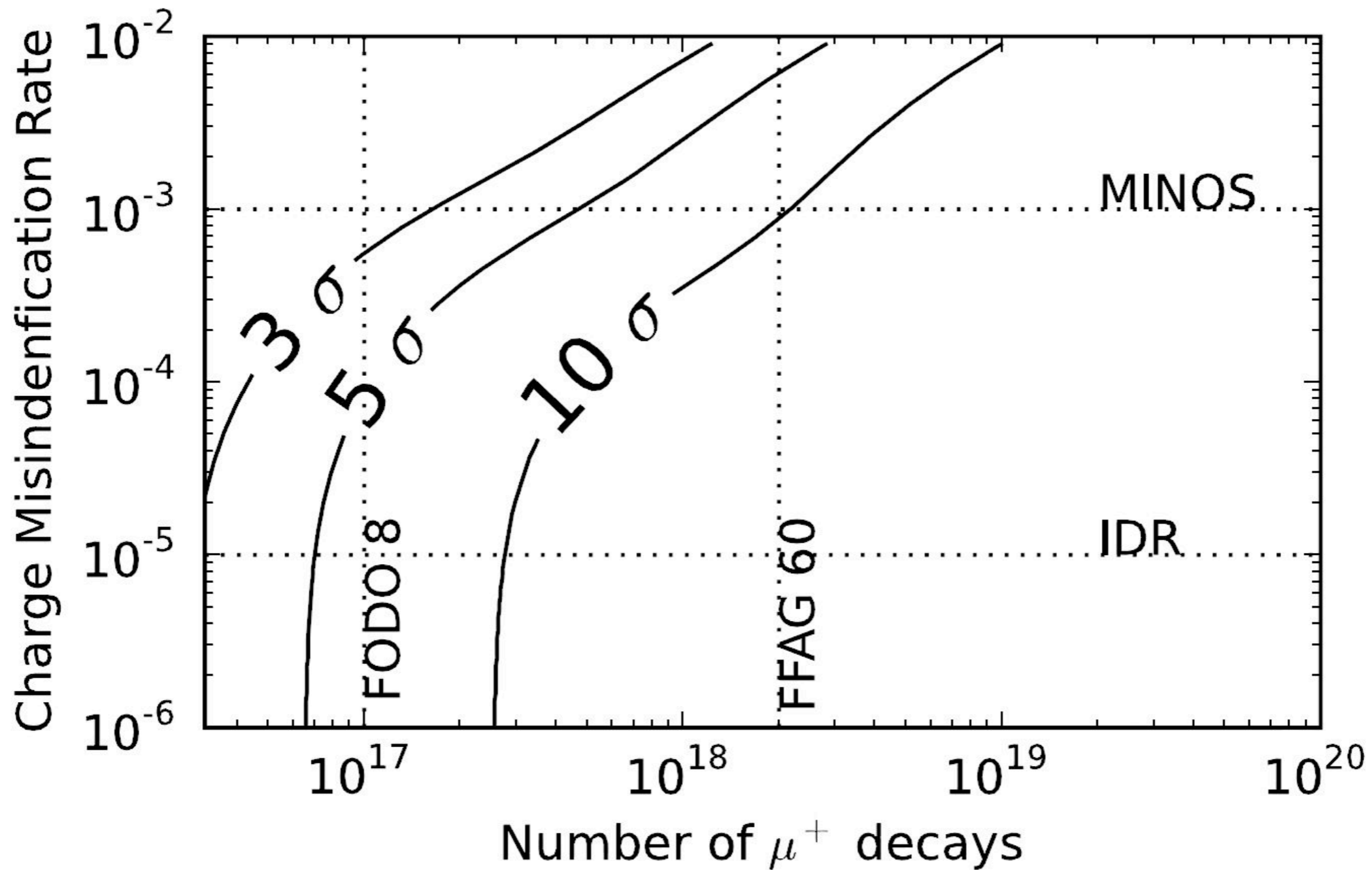


# CPT (LSND) Channel

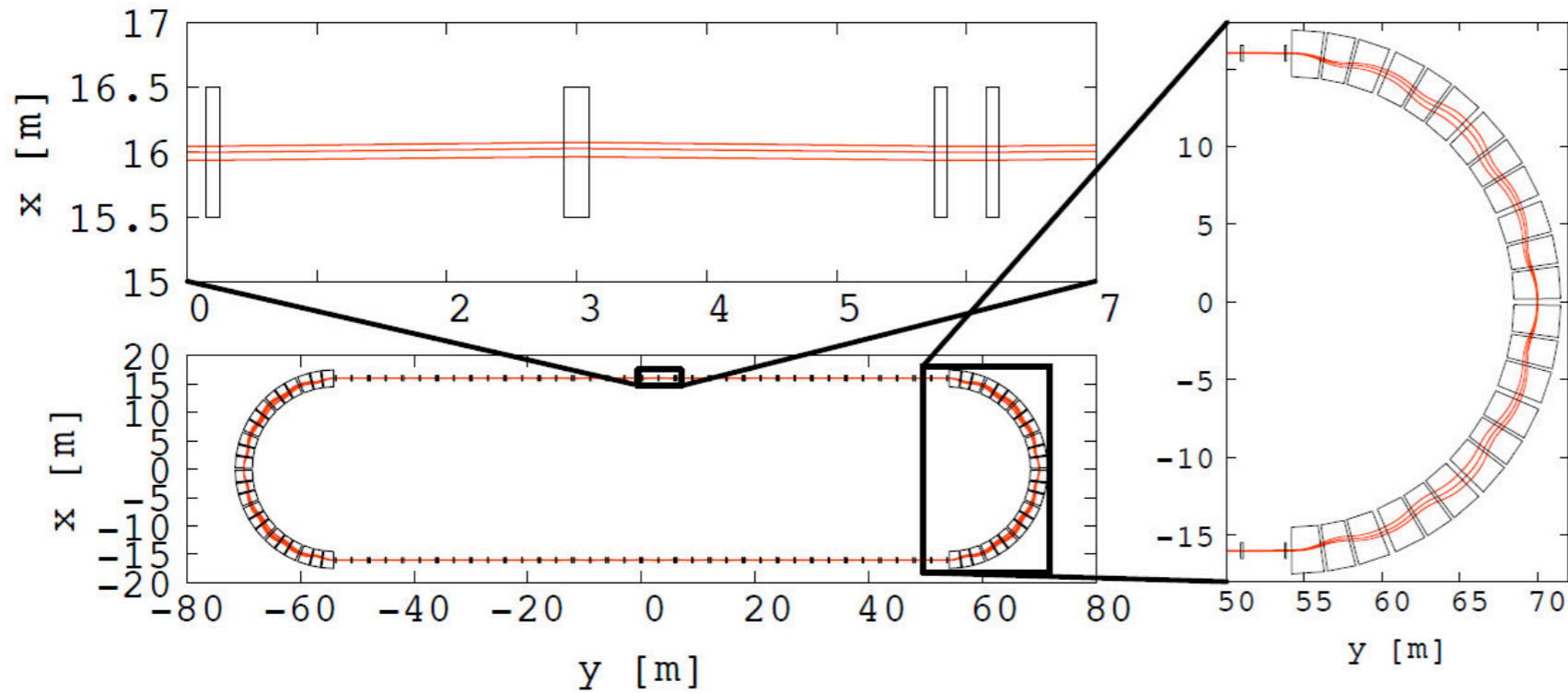




# Accelerator v.s. Detector

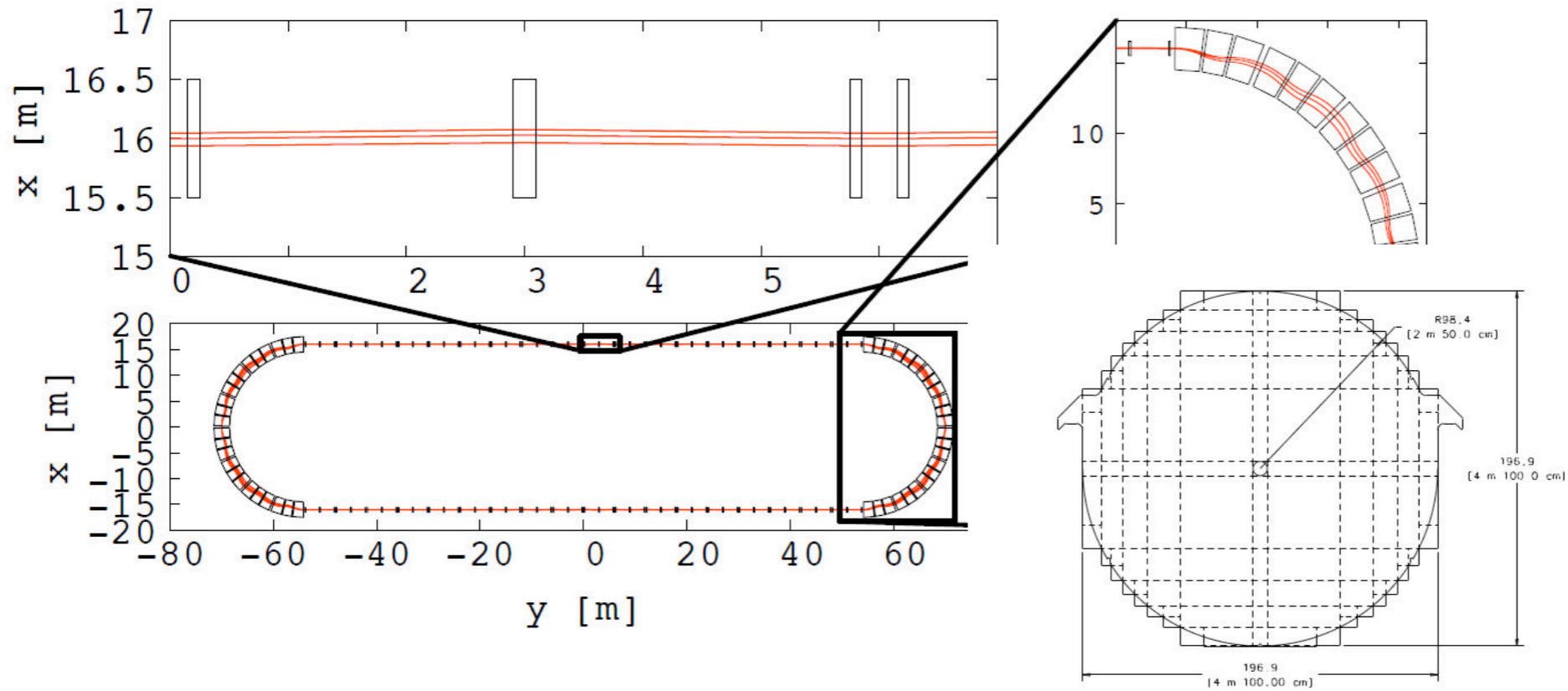


# Have drawings...



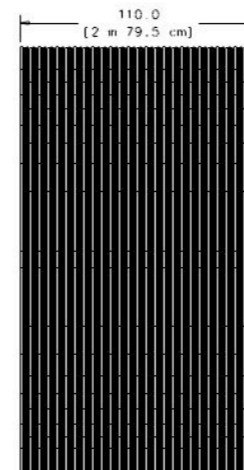
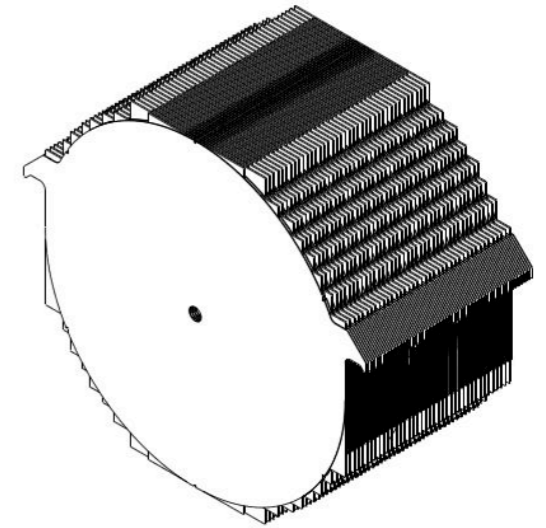
Akira Sato


# Have drawings...



APPROVED

LOI in progress



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED			ORIGINATOR
±	±	±	DRAWN
±	±	±	CHECKED
1. BREAK ALL SHARP EDGES	APPROVED		
2. DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	USED ON		
3. DIMENSIONS BASED UPON	MATERIAL		
4. MARK ALL MACH. SURFACES	✓		
5. DRAWING UNITS:			
 <b>FERMI NATIONAL ACCELERATOR I</b> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF			
SCALE	DRAWING NUMBER		

Akira Sato

# Conclusions

- Something weird is happening around mass splitting of an  $eV^2$
- Shown was a way one could solve the puzzle: no new technology
- Catch me in coffee to learn more