



***SEARCH FOR $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ OSCILLATIONS:
STATUS OF THE OPERA EXPERIMENT***

Marilisa De Serio
Università degli Studi di Bari & INFN
On behalf of the OPERA Collaboration



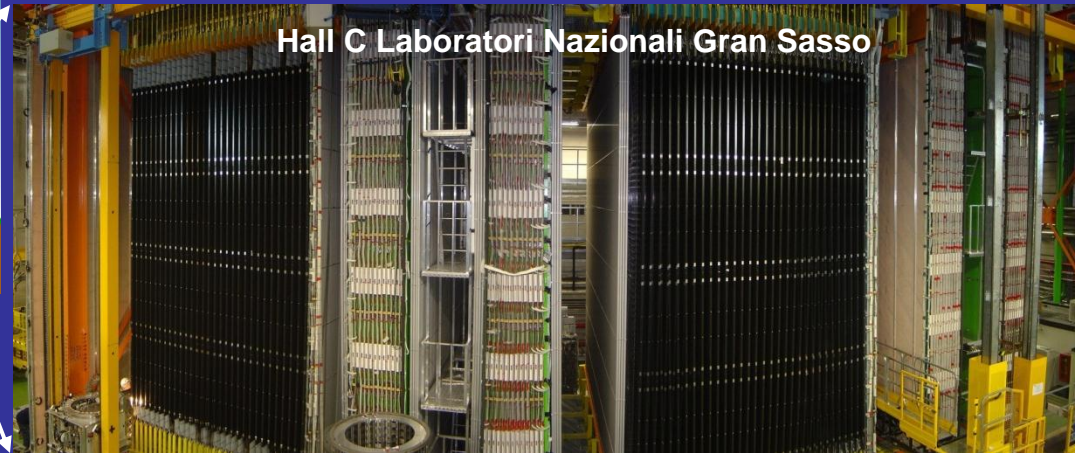
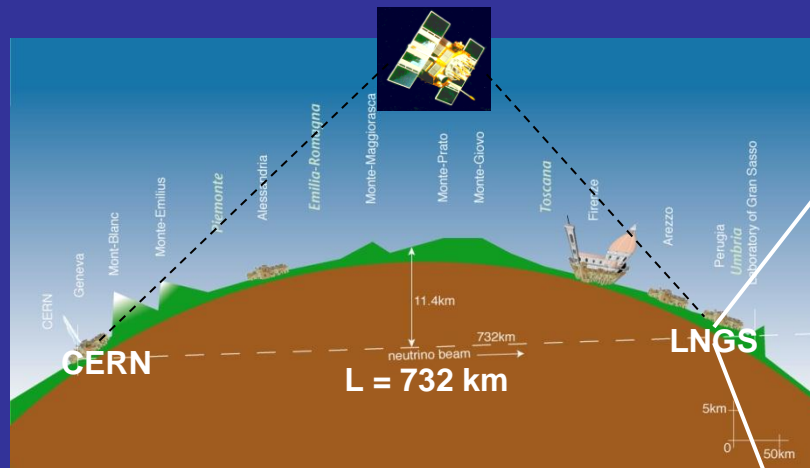


SEARCH FOR $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ OSCILLATIONS: STATUS OF THE OPERA EXPERIMENT

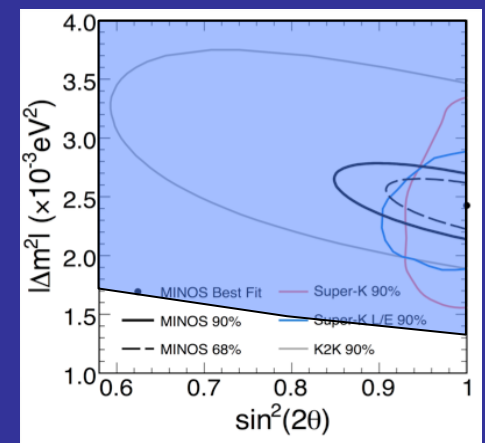
- ✓ The OPERA experiment:
 - Physics goal
 - ν_{τ} detection principle
 - Detector
 - Status of data-taking and analysis
- ✓ $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ oscillation results
- ✓ Preliminary results on $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search



OPERA: Oscillation Project with Emulsion tRacking Apparatus

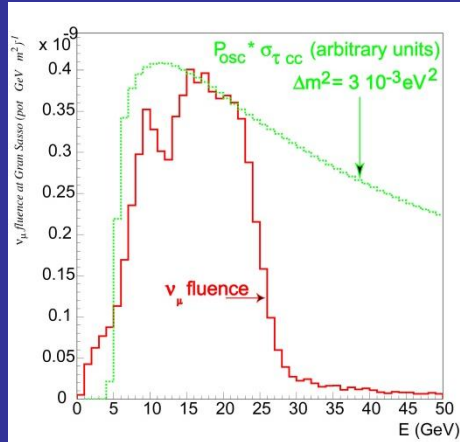


- Long baseline neutrino oscillation experiment
- Aim: Direct detection of $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillations in appearance mode covering the whole interesting region of the parameter space indicated by atmospheric neutrino data
- CNGS (CERN Neutrinos to Gran Sasso) ν_μ beam optimised for ν_τ appearance



CNGS beam

Conventional ν_μ beam



Beam parameters

$\langle E_{\nu_\mu} \rangle$	17 GeV
$(\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e)/\nu_\mu$	0.89, 0.06 %
$\bar{\nu}_\mu/\nu_\mu$	2.1 %
ν_τ prompt	negligible
pot/year	4.5×10^{19}

Contaminations given in terms of interaction rates in OPERA

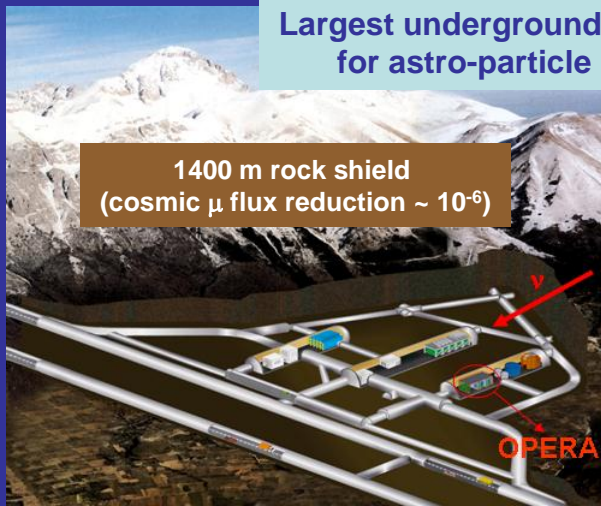
Nominal intensity: 22.5×10^{19} p.o.t.

Expected events: 7.6 signal, 0.8 background
[New Journal of Physics 14 (2012) 033017]

Gran Sasso National Laboratory

Largest underground laboratory
for astro-particle physics

1400 m rock shield
(cosmic μ flux reduction $\sim 10^{-6}$)

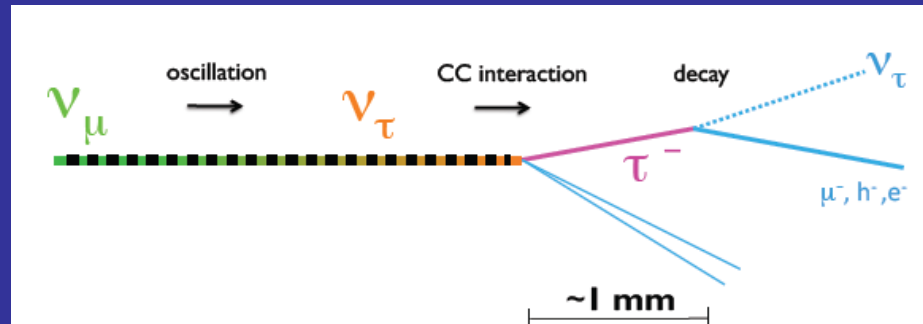


OPERA

INFN - LNGS
L'Aquila (Italy), 120 km from Rome



ν_τ detection principle

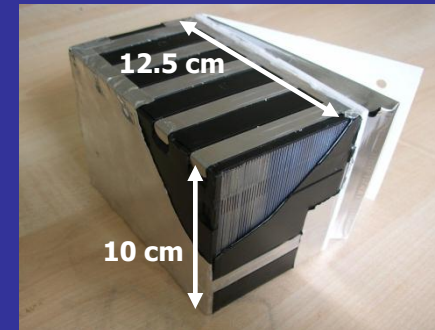


τ decay channel	B.R. (%)
$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	17.7
$\tau \rightarrow e$	17.8
$\tau \rightarrow h$	49.5
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	15.0

- Event-by-event separation of ν_τ CC interactions from dominant ν_μ interactions by direct observation of τ lepton decay

Requirements:

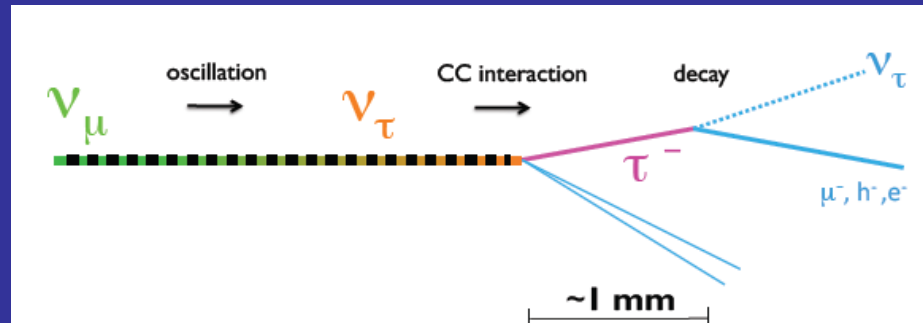
- Large target mass to compensate for *small* neutrino interaction cross-section
- Micrometric resolution to observe τ decay *kink*
⇒ Nuclear emulsions



Target segmented into basic units called *bricks*.
Brick: *sandwich* of 57 emulsion films interleaved with 1mm-thick lead plates

Total target mass $\sim 1.25 \text{ kt}$
(about 150000 bricks)

ν_τ detection principle

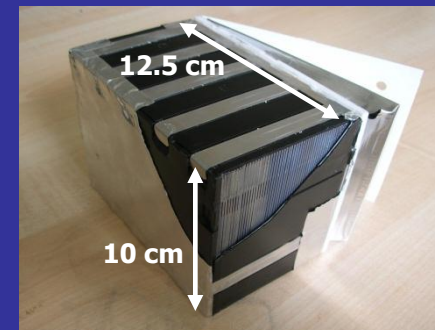


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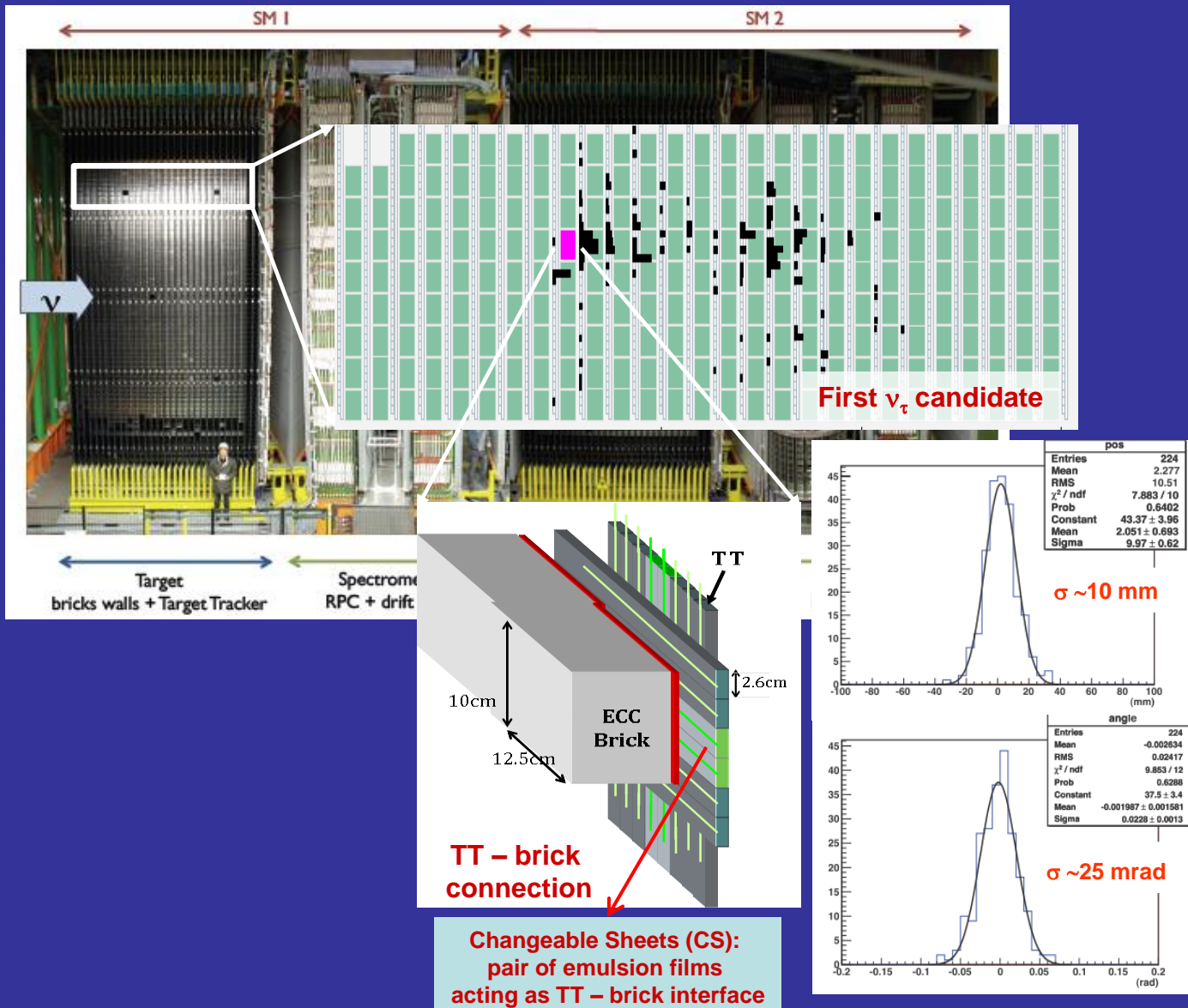
- Large target mass to compensate for *small* neutrino interaction cross-section
- Micrometric resolution to observe τ decay *kink*
 - ⇒ Nuclear emulsions
- High muon identification efficiency to reduce charm background; event region pre-selection
 - ⇒ Electronic detectors



Target segmented into basic units called *bricks*.
Brick: *sandwich* of 57 emulsion films interleaved with 1mm-thick lead plates

Total target mass ~ 1.25 kt
(about 150000 bricks)

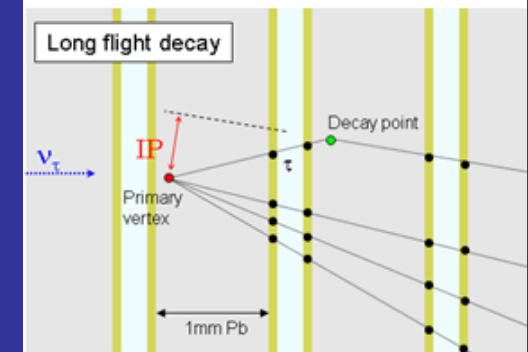
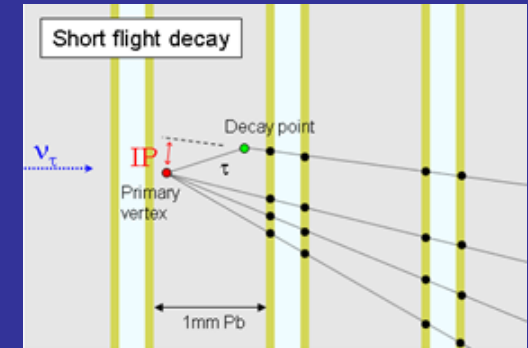
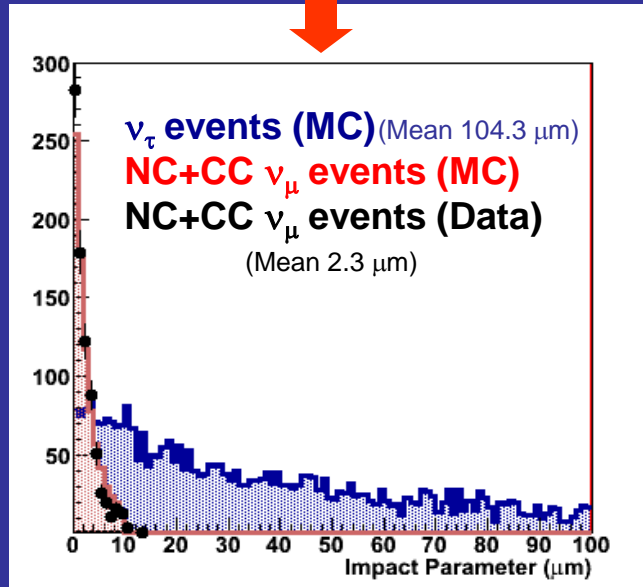
OPERA detector



OPERA detector



Each brick is a stand-alone detector
with sub-micrometric resolution.

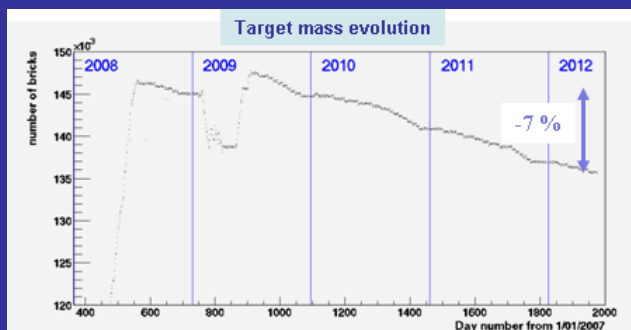
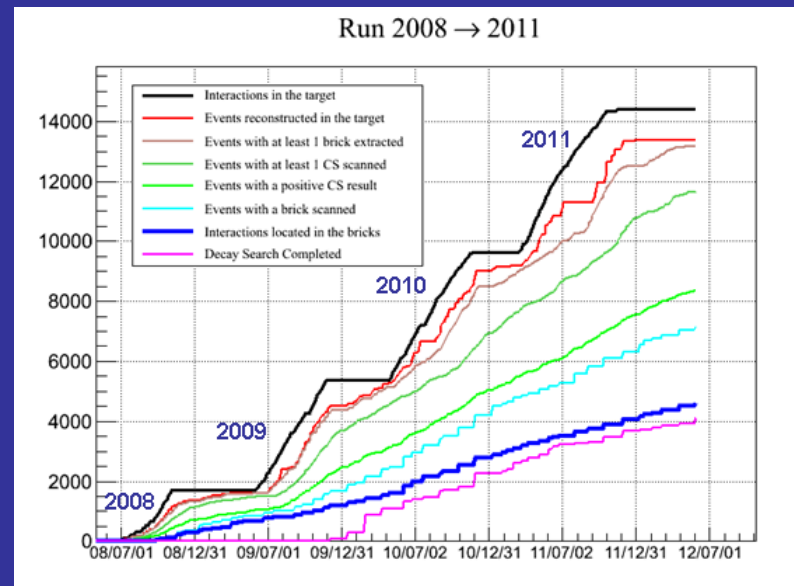


- Momentum measurement by multiple Coulomb scattering
 - E.m. shower detection and energy measurement
 - Detection of highly-ionizing nuclear fragments produced in hadronic interactions (discrimination between interactions and decays)

Status of the experiment

Run	Protons on target	SPS efficiency	In-target events
2008	1.78×10^{19}	61%	1698
2009	3.52×10^{19}	70%	3557
2010	4.04×10^{19}	81%	3912
2011	4.84×10^{19}	78%	4210

Run 2012 in progress.
Foreseen integrated intensity
at the end of the run:
 18.9×10^{19} p.o.t.
(~ 84% of nominal intensity)



Located neutrino interactions	4611
Fully analysed events	4126
ν_τ candidate events	2

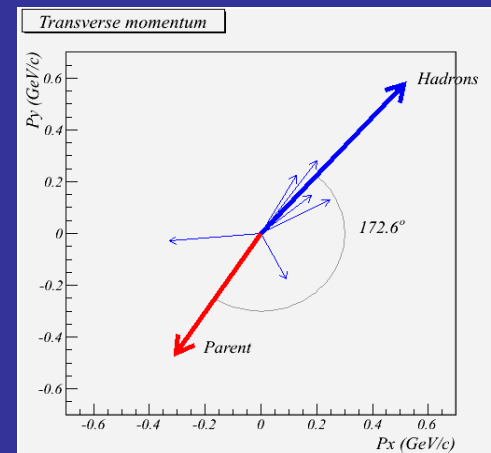
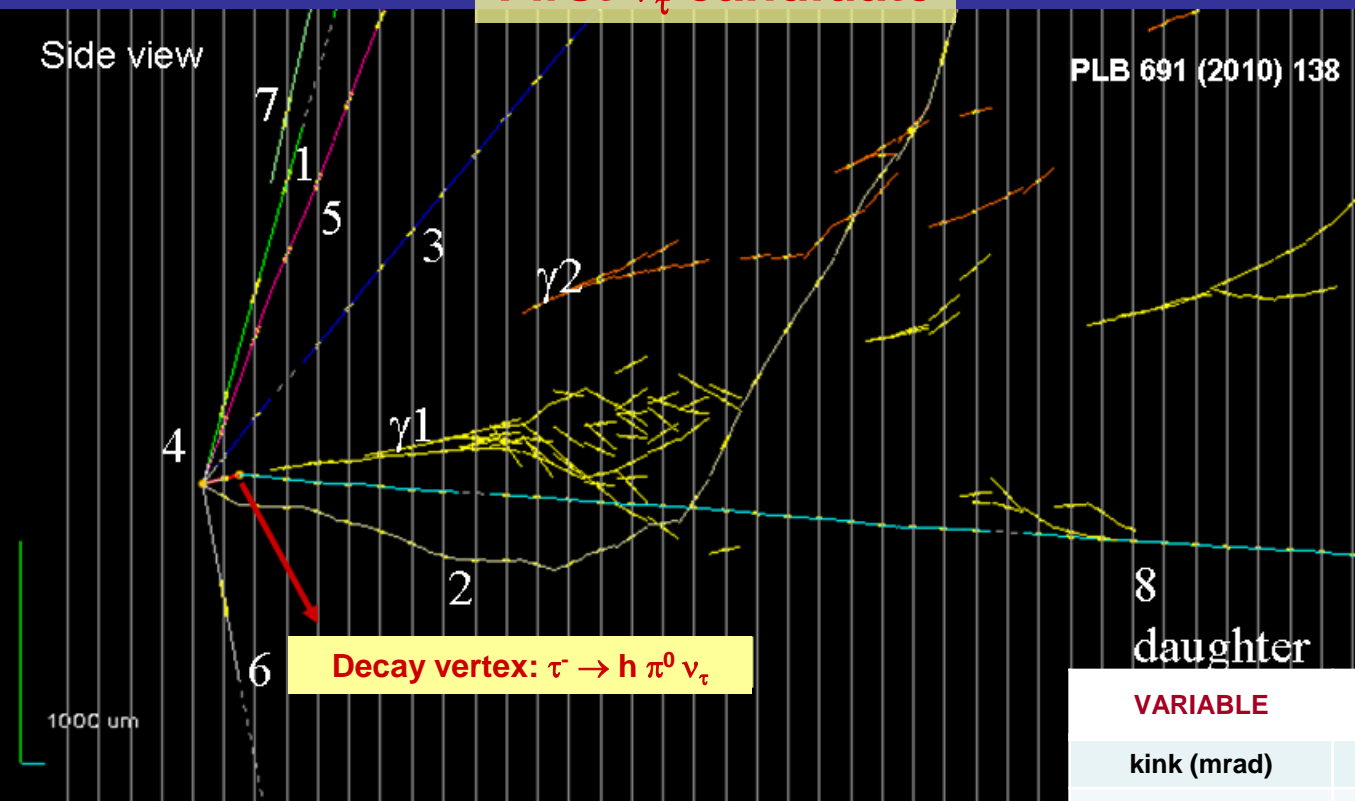
compatible with the expectations
for the analysed sample

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation search

First ν_τ candidate

Side view

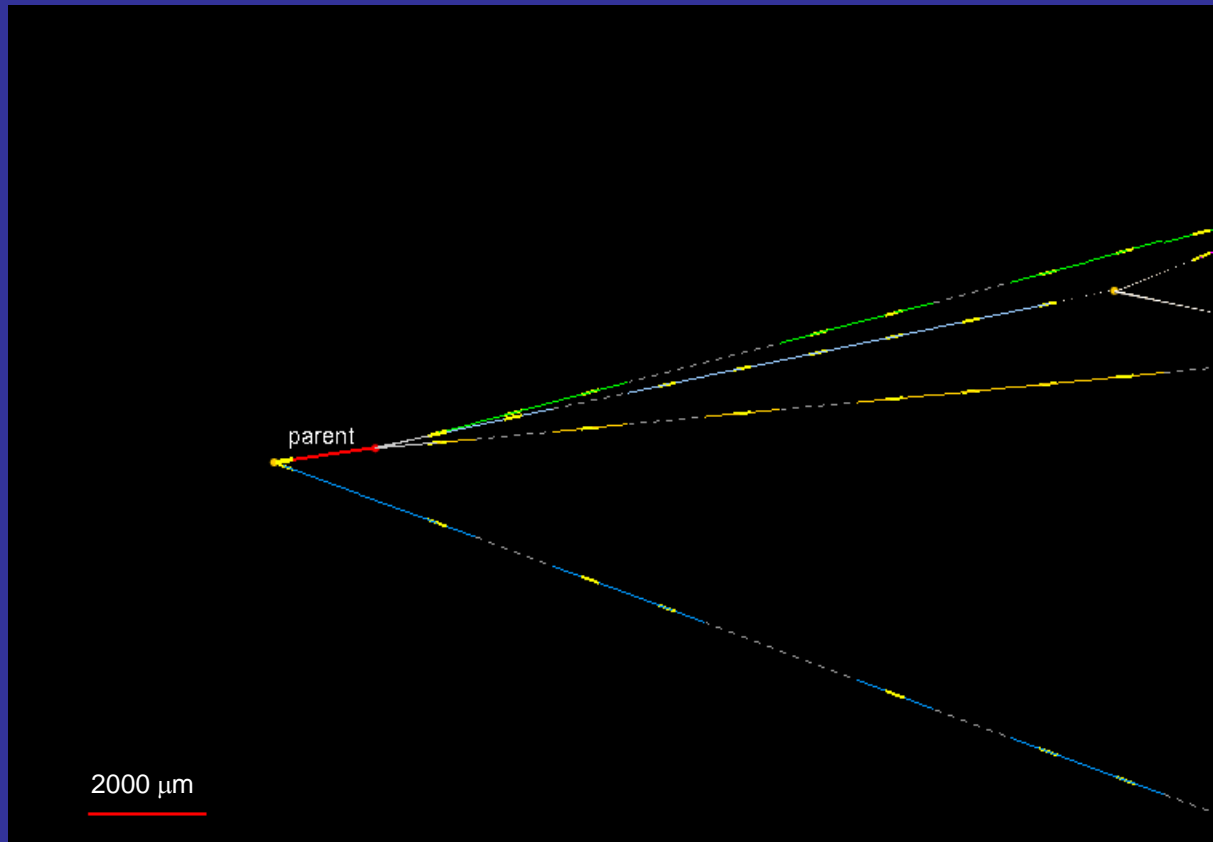
PLB 691 (2010) 138



First direct detection of $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillations in appearance mode

VARIABLE	AVERAGE	Selection criteria
kink (mrad)	41 ± 2	>20
decay length (μm)	1335 ± 35	within 2 lead plates
P daughter (GeV/c)	12^{+6}_{-3}	>2
Pt (MeV/c)	470^{+230}_{-120}	>300 (γ attached)
missing Pt (MeV/c)	570^{+320}_{-170}	<1000
ϕ (deg)	173 ± 2	>90

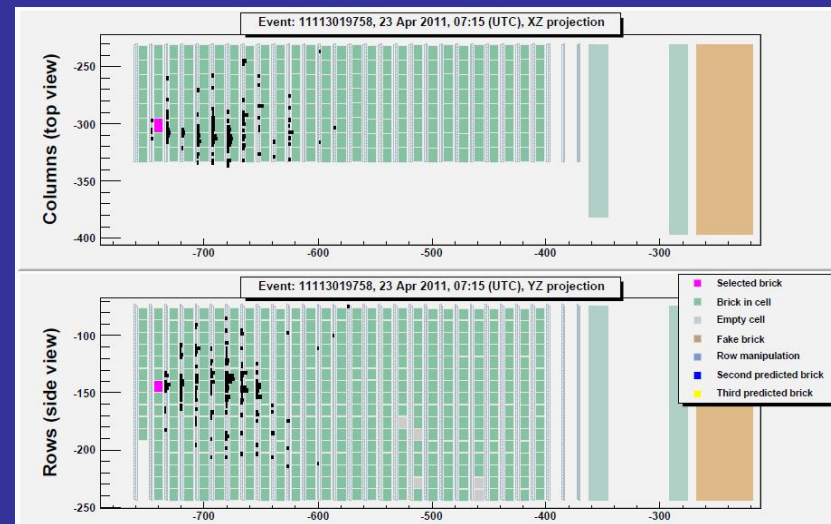
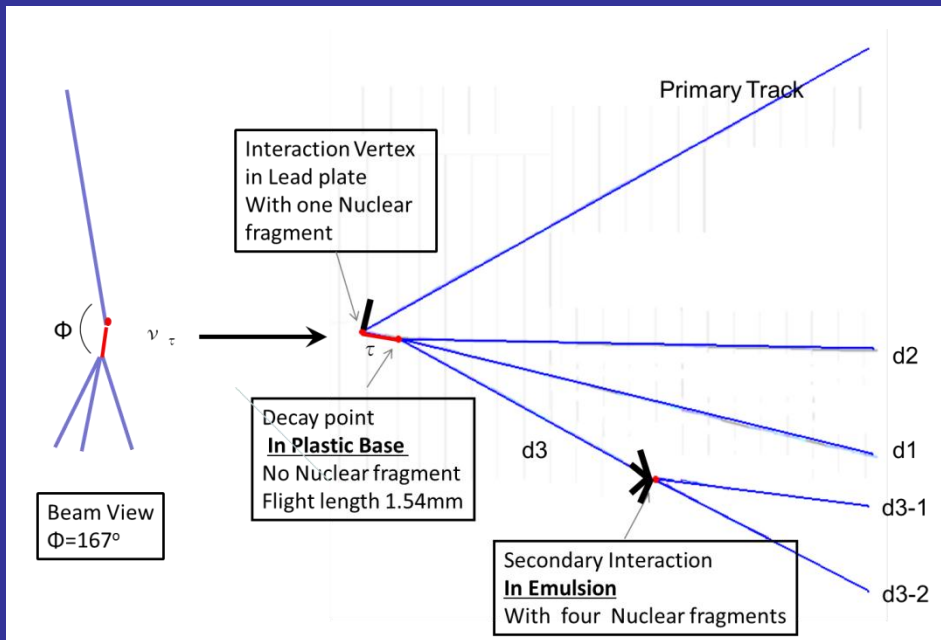
New ν_τ candidate



2-prong ν interaction with one track showing a secondary vertex compatible with the hypothesis of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^+ h^- h^- \nu_\tau$

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation search

New ν_τ candidate



Event kinematics

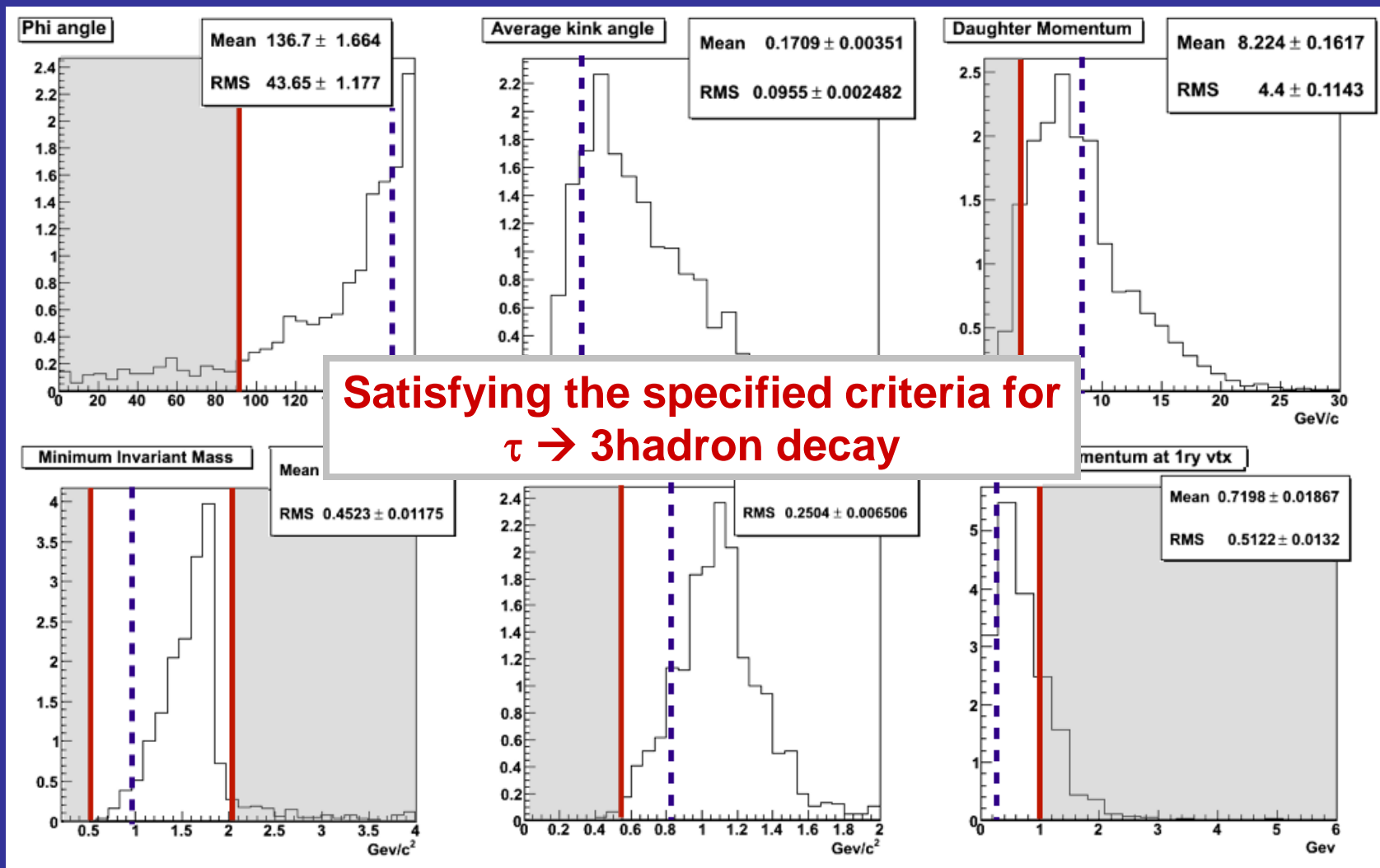
	Cut	Value	Error
Phi (Tau - Hadron) [degree]	>90	167.8	± 1.1
average kink angle [mrad]	< 500	87.4	± 1.5
Total momentum at 2ry vtx [GeV/c]	> 3.0	8.4	± 1.7
Min Invariant mass [GeV/c ²]	0.5 < < 2.0	0.96	± 0.13
Invariant mass [GeV/c ²]	0.5 < < 2.0	0.80	± 0.12
Transverse Momentum at 1ry vtx [GeV/c]	< 1.0	0.31	± 0.11

No muon detected at the primary vertex:

track other than τ lepton candidate
not compatible with muon hypothesis
based on momentum – range correlation

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation search

New ν_τ candidate



■ candidate
— cut

$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ oscillation search: summary

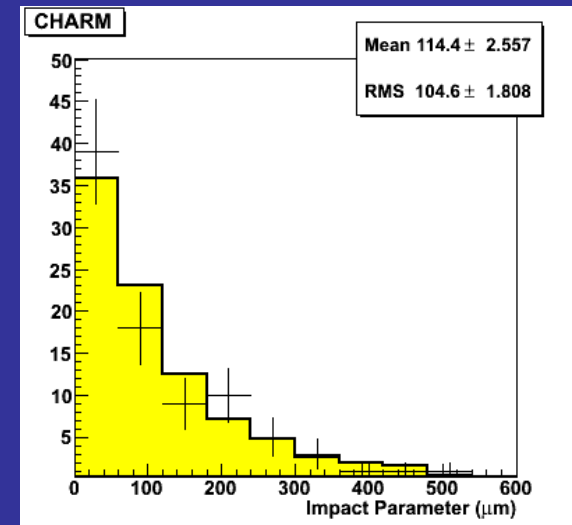
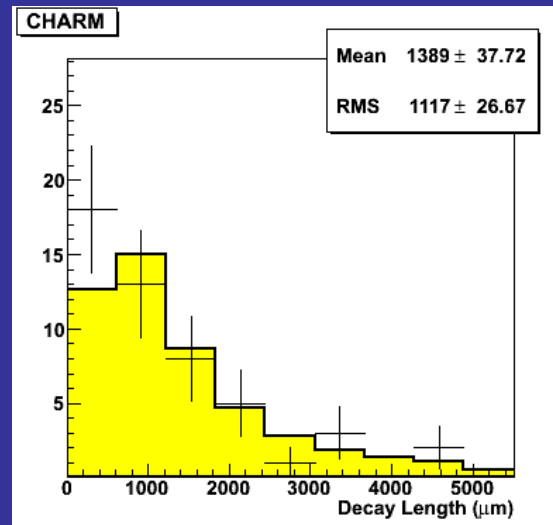
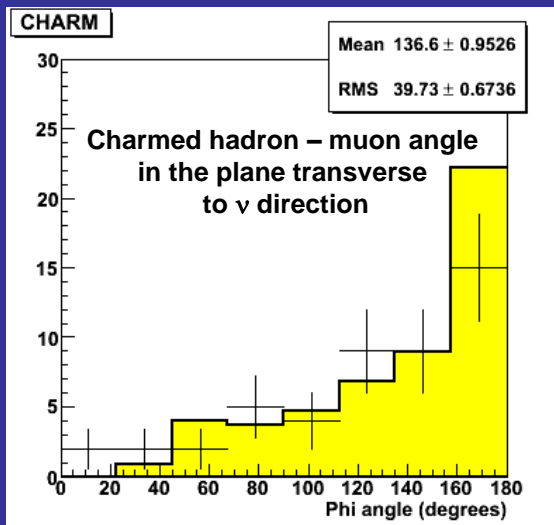
Run	Status	Number of analysed events	Expected ν_{τ} events (Preliminary)	Observed ν_{τ} candidate events	Expected BG (Preliminary)
2008 - 2009	Finished	2783		1	
2010 - 2011	Analysis in progress	1343		1	
2012	Started				
Total		4126	2.1	2	0.2

Preliminary

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation search: control sample

Control sample for ν_τ detection efficiency:

charm production and decay
(flight length and decay topologies
similar to those of the τ lepton)

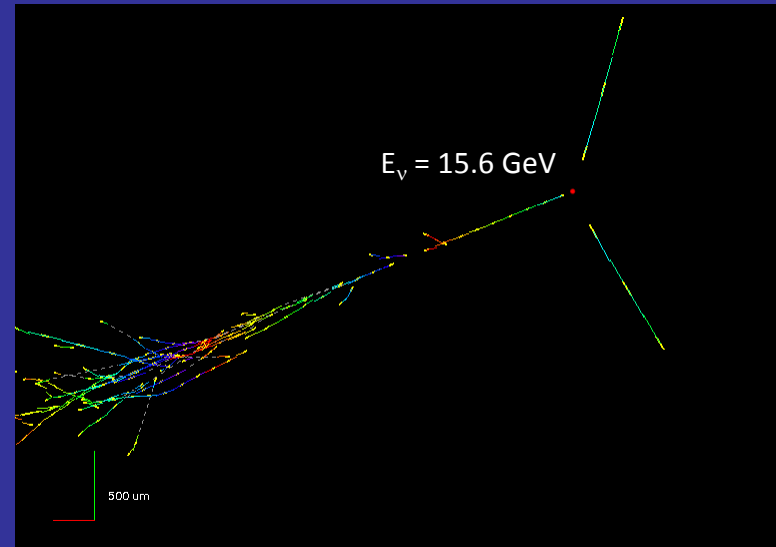


Expected events: 51 ± 7.5
Observed events: 49

$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search

Systematic search for electron neutrinos applied
to 505 events without muon in the final state
(runs 2008 – 2009)

Expected events: 19.2 (beam) + 1.5 (oscillated)
Observed events: 19



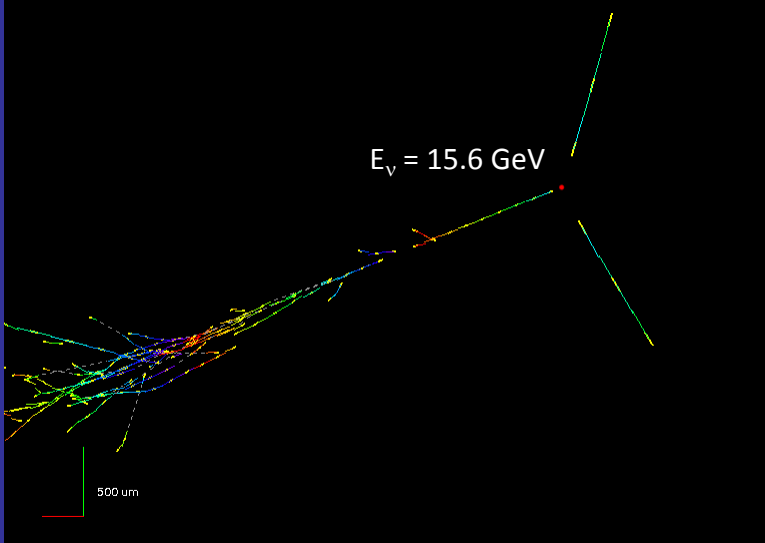
$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search

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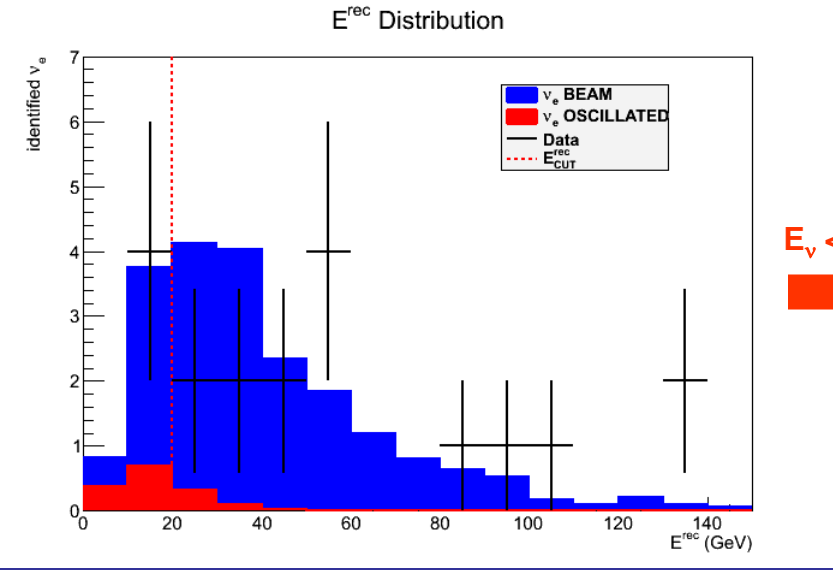
Expected events: 19.2 (beam) + 1.5 (oscillated)
Observed events: 19

$E_\nu < 20$ GeV (improve S/N ratio)

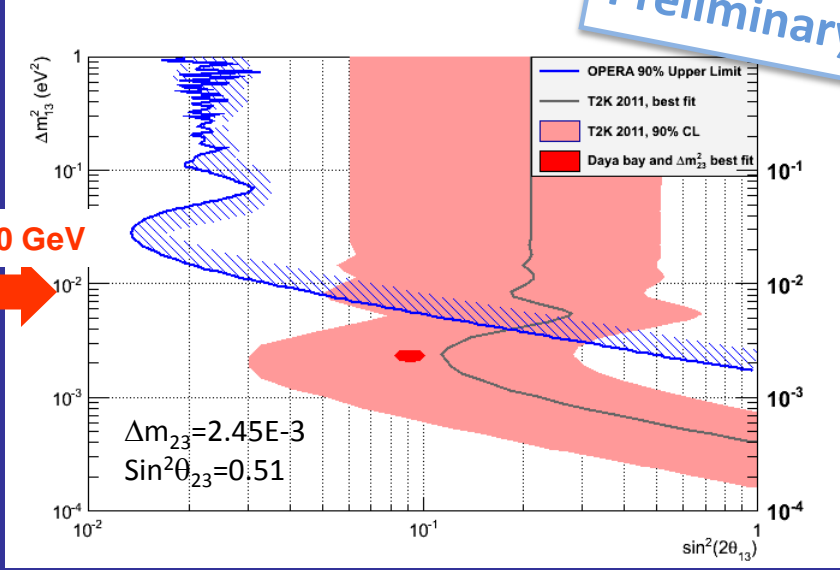
Expected events: 3.7 (beam) + 1.1 (oscillated)
Observed events: 4



Preliminary



$E_\nu < 20$ GeV



Conclusions and Outlooks

- OPERA is successfully collecting data since 2008.

We expect to reach 18.9×10^{19} integrated p.o.t.
by the end of 2012 run,
corresponding to $\sim 84\%$ of the nominal intensity.

- $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ oscillation search:

2 ν_{τ} candidate events observed so far
(expected: 2 signal, 0.2 BG – preliminary -)
A few more events are under study.

- $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search:

➤ 19 ν_e events observed in 2008 – 2009 statistics,
4 with $E_{\nu} < 20$ GeV (expected: 1.1 oscillated, 3.7 BG).

Statistics will be improved by a factor of ~ 3

⇒ set constraints in the high Δm^2 region

Thank you!

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation analysis 2008-2009

New Journal of Physics 14 (2012) 033017

2738 located and fully analysed events
($\Leftrightarrow 4.8 \times 10^{19}$ p.o.t.)

1 ν_τ candidate observed in the $\tau \rightarrow h$ channel

Expected: 0.49 ± 0.12 signal events,
 0.05 ± 0.01 background events

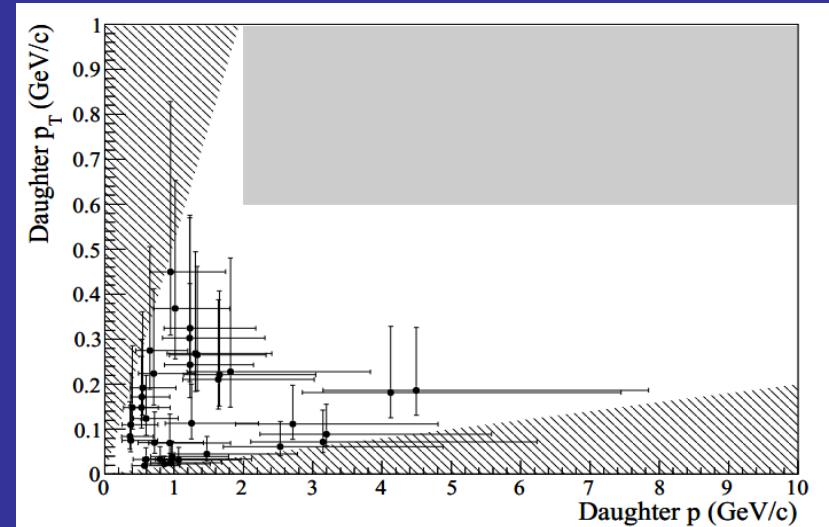
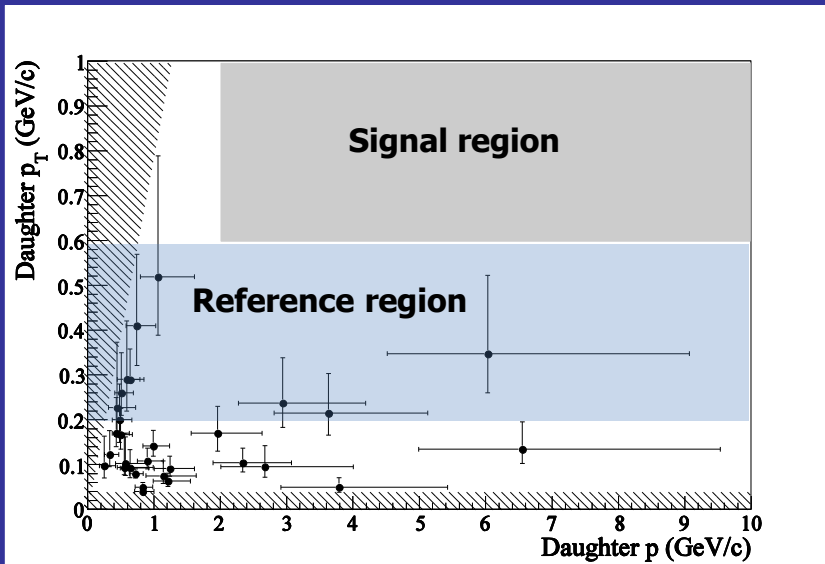
Expected (all decay channels):
 1.65 ± 0.41 signal events,
 0.16 ± 0.03 background events

Control sample: charm events
(flight length and decay topologies similar to those of the τ)

Topology	Observed events	Expected events		
		Charm	Background	Total
Charged 1-prong	13	15.9	1.9	17.8
Neutral 2-prong	18	15.7	0.8	16.5
Charged 3-prong	5	5.5	0.3	5.8
Neutral 4-prong	3	2.0	<0.1	2.1
Total	39	39.1 ± 7.5	3.0 ± 0.9	42.2 ± 8.3

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation analysis 2008-2009

Hadronic interaction background



Hadronic tracks produced in ν interactions showing kink topology:

- 14 m of tracks scanned
- No events in the signal region
- 10 events in reference region (P_t 200 ÷ 600 MeV/c), 10.8 expected

4 GeV/c pion interactions in test beam bricks:

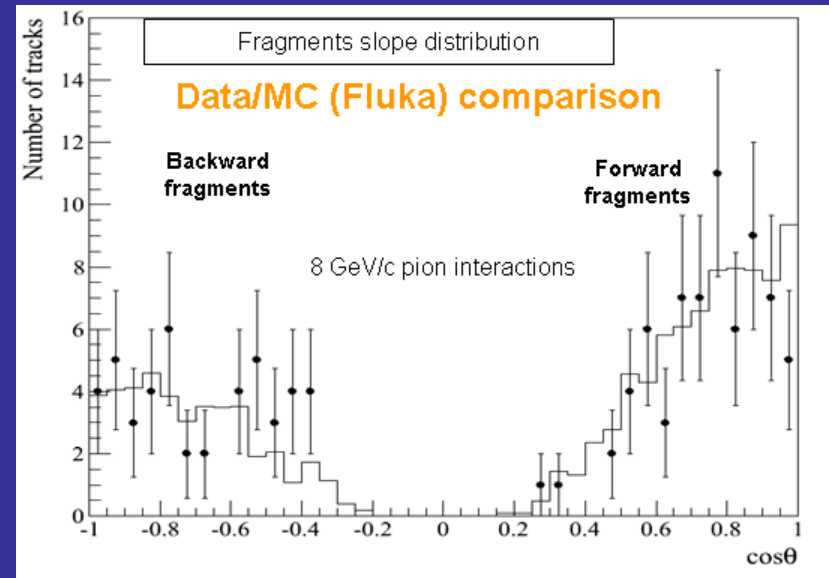
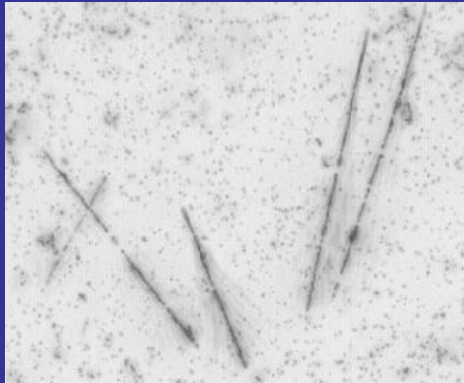
- 190 m of tracks scanned
- 534 interactions found
- 214 kinks detected
- No events in the signal region

90% C.L. upper limit of 1.0×10^{-3} kinks/NC event

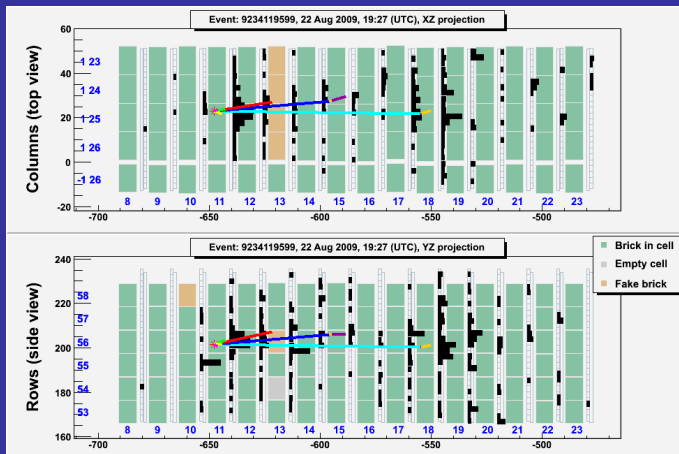
$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation analysis 2008-2009

Background reduction: black track search

Highly ionizing nuclear fragments produced in hadronic interactions



Background reduction: track follow-down



Tracks produced in potentially interesting ν interactions are followed in downstream bricks to detect secondary interactions and/or apply momentum-range consistency checks:

- Misidentified muons from charm events: 5% \rightarrow 3.3%
- Factor 100 BG reduction in $\tau \rightarrow \mu$ channel due to muon mismatch in CC and NC interactions

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillation search: study of hadronic interactions

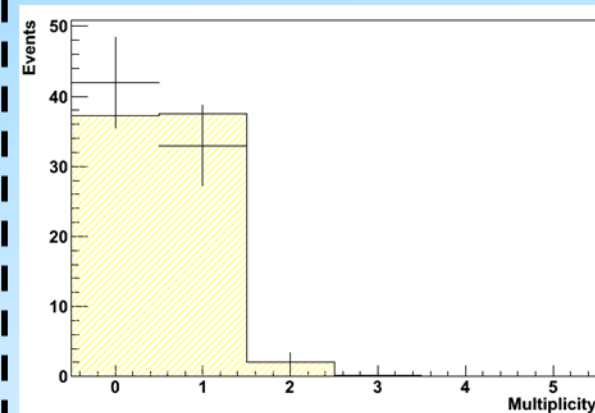
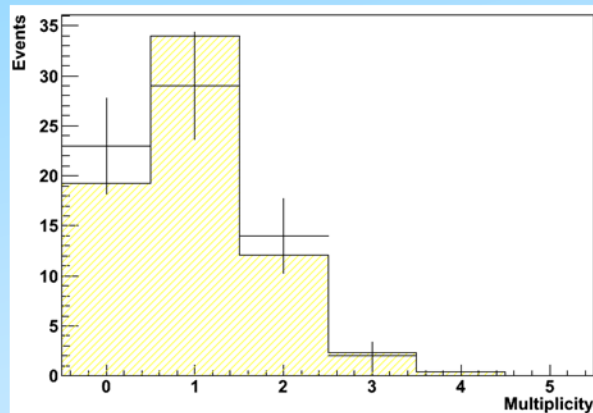
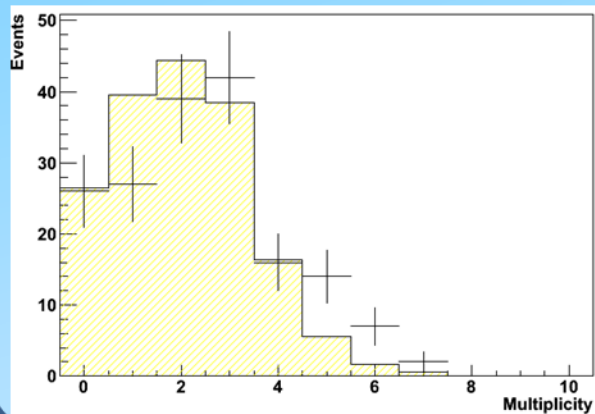
Comparison between data and MC (Fluka)

10GeV/c

4GeV/c

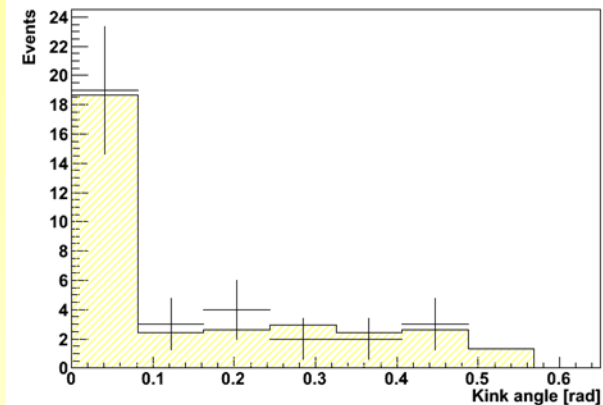
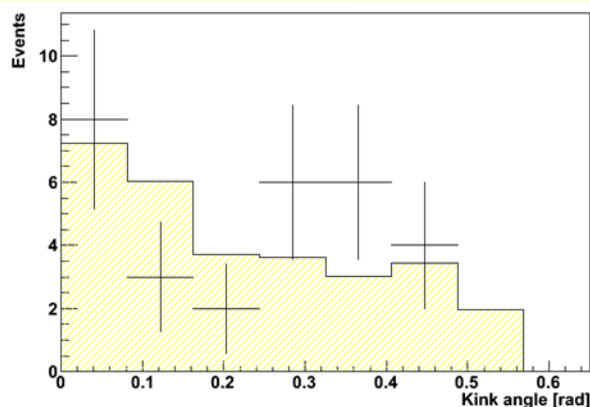
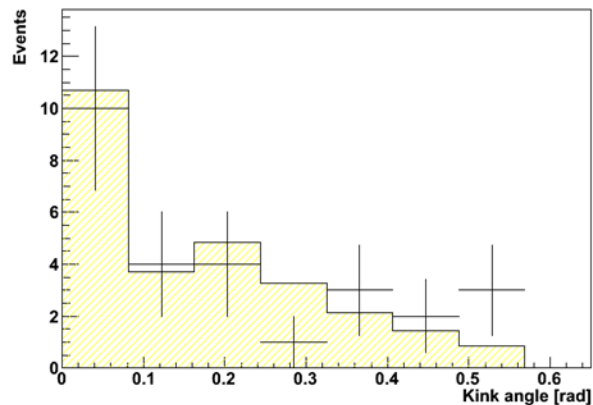
2GeV/c

Multiplicity



Error bars : Experimental data
Histogram : Simulated data

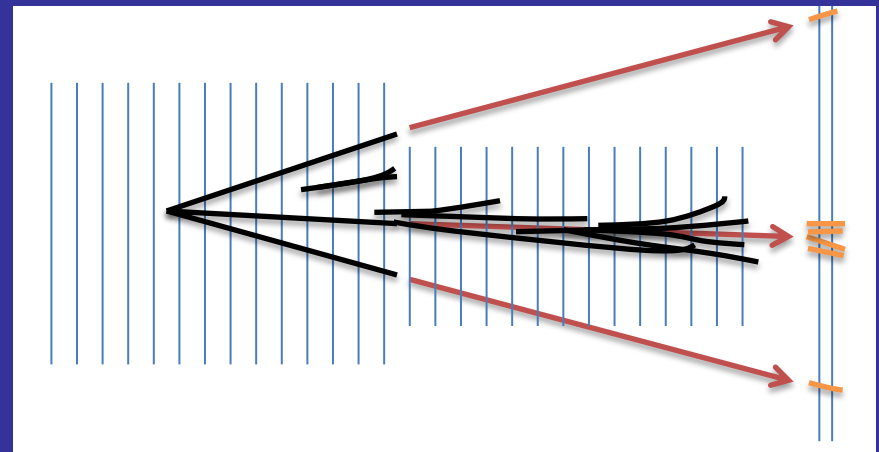
Kink angle (1-prong)



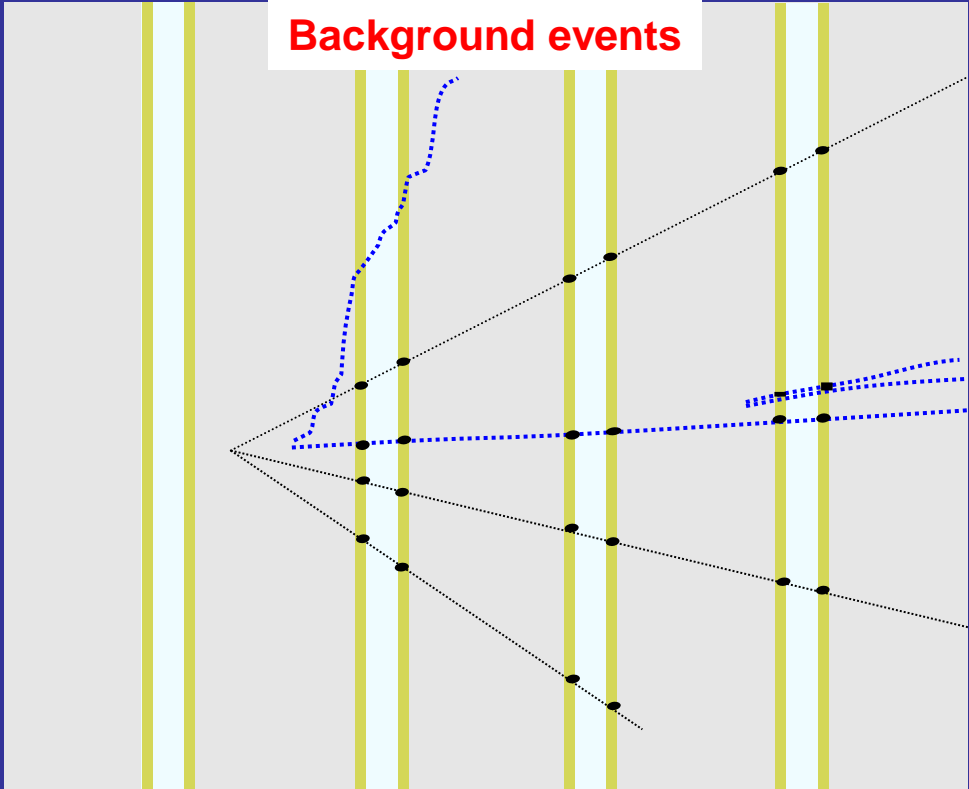
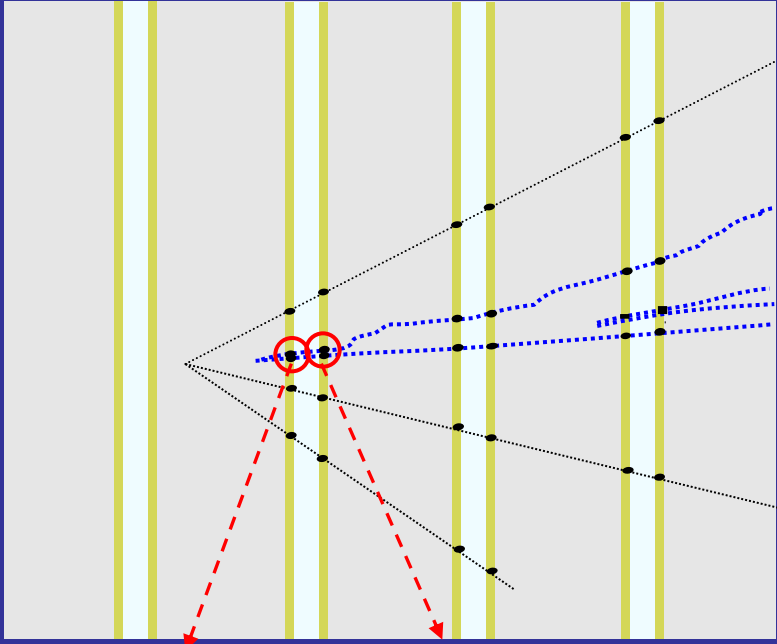
$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search

- Event sample :
 - 505 NC-like events (runs 2008 and 2009)
- For each event:
 - Extrapolate 1ry tracks to CS
 - For each track, search for shower signal in CS
 - If shower-like tracks are found, measure additional volume around 1ry track.

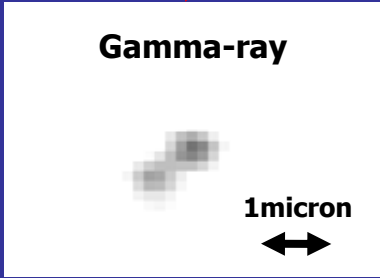
- Results:
 - 96 events selected
 - 19 ν_e interactions confirmed



$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillation search



Background events



Gamma-ray

1micron
↔



A close-up
of an electron pair
as seen in emulsion

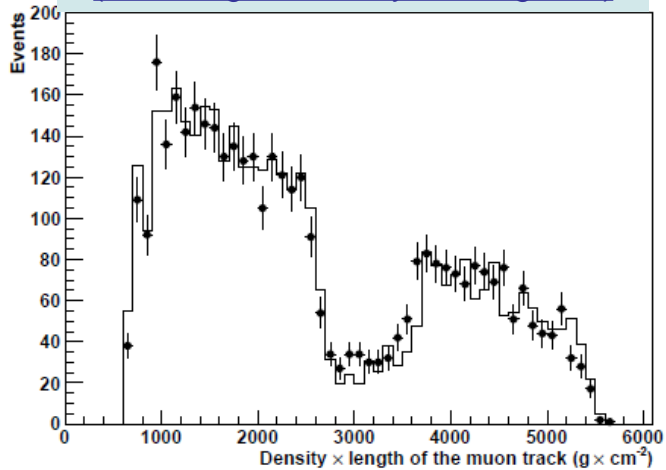
Low-energy electrons produced in gamma conversion
are difficult to recognise in emulsion
⇒ Background source

Estimated background in 2008-2009 sample:

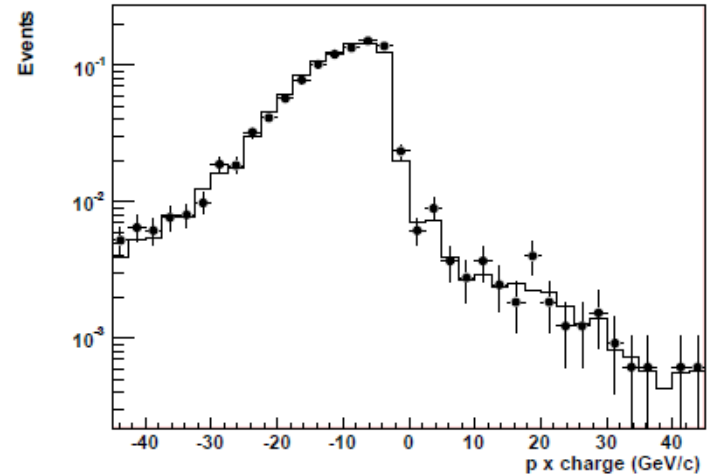
0.16 events

Performance of the Electronic detectors

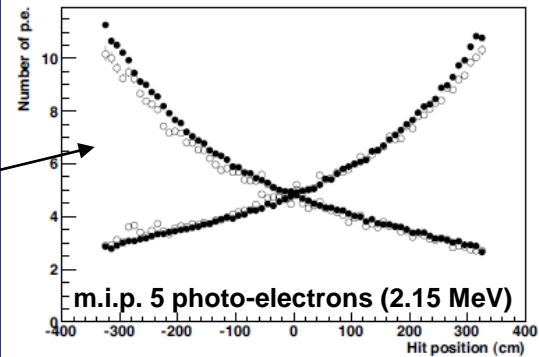
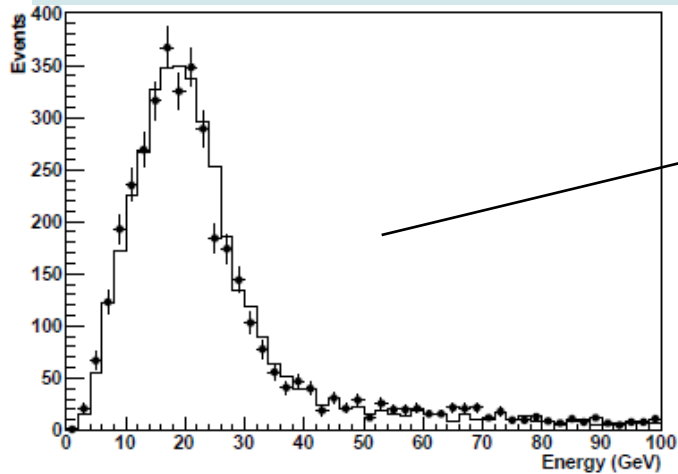
Muon identification efficiency ~ 95%
(track length \times density $>$ 660 g cm^{-2})



Muon momentum reconstruction

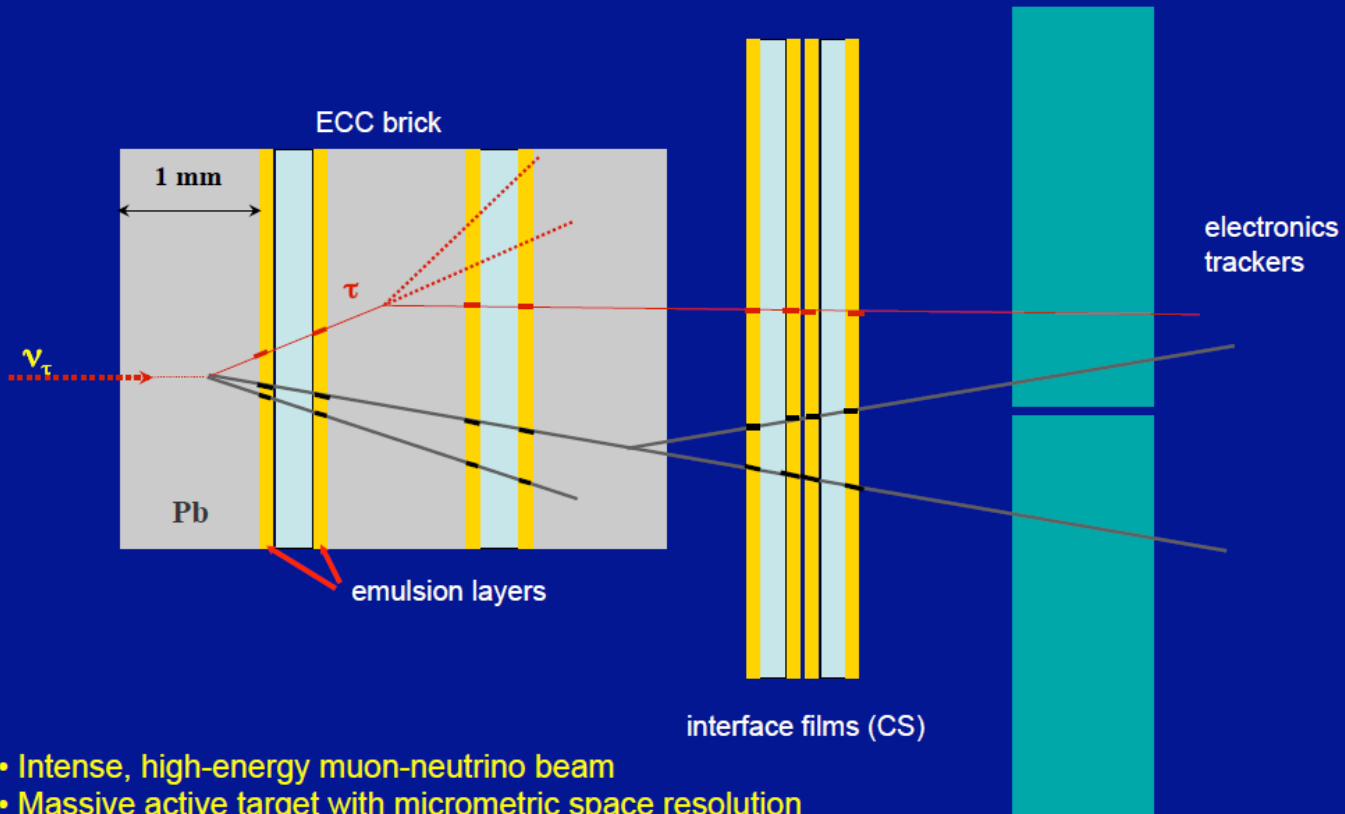


Deposited energy in the TT – CC events



New Journal of Physics 13 (2011) 053051

THE PRINCIPLE OF THE EXPERIMENT: ECC + ELECTRONIC DETECTORS



- Intense, high-energy muon-neutrino beam
- Massive active target with micrometric space resolution
- Detect tau-lepton production and decay
- Use electronic detectors to provide “time resolution” to the emulsions and preselect the interaction region