



Search for light Higgs bosons in radiative Upsilon(1S) decays at BABAR

Friday, July 6, 2012 5:00 PM (15 minutes)

We search for a light CP-odd Higgs boson (A_0) that arises in non-minimal supersymmetric extensions of the Standard Model and naturally couples strongly to bottom quarks. The search is conducted using radiative di-muon and di-tau decays of the Upsilon(1S) meson. We use BABAR's large data sets of (92.8 ± 0.8) million Upsilon(2S) and (116.8 ± 1.0) million Upsilon(3S) decays to identify Upsilon(1S) production via the decay Upsilon(2S,3S) \rightarrow $\pi^+\pi^-$ Upsilon(1S). This yields a high-purity sample with a Higgs-search sensitivity similar to that of radiative Upsilon(2S) and Upsilon(3S) decays. We set stringent limits on the product of branching ratios $\text{Br}(\text{Upsilon}(1S) \rightarrow \gamma A_0) \times \text{B}(A_0 \rightarrow l^+l^-)$ where $l = \mu$ or τ , as well as on the effective coupling of the b-quark to the A_0 . Depending on the parameters of the model, the Higgs may decay predominantly into hadrons. We also present results of a search for a CP-odd Higgs boson produced in radiative Upsilon(2S) or Upsilon(3S) decays and decaying into hadrons. Our results severely restrict the available parameter space for models predicting light Higgs states.

Primary authors: BABAR COLLABORATION, (A. Soffer) (SLAC); Prof. KOLOMENSKY, Yury (UC Berkeley & LBNL (US))

Presenter: Prof. KOLOMENSKY, Yury (UC Berkeley & LBNL (US))

Session Classification: Plenary3 - The Standard Model -TR1

Track Classification: Track 1 - The Standard Model and EW Symmetry Breaking - Higgs Searches