

Isolation Characteristics of Silicon Sensors Using Simulation Approach

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Si sensors will be used in the extremely harsh radiation environment in the present and future generation nuclear and high energy physics experiments. In addition, the double sided silicon sensors and single sided sensors in n+-p- configurations will face an additional problem of shorting of n+ strips. There are several techniques, like p-spray and p-stop, which provide inter-strip isolation, but, they have an additional impact on other electrical characteristics like inter-strip capacitance and breakdown voltage. The shortcoming of p-spray and p-stop isolation techniques can be reduced by using the combination of these two techniques along with multiple p-stops and metal overhang over p-stops. A comprehensive 2-D device simulation approach (using Silvaco TCAD tools) is used to find an optimized configuration. Simulations are performed on a n-type substrate with uniform doping concentration of $7 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ and thickness $300 \mu\text{m}$. The n+ strips of width $18 \mu\text{m}$ with pitch equal to $80 \mu\text{m}$ are used. The electron concentration, potential and electric field distributions are used to investigating device characteristics and optimizing design parameters.

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