## Quark Matter 2012



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## Measurement of omega->3pi in pp collision at 7TeV with ALICE

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The  $\omega$  meson is a promising probe to investigate the properties of the QGP. It is well known that the yield of high-p\_t particles is suppressed in nucleus-nucleus collisions relative to that in pp collisions. The effect is attributed to the energy loss of the energetic parent partons traversing the created medium. Since  $\pi^0$  and  $\omega$  mesons have the same quark content (u and d), the comparison of the suppression between  $\pi$  and  $\omega$  can provide

information whether the energy loss occurs at the parton level or not.

The ALICE detector covers a wide central region (||eta|<0.9) to reconstruct charged particles and has two electro-magnetic calorimeters with good energy resolution. The  $\omega$  meson is reconstructed in the  $\pi^0\pi^+\pi^-$  channel in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 7 TeV over a wide p\_t range This is faciliated by a high-photon energy trigger. We discuss the trigger performance and cut optimization and present the latest results of the analysis.

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