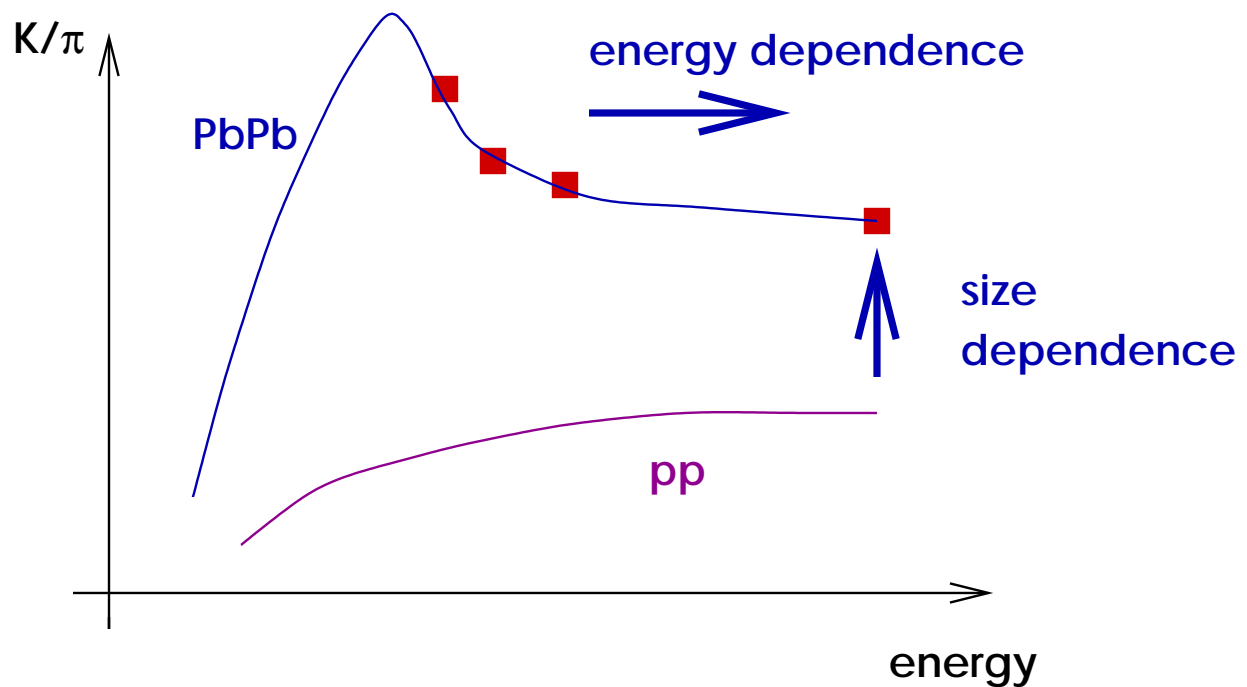


Publication on system size dependence of strangeness production at 160 A GeV

Two approaches to study
the transition into deconfinement:



Publication on System size dependence of strangeness production

Draft for Letter circulated in editorial group
available from Claudia Höhne's group directory
thought as a basis for discussion

Experimental data to be presented:
 π^{+-} K^{+-} ϕ Λ $\bar{\Lambda}$ in C+C and Si+Si
discussed together with p+p S+S Pb+Pb

Main goal of the paper: to present an **interpretation**

Ideas: ● QGP
● canonical suppression
Hagedorn - Rafelski - Redlich

What is canonical suppression ?

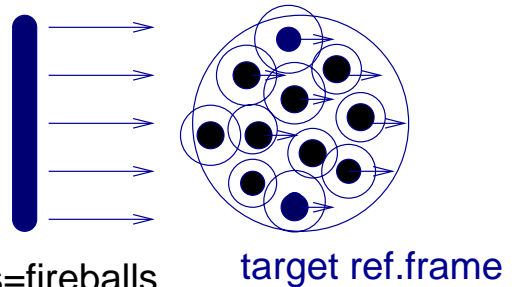
Application to our reactions

question: what is the nature of the thermally looking system ?
what phase of an AA collision is to be identified with it ?

● hadron gas picture: assumption: S determined in the hadronic phase
counter-evidence: correction factor $\gamma_S + \phi \bar{\Lambda}$

● partonic scenario:

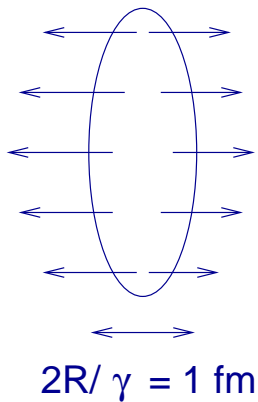
- plausible/necessary to assume formation of coherent partonic subsystems by coalescence of resonances=strings=fireballs



- statistical description of either the systems or their fragmentation (bridge to thermodynamics)
- strangeness fraction determined here

Semi-quantitative comparison

- theoretical saturation volume $V = (20 \pm 5) \text{ fm}^3$
- expected size of coherent (sub-) volumes



AA collision, $A = 30$, $R = 3 \text{ fm}$

CMS of the collision, $\gamma = 9$

volume containing the primary NN collisions

$$= \pi R^2 \cdot 1 \text{ fm}$$

after longitudinal expansion by $\pm 1 \text{ fm}$

$$V = 80 \text{ fm}^3 \text{ at hadronization}$$

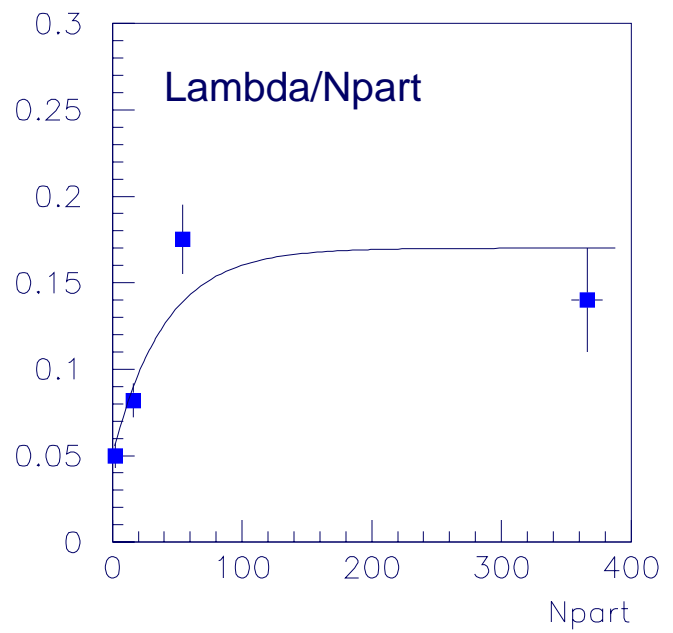
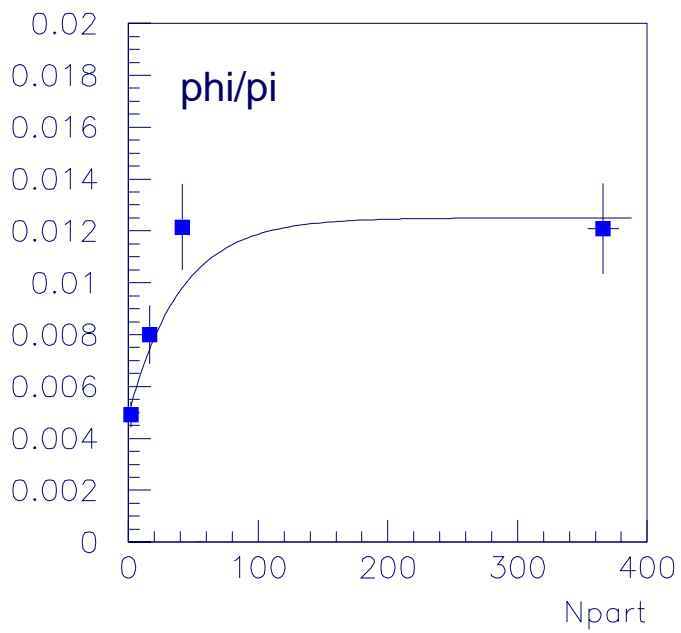
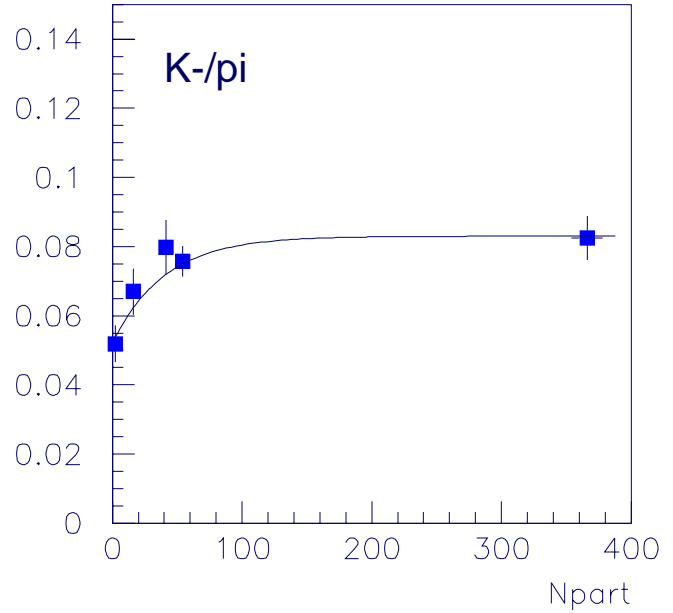
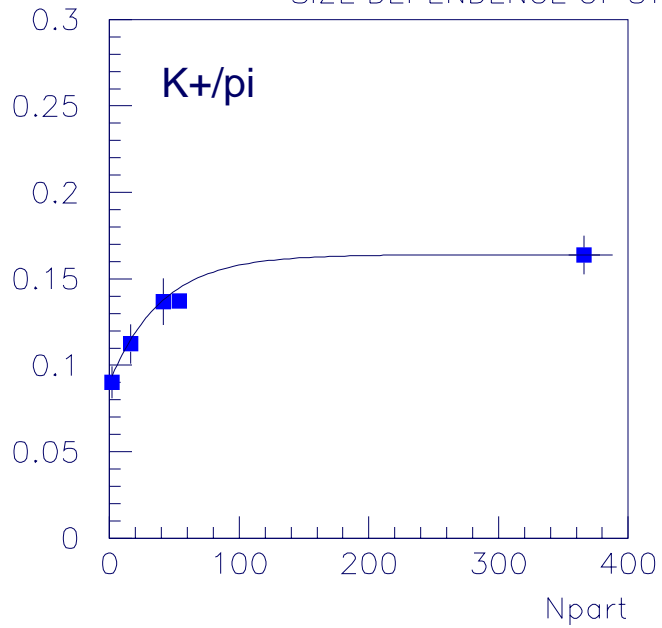
total volume ! not coherent because of rapidity spread

Estimate to be checked by UrQMD simulations (C. Höhne)

Outline of the discussion in the paper:

- assumption (no proof !): canonical suppression
- suggested model: formation of "coherent" partonic subsystems
- consistency between thermodynamic theory and estimated reaction volume
no quantitative fit !

SIZE DEPENDENCE OF STRANGE PARTICLE PRODUCTION



CANONICAL SUPPRESSION / ENHANCEMENT

Given: an equilibrated relativistic system of "non-interacting" particles, E, B, S, Q, \dots fixed

Goal: particle composition (+ kinetic distr.)

Solution: statistical thermodynamics
 canonical or grand-canonical?
 (treatment of conservation laws)
 partition functions \rightarrow observables

Aspect: strangeness production:
 treated as an additional phase canonically,
 the test in grand-canonical approximation

Simplifying assumptions: Boltzmann statistics,
 only a single strange species, e.g. $K\bar{K}$
 (no resonances!)

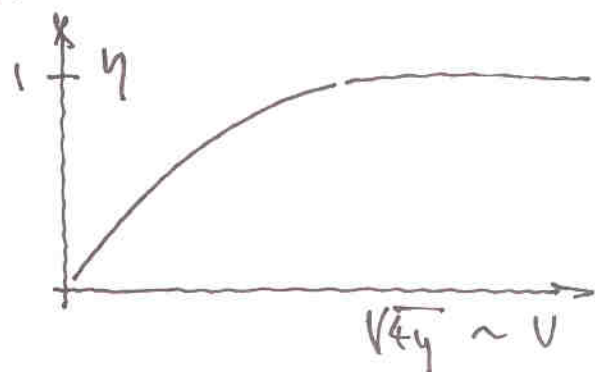
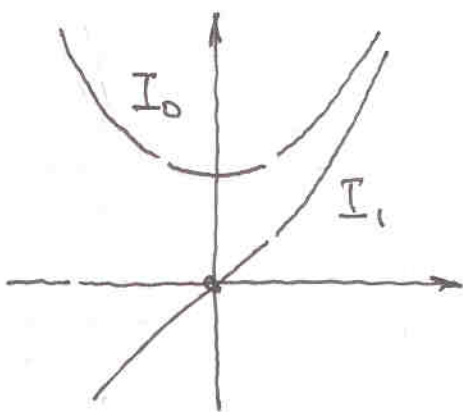
Result: analytical formula (Rafelski + Jaus)

$$\langle n_{K\bar{K}} \rangle = \frac{I_1(\sqrt{4y})}{I_0(\sqrt{4y})} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{4y}, \quad y = \left(\frac{VT^3}{2\pi^2} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\mu}{T} \right)^2 K_2 \left(\frac{\mu}{T} \right)$$

$$\frac{y \gg 1}{(\text{large } V)} \rightarrow \sqrt{y} = \frac{VT^3}{2\pi^2} \left(\frac{\mu}{T} \right)^2 K_2 \left(\frac{\mu}{T} \right) \xrightarrow{\frac{\mu}{T} \gg 1} V \cdot \left(\frac{\mu T}{2\pi} \right)^{3/2} e^{-\mu/T}$$

$$\frac{y \rightarrow 0}{\rightarrow} y = \text{square} \rightarrow \dots e^{-2\mu/T}$$

$$\frac{\langle n_{K\bar{K}} \rangle}{\langle \pi \rangle} \sim \frac{I_1(\dots V)}{I_0(\dots V)} \Big|_{\mu, T} = \text{canonical suppression f. } y$$



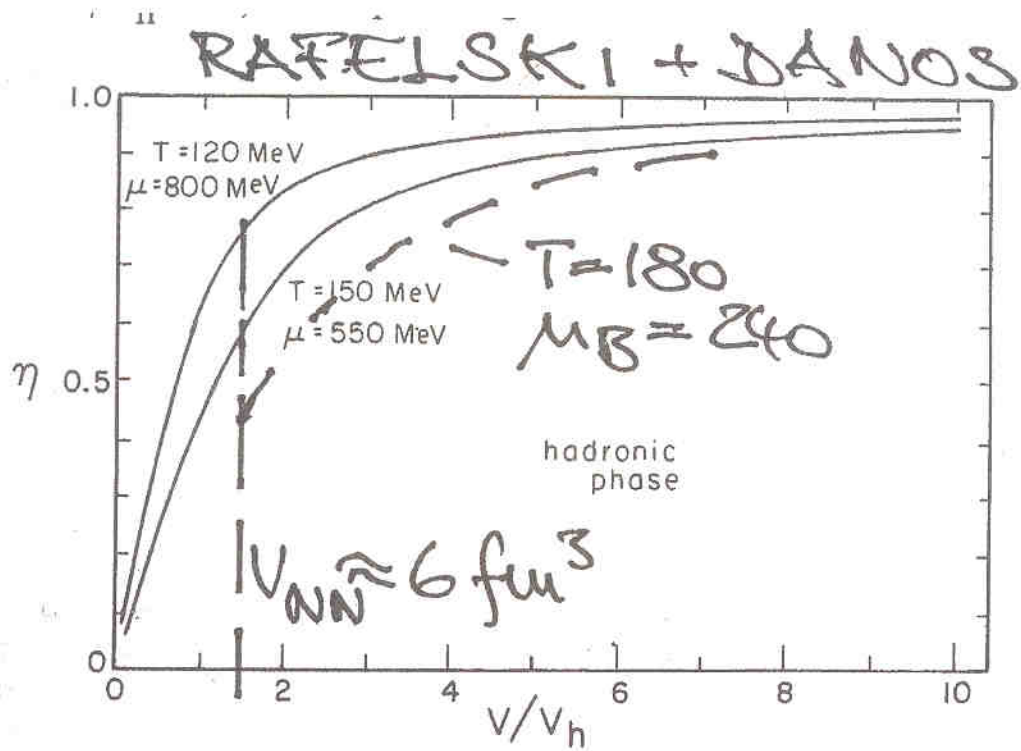


Fig. 1. The quenching factor η as a function of the reaction volume V in units of $V_h = \frac{4}{3} \pi (1 \text{ fm})^3$, for two temperatures.

$$= 4.2 \text{ fm}^3$$

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PHYSICS LE

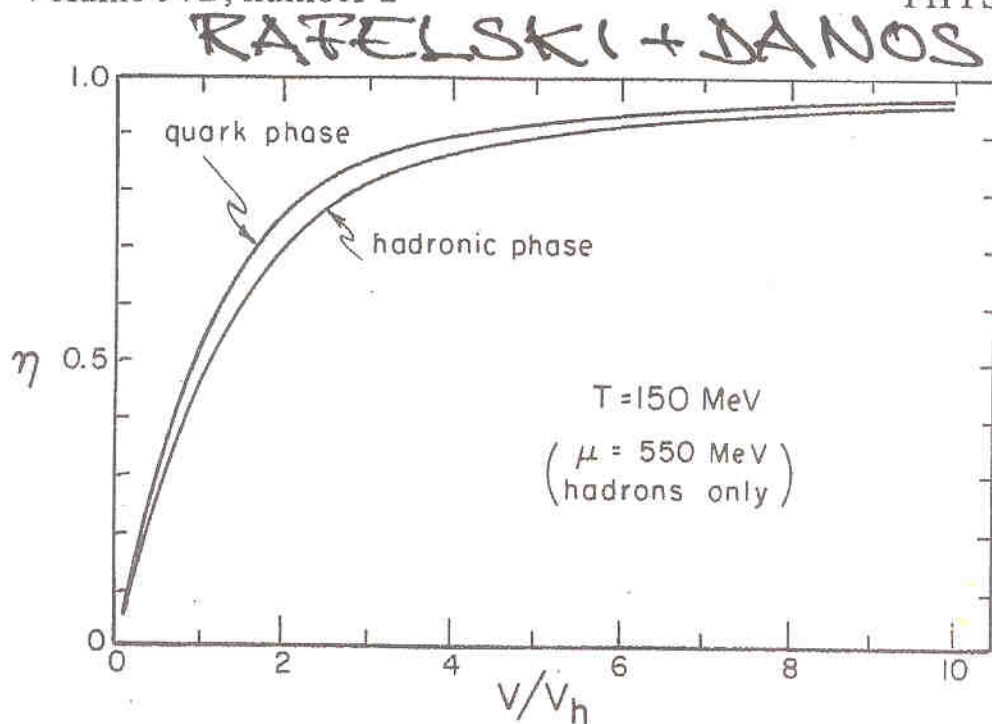


Fig. 2. Comparison of the quenching factors for hadronic and quark phases for $T = 150 \text{ MeV}$.

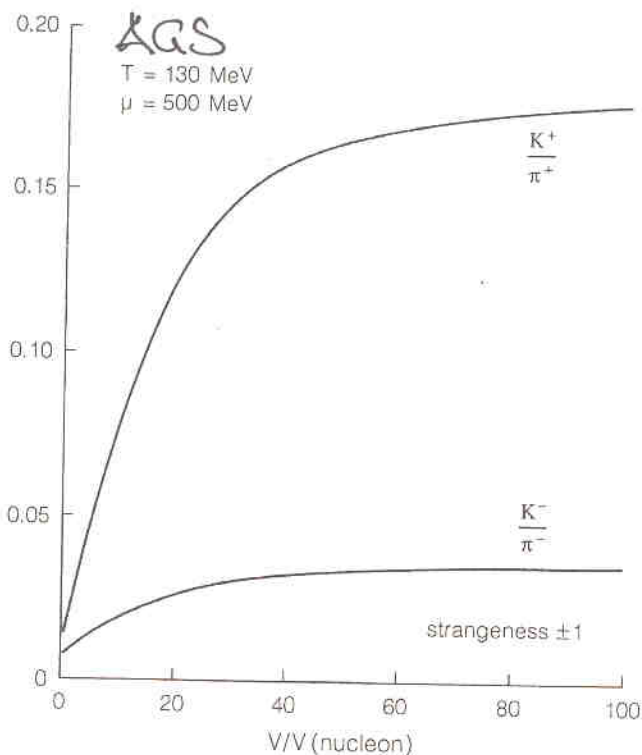


Fig. 1. K^+/π^+ and K^-/π^- ratios in a hadronic gas model as a function of the interaction volume normalized to the volume of the nucleon. The gas contains only particles having strangeness zero and ± 1 . Strangeness conservation is exact

Cleymans, Redlich, Suhoien
Z. Phys. C 51 (1991) 137

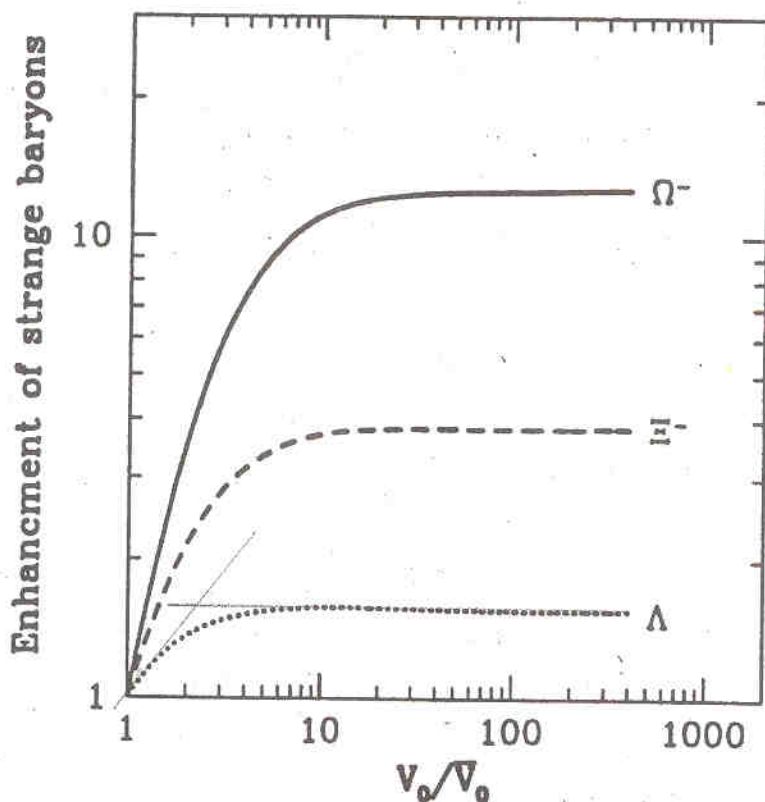
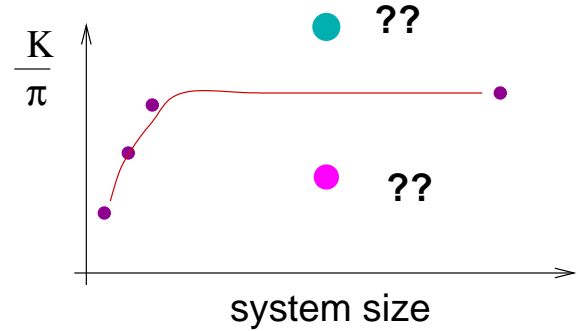


Fig. 1. Volume dependence of strange baryon densities normalized to their value calculated in $V_0 = \bar{V}_0 = 7.4 \text{ fm}^3$ for $T = 168 \text{ MeV}$ and $\mu = 266 \text{ MeV}$.

Hannich, Toussi, Redlich
Phys Lett B 486 (2000) 61

Comments (P. Seyboth, R. Stock, V. Friese)

- no proof of saturation behavior by the data
however: given the present data + the theoretical ideas,
saturation = most plausible scenario



- N_w instead of N_{part} on the abscissa
- inconsistencies of hadronic scenario:
 ϕ / π should not show canonical suppression
 Λ / π should show stronger effect than kaons
- canonical suppression should act differently in partonic and in hadronic scenarios
 $m(K) = 500$ $m(\pi) = 140$ $m(s) = 460$ $m(u/d) = 310$ MeV
(constituent)
- not the partonic system itself (its $u : d : s : g$ ratio), but the **process** of hadronization is to be described in a statistical way ! (contradiction to theoreticians)