

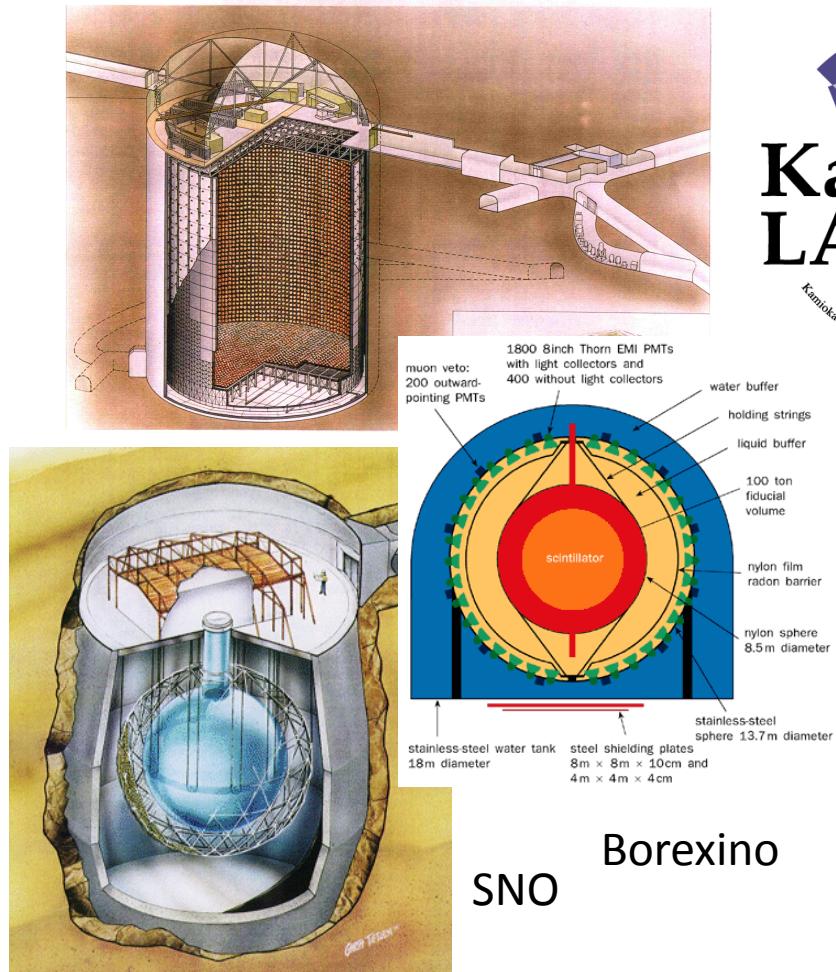
# Neutrino Physics: status&prospects

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University of Valencia/IFIC

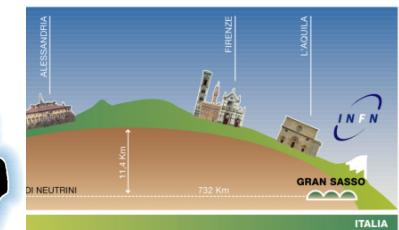


A decade of revolutionary neutrino experiments have discovered a new flavour sector, which does not quite fit in the Standard Model

SuperKamiokande



MINOS, Opera



T2K

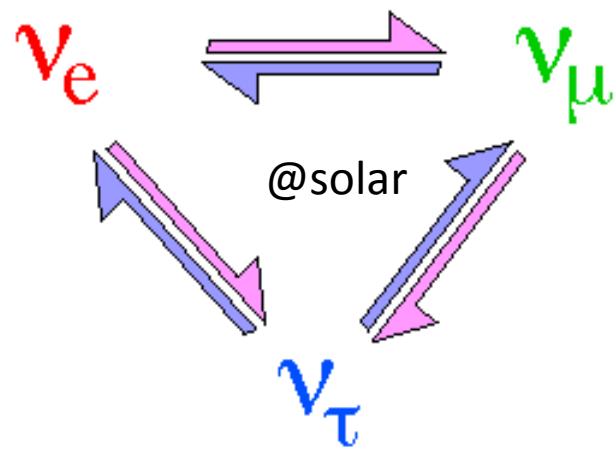


Daya Bay  
13



...and more

# Solar oscillation of $\nu_e$

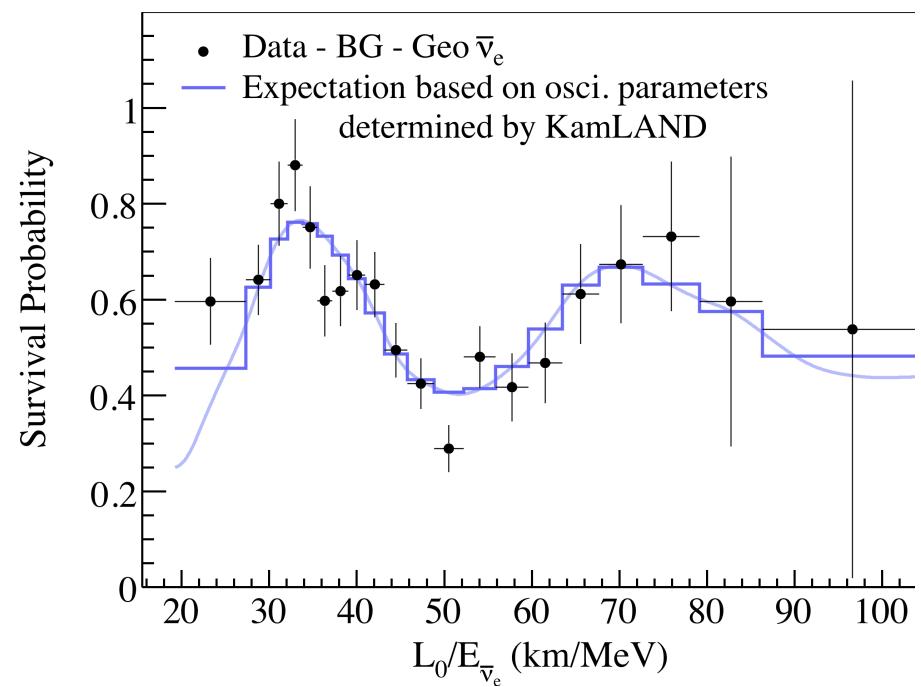
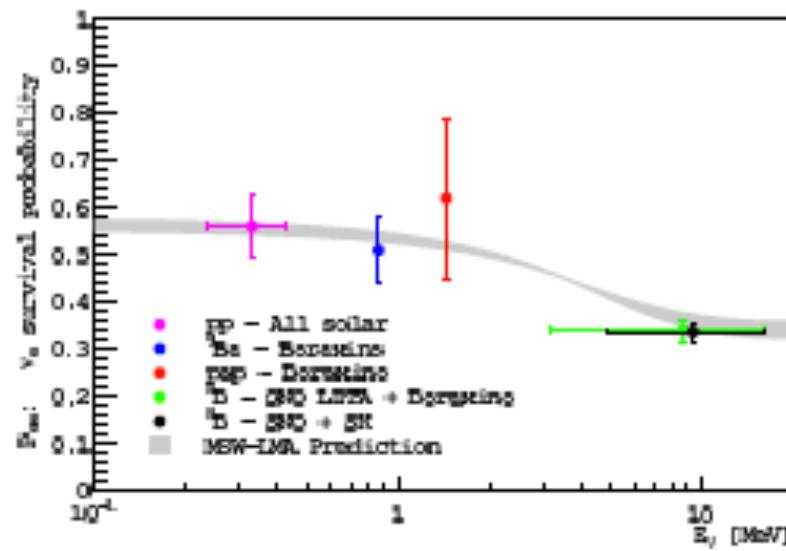


$$P_{\alpha\beta}(L) = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \left( 1.27 \frac{\Delta m^2 (eV^2) L(km)}{E(GeV)} \right)$$

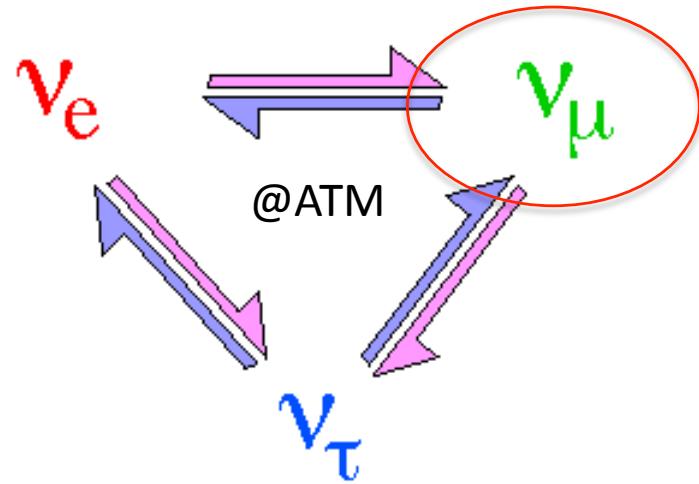
Pontecorvo

$$|\Delta m_{12}^2| \sim \frac{O(\text{MeV})}{O(100\text{km})}$$

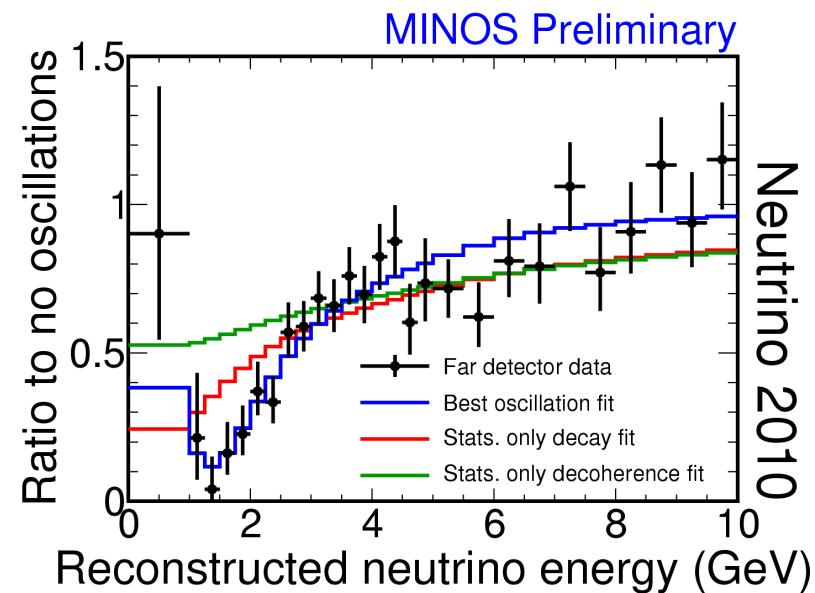
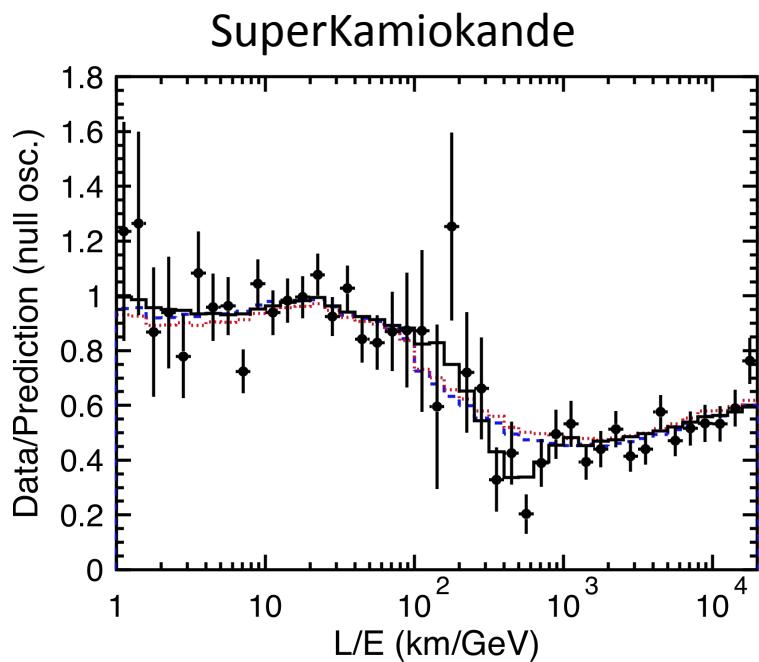
## MSW conversion in Sun



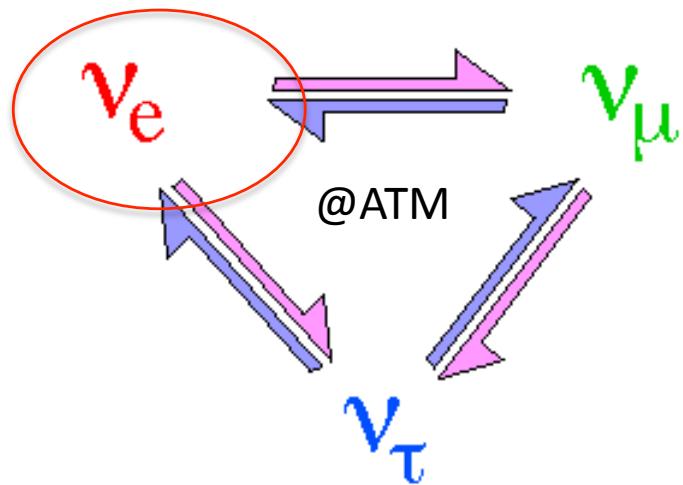
# Atmospheric Oscillation of $\nu_\mu$



$$|\Delta m_{13}^2| \sim \frac{O(\text{GeV})}{O(1000\text{km})} \sim \frac{O(\text{MeV})}{O(1\text{km})}$$



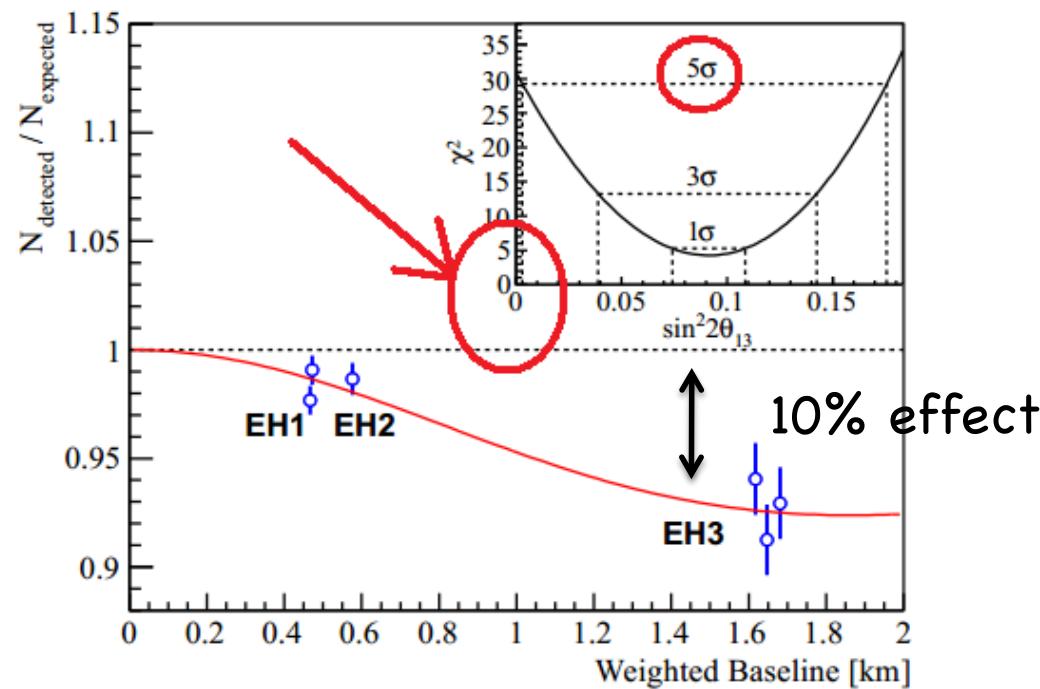
# Atmospheric Oscillation of $\nu_e$



2012

T2K, Double Chooz  
Daya Bay, RENO

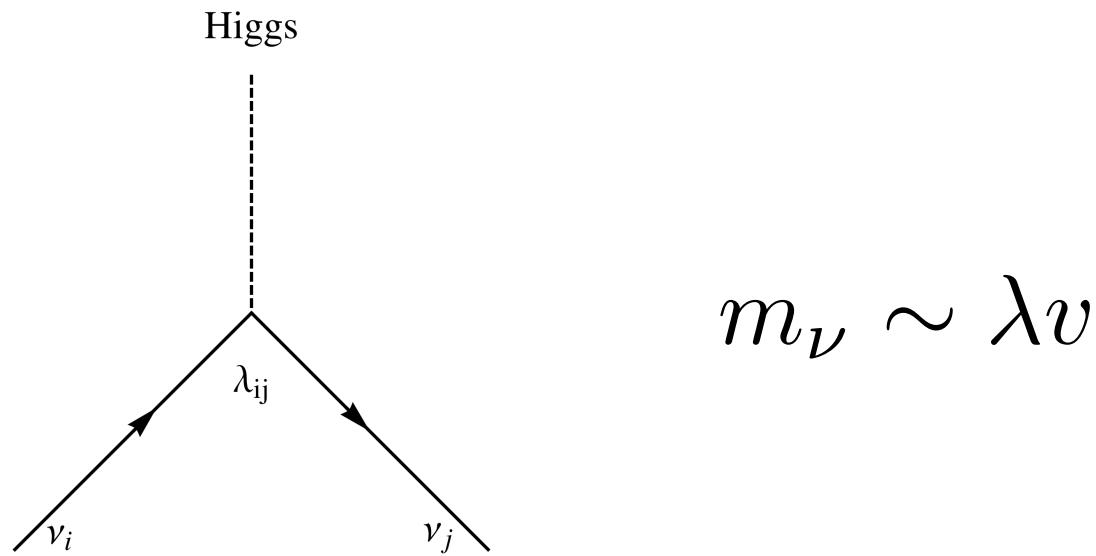
$$|\Delta m_{13}^2| \sim \frac{O(\text{GeV})}{O(1000\text{km})} \sim \frac{O(\text{MeV})}{O(1\text{km})}$$



# New dofs needed !

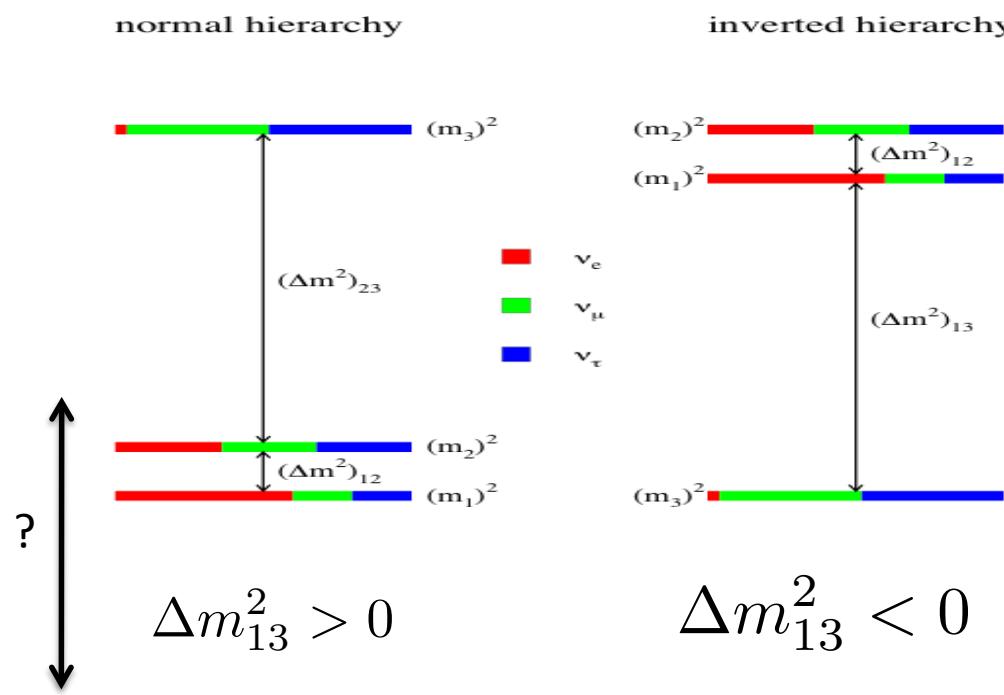
Neutrinos are massive -> there must be new dofs in the SM

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{Dirac}} = \bar{\nu}_L m_\nu \nu_R + h.c. \leftrightarrow \bar{L} \tilde{\Phi} \lambda \nu_R + h.c.$$

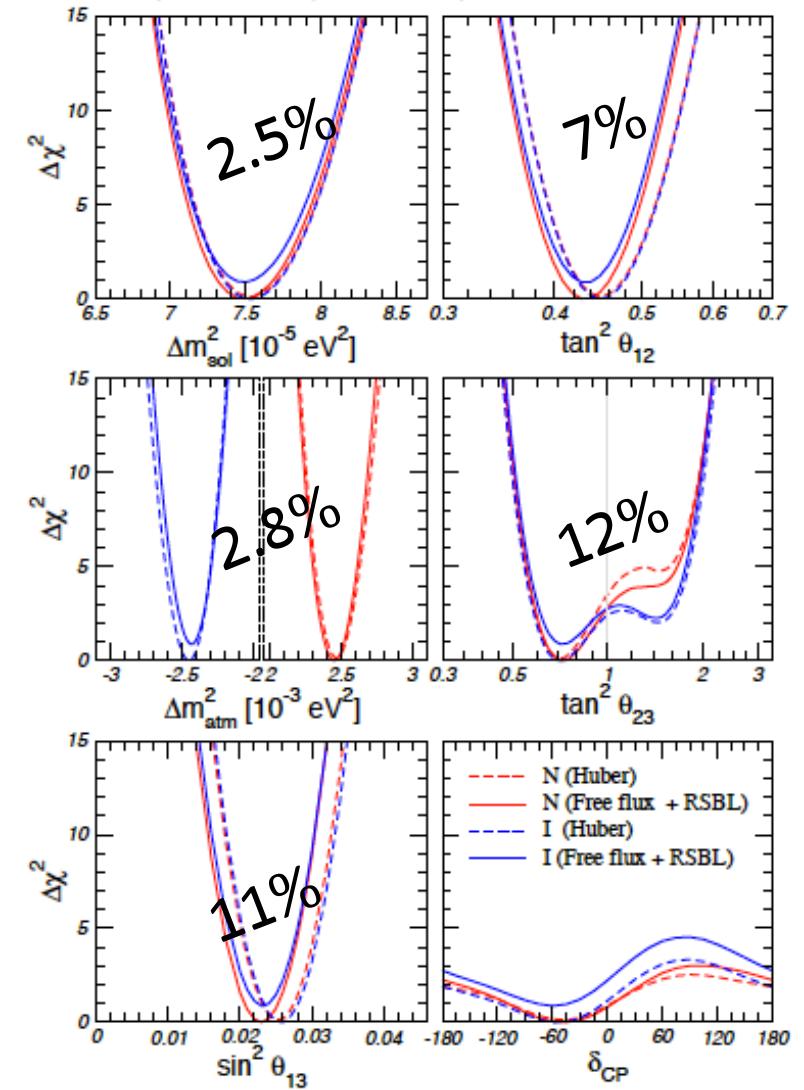


# SM + 3 massive neutrinos

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = U_{PMNS}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta, \dots) \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$



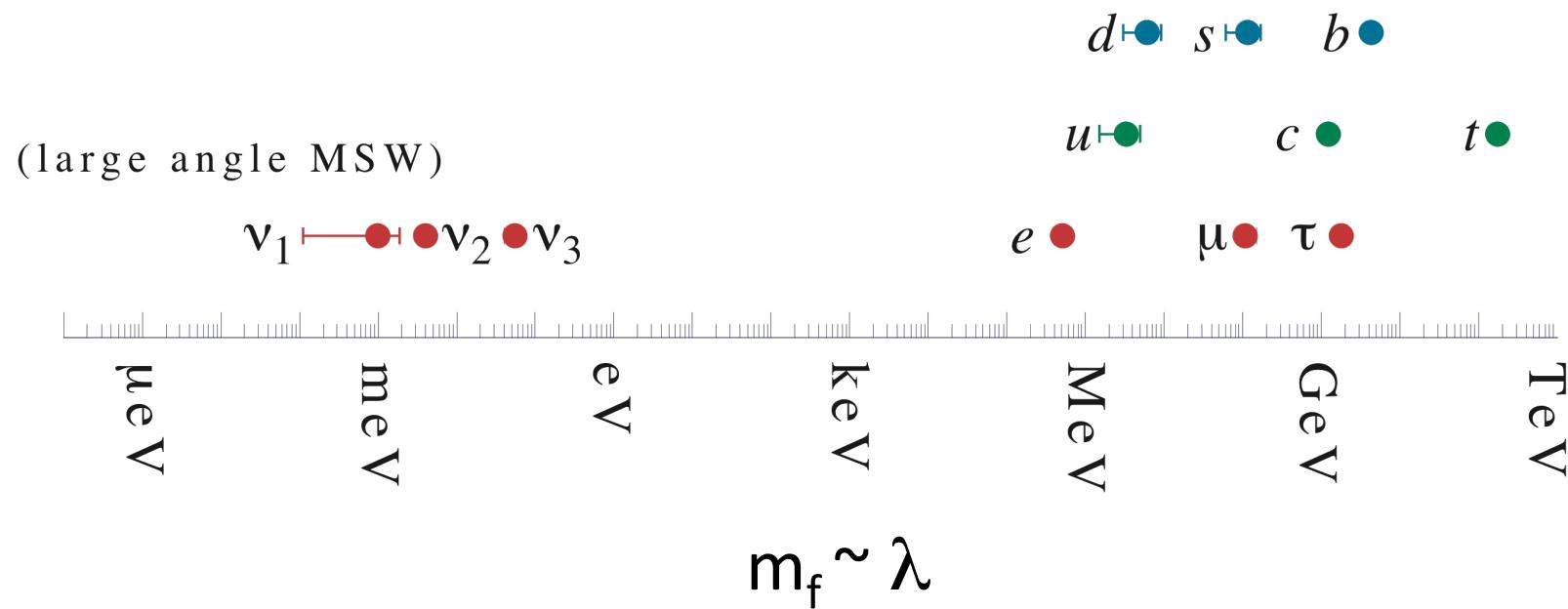
Global 6-parameter fit post  $\nu$ 2012  
Maltoni, Schwetz, Salvado, MCGG



Gonzalez-Garcia ICHEP 2012

# Why are neutrinos so much lighter ?

## Neutral vs charged hierarchy ?



# Why so different mixing ?

CKM

$$|V|_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.97427 \pm 0.00015 & 0.22534 \pm 0.0065 & (3.51 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3} \\ 0.2252 \pm 0.00065 & 0.97344 \pm 0.00016 & (41.2_{-5}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-3} \\ (8.67_{-0.31}^{+0.29}) \times 10^{-3} & (40.4_{-0.5}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-3} & 0.999146_{-0.000046}^{+0.000021} \end{pmatrix}$$

PMNS

$$|U|_{\text{LEP}(3\sigma)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.795 \rightarrow 0.841 & 0.517 \rightarrow 0.584 & 0.141 \rightarrow 0.179 \\ 0.213 \rightarrow 0.543 & 0.425 \rightarrow 0.728 & 0.575 \rightarrow 0.802 \\ 0.213 \rightarrow 0.541 & 0.411 \rightarrow 0.720 & 0.576 \rightarrow 0.802 \end{pmatrix}$$

Gonzalez-Garcia, ICHEP 2012

# A new physics scale

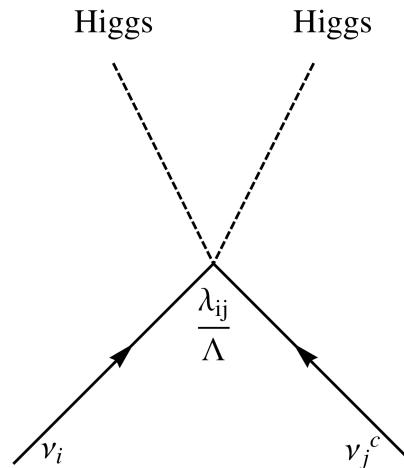
Neutrinos have tiny masses  $\rightarrow$  a new physics scale

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{Majorana}} = \bar{\nu}_L m_\nu \nu_L^c + h.c. \leftrightarrow \bar{L} \tilde{\Phi} \color{red}{\alpha} \tilde{\Phi} L^c + h.c.$$

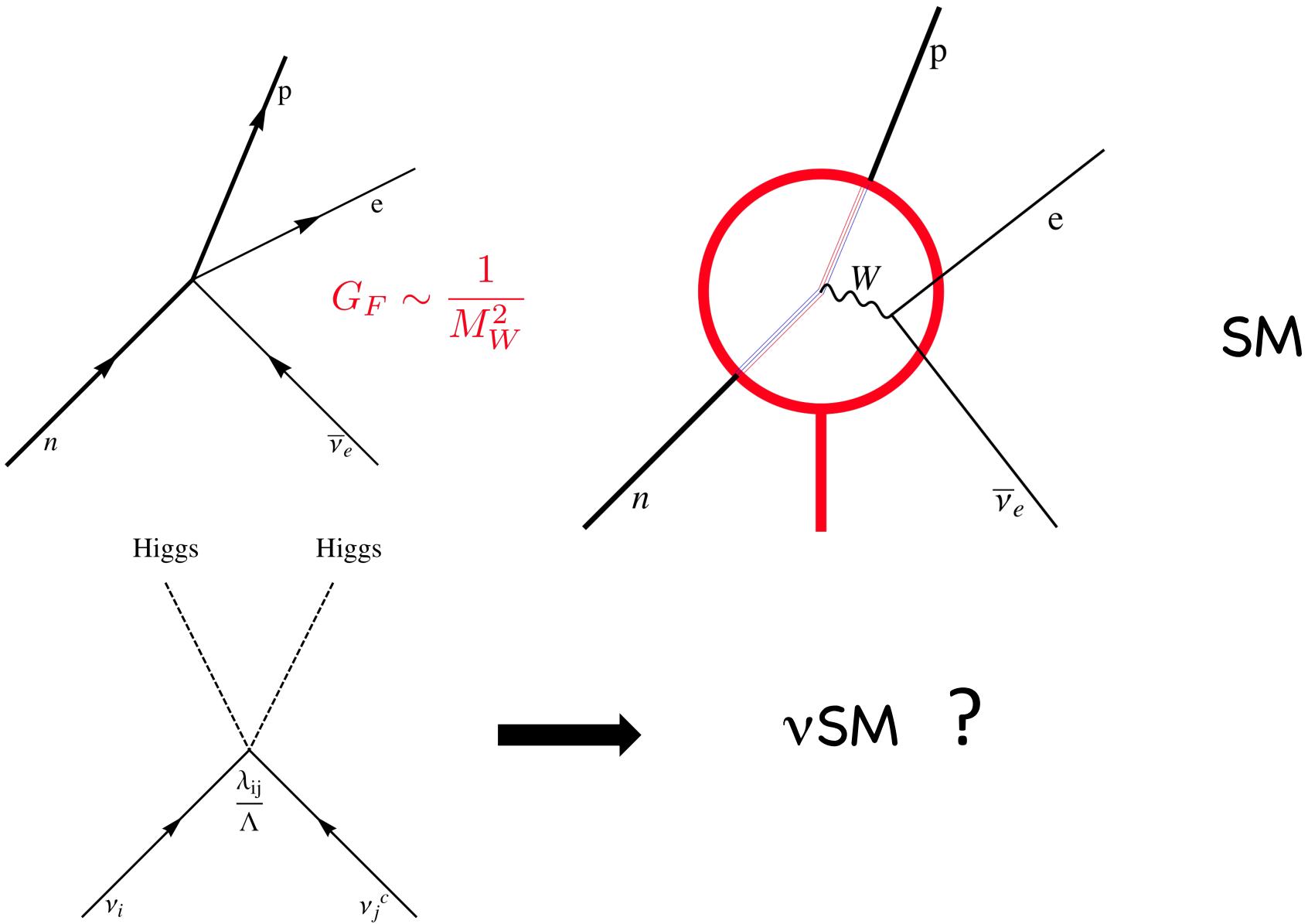
$$[\alpha] = -1$$

Weinberg

$$m_\nu \sim \lambda \frac{v^2}{\Lambda}$$



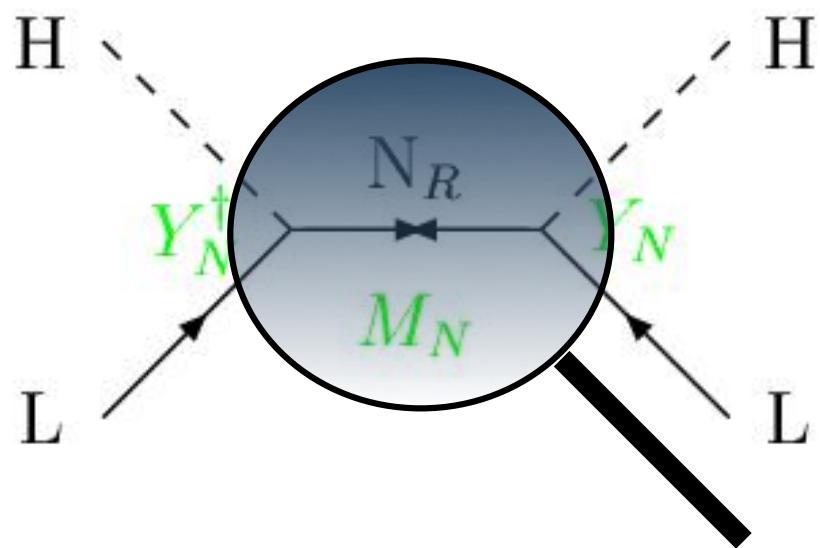
Also the lowest dimension effective operator !



# How does the $v$ scale relates to the EW scale ?

Example: Type I seesaw model

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} - \sum_{\alpha=1}^{n_R} \bar{l}_L^\alpha Y^{\alpha i} \tilde{\Phi} \nu_R^i - \sum_{i=1}^{n_R} \frac{1}{2} \bar{\nu}_R^{ic} M_N^{ij} \nu_R^j + h.c.$$

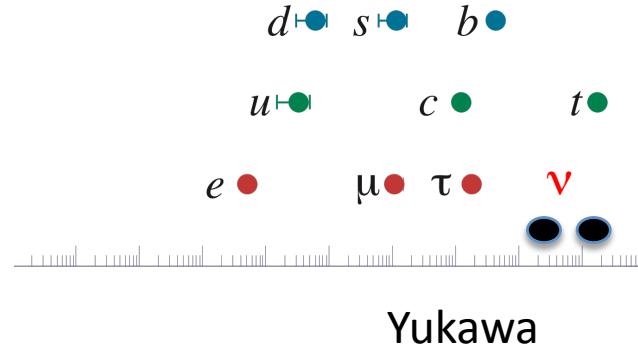


$$m_\nu = \frac{\alpha v^2}{\Lambda} \equiv Y_N^T \frac{v^2}{M_N} Y_N$$

Minkowski; Gell-Mann, Ramond Slansky; Yanagida, Glashow...

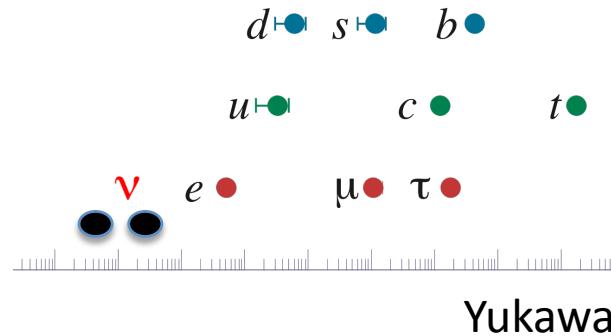
# Charged/neutral hierarchy

$M_N = \text{GUT}$



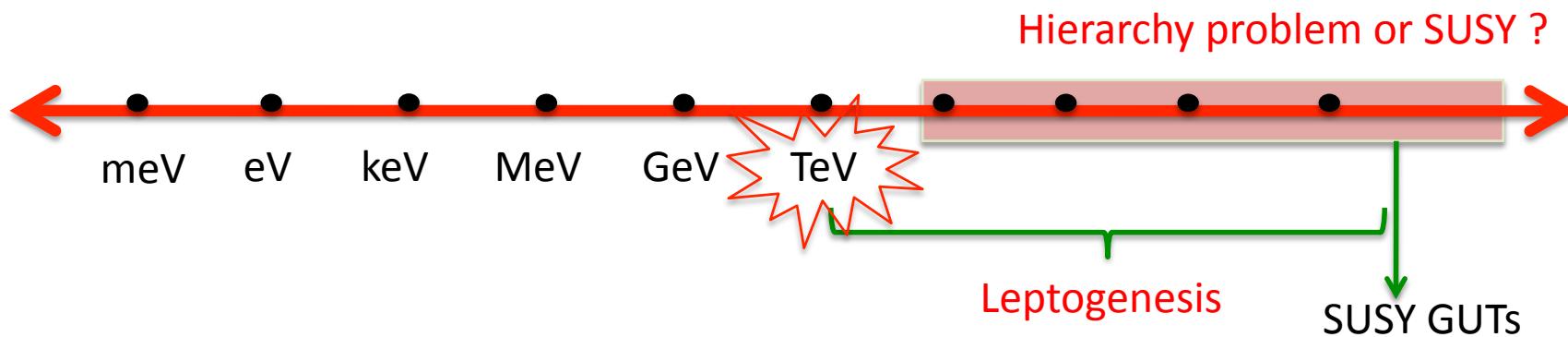
Yukawa

$M_N = \text{TeV}$



Yukawa

# Pinning down the New physics scale



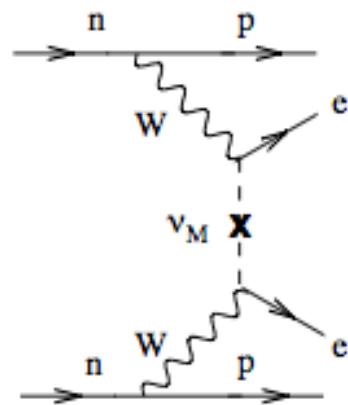
Robust&testable prediction of high scale seesaw models:

there is **neutrinoless double beta decay** at some level

a matter-antimatter asymmetry in the right ballpark if  
there is **CP violation** in the lepton sector !

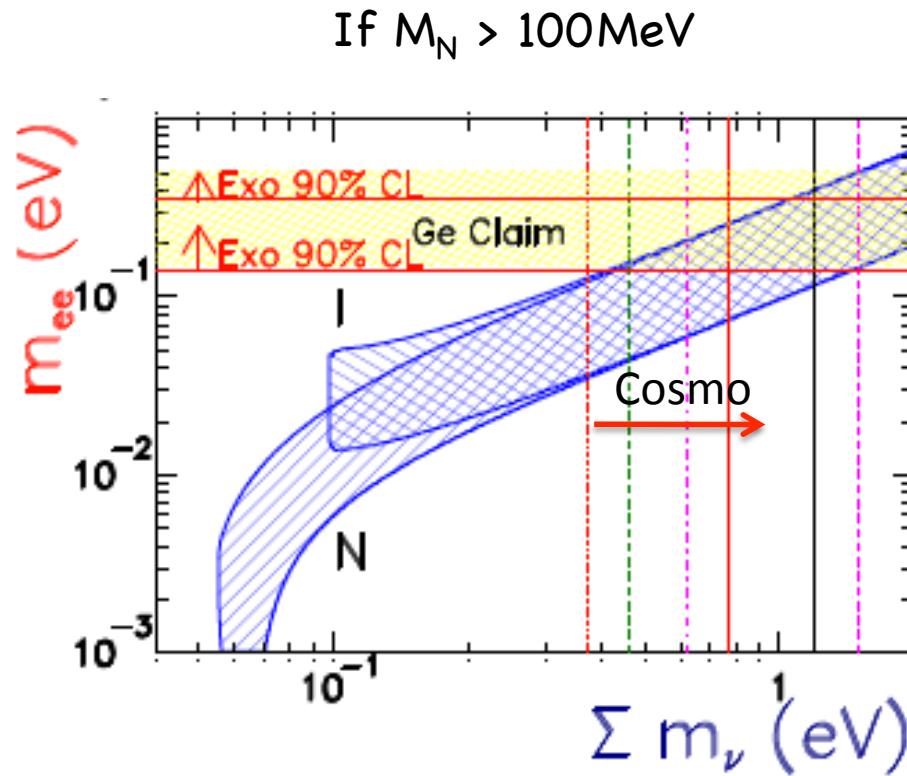
# Majorana nature: $\beta\beta 0\nu$

Plethora of experiments with different techniques/systematics: EXO, KAMLAND-ZEN, GERDA, CUORE, NEXT, SuperNEMO, LUCIFER...



$$m_{\beta\beta} \equiv |m_{ee}|$$

$$\Sigma \equiv \sum_i m_i$$



Update Maltoni et al, 2012

# Leptonic CP violation

Golden channel ( $e\mu$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{\nu_e \nu_\mu (\bar{\nu}_e \bar{\nu}_\mu)} &= s_{23}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{23} L}{2} \right) \equiv P^{atmos} \\
 &+ c_{23}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{12} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{12} L}{2} \right) \equiv P^{solar} \\
 + \tilde{J} &\cos \left( \pm \delta - \frac{\Delta_{23} L}{2} \right) \frac{\Delta_{12} L}{2} \sin \left( \frac{\Delta_{23} L}{2} \right) \equiv P^{inter} \\
 \tilde{J} \equiv c_{13} &\sin 2\theta_{13} \sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23} \quad \Delta_{23} \equiv \frac{\Delta m_{23}^2}{2E}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\delta$  dependence is sizeable, statistically most significant at 1<sup>st</sup> atmospheric peak

$$\frac{L}{\langle E \rangle} = \frac{2\pi}{\Delta m_{atm}^2}$$

# Leptonic CP violation

In matter:

$$P_{\nu_e \nu_\mu}(\bar{\nu}_e \bar{\nu}_\mu) = s_{23}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \left( \frac{\Delta_{13}}{B_\pm} \right)^2 \sin^2 \left( \frac{B_\pm L}{2} \right) \\ + c_{23}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{12} \left( \frac{\Delta_{12}}{A} \right)^2 \sin^2 \left( \frac{AL}{2} \right) \\ + \tilde{J} \frac{\Delta_{12}}{A} \sin \left( \frac{AL}{2} \right) \frac{\Delta_{13}}{B_\pm} \sin \left( \frac{B_\pm L}{2} \right) \cos \left( \pm\delta - \frac{\Delta_{13} L}{2} \right)$$

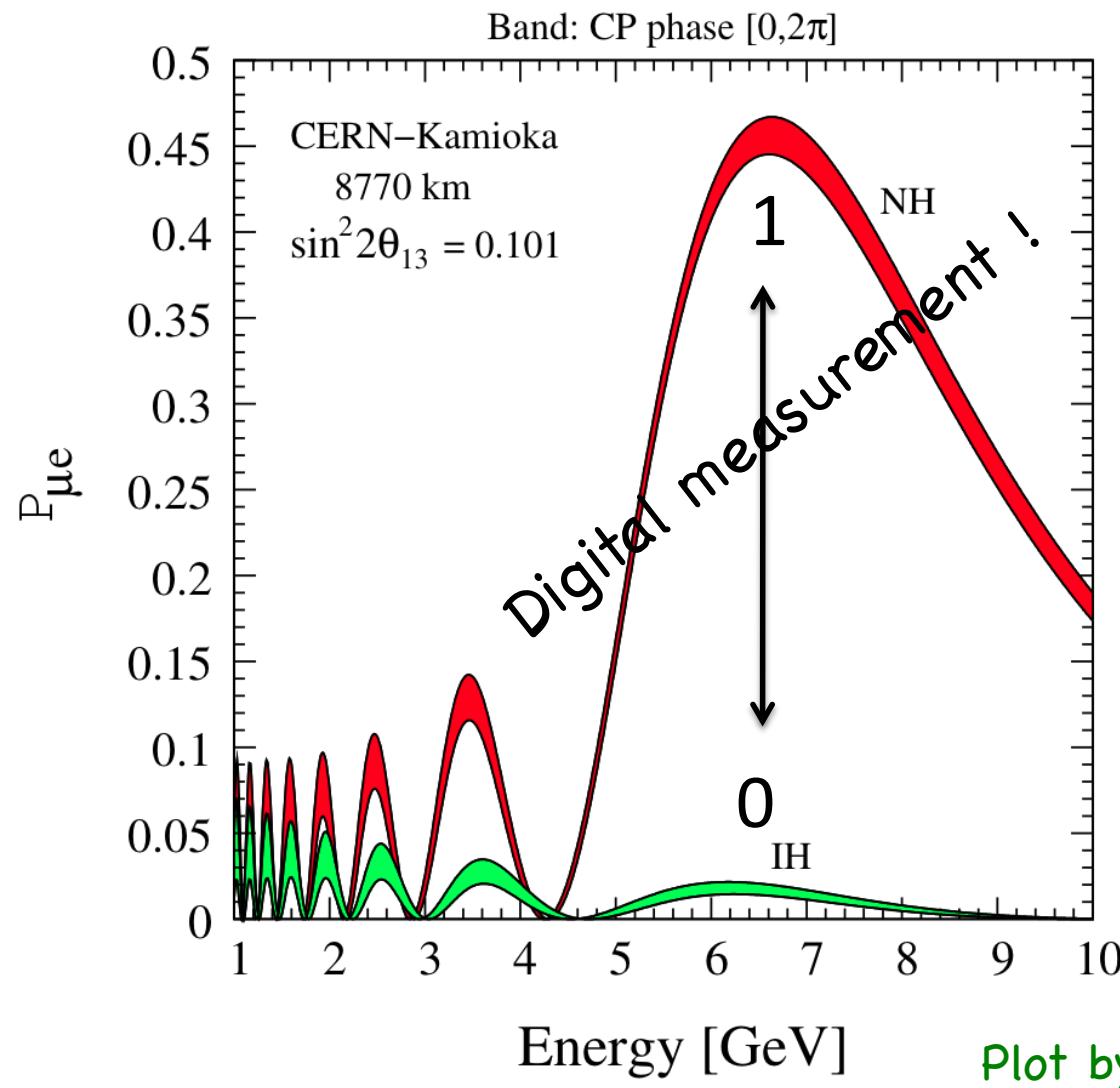
$$\tilde{J} \equiv c_{13} \sin 2\theta_{13} \sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23} \quad B_\pm \equiv \sqrt{2} G_F n_e \pm \Delta_{13}$$

Cervera et al

Parameter degeneracies (eg neutrino hierarchy) compromise  $\delta$  sensitivity

Burguet et al  
Barger, Marfatia, Whisnant  
Minakata, Nunokawa

# Hierarchy requires optimally



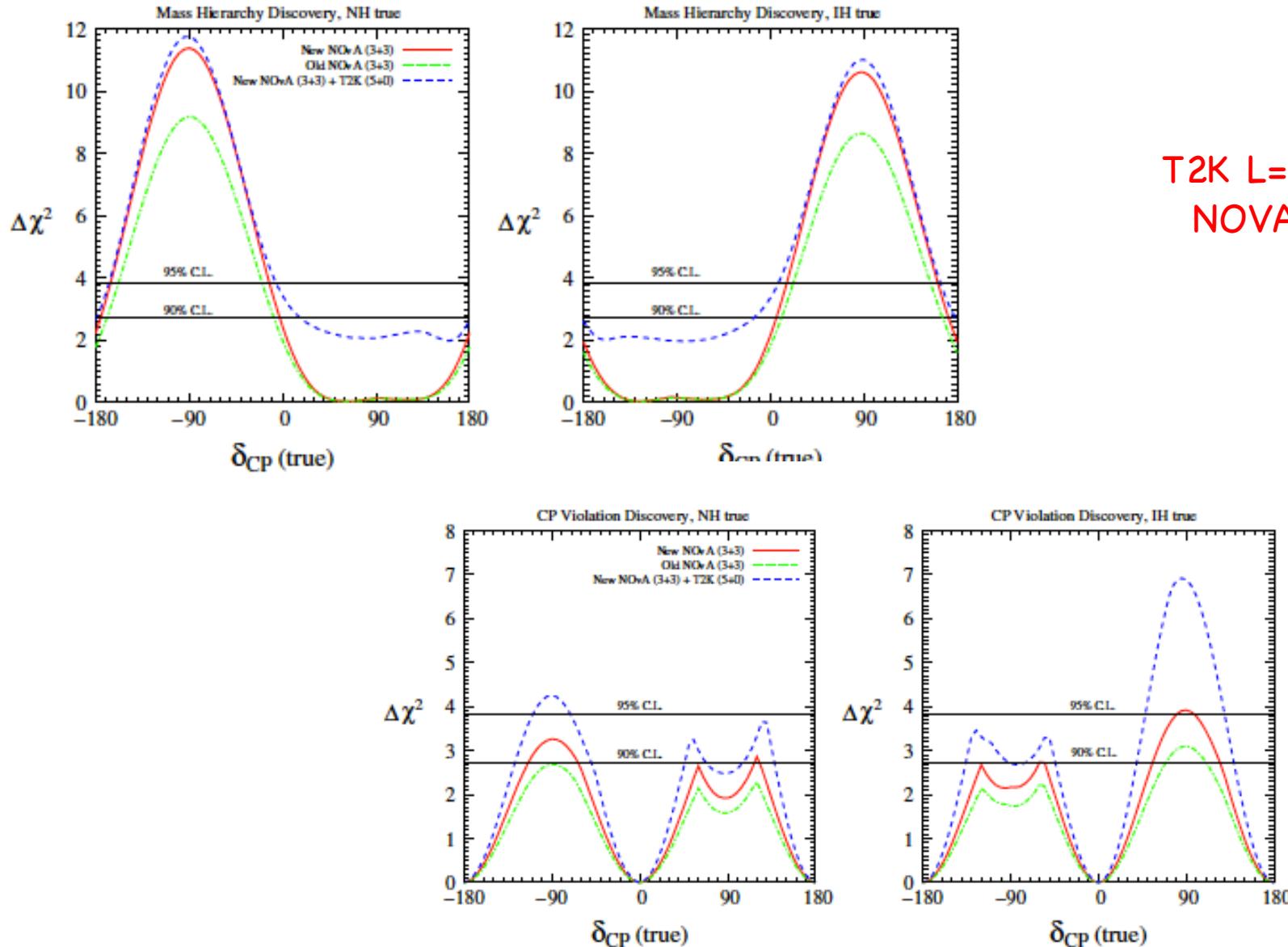
Plot by S. Agarwalla

$$E_{\text{res}} \equiv \frac{\Delta m_{31}^2 \cos 2\theta_{13}}{2\sqrt{2}G_F n_e},$$

$$n_e(L)L|_{L_{\max}} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}G_F \tan 2\theta_{13}}$$

Spectacular MSW effect at  $O(6\text{GeV})$  and very long baselines: no need for spectral info nor two channels

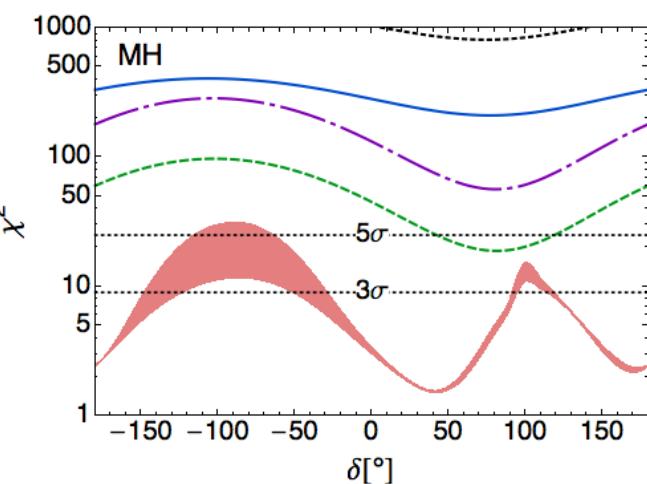
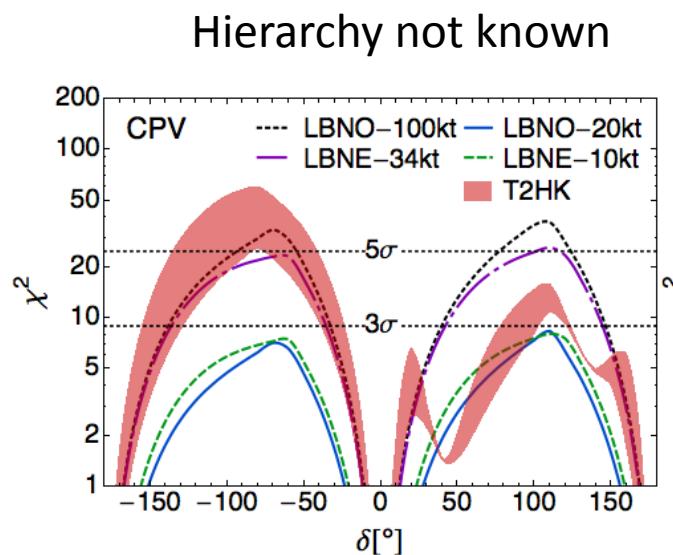
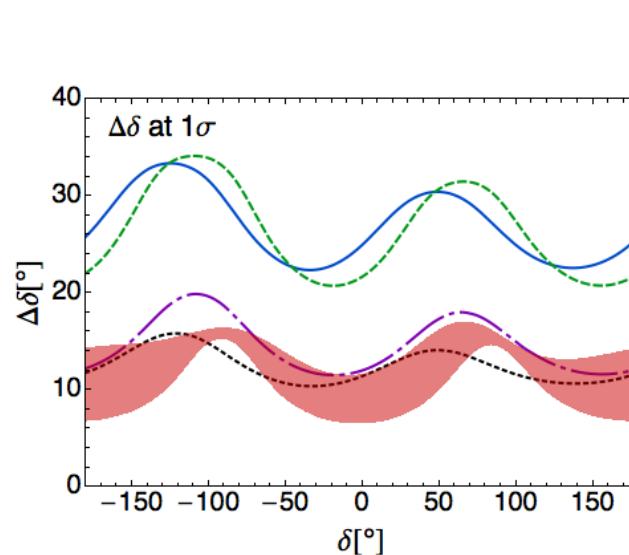
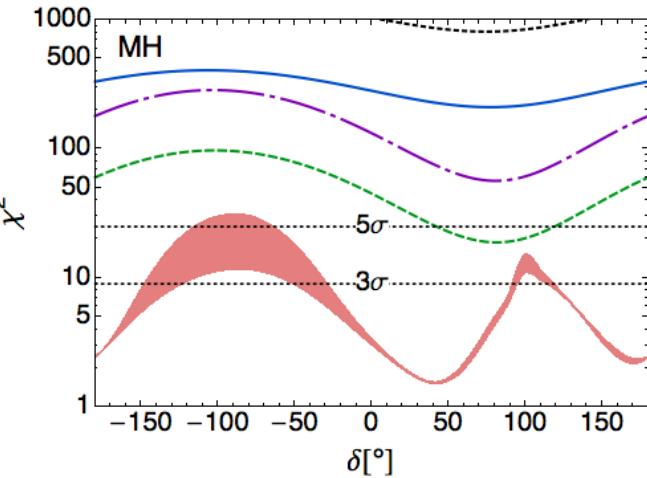
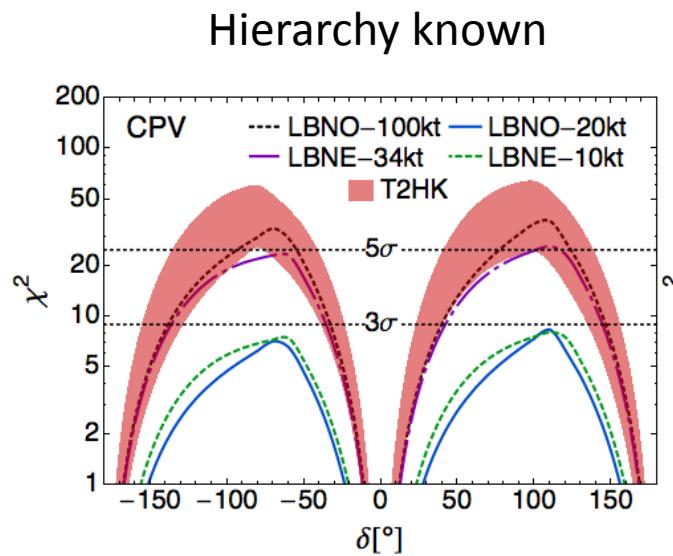
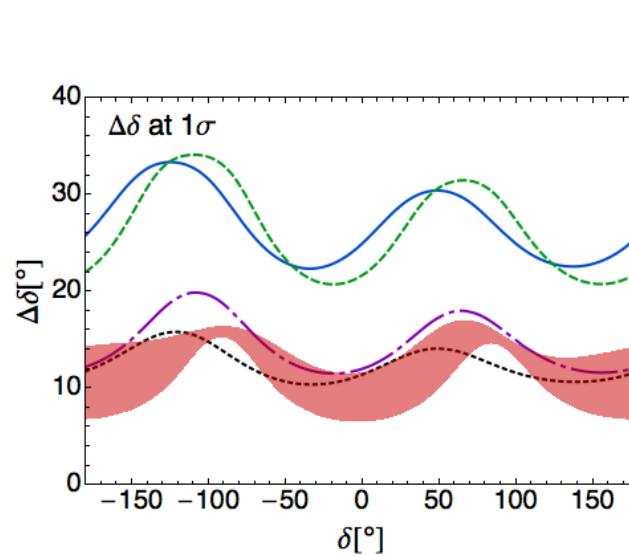
# First experiments in < 10y : T2K, NOVA



T2K L=300 km  
NOVA L=800km

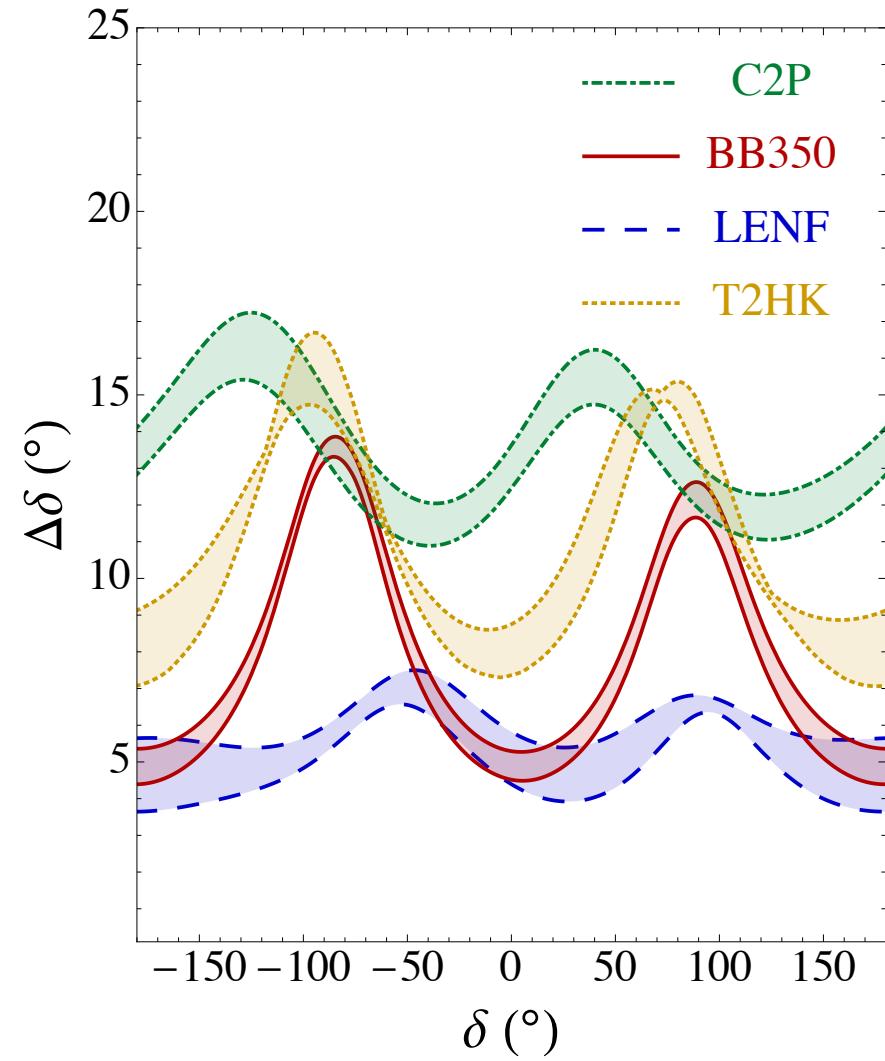
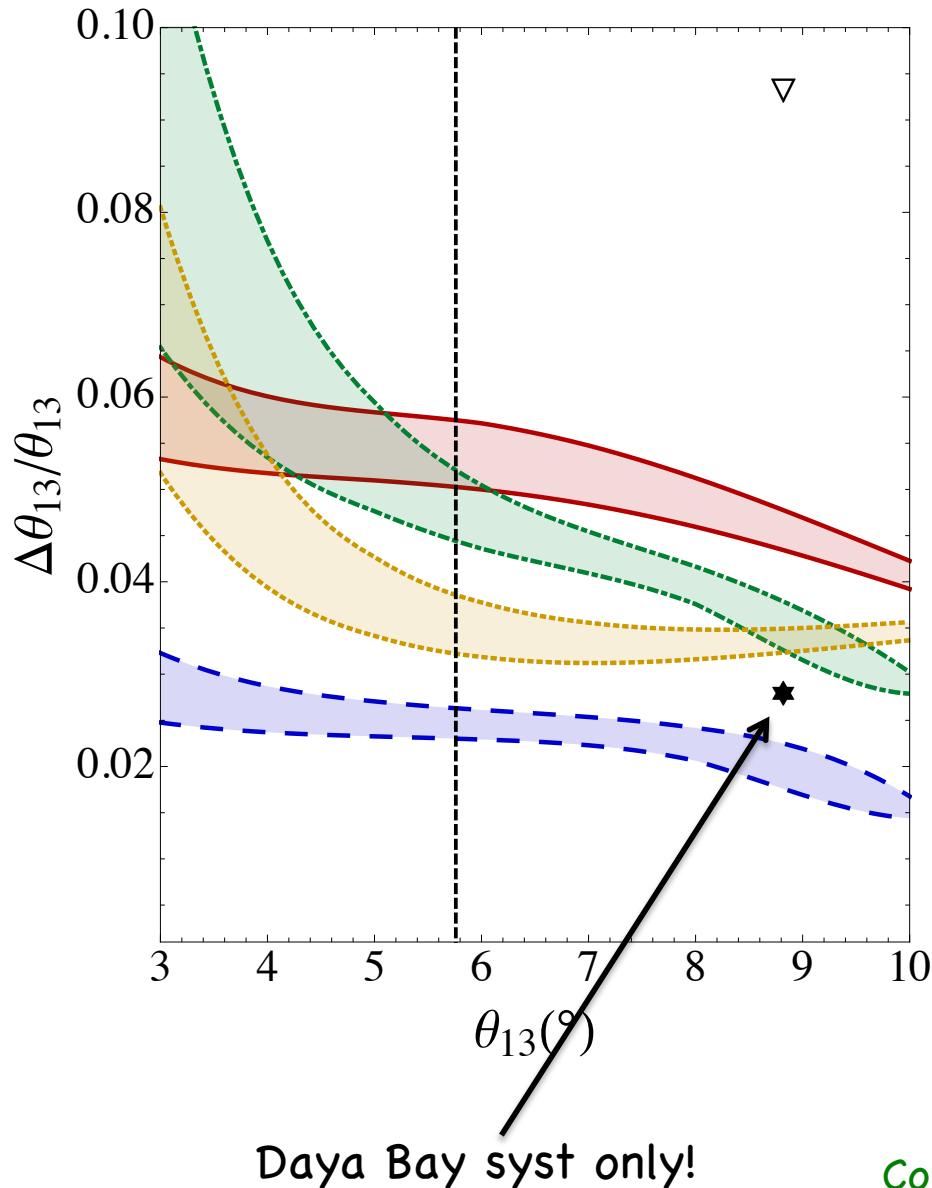
Hierarchy from atmospheric & reactor ? Hagner's Agarwalla et al

In 20 years from now with conventional beams...



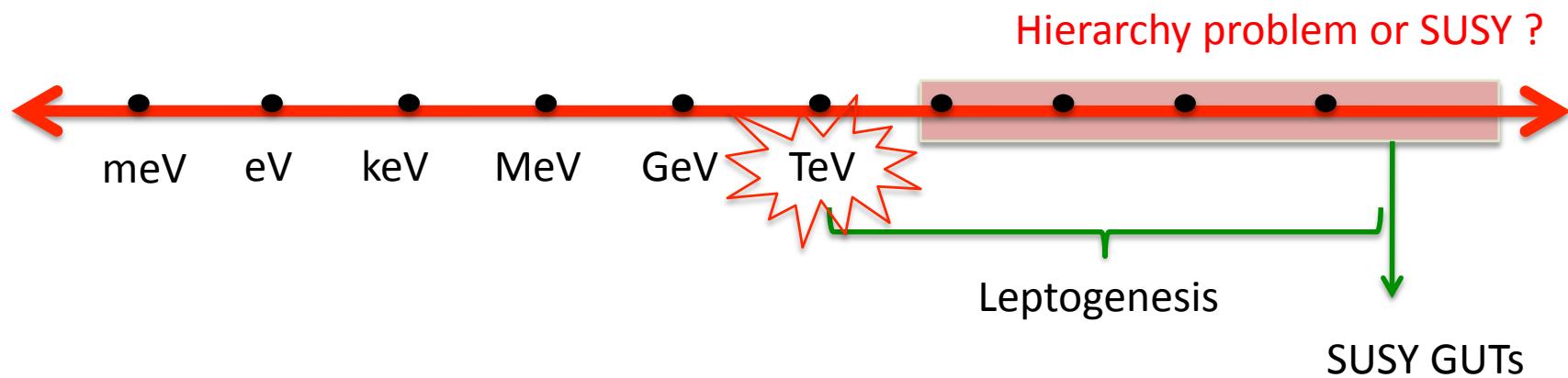
Compiled by P. Coloma  
Systematics as in Coloma, Huber, Kopp, Winter to appear

# With better beams in XX years...



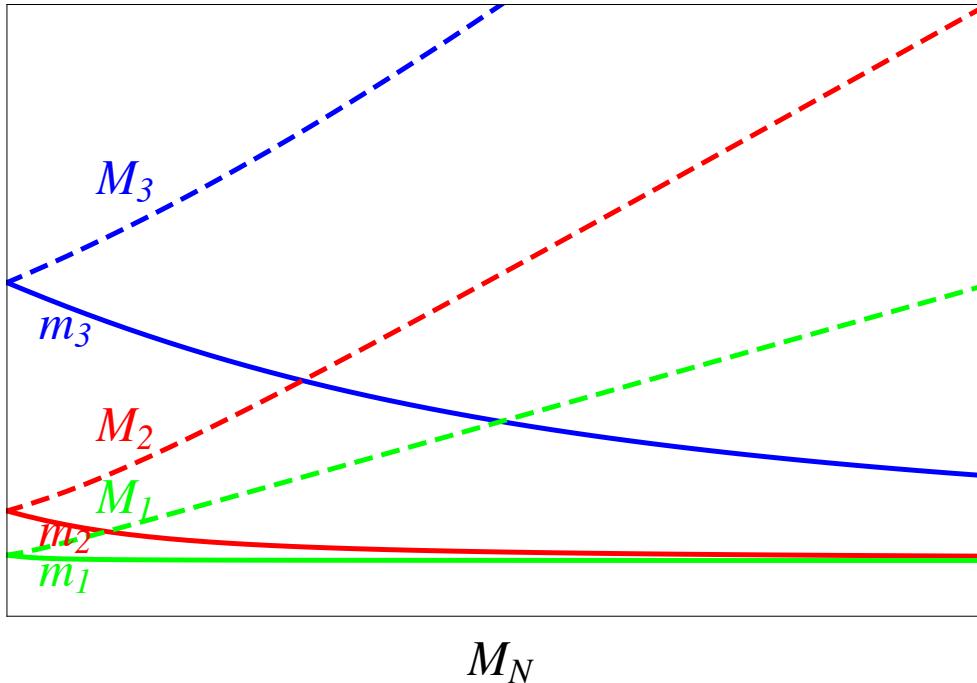
Coloma, Donini, Fernandez-Martinez, PH

# Pinning down the New physics scale



But could it be lower ? Yes...

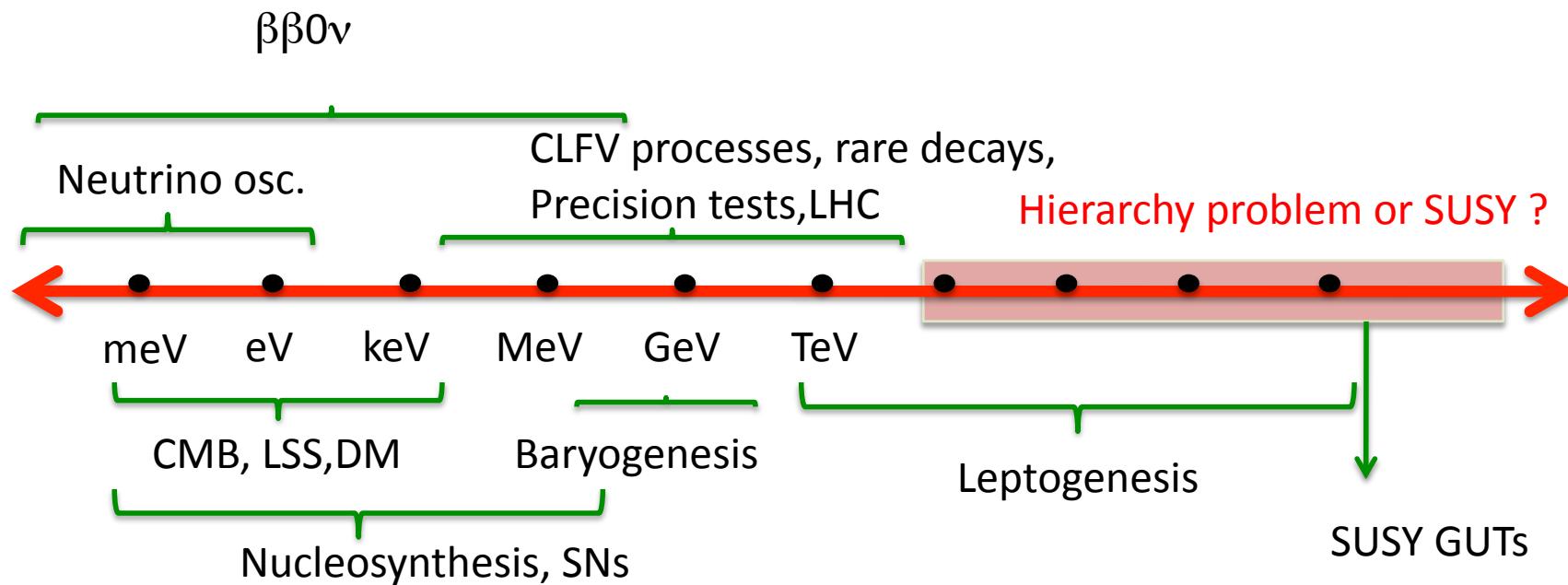
# Low scale seesaw models



$$\theta_{hl} \sim \frac{Yv}{M_N} \sim \sqrt{m_\nu/M_N}$$

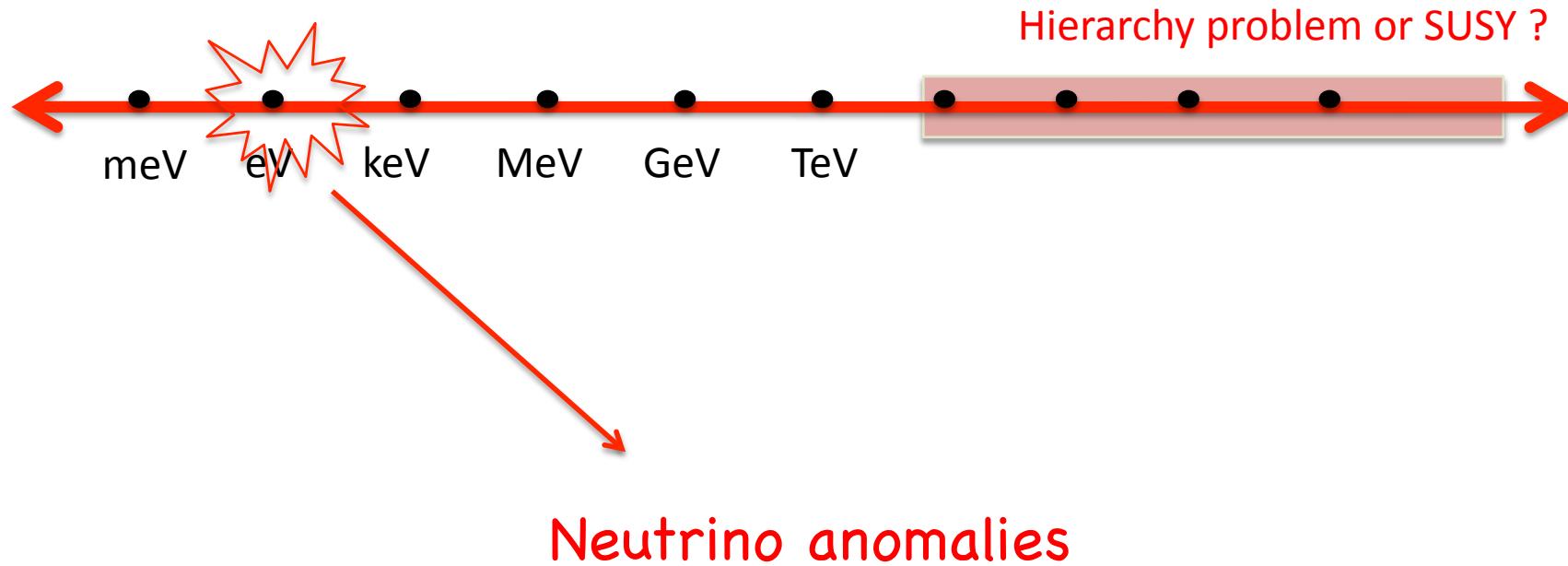
- More than three neutrinos  $\rightarrow$  extra steriles
- Non unitarity in standard mixing
- Heavy states could be detected !

# Pinning down the New physics scale

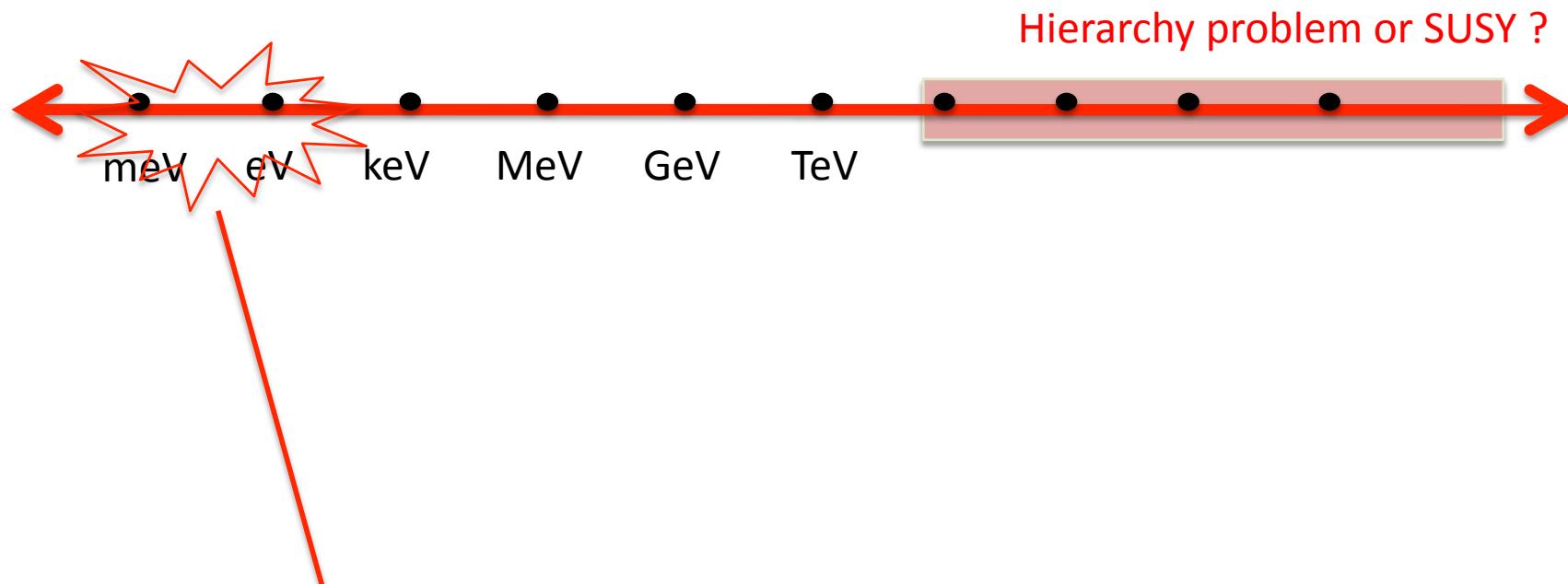


Light Sterile Neutrinos White Paper, Abazajian et al arXiv: 1204.5379 and refs. therein

# Pinning down the New physics scale

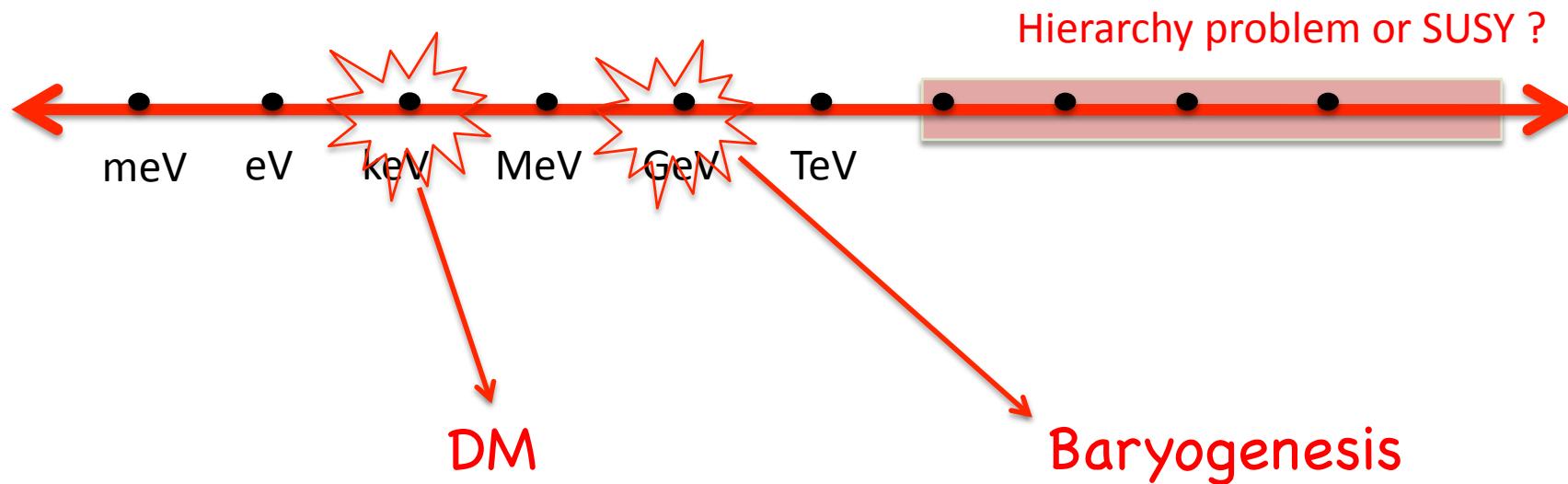


# Pinning down the New physics scale



Cosmo anomalies ?

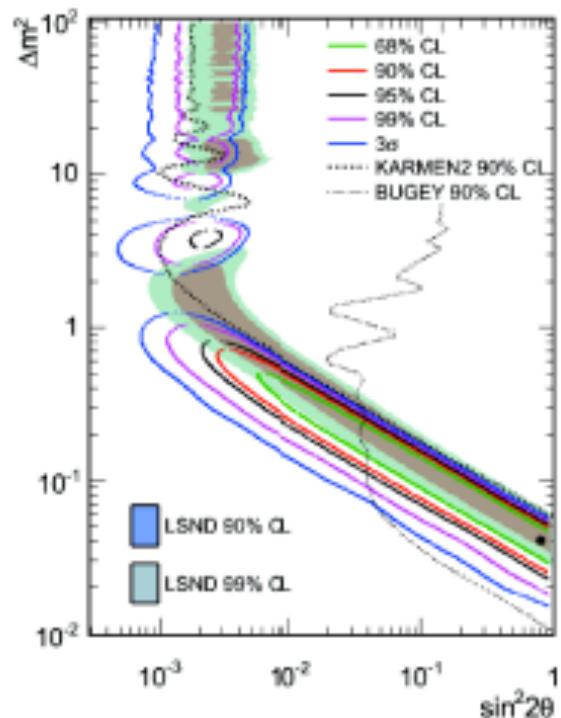
# Pinning down the New physics scale



# Neutrino anomalies

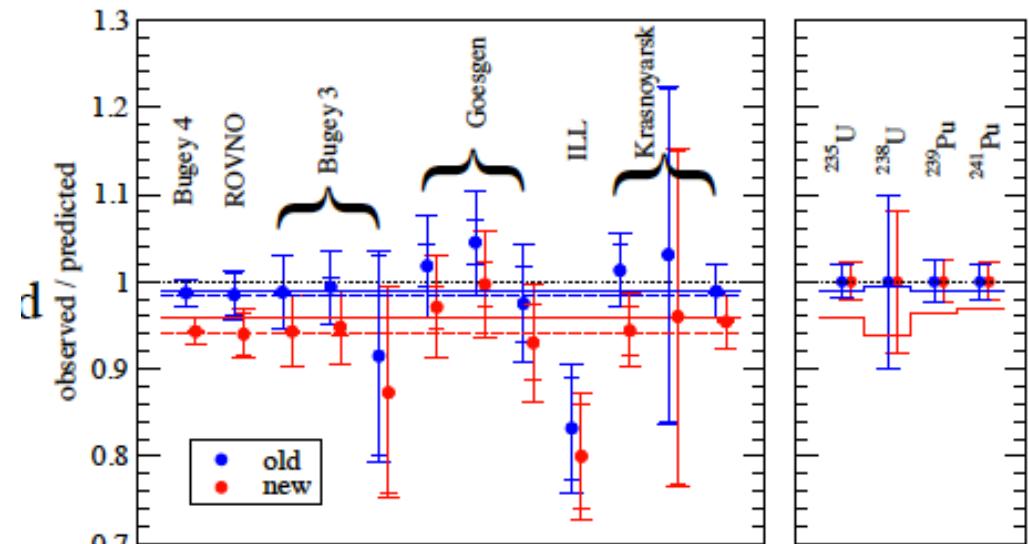
## LSND

$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e) = O(|U_{ei}|^2 |U_{\mu i}|^2)$$



## Reactors

$$P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) = O(|U_{ei}|^2)$$



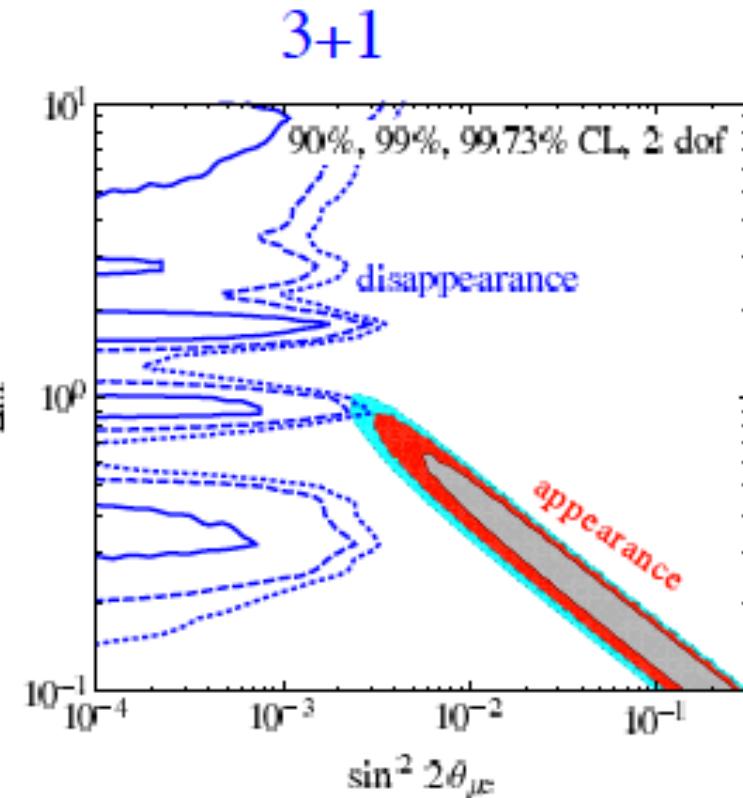
T. A. Mueller et al; P. Huber

+Gallium anomaly+ MiniBOONE low-energy excess...

$$P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu) = O(|U_{ei}|^2 |U_{\mu i}|^2)$$

$$P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) = O(|U_{ei}|^2)$$

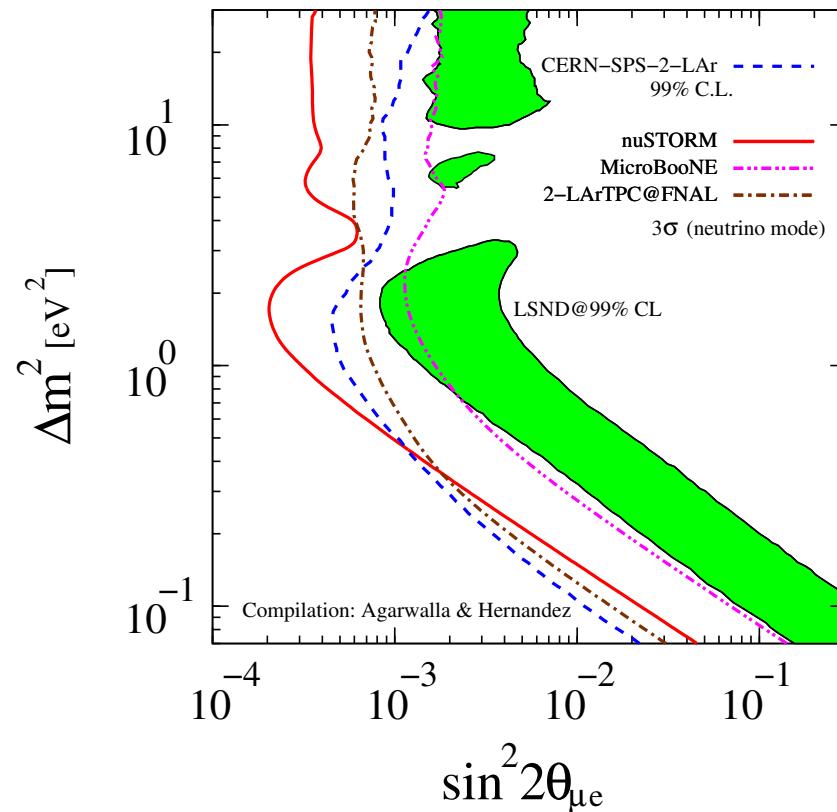
$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu) = O(|U_{\mu i}|^2)$$



T.Schwetz, talk ν2012

Strong tension remains:  
a convincing signal would be to find it in all the three...

# Testing neutrino anomalies (in few y)



- 1) Conventional beams with near detector and better capabilities (LAr):  
[MicroBooNe \(Fermilab\)](#), [ICARUS-Nessie \(CERN\)](#) ( $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ ) or [nuSTORM](#) ( $\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu$ )
- 2) Reactors: near detector fluxes vs theoretical flux predictions
- 3) Atmospheric: SuperK, Icecube & LBL ....
- 4) Borexino

If there are other light sterile states we must know...

Our predictions/constraints on

- 1) matter-antimatter asymmetry
- 2) large-scale structure, CMB
- 3) nucleosynthesis
- 4) supernova explosions
- 5) the dark matter content of the Universe
- 6) rate of neutrinoless double beta decay

....

depend on it !

# Concluding Observations

**Obs 1:** Neutrinos add at least as many parameters as quarks to the puzzle, but with features that might hint to a new physics scale

**Obs 2:** We still don't know what the vSM is

**Obs 3:** The existence of a new physics scale in vSM whether related or not to the EW scale would have clear implications for the hierarchy problem and EWSB

**Obs 4:** The observation of neutrinoless double beta decay would be the discovery of such a new physics scale !

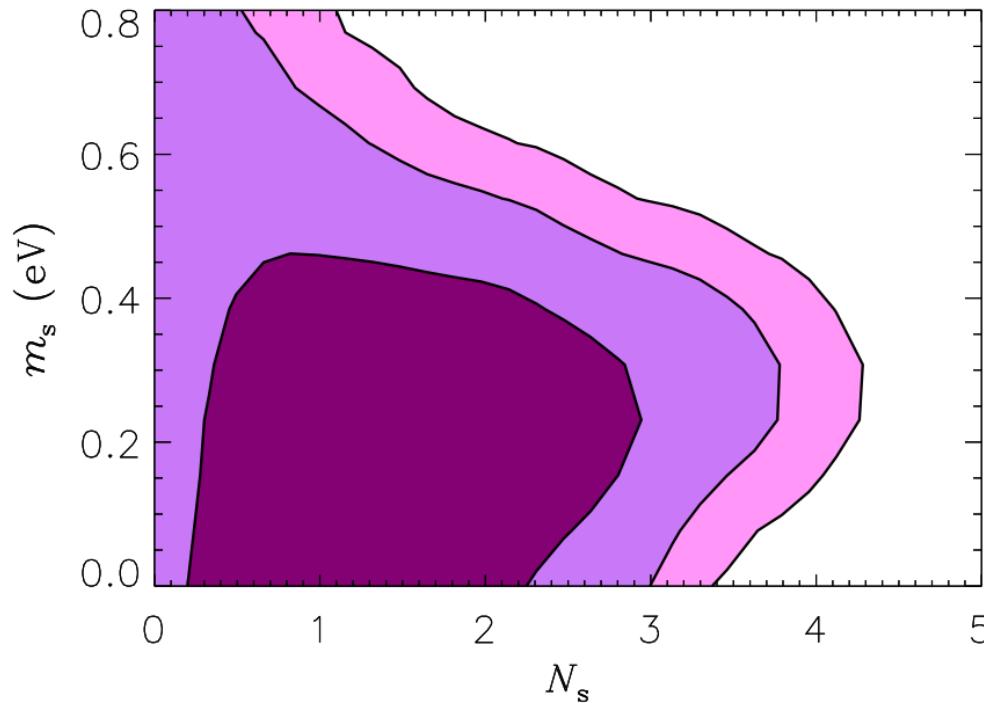
**Obs 5:** Predicting the matter-antimatter asymmetry in the Universe would be a major achievement of the vSM

Two key ingredients: Leptonic CP violation  
Lepton number violation

**Obs 6:** Mass Hierarchy essential for reconstructing the underlying model of neutrino masses & predictions for other observables

# BACKUP

# Cosmology



Hamann et al, ArXiv: 1006.5276

Sterile species favoured by LSS and CMB

Nucleosynthesis:

$$N_s = 0.68^{+0.80}_{-0.70}$$

Izotov, Thuan

# Hierarchy earlier ?

1) Atmospheric data contain this golden signal but hard to dig out

INO:  $2\sigma$  (250 kton·y),  $2.7\sigma$  (500 kton·y)

HK:  $3\sigma$  (2.8 Mton·y),  $4\sigma$  (5.6 Mton·y)

PINGU@ICECUBE: sensitivity depends a lot on systematic assumptions

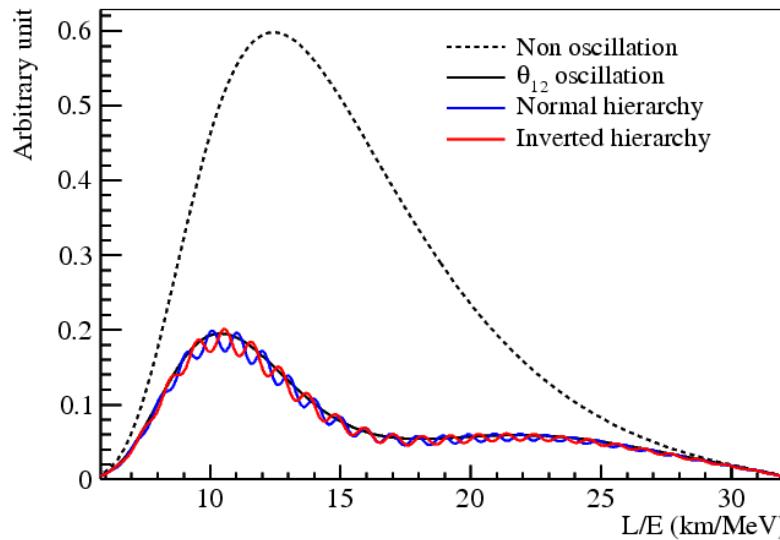
Choubey Neutrino 2012

# Hierarchy earlier ?

## 2) LBL Reactor neutrinos

$$P_{\nu_e \nu_e} = 1 - c_{13}^4 \sin^2 2\theta_{12} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{12}L}{2} \right) - c_{12}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{31}L}{2} \right) - s_{12}^2 \sin^2 \theta_{13} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{32}L}{2} \right)$$

$|\Delta_{32}| < |\Delta_{31}|$  NH  
 $|\Delta_{32}| > |\Delta_{31}|$  IH



Petcov et al

Extremely challenging: 20kton, 2-3% energy resolution, 1% linearity in energy scale, error on  $|\Delta m^2_{23}|$

Qian, Dwyer, McKeown, Vogel, Wang, Zhang arXiv:1208.1551

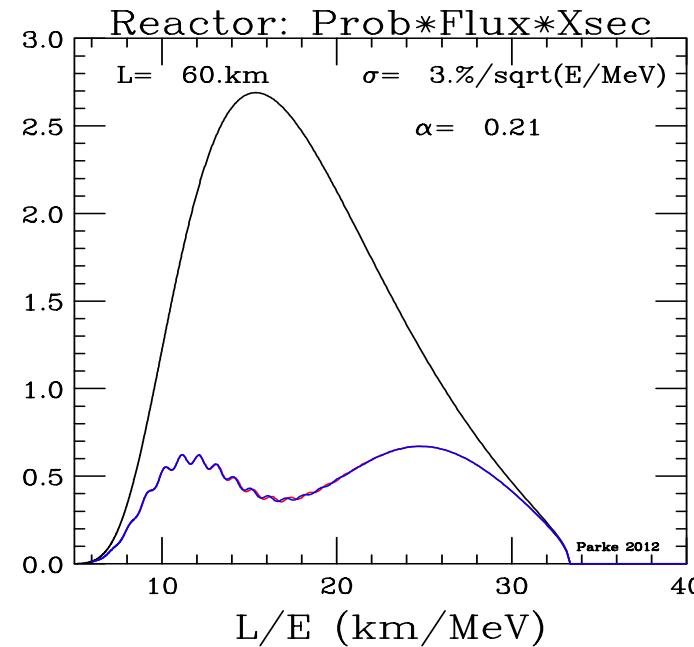
# Hierarchy earlier ?

## 2) LBL Reactor neutrinos

$$P_{\nu_e \nu_e} = 1 - c_{13}^4 \sin^2 2\theta_{12} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{12}L}{2} \right) - c_{12}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{31}L}{2} \right) - s_{12}^2 \sin^2 \theta_{13} \sin^2 \left( \frac{\Delta_{32}L}{2} \right)$$

$|\Delta_{32}| < |\Delta_{31}|$  NH

$|\Delta_{32}| > |\Delta_{31}|$  IH



Parke

Extremely challenging: 20kton, 2-3% energy resolution, 1% linearity in energy scale, error on  $|\Delta m^2|_{23}$

Qian, Dwyer, McKeown, Vogel, Wang, Zhang arXiv:1208.1551

Hierarchy is very easy for a sufficiently long baseline conventional beam even with existing detectors !

One example:

