

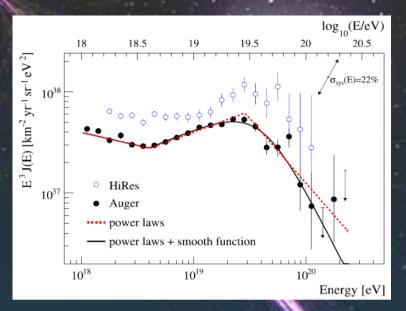
Pierre Auger Observatory studying the universe's highest energy particles

### Ultra-High Energy Neutrinos at the Pierre Auger Observatory

### Roger Clay University of Adelaide

### For the Pierre Auger Collaboration

See: Pierre Auger Collaboration, ApJ Letters, In press arXiv:1107.4809 ArXiv:1107.4804 Science, 318, 938 (2007) ICHEP July 2012



**Energy Spectrum** 

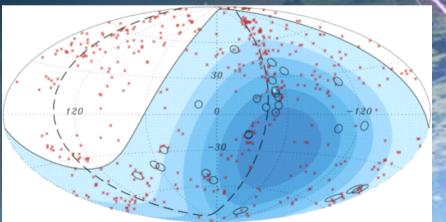
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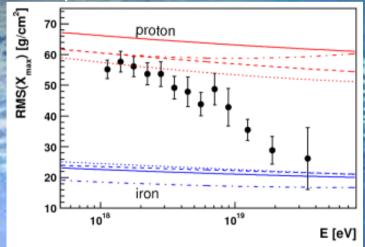
We now know in great detail about cosmic rays above ~1 EeV (10<sup>18</sup> eV).

BUT we don't know exactly where they come from – they are charged and so get deflected in intergalactic magnetic fields.

#### **Arrival Directions**



#### Composition



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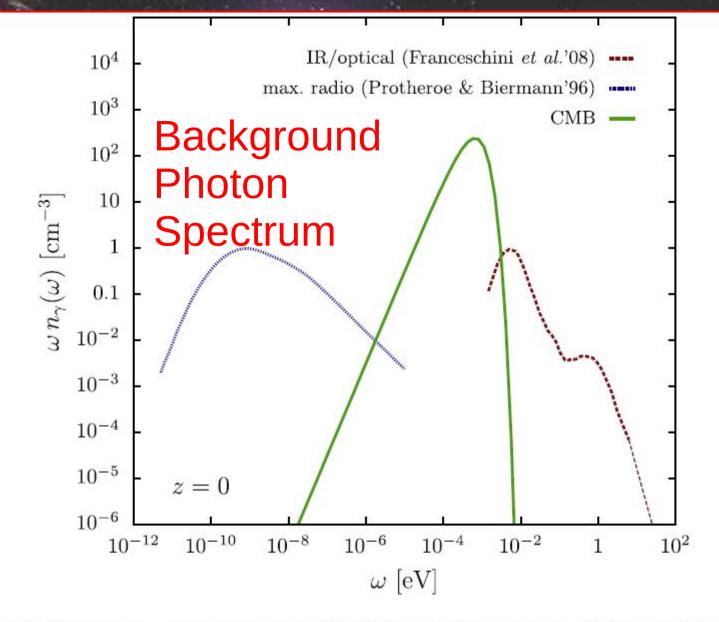


The cosmic ray energy spectrum shows a cut-off as predicted: GZK cut-off. We assume that this is correct.

The GZK cut-off specifically refers to photo-pion production from cosmic ray protons and astrophysical (blue shifted to gammas) background photons.

Π<sup>+</sup> decays to 3 neutrinos plus a positron.

The resulting neutrinos are NEITHER absorbed nor deflected. They may point to the cosmic ray source.



Observatory st energy particles

Ahlers et al. Astroparticle Phys. 34, 106-115, 2010

**Fig. 6.** The energy spectrum of the CMB [23] and the CIB in the IR/optial [48] and radio [54] range at z = 0. The thin dashed line shows our extrapolation to UV energies.

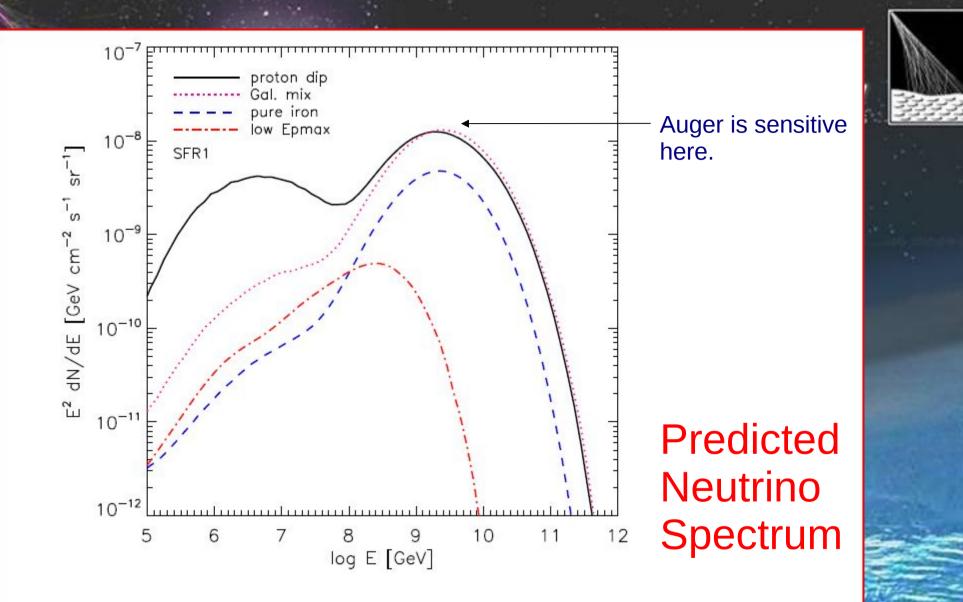


Figure 7. Effects of various compositions on neutrino fluxes for all flavors. We present the cases of (i) a pure proton injection assuming a dip transition model (black solid), (ii) a proton dominated Galactic type mixed composition (pink dotted), (iii) pure iron composition (blue dashed) and (iv) the iron rich low  $E_{p,max}$  model (red dash-dotted).

Kotera, Allard and Olinta arXiv:1009.1382

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### Interactions to search for:

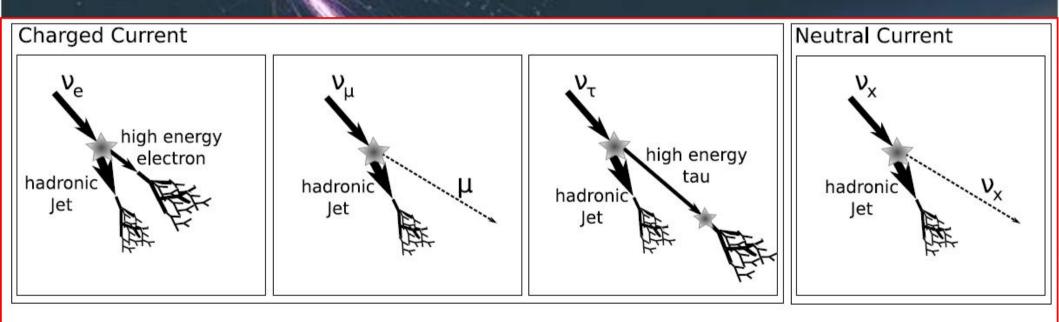


FIG. 2. Different types of atmospheric showers induced by neutrinos.

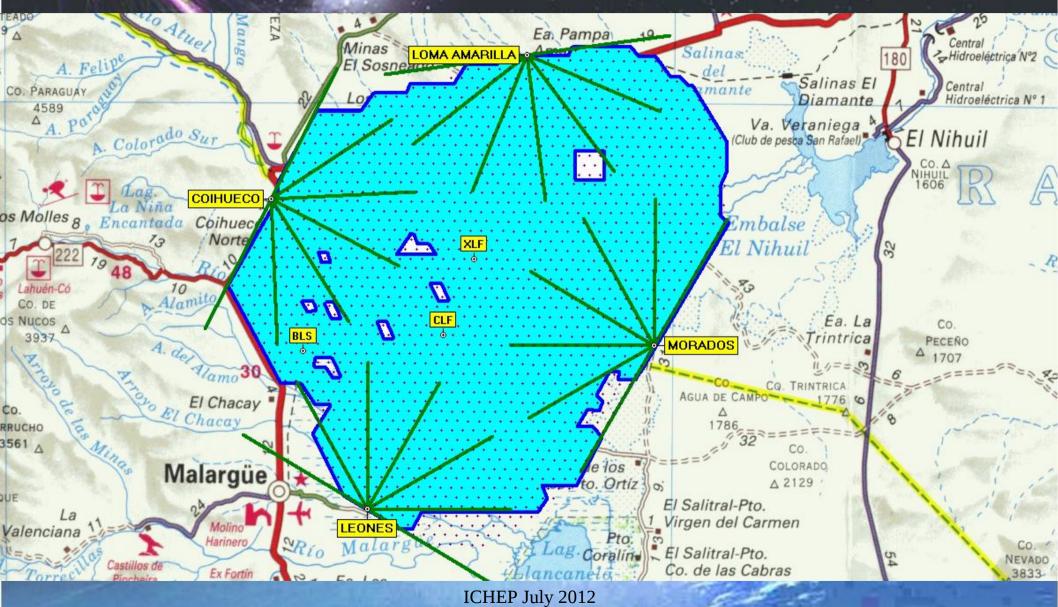


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# Possible event types: 'down going' and 'Earth-skimming'.

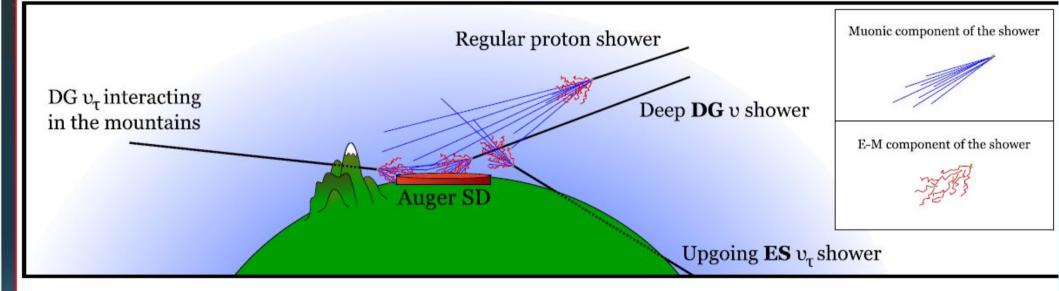


FIG. 1. Pictorial representation of the different types of showers induced by protons, heavy nuclei and "down-going" (DG) a well as "Earth-skimming" (ES) neutrinos. The search for down-going showers initiated deep in the atmosphere is the subject of this work.

See: arXiv:1107.4809 ArXiv:1107.4804 Science, 318, 938 (2007)	ICHEP July 2012	and the second s
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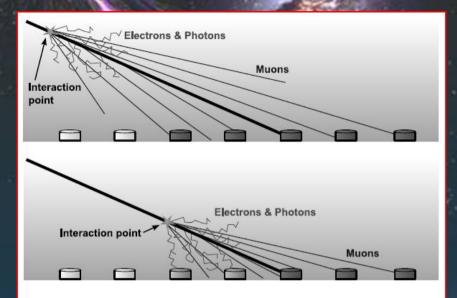
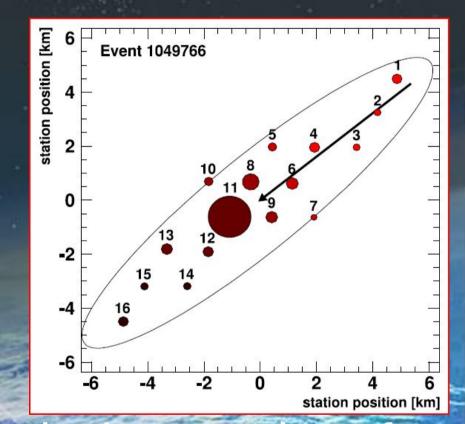


FIG. 5. Upper panel: sketch of an inclined shower induced by a hadron interacting high in the atmosphere. The EM component is absorbed and only the muons reach the detector. *Lower panel*: deep inclined shower. Its early region has a significant EM component at the detector level.

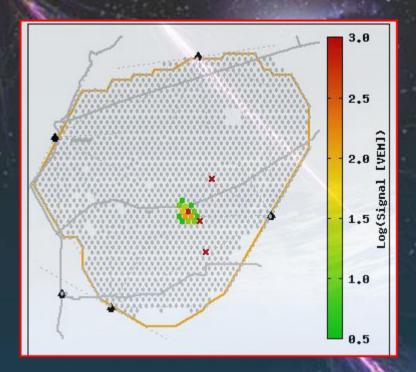
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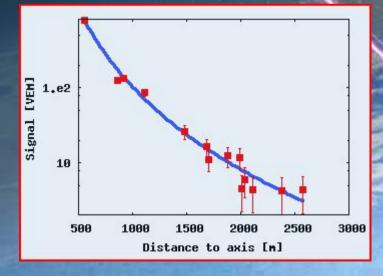


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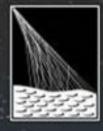


We can use expected physical properties of the showers – content, timing, footprint shape etc. To build up a set of criteria to be satisfied by neutrino showers.

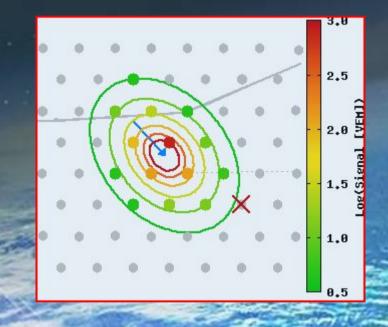




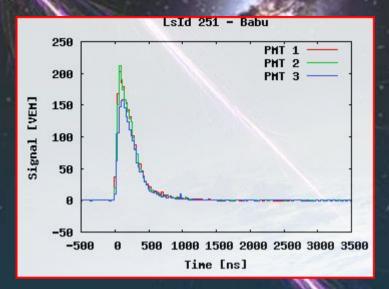
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### A 'normal' event.



See http://auger.colostate/edu/ED/



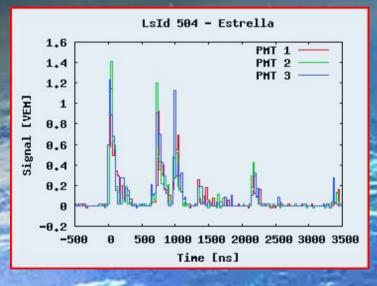
### Detector station (10 m<sup>2</sup> water Cherenkov tank) signals

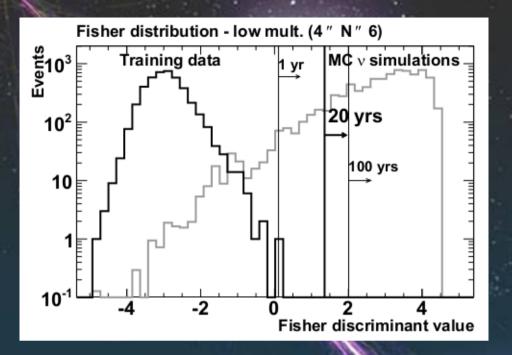
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Close to the shower core

### At a large core distance.





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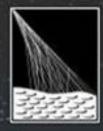


### Developing Neutrino Search Criteria

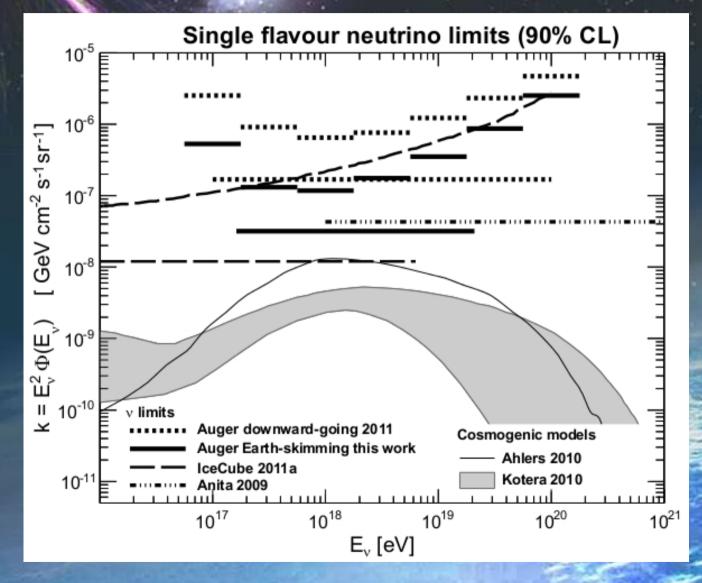
Table 1: Criteria to select Earth-skimming  $\nu_{\tau}$  and downgoing  $\nu$ . See text for details.

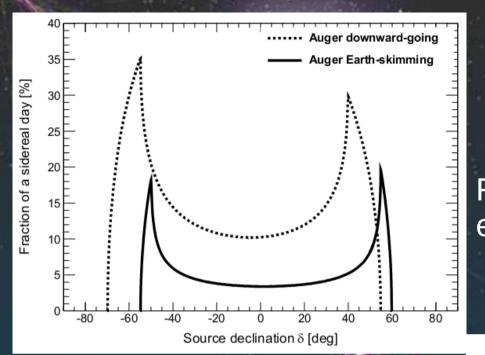
	Earth-skimming	Down-going
	$N^\circ$ of Stations $\geq 3$	$N^\circ$ of Stations $\geq 4$
	L/W > 5	L/W > 3
Inclined	$0.29 \frac{m}{ns} < V < 0.31 \frac{m}{ns}$	$V < 0.313 \frac{m}{ns}$
Showers	$RMS(V) < 0.08 \frac{m}{ns}$	$\frac{\text{RMS}(V)}{V} < 0.08$
	-	$\theta_{rec} > 75^{\circ}$
Young	ToT fraction>0.6	Fisher discriminator
Showers		based on AoP

### Search Criteria:



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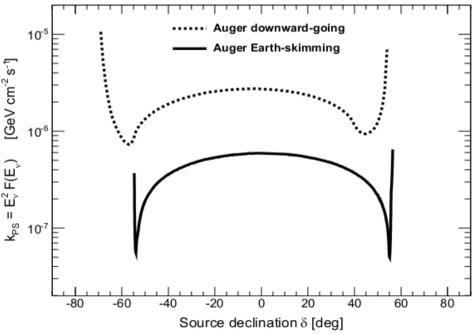
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## Rather strange directional exposure

The resulting upper limits

### To Look for Specific Point Sources



Single flavour neutrino limits (90% CL)

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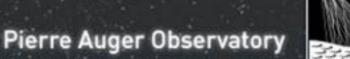
Centaurus A (NGC 5128) is a 'nearby' likely source. The limits are tightening for its models also.

Centaurus A - Single flavour neutrino limits (90% CL)  $10^{-4}$ LUNASKA 2008 s-<sup>1</sup> Auger Downward-going [GeV cm<sup>-2</sup> Auger Earth-skimming IceCube 2011b 10 Cuoco 2008 Щ й 10 ш k<sub>Ps</sub>. 10 Kachelriess 2009 10<sup>-10</sup> 10<sup>15</sup> 10<sup>22</sup> 10<sup>16</sup> 10<sup>18</sup> 10<sup>23</sup> 10<sup>19</sup>  $10^{20}$ E, [eV]

Table 2: Expected number of events for two diffuse neutrino flux models and two CenA neutrino flux models.

Diffuse flux model	Earth-skimming	Down-going
Cosmogenic	0.71	0.14
Exotic	3.5	0.97
CenA flux model	Earth-skimming	Down-going
CenA flux model Cuoco et al.	Earth-skimming 0.10	Down-going 0.02

### Summary The Pierre Auger Observatory:



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Has measured fundamental astrophysical quantities (directions, composition, spectrum) at energies above  $\sim 10^{18}$  eV (to >  $10^{20}$  eV).

We still have not identified specific sources and neutrino studies seem to offer a way of doing directional astrophysics for that.

The energy spectrum seems to show a GZK cut-off neutrino studies should confirm or deny this.

Auger is competitive in UHE neutrino studies of the Southern skies.

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# Thanks