

# Isolated Photon – Hadron Correlations

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**for the ALICE collaboration**

Quark Matter 2012 – Washington D.C. – 14/08/2012



**ALICE**

A JOURNEY OF DISCOVERY



**IN2P3**  
Les deux infinis

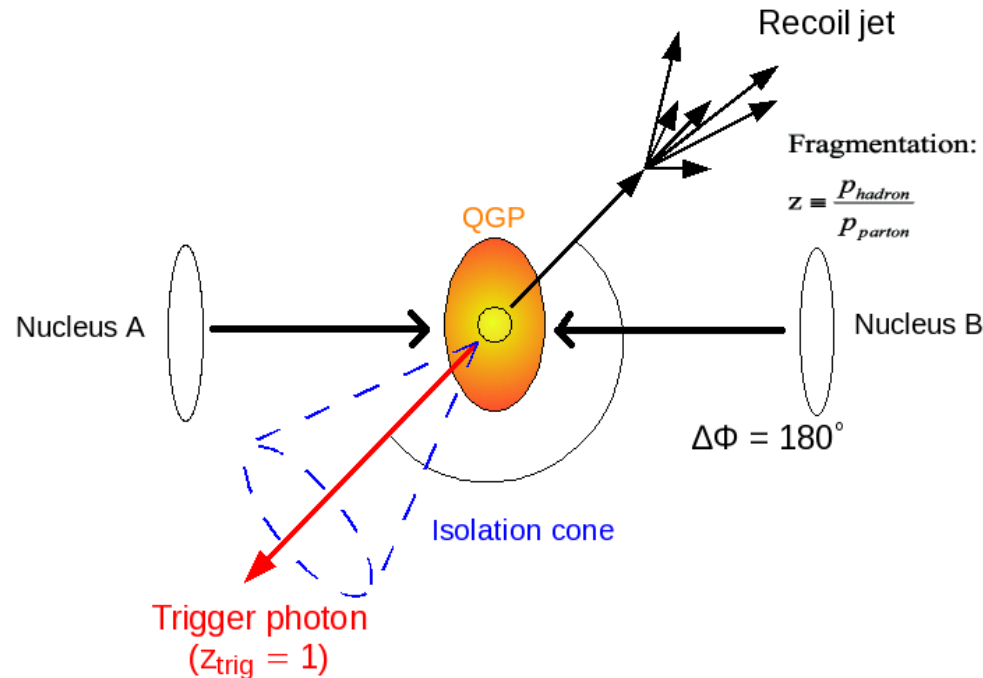


Laboratoire de Physique  
Subatomique et de Cosmologie

# Motivations

Probe transport properties of QCD medium via parton fragmentation :

- photon-tagged jets (without jet reconstruction)
- **analysis method on pp data** to be used as a baseline for Pb-Pb



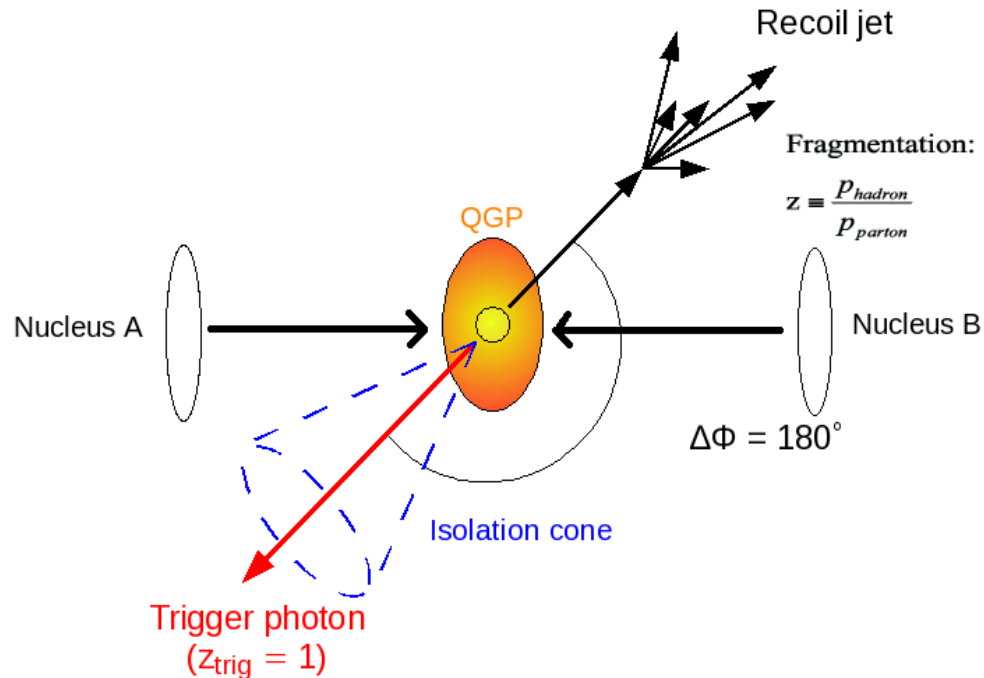
# Observables

Imbalance parameter :

$$x_E = -\frac{p_T^h}{p_T^\gamma} \cos \Delta\Phi$$

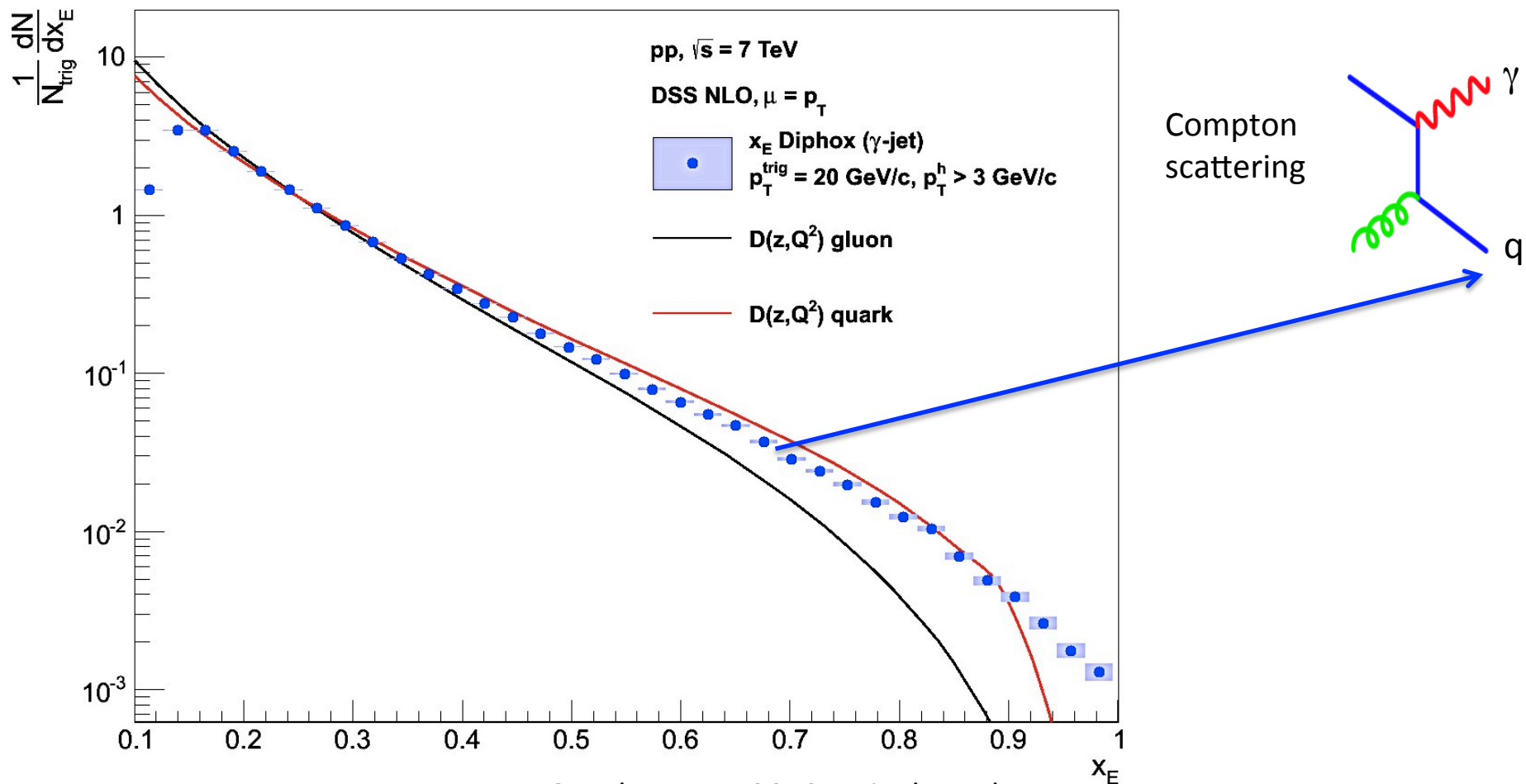
Isolated photon  
 $\longrightarrow$   
 $p_T^\gamma \approx p_T^{\text{parton}}$

$$x_E \approx z = \frac{p^h}{p^{\text{parton}}}$$



# Fragmentation function

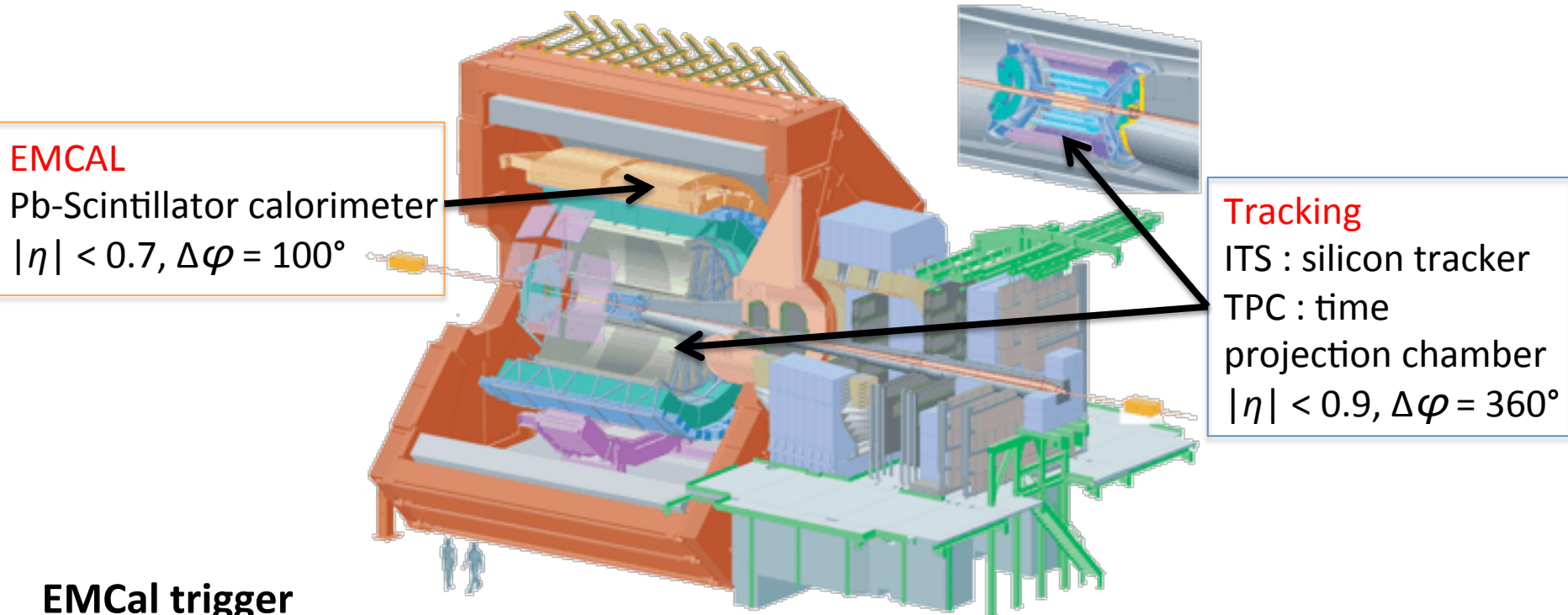
- $x_E$  distribution describes fragmentation function for  $0.2 < x_E < 0.8$
- $\gamma$ -hadron correlations mainly reflect quark fragmentation



# 7 TeV pp data (2011)

## Detectors involved

- Photons are reconstructed and identified using **EMCal**
- Charged hadron tracks are reconstructed using **TPC+ITS**

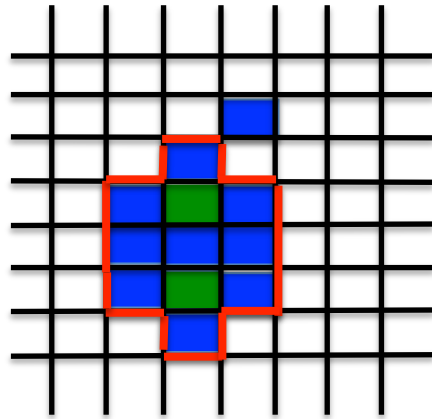


## EMCal trigger

- Use **EMCal trigger** capabilities to enrich high- $p_T$  photons statistics
- Threshold  $\approx 5 \text{ GeV}/c \Leftrightarrow$  gain factor  $\approx 3000$  for  $p_T > 8 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Analysis used about 10M triggered events ( $L_{\text{int}} \approx 500 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )

# Electromagnetic Calorimeter

## Clusterizer



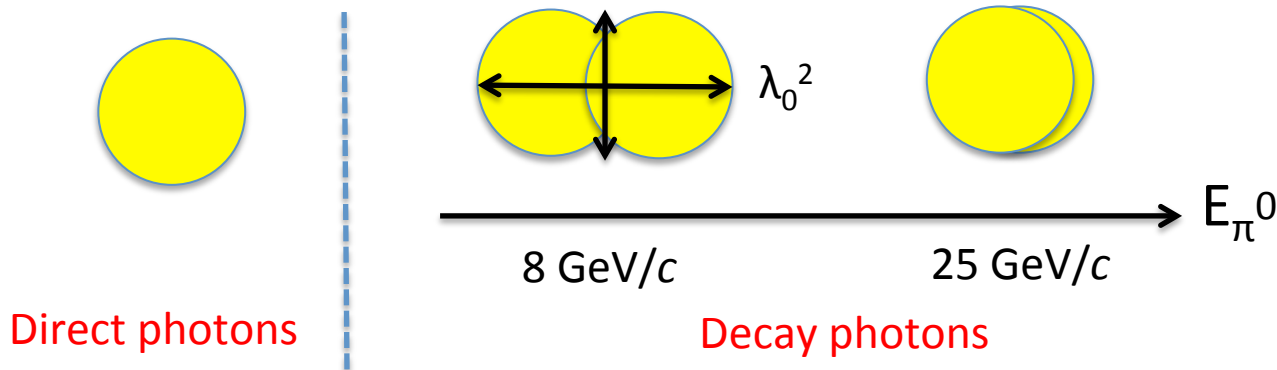
Clusterization = connect adjacent fired cells

- = fired cell
- = local maxima

## Shower shape

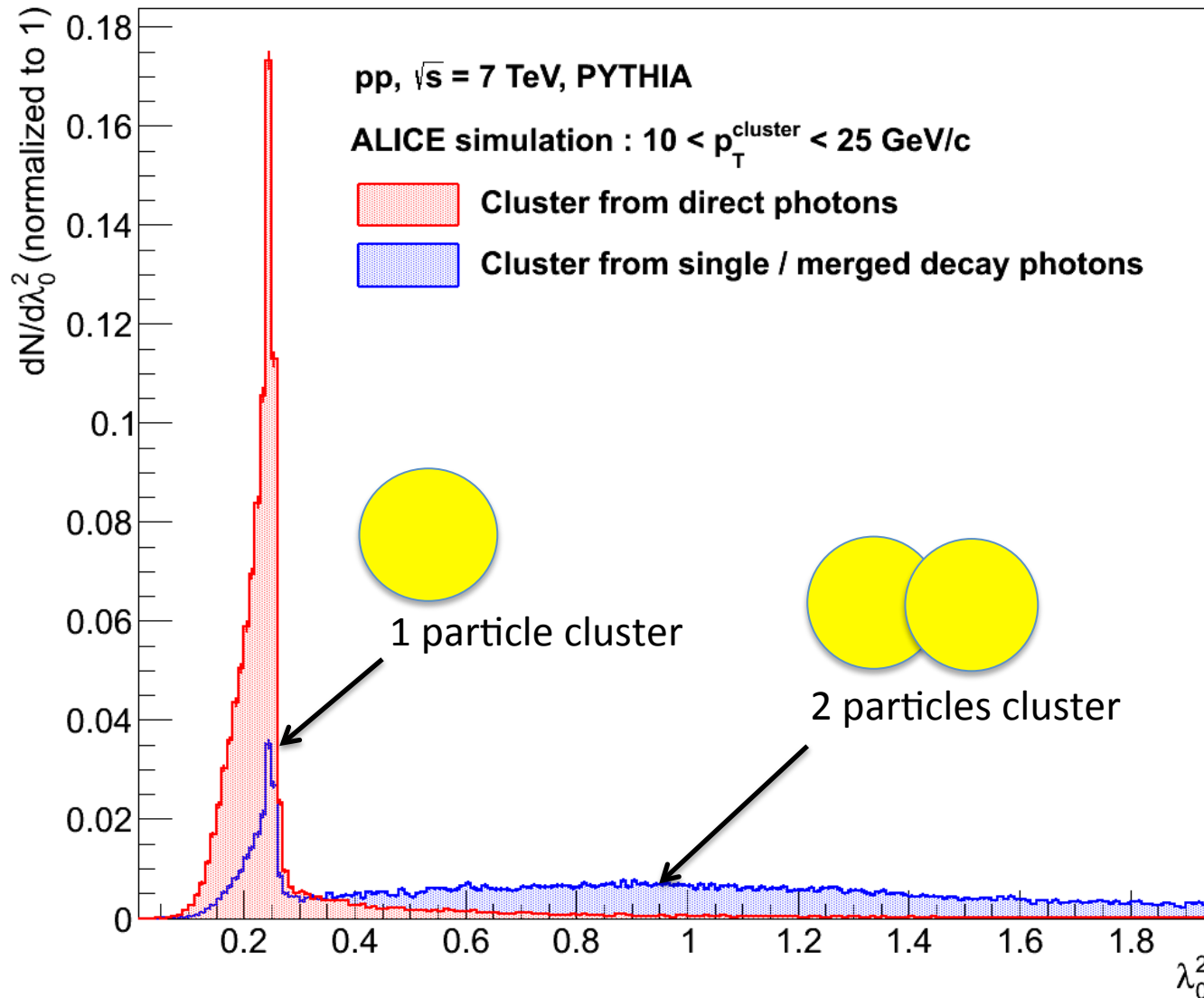
$$\lambda_0^2 = 0.5 * (d_{xx} + d_{zz}) + \sqrt{(0.25 * (d_{xx} - d_{zz})^2 + d_{xz}^2}$$

$$\lambda_1^2 = 0.5 * (d_{xx} + d_{zz}) - \sqrt{(0.25 * (d_{xx} - d_{zz})^2 + d_{xz}^2}$$



# Shower shape

See M. Cosentino poster  
456 – 16/08/2012



**Photon :**  
 $0.1 < \lambda_0^2 < 0.27$

**$\pi^0$  :**  
 $\lambda_0^2 > 0.5$

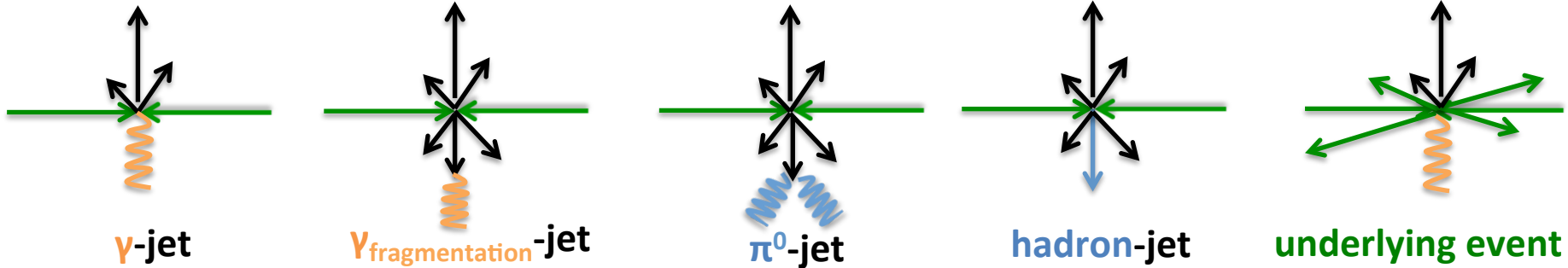
# Analysis strategy

EMCal clusters :

Isolation

+

Photon identification



Inclusive isolated clusters

UE

Purity :  $p = S/(S+B)$

(Background (B) dominated by  $\pi^0$ )

Signal

Background

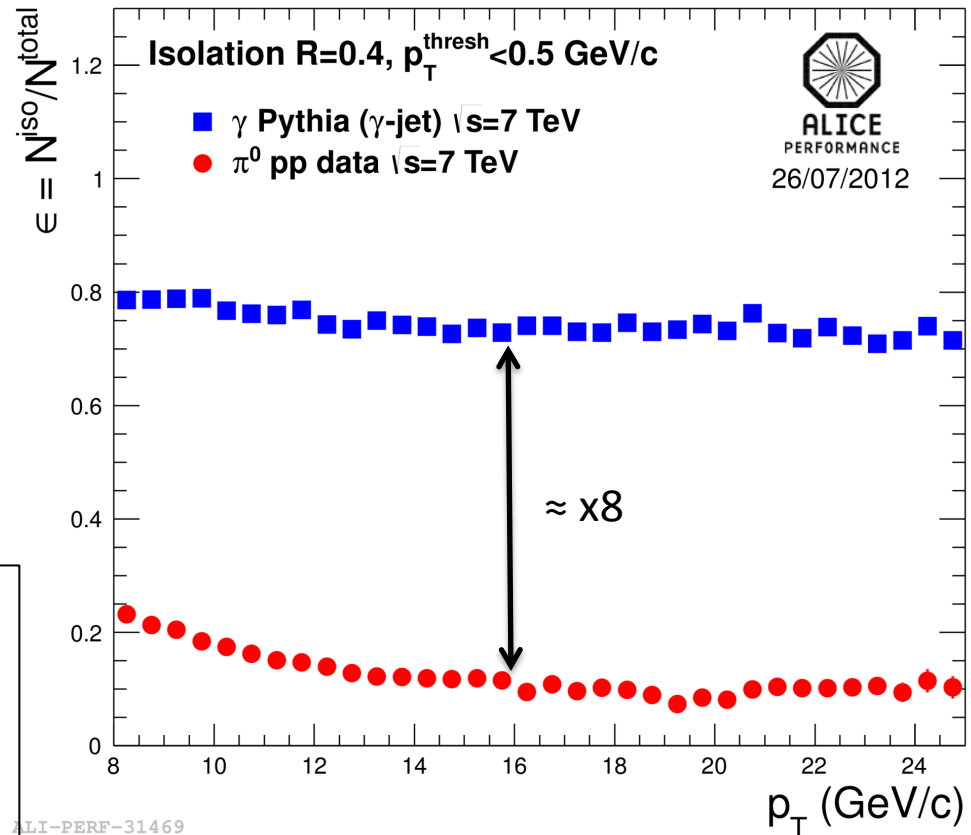
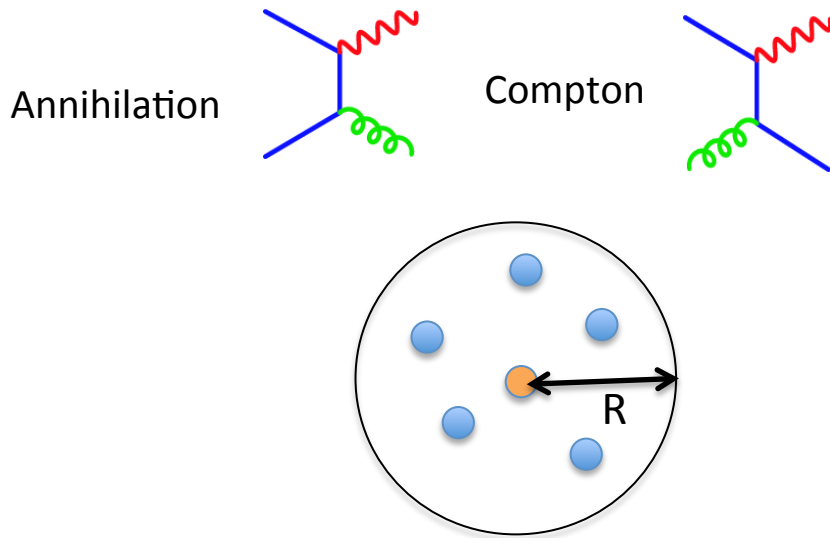
UE

$$x_E^{\gamma \text{ iso}} = \frac{1}{p} x_E^{\text{clusters iso}} - \frac{(1-p)}{p} x_E^{\pi^0 \text{ iso}} x_E^{\text{UE}} \quad (x_E^{\pi^0} \approx x_E^{\text{hadron}})$$



## Select **direct photons** :

- most of direct photons are isolated, most of decay photons are not (jet)
- isolation parameters : cone radius  $R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2}$ ,  $p_T^{threshold}$



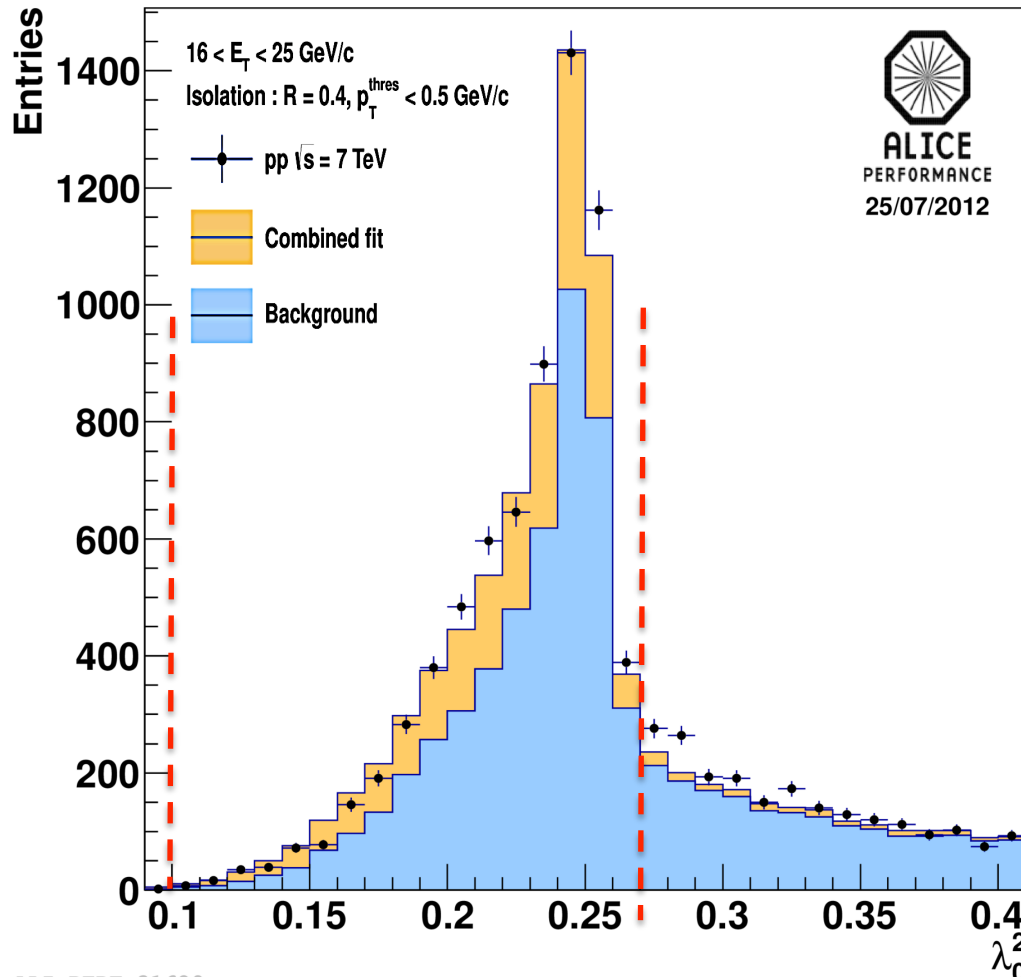
**Isolated cluster**  
 $\Leftrightarrow$   
 no particle with  $p_T$  above 0.5 GeV/c  
 in cone  $R = 0.4$

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# Shower shape : purity estimate

- Isolated clusters sample = isolated photons + background
- Binned likelihood **fit of the shower shape distribution** :

→ combined signal (MC) and background (data) shower shape to fit data



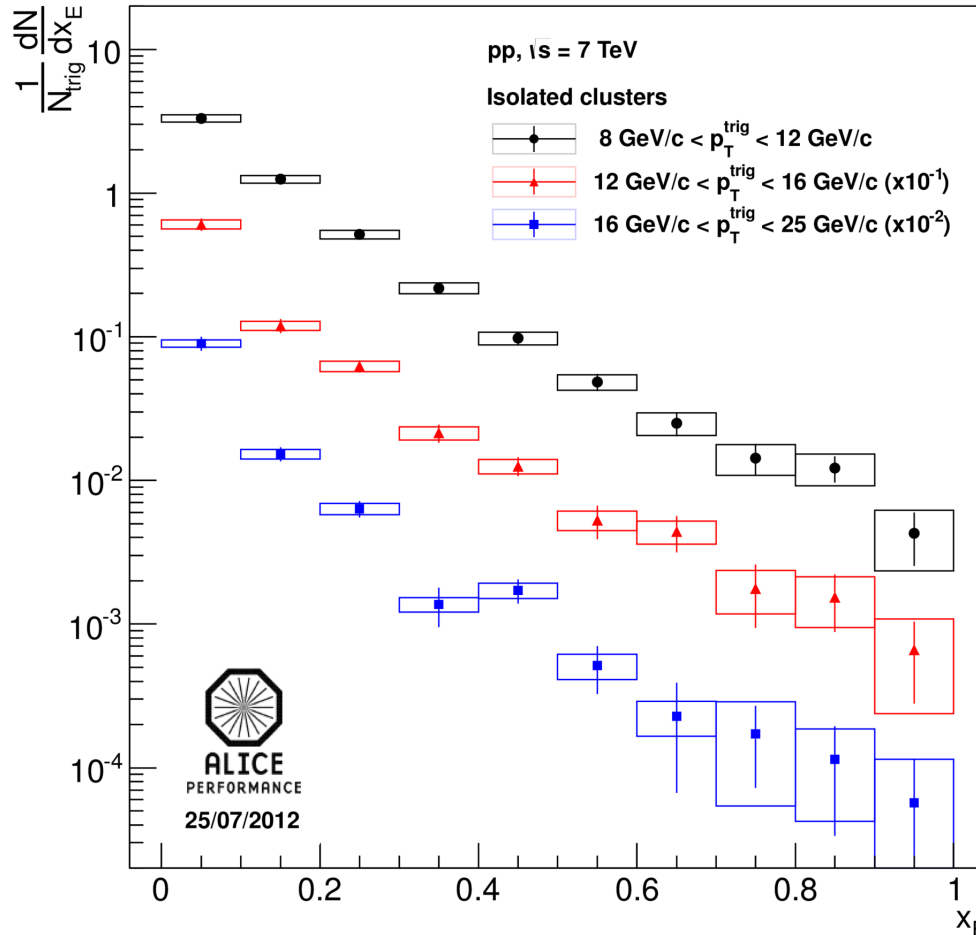
$$\text{Purity} = \frac{\int_{\lambda_0^2=0.1}^{\lambda_0^2=0.27} \text{Signal}}{\int_{\lambda_0^2=0.1}^{\lambda_0^2=0.27} \text{Signal} + \int_{\lambda_0^2=0.1}^{\lambda_0^2=0.27} \text{Background}}$$

$p_T$ bins (GeV/c)	Purity
8-12	$0.08 \pm 0.01$
12-16	$0.31 \pm 0.05$
16-25	$0.59 \pm 0.04$

# $x_E$ isolated clusters

- Underlying event subtracted

$$x_E^{\gamma iso} = \frac{1}{p} x_E^{clusters iso} - \frac{(1-p)}{p} x_E^{\pi^0 iso}$$



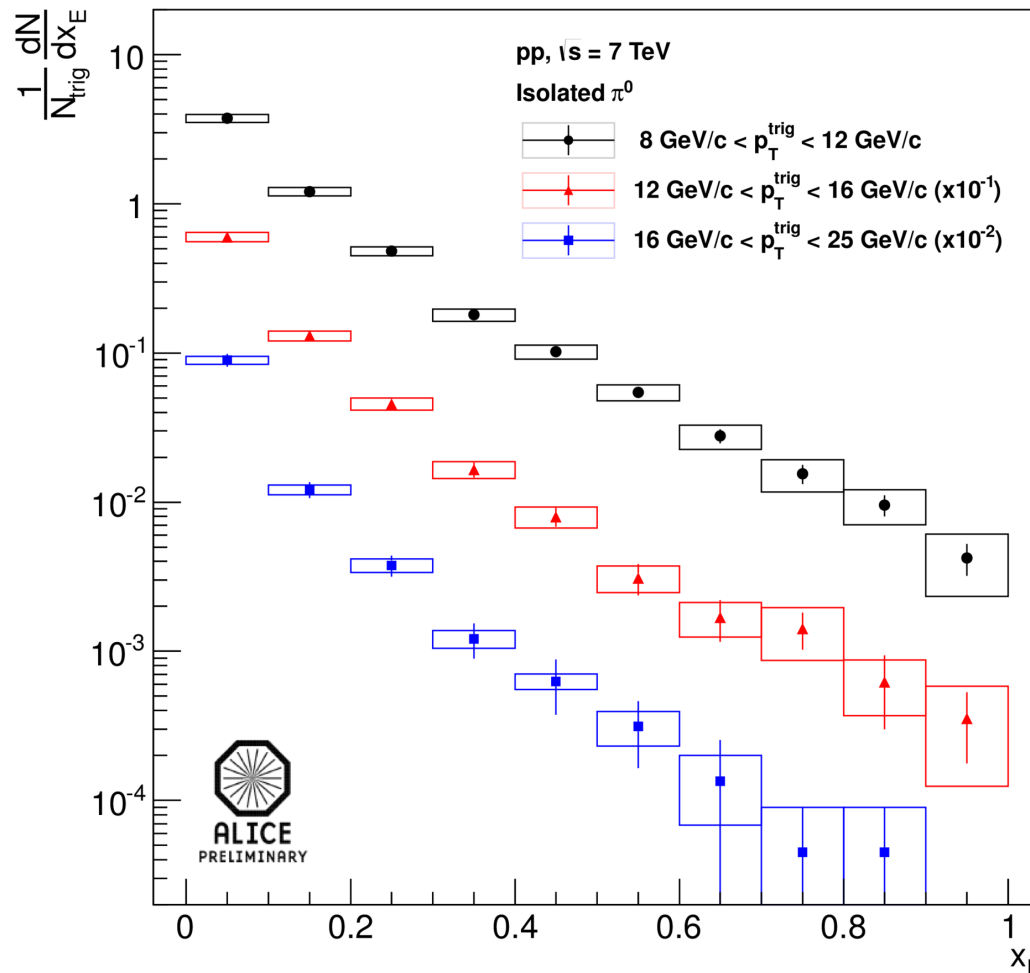
8 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 12 GeV/c  
 12 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 16 GeV/c  
 16 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 25 GeV/c

Result is a mix of isolated photons and background

# $x_E$ isolated $\pi^0$

- Background = 95%  $\pi^0$  decay photons
- Use  $\pi^0$  to evaluate background

$$x_E^{y iso} = \frac{1}{p} x_E^{clusters iso} - \frac{(1-p)}{p} x_E^{\pi^0 iso}$$

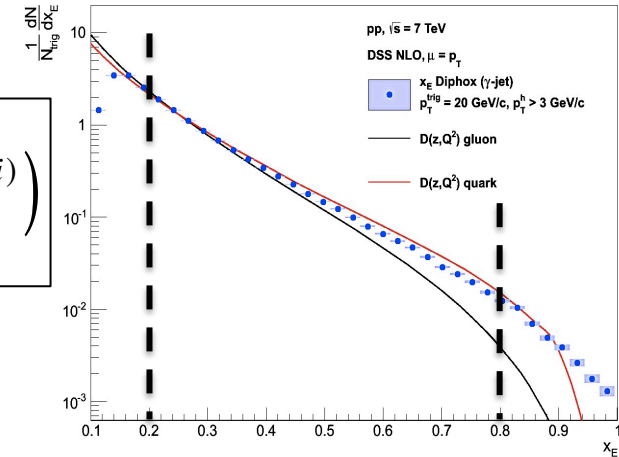


**8 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 12 GeV/c**  
**12 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 16 GeV/c**  
**16 <  $p_T^{trig}$  < 25 GeV/c**

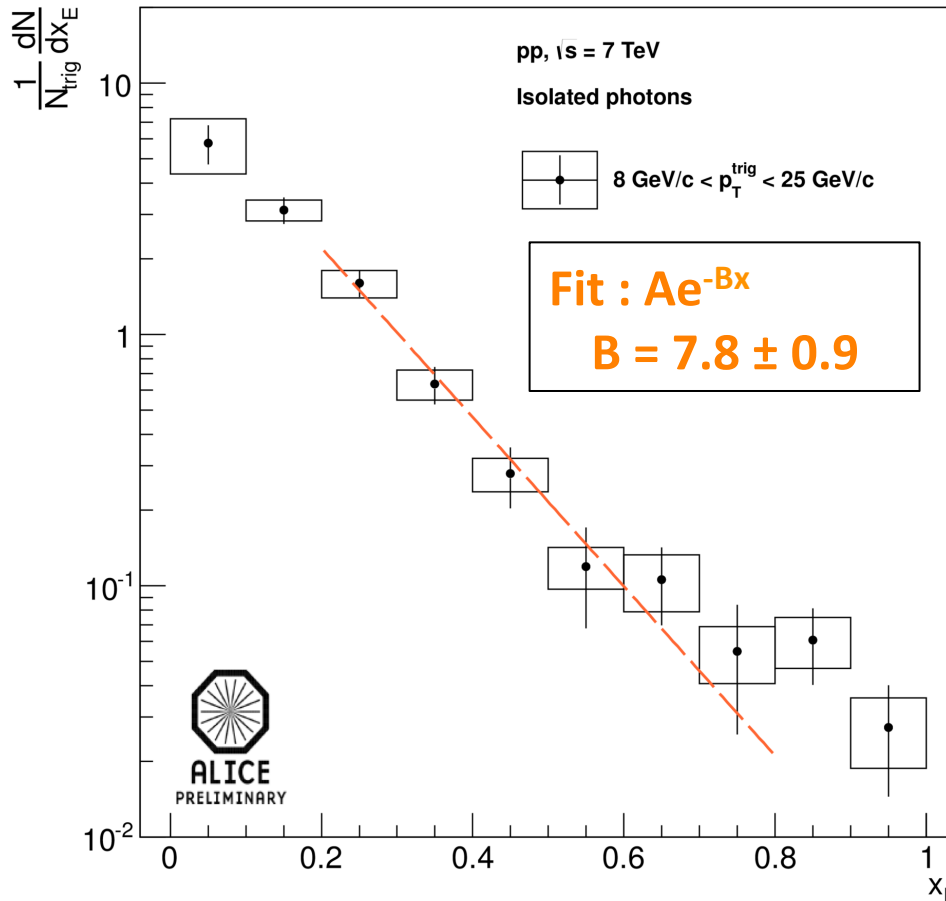
# $x_E$ isolated photons

- **Subtract contamination** in  $p_T$  bins ( $\Delta p_T = 1 \text{ GeV}/c$ )

$$x_E^{\gamma iso} = \sum_{i=8}^{25 \text{ GeV}/c} \left( \frac{1}{p_i} x_E^{clusters iso(i)} - \frac{(1-p_i)}{p_i} x_E^{\pi^0 iso(i)} \right) - \sum_{i=8}^{25 \text{ GeV}/c} \left( x_E^{UE(i)} \right)$$



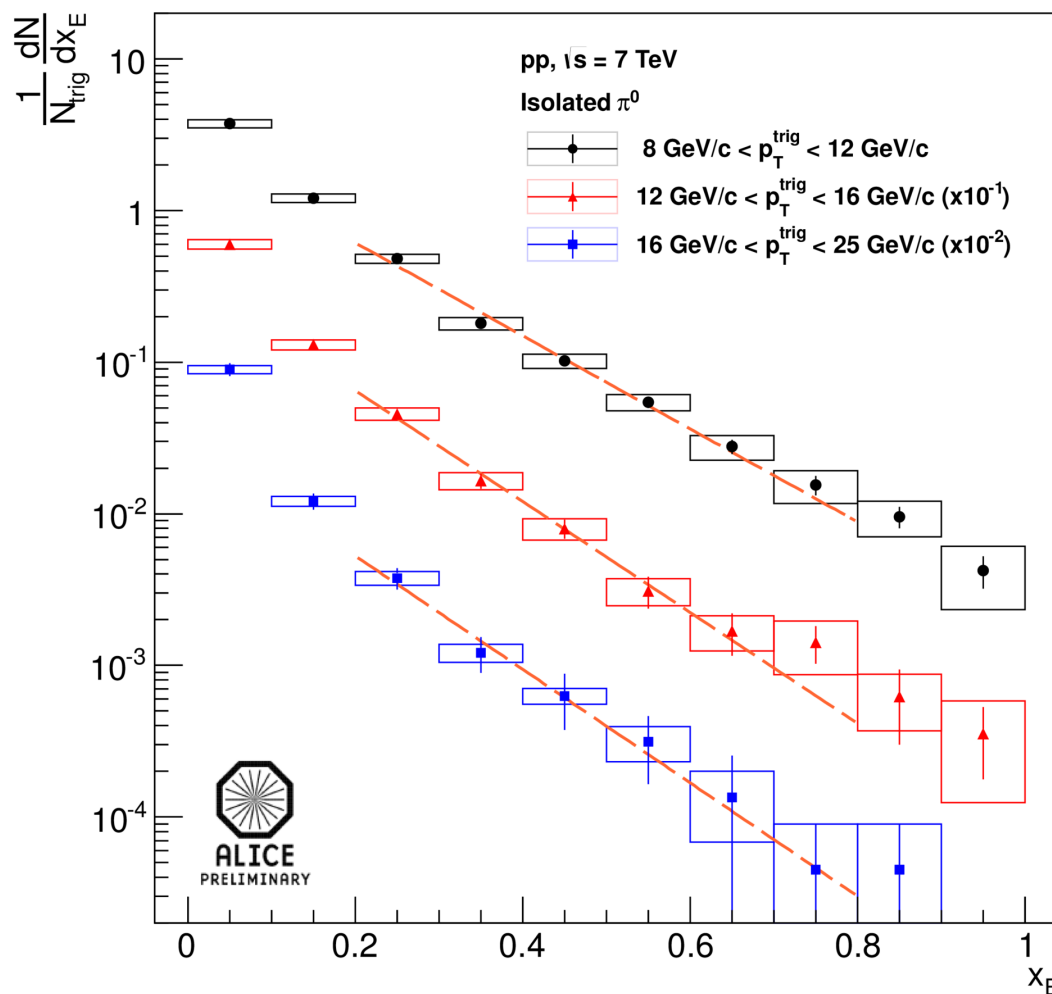
Exponential shape [0.2-0.8]



**Baseline** for the study of medium modified parton fragmentation in Pb-Pb

# $x_E \pi^0$ : slope parameter (1)

- Inclusive hadron-hadron correlation : jet energy unknown
- Isolated  $\pi^0$  :  $E_{\pi^0}$  samples a large fraction of  $E_{\text{parton}} \Leftrightarrow \langle z_{\pi^0} \rangle = 0.8$  (Pythia+cuts)



Exponential fit (slope) :

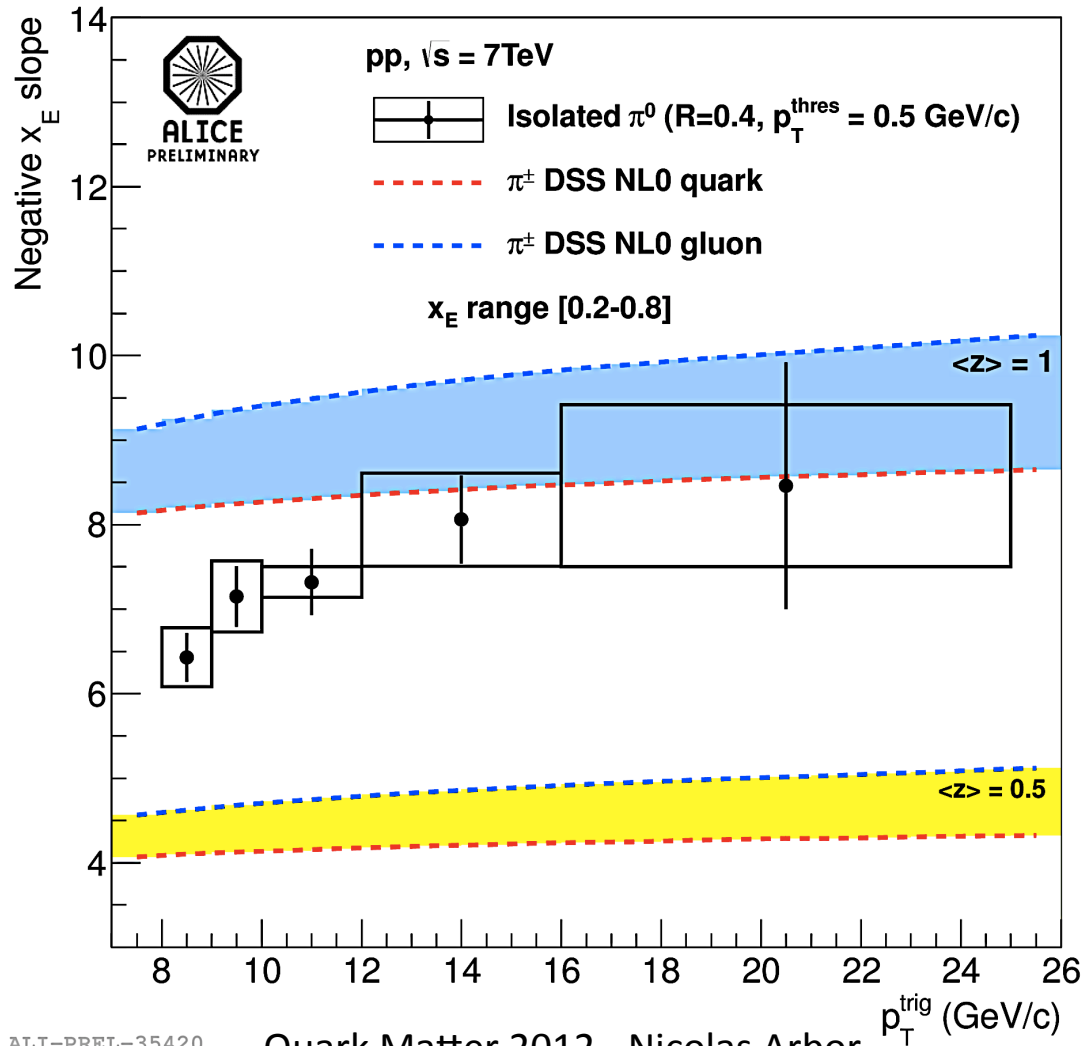
[8-12] GeV/c :  $6.9 \pm 0.4$

[12-16] GeV/c :  $8.1 \pm 0.6$

[16-25] GeV/c :  $8.5 \pm 0.7$

# $x_E \pi^0$ : slope parameter (2)

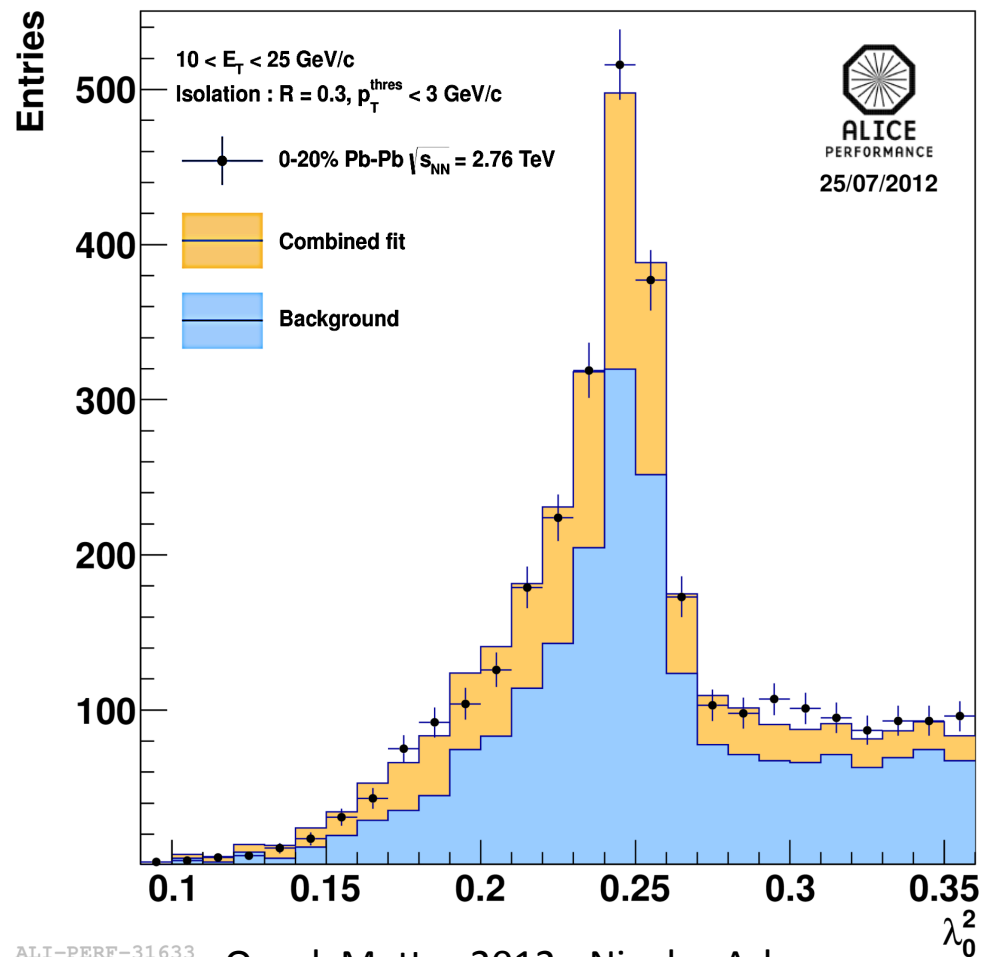
- Compare slopes from isolated  $\pi^0$  with fragmentation function
- Isolated  $\pi^0$  slopes sample  $\langle z \rangle \approx 0.8$



# Isolated photons : Pb-Pb 2.76 TeV

Photon identification on **Pb-Pb data** :

- Started to separate isolated photons from background
- Still work needed to understand the more complex background (flow)



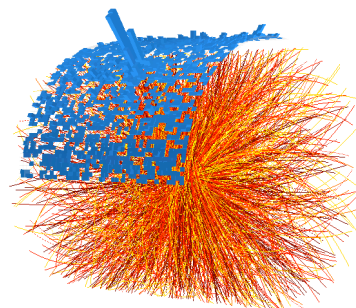


# Summary and Outlook

- Establish global shape of fragmentation function through the measurement of isolated photon-hadron correlations in  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV pp collisions in the  $p_T$  range [8-25] GeV/c
- Extract isolated  $\pi^0$  slope parameter to study fragmentation bias in using isolated  $\pi^0$  – hadron correlations
- Next : measure medium modified  $x_E$  distribution in Pb-Pb in the same  $p_T$  range

## Isolated photons in pp collisions

See M. Cosentino poster  
456 – 16/08/2012



## $\pi^0$ – hadron correlations in pp and Pb-Pb collisions

See X. Zhu poster  
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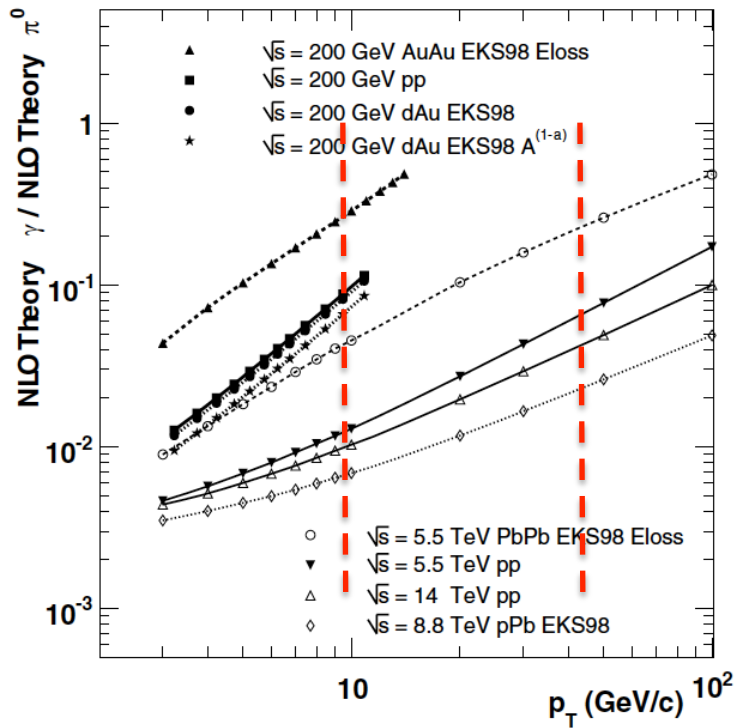
**Back up**

# Experimental aspects

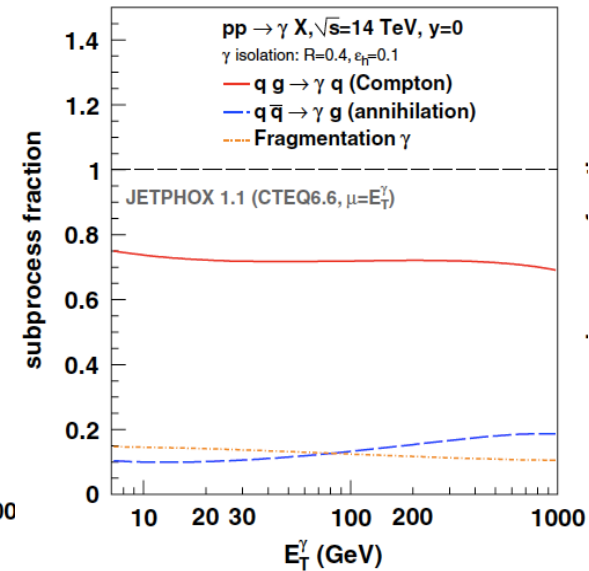
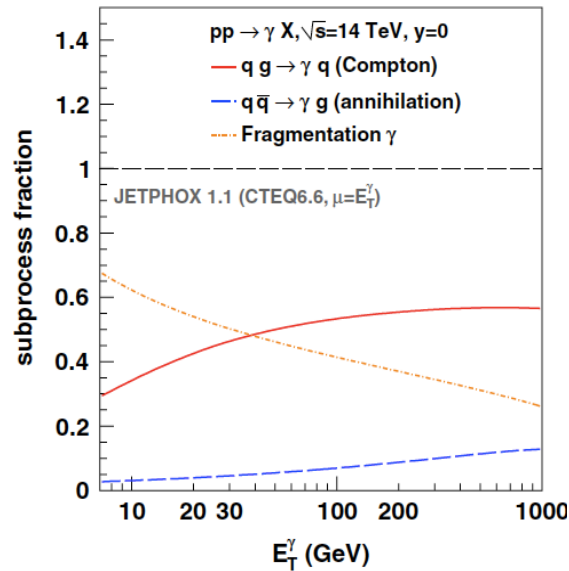
- Background from decay

- Isolation

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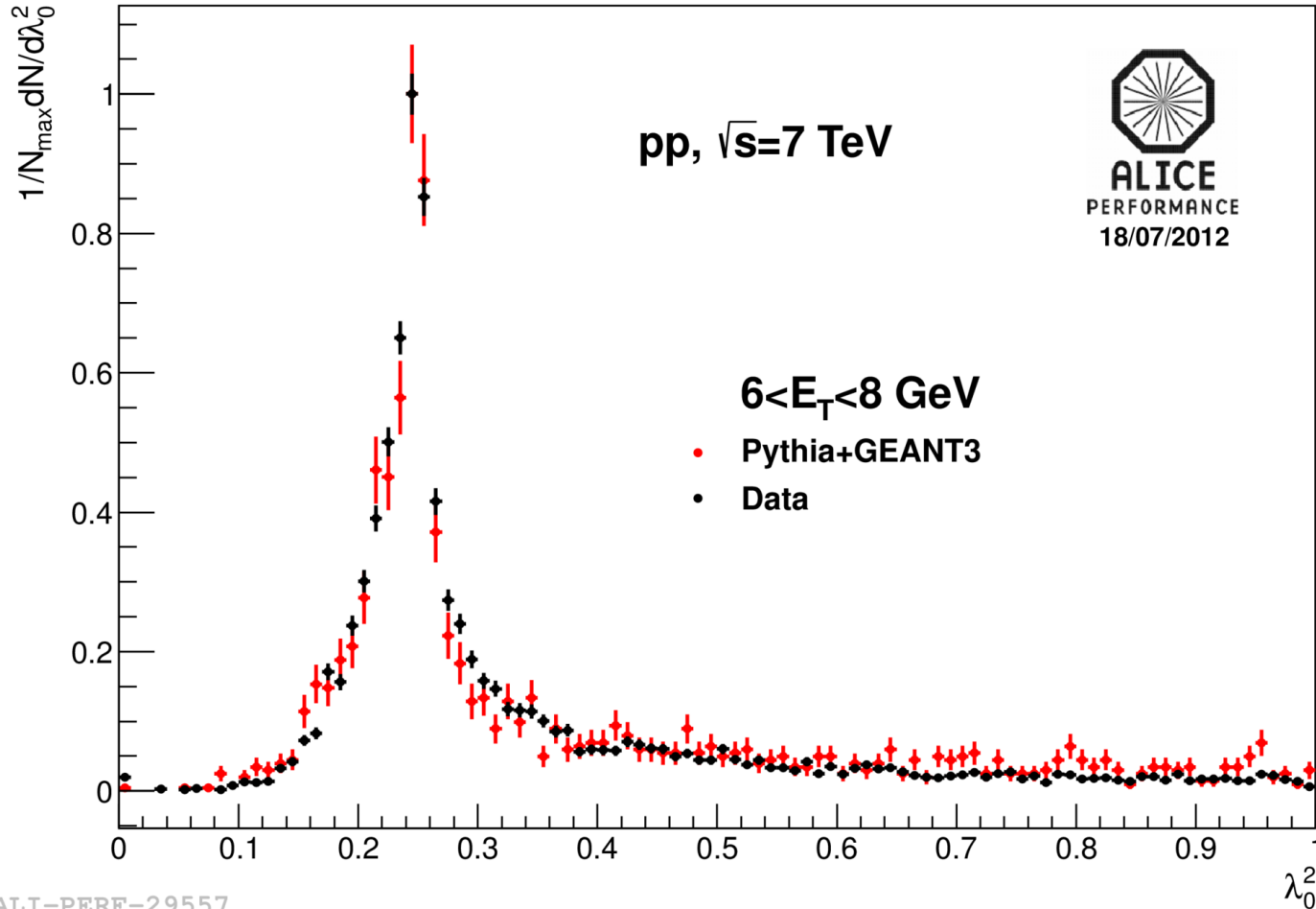
R. Ichou et al. arXiv:1005.4529[hep-ph]



# EMCal shower shape

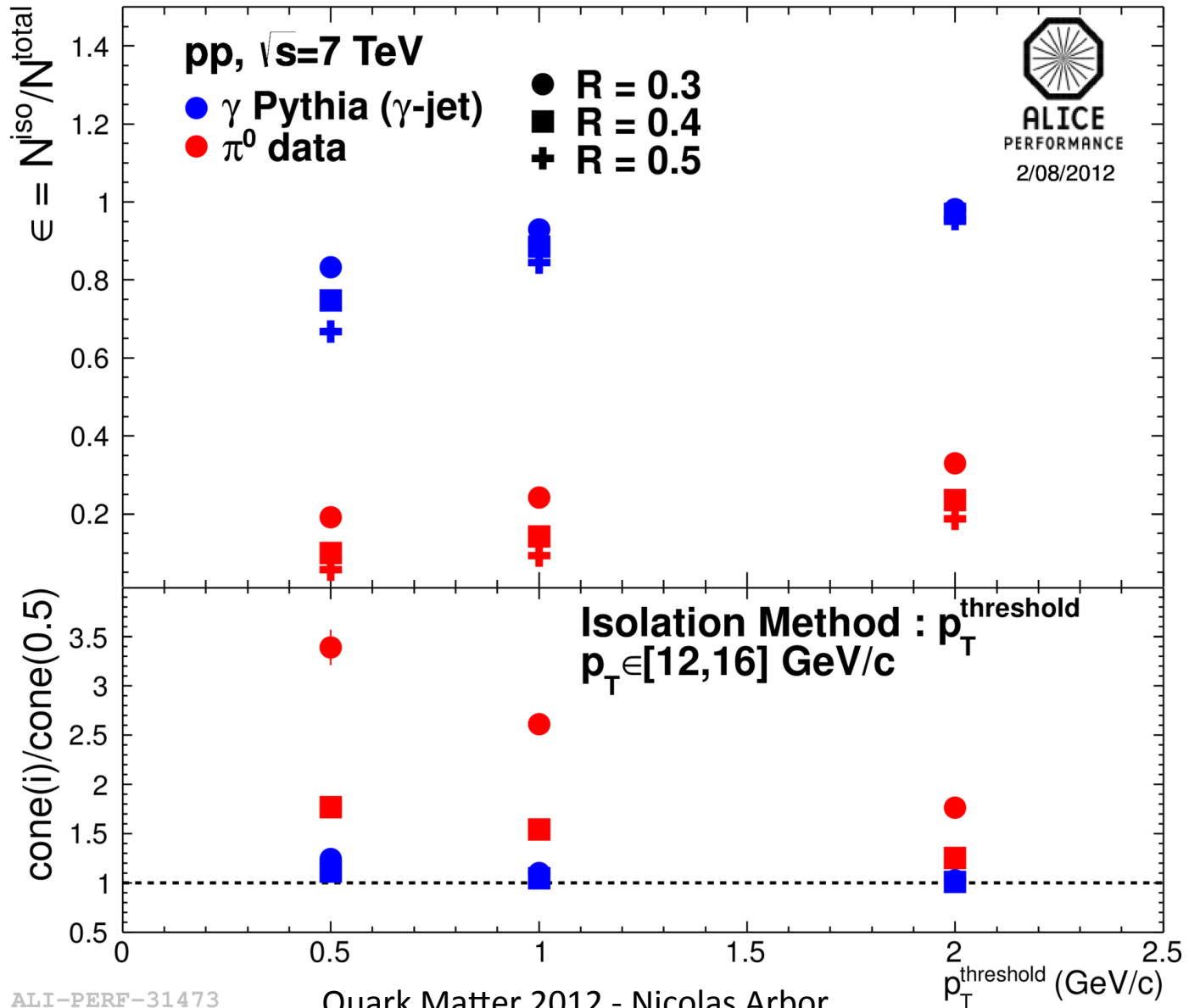
- Semi-converted photons from  $\pi^0$

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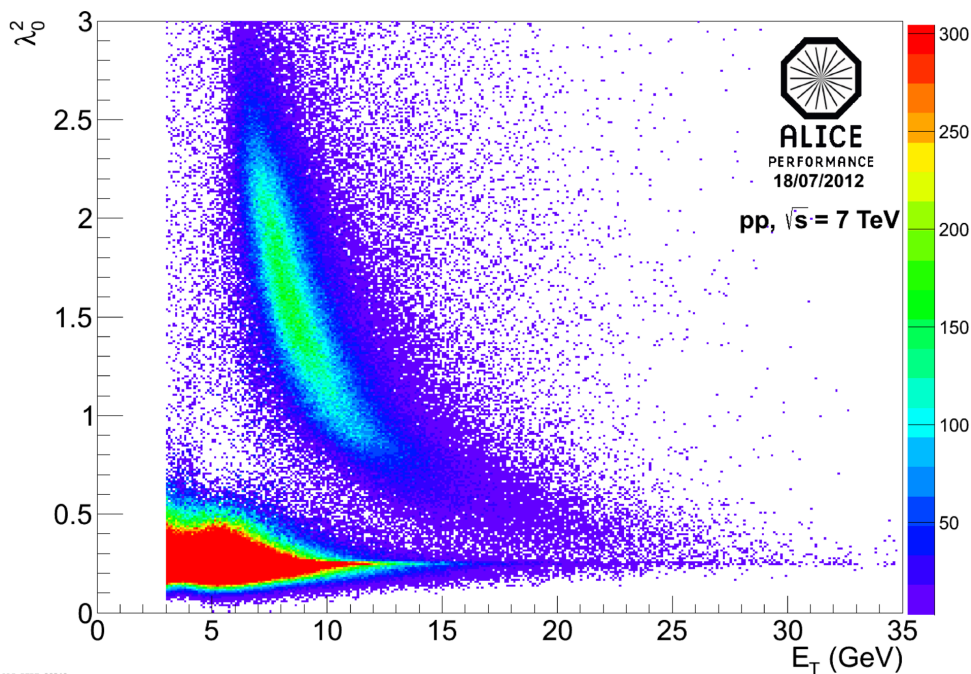


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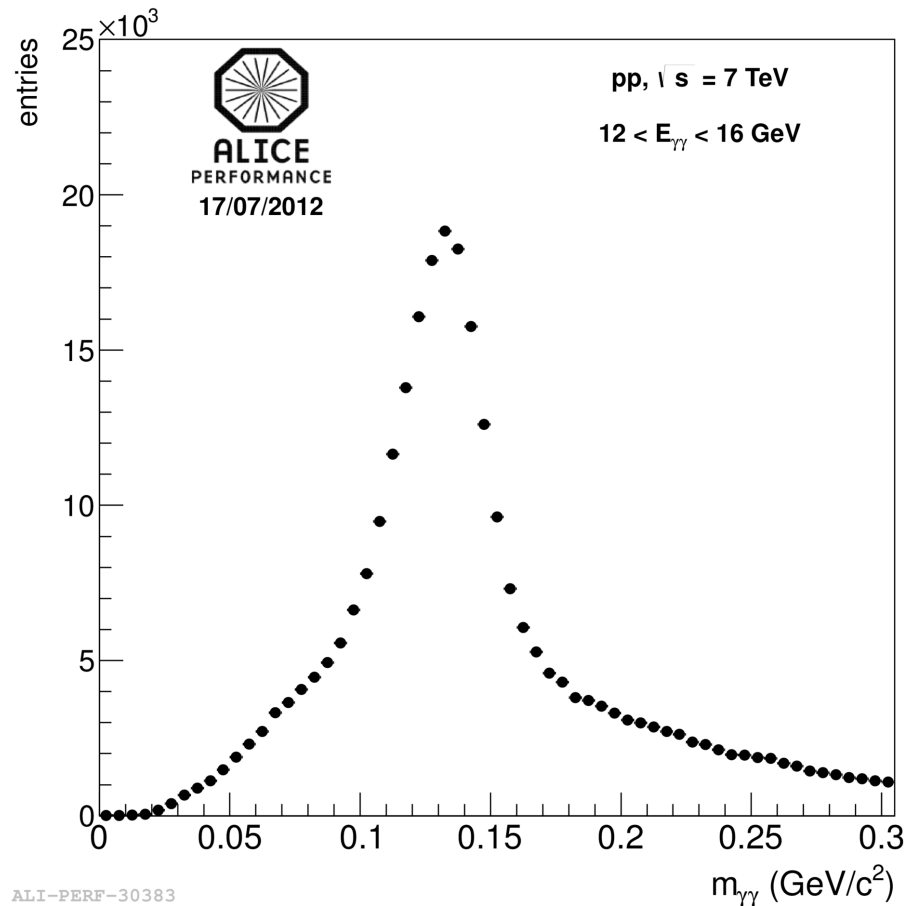
# Isolation criteria



# $\pi^0$ identification



Shower shape from neutral clusters



Invariant mass of splitted clusters

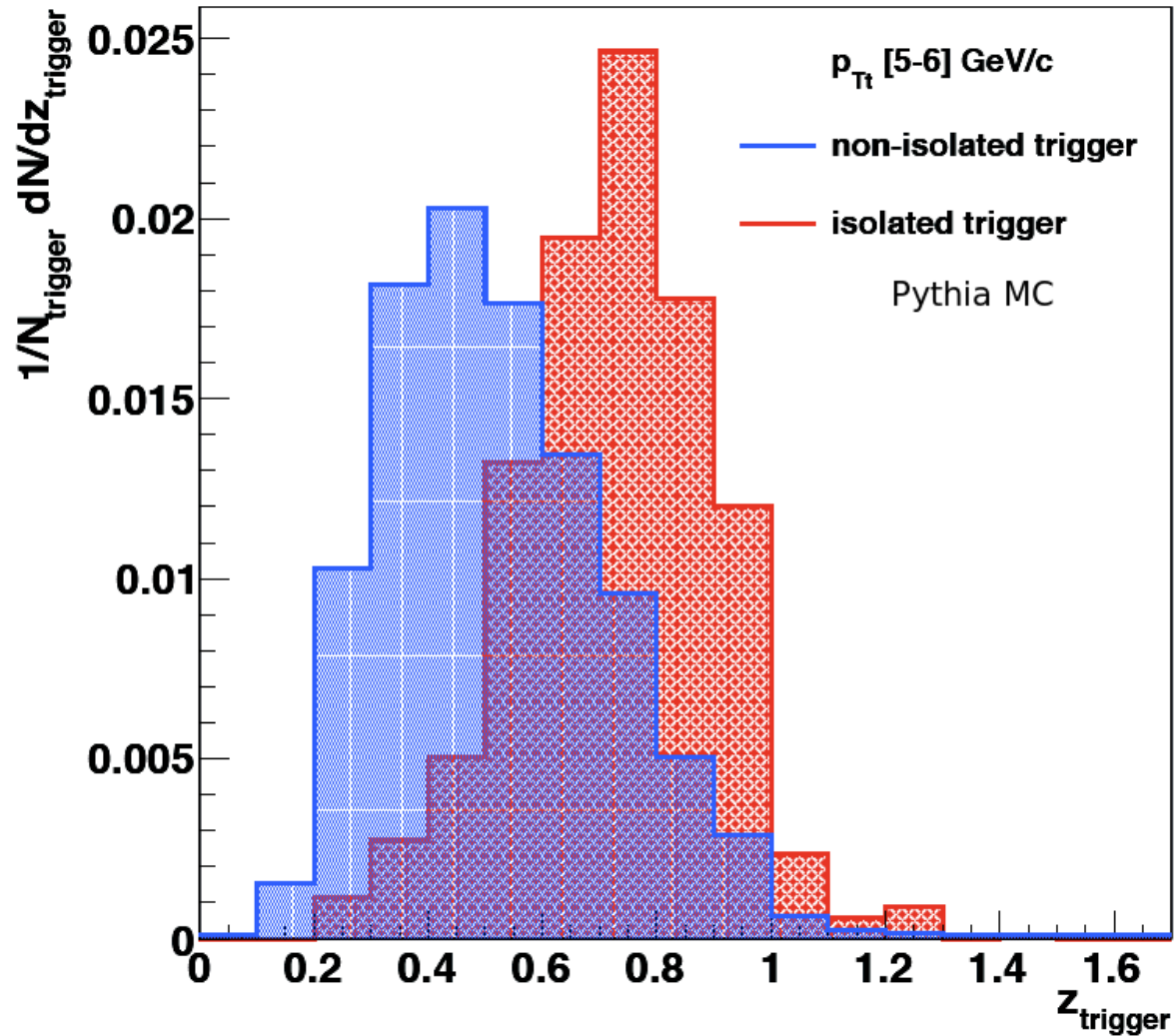
# Systematics uncertainties

Main systematic uncertainties are :

- Shower shape MC / Data
- Likelihood fit parameters (binning, range)
- Background template composition (signal contamination, shower shape)
- Underlying event subtraction
- Detectors effects correction

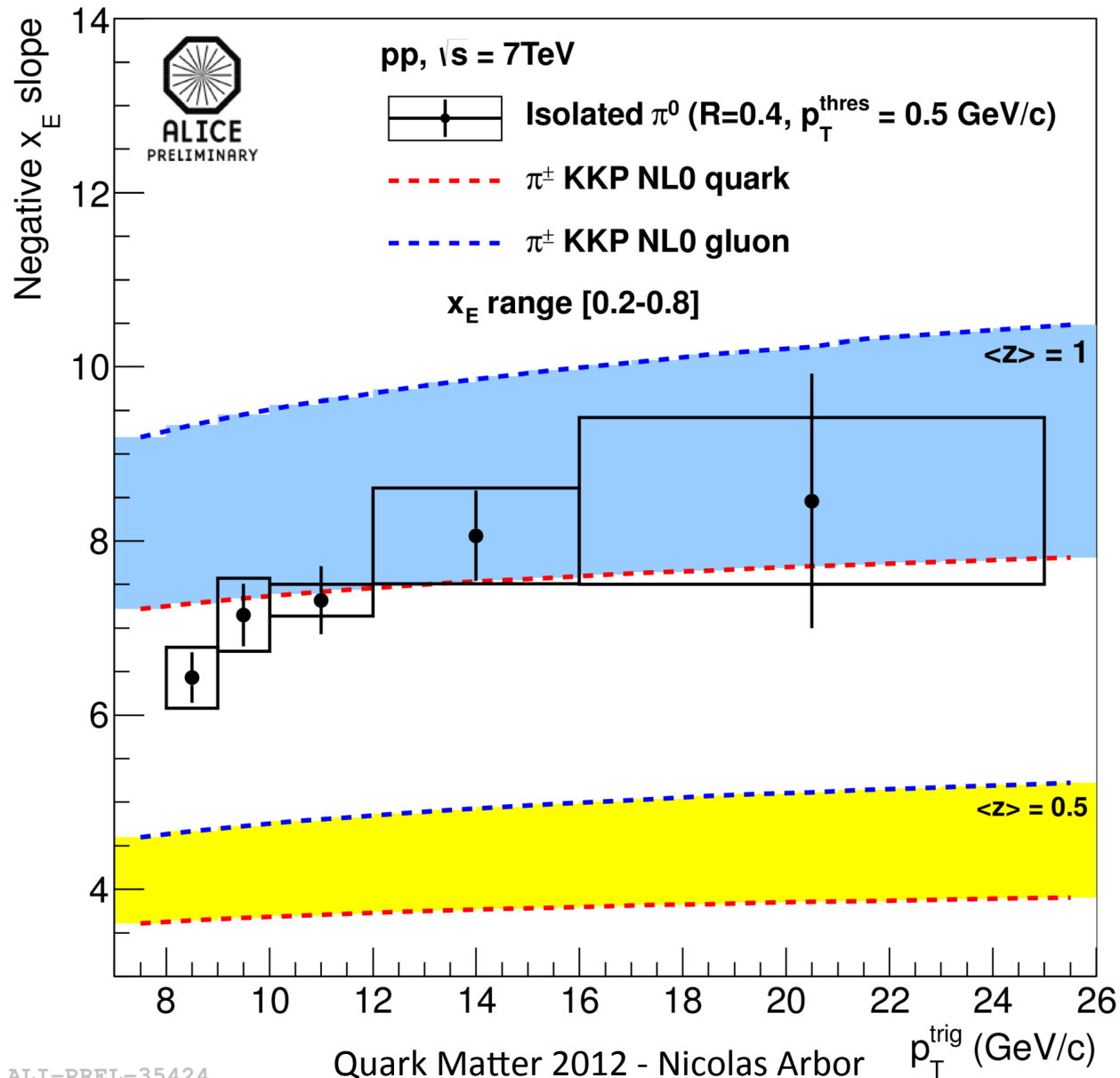
$x_E$	systematics
[0-0.1]	24%
[0.1-0.2]	10%
[0.2-0.3]	13%
[0.3-0.4]	14%
[0.4-0.5]	15%
[0.5-0.6]	18%
[0.6-0.7]	25%
[0.7-0.8]	26%
[0.8-0.9]	23%
[0.9-1.0]	32%

# Isolated $\pi^0 \langle z \rangle$





# Isolated $\pi^0$ slopes : KKP



# Medium modified FF

*X.N Wang et al., PhysRevLett 77 231 (1996)*

