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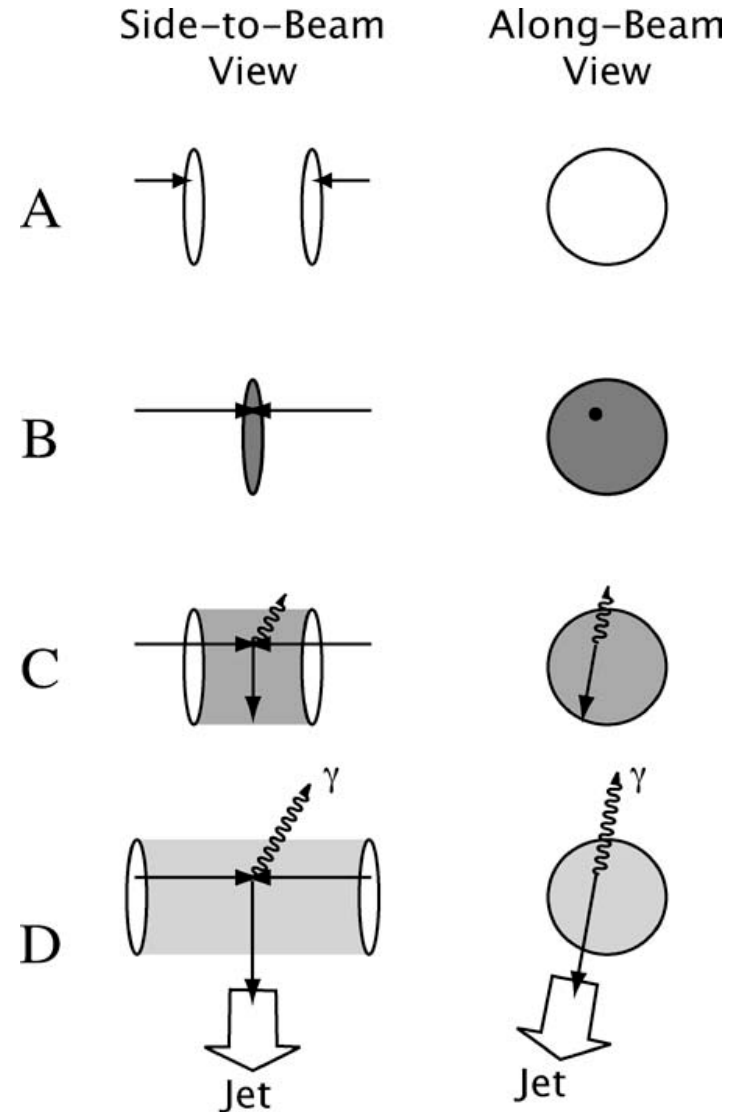


Measurement of isolated-photon+jet correlations in PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV with CMS

Yue Shi Lai, for the CMS Collaboration
MIT LNS

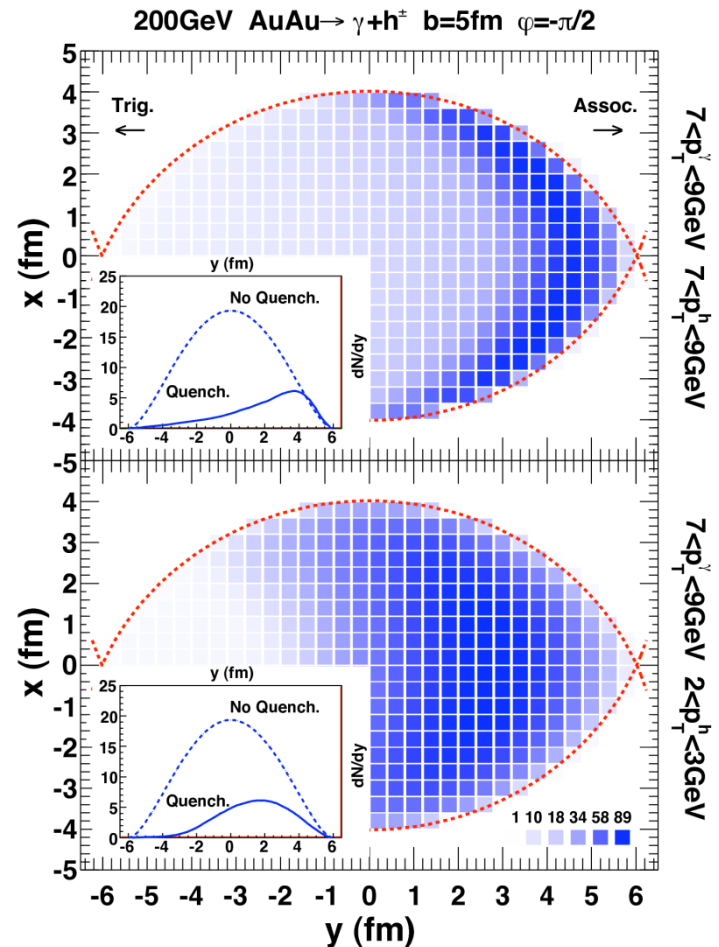
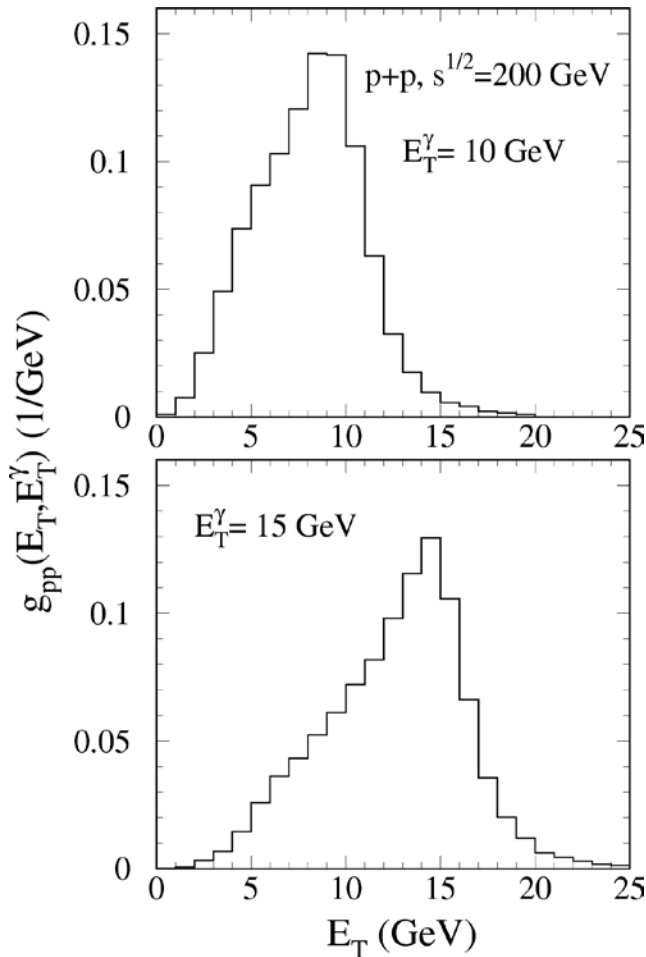
Motivation

- Direct measurement of the parton energy loss in the QGP with photon–jet events.
- Isolated photons are unmodified
- Remove the “surface bias” which dijet events suffer
- Access to the initial parton energy via isolated photon
- Access to the final parton energy via jet reconstruction



P. Stankus, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 55, 517 (2005)

15 Years of Photon-Jet Theory

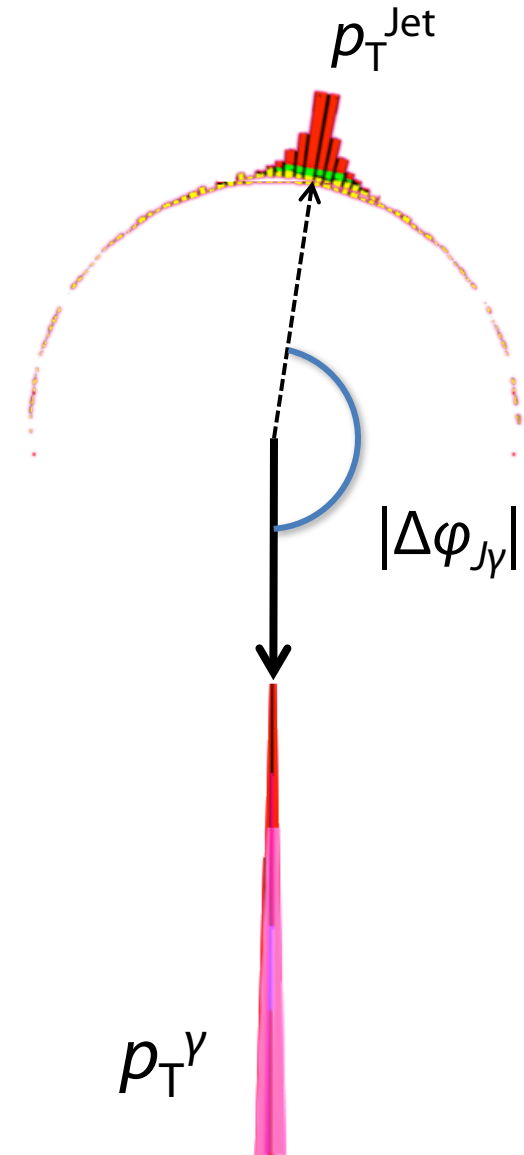
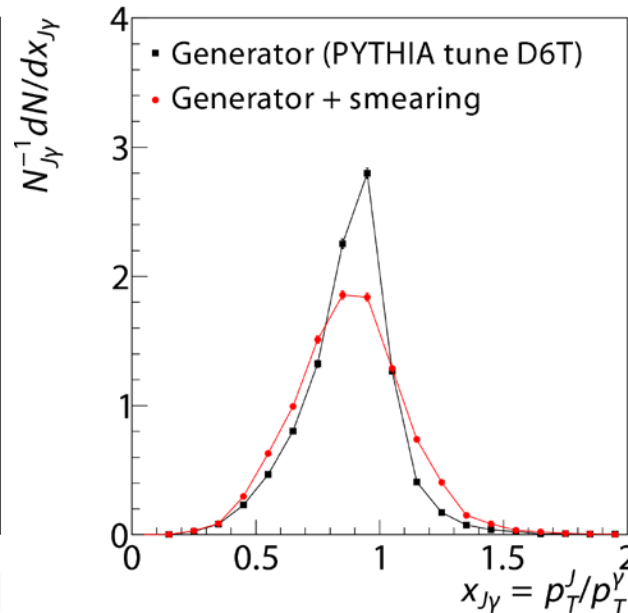
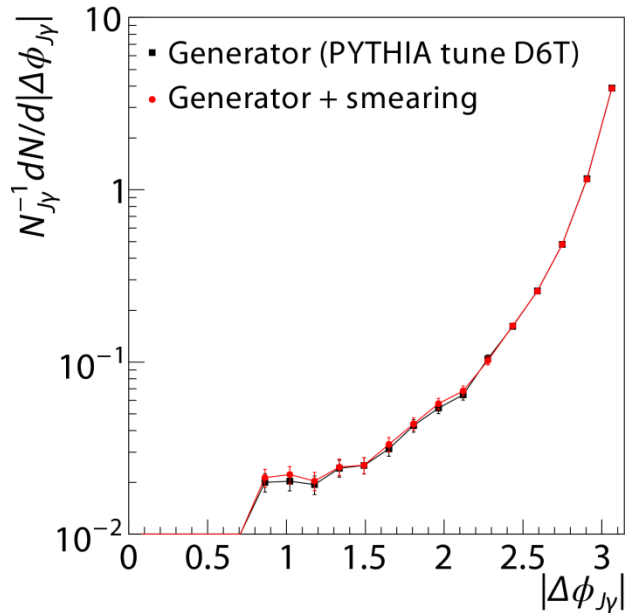


X.-n. Wang (LBNL), Z. Huang, Phys.Rev.C55:3047-3061,1997

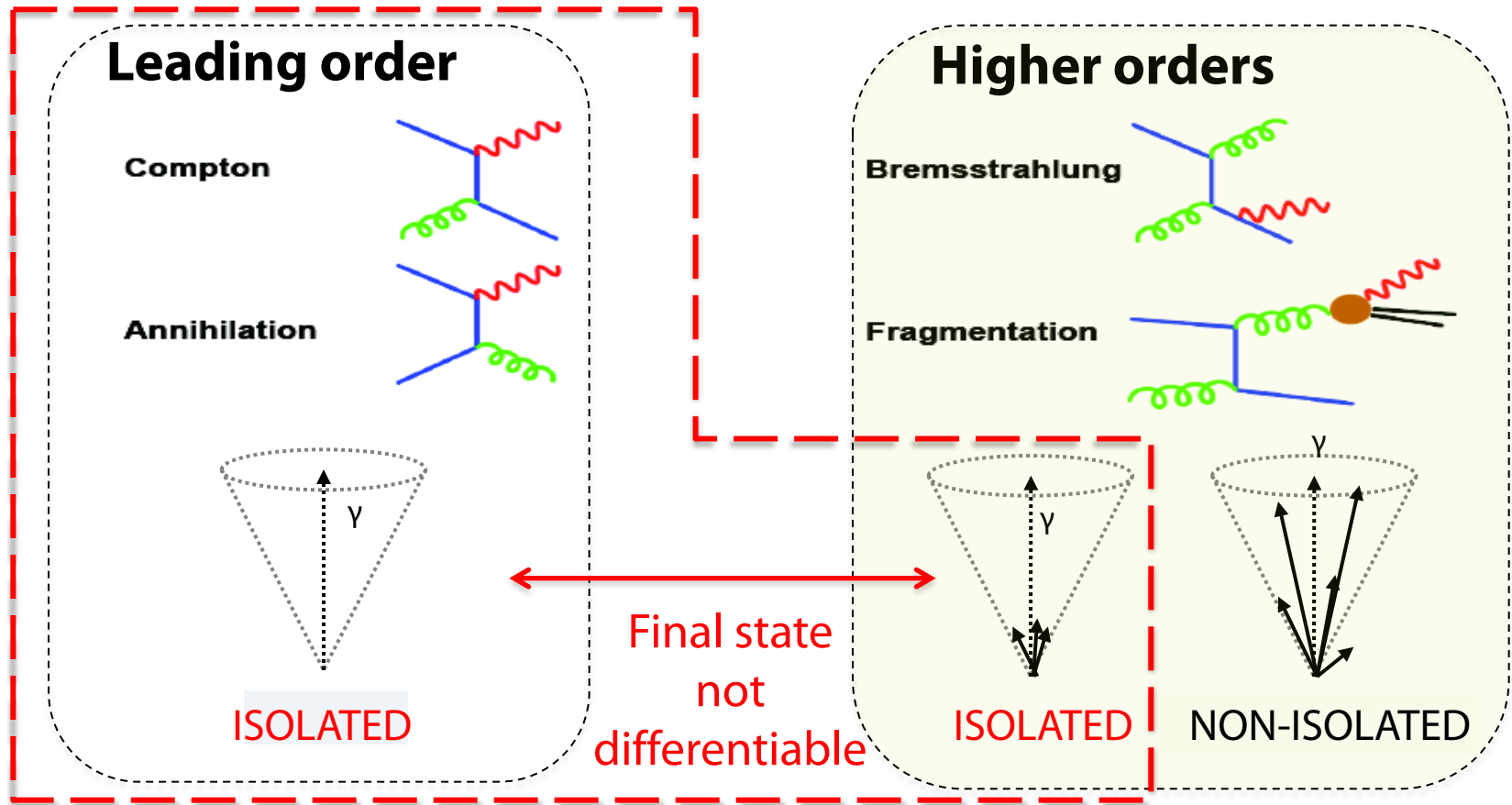
H.-z. Zhang et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 032302 (2009)

Observables

- Azimuthal decorrelation: $|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|$, and its parametrized width $\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|)$
- Transverse momentum ratio: $x_{J\gamma} = p_T^{\text{Jet}}/p_T^\gamma$, and its mean $\langle x_{J\gamma} \rangle$
- Fraction of photons with associated jets: $R_{J\gamma}$
- $p_T^\gamma > 60 \text{ GeV}/c$ (to have sufficient $x_{J\gamma}$ phase space)
- $p_T^{\text{Jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$ (constrained by efficiency)

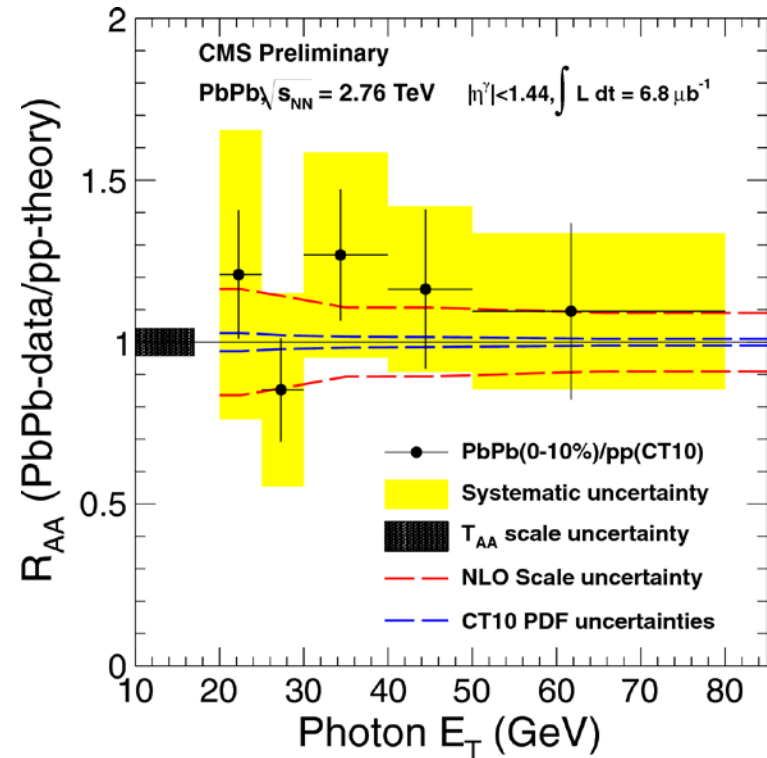
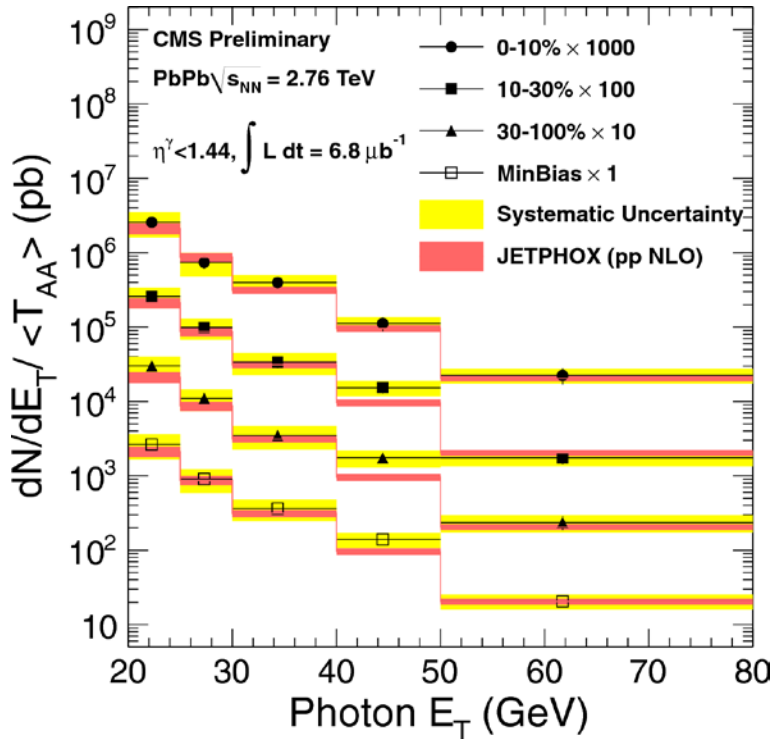


Signal Definition



- $\text{SumIso} = \text{uncorrected Track} + \text{ECAL} + \text{HCAL } E_T$ in $R < 0.4$
- $\text{GenIso} = \text{generator level particle energy}$ in $R < 0.4$
- Isolated prompt (non-decay) photons with $\text{SumIso} < 1 \text{ GeV}$
- Comparison to MC definition $\text{GenIso} < 5 \text{ GeV}$
- $\text{SumIso} \neq \text{GenIso}$ due to PbPb underlying event fluctuation

Isolated Prompt Photons in CMS

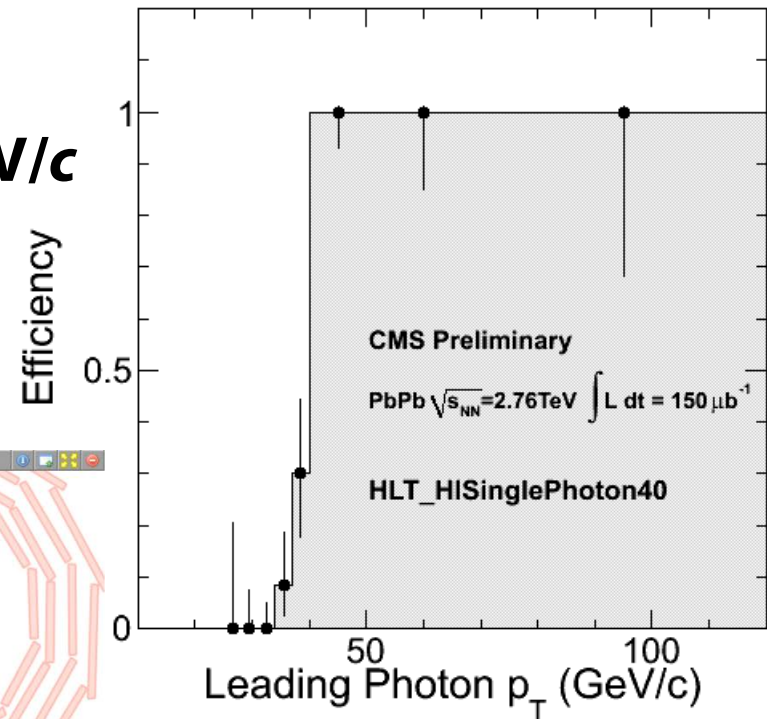
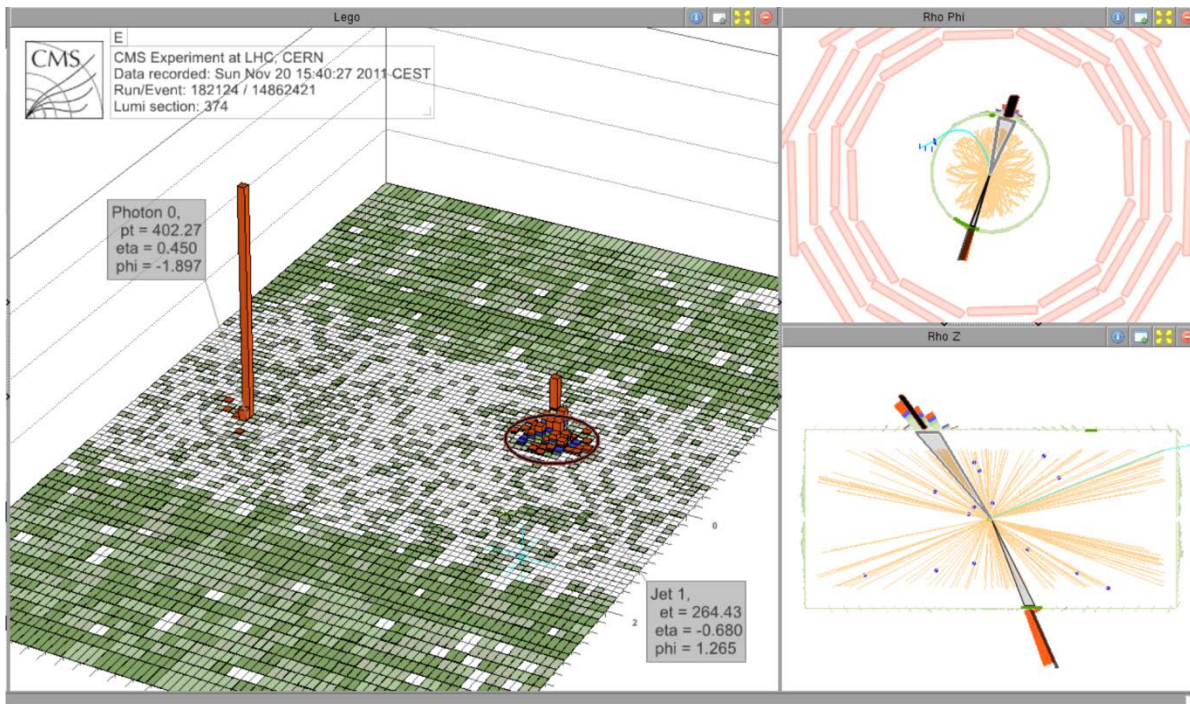


- Isolated prompt photons in 2010 PbPb Data
- Yield matches pp NLO $\times \langle T_{AA} \rangle$

Photon-Jet in 2011 CMS PbPb

HLT photon trigger

Fully efficient for $p_T^\gamma > 40 \text{ GeV}/c$

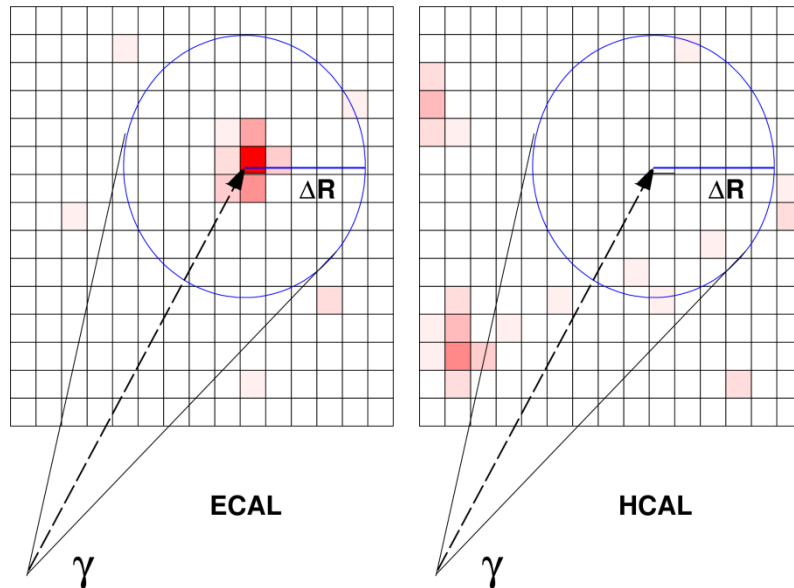


Event with:
 $p_T^\gamma = 400 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_T^{\text{Jet}} = 260 \text{ GeV}/c$

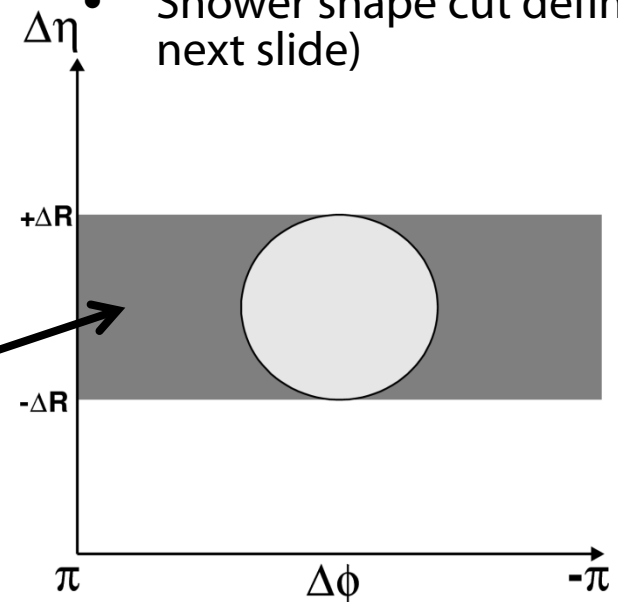
Signal Selection: Photon Isolation

Photon Selection Cuts

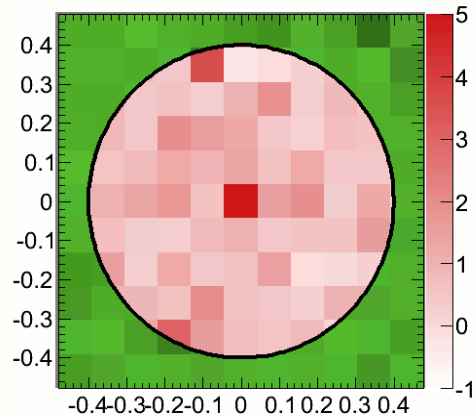
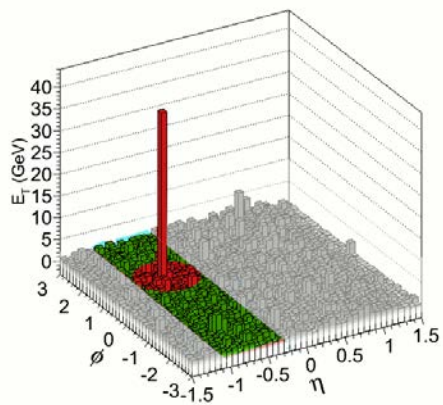
- $|z_{\text{vertex}}| < 15 \text{ cm}$
- $(1 - E_4/E_1) < 0.9$
(Index 1: highest crystal, 4: 4 adjacent crystals)
- Seed supercluster
 $|\Delta t| < 3 \text{ ns}$
- $H/E < 0.1$
- No electron candidate
- $\text{SumIso} < 1 \text{ GeV}$
- Shower shape cut defined next slide)



- $\text{Iso}_4^{\text{ECAL}} = -p_{\text{T}}^{\text{cand}} + \sum_{\Delta R < 0.4} p_{\text{T}}^j$
- $\text{Iso}_4^{\text{UE-sub,ECAL}} = \text{Iso}_4^{\text{ECAL}} - \langle p_{\text{T}}^{\text{Background,ECAL}} \rangle$
- Analogously for track, HCAL (without $-p_{\text{T}}^{\text{cand}}$)

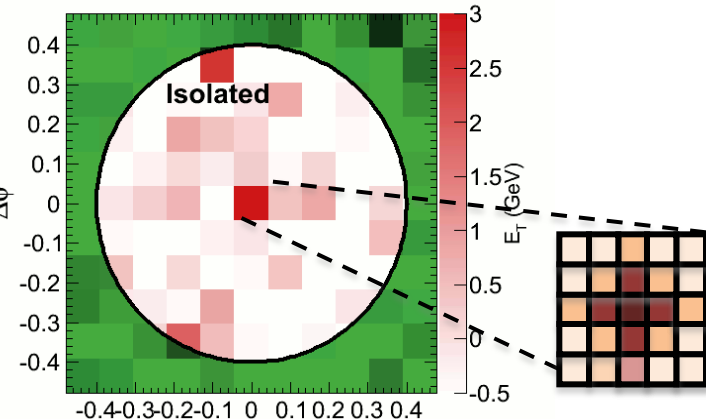


Isolation in Data

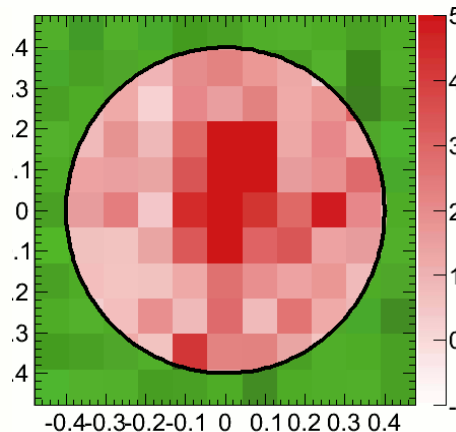
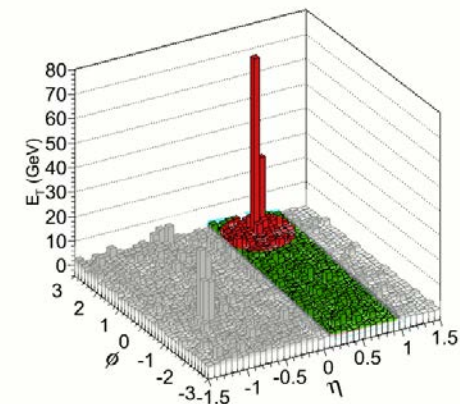


BEFORE $\Delta\eta$
background energy subtraction

Background energy subtraction

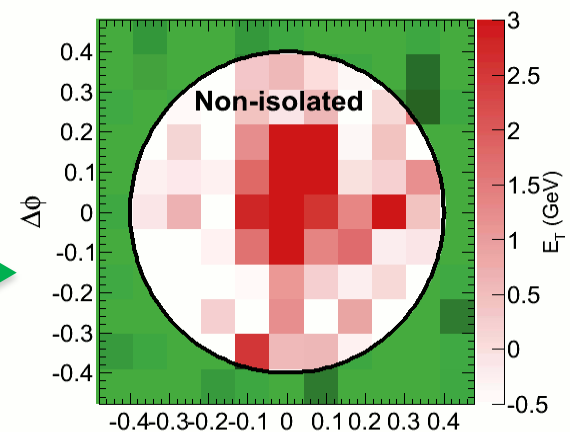


AFTER $\Delta\eta$
background energy subtraction



BEFORE $\Delta\eta$
background energy subtraction

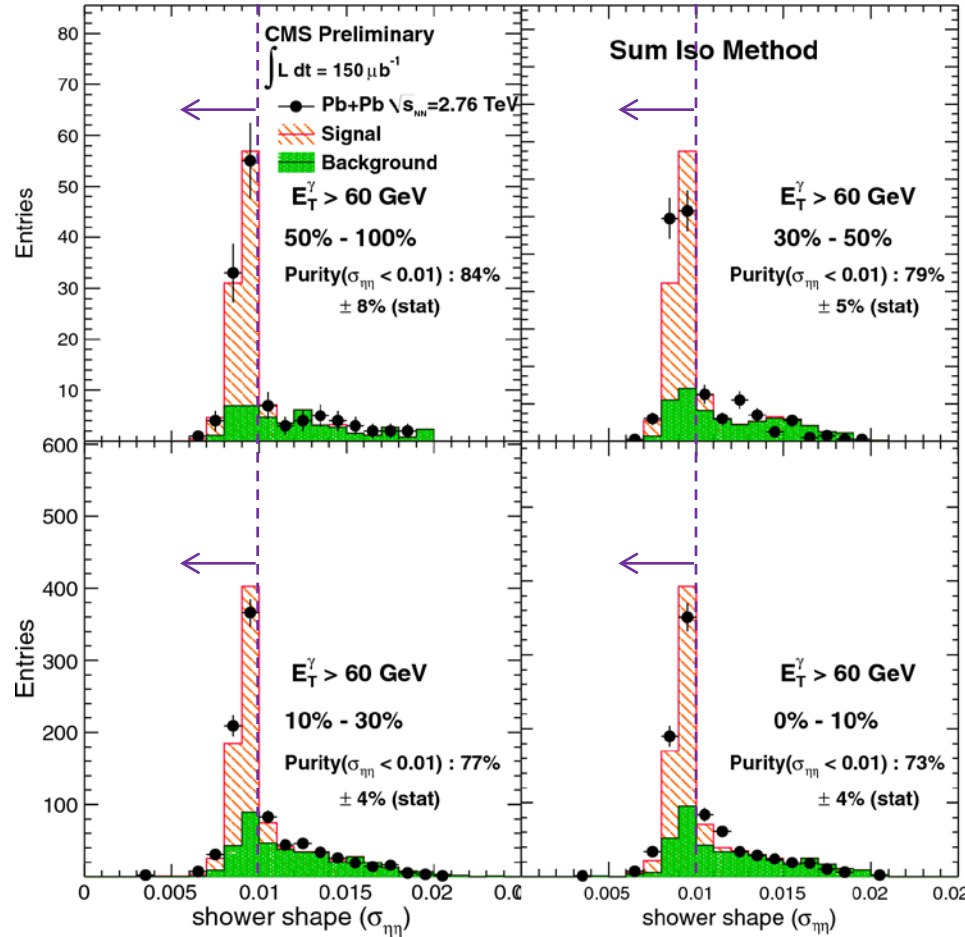
Background energy subtraction



AFTER $\Delta\eta$
background energy subtraction

Y. Kim, QM 2011

Signal Selection: Stat. Subtr. of Decay Photons



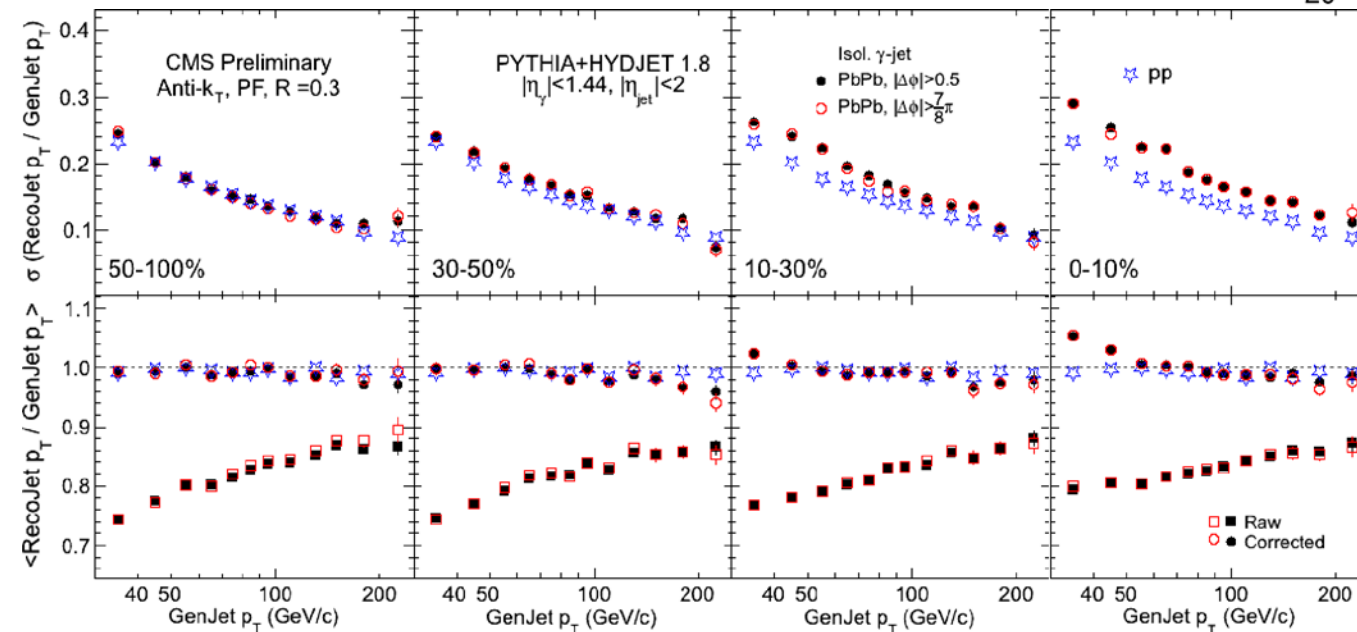
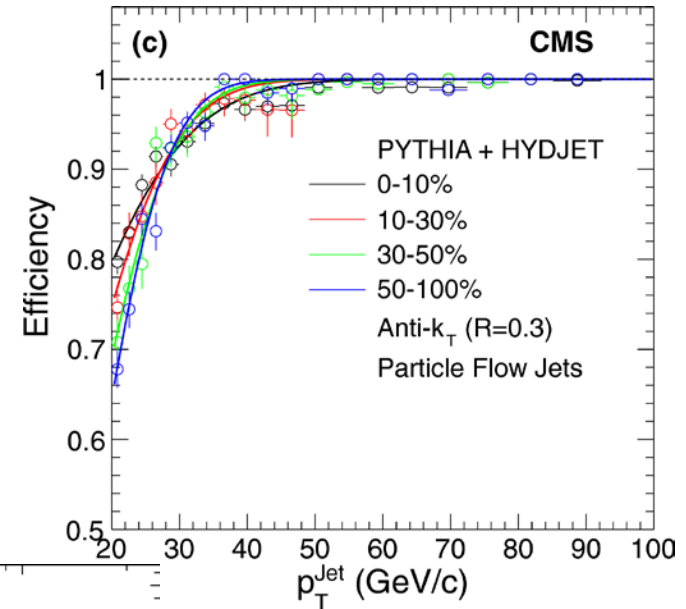
- Shower shape

$$\sigma_{\eta\eta} = \frac{\sum_i^{5 \times 5} w_i (\eta_i - \eta_{5 \times 5})^2}{\sum_i^{5 \times 5} w_i}$$

$$w_i = \max(0, c + \ln E_i/E_{5 \times 5})$$
- Decay photons largely removed by cutting on $\sigma_{\eta\eta} < 0.01$
- Remaining contribution of decay photons removed using predicted $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$ distribution
- Shape of background $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$ found **data driven** using photons failing the SumIso cuts

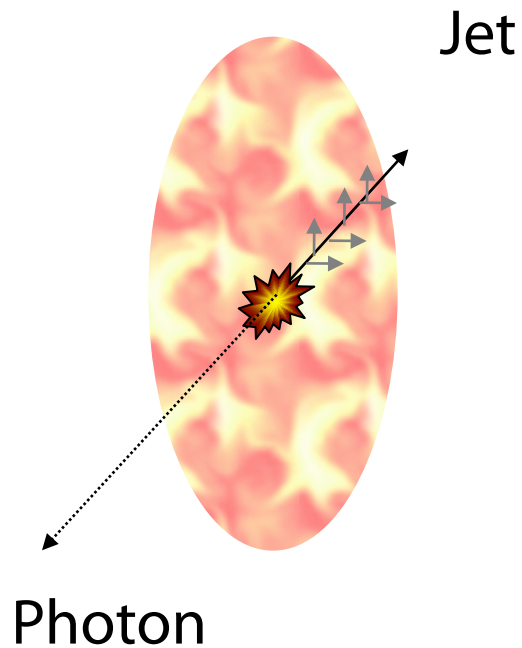
Signal Selection: Jet

- Anti- k_T particle flow jets, $R = 0.3$
- UE estimation/subtraction using φ -rings in η , excluding jet candidates (two iterations)
- Reconstruction $> 90\%$ efficient for $p_T^{\text{Jet}} > 30$ GeV/c in PbPb

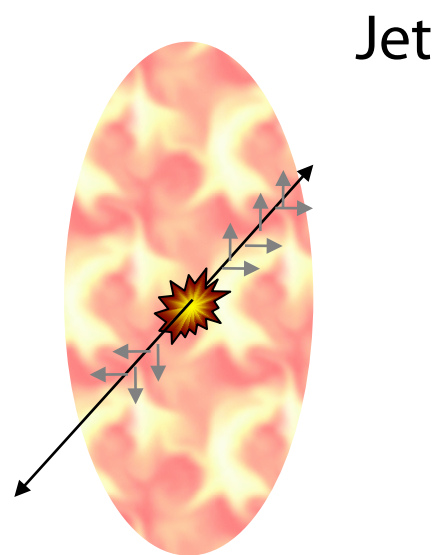


Background processes

Signal photon-jet



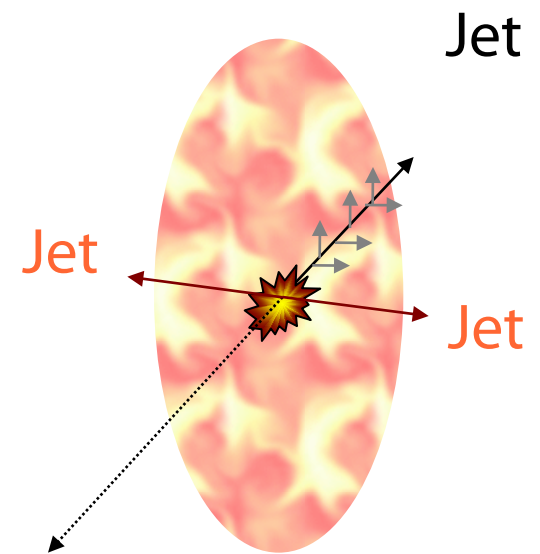
Background from dijet



Background photon
from jet

Remove data-driven by shower shape

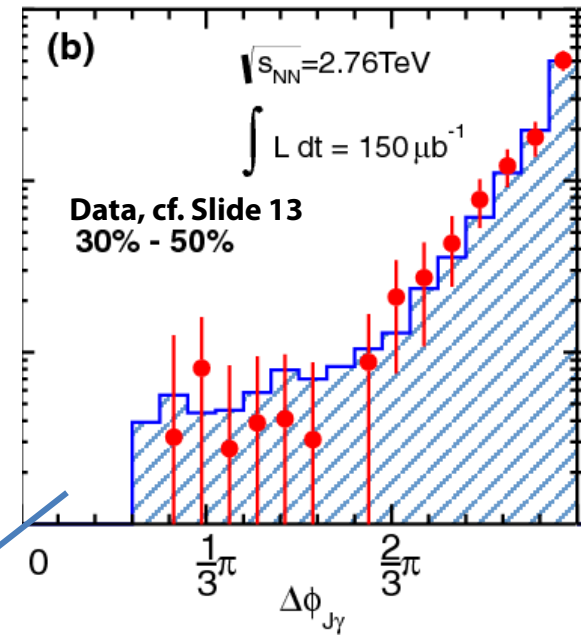
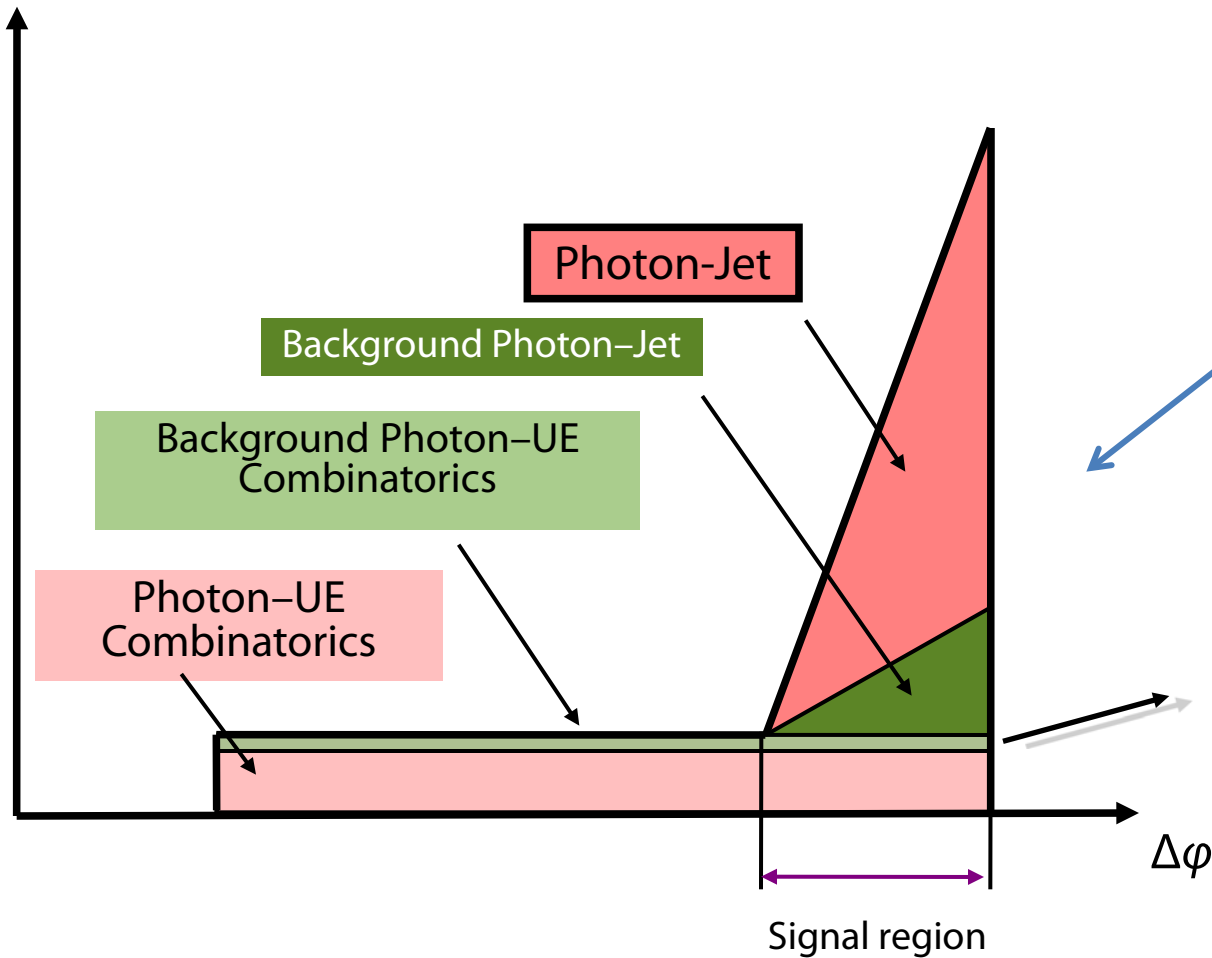
Contribution from uncorrelated multiple interaction/fake



Photon

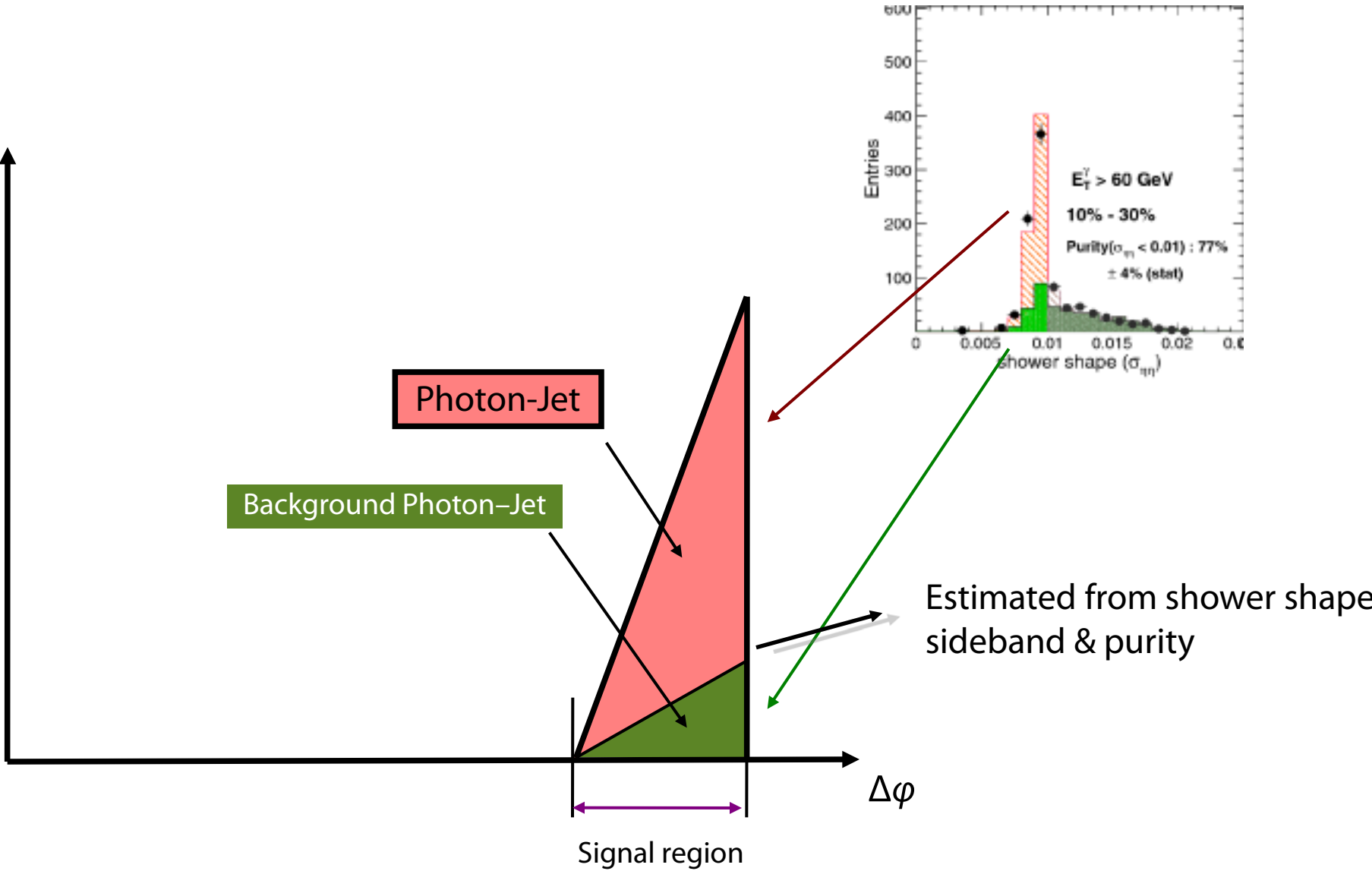
Remove by data-driven template
from event mixing

Statistical Subtraction

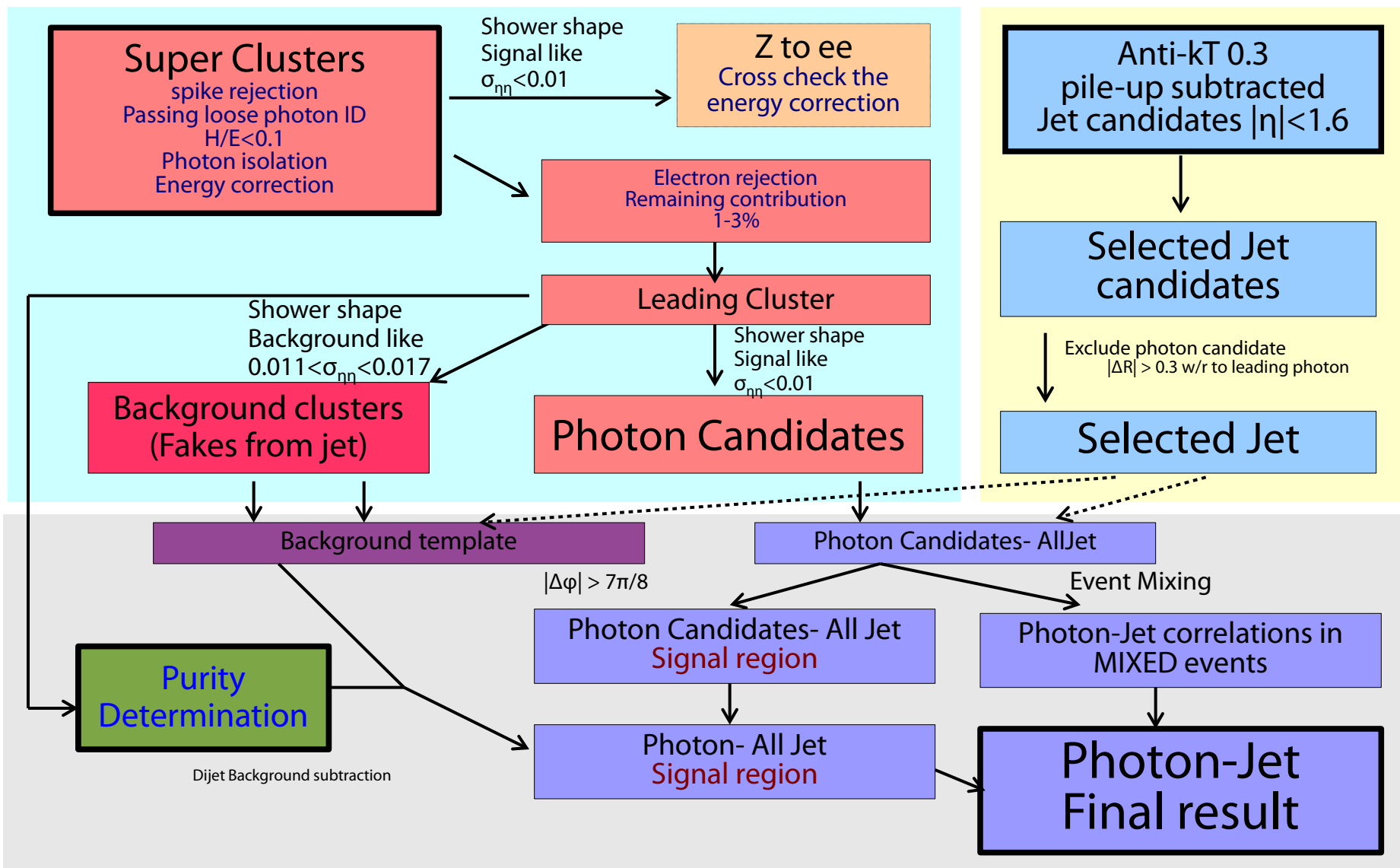


Estimated from event mixing method using minimum-bias data

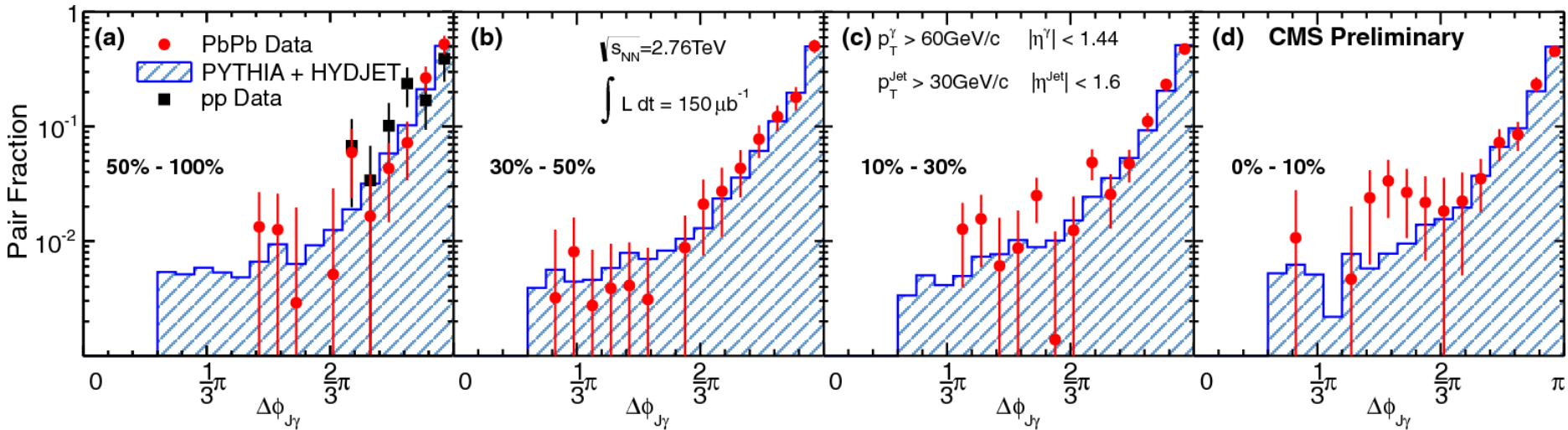
Statistical Subtraction



Analysis Flow Chart

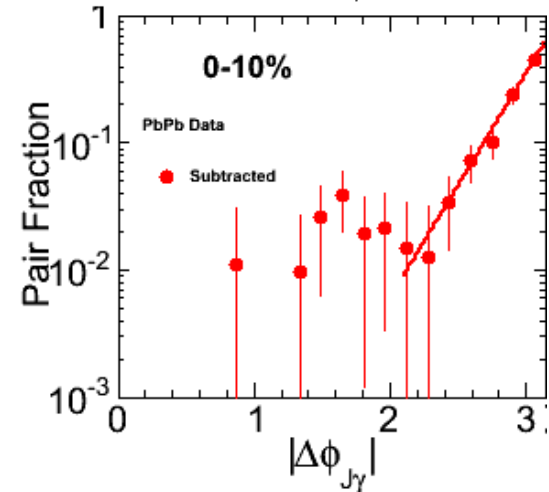


Angular Correlation: $N_{J\gamma}^{-1} dN/d|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|$

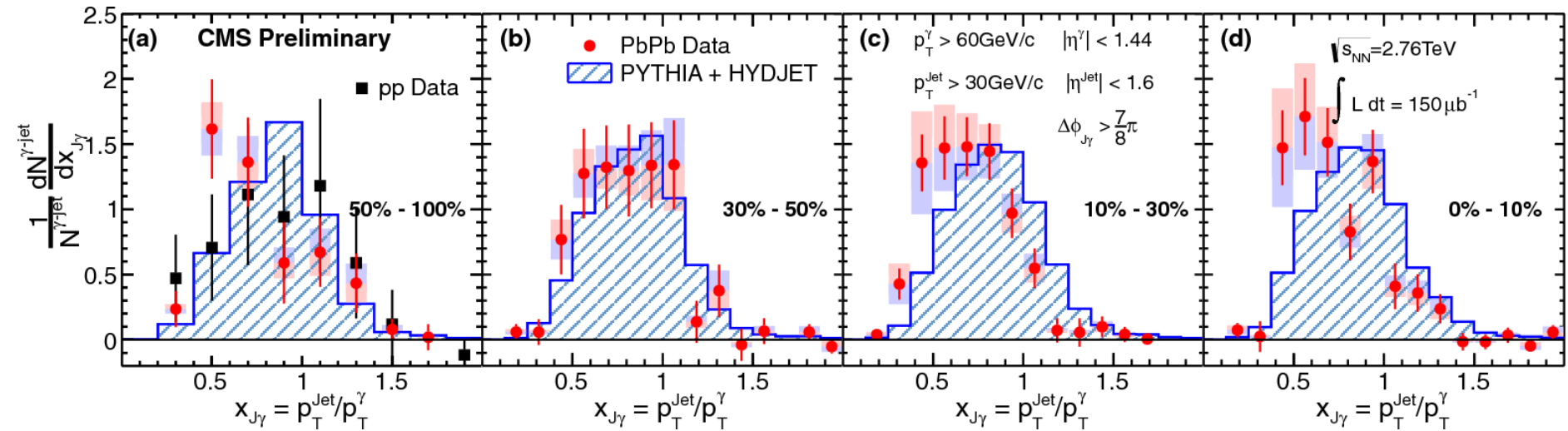


- Distribution is consistent with pp & PYTHIA tune Z2 + Hydjet
- To quantify the centrality dependence, peak region is fit with an empirical formula

$$\frac{1}{N^{\gamma\text{-jet}}} \frac{dN^{\gamma\text{-jet}}}{d\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}} = \frac{e^{(\Delta\phi - \pi)/\sigma}}{(1 - e^{-\pi/\sigma})\sigma}$$

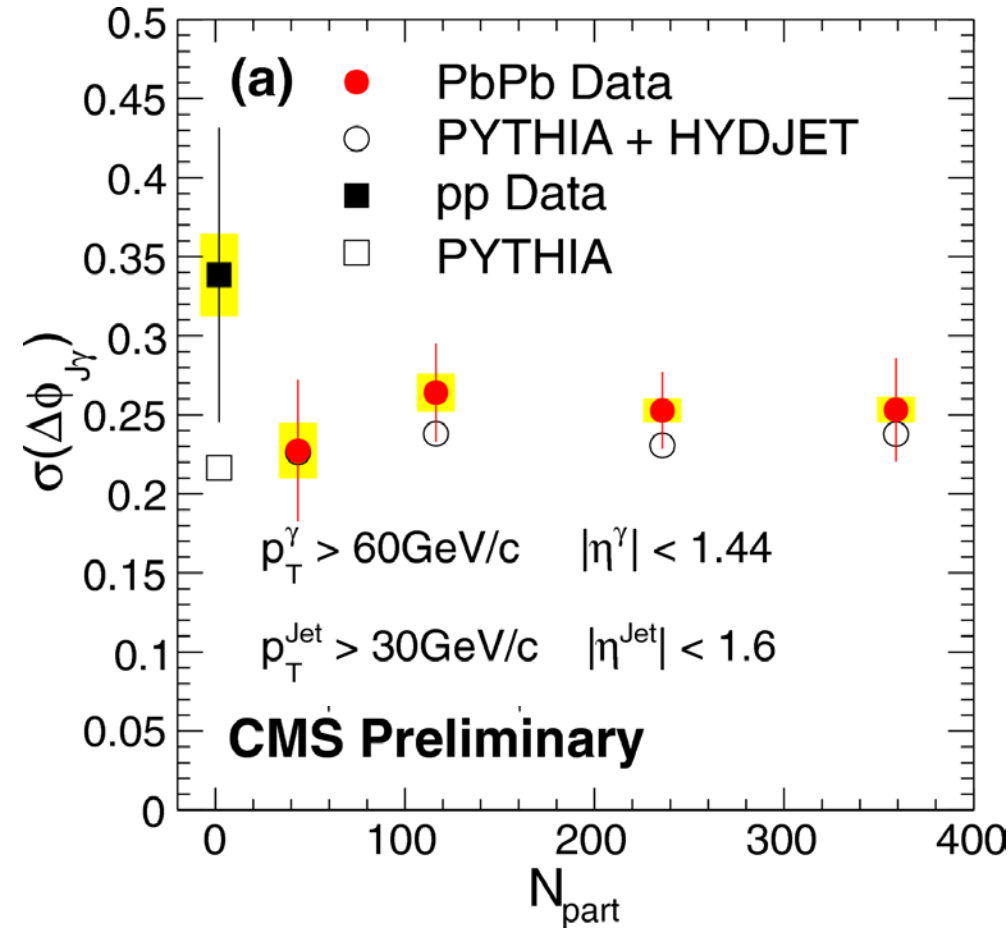


$$p_T \text{ Ratio: } N_{J\gamma}^{-1} \frac{dN}{dx_{J\gamma}} \quad x_{J\gamma} = p_T^{\text{Jet}}/p_T^{\gamma}$$



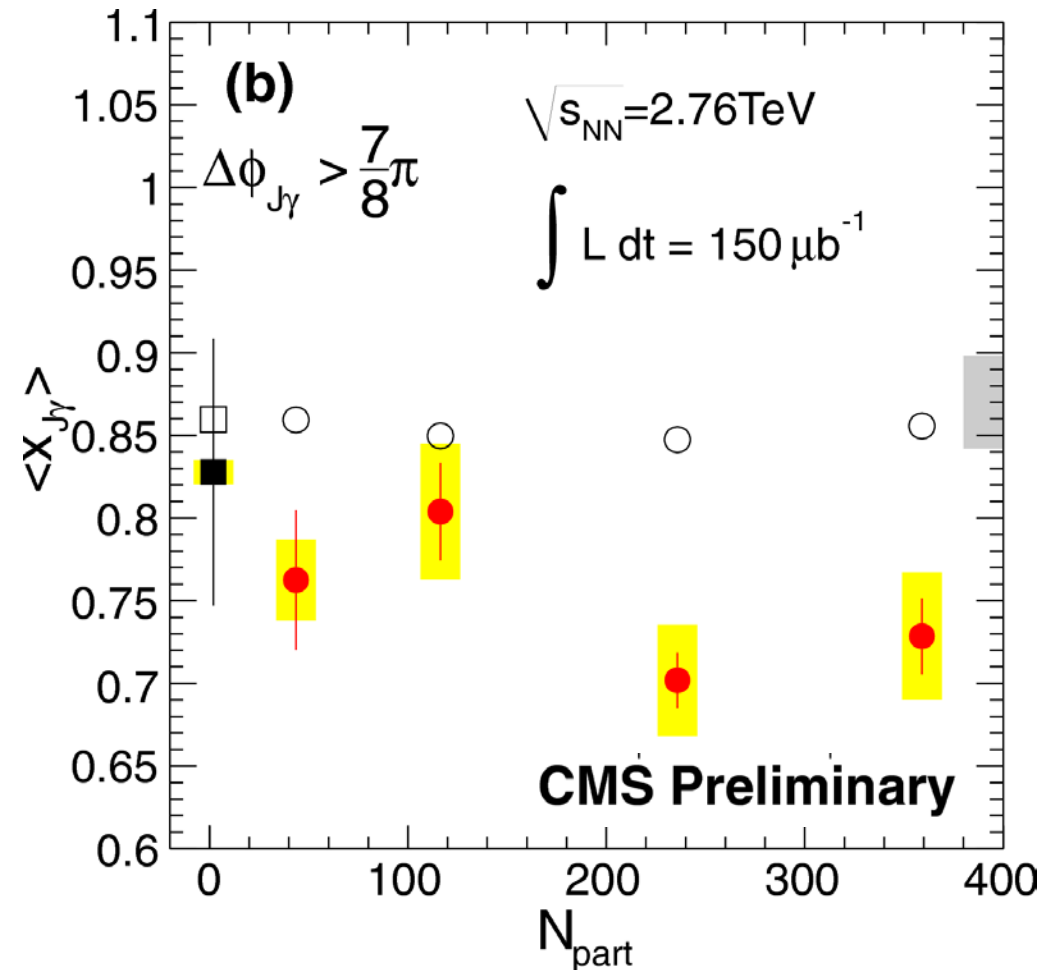
- Momentum ratio shifts/decreases with centrality
- Unitary normalized distribution, points anticorrelated
- Red/blue boxes try to indicate possible, anticorrelated systematic variation

$$\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|)$$



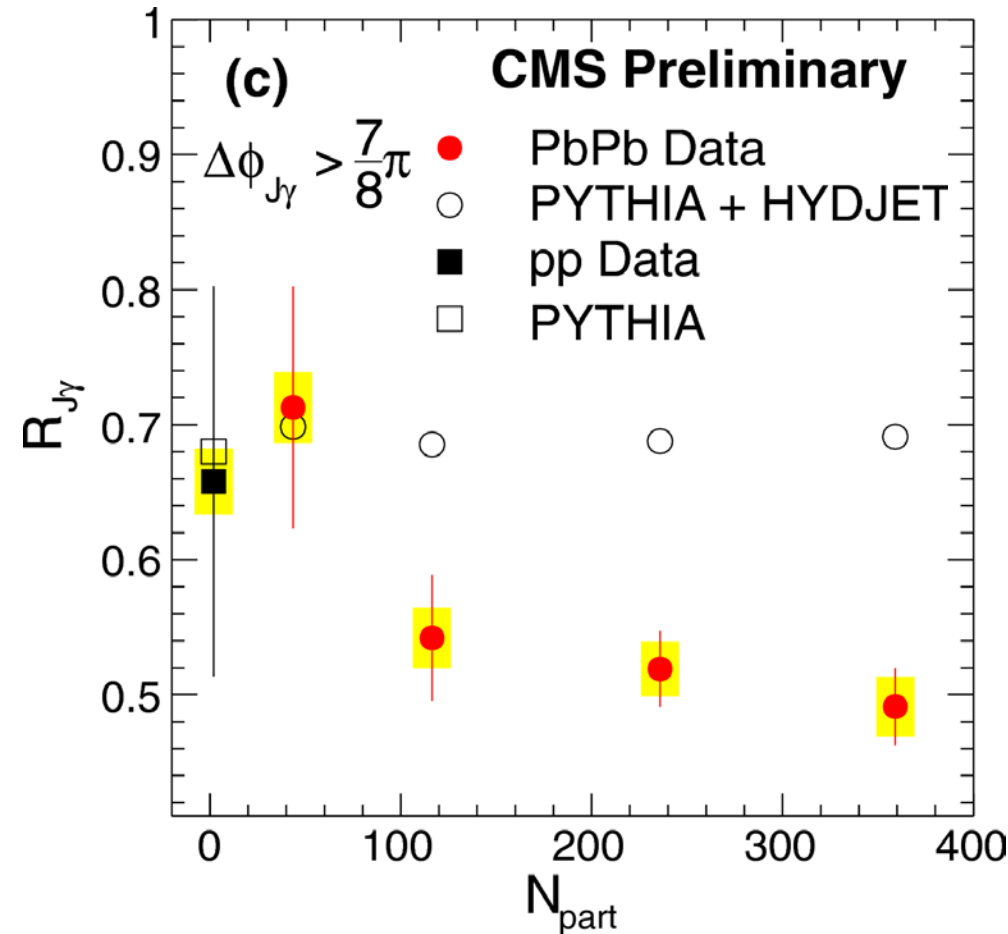
- Angular width $\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|)$ is consistent, both PbPb to pp and PbPb to PYTHIA tune Z2 + HYDJET

$\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|), \langle x_{J\gamma} \rangle$



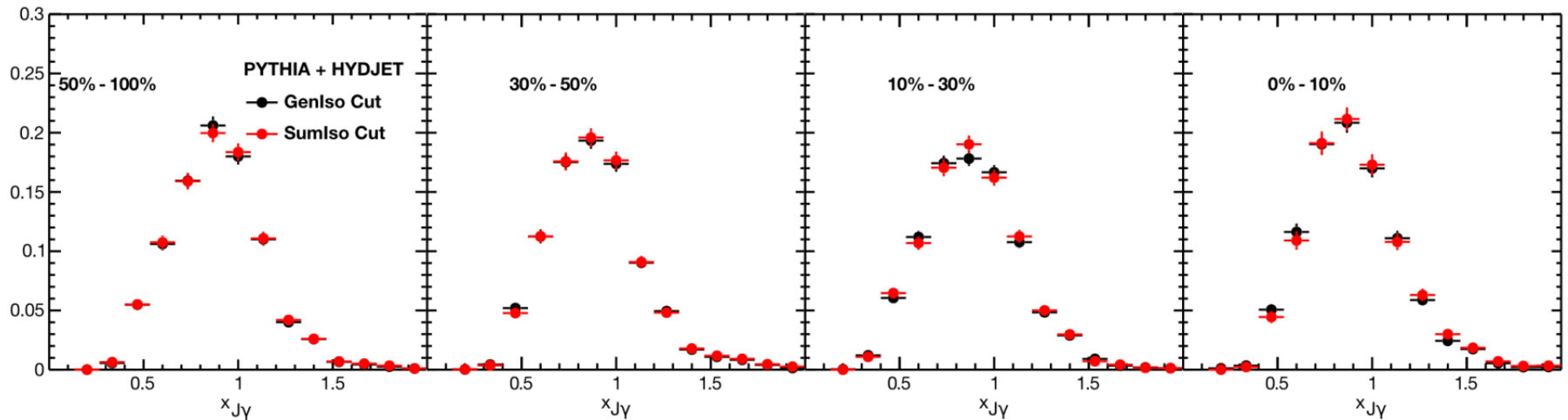
- Angular width $\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J\gamma}|)$ is consistent, both PbPb to pp and PbPb to PYTHIA tune Z2 + HYDJET
- Significant deviation of $\langle x_{J\gamma} \rangle$ PbPb compared to PYTHIA tune Z2 + HYDJET, significance of PbPb vs. pp is weaker

$$\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J_Y}|), \langle x_{J_Y} \rangle, R_{J_Y}$$



- Angular width $\sigma(|\Delta\phi_{J_Y}|)$ is consistent, both PbPb to pp and PbPb to PYTHIA tune Z2 + HYDJET
- Significant deviation of $\langle x_{J_Y} \rangle$ PbPb compared to PYTHIA tune Z2 + HYDJET, significance of PbPb vs. pp is weaker
- The centrality dependence is mostly visible in R_{J_Y} (jet p_T shifting below the 30 GeV threshold)

Isolated Photon Definition (System. Uncert.)



- Comparison of SumIso < 1 GeV reconstructed photon to GenIso < 5 GeV generator photon
- GenIso/SumIso difference quoted as a systematic uncertainty

Summary

- Measurement of isolated prompt photon+jet correlation
- Direct observation of jet energy loss vs. initial parton energy
- Shift of associated jet towards lower p_T with centrality:
 - Significant fraction of jets are shifted to $p_T < 30$ GeV/c
 - Observation of significant shift of jet–photon p_T ratio with respect to MC
 - Shift with respect to pp is less significant due to large pp statistical uncertainties
- No measurable change in $\Delta\varphi_{J\gamma}$, extends to $p_T^{\text{Jet}} = 30$ GeV/c