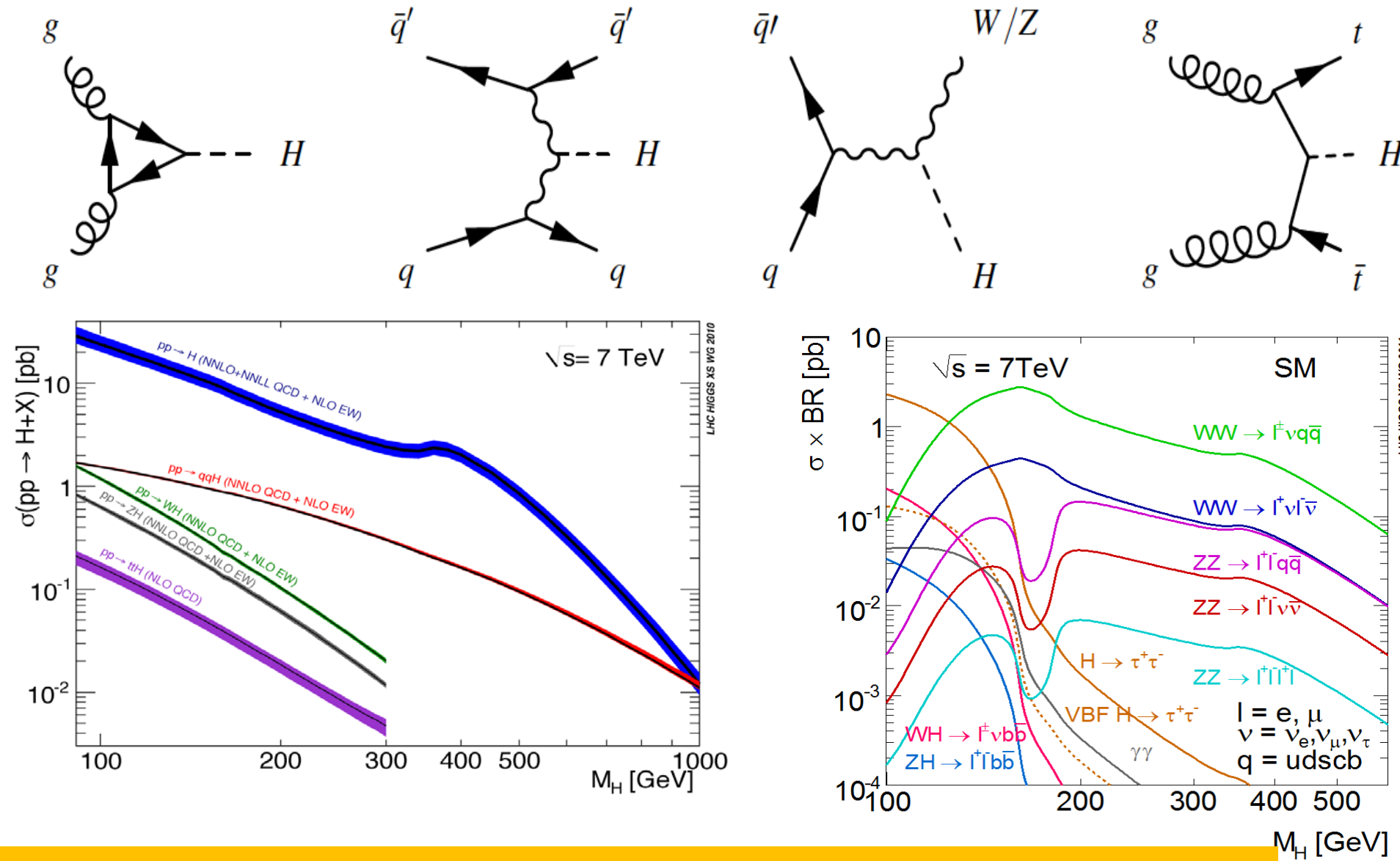


Search for the CM Higgs boson in $2l\ 2\tau$ final state

Gobinda Majumder (TIFR, India), on the behalf of CMS collaboration

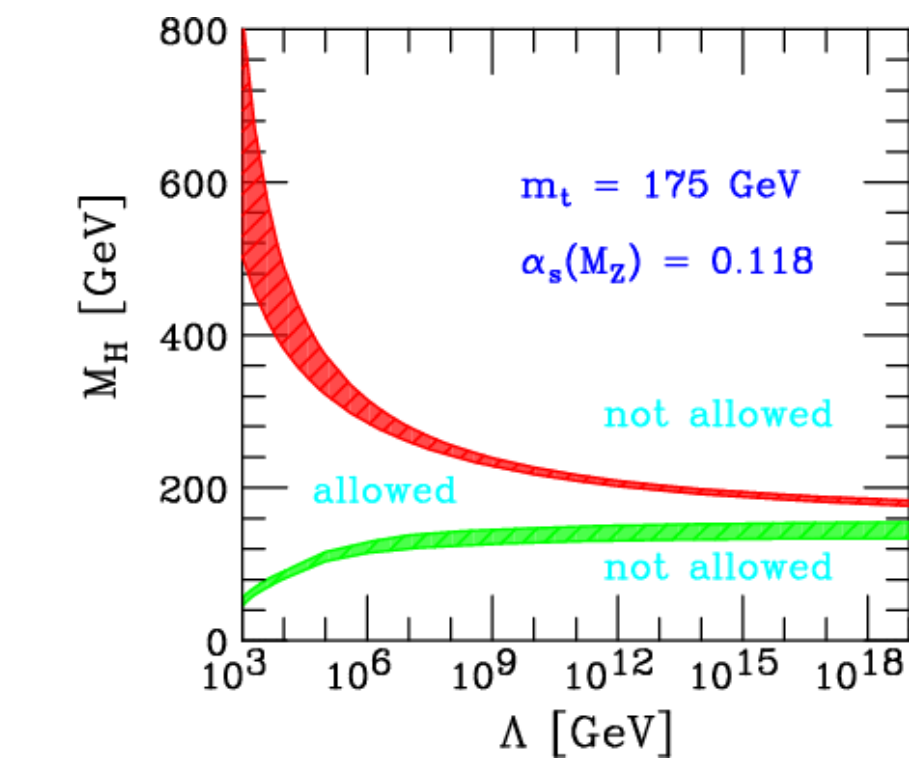


Production and decay modes

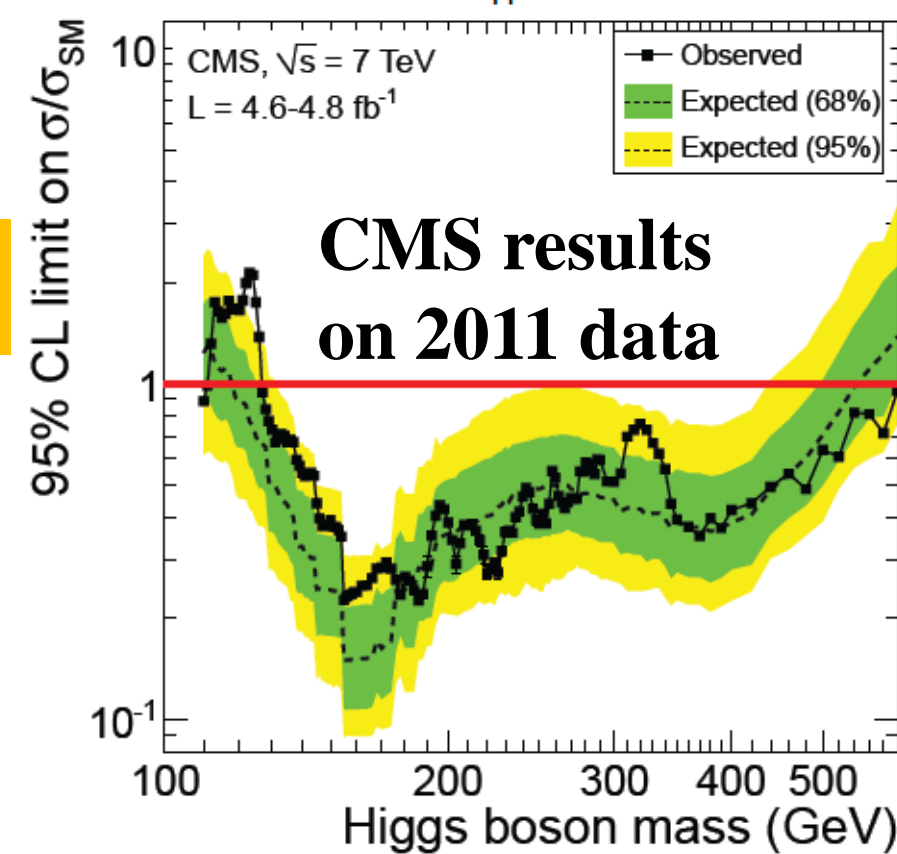
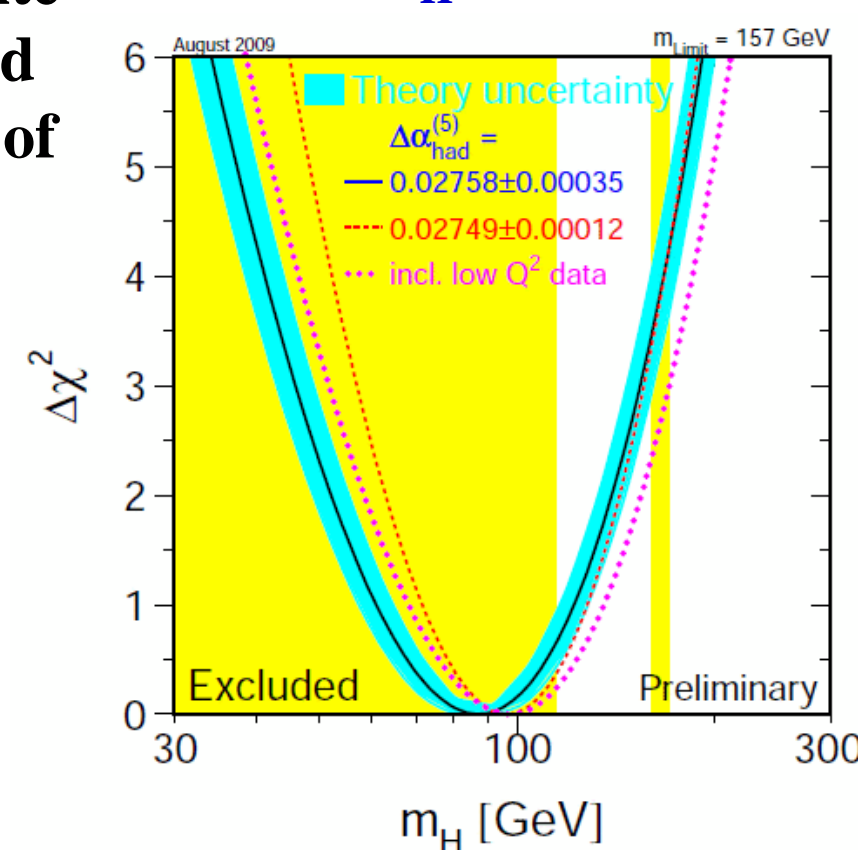


Theoretical prediction and Search results

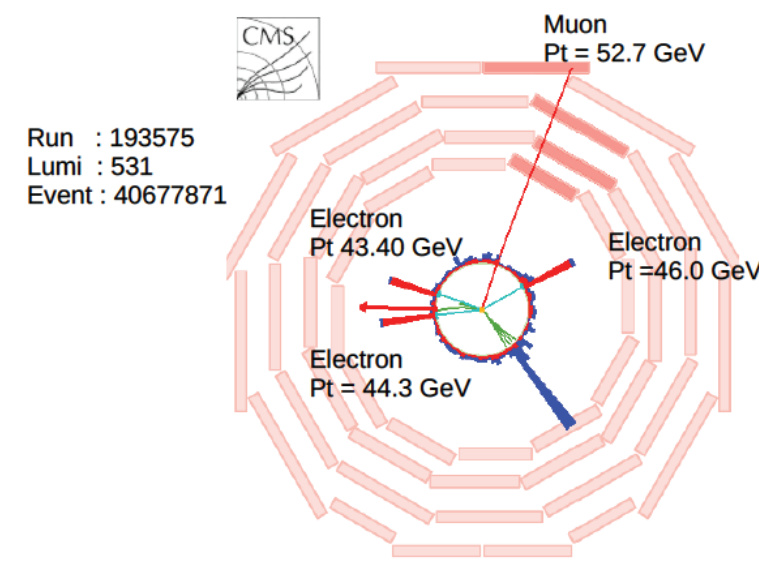
Restriction on Higgs mass from the finite value of Higgs self-coupling (upper) and vacuum stability (lower) as a function of the cut-off scale Λ



LEP : $M_H > 114.4$ GeV



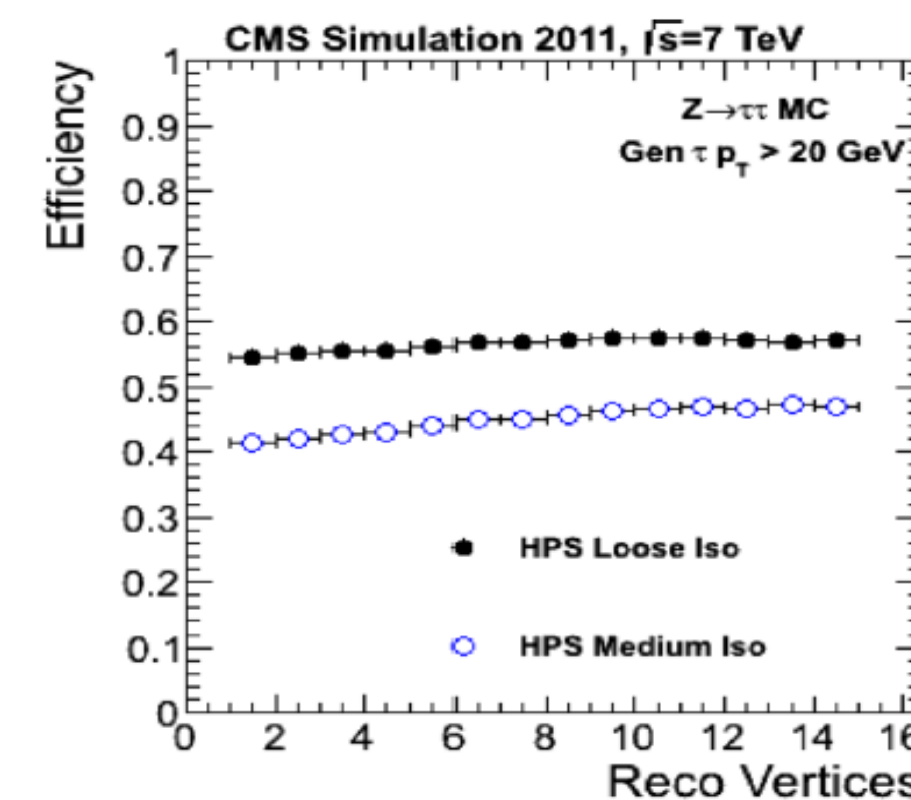
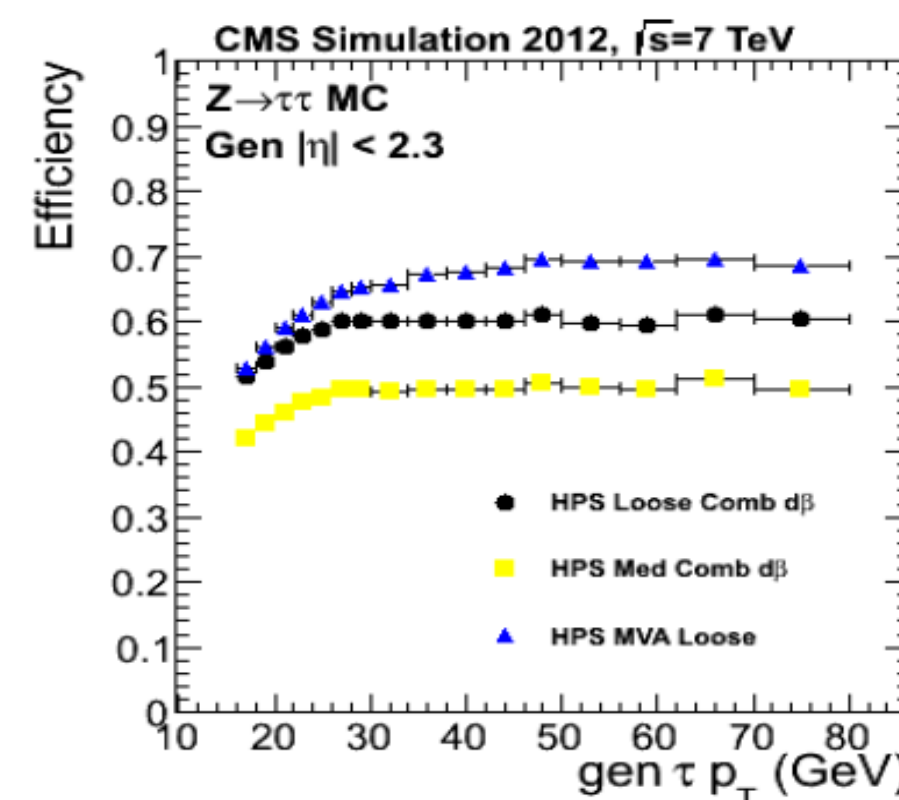
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l\ 2\tau$ analysis



- Eight final states : $\mu\mu\tau_h\tau_h, \mu\mu\tau_e\tau_h, \mu\mu\tau_e\tau_\mu, \mu\mu\tau_h\tau_h, ee\tau_\mu\tau_h, ee\tau_e\tau_h, ee\tau_e\tau_\mu, ee\tau_h\tau_h$
- Preliminary selection on dilepton trigger
- Background (WW, WZ, W/Z+jets, tt-bar) suppression by lepton identification and isolation. ZZ is irreducible background
- Z selection with opposite sign leptons and invariant mass
- Veto $\mu\mu\mu\mu, \mu\mu ee, ee ee$ channels

Lepton identifications and selection

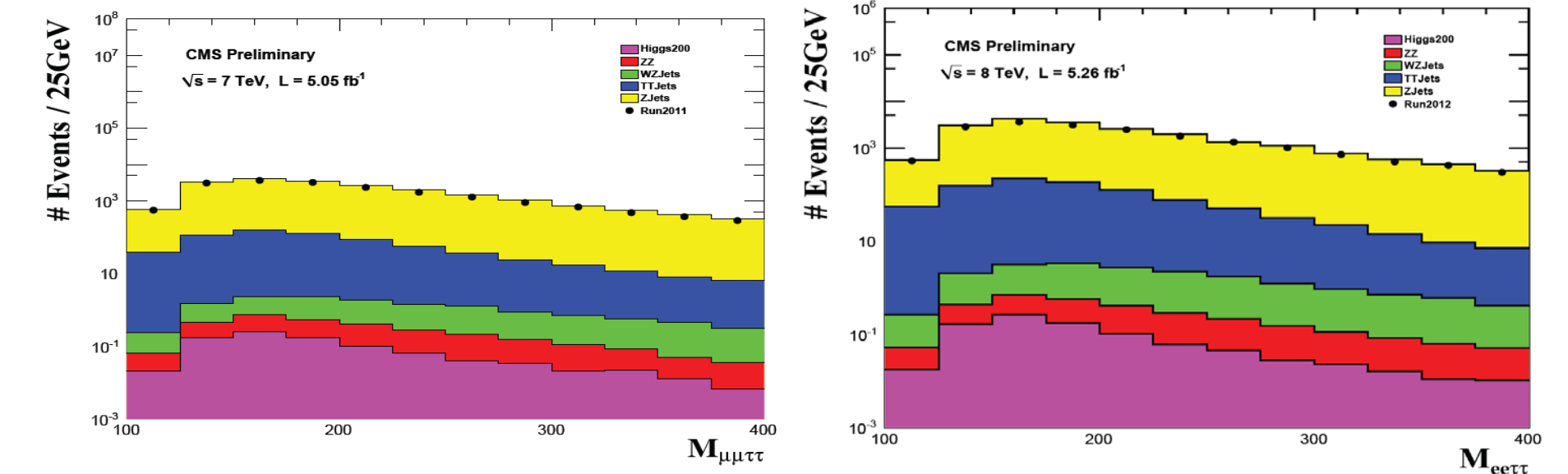
- Muon selection
 - $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - $P_T > 20$ (10) GeV for leading lepton in leading Z (other)
 - > 10 silicon tracker hits and at least on pixel hit
 - > 4 tracker layer
 - χ^2/ndf for global muon fit < 10
 - $|d_{xy}| < 0.2$ cm and $|dz| < 0.5$ cm
 - $I_{rel}^{PF}(\rho) < 0.25$
- Electron Selection
 - $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - $P_T > 20$ (10) GeV for leading lepton in leading Z (other)
 - Identification by boosted Decision Tree, where inputs are $\sigma_{in\eta}, \Delta\eta_{in}, \Delta\phi, f_{brems}, \sigma_{iqip},$ additional clusters from bremsstrahlung, $1/E_{Supercluster} - 1/P_{GSF}$ tracks
 - $I_{rel}^{PF}(\rho) < 0.25$
- Tau Selection
 - Single Hadron : $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0_{slow}$
 - Hadron plus strip : possibility to include converted photons (from π^0) and those are near to the charged hadron
 - Hadron plus two strips : Photons from π^0 are well separated
 - Three Hadrons : Common vertex with $|q|=1$
 - Hadron plus strip decays requires strips with $E_T > 1$ GeV and invariant mass consistent with $\rho(770)$
 - $P_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.3$
- Isolation (τ): Inside isolation cone, $\Delta R = 0.4$ with veto cone 0.1
 - $I_{PF}(\Delta\beta) = \sum(P_T \text{ charge} + \text{Max}(E_T^{\gamma} + E_T^{\text{Neutral}} - 0.0729 \times E_T^{\text{PU}}, 0.0))$, $E_T^{\text{PU}} \equiv \text{Sum of energy of charged pileup candidate within } \Delta R = 0.8$



- Additional selection criteria
 - 60 (30) $\text{GeV} < M_{ll} < 120$ (90) GeV for leading (non leading) Z
 - $|\Delta z| < 0.1$ cm of all leptons wrt to leading lepton of leading Z
 - Veto $4\mu, 2e2\mu$ and $4e$ events,
 - with additional lepton with loose isolation or identified e/μ within a τ_h -candidate

Background estimation from data

- Leading Z selection with standard criteria
- Sub-leading Z with same sign lepton and without any isolation



$$F(p_T(\tau)) = C_0 + C_1 \exp(C_2 p_T(\tau))$$

Semileptonic channels $N_B = \frac{N_S F(p_T(\tau))}{1 - F(p_T(\tau))}$

Fully hadronic channels $N_B = \frac{N_S F(p_T(\tau_1)) F(p_T(\tau_2))}{1 - F(p_T(\tau_1)) F(p_T(\tau_2))}$

Expected irreducible background ,

$$N_{ZZ}^{expected} = N_Z^{obs} \frac{\sigma_{ZZ}^{SM}}{\sigma_Z^{SM}} \frac{A_{ZZ}}{A_Z}$$

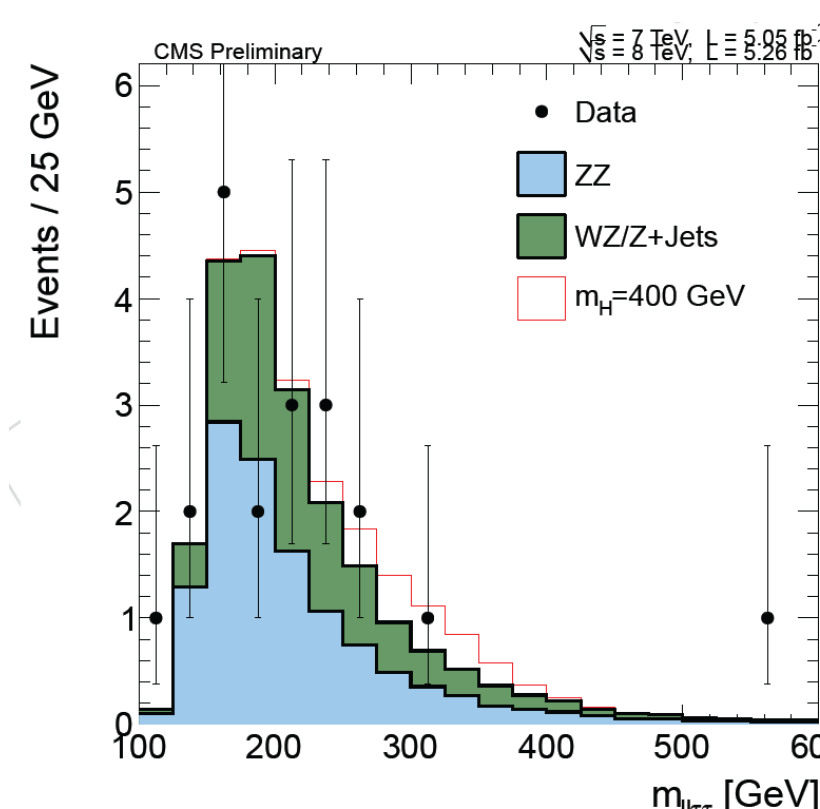
Systematics

Trigger (1.5%), lepton reconstruction and identification (2-3%), isolation (2%), energy/momentum calibration (0.5%), energy resolution (30%), PDF (4-5%), luminosity (2.2%)

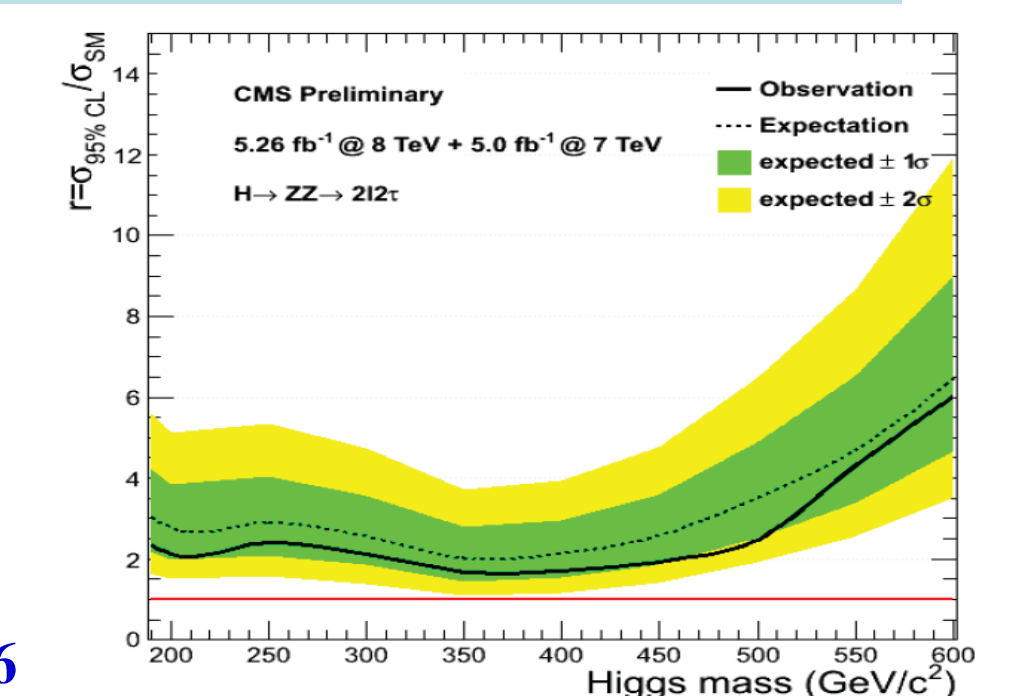
Channel	μ ID/Iso	E ID/Iso	τ h ID/Iso	τ ES
$\mu\mu\tau_h\tau_h$	1.01/1.01	-	1.1	1.04
$ee\tau_h\tau_h$	-	1.02/1.01	1.1	1.04
$ee\tau_e\tau_h$	-	1.04/1.02	1.06	1.03
$\mu\mu\tau_e\tau_h$	1.01/1.01	1.02/1.01	1.06	1.03
$\mu\mu\tau_\mu\tau_h$	1.02/1.02	-	1.06	1.03
$ee\tau_\mu\tau_h$	1.01/1.01	1.02/1.01	1.06	1.03
$ee\tau_e\tau_\mu$	1.01/1.01	1.04/1.02	-	-
$\mu\mu\tau_e\tau_\mu$	1.02/1.02	1.02/1.01	-	-

Results

Observed 6(14) events in 2011 (2012) data with expected background and signal (with $M_H = 200$ GeV) events are $8.85 \pm 0.53 \pm 1.30$ ($12.12 \pm 0.68 \pm 1.44$) and 1.30(1.61) respectively



In absence of any excess, 95% upper limit of cross section is calculated using CLs



Reference: CMS Coll, HIG-12-016