

Standard Model Higgs boson searches in challenging channels using the full CDF dataset

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on behalf of CDF collaboration

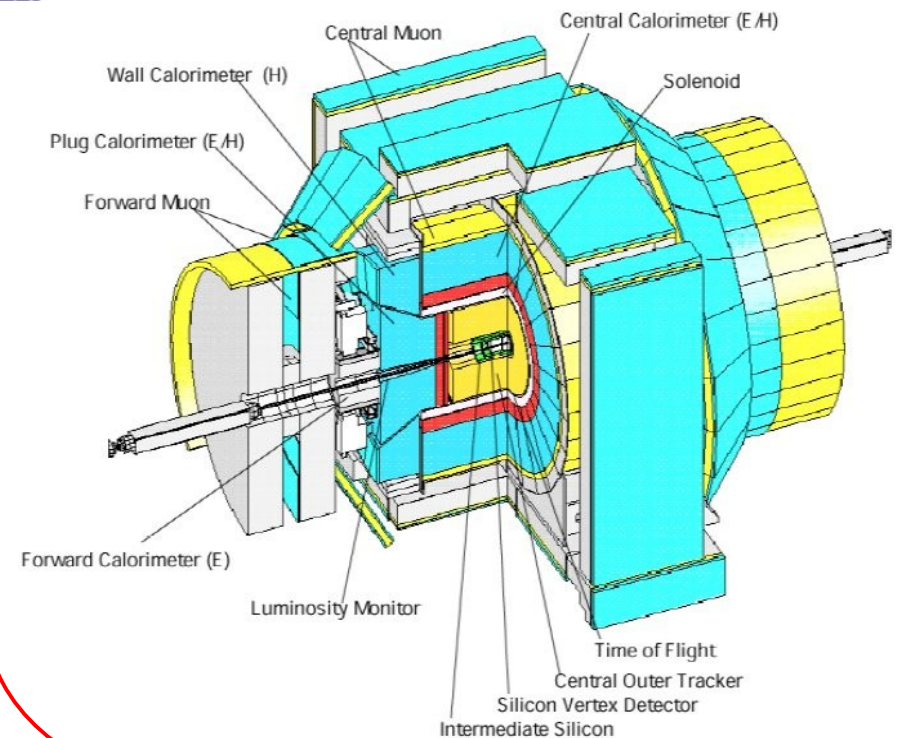
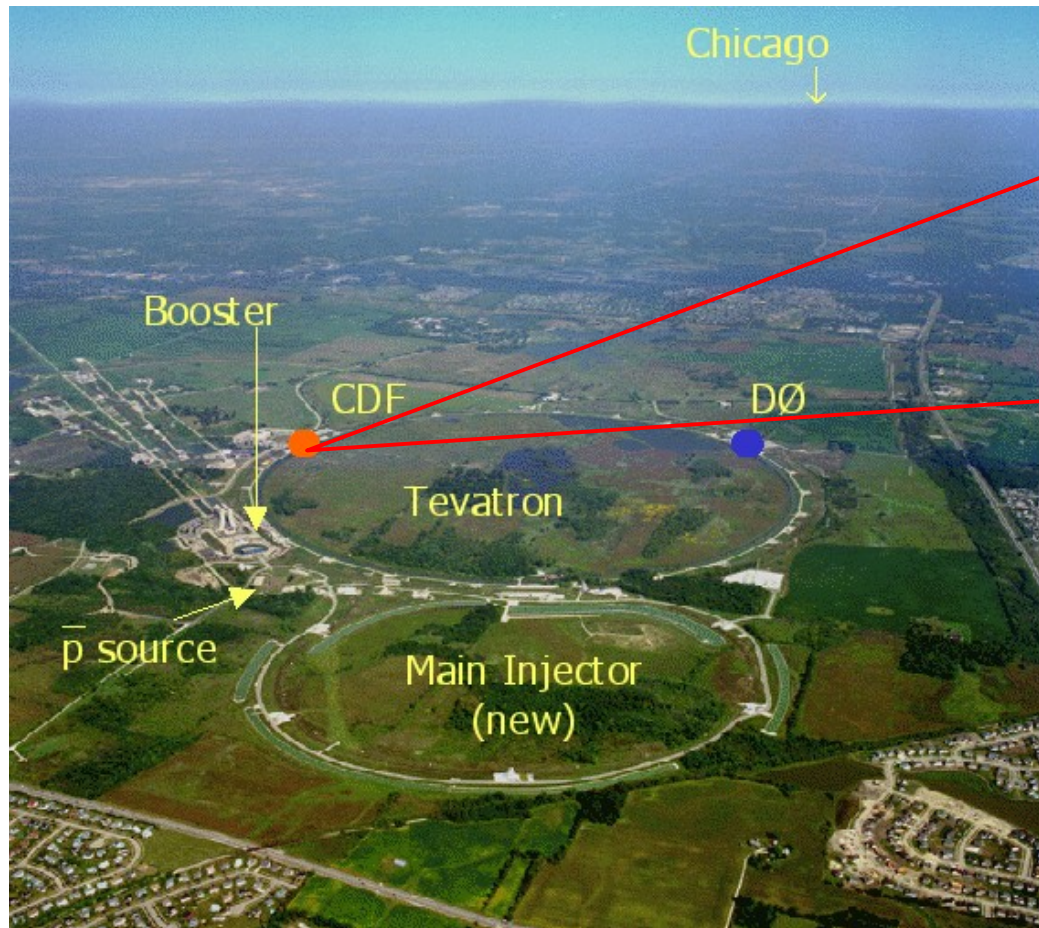
ICHEP 2012, Melbourne
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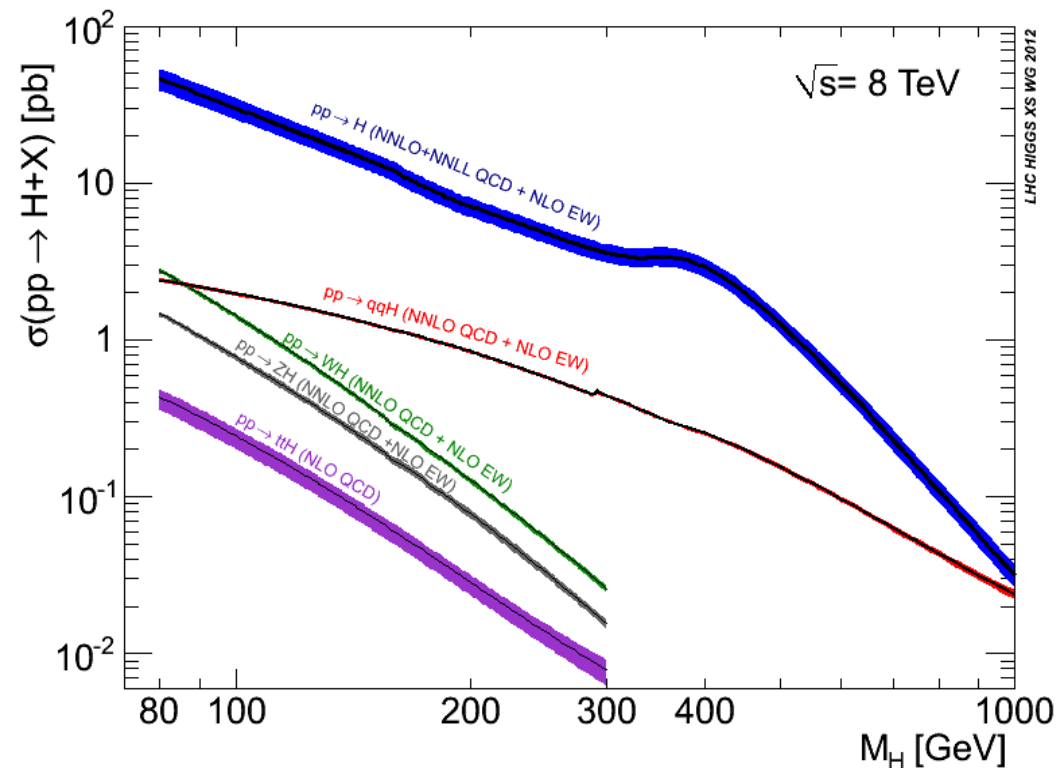
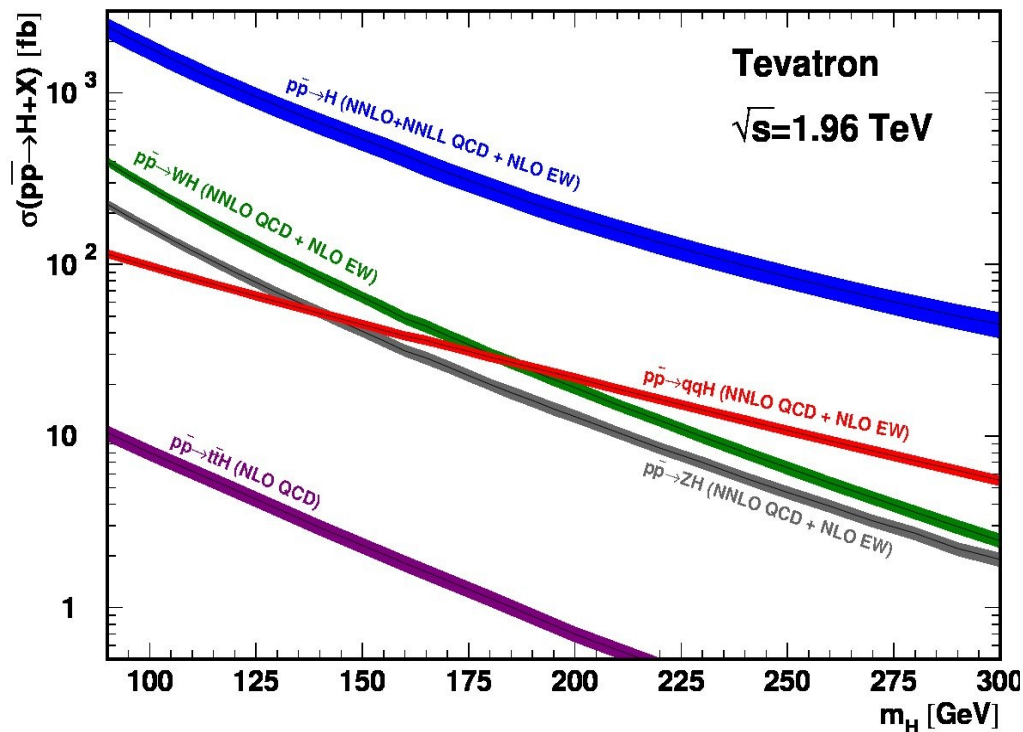
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Tevatron and CDF

- $p\bar{p}$ collider, $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$, $L_{\text{peak}} = 4.3 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $\sim 12 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ delivered before shut down, Sept 2011, $\sim 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ collected
- Analyses presented today: $8.3 \text{ fb}^{-1} < \int L < 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Higgs Production at the Tevatron



$\bar{p}p$ versus pp \rightarrow different relative contribution of production mechanisms

	Tevatron	8 TeV LHC
σ_{ggH} - gluon fusion	0.95 pb	19.52 pb
σ_{VH} - associated production	0.21 pb	1.09 pb
σ_{VBF} -vector boson fusion	0.07 pb	1.56 pb
$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$		

Higgs search strategy at the Tevatron

$\sigma(\text{ggH}) \cdot \text{B.R.}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \sim 0.5 \text{ pb}$

- overwhelmed by QCD

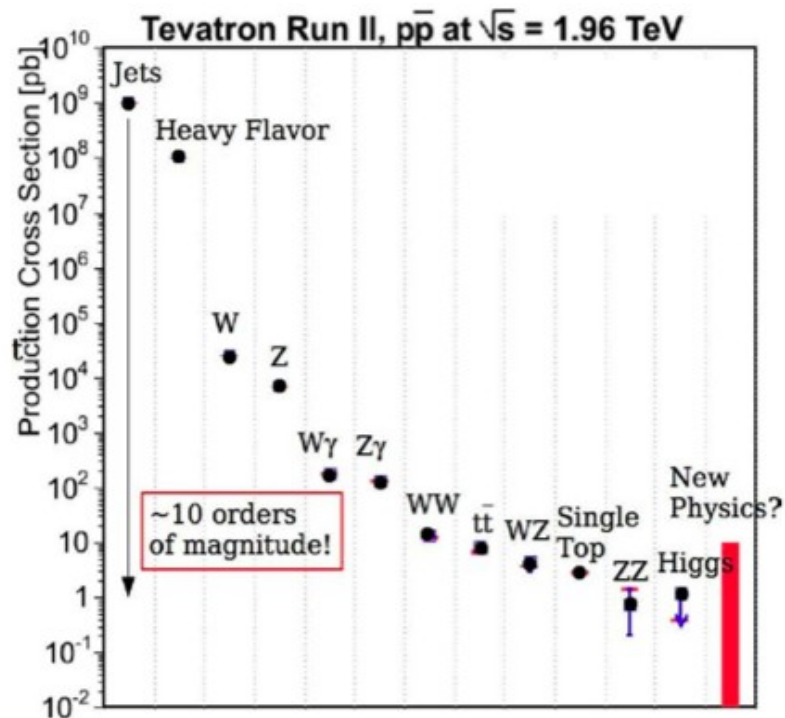
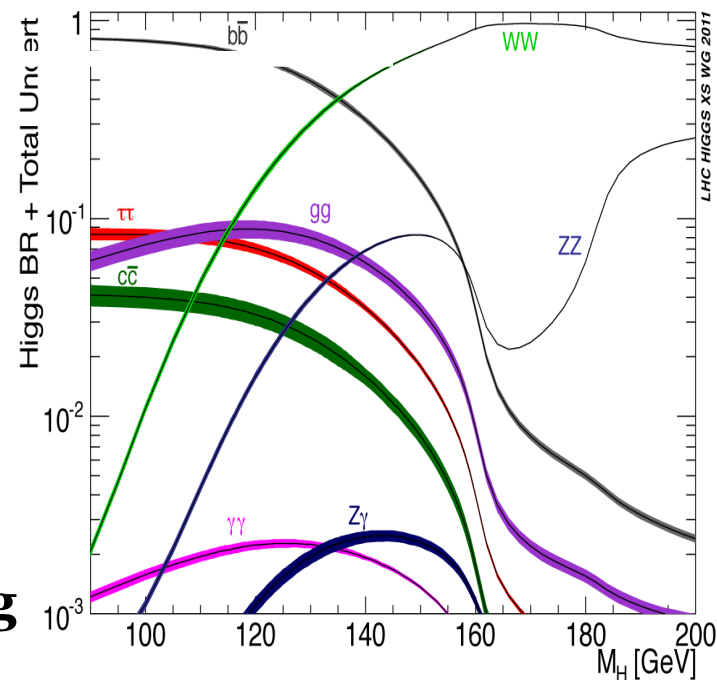
$\sigma(\text{VH}) \cdot \text{B.R.}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \sim 0.1 \text{ pb}$

- leptons from W/Z decays help to reduce background

→ **Associated production: main low mass channel**

Signal from background separation is challenging

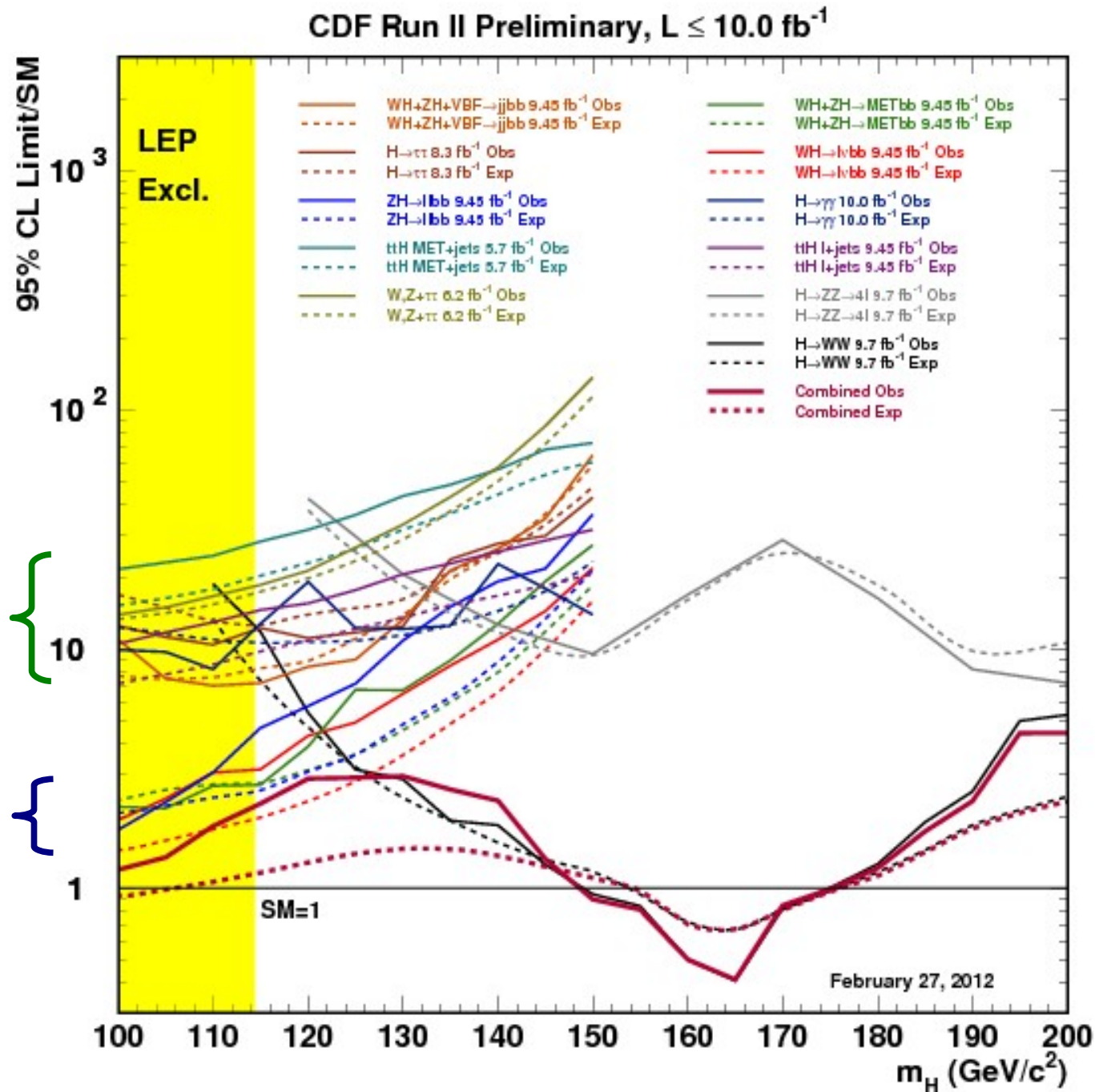
inelastic cross section $\sim 70 \text{ mb}$



Strategy:

- Search in many optimized channels
- Combine channels to achieve best sensitivity

Higgs search strategy at the Tevatron



More Challenging Channels:

- Expected limit $> 10 \sigma_{\text{S.M}}$
- Combined limit $> \sim 5 \sigma_{\text{S.M}}$

Primary Channels:

- H $\rightarrow b\bar{b}$
- Associated VH production
- Expected limit $\sim 1.5 - 2 \sigma_{\text{S.M}}$

Search for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Search for a narrow resonance on a continuous background

Advantages:

- mass resolution: $\sim 3 \text{ GeV}$
- include ggH, VH and VBF

- Sensitivity \sim constant over a wide mass range

Challenge:

- max B.R. ($H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$) = 0.2% at $m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
→ maximize acceptance

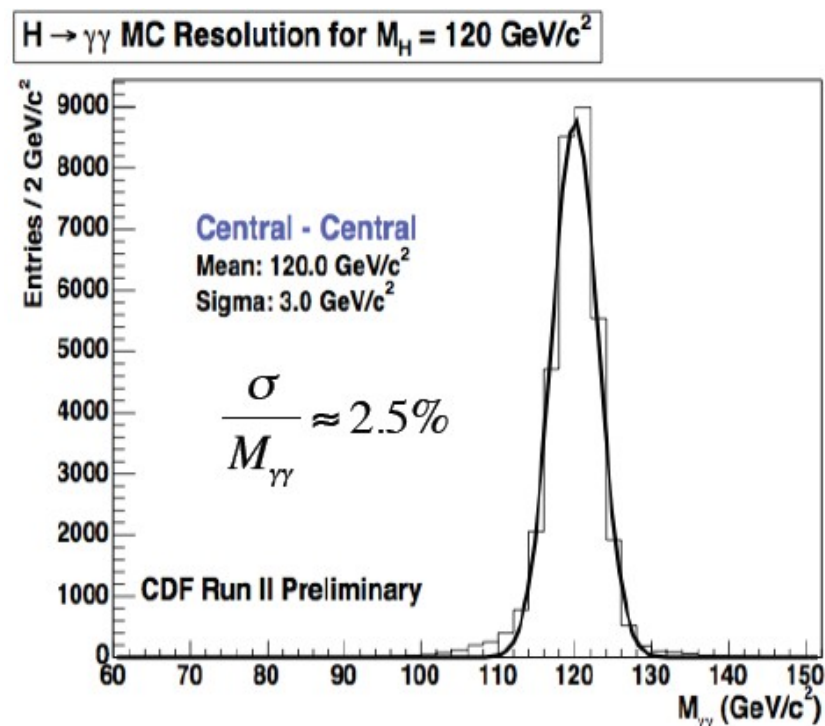
Photon ID:

Central Photon (C): $|\eta| < 1.05$, use NN trained to reduce π/η faking γ

Forward Photon (P): $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.8$, cut based ID

Central Conversion (C'): use electrons from γ conversion

Data split in 4 channels: CC, CP, CC', C'P



H $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Signal and Background modeling

Signal: PYTHIA MC

Background:

Prompt photons production +fakes photons

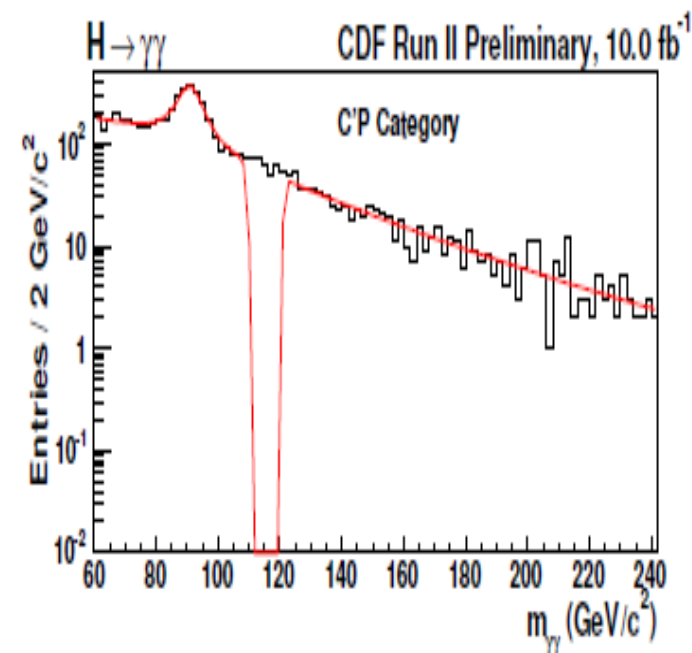
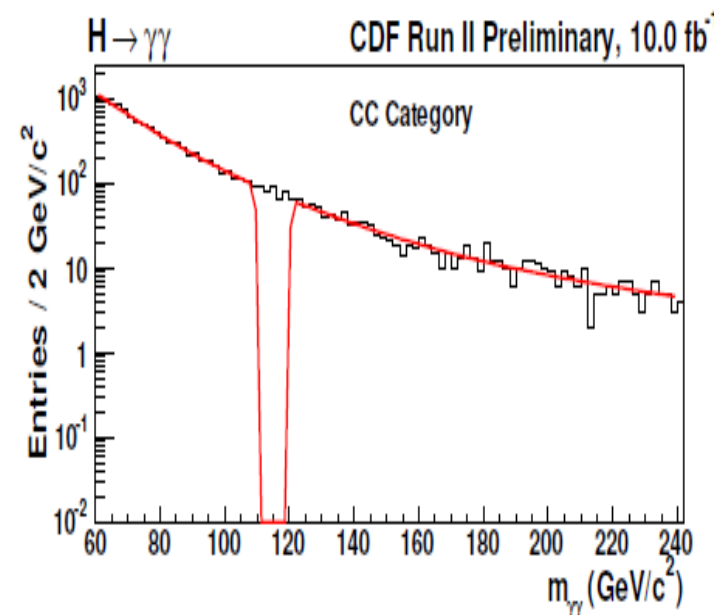
Background Modelling:

- Fit to sidebands of signal region

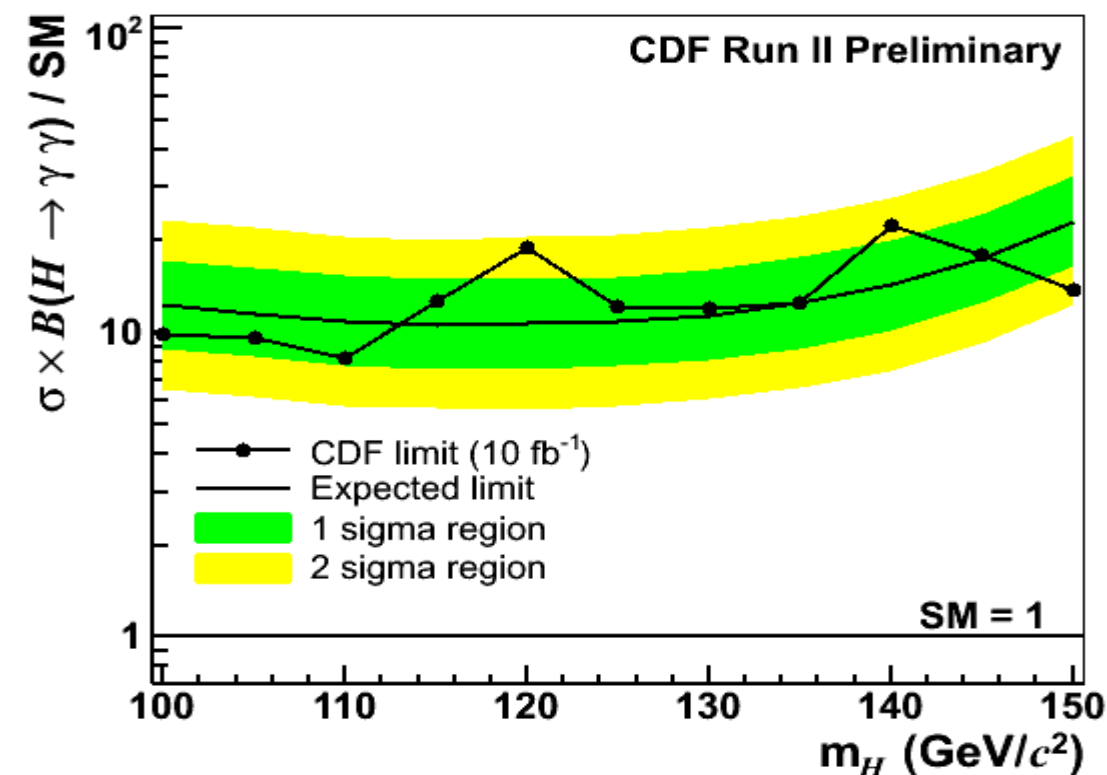
Signal region: 12 GeV window centered at m_H to be tested

Fit function: sum of two exponentials multiplied
by fraction-degree polynomial
add Breit-Wigner function to model Z (only P)

- Extrapolate fit into signal region \rightarrow background yield
fluctuate parameters of the fit to estimate
background rate uncertainty in signal region:
2.8%(CC) - 6.1% (CP)

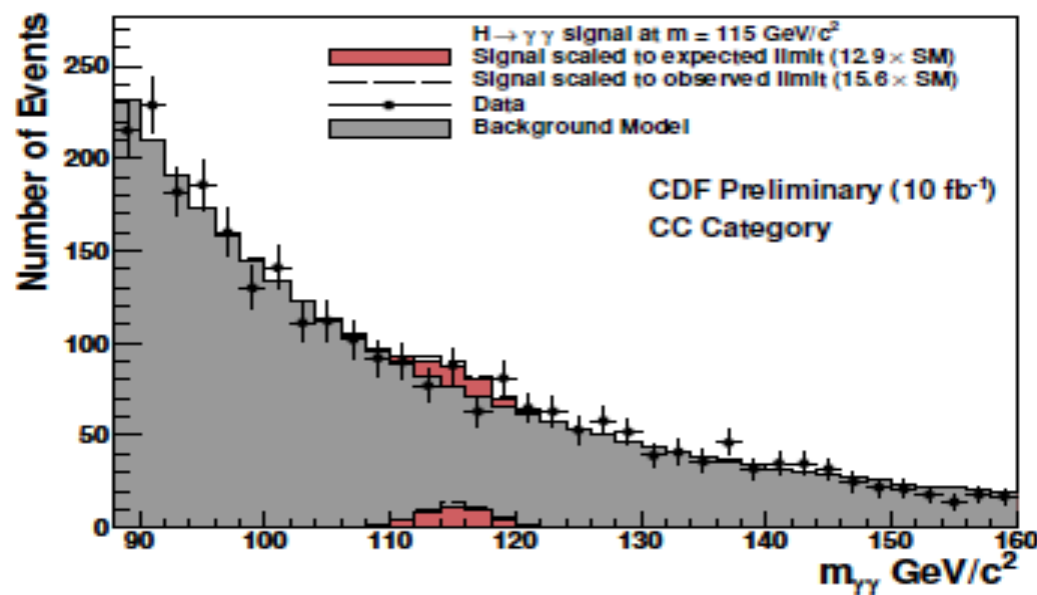


Result for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ search



Limit at @ $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Obs (Exp) = **12.2**(10.8) $\sigma_{\text{S.M.}}$

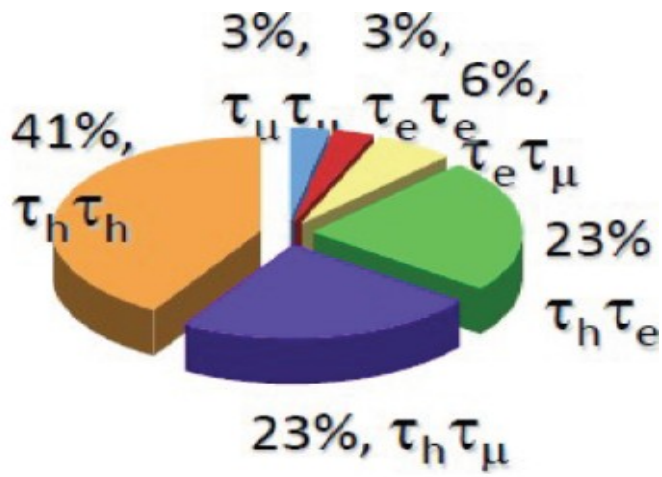


Signal @ $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Scaled by expected limit: 10.6 $\sigma_{\text{S.M.}}$

Search for $H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$

- At low masses $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) \sim 10\%$
- Many decay modes, only two explored:
 - $e\backslash\mu + \tau_{\text{had}}$ (BR: 46%)
 - $e + \mu$ (BR: 3%)



Event Selection:

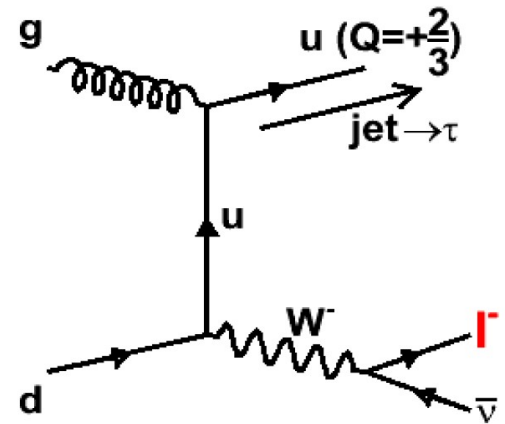
$e\backslash\mu + \tau_{had}$	$e + \mu$
$e\backslash\mu \ p_T \geq 10 \text{ GeV}/c$	$e \ p_T \geq 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
$\tau_{had} p_T \geq 15(20) \text{ GeV}/c$	$\mu \ p_T \geq 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
Opposite Charge	
$\geq 1 \text{ jet}$	

Classify events by numbers of jet:

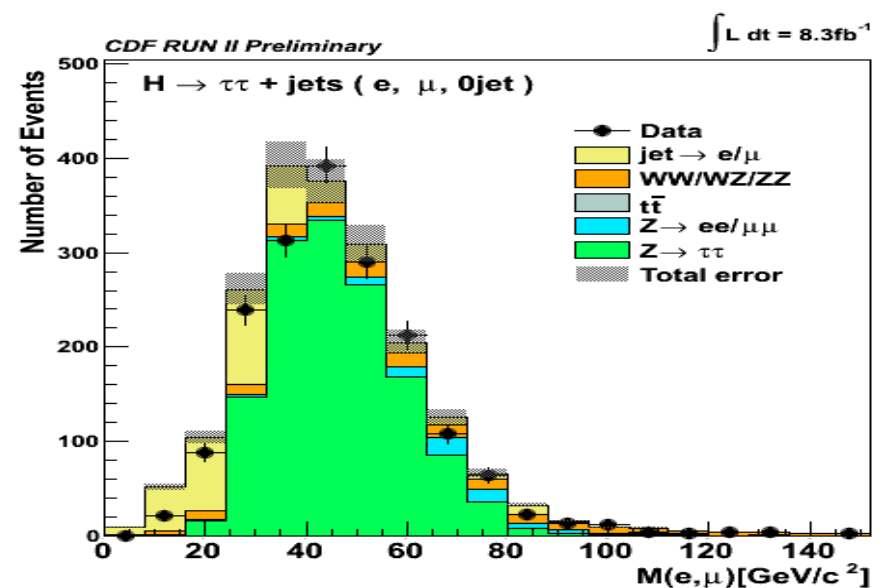
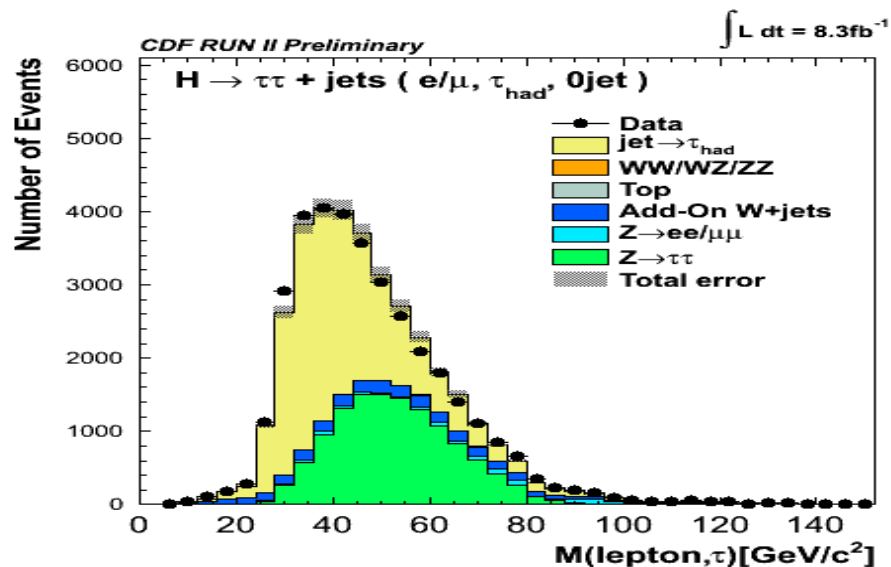
	$e \text{ or } \mu + \tau_{had}$		$e + \mu$	
	1 jet	2 jets	1 jet	2jets
σ_{ggH}	72.6 %	33.5%	58.4%	32.2%
σ_{VH}	21.7%	48.8%	36.9 %	52.2%
σ_{VBF}	5.7%	17.7 %	4.7 %	15.6%

Background Estimation

- Main background $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$: ALPGEN MC
 $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$, top, di-boson : MC
- MultiJet background: Same Sign data events
- W+jets:
 included in SS sample
 because of charge correlation, $N_{OS} > N_{SS}$
 \rightarrow correct for excess of W+jets OS events

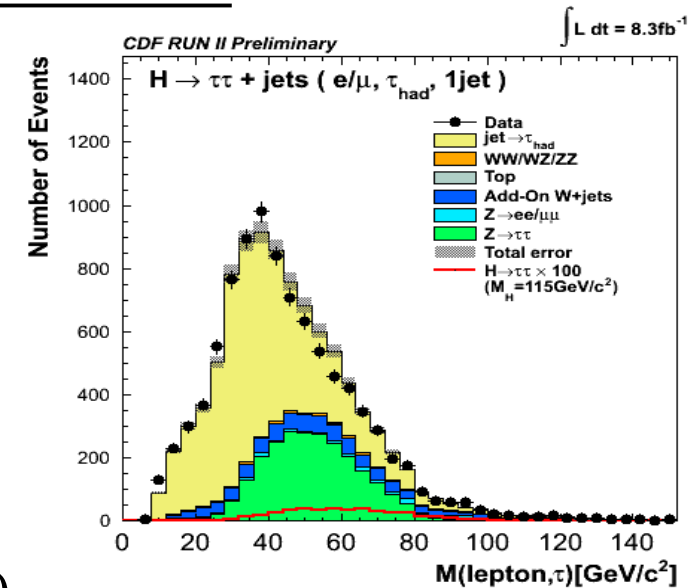


Test background modeling in 0 jet bin

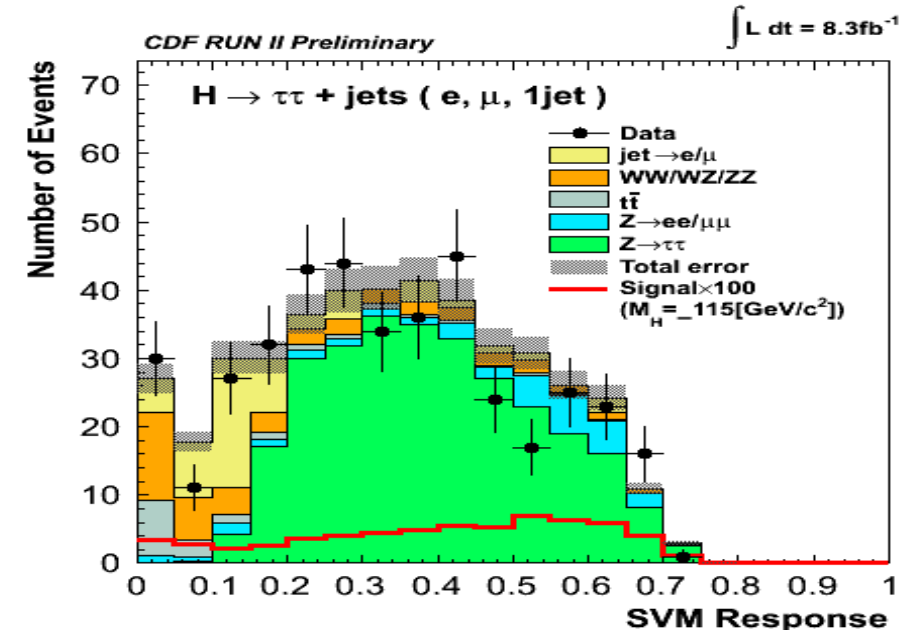
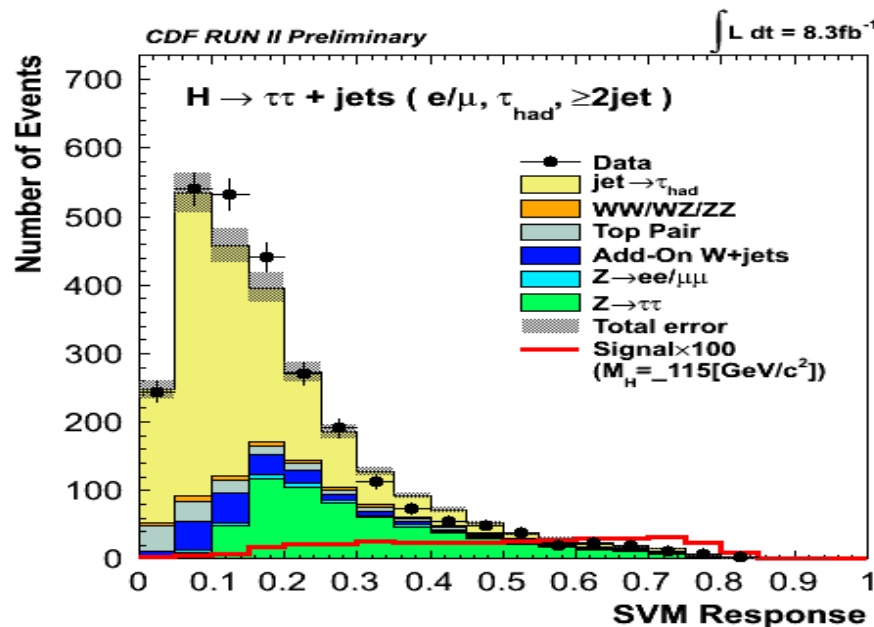


Discriminant

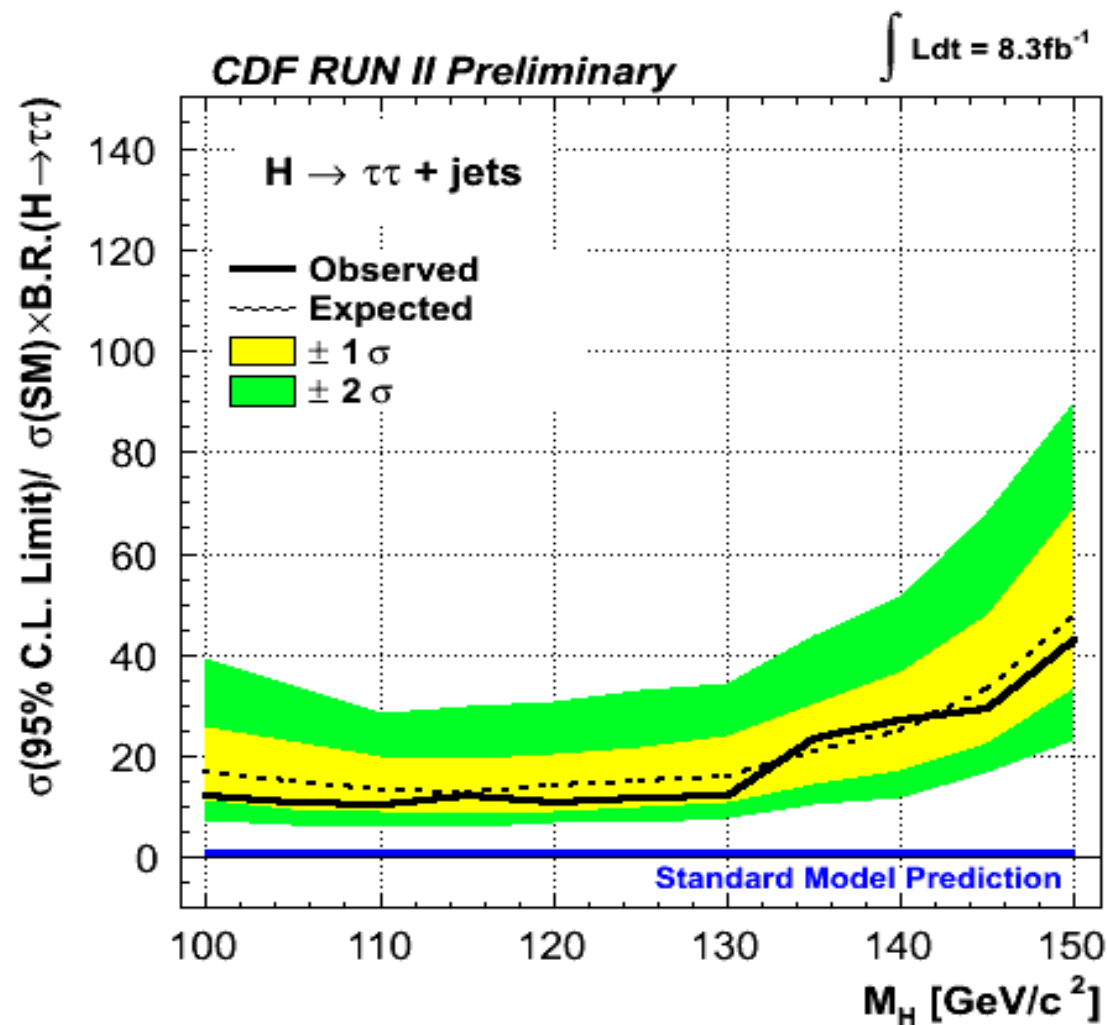
- Signal peak on top of Drell-Yan background
neutrinos and detector resolution
broaden Z and Higgs mass distribution
→ **Z/H peaks not distinguishable**



- Use multivariate technique (Support Vector Machine)
 - train a different SVM to separate each individual background process from signal
 - final discriminant: minimum value in any SVM classifier



Result for $H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$ search

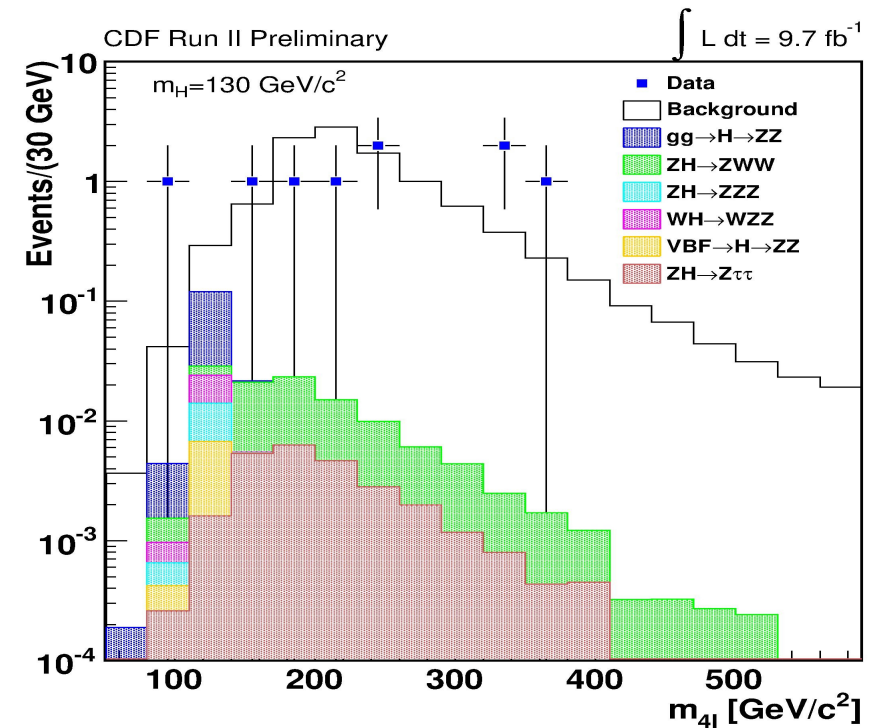


Limit at @ $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Obs (Exp) = 11.7(14.8) $\sigma_{\text{S.M.}}$

Search for $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4 \text{ leptons}$

- Clean channel but small signal rate
- Two same flavor/opposite charged pairs of isolated leptons
 - $P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$ (triggering lepton)
 - $P_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$ (other leptons)
 - no cut on M_{ll}
- Include ZH production, $H \rightarrow WW/\tau\tau$
 ~ double signal yield
- Backgrounds:
 - non-resonant $ZZ^{(*)}$ SM : PYTHIA MC
 - $Z\gamma + \text{jets}/Z+2\text{jets}$: data-driven estimate
 - shape from Bauer MC



CDF Run II Preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} = 9.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	
Contribution	Yields
ZZ	10.59 ± 1.34
Fakes	0.39 ± 0.19
Total Background	10.98 ± 1.34
Higgs Process $m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ$	0.09
$WH \rightarrow WZZ$	0.01
$ZH \rightarrow ZZZ$	0.01
$VBF H \rightarrow ZZ$	0.01
$ZH \rightarrow ZWW$	0.07
$ZH \rightarrow Z\tau\tau$	0.03
Data	9

Result for $H \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4 \text{ leptons}$

Discriminant: distribution in M_{4l} -MET plane

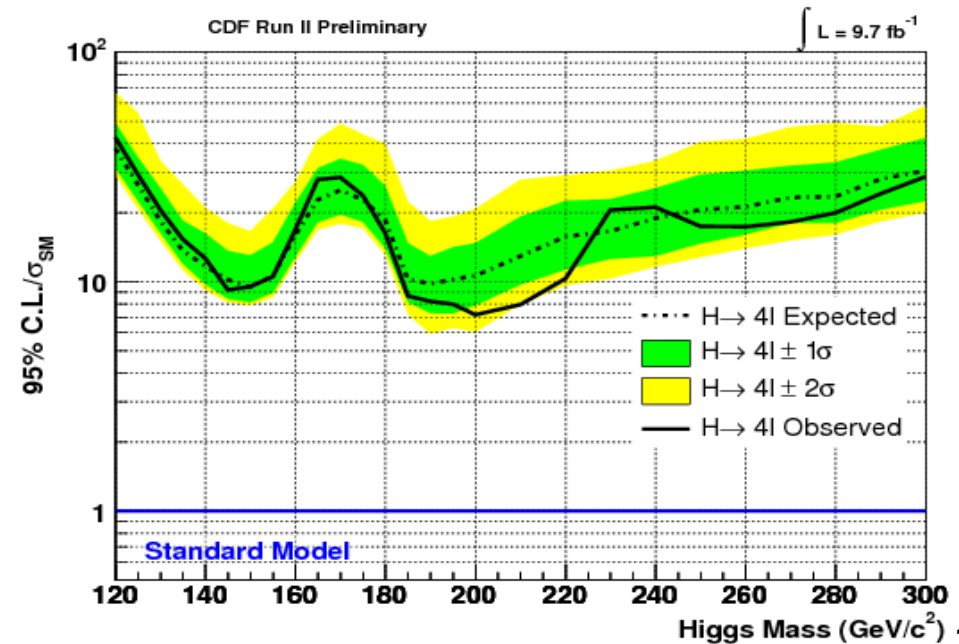
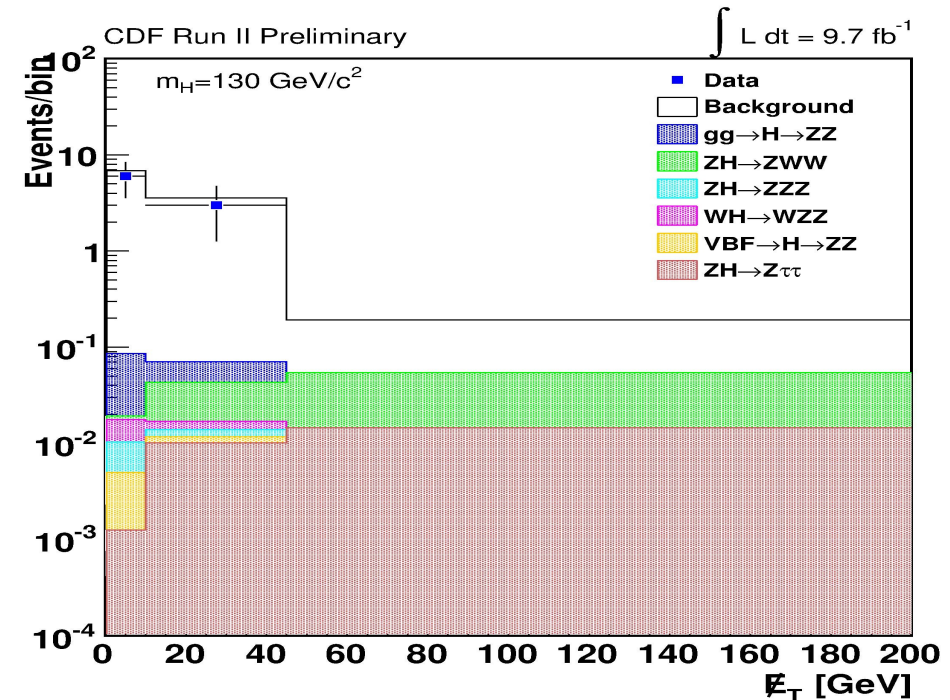
- no real MET in $H \rightarrow ZZ$ events
- real MET in $ZH \rightarrow ZWW \rightarrow ll \nu \nu$

→ improve limit by 10-15 %

Search performed for $120 < m_H < 300 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

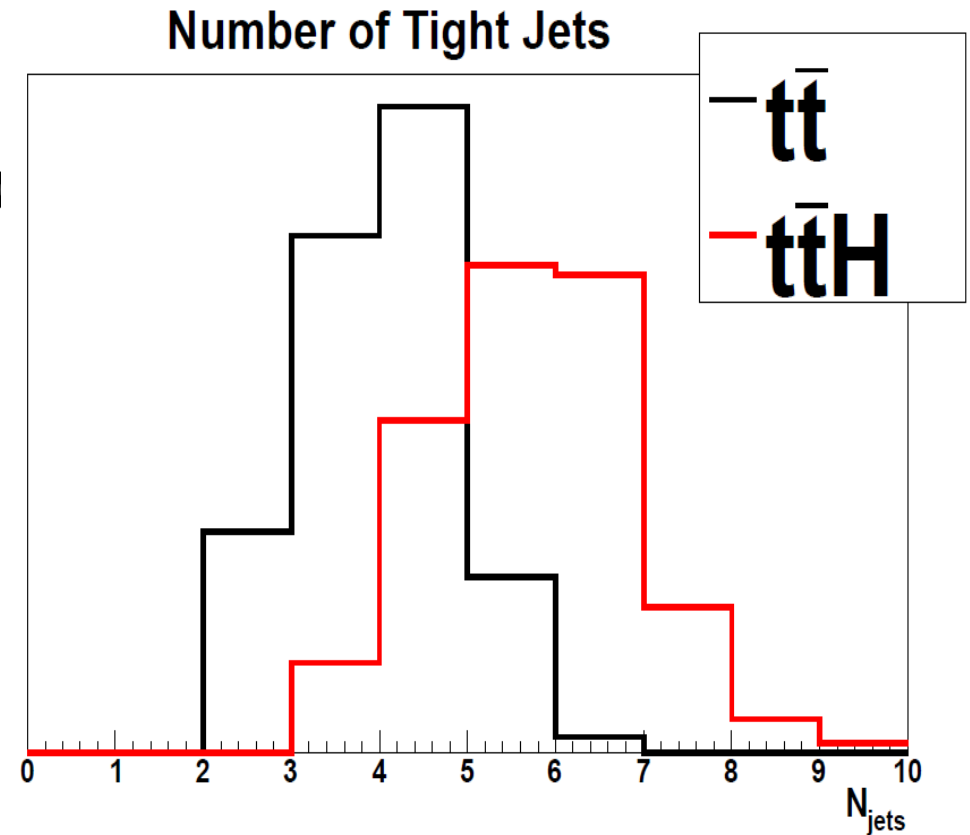
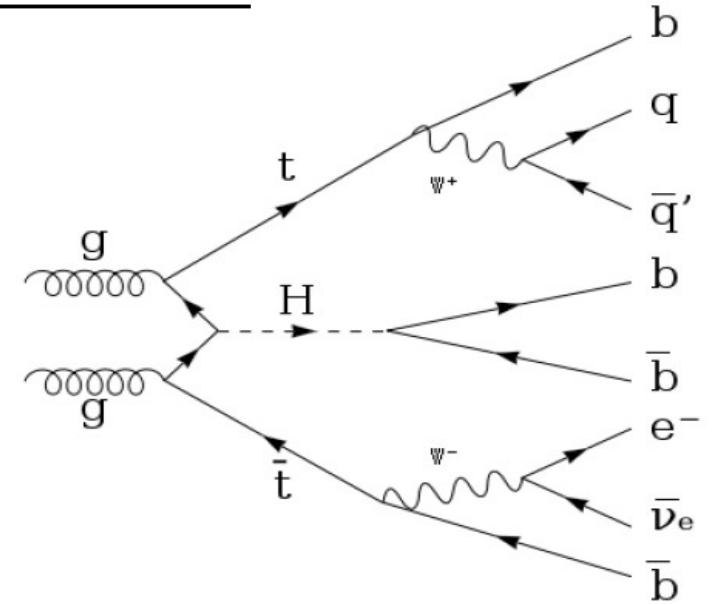
Limit at @ $m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Obs (Exp) = **20.5** (18.3) $\sigma_{\text{S.M.}}$



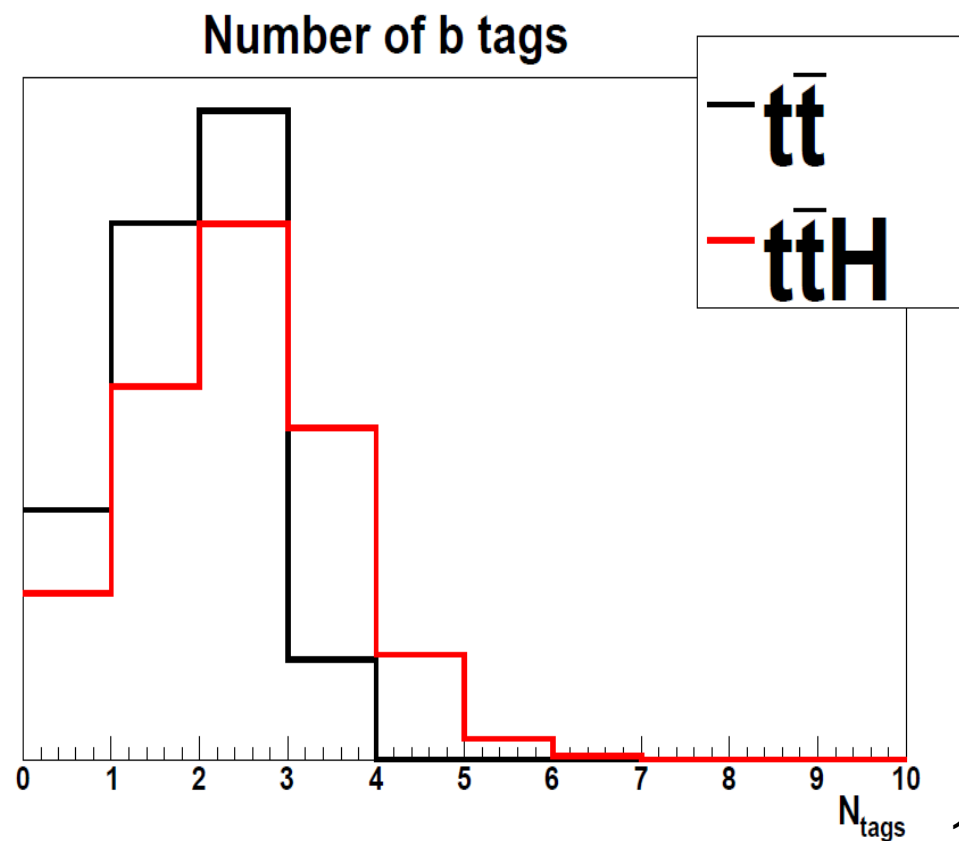
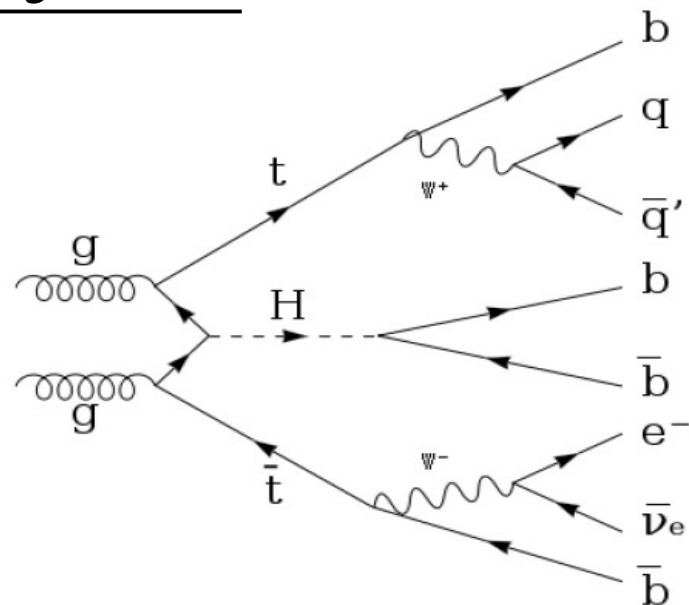
Search for $t\bar{t}H$ production: lepton + jets

- $\sigma(t\bar{t}H) = 4.3 \text{ fb}$ ($m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)
- Include all hadronic decays of the Higgs
 $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $H \rightarrow WW$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- Event Selection:
 - e/μ with $P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - at least 4 jets ($E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ $|\eta| < 2.0$)
 - at least 2 b-quarks in final state
- Pure sample of $t\bar{t}$



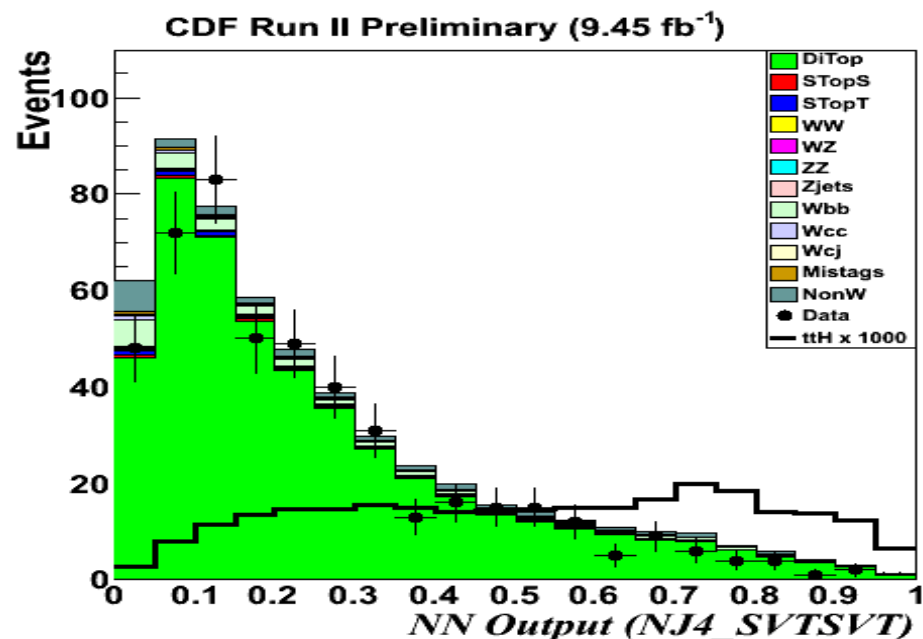
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- Include all hadronic decays of the Higgs
 $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $H \rightarrow WW$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- Event Selection:
 - e/μ with $P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - at least 4 jets ($E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ $|\eta| < 2.0$)
 - at least 2 b-quarks in final state
- Pure sample of $t\bar{t}$
- Classify events by:
 - number of jets: 4, 5, ≥ 6 jets
 - number of b-tagged jets: 2 or ≥ 3



Results for ttH production: lepton +jets

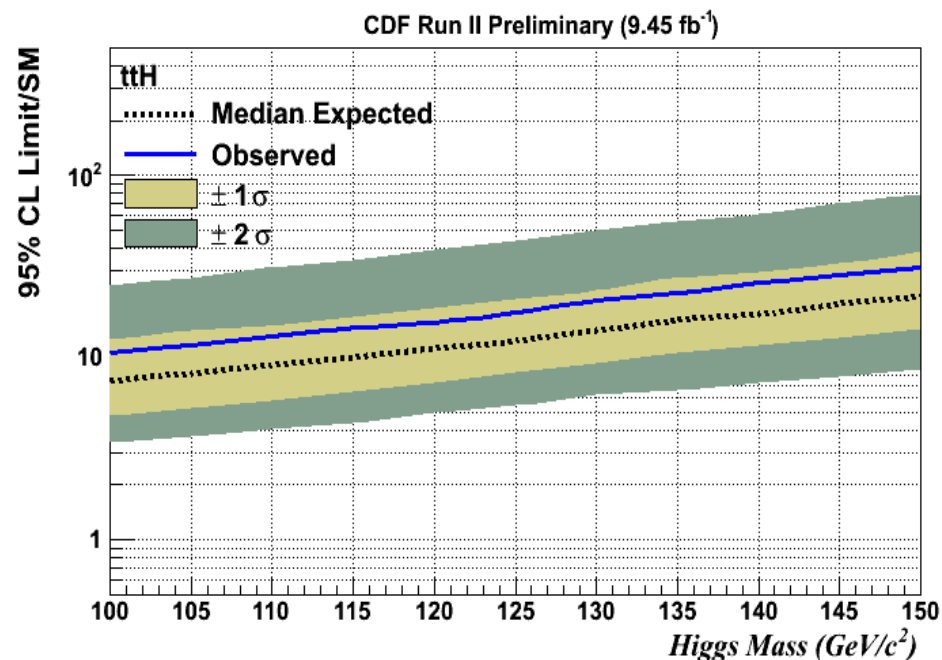
- Neural Network discriminant:
 - one for event category



Limit at @ $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Obs (Exp) = 17.6 (12.36) $\sigma_{\text{S.M.}}$

NN trained only for one mass points
→ very smooth limit



Summary and conclusion

Presented the status of $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $H \rightarrow ZZ$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jet}$ and $t\bar{t}H$ at CDF

Challenging channels contribute to the overall CDF sensitivity:

- combined expected sensitivity comparable to one of the main analyses

Tevatron experiments pioneered these channels:

first data analyses back into 2008-2010

4th of July:

ATLAS and CMS discovered a new particle in $\gamma\gamma$ and ZZ final states

$m \sim 125\text{-}126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

→ Measure its properties to determine its nature (is it really a Higgs boson?)

Tevatron results still matter:

currently provide a unique window in $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ modes

→ *see Wei-Ming Yao and Satish Desai talks this afternoon*