

Preparatory experiments at LISOL to perform In Gas Laser Ionization and Spectroscopy (IGLIS) @ S³



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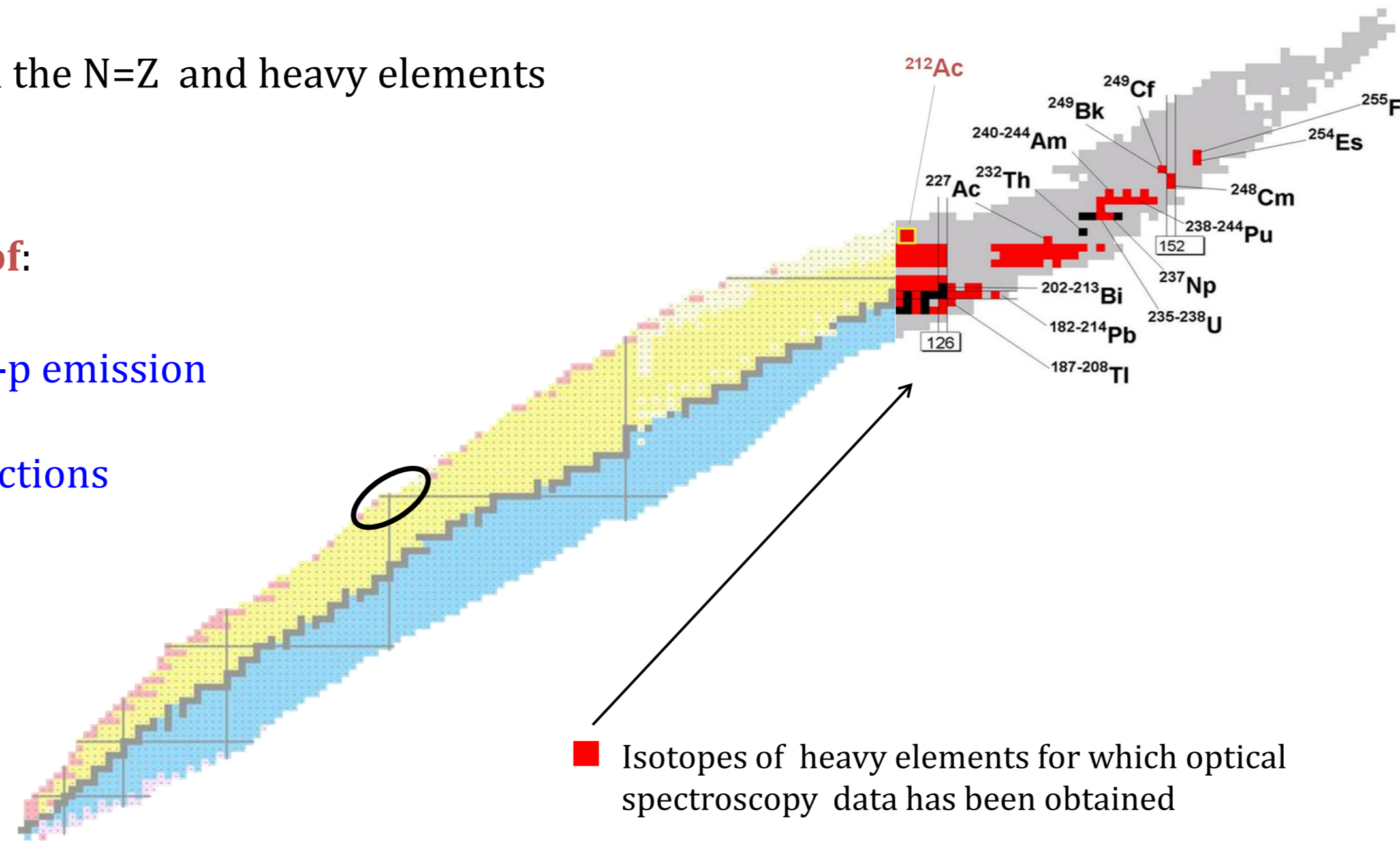


Motivation

Production of purified rare isotope beams in the N=Z and heavy elements region to study nuclear-structure effects

DAY 1 @ S³ → Laser spectroscopy of:

- ☐ ⁹⁴Ag
- High-spin isomerism, b-delayed p, 1- and 2-p emission
- ☐ ⁸⁰Zr (spk. person: B. Bastin)
- Single particle behavior and effective interactions
- ☐ ¹⁰⁷⁻¹⁰¹Sn
- Test validity of shell-model predictions
- ☐ VHE (Z ~ 89 - 102)
- Validate nuclear and atomic theory



Isotopes of heavy elements for which optical spectroscopy data has been obtained

<http://www.gsi.de/forschung/ap/projects/laser/survey.html>

Introduction

- The SPIRAL2 project located at the GANIL facility (Caen, France) will deliver a wide variety of energetic rare isotope beam produced in fusion evaporation reactions to be used in nuclear physics, astrophysics and interdisciplinary research
- In laser spectroscopy experiments spectral linewidths are required to be as close as possible to the intrinsic natural linewidths of the atomic transitions of interest
- For in-gas-cell laser spectroscopy linewidths result from convolution of: Doppler broadening, pressure broadening, power broadening, and laser bandwidth. Typically resolution mainly limited by pressure broadening.
- For the successful study of atomic properties of elements with particularly small hyperfine splitting or high sensitivity to atomic collisions, a novel approach such as in-gas-jet laser spectroscopy would be the technique of choice
- To obtain optimum experimental conditions for the application of in-gas-jet laser spectroscopy the temporal and the geometrical overlap efficiency between the laser light and the atoms in the gas jet must be maximized

The IGLIS Ion Source at the LISOL facility

- Dual Chamber Gas Cell enhances Efficiency and Selectivity

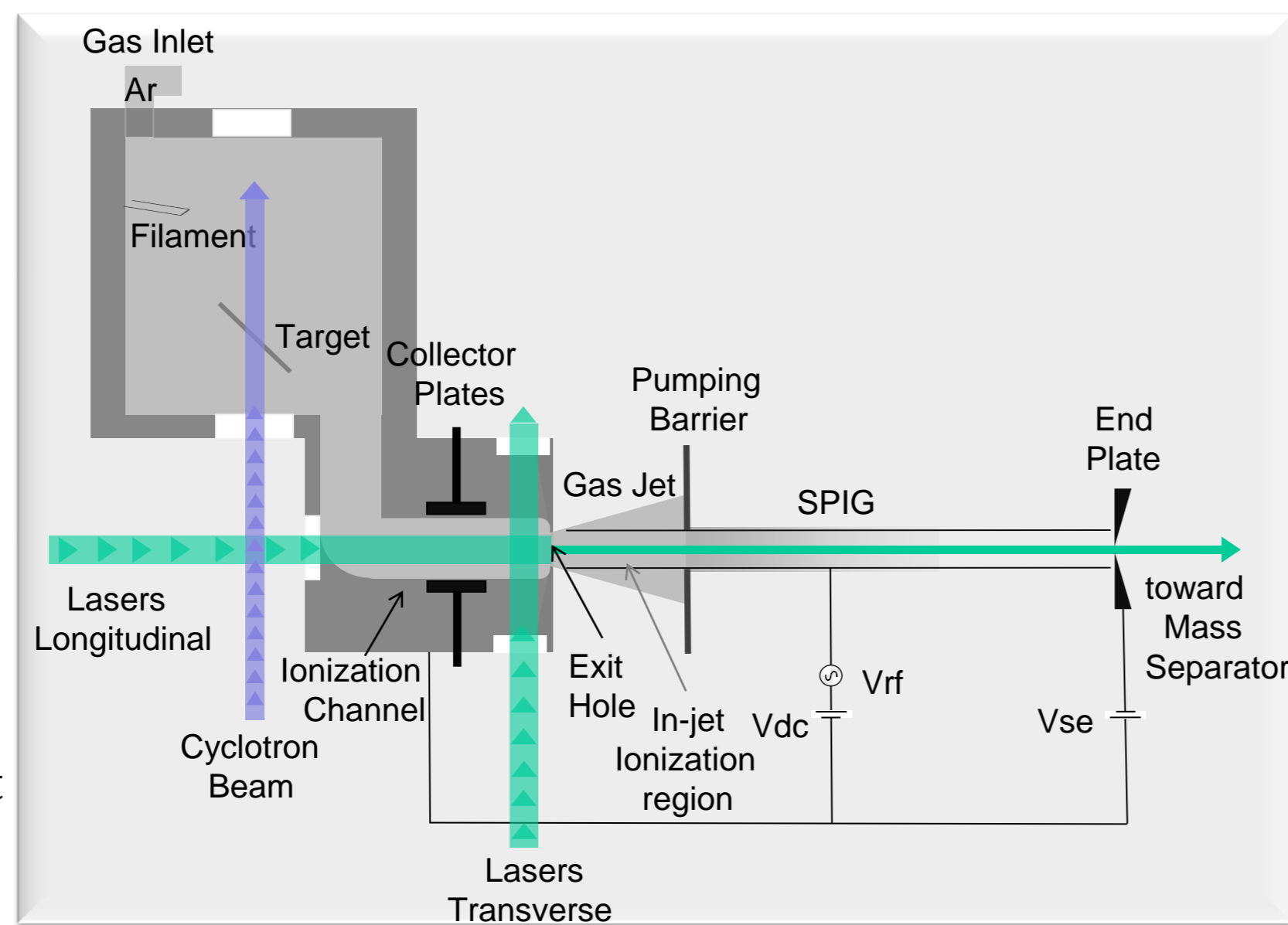
Yu. Kudryavtsev et al., NIM B 267 (2009) 2908

- First online In-gas-cell spectroscopy of neutron deficient Cu isotopes

T. E. Cocolios et al., PRL 103, 102501 (2009)
T. E. Cocolios et al., PRC 81, 014314 (2010)

- Demonstrated proof-of-principle for atomic laser spectroscopy in the gas jet

T. Sonoda et al. NIM B267 (2009) 2918

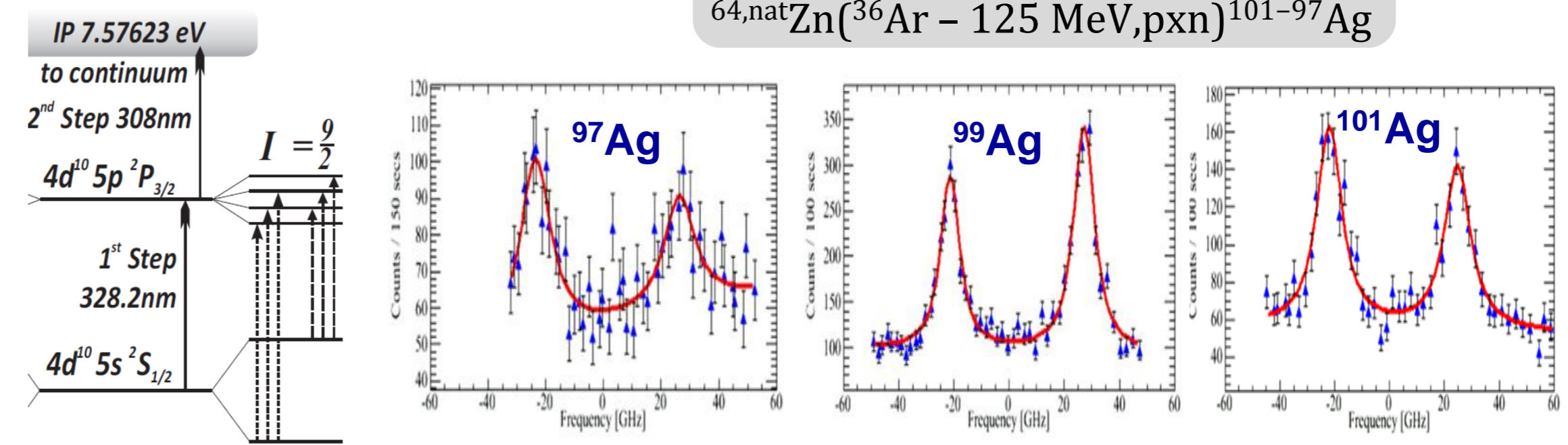


In Gas Cell Laser Spectroscopy of ¹⁰¹⁻⁹⁷Ag

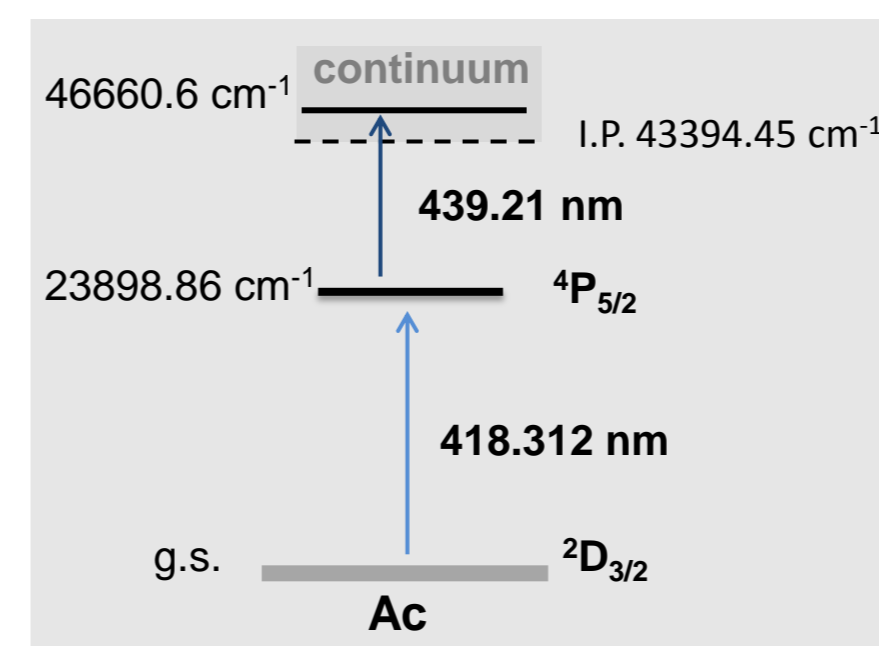
R. Ferrer et al. Phys. Lett. B, In preparation

⁹²Mo(¹⁴N - 130 MeV, 2pxn)^{104-x}Ag

⁶⁴natZn(³⁶Ar - 125 MeV, pxn)¹⁰¹⁻⁹⁷Ag

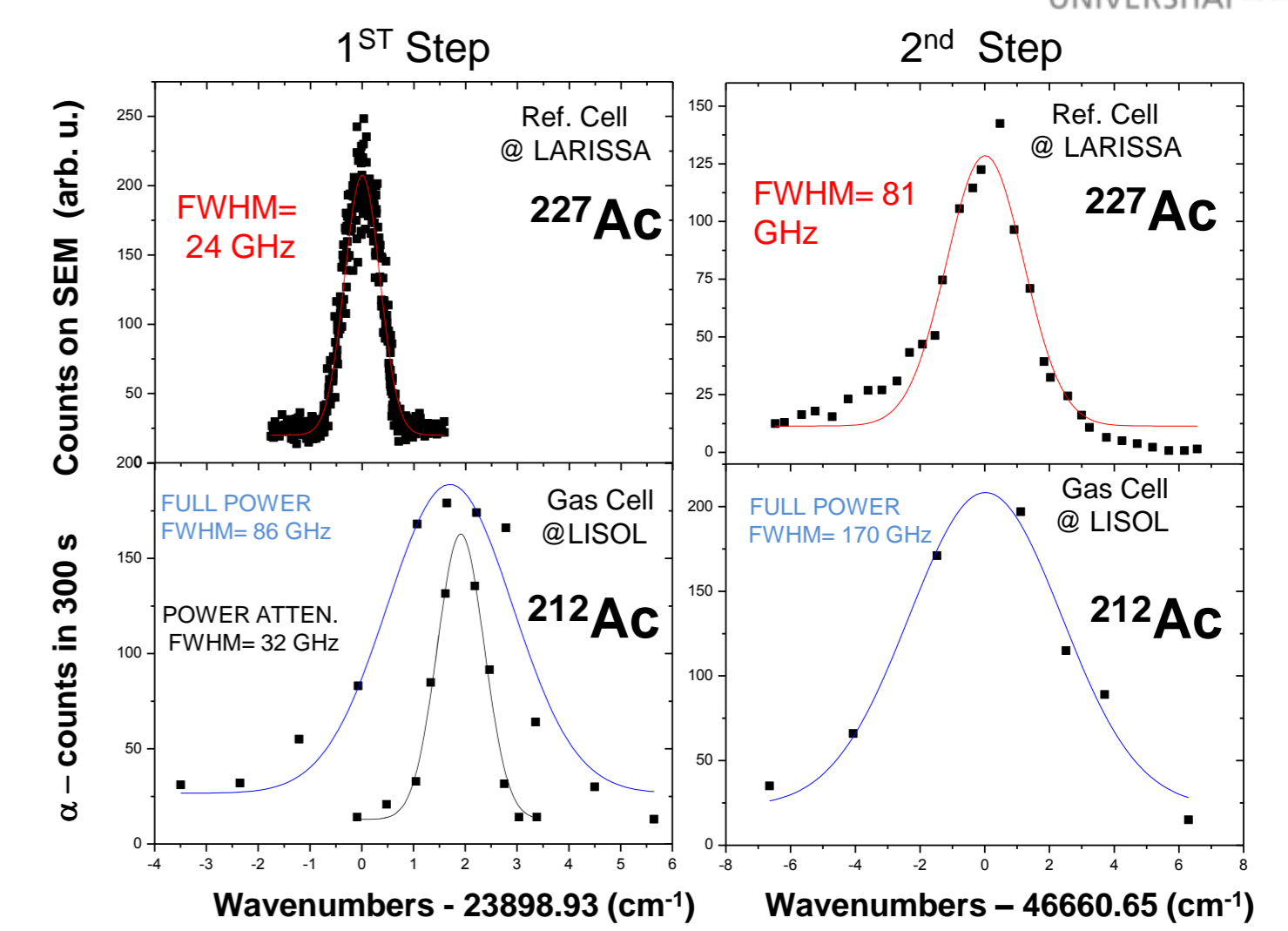


Broad Band Spectroscopy of ^{212,213}Ac



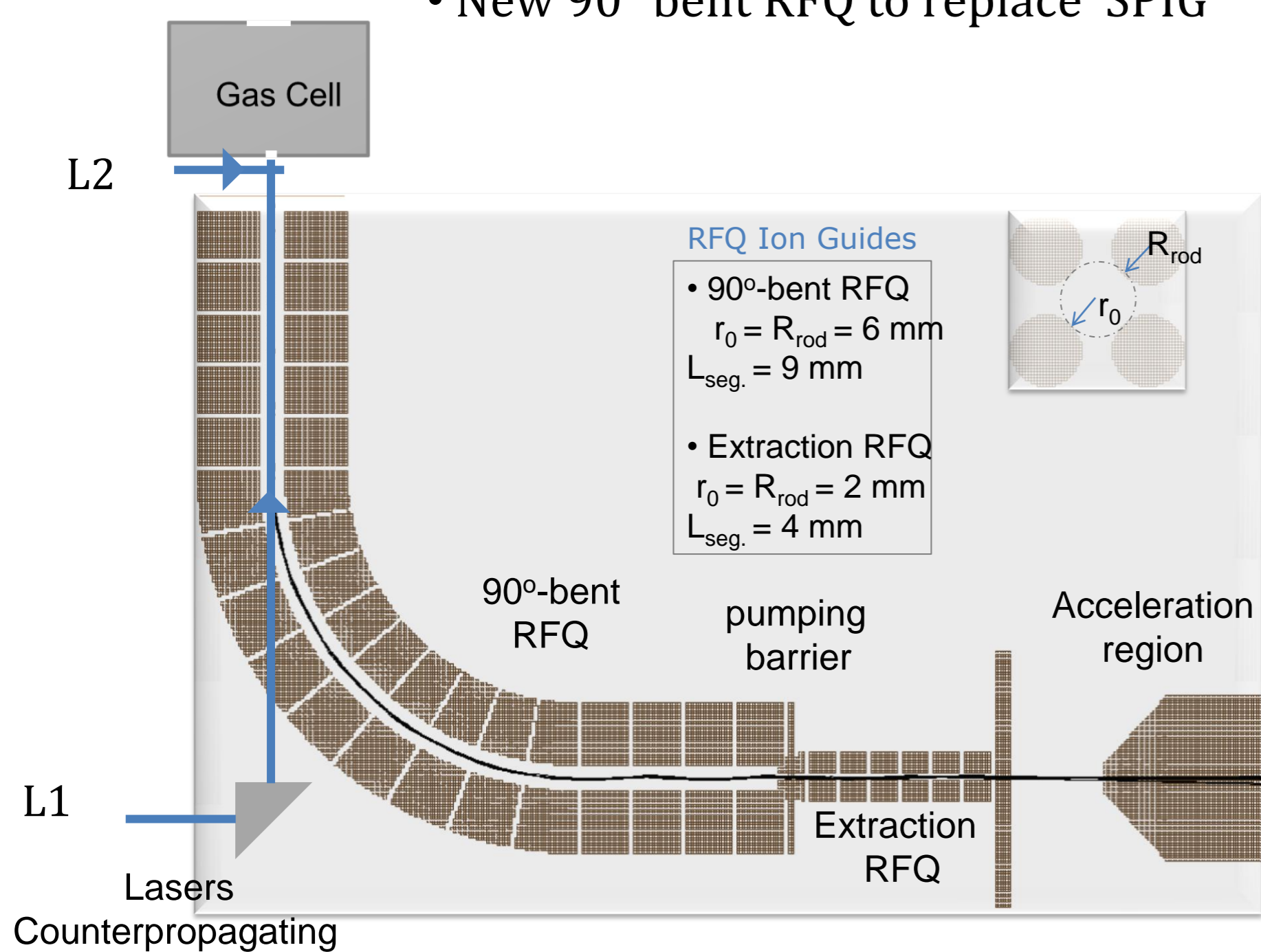
J. Rossnagel et al. Phys. Rev. A, 85 012525 (2012)

¹⁹⁷Au(²⁰Ne-145 MeV, 4-n) ^{212,213}Ac

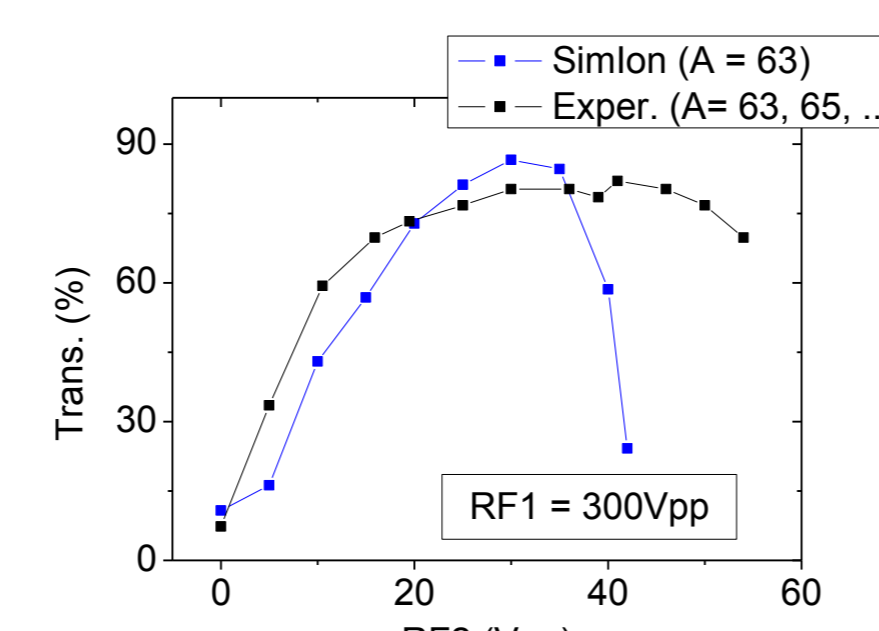


Improving Spatial Overlap

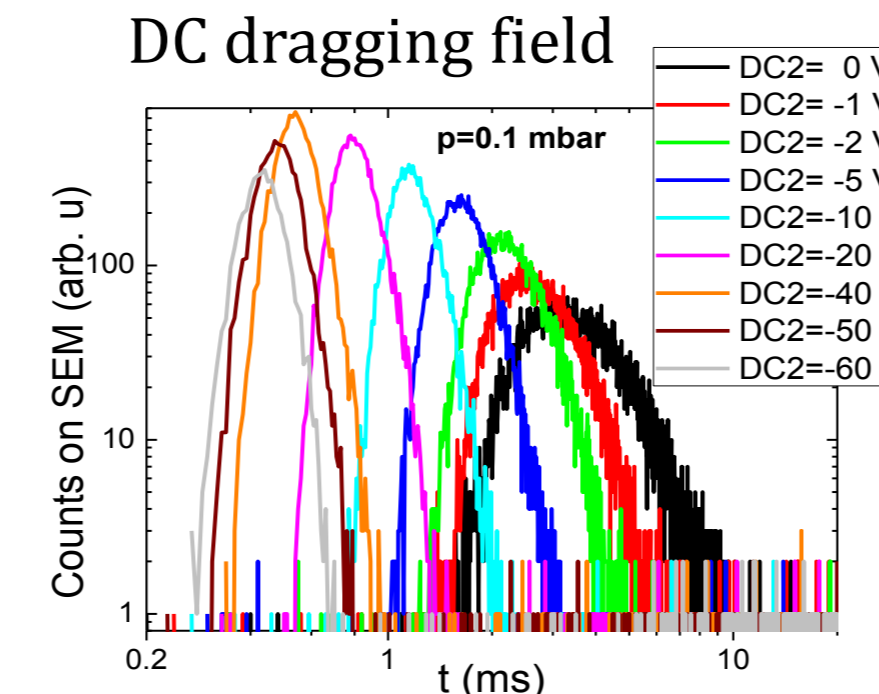
- New 90° bent RFQ to replace SPIG



Transmission through RFQ IG's



Manipulation of Ions by DC dragging field

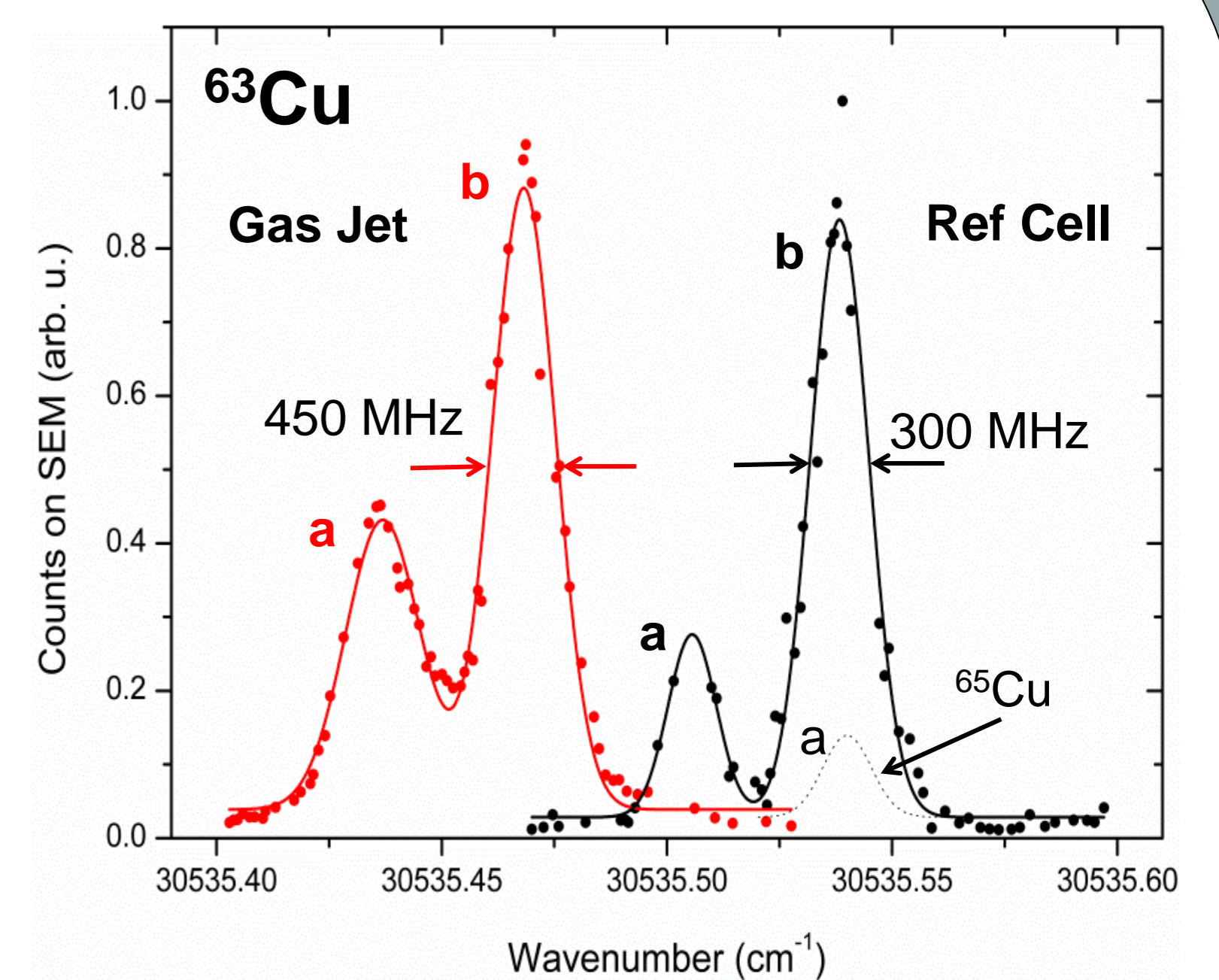
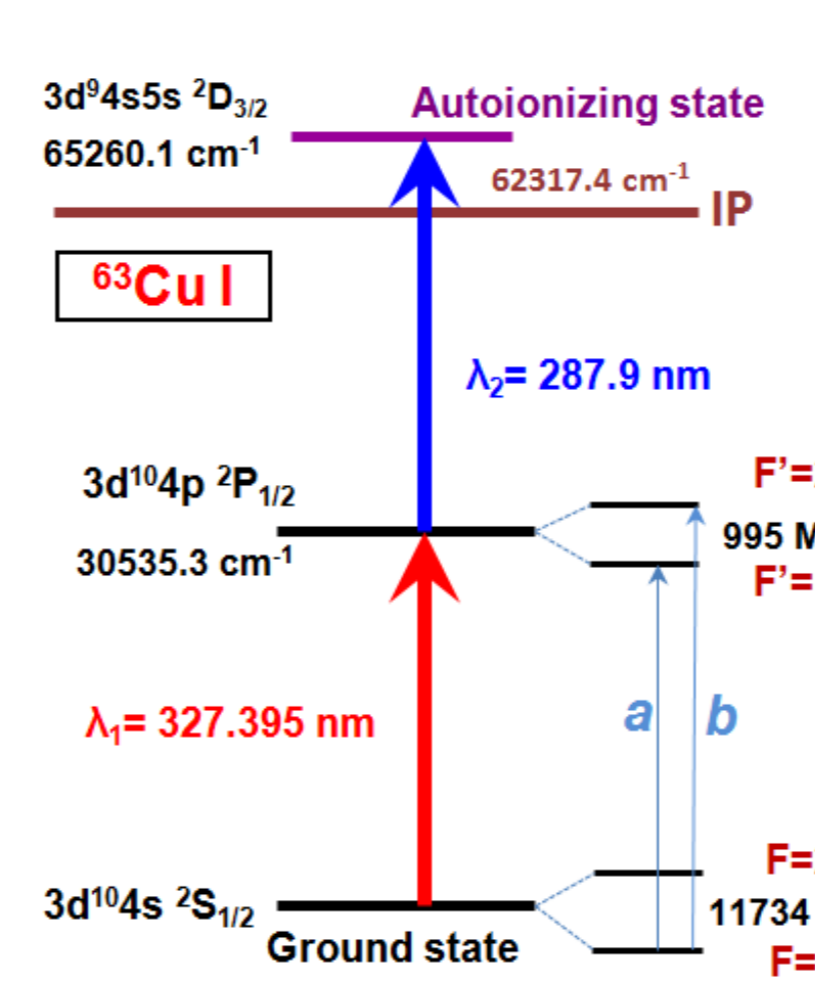


- Implementation of a de Laval nozzle at the gas cell exit orifice

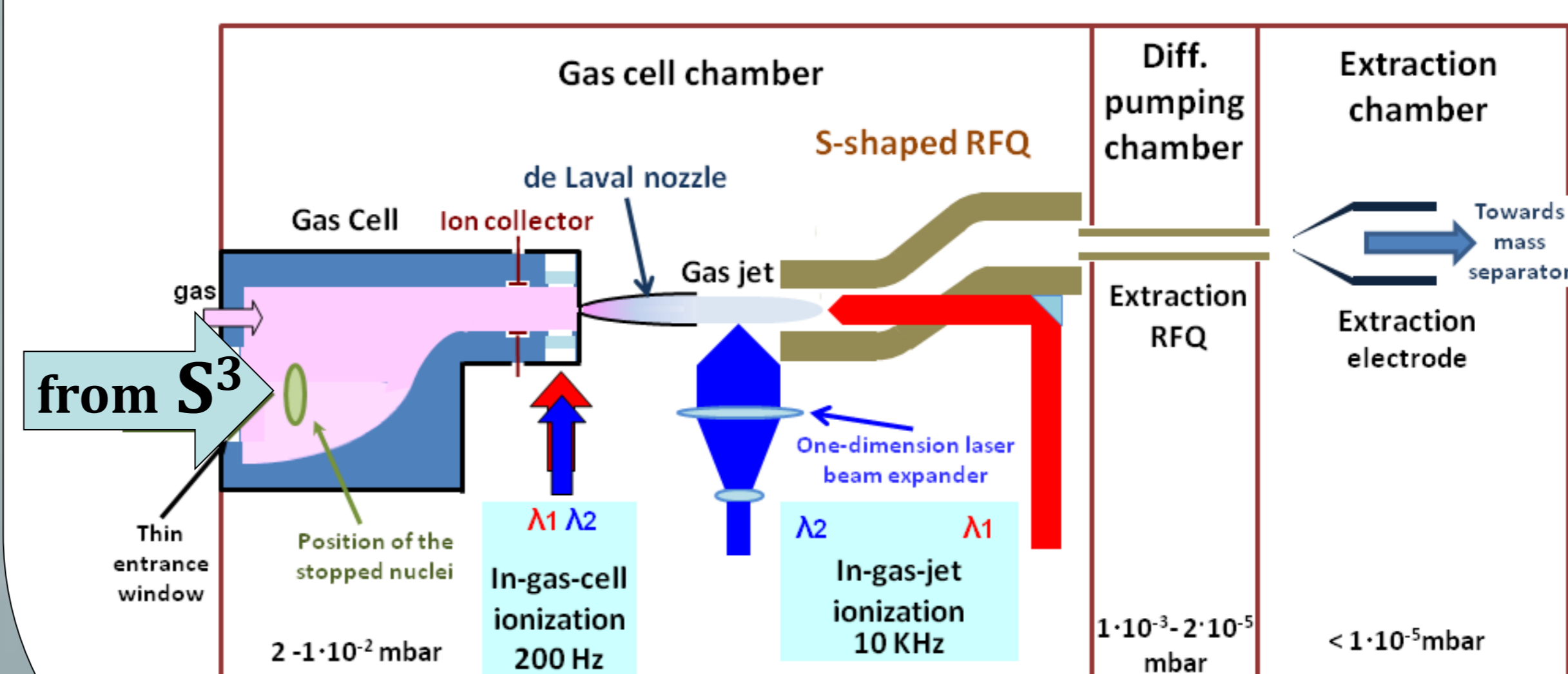


M. Reponen et al., NIM A 635 (2011) 24

In Gas Jet Laser Spectroscopy using a crossed beam incidence on a free jet



- Generic IGLIS setup to be commissioned and tested at the HELIOS (Heavy Element Laser Ionization Spectroscopy) laboratory @ KU Leuven



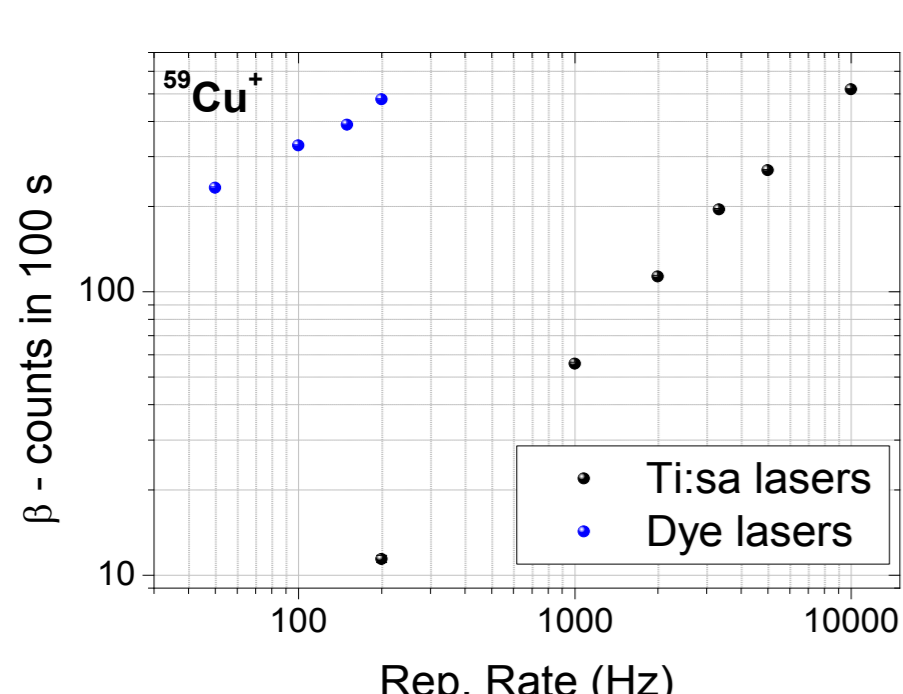
Yu. Kudryavtsev et al. NIM B, Submitted



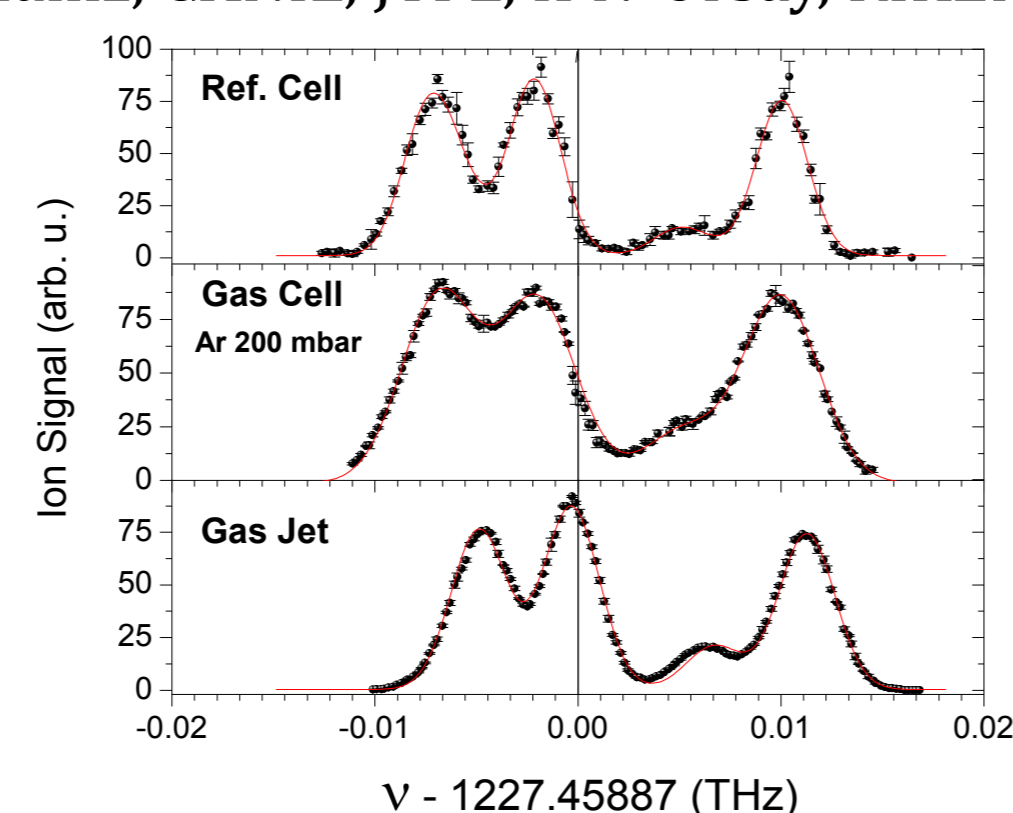
After a test and optimization period the setup will be installed at the focal plane of S³, where full operation in on-line conditions is intended

Improving Temporal Overlap

- Test of a high pulse repetition rate (10 kHz) Ti:sapphire laser system for ionization and spectroscopy experiments @ LISOL (Uni. Mainz, GANIL, JYFL, IPN-Orsay, RIKEN)

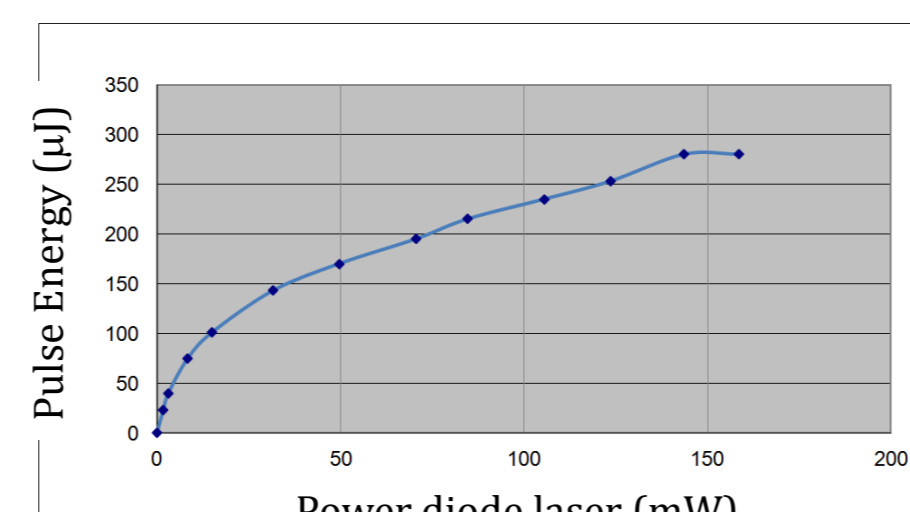
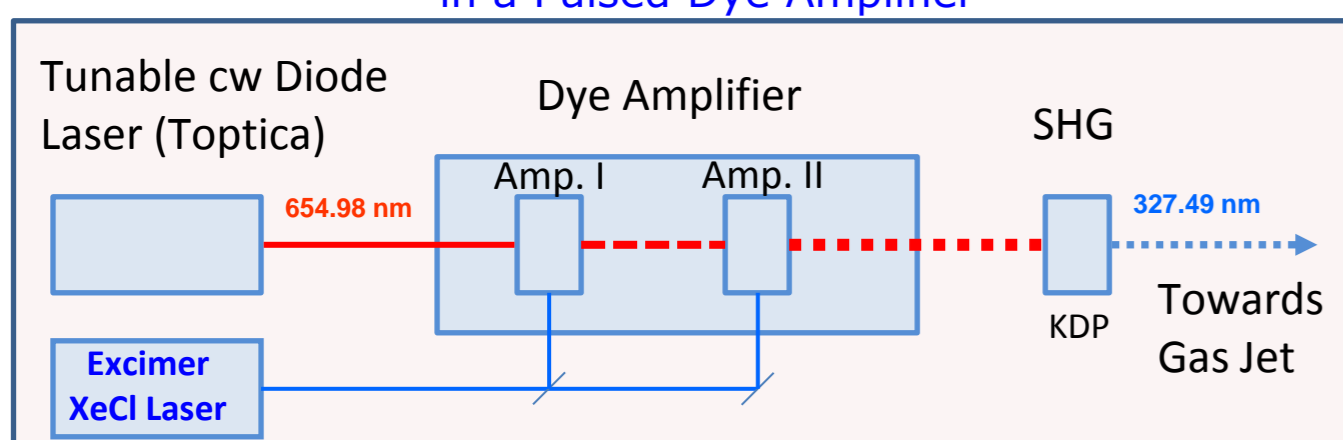


R. Ferrer, V. Sonnenschein et al. NIM B Accepted



Reduction of Laser Bandwidth

Amplification of CW Single Mode Diode Laser radiation in a Pulsed Dye Amplifier



Acknowledgments

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