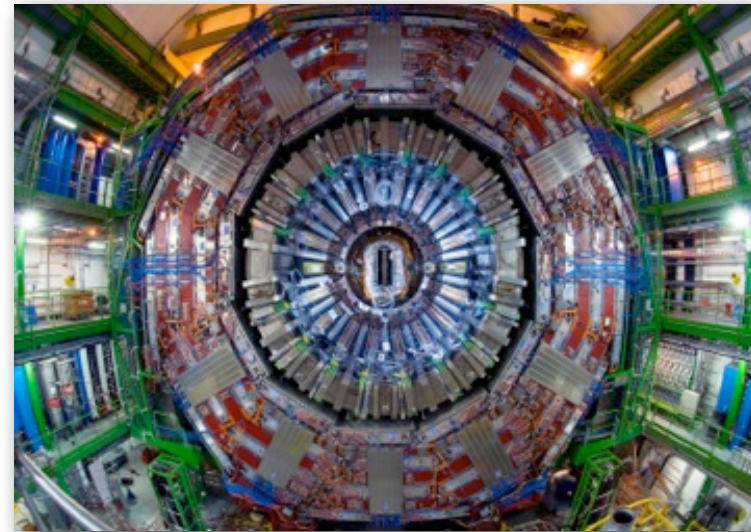


SEARCHES FOR PHYSICS BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL



Steven Worm

For the CMS and ATLAS Collaborations

ICHEP Melbourne, 10 July 2012



Science & Technology
Facilities Council

Rutherford Appleton
Laboratory

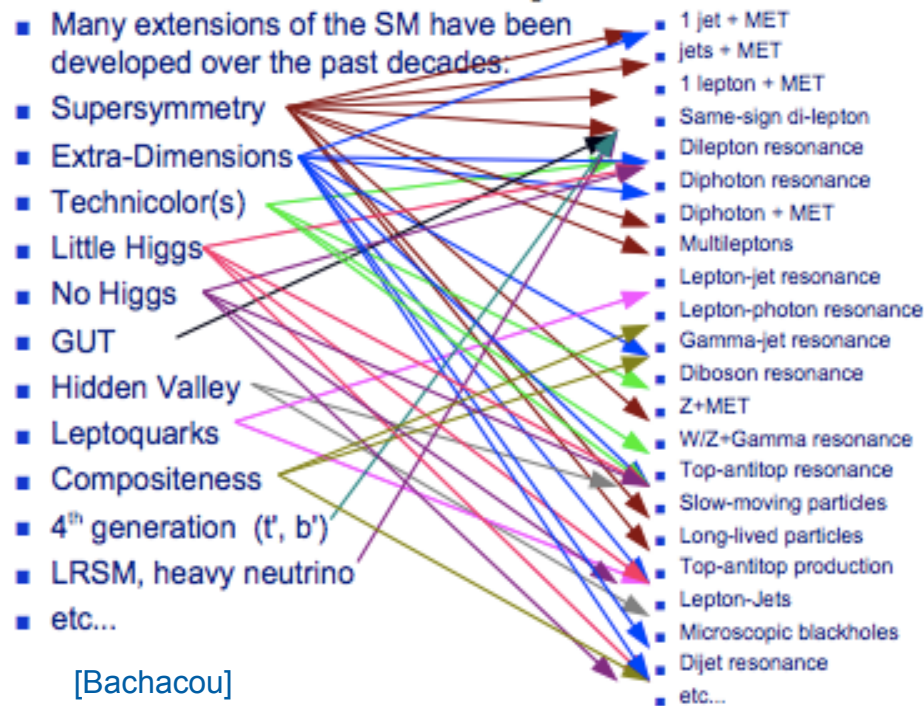
BSM AND EXOTICA: WHAT IS “EXOTIC”?

- Comprehensive search of the landscape of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV proton collisions
 - Unlike Higgs, no “EXO-Hunters Guide” to show you the way
 - no SUSY-like plot of parameter space to map out progress
- Wide variety of search strategies used
 - look for interesting features in the data – new resonant states e.g. Z' , W'
 - look at all possible channels for disagreements with expectation – leptons, photons, jets
 - follow-up interesting new BSM models



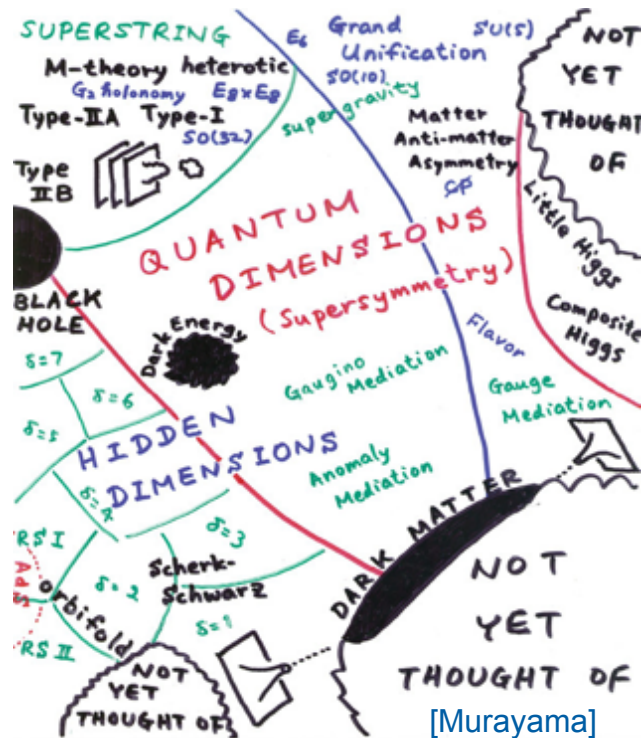
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BSM SEARCHES @ LHC – NEW RESULTS

Heavy Resonance, Leptons

TeV-scale gravity l+j arXiv:1204.4646
Resonant WZ \rightarrow l ν l arXiv:1204.1648
b' to Zb ATLAS arXiv:1204.1265
Like-sign leptons ATLAS-CONF-2012-069
Z' to $\tau\tau$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-067
WW to l ν l ATLAS-CONF-2012-068
Monophoton ATLAS-CONF-2012-085
W' ATLAS-CONF-2012-086
Diphoton ATLAS-CONF-2012-087
 $\mu\mu$ contact interact. CMS EXO-11-009
Boosted Z to $\mu\mu$ CMS EXO-11-025
e* CMS EXO-11-033
 μ^* CMS EXO-11-034
ADD in ee CMS EXO-12-013

Jet-based Searches

Monojet ATLAS-CONF-2012-084
b-jet resonances CMS EXO-11-008
Three-jet resonance CMS EXO-11-060
Dijet resonances CMS EXO-11-094
Boosted VV, Vjet CMS EXO-11-095

Lepton + Jets

LQ1 (eejj + evjj) CMS EXO-11-027
LQ2 ($\mu\mu$ jj + $\mu\nu$ jj) CMS EXO-11-028
Heavy Majorana N to ll EXO-11-076
VZ to l+jets CMS EXO-11-081
Heavy neutrino to $\mu\mu$ jj EXO-11-091
RS Graviton in ZZ(2l2q) EXO-11-102
LQ3 \rightarrow τ +b CMS EXO-12-002

Long-Lived

Monopole ATLAS-CONF-2012-062
SUSY R-Hadron ATLAS-CONF-2012-075
Displaced μ jets ATLAS-CONF-2012-089
Non prompt lepton jets in HV decays ATLAS-CONF-2012-110
Stopped HSCP CMS EXO-11-020
Displaced photons CMS EXO-11-035
Fractionally charged CMS EXO-11-074
Multiply charged CMS EXO-11-090
Long-lived to displaced lep EXO-11-101

Top, 4th Gen and Boosted

Z' to ttbar l+j ATLAS arXiv:1205.5371
Z' to ttbar l+j boosted ATLAS-TOPQ-2011-23
t+b resonance ATLAS arXiv:1205.1016
t+j resonance ATLAS-CONF-2012-096
W' to top pair + jet CMS EXO-11-056
B to bZ CMS EXO-11-066
Z' to ttbar in l+jets CMS EXO-11-093
b'/t' inclusive CMS EXO-11-098
W' to tb CMS EXO-12-001

8 TeV Searches

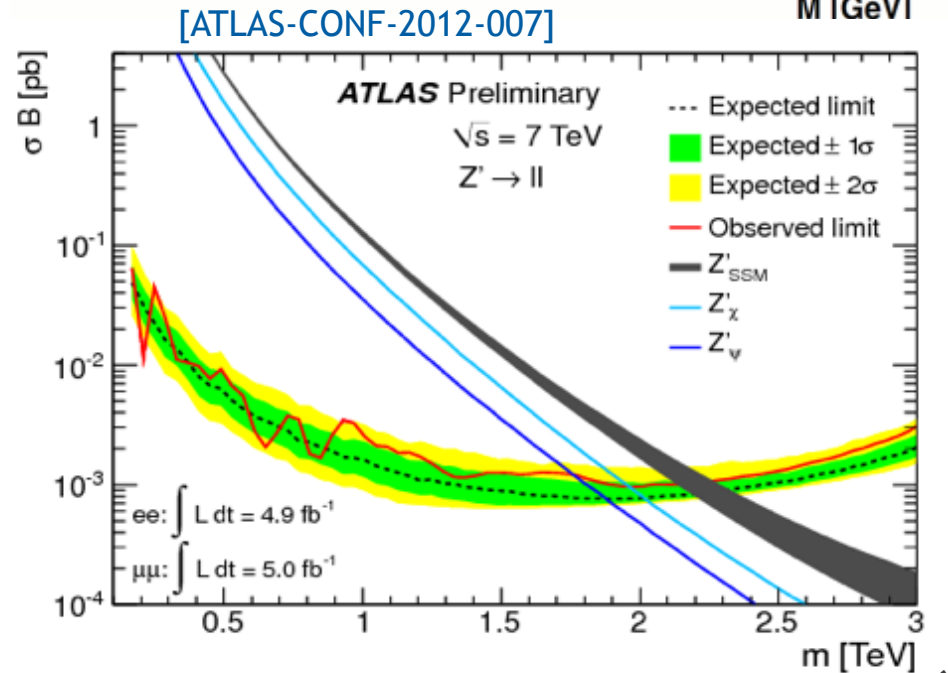
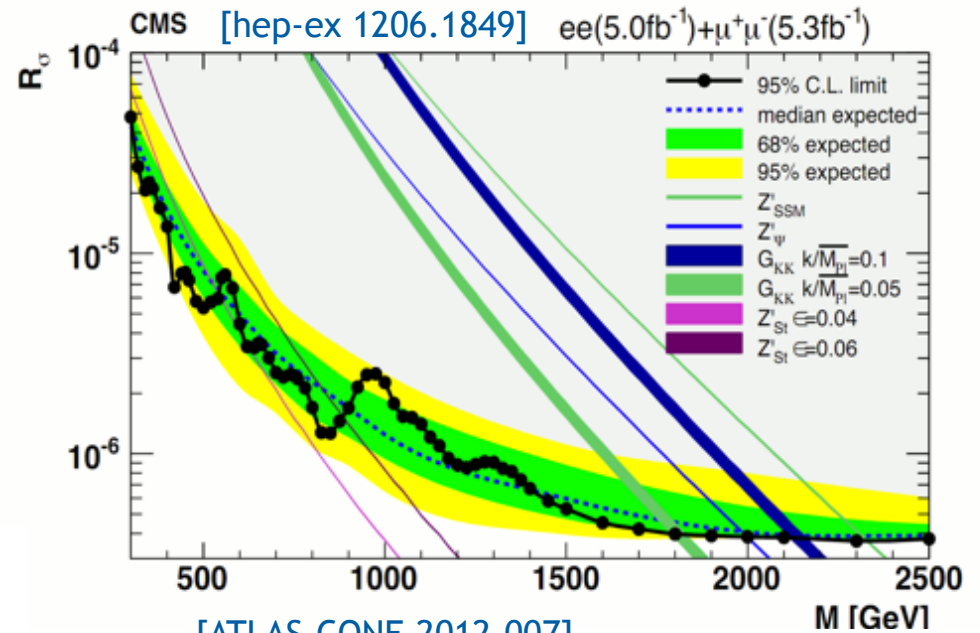
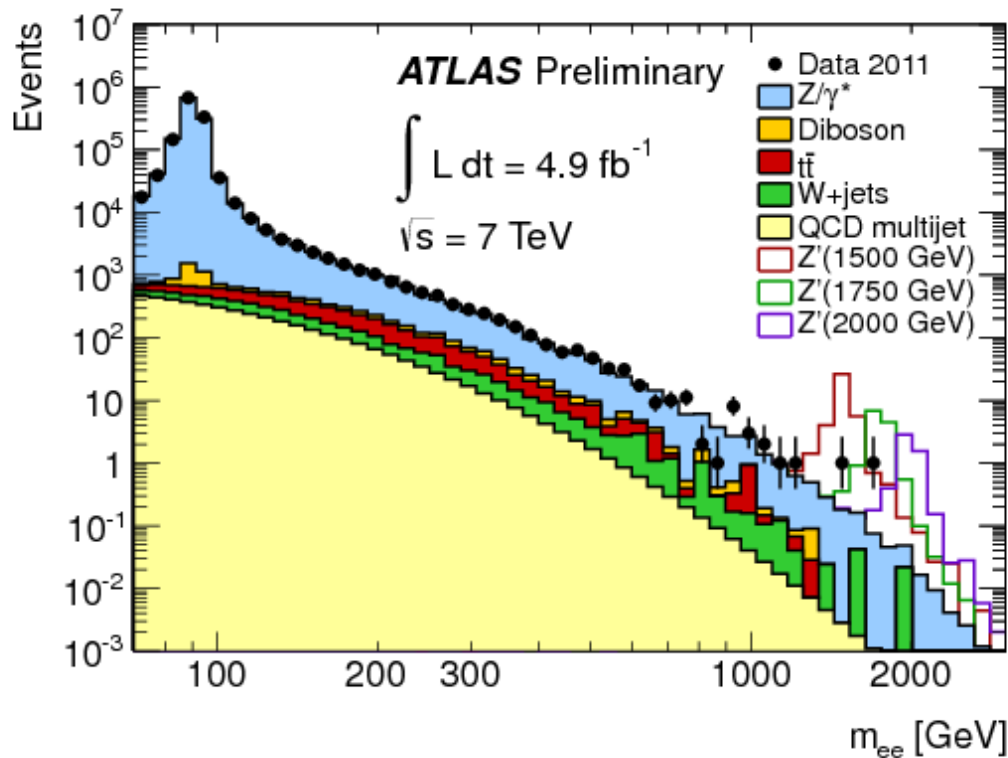
Dijet 8 TeV ATLAS-CONF-2012-088
Black holes in 8 TeV CMS EXO-12-009
W' in 8 TeV CMS EXO-12-010
Z' in 8 TeV CMS EXO-12-015
Dijet in 8 TeV CMS EXO-12-016
Heavy neutrino 8 TeV EXO-12-017

50 brand-new results since Moriond!

Z' IN 2011 DATA?

- Many new models have Z-like narrow resonances decaying to dileptons
- Interesting features in dilepton spectra
 - around 2σ each for CMS & ATLAS in $e\mu$
 - similar in scale to 2011 Higgs excess

Worth watching in 2012's 8 TeV data...

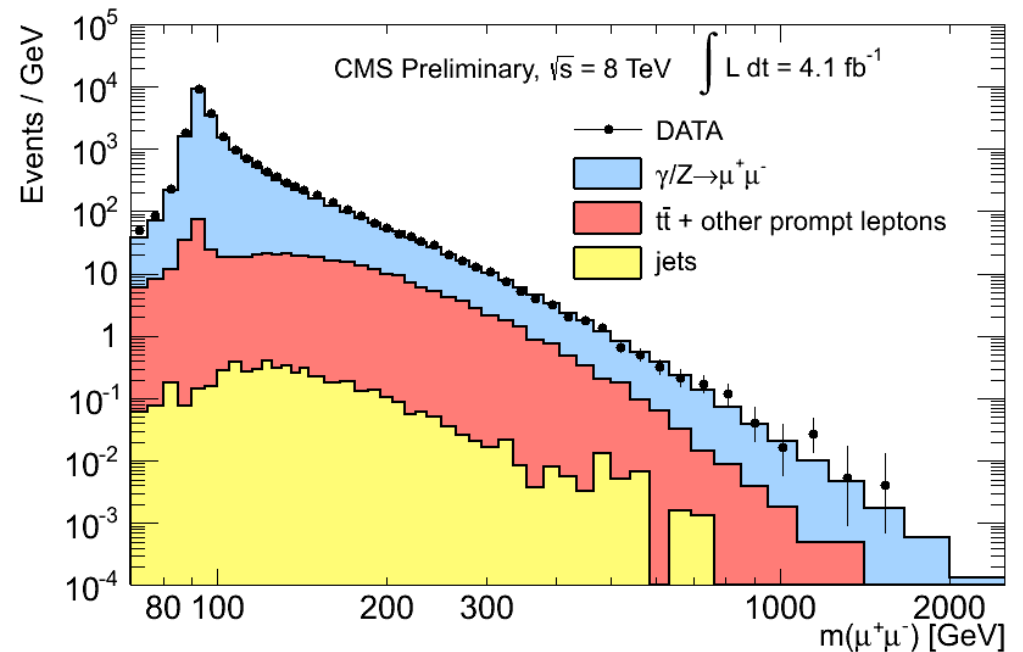
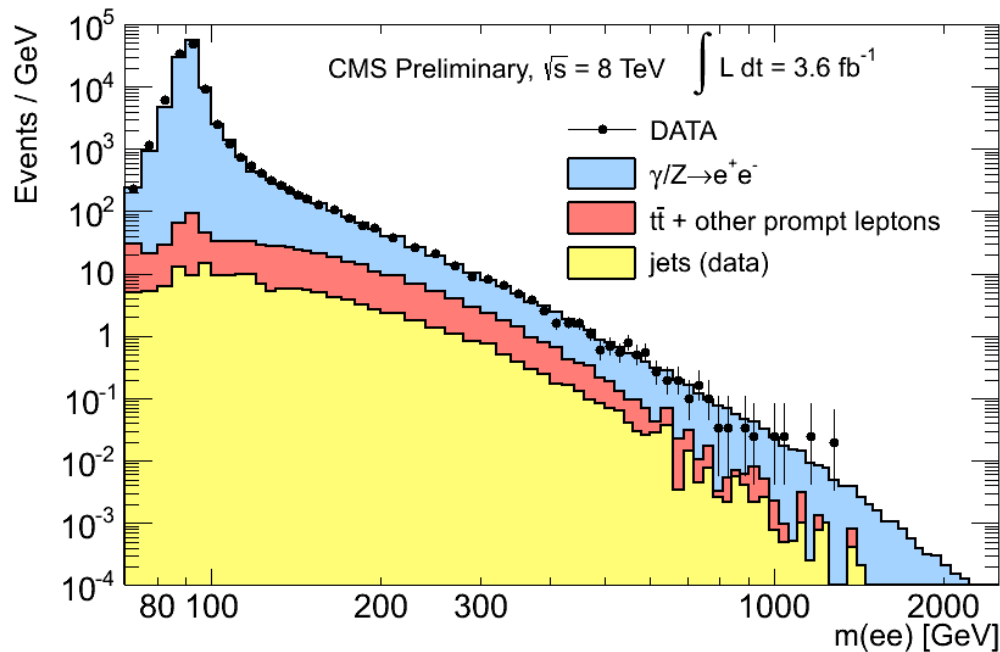


STATUS TODAY: Z' IN 8 TEV DATA

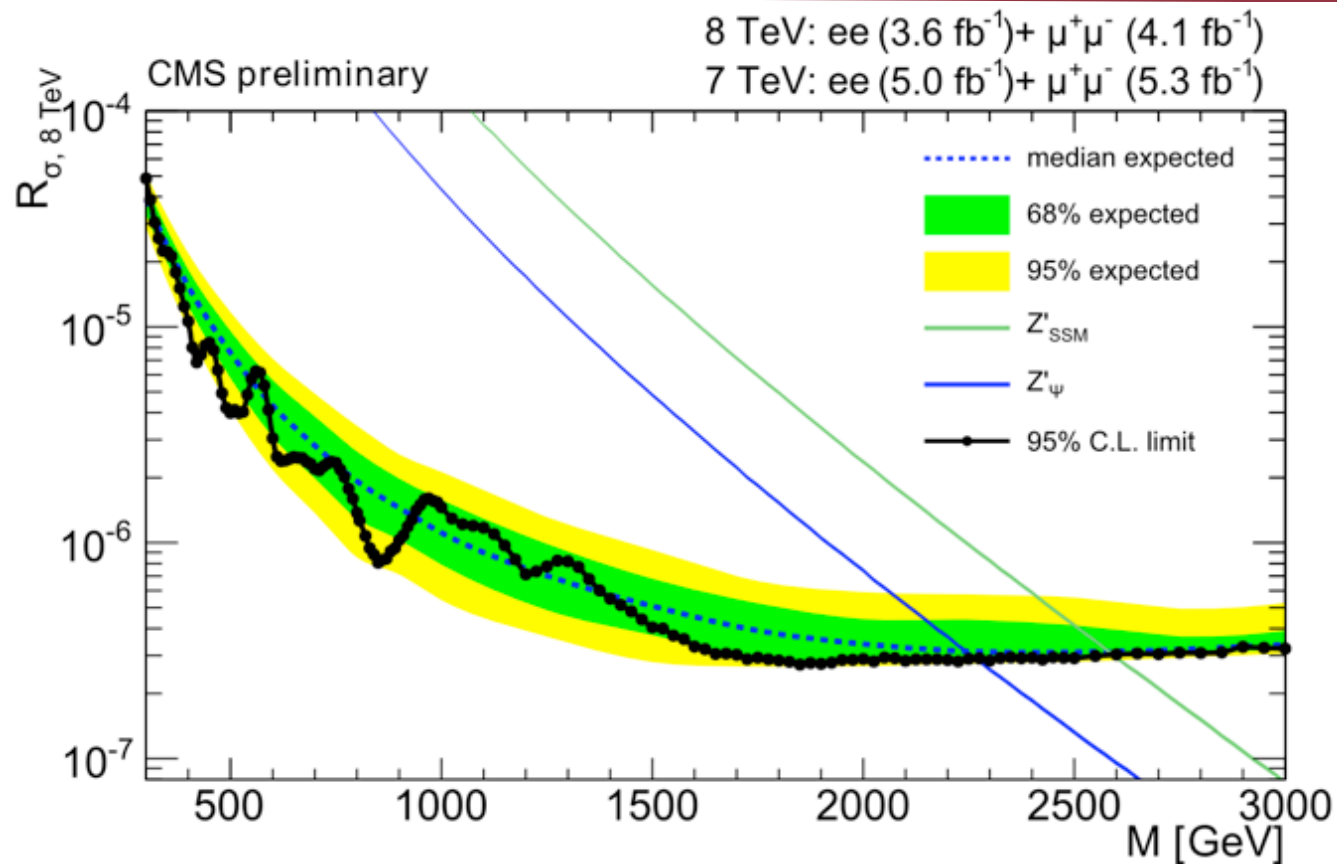
[CMS EXO-12-015]

- Event selection
 - $E_T(e1,e2) > 35$ GeV, $p_T(\mu1,\mu2) > 45$ GeV, plus isolation criteria
- Backgrounds
 - Z/γ^* , $t\bar{t}$, tW , VV , $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$, multijets with ≥ 1 jet reconstructed as lepton
 - estimated by functional fit to data

No obvious excess observed in 2012 data



Z' IN 8 TEV DATA



- Short time between data-taking and result

$$R_\sigma = \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z' + X \rightarrow \ell\ell + X)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z + X \rightarrow \ell\ell + X)}$$

- Limits on the combined 7 TeV and 8 TeV data from 2011+2012
 - M(Z'_{SSM}) > 2590 GeV at 95% C.L.
 - M(Z'_ψ) > 2260 GeV at 95% C.L.

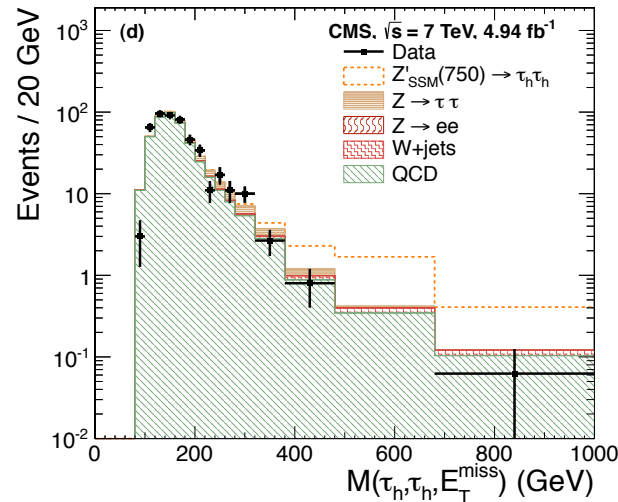
Excess just below 1 TeV all but gone in CMS data

$Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$

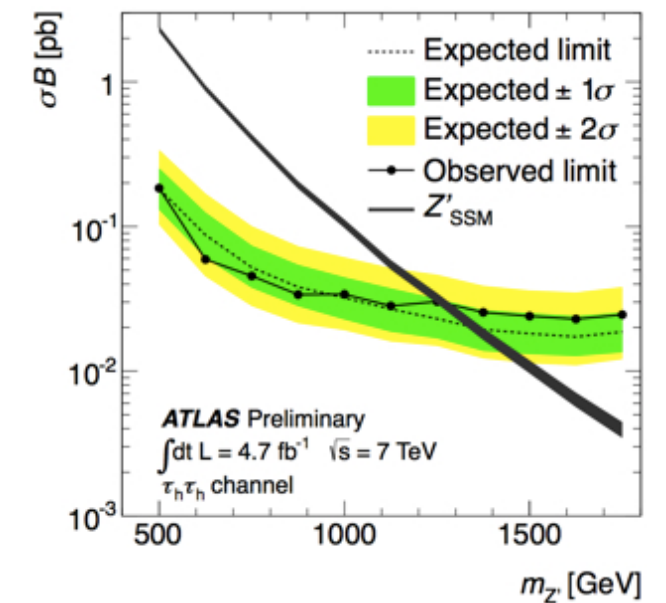
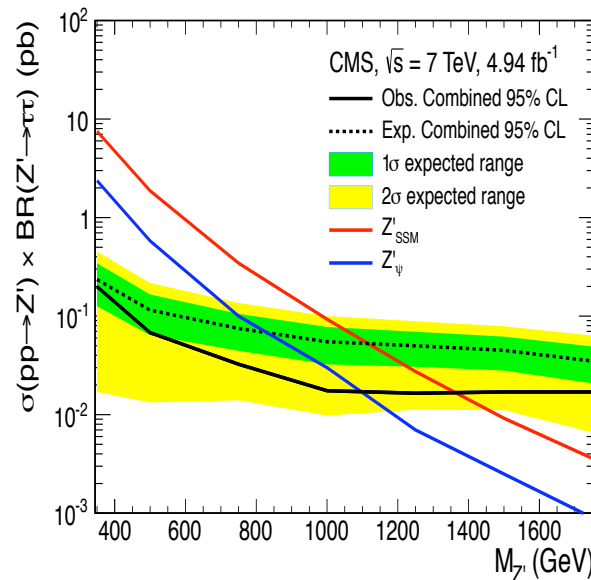
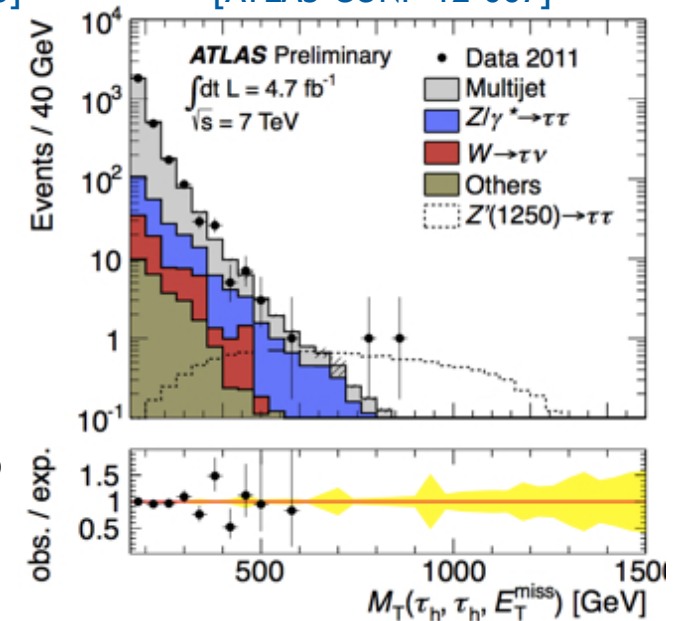
- Z' might couple preferentially to third-generation fermions
 - 5 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV
 - Study: $\tau_e\tau_\mu, \tau_e\tau_h, \tau_\mu\tau_h, \tau_h\tau_h$
 - plot effective (visible) mass
- Backgrounds:
 - DY $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$, W+jets, tt, VV, QCD
 - estimated from data where possible

$M(Z'_{SSM})$	expected	observed
CMS	> 1.1 TeV	> 1.4 TeV
ATLAS	> 1.4 TeV	> 1.3 TeV

[CMS EXO-11-031, hep-ex 1206.1725]



[ATLAS-CONF-12-067]



W' → lν IN 8 TEV DATA

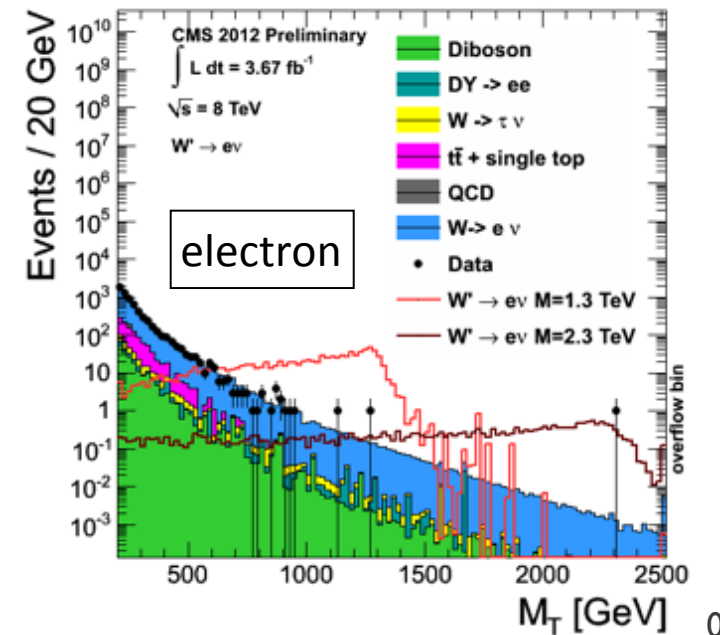
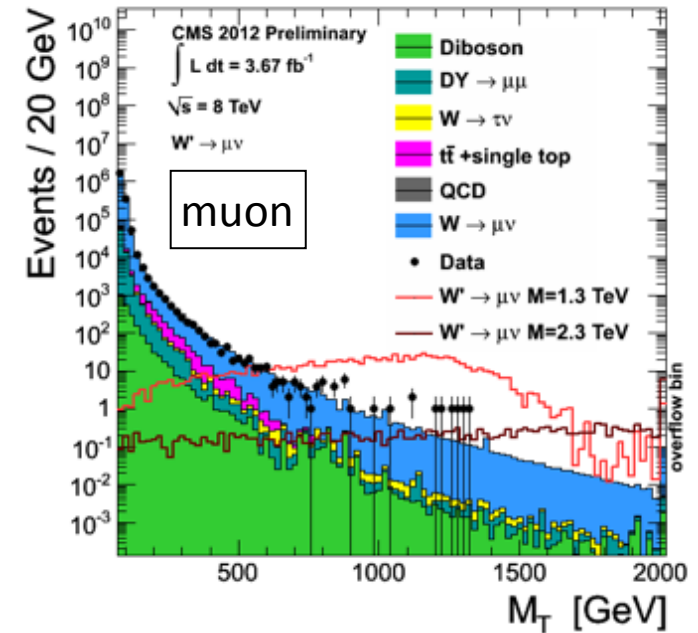
- Search for a new heavy gauge boson W' decaying to a charged lepton (μ or e) and ν

$$M_T = \sqrt{2 \cdot p_T^\ell \cdot E_T^{\text{miss}} \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\ell,\nu})}$$

- Many models possible
 - right-handed W' bosons with standard-model couplings
 - left-handed W' bosons including interference
 - Kaluza-Klein W'_{KK}-states in split-UED
 - Excited chiral boson (W*)
- Event Selection and Backgrounds
 - back-to-back isolated lepton and E_T^{miss}
 - Plot transverse mass of lν system
 - backgrounds from W, QCD, tt+single t, DY, VV from data

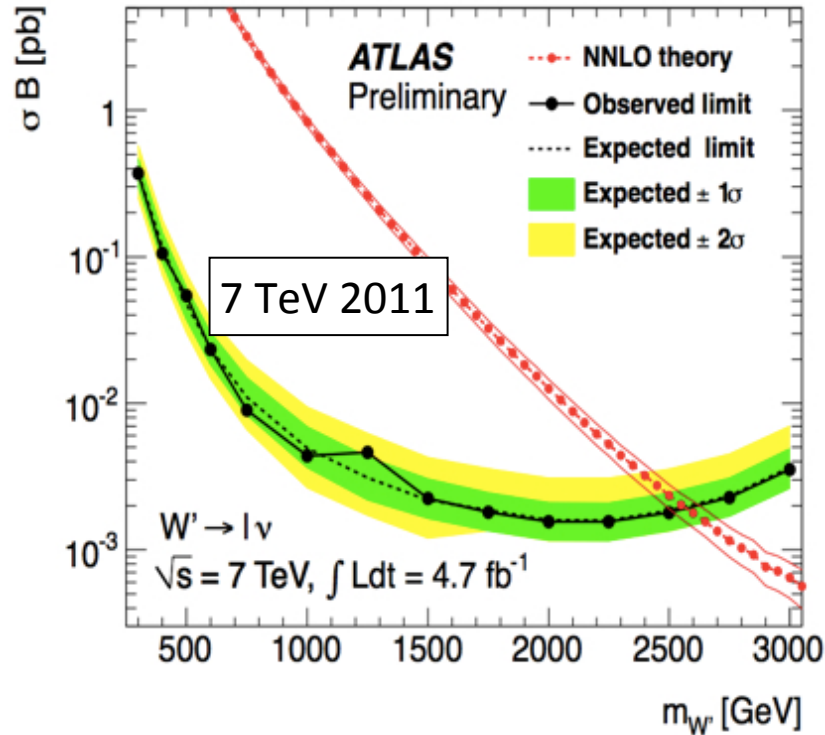
No significant excess observed

[CMS PAS EXO-12-010]

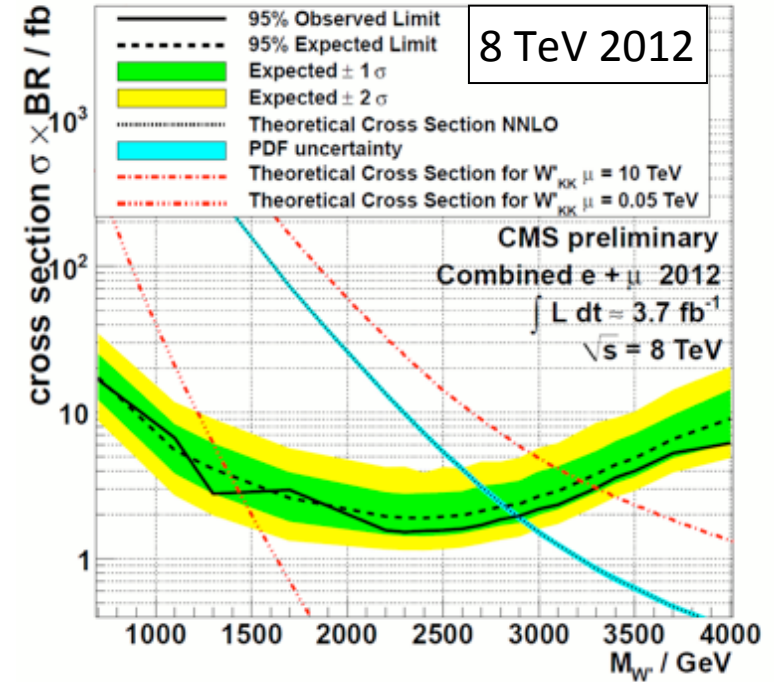


$W' \rightarrow l\nu$ IN 7 AND 8 TeV

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-086]



[CMS PAS EXO-12-010]



$M(W'_{SSM})$ 95% CL	Luminosity	Expected	Observed
ATLAS $e+\mu$, 2011	4.7	> 2.55 TeV	> 2.55 TeV
CMS $e+\mu$, 2012	3.7	> 2.80 TeV	> 2.85 TeV
CMS $e+\mu$, 2011+2012	5.0 + 3.7	> 2.85 TeV	> 2.85 TeV

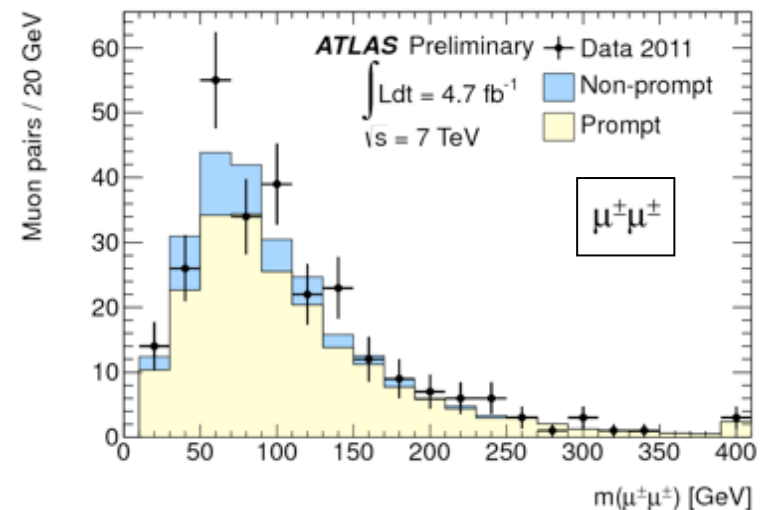
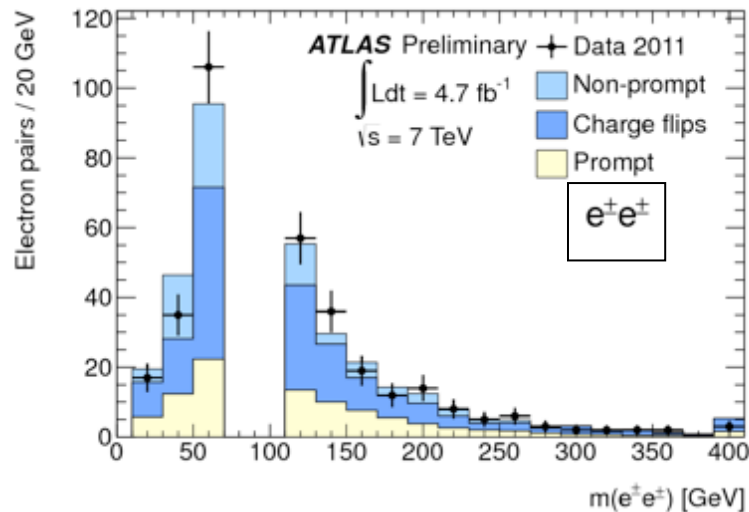
LIKE-SIGN DILEPTONS

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-069]

- Simple topology, yet sensitive to a wide range of new physics models
- Selection: high p_T $e^\pm e^\pm$, $\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$ pairs with $m(\ell\ell) > 15$ GeV (exclude Z peak from ee)
- Backgrounds:
 - WZ, ZZ: Sherpa/MCFM MC
 - Charge misid: MC + data-driven
 - Non-prompt leptons, fakes: Data-driven

Mass range	95% C.L. upper limit [fb]			
	$e^\pm e^\pm$		$\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$	
	expected	observed	expected	observed
$M > 15$ GeV	$45.0^{+17.3}_{-12.0}$	45.7	$23.4^{+8.6}_{-5.8}$	29.1
$M > 200$ GeV	$8.8^{+3.2}_{-2.9}$	8.1	$4.2^{+1.8}_{-1.1}$	6.6
$M > 400$ GeV	$2.9^{+1.1}_{-0.9}$	2.3	$1.6^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	1.7
	$e^+ e^+$		$\mu^+ \mu^+$	
$M > 15$ GeV	$27.3^{+10.0}_{-7.9}$	23.8	$14.7^{+6.0}_{-3.2}$	14.9
$M > 200$ GeV	$6.6^{+2.8}_{-1.5}$	6.5	$3.4^{+1.5}_{-0.7}$	4.2
$M > 400$ GeV	$2.4^{+1.1}_{-0.6}$	1.7	$1.5^{+0.6}_{-0.3}$	1.7
	$e^- e^-$		$\mu^- \mu^-$	
$M > 15$ GeV	$24.6^{+8.5}_{-6.8}$	29.1	$11.9^{+4.4}_{-3.4}$	18.0
$M > 200$ GeV	$4.7^{+1.9}_{-1.3}$	4.4	$2.7^{+1.1}_{-0.7}$	4.3
$M > 400$ GeV	$1.8^{+1.0}_{-0.4}$	2.2	$1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.0}$	1.1

95% CL limits on σ between 1.7 fb and 45.7 fb

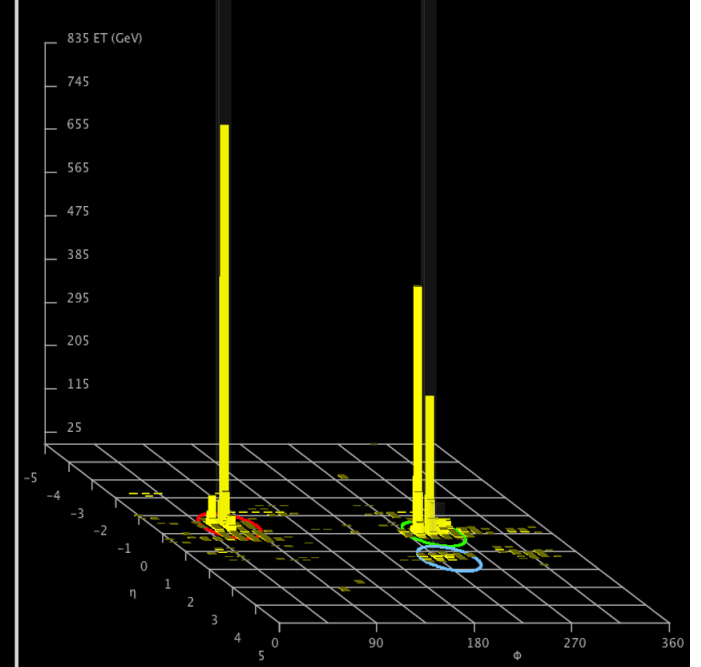
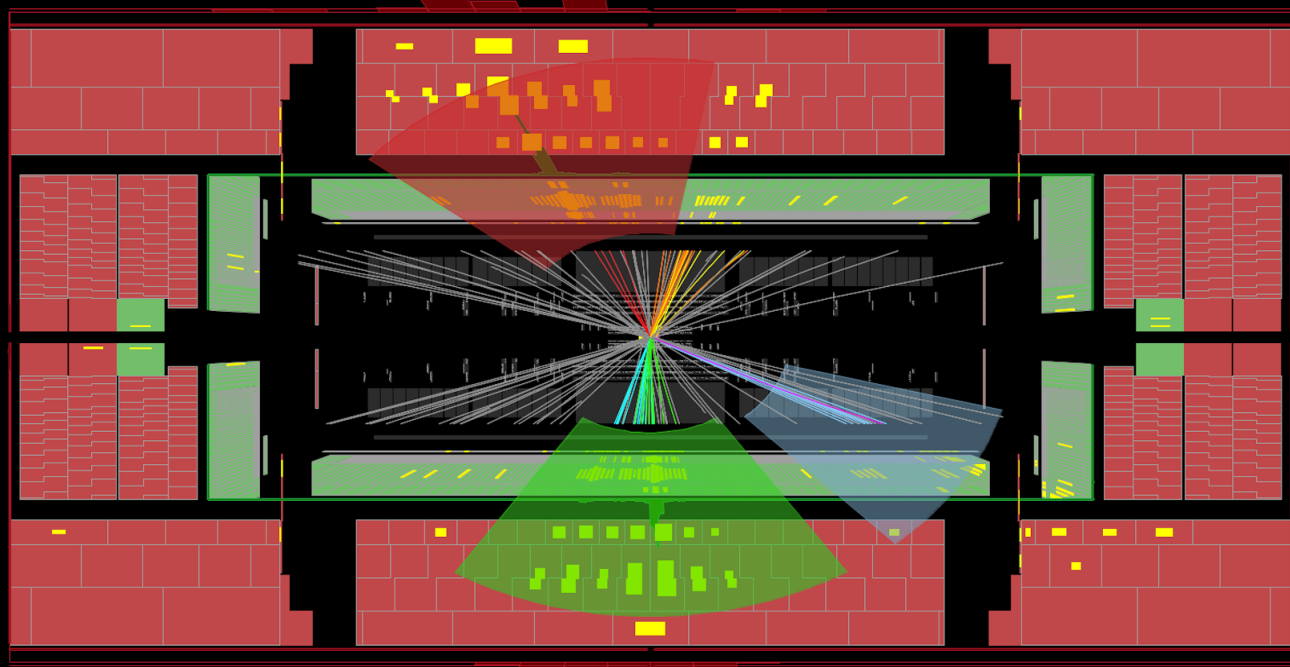
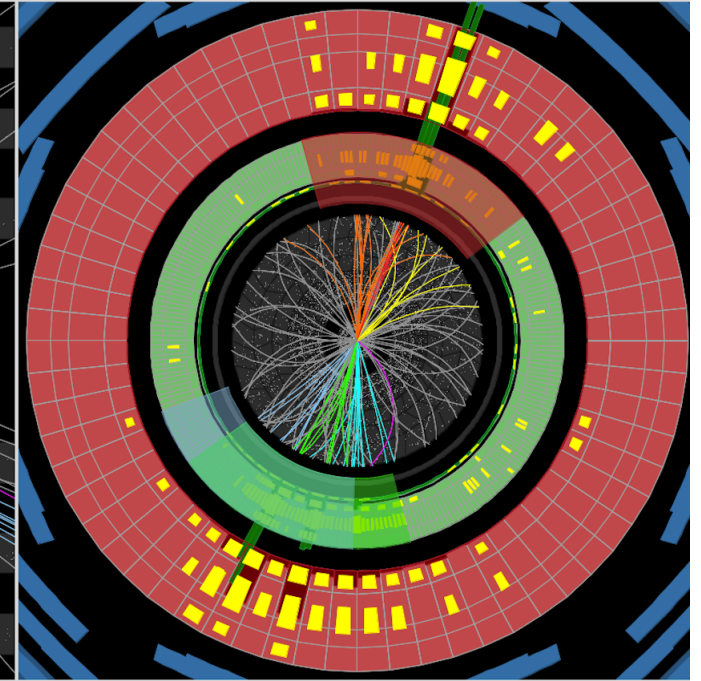
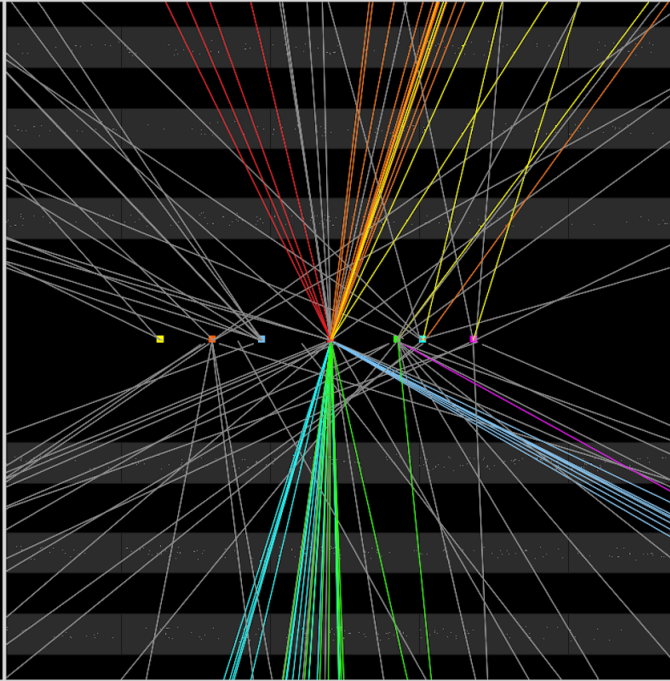




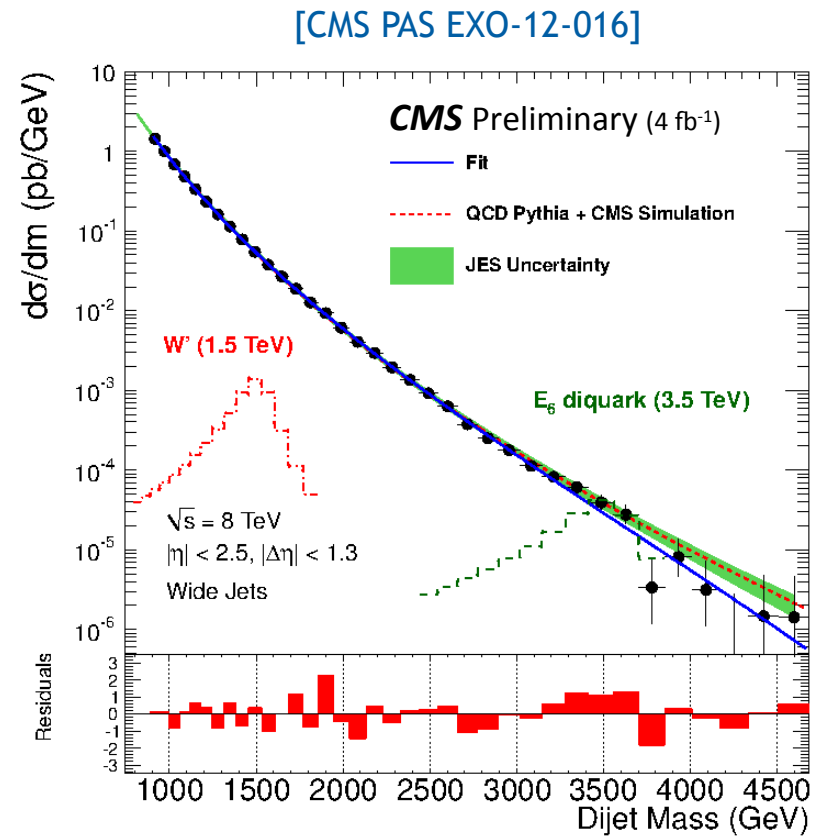
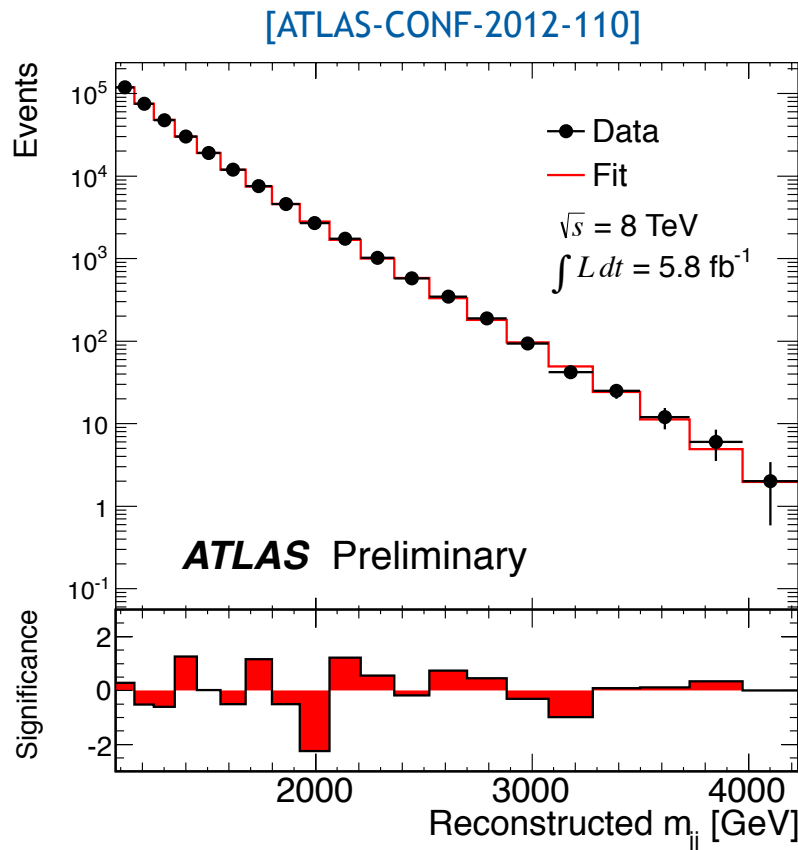
ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 205113, Event Number: 34879440

Date: 2012-06-18 12:25:45 CEST



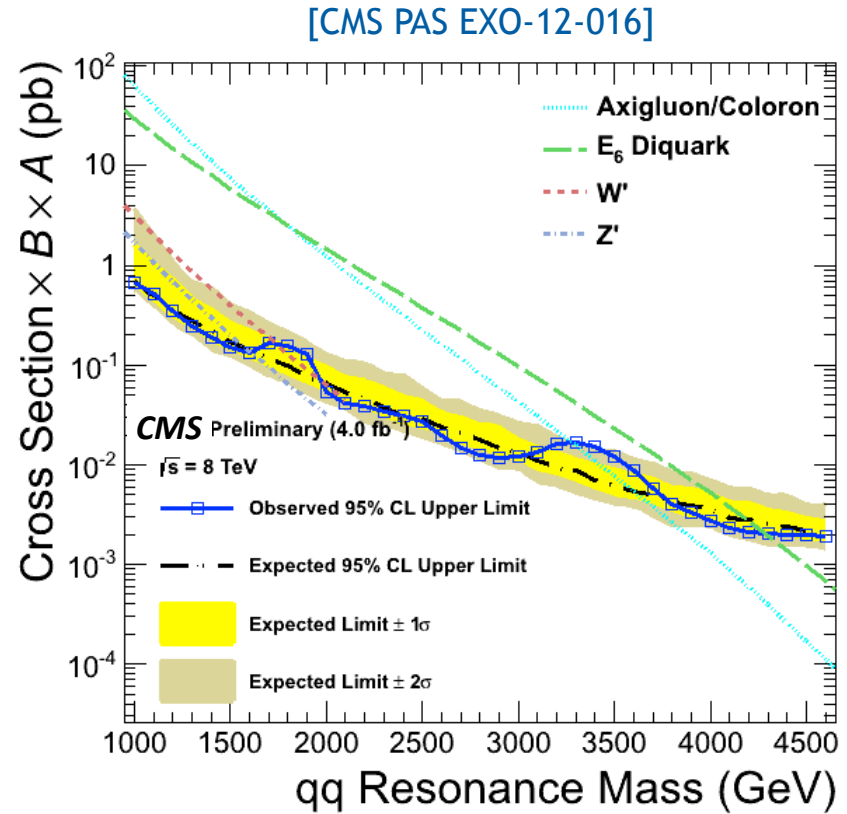
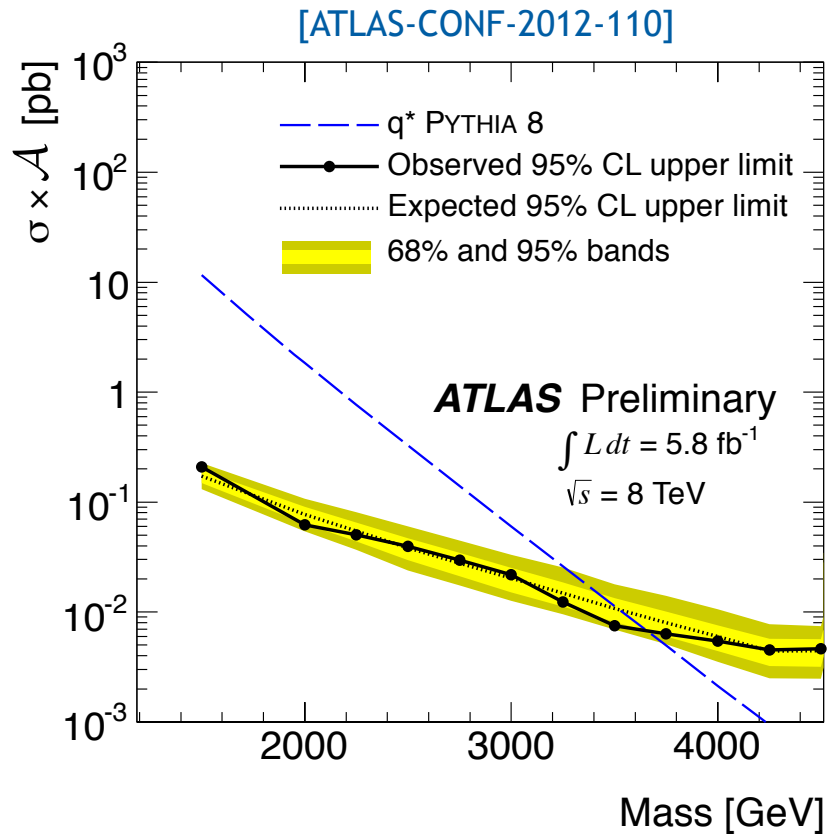
DIJETS IN 8 TEV DATA



- Search for dijet resonance in smoothly falling mass spectrum
 - leading jet mass $m_{jj} > 0.9\text{-}1 \text{ TeV}$ from trigger and other constraints
 - Background estimated from smooth functional fit

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{jj}} = \frac{P_0(1-x)^{P_1}}{x^{P_2+P_3} \ln(x)}$$

DIJETS IN 8 TEV DATA



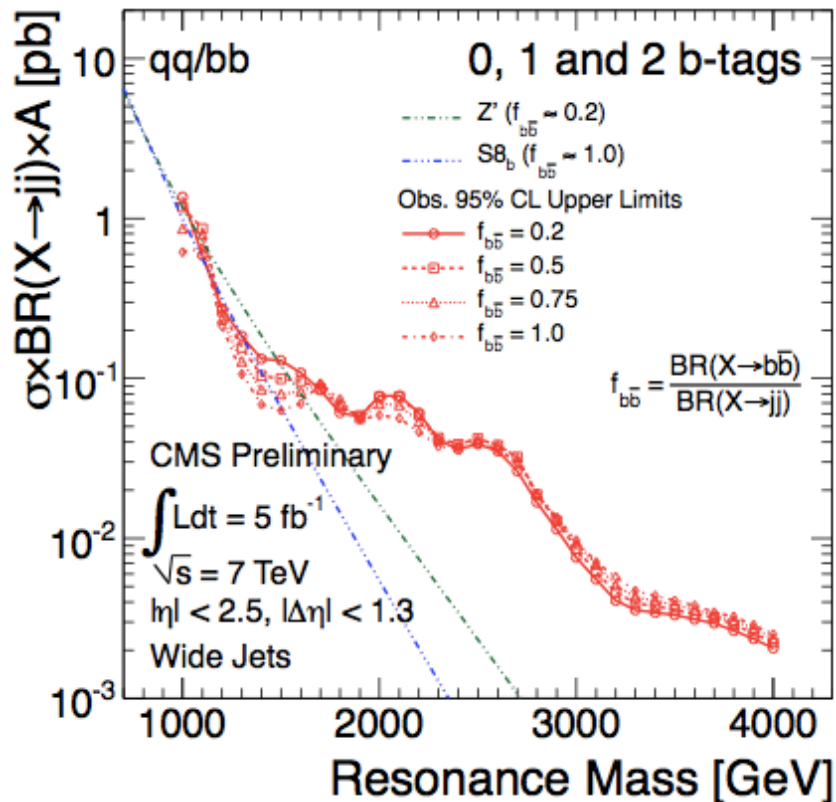
$M(q^*)$ 95% CL	Luminosity	Expected	Observed
ATLAS 2011	4.8	> 3.09 TeV	> 3.55 TeV
CMS 2011	5.0	> 3.27 TeV	> 3.05 TeV
CMS 2012	4.0	> 3.43 TeV	> 3.19 TeV
ATLAS 2012	5.8	> 3.53 TeV	> 3.66 TeV

DIJET WITH b-TAG

[CMS PAS EXO-11-008]

- Dijet with 0, 1, 2 b-tags
 - model-independent limits vs. BR
 - Simultaneous search in 0, 1 and 2 b-tags

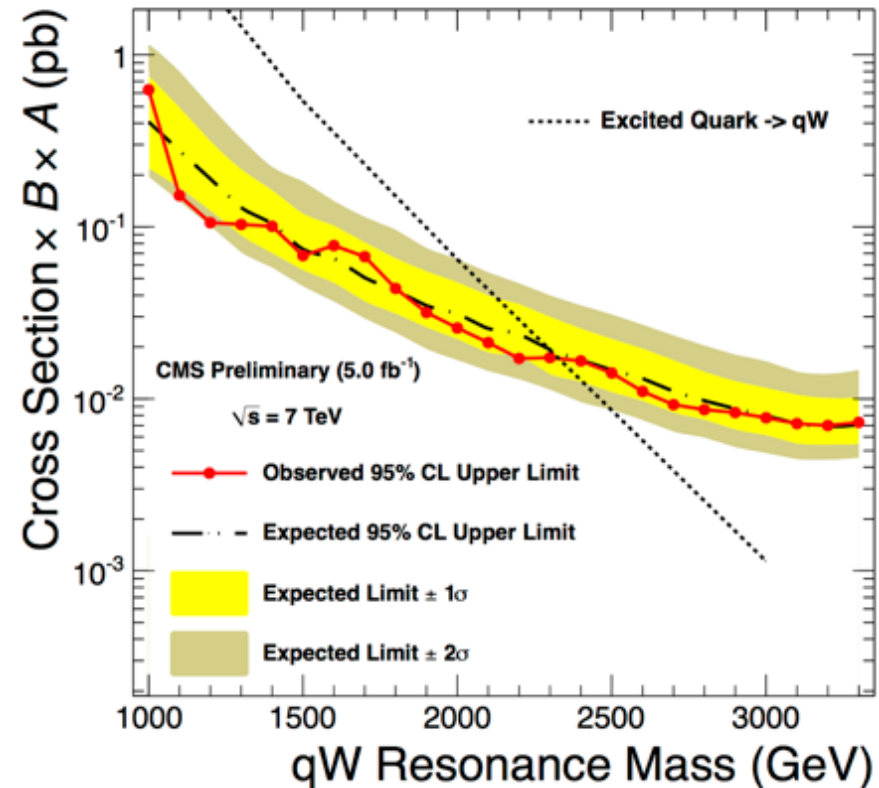
$$f_{b\bar{b}} = \frac{\text{BR}(X \rightarrow b\bar{b})}{\text{BR}(X \rightarrow jj)}$$



DIJET WITH W/Z TAGS

[CMS PAS EXO-11-095]

- Dijet with 1, 2 W/Z-tags
 - jet substructure used for tagging
 - single tags: qW/qZ resonances
 - double tags: WW/WZ/ZZ resonances



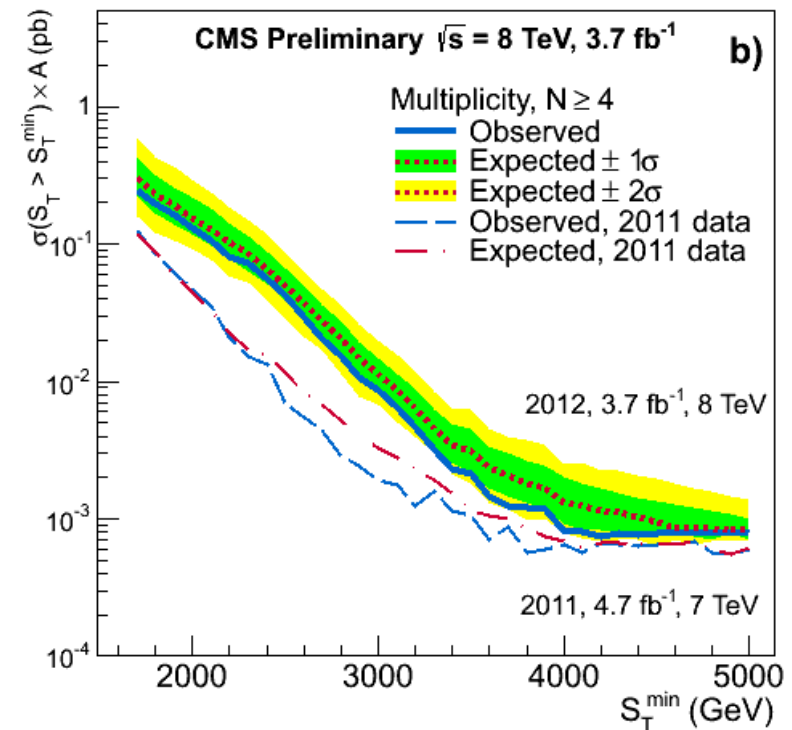
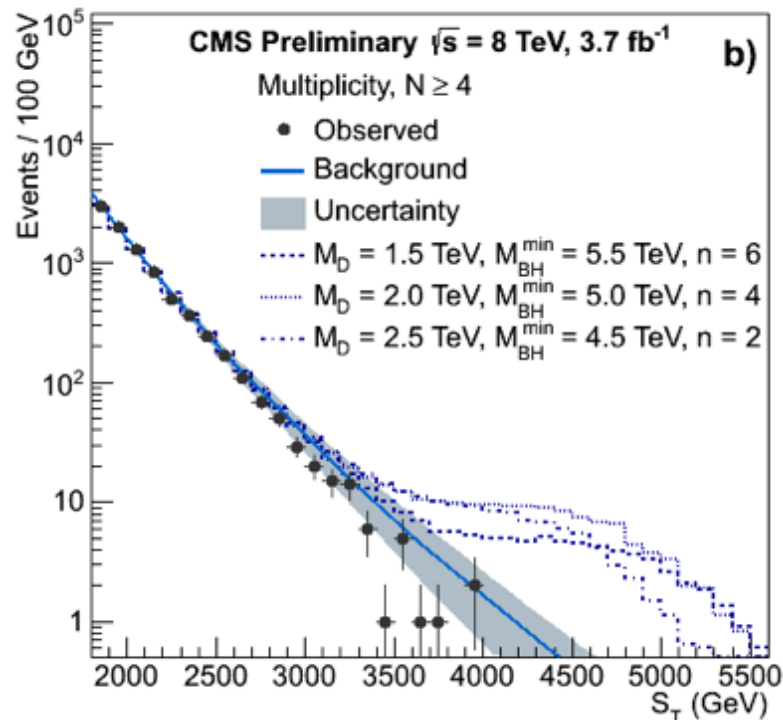
BLACK HOLES IN 8 TeV DATA

[CMS PAS EXO-12-009]

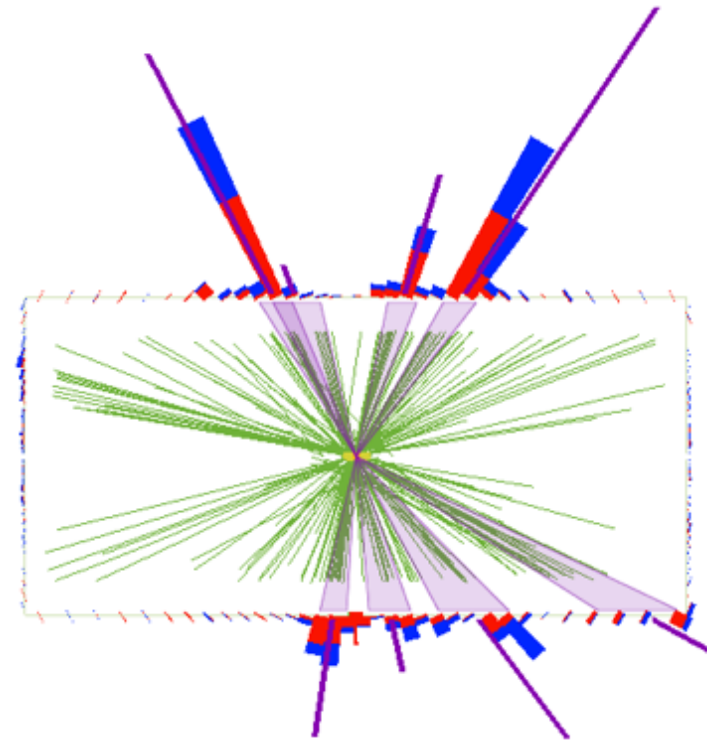
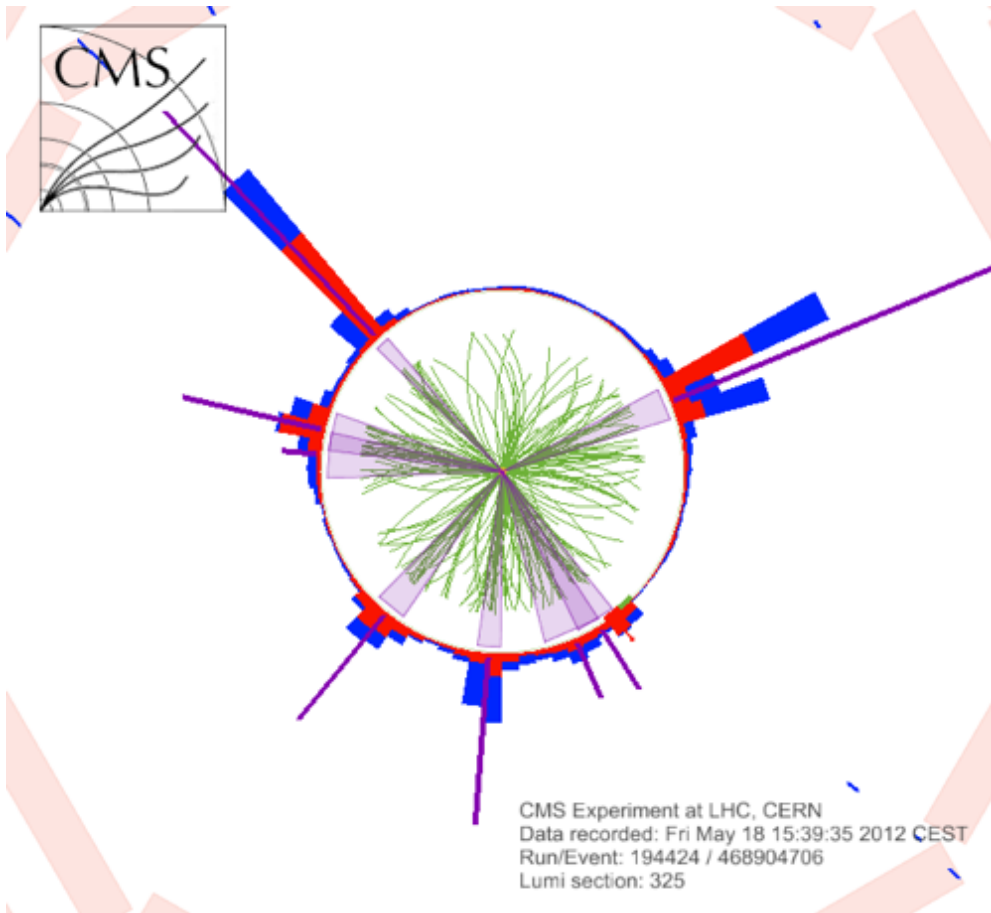
- Hypothetical BH would evaporate into many high- p_T objects
 - Estimate by S_T , the p_T sum of physics objects with $p_T > 50$ GeV
- Main background of QCD estimated by fit to $n=2$ distribution
 - Normalised for each multiplicity bin separately at $S_T = 1.8\text{--}2.2$ TeV
 - Model-independent limits vs S_T and multiplicity

$$S_T = \sum_{j,e,\mu,\gamma,MET}^N p_T$$

Large improvement in sensitivity (~10-20%) with respect to 2011 analysis



8-JET EVENT, $S_T = 3$ TEV

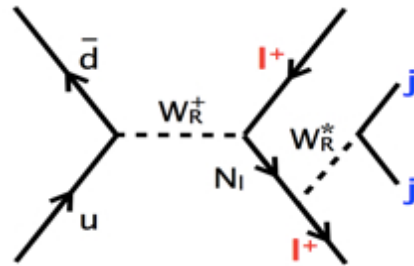


CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Fri May 18 15:39:35 2012
Run/Event: 194424 / 468904706
Lumi section: 325

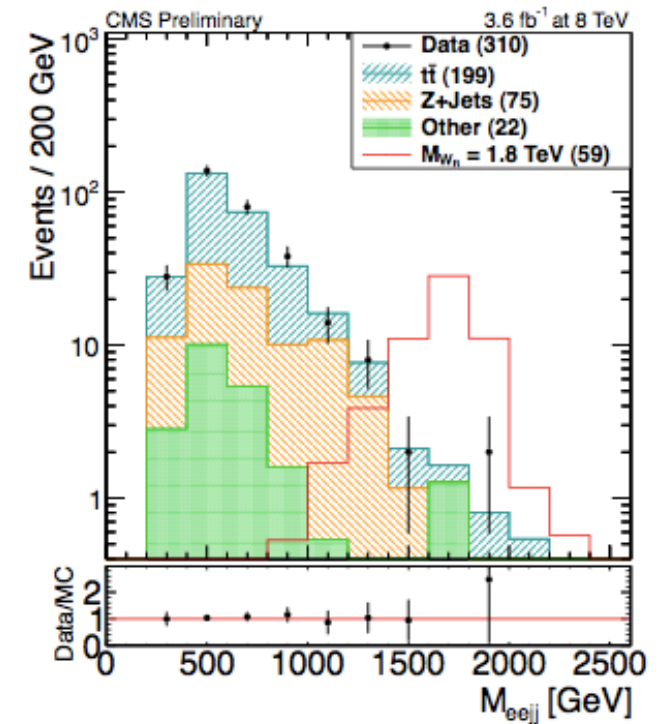
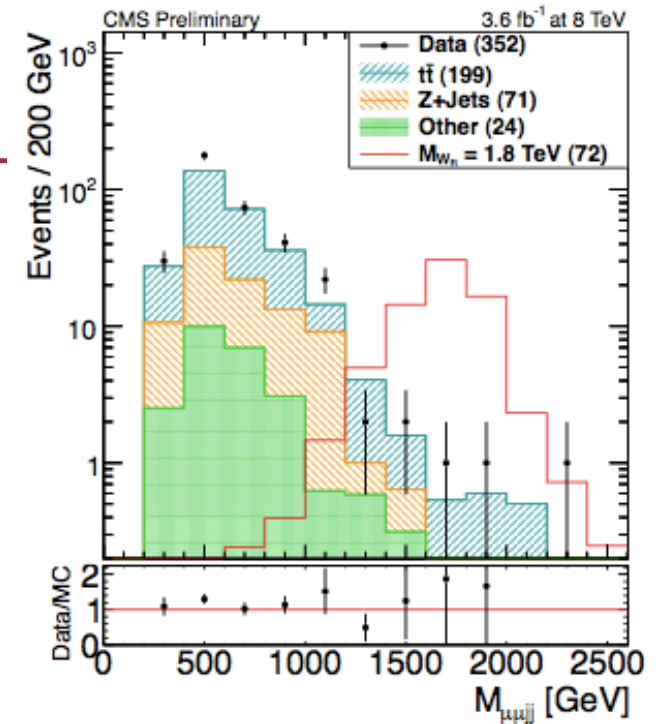
HEAVY NEUTRINO IN 8 TEV

[CMS PAS EXO-12-017]

- We search for the decay of $W_R \rightarrow \mu\mu jj$ and $eejj$, as in a Left-Right Symmetric Model



- Selection
 - Lepton $p_T > 60/40$ GeV, motivated by W decay
 - Jet $p_T > 40$ GeV
 - $M(\text{ll}) > 200$ GeV to reduce DY+jets.
- Background
 - Top: data-driven from $e\mu jj$
 - DY+jets: normalised to data, MC shape in Z peak
 - QCD: data-driven fake rate
 - VV, Single top: from MC

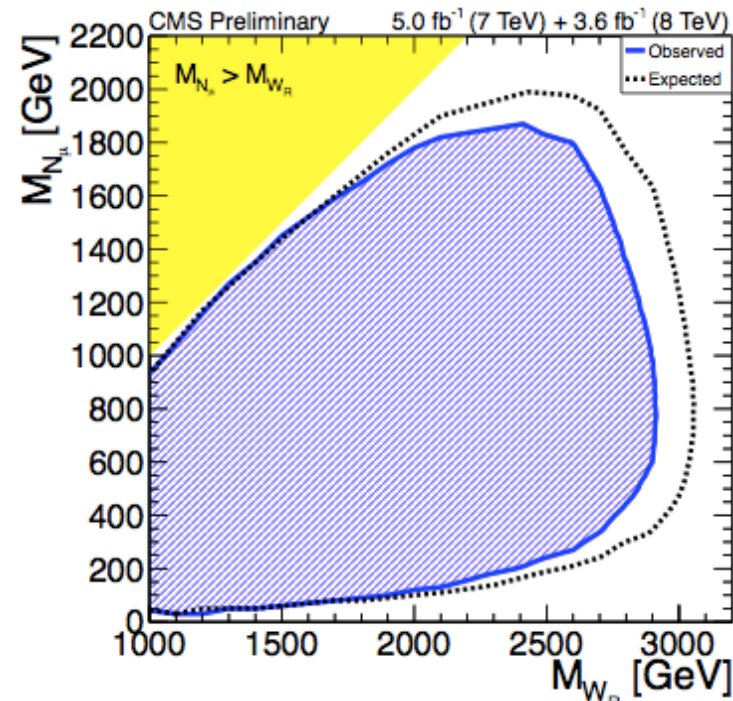
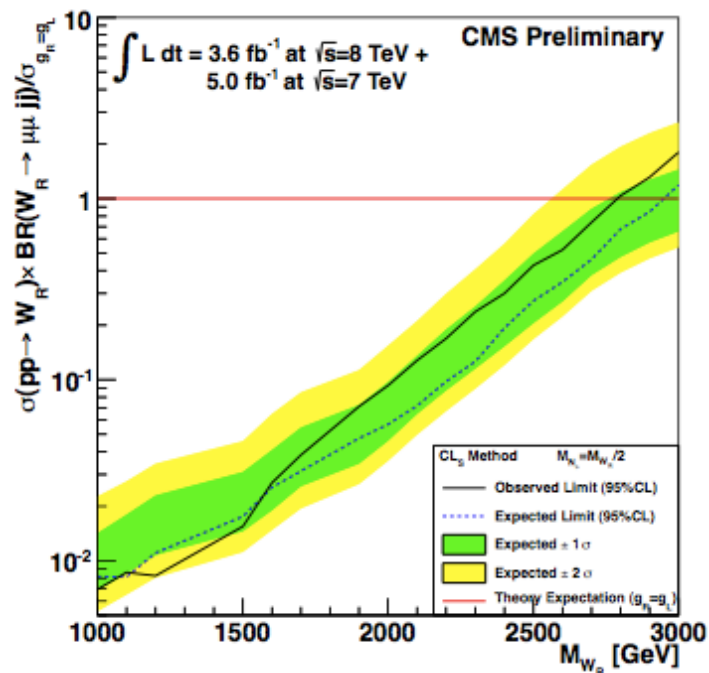


HEAVY NEUTRINO IN 8 TeV DATA

[CMS PAS EXO-12-017]

- Search assumes small W_R - W_L and N_i - N_i' mixing angles, only one lepton channel kinematically accessible
- Primary Systematic Uncertainties
 - Signal Eff.: 6-10% from lepton
 - Background: ~50% from DY+jets shape, ~16% from top shape

For $M(N) = M(W_R)/2$; $M(W_R) > 2.8$ TeV



MAGNETIC MONOPOLES

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-062]

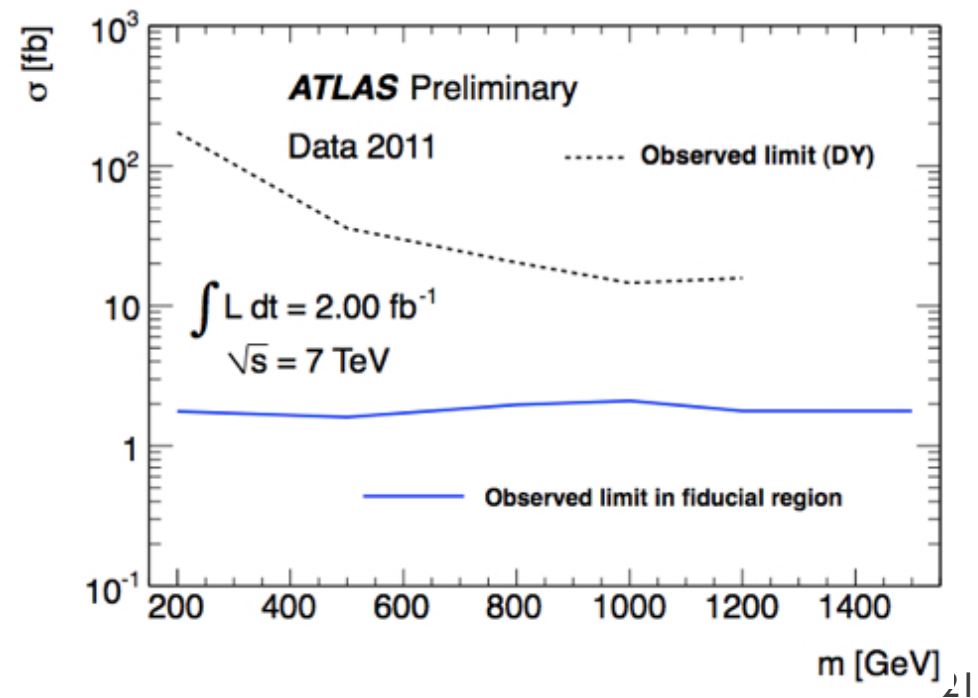
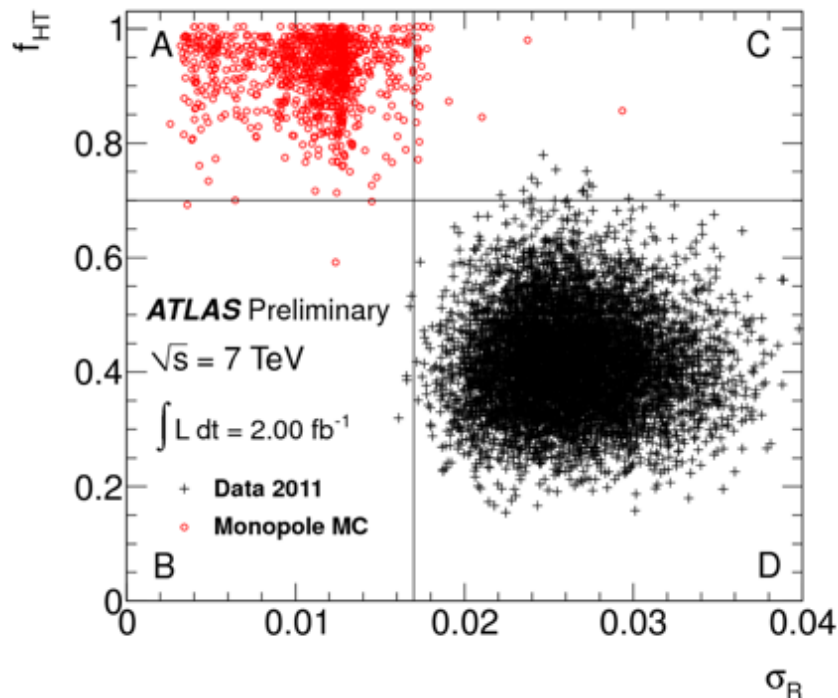
- Magnetic charge g yields strong coupling α_m and very high ionisation

$$\frac{ge}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{g}{e} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_e} \approx 68.5$$

$$\alpha_m = \frac{(g\beta)^2}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{4\alpha_e}\beta^2$$

- Look for high ionisation in Transition Radiation Tracker and high hit fraction (f_{HT}) and also deposition in the Liquid Argon Electromagnetic Calorimeter
- Pair-produced (Drell-Yan) production

Cross Section limits set for $m(M) = 0.2-1.2$ TeV

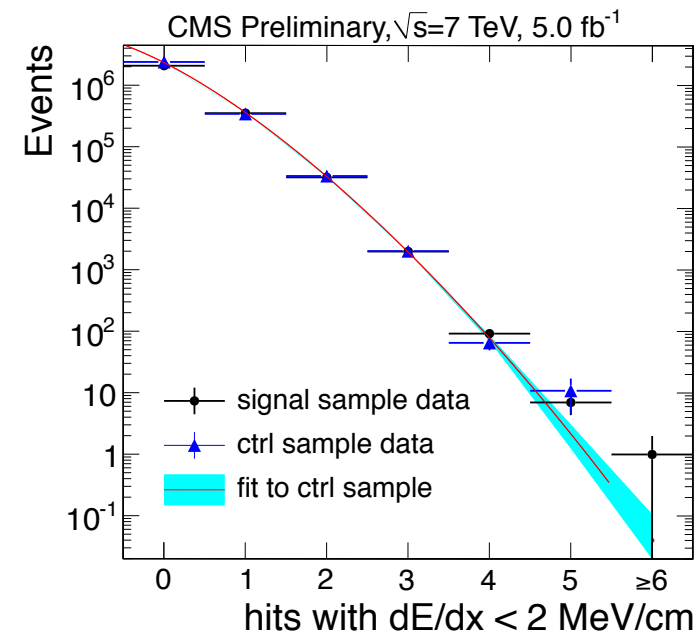
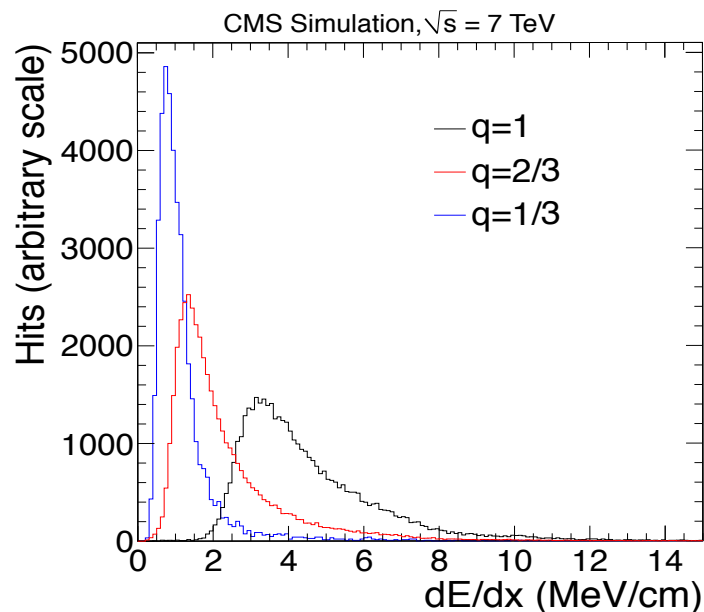
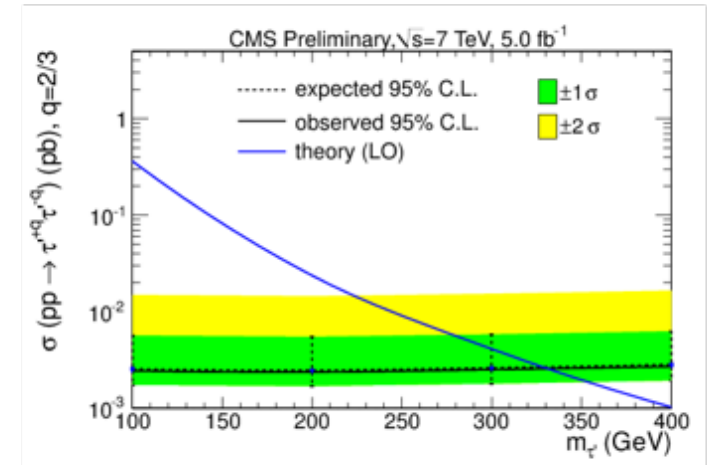


FRACTIONALLY CHARGED PARTICLES

[CMS PAS EXO-11-074]

- Search for long-lived particles with fractional charge
- Backgrounds
 - Cosmics: estimate from d_{xy} sidebands
 - Collisions: using $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ data, fit N_{hits} with low dE/dx
- Assume lepton-like spin=1/2 particle masses

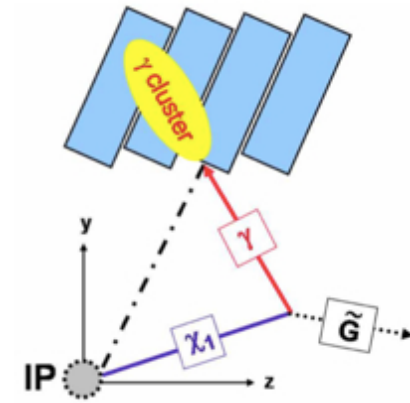
*Exclude: $Q = e/3: m > 210$
 $Q = 2e/3: m > 330$*



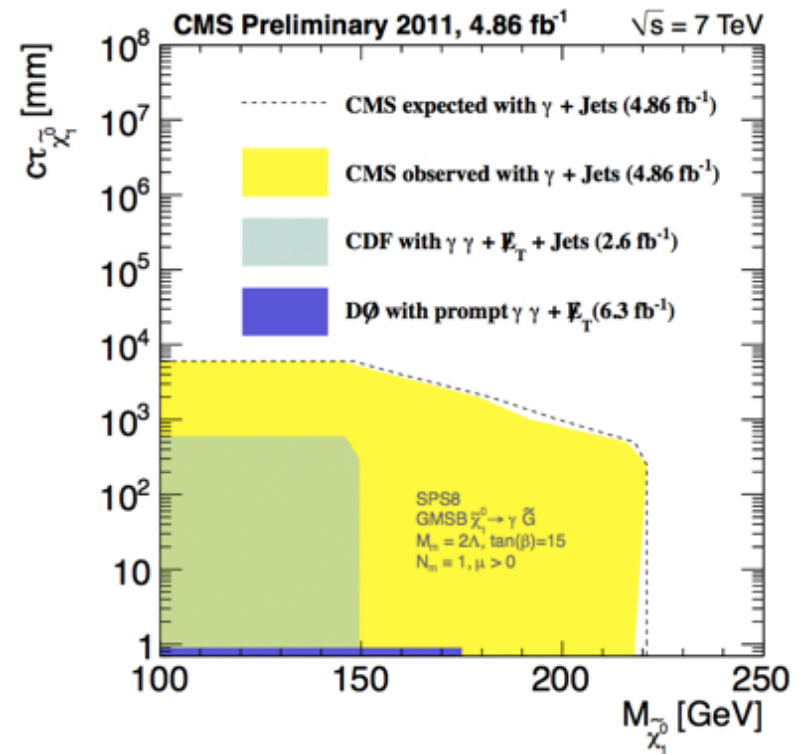
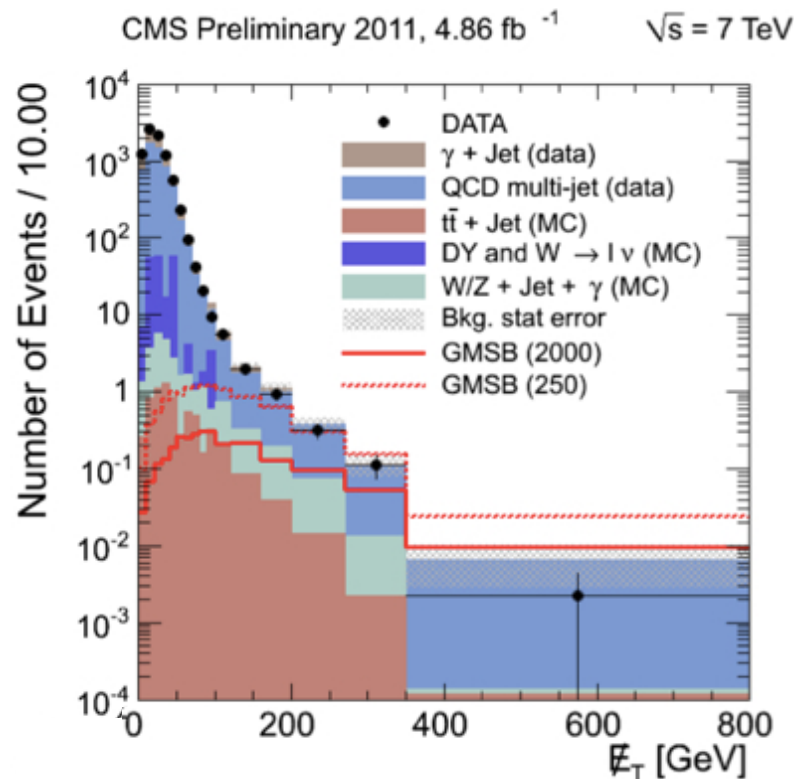
GMSB WITH DISPLACED PHOTON

[CMS PAS EXO-11-035]

- GMSB (SUSY) decays typically include many jets and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G}\gamma$
- Selection: photon with $E_T > 100$, three jets with $p_T > 35$
 - relaxed ECAL timing and shower-shape cuts
 - E_T^{miss} and ECAL timing main discriminants



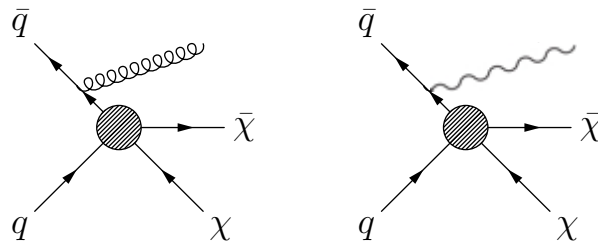
Much-improved sensitivity to long-lived neutralino



MONOJET AND MONOPHOTON

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-084, ATLAS-CONF-2012-085]

- Look for missing energy and radiated jet (photon)



- Monojet Selection:

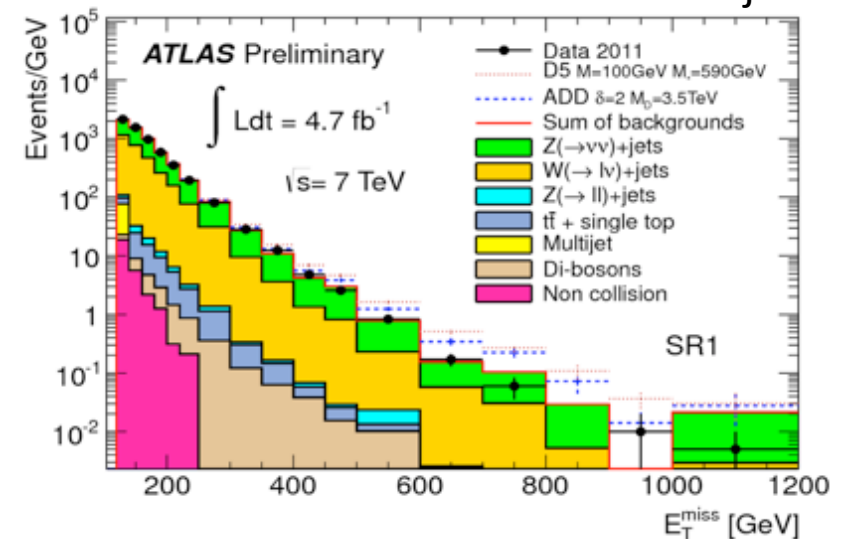
- Leading jet $p_T > 120$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$
- allow a second jet if not back-to-back
- veto isolated leptons

- Backgrounds and Uncertainties

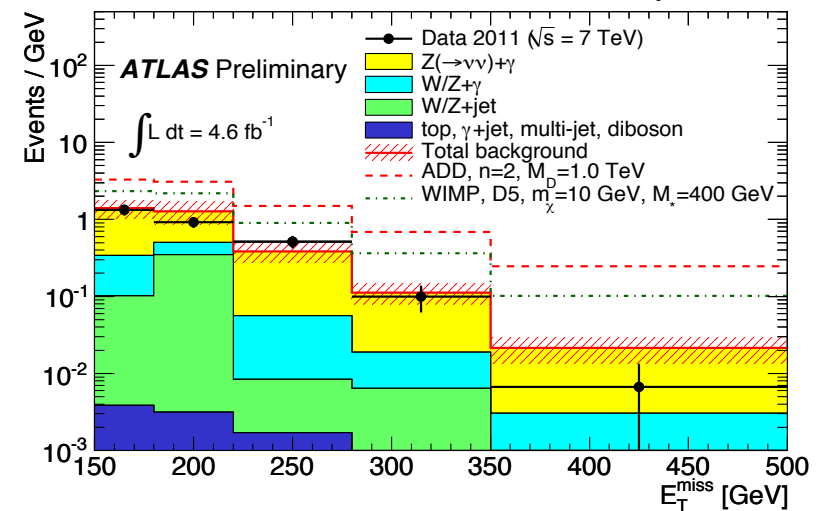
- Z + (jets/ γ) \rightarrow $\nu\nu$ +(jets/ γ)
- W + (jets/ γ) \rightarrow lv +(jets/ γ)
- smaller backgrounds from top, QCD, non-collision

- Missing Energy (E_T^{miss}) to distinguish signal

monojet



monophoton



ADD FROM MONOJET AND MONOPHOTON

Large Extra Dimensions: Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Dvali (ADD)

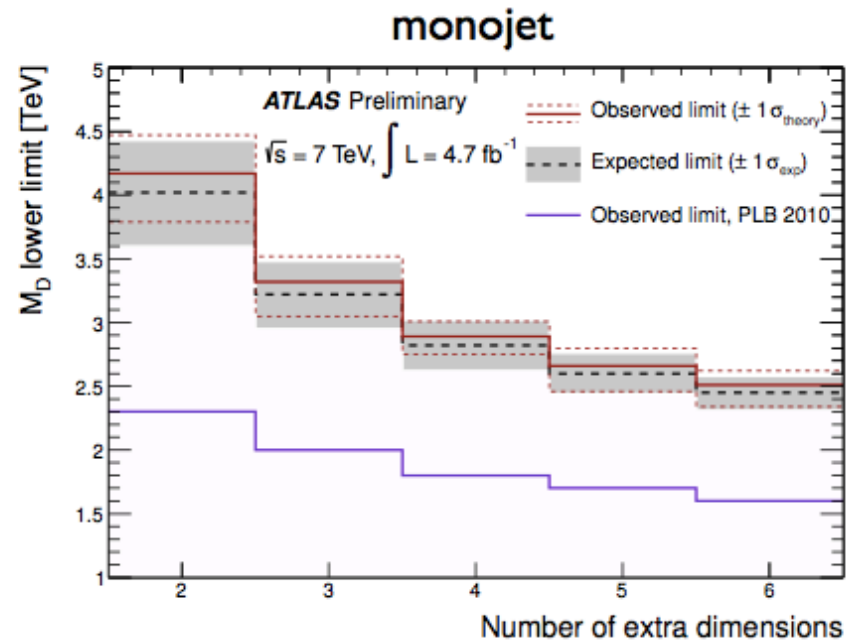
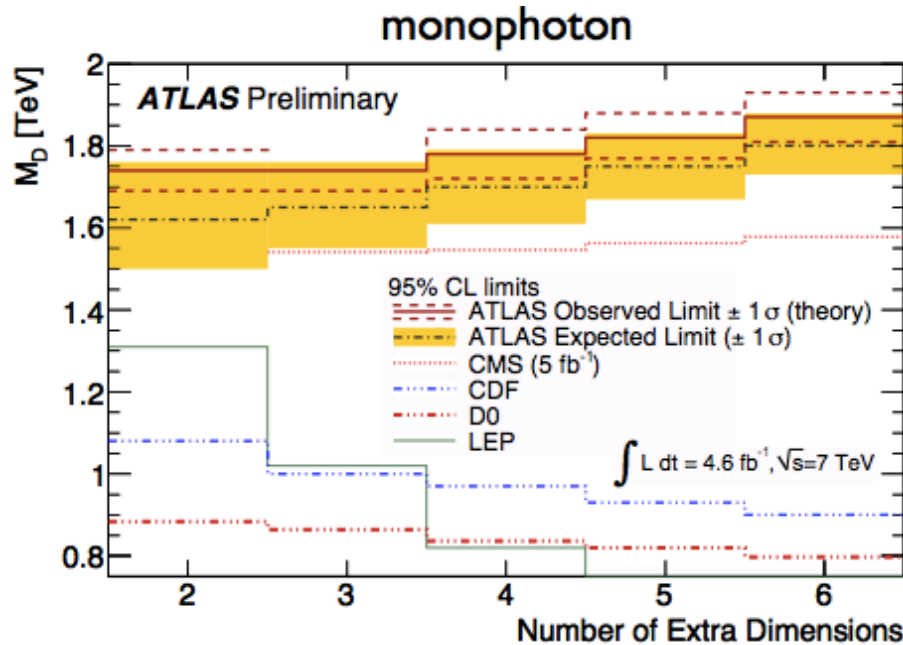
$$M_{Pl}^2 \sim M_D^{2+n} R^n$$

M_{Pl} = 4-dimensional Planck scale

M_D = fundamental (4+n)-dimensional Planck scale

n = number of the extra dimensions

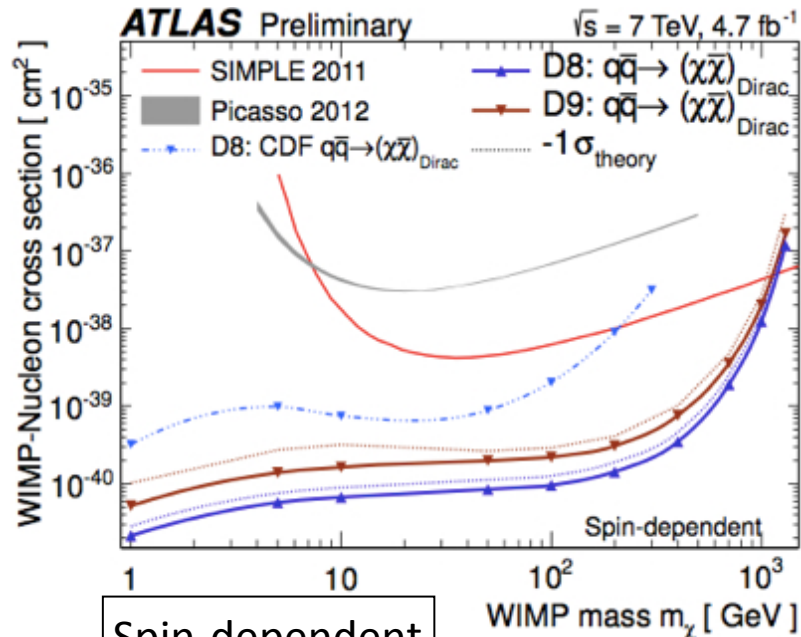
R = size of the extra dimensions



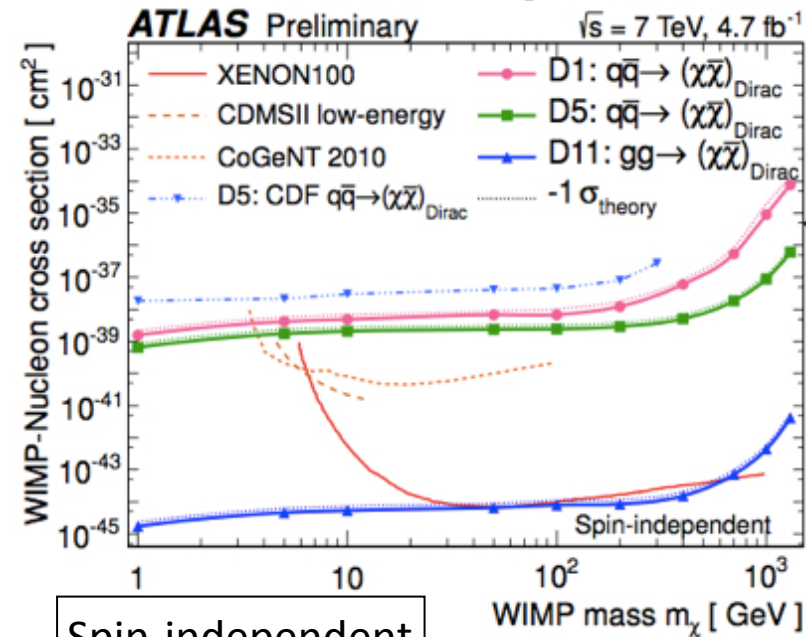
M_D (ADD) at LO	Lumi	$\delta=3$	$\delta=3$	$\delta=6$	$\delta=6$
95% CL limits	[fb^{-1}]	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.
CMS Monophoton	5.0	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
ATLAS Monophoton	4.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9
CMS Monojet	5.0	3.1	3.2	2.3	2.4
ATLAS Monojet	4.7	3.2	3.3	2.4	2.5

DARK MATTER AND MONOJETS

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-084]

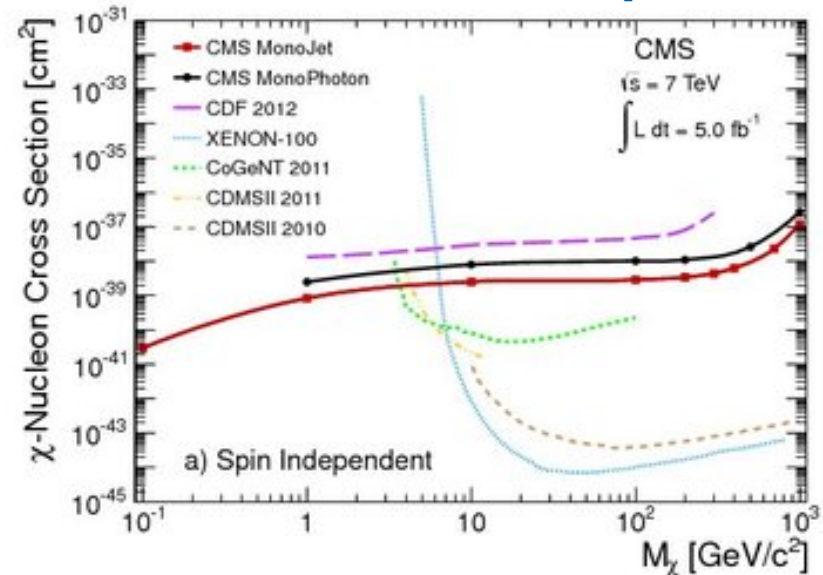
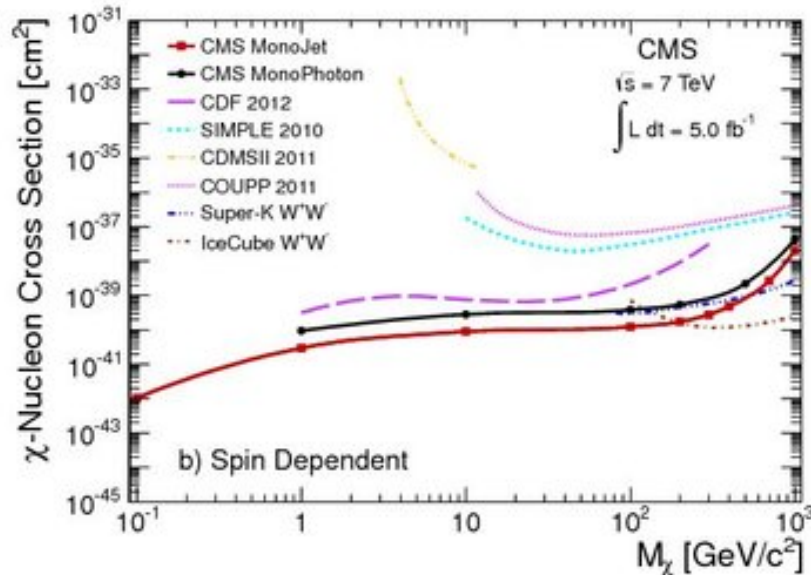


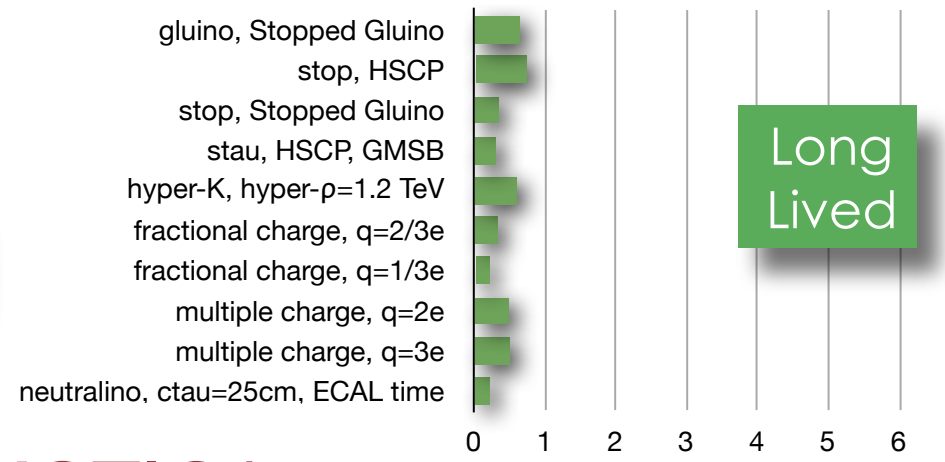
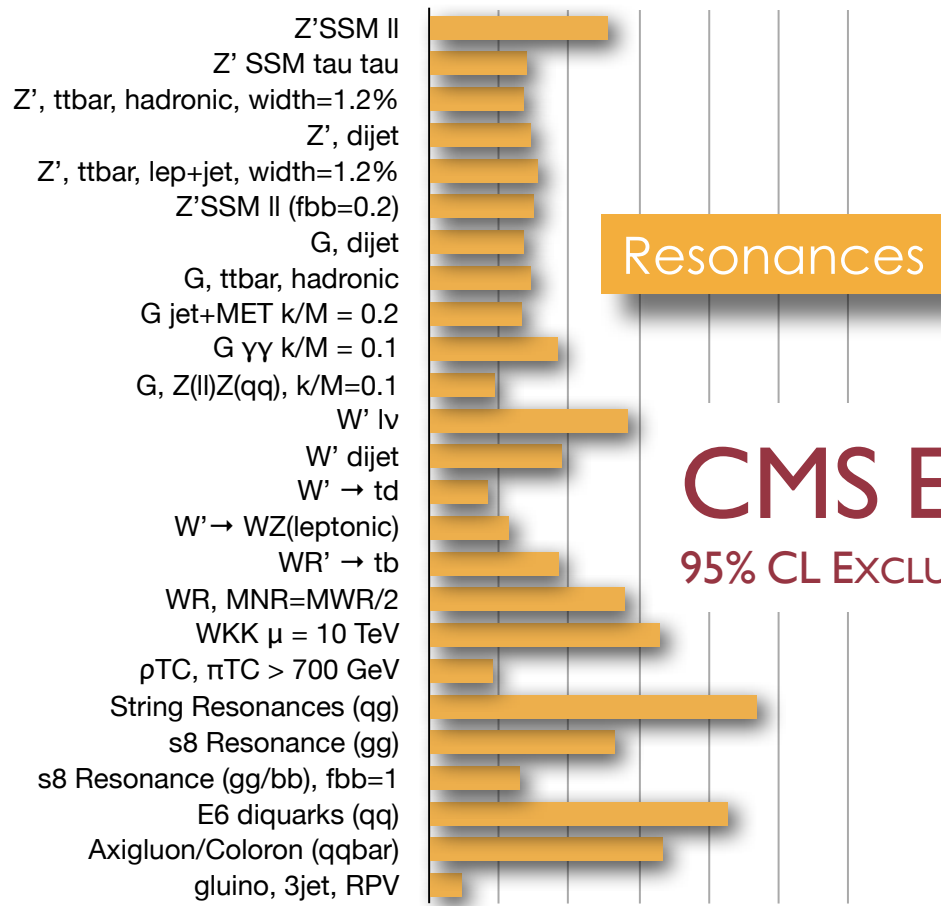
Spin-dependent



Spin-independent

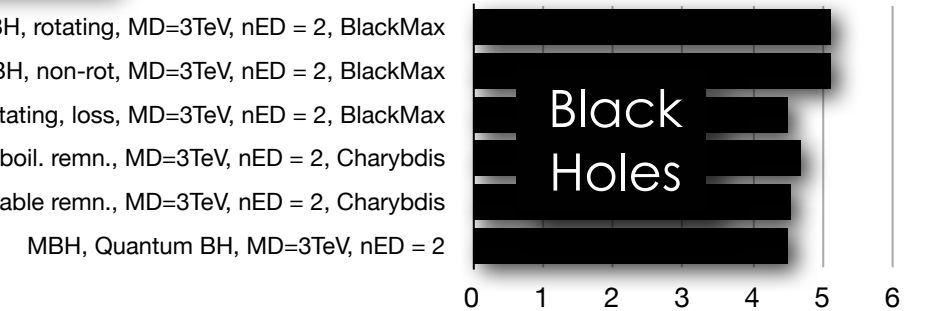
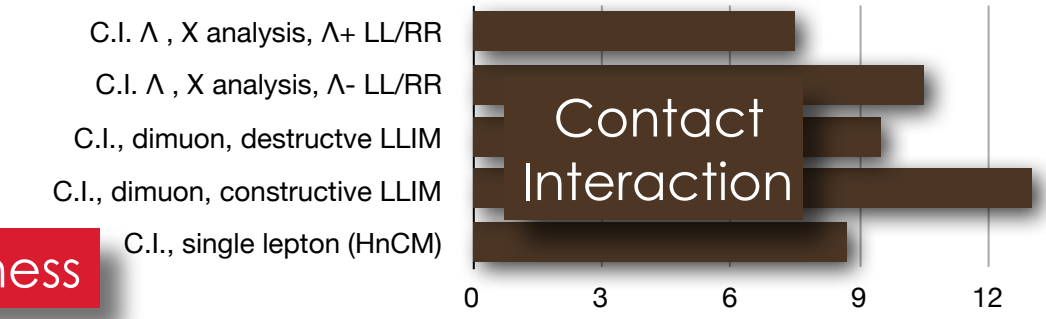
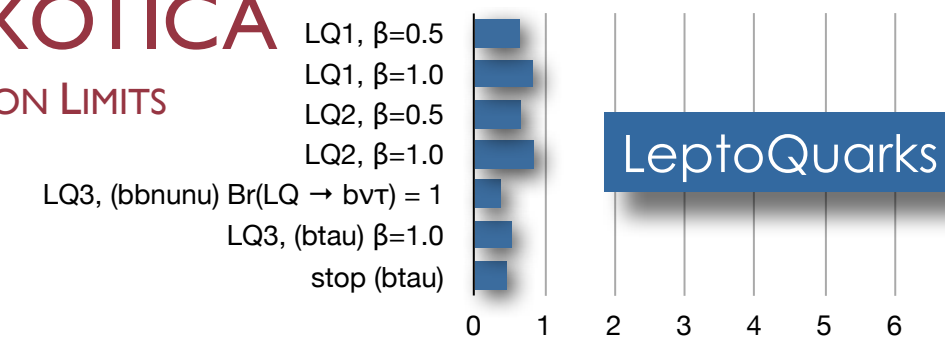
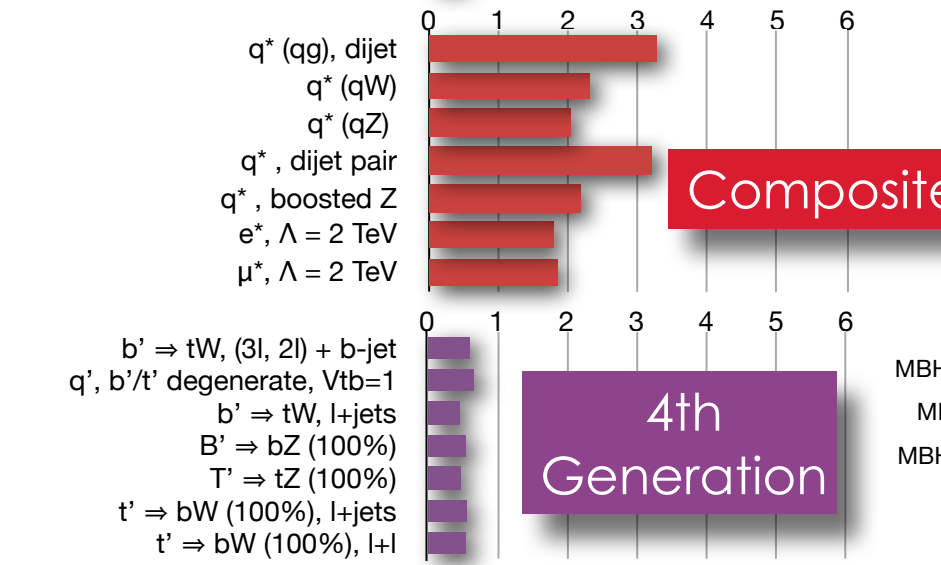
[CMS EXO-11-059]



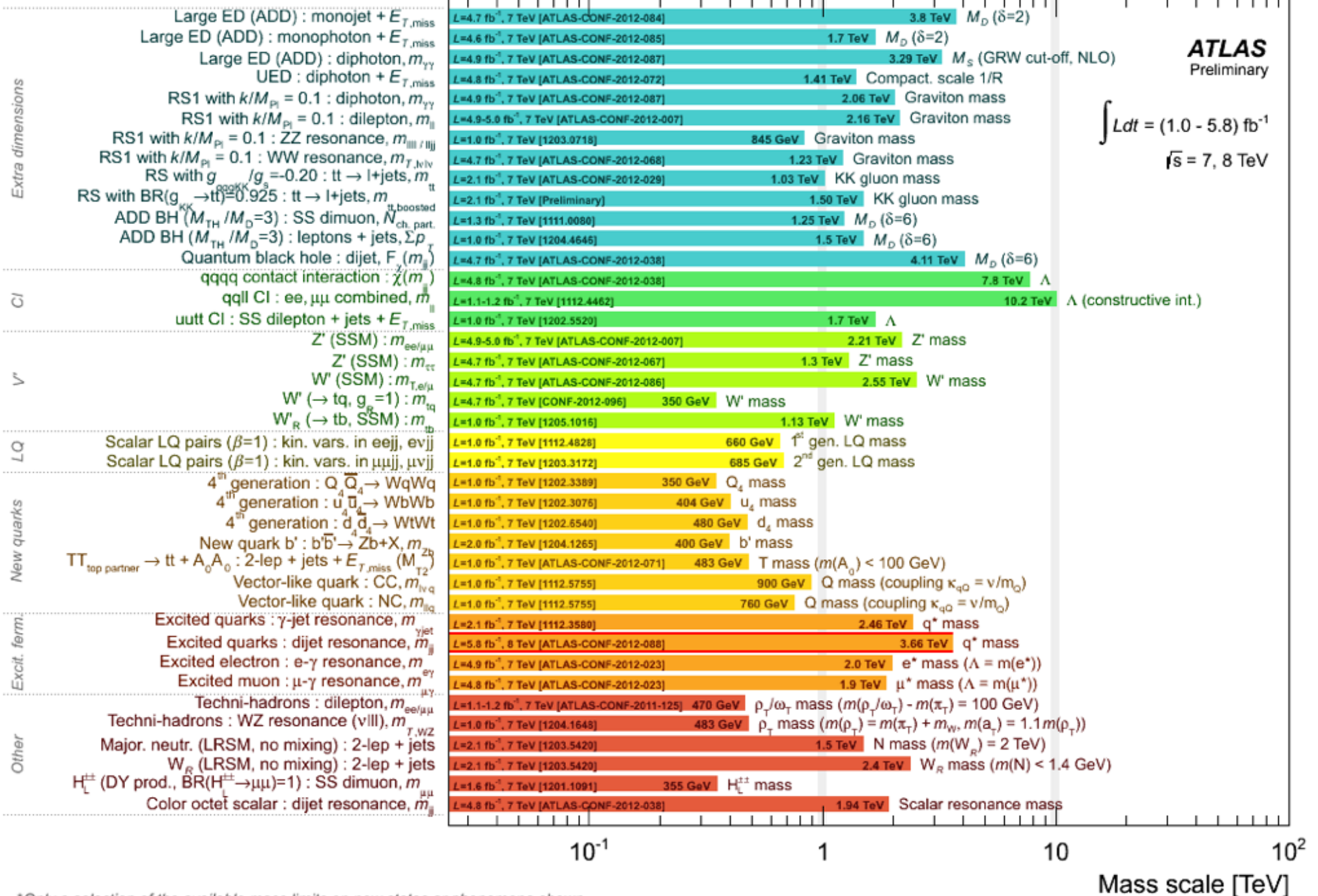


CMS EXOTICA

95% CL EXCLUSION LIMITS



ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: ICHEP 2012)



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena shown

CONCLUSIONS

- Tremendous progress in Beyond the Standard Model searches
 - short time from data to results: already have 8 TeV results
 - more complete coverage of channels
 - generic searches, less model dependence
 - dedicated searches for more challenging signatures
 - also probing lower in mass, not just pushing for highest exclusion
 - search techniques getting more sophisticated; shape-based or multi-dimensional
 - probing direct connections to other fields (Higgs, SUSY, Top, Dark Matter, etc)
- For complete results:
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>