

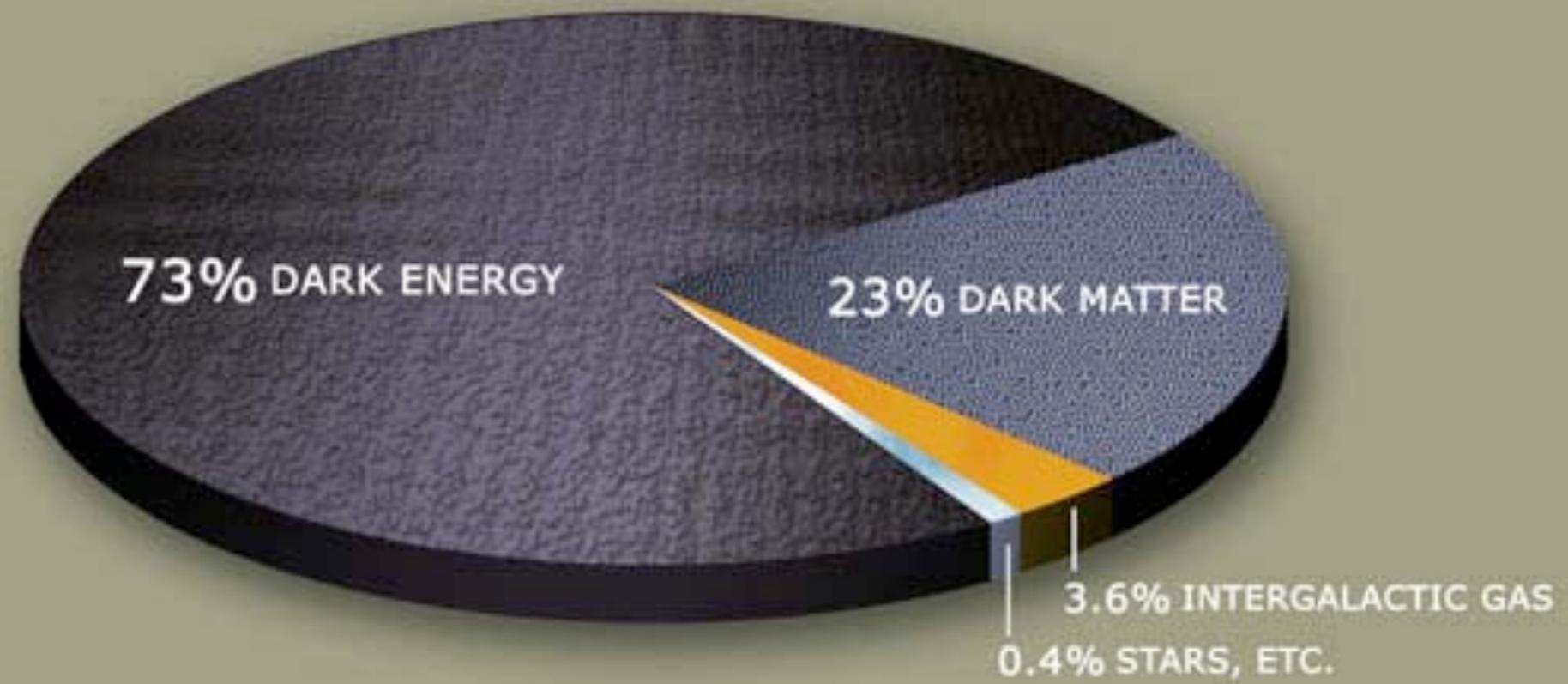
Dynamical Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

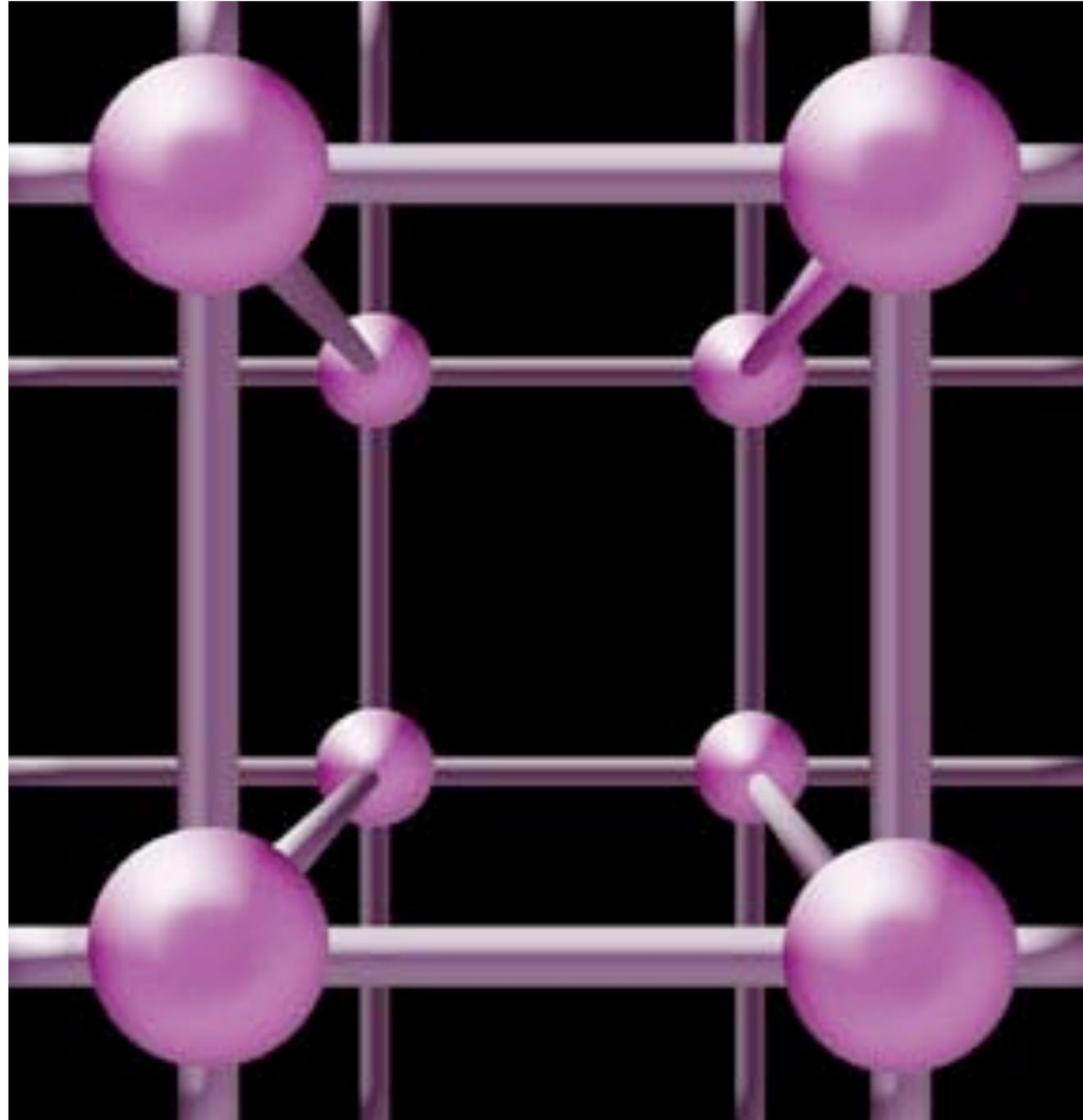
Francesco Sannino

Split 2008









Dynamical EW Breaking

Dynamical EW Breaking

$$L(H) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} F^{a\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^a + i \bar{Q} \gamma^\mu D_\mu Q + \dots$$

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Dots are partially fixed by Anomalies as well as other principles

Dynamical EW Breaking

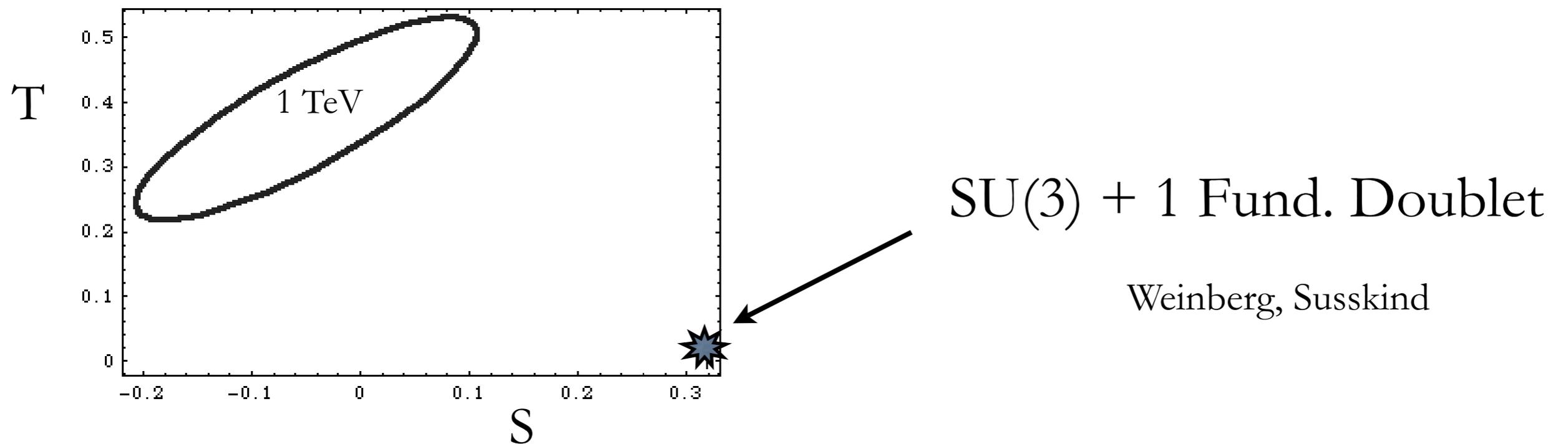
$$L(H) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} F^{a\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^a + i \bar{Q} \gamma^\mu D_\mu Q + \dots$$

Dots are partially fixed by Anomalies as well as other principles

$$\dots \rightarrow L(\text{New SM Fermions})$$

Large & Positive S from QCD-like Technicolor

Peskin and Takeuchi, 90



Kennedy-Lynn, Peskin-Takeuchi, Altarelli-Barbieri, Bertolini-Sirlin, Marciano-Rosner

The need to Extend Technicolor

$$\bar{L} \cdot H e_R \quad \longrightarrow \quad \bar{L} \frac{\bar{Q}Q}{\Lambda_{ETC}^2} e_R$$

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If TC/QCD - Like Dynamics

The need to Extend Technicolor

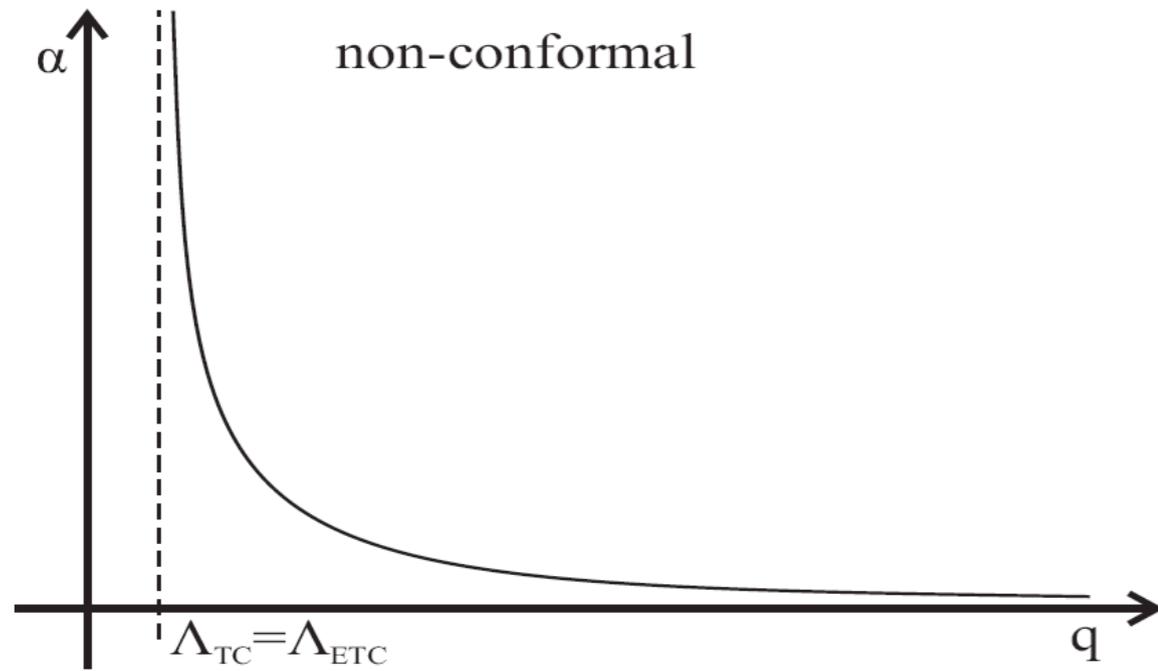
$$\bar{L} \cdot H e_R \quad \rightarrow \quad \bar{L} \frac{\bar{Q}Q}{\Lambda_{ETC}^2} e_R$$

If TC/QCD - Like Dynamics

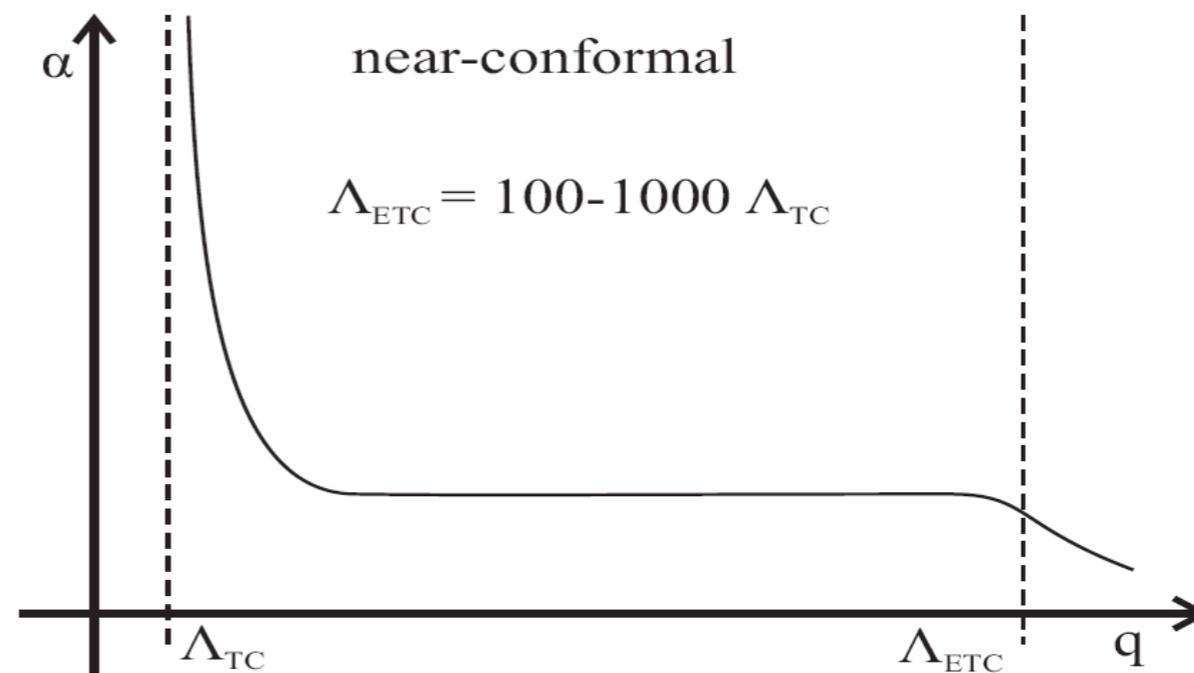
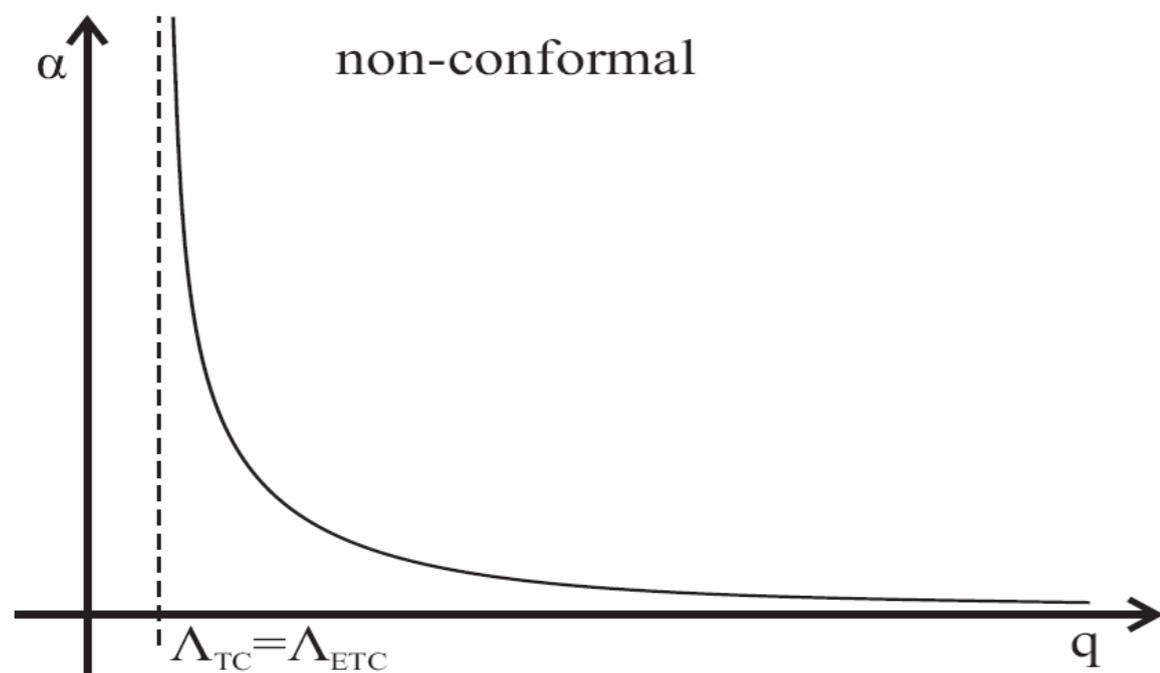
Heavy Quarks \Leftrightarrow Large FCNC

Walking versus Running

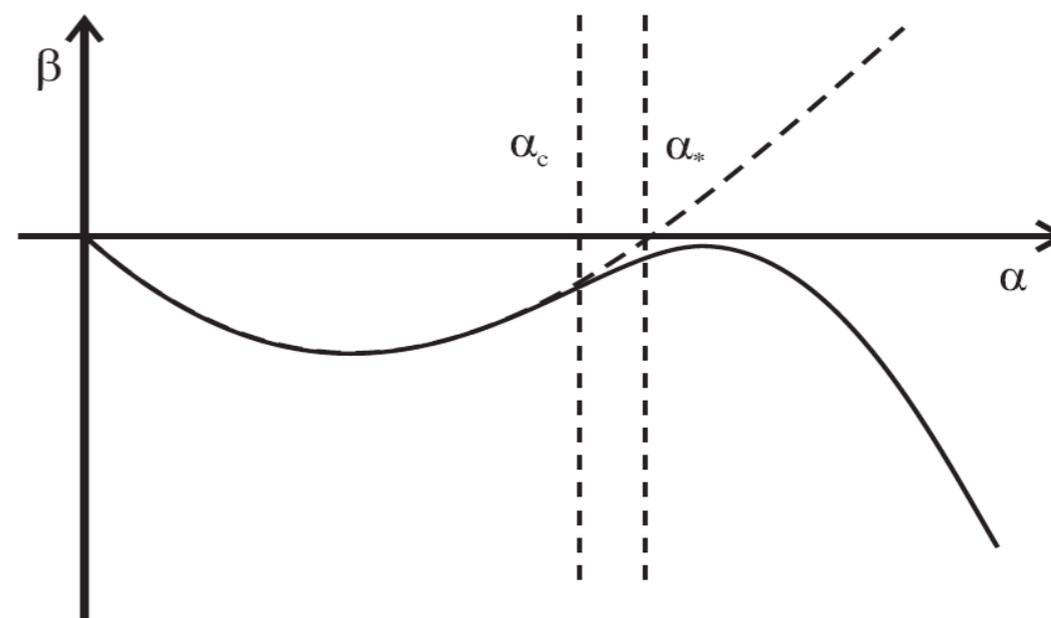
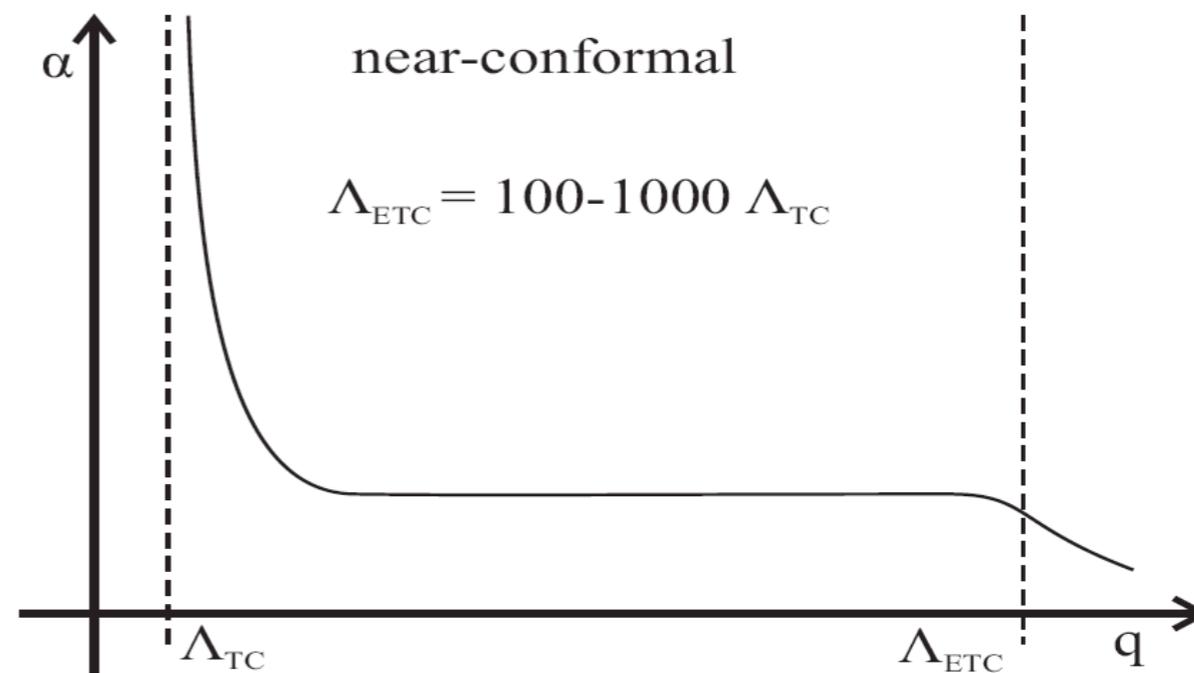
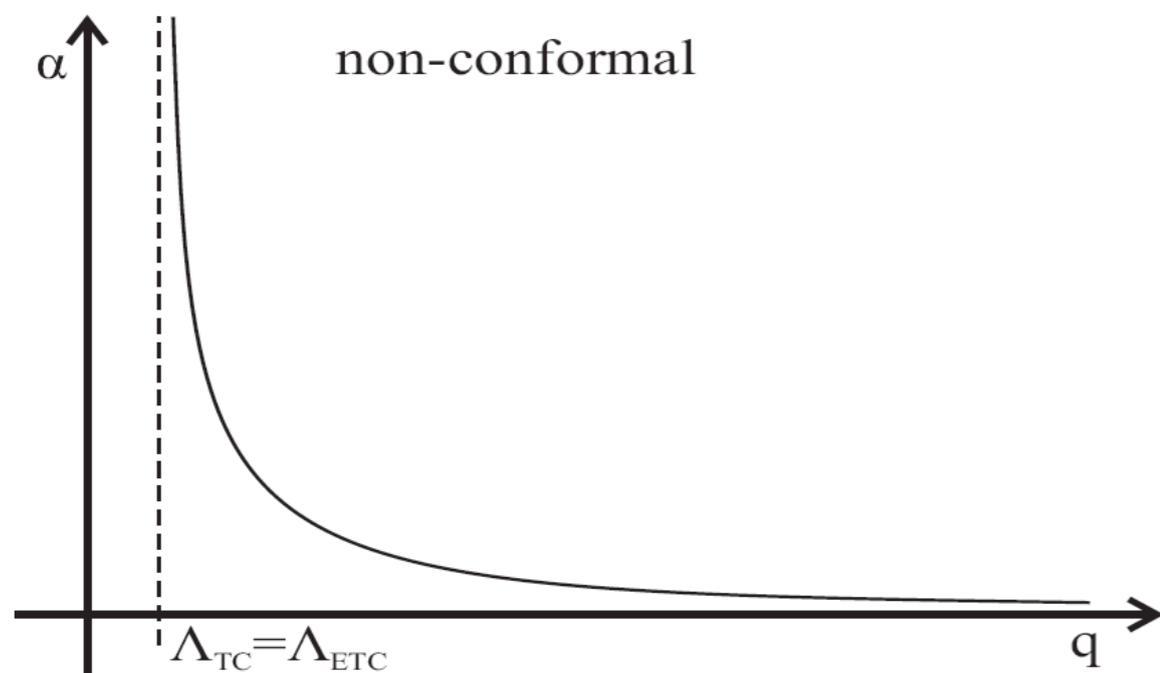
Near Conformal Properties



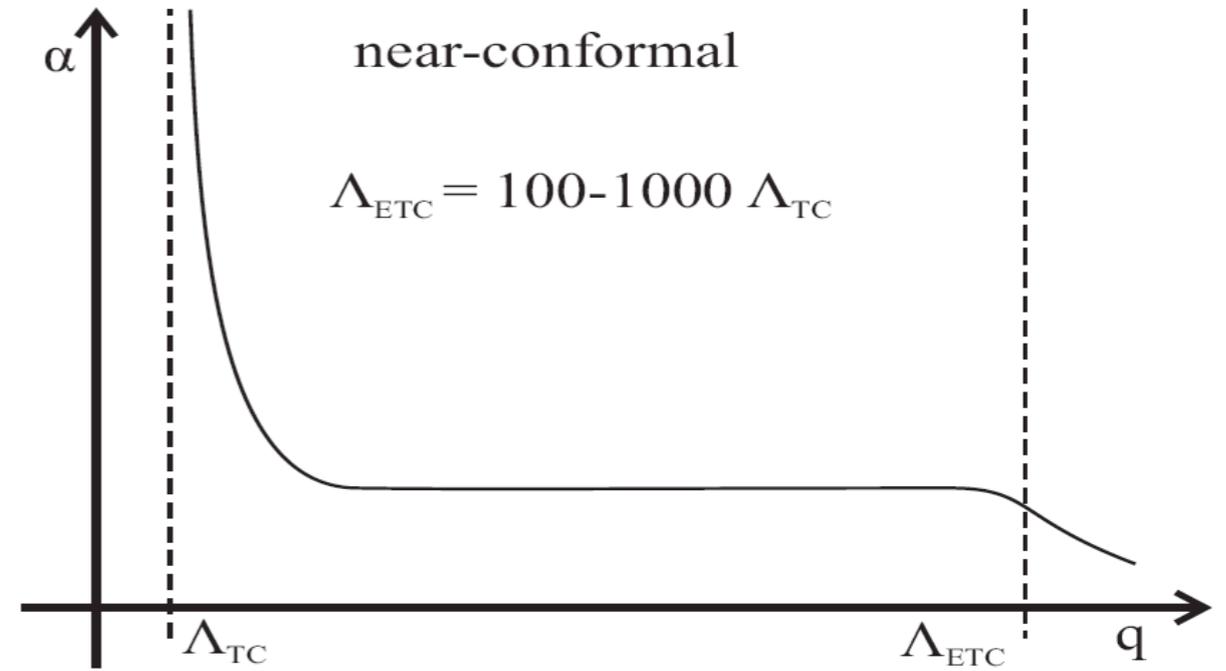
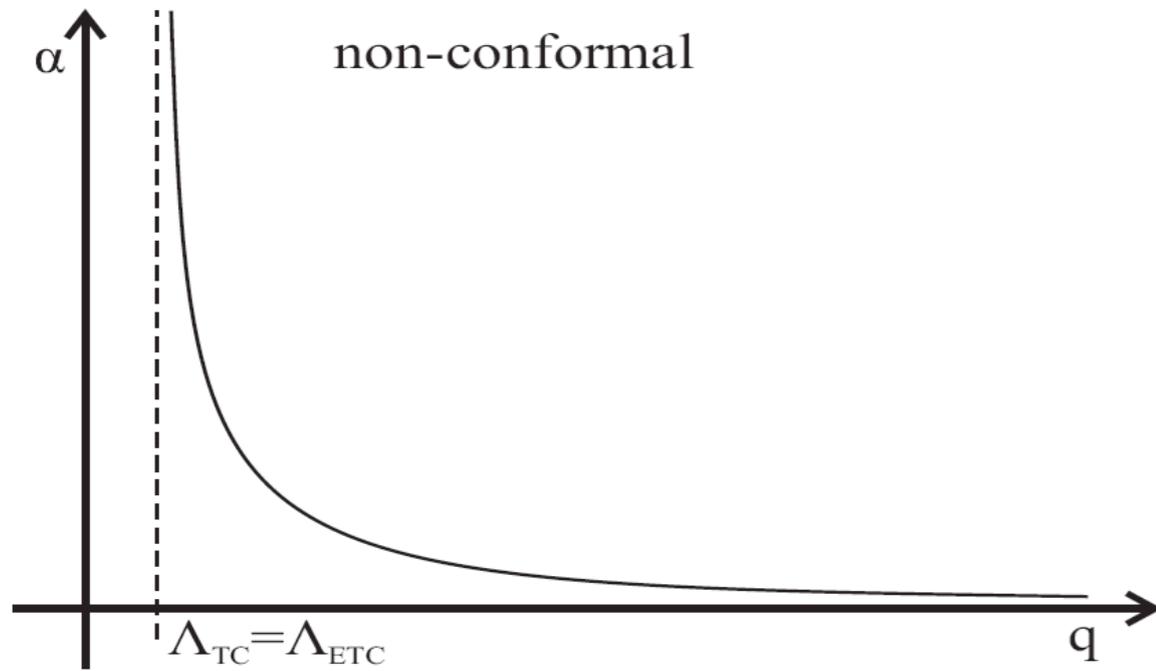
Near Conformal Properties



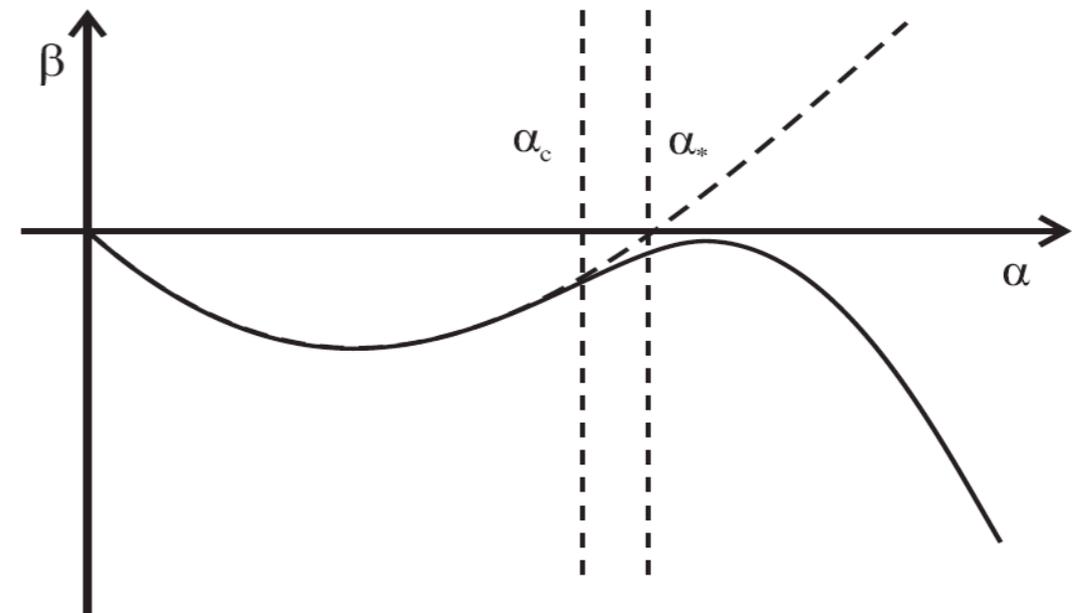
Near Conformal Properties



Near Conformal Properties



Holdom
Eichten and Lane
Appelquist, Yamawaki, Miransky
Georgi, Cohen
Shrock
.....



S in Walking Technicolor

S in Walking Technicolor

$$S_{WTC} < S_{TC}$$

Appelquist, F.S.

S in Walking Technicolor

$$S_{WTC} < S_{TC}$$

Appelquist, F.S.

We will take as an estimate:

S in Walking Technicolor

$$S_{WTC} < S_{TC}$$

Appelquist, F.S.

We will take as an estimate:

$$S_{WTC} \approx S_{\text{naive}} = \frac{1}{6\pi} \frac{N_f}{2} d(R)$$

Besides

Besides

$$S = S_{(W)TC} + S_{NS}$$

Besides

$$S = S_{(W)TC} + S_{NS}$$

Besides

$$S = S_{(W)TC} + S_{NS}$$



Offset the first term

Besides

$$S = S_{(W)TC} + S_{NS}$$



Offset the first term

Rule:

Find Walking Theories with EW embedding minimizing S

Progress in Strong Dynamics:

Progress in Strong Dynamics:

Schwinger Dyson results for Higher Dim. Rep

F.S. and Tuominen 04

Dietrich, F.S. 06

Progress in Strong Dynamics:

Schwinger Dyson results for Higher Dim. Rep

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Dietrich, F.S. 06

Conjectured all-orders beta function

Ryttov, F.S. 07

Progress in Strong Dynamics:

Schwinger Dyson results for Higher Dim. Rep

F.S. and Tuominen 04
Dietrich, F.S. 06

Conjectured all-orders beta function

Ryttov, F.S. 07

Lattice

Catterall, F.S. 07

Appelquist, Fleming, Neil 07

Catterall, Giedt, F.S., Schneible 08

Del Debbio, Frandsen, Panagopoulos, F.S. 08

DeGrand, Shamir, Svetitsky, 08

Del Debbio, Patella, Pica, 08

Deuzman, Lombardo, Pallante 08

Minimal Walking Technicolor

F.S. and Tuominen 04

Minimal Walking Technicolor

F.S. and Tuominen 04

Dietrich, F.S. Tuominen 06

Gudnason, Kouvaris, F.S. 06

Gudnason, Rytto, F.S. 06

Foadi, Frandsen, Rytto, F.S. 07

Cline, Jarvinen, F.S. 08

Belyaev, Foadi, Frandsen, Jarvinen, Pukhov, F.S. 08

The standard model

Elementary particles

Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson
Leptons	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W^+ W+ boson
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	W^- W- boson
		Higgs* boson	g gluon	

U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)

Source: AAAS

*Yet to be confirmed

The standard model

Elementary particles

Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson
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	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	W⁻ W ⁻ boson
			Higgs* boson	g gluon

Force carriers

U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)

N
Extra Neutrino

E
Extra Electron

U
t-up

G
t-gluon

SU(2)

D
t-down

U and D: Adj of SU(2)

Source: AAAS

*Yet to be confirmed

MWT Features

MWT Features

The most economical WT theory

MWT Features

The most economical WT theory

Compatible with precision measurements

MWT Features

The most economical WT theory

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Possible DM candidates and Unification investigated

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Can support 1st order Electroweak Phase Transition

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Lattice studies have begun

Ultra Minimal Walking Technicolor

Ryttov and F.S. 08

Eichten and Lane

The standard model

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U(1)

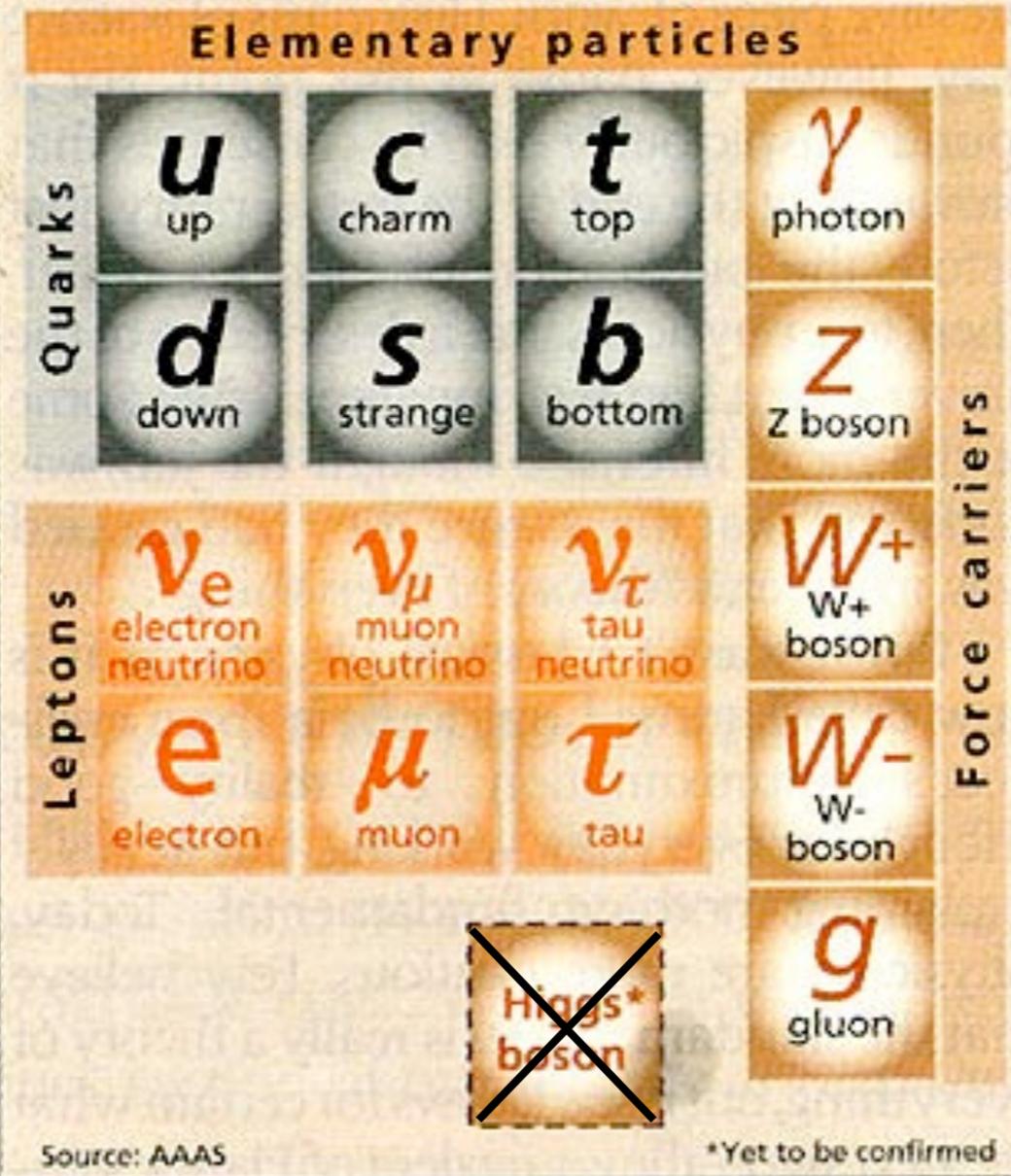
SU(2)

SU(3)

Source: AAAS

*Yet to be confirmed

The standard model



U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)

SU(2)

U and D: Fund of SU(2)

t-lambdas: Adj of SU(2)
Singlet of SM
Weyl Fermions

U
t-up

G
t-gluon

D
t-down

$\lambda^1 \lambda^2$
t-lambda

UMT Features

UMT Features

The most economical “2 rep” WT theory

UMT Features

The most economical “2 rep” WT theory

Smallest naive S-parameter & # of fermions

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Order of the Electroweak PT under investigation

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Rich unexplored Collider Phenomenology

The MWT Lagrangian

The MWT Lagrangian

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H \rightarrow & -\frac{1}{4}\mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^a\mathcal{F}^{a\mu\nu} + i\bar{Q}_L\gamma^\mu D_\mu Q_L + i\bar{U}_R\gamma^\mu D_\mu U_R + i\bar{D}_R\gamma^\mu D_\mu D_R \\ & + i\bar{L}_L\gamma^\mu D_\mu L_L + i\bar{N}_R\gamma^\mu D_\mu N_R + i\bar{E}_R\gamma^\mu D_\mu E_R\end{aligned}$$

The MWT Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_H \rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^a \mathcal{F}^{a\mu\nu} + i\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu D_\mu Q_L + i\bar{U}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu U_R + i\bar{D}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu D_R \right. \\ \left. + i\bar{L}_L \gamma^\mu D_\mu L_L + i\bar{N}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu N_R + i\bar{E}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu E_R \right]$$

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$$\mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^a = \partial_\mu \mathcal{A}_\nu^a - \partial_\nu \mathcal{A}_\mu^a + g_{TC} \epsilon^{abc} \mathcal{A}_\mu^b \mathcal{A}_\nu^c \quad a, b, c = 1, \dots, 3$$

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$$D_\mu Q_L^a = \left(\delta^{ac} \partial_\mu + g_{TC} \mathcal{A}_\mu^b \epsilon^{abc} - i\frac{g}{2} \vec{W}_\mu \cdot \vec{\tau} \delta^{ac} - ig' \frac{y}{2} B_\mu \delta^{ac} \right) Q_L^c$$

The MWT Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_H \rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^a \mathcal{F}^{a\mu\nu} + i\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu D_\mu Q_L + i\bar{U}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu U_R + i\bar{D}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu D_R \right. \\ \left. + i\bar{L}_L \gamma^\mu D_\mu L_L + i\bar{N}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu N_R + i\bar{E}_R \gamma^\mu D_\mu E_R \right]$$

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$$D_\mu Q_L^a = \left(\delta^{ac} \partial_\mu + g_{TC} \mathcal{A}_\mu^b \epsilon^{abc} - i\frac{g}{2} \vec{W}_\mu \cdot \vec{\tau} \delta^{ac} - ig' \frac{y}{2} B_\mu \delta^{ac} \right) Q_L^c$$

What you see is “not” what LHC will see

MWT effective lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}(\text{Composites}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{Mixing with SM}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{New Leptons}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{SM} - \text{Higgs})$$

MWT effective lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}(\text{Composites}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{Mixing with SM}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{New Leptons}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{SM} - \text{Higgs})$$

MWT effective lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}(\text{Composites}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{Mixing with SM}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{New Leptons}) + \mathcal{L}(\text{SM} - \text{Higgs})$$

Initial investigation we include:

Composite Higgs

H

Composite Axial - Vector States

$R_{1,2}$

Comprehensive Effective Technicolor Lagrangian

Vector Mesons

Yukawas

** Link to MWT via Modified Weinberg Sum Rules **

Written in a renormalizable form

With imposed constraints from Precision Data

Comprehensive Effective Technicolor Lagrangian

Vector Mesons

Yukawas

** Link to MWT via Modified Weinberg Sum Rules **

Written in a renormalizable form

With imposed constraints from Precision Data

A working technicolor benchmark

LHC Phenomenology

In collaboration with

A. Belyaev

R. Foadi

M. T. Frandsen

M. O. Jarvinen

A. Pukhov

BFFJPS arXiv:0809.0793

CalcHep

Heavy Vectors Signals

Drell-Yan production of heavy vectors

Vector Boson Fusion production of heavy vectors

Can be seen via HW and HZ production

$$R_{1,2}$$

Composite Higgs Signals

Associate Higgs Production

BFFJPS 08, Zerwekh 05

Higgs $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

Belyaev, Blum, Chivukula, Simmons 05

Further Signatures

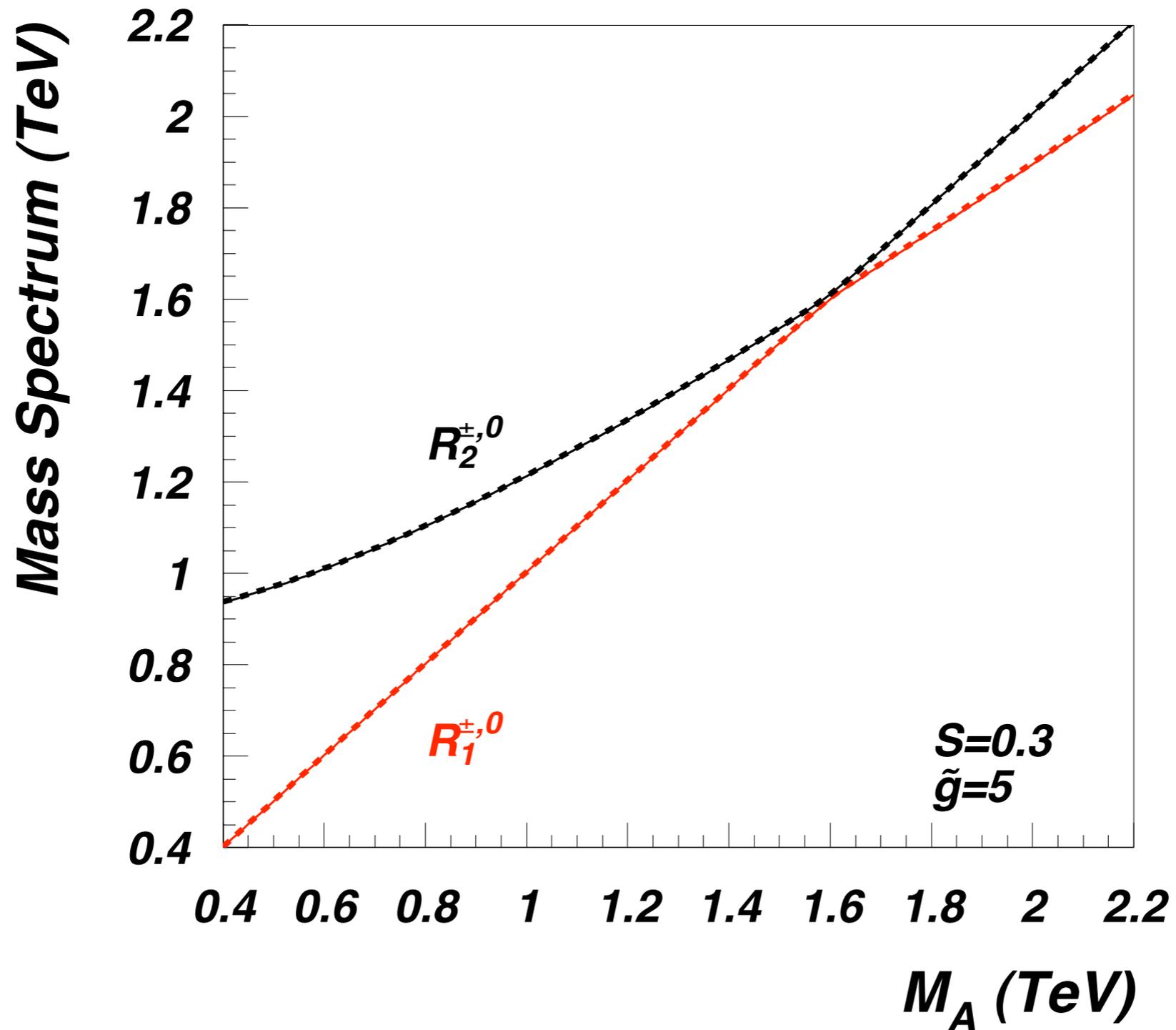
New SM Fermions

Dietrich, F.S., Tuominen 05
Gudnason, Rytto & F.S. 08

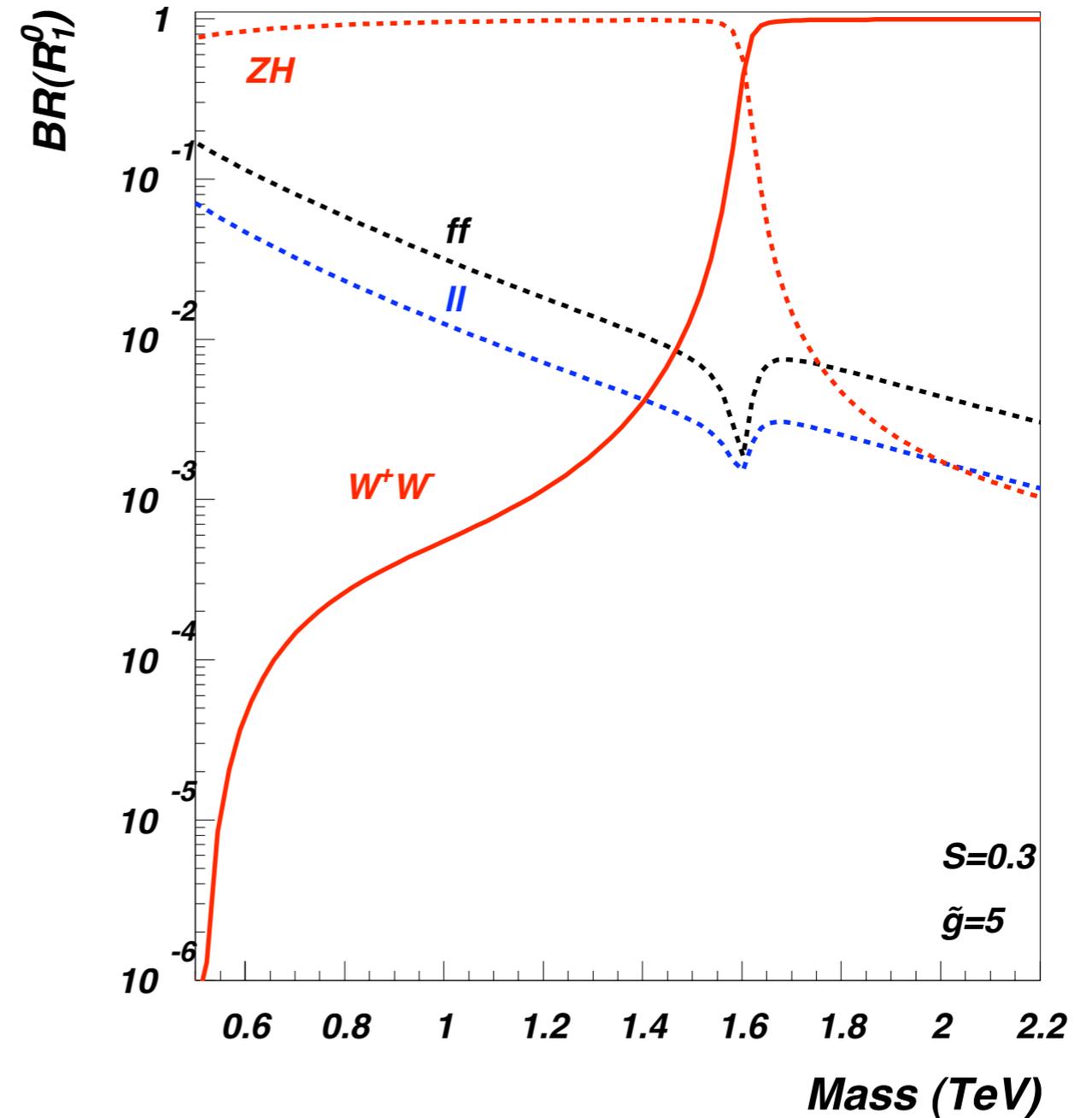
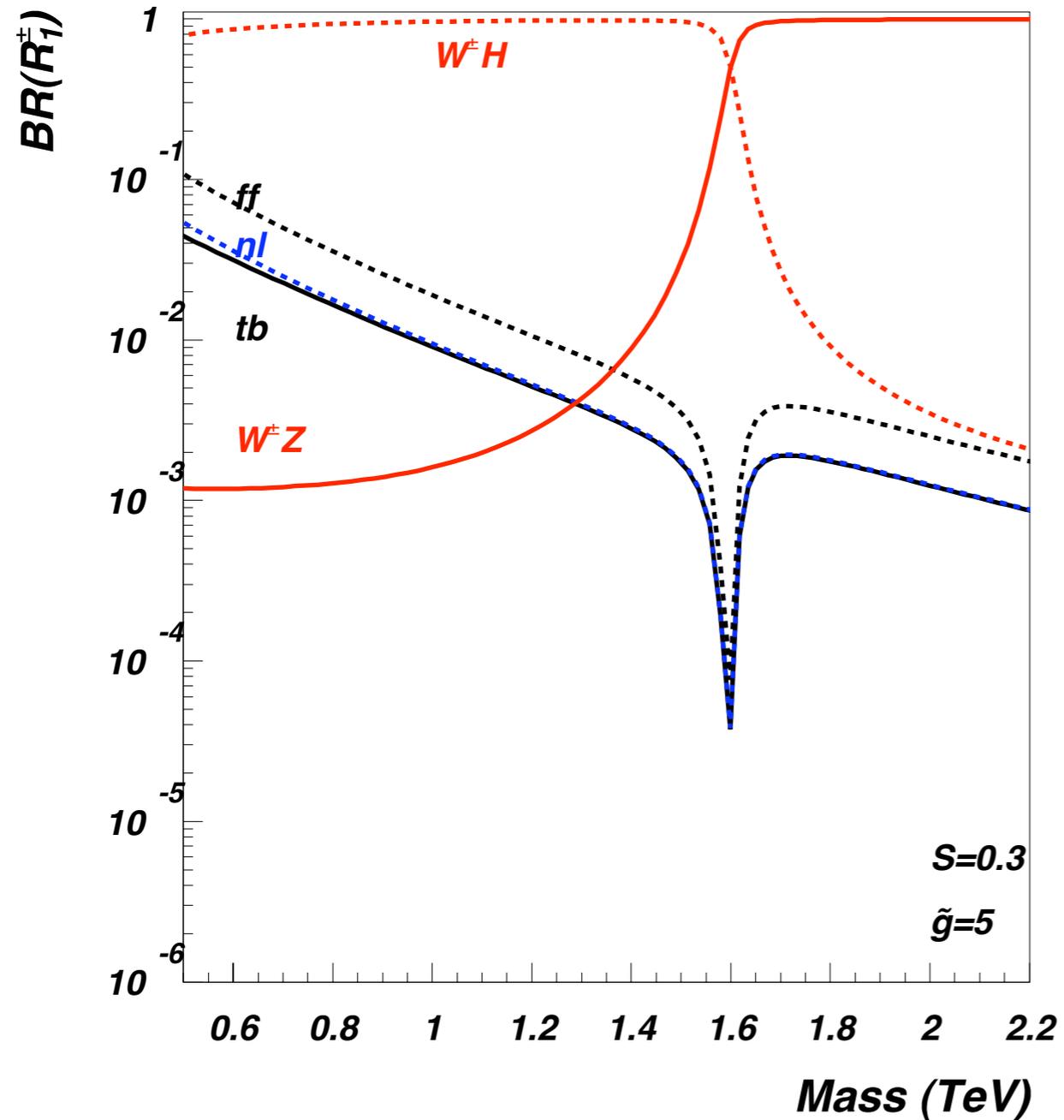
DM candidates

Rytto & F.S. 08
Gudnason, Kouvaris & F.S. 05
Kainulainen, Tuominen, Virkajarvi 06
Kouvaris 07; Kouvaris, Khlopov 08

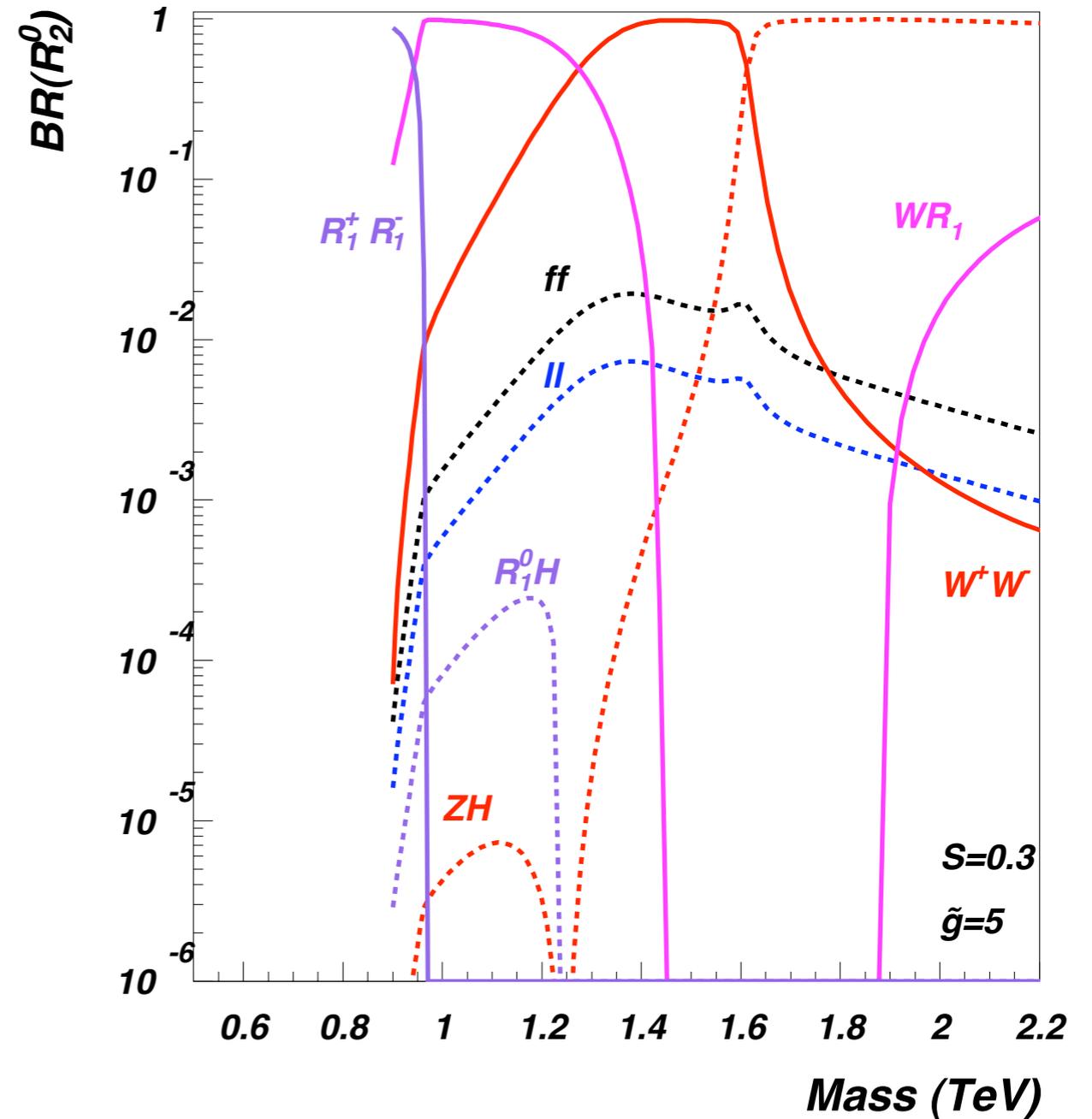
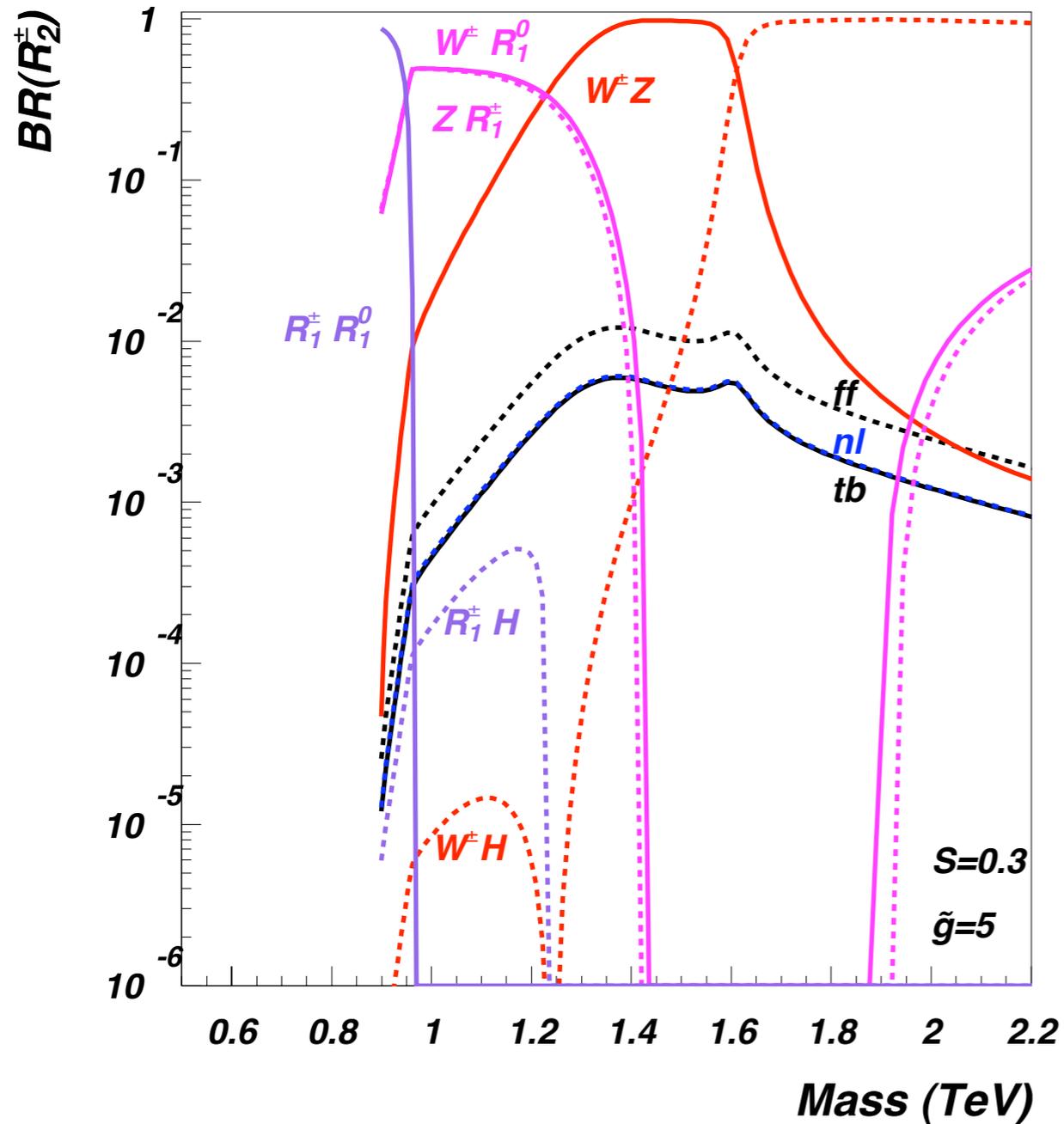
Vector-Axial Spectrum



Vector Resonances Branching Ratios



Vector Resonances Branching Ratios



$$pp \rightarrow HV$$

Walking/Higher dim. rep. can allow for:

Light Composite Higgs

F.S. 08

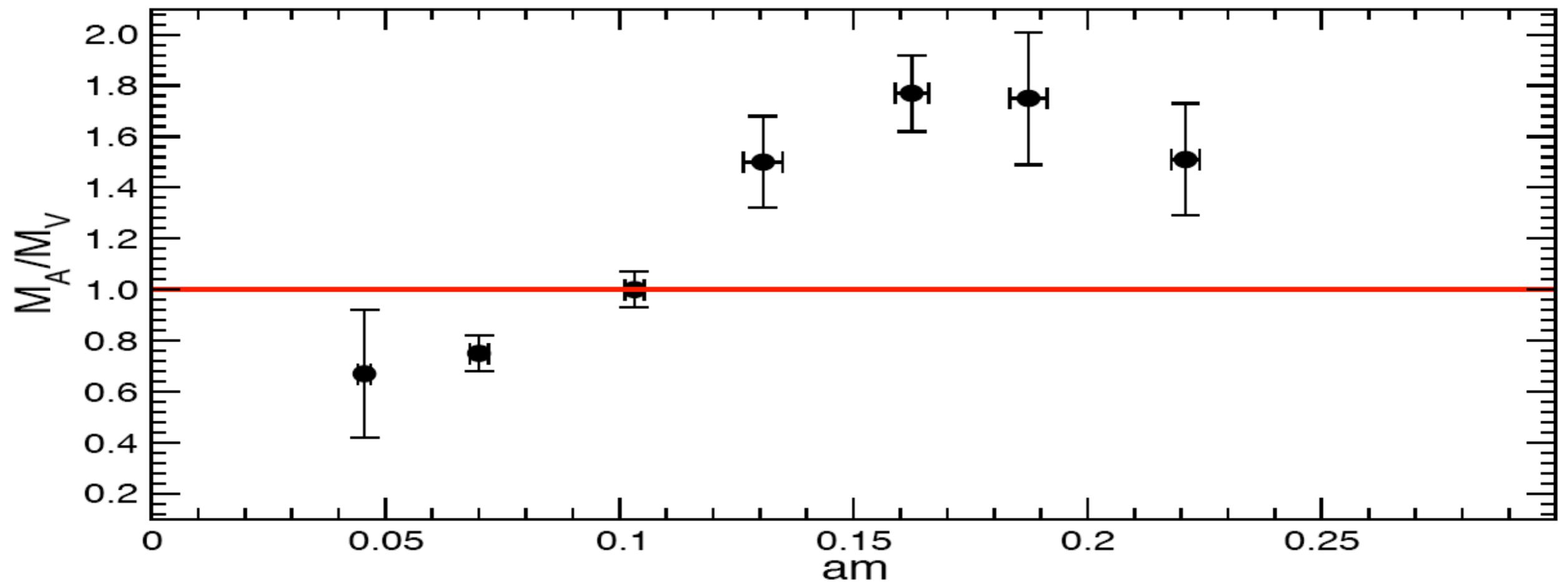
Hong, Hsu, F.S. 04

Dietrich, F.S., Tuominen 05

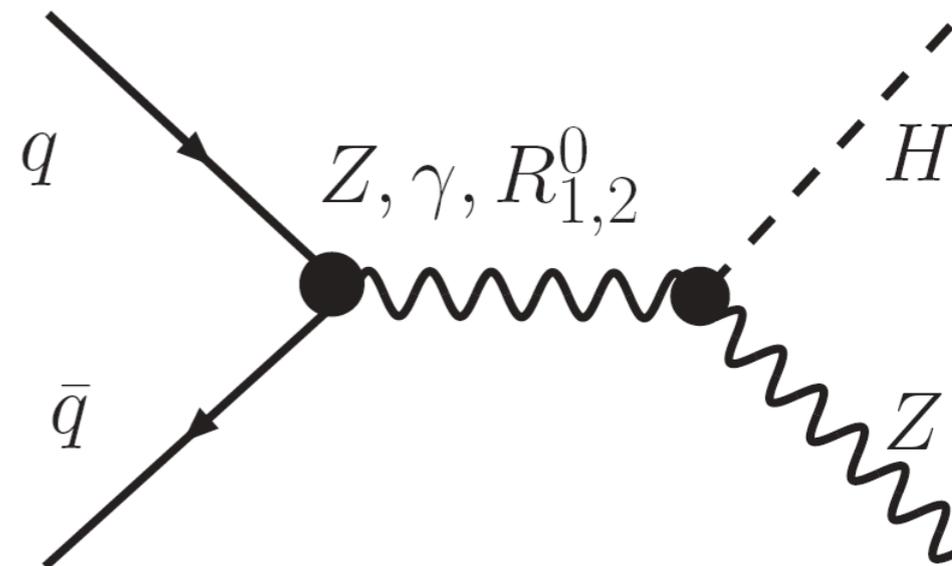
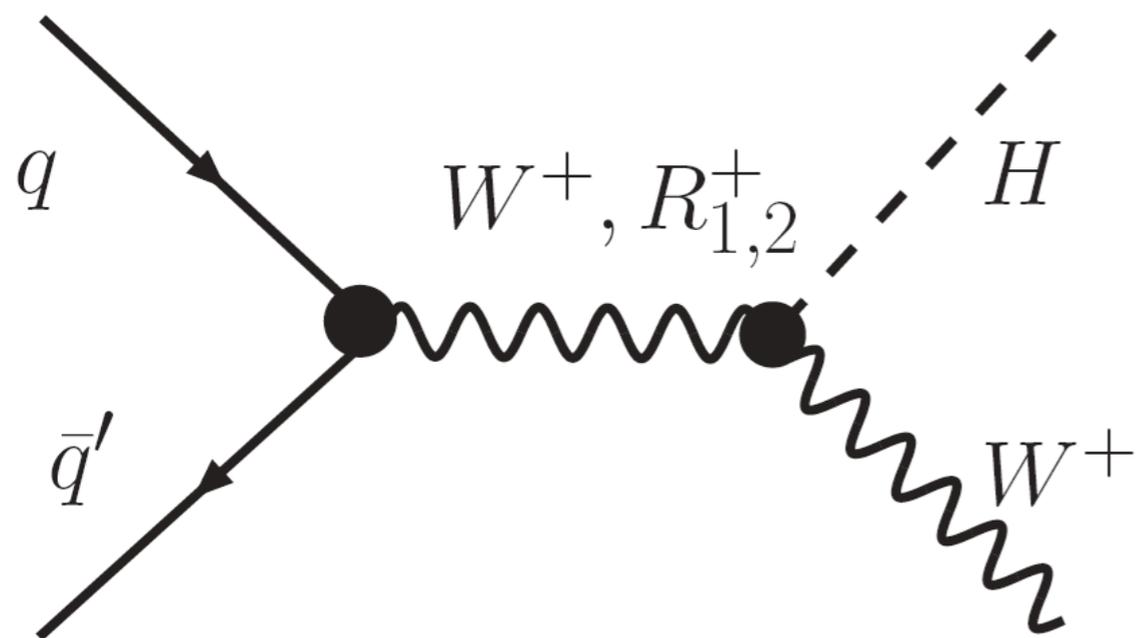
Light Composite Axial

Foadi, Frandsen, Rytto F.S., 07

Preliminary V-A Spectrum from Lattice

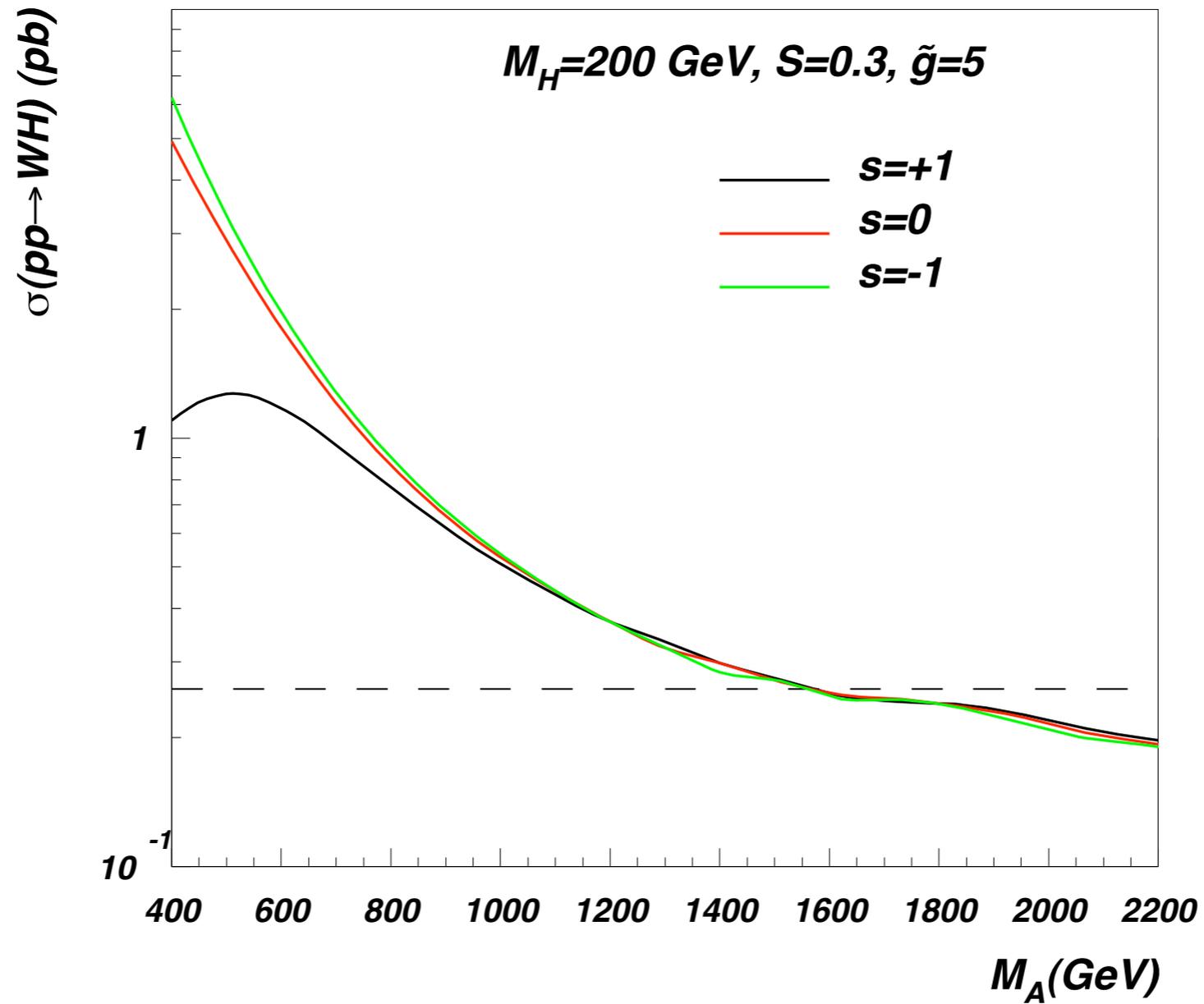


$$pp \rightarrow HV$$



$$HV \rightarrow VVV \rightarrow \text{leptons} + \text{jets}$$

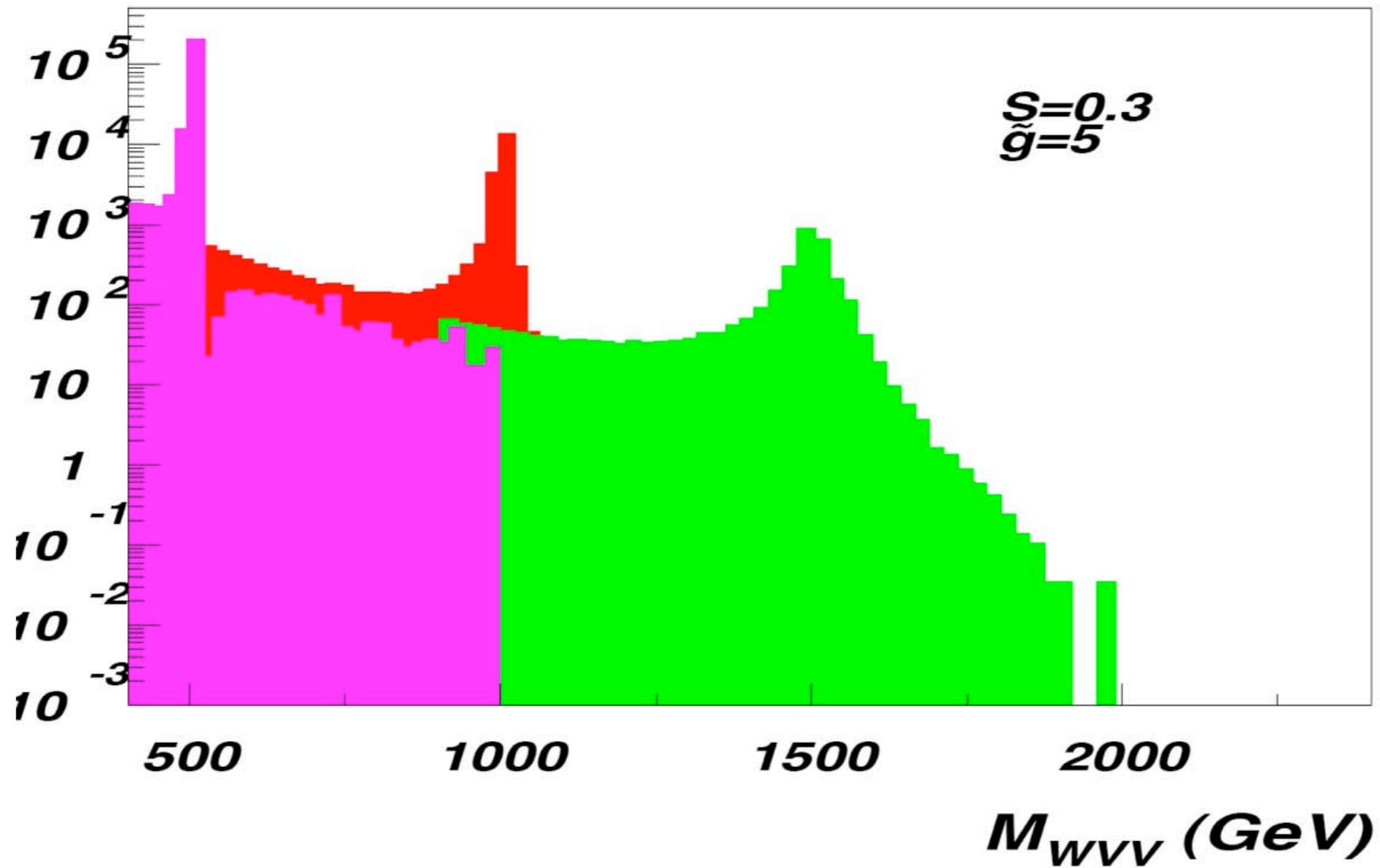
$$pp \rightarrow HV$$



$$HV \rightarrow VVV \rightarrow \text{leptons} + \text{jets}$$

$$pp \rightarrow HW^\pm \rightarrow VVW^\pm$$

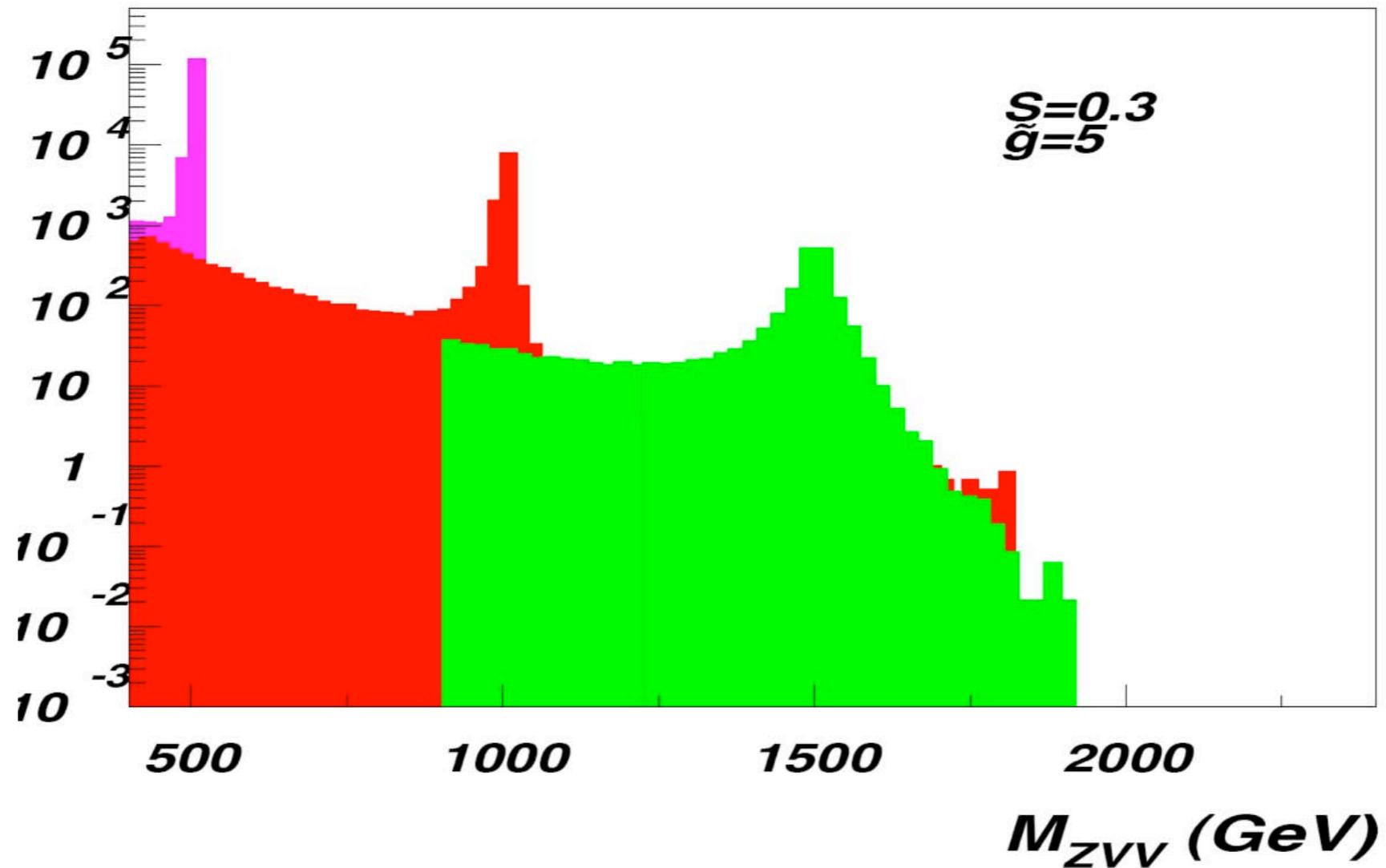
Number of events/20GeV @ 100 fb⁻¹



Axial vector intermediate state peaks

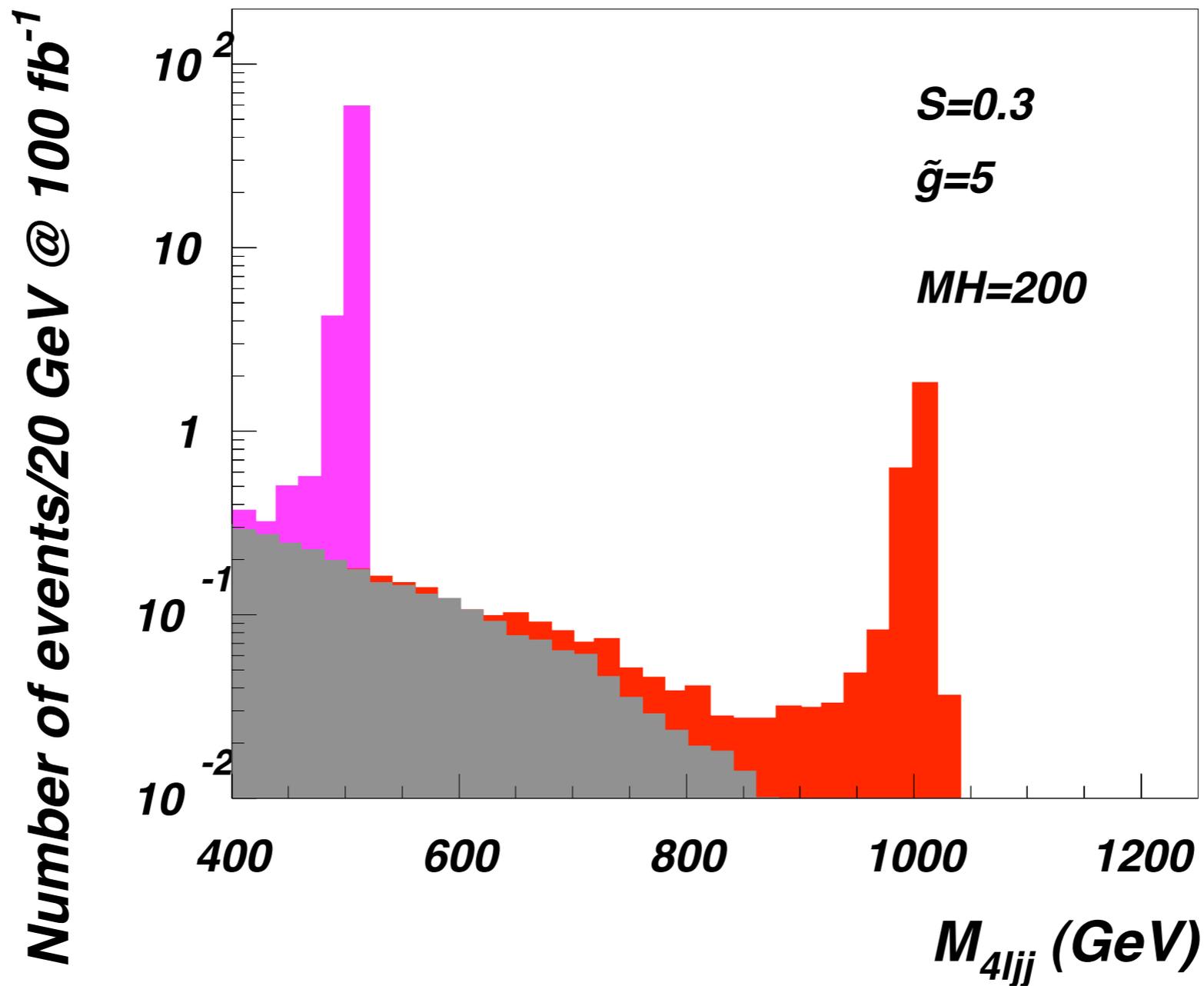
$$pp \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow VVZ$$

Number of events / 20 GeV @ 100 fb⁻¹



Axial vector intermediate state peaks

$$pp \rightarrow HW^+ \rightarrow W^+ ZZ \rightarrow 4l + 2j$$



$$|\eta^J| < 4.5, \quad p_T^j > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta^l| < 2.5, \quad p_T^l > 15 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Delta R(jj/jl) > .5$$

$$65 \text{ GeV} < M_{jj} < 95 \text{ GeV}$$

Preliminary Results from M.T. Frandsen

Summary

Summary

- (Ultra) Minimal Walking Technicolor

Summary

- (Ultra) Minimal Walking Technicolor
- Associate Production of the Composite Higgs

Summary

- (Ultra) Minimal Walking Technicolor
- Associate Production of the Composite Higgs
- Heavy Vectors are best produced and detected via Drell-Yan