LHC upgrade, accelerator R&D

ReCFA 2012 Restricted European Committee for Future Accelerators



Sławomir Wronka, 11.05.12r

Main accelerator laboratories in Poland

Cracow

AGH University of Science and Technology

 IFJ Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences

PK University of Technology

UJ Jagiellonian University

Warsaw

 NCBJ National Centre for Nuclear Research

PW University of Technology

UW Warsaw University

Wrocław

PWr University of Technology



LHC upgrade

Infrastructure for accelerator production at NCBJ





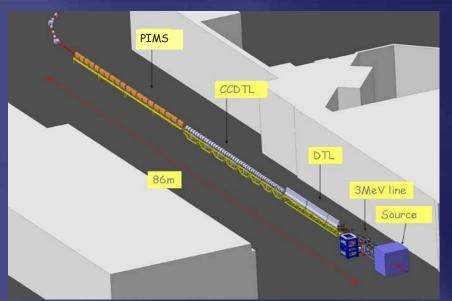


LHC upgrade

Machines, technology, personnel

Buncher cavity for Linac4





LHC upgrade – PIMS structure production for Linac4

- 352 MHz
- 102 -160 MeV
- 4MV/m
- ~18m long part



dr Sławomir Wronka, NCBJ

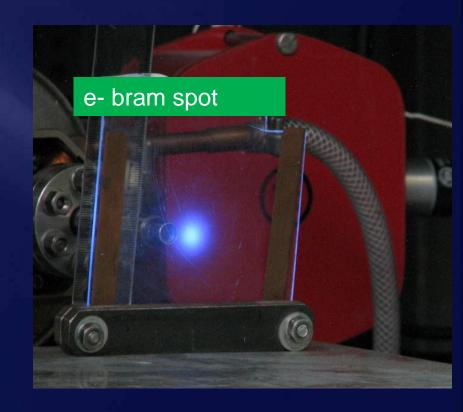
LHC upgrade - IFJ

- Design and construction of movable measuring equipment and accessories to test the electrical circuits of all superconducting magnets in the LHC.
- Programming of the Electrical Quality Assurance equipment
- Cold and warm measurements of LHC superconducting magnets

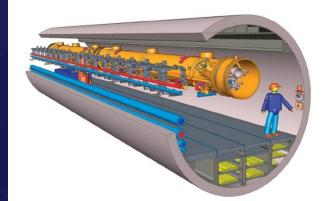
LHC upgrade

Radiation damage studies (PK, NCBJ)

Dedicated infrastructure for high doses irradiations in cryogenic environment.



XFEL

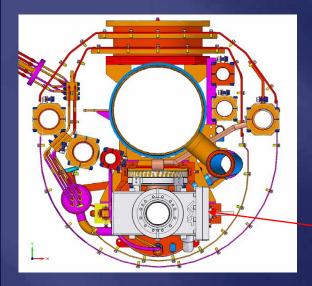


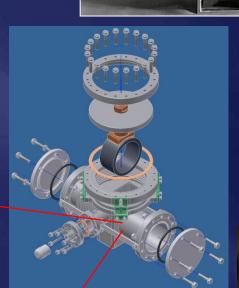
 Acceptance tests of superconducting magnets, cavities and cryomodules

Group of experienced and skilled experts

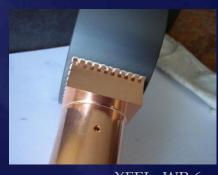
- Software development of the XFEL test stands
- Cryogenics
- Higher Order Mode (HOM) dumping system
 - HOM Couplers and Pick-ups;
 - Beam Line HOM Absorbers (BLA) for travelling
 HOMs
 dr Sławomir Wronka, NCBJ

HOM couplers & absorbers











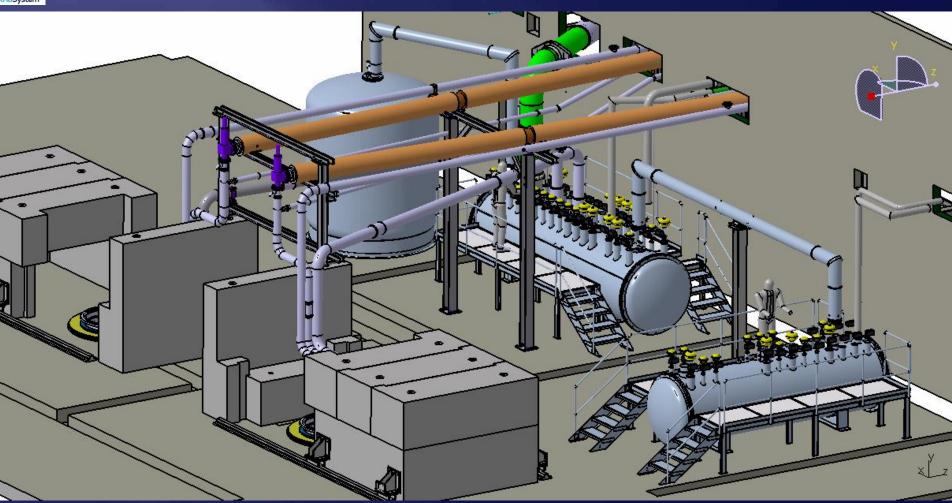


Courtesy: E.Plawski, NCBJ



Wroclaw University IKC to XFEL

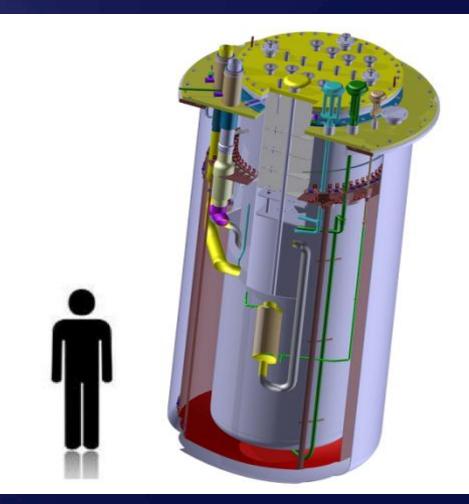
ioSystem*







- Cryostat 3D model
- Cryostat equipment:
 - Control and JT valves
 - Supercritical helium heat exchanger
 - Coper theramal radiation shield
 - Process pipes and supports
 - Instrumentation
 - Insert for cavities instalation
- Crysotat vessel production follow AD2000 code





XATC cryostats – WUT IKC to XFEL

rioSystem*





XATC1 Vacuum Vessel



Wroclaw University of Technology IKC to XFEL – transfer line

XATL1

Liquid helium multichannel transfer line

- lenght over 167 m with 4,5 K (-268° C)
- four transfer lines closed in vaccum shield

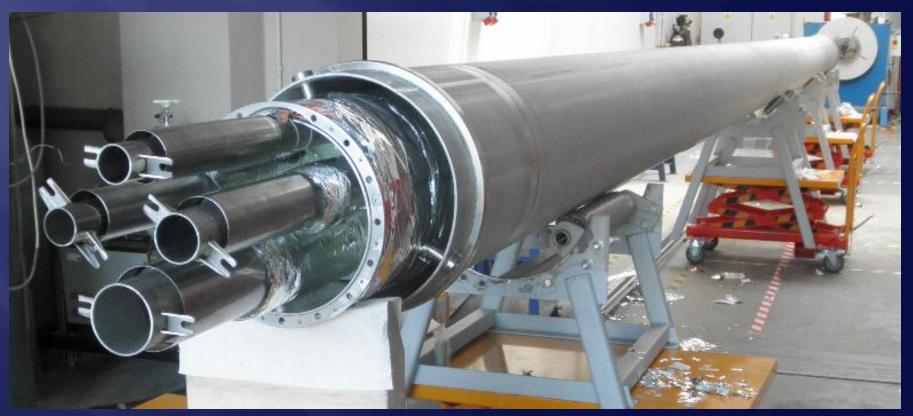






XATL1 production process

Complete linear module







XATL1 production

Welding works with fix supports and vacuum shield closing











XATL1 installation

- Installation on the bridge with height around 10 m
- Special tents for protection against weather conditions
 - Precise positioning of modules against each other
 - Difficult welding position and small welding space





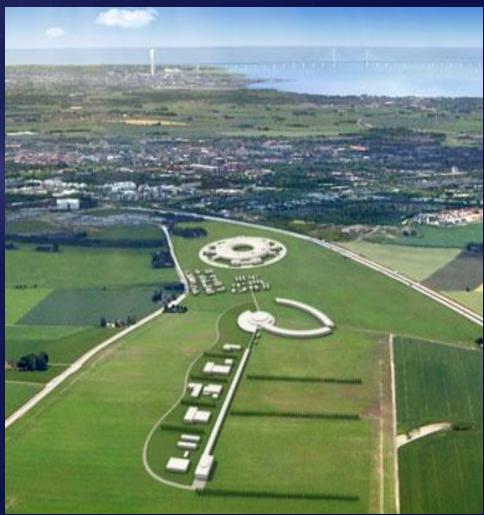
Summary of Wrocław University of Technology accelerator activities

Installation	Activity	Remarks
LHC, CERN, Geneva	Update uf the LHC cryogenic system risk analysis	Modelling of the LHC failures, design recommendations
FAIR, GSI, Darmstadt	Design and productionof SIS 100 and SFRS local cryogenics	In <u>frame</u> of <u>Polish</u> IKC to FAIR
XFEL, DESY, Hamburg	Design and production of AMTF cryoline and cryostats	In <u>frame</u> of <u>Polish</u> IKC to XFEL

ESS

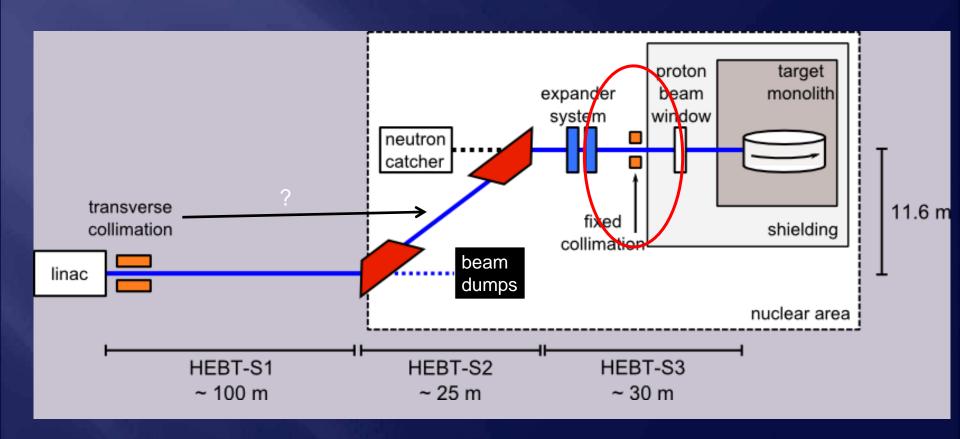
- 2,5 GeV proton beam, few MW beam power
- Polish group 5 people
- Calculations:
 - RF
 - Radiation shielding
 - Beam dynamics
 - Collimation
- Financing by ESS & grants (yearly contracts)

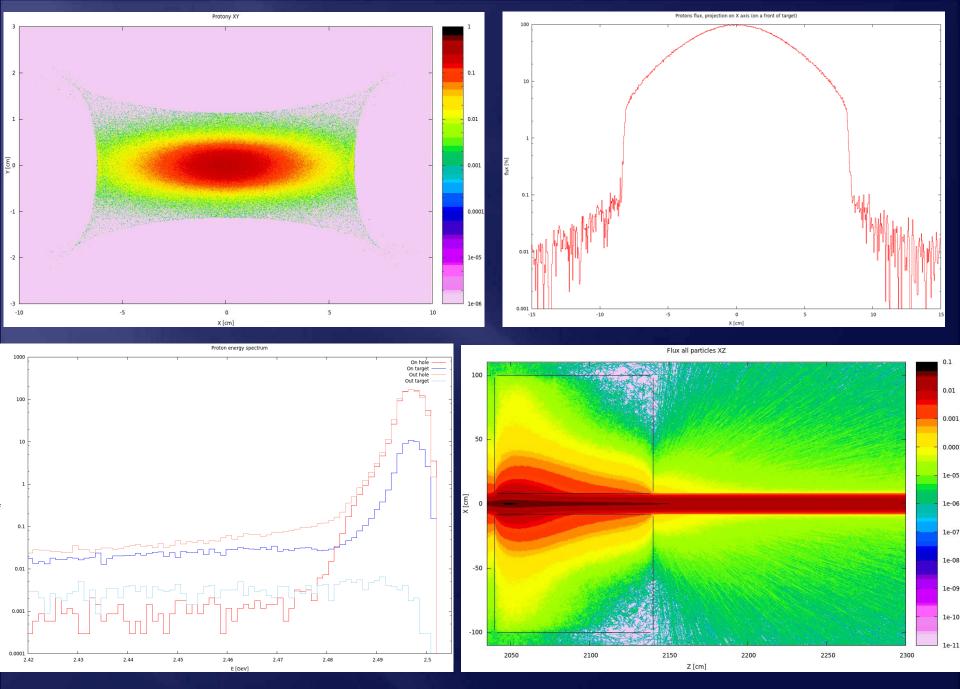




Schematic layout of HEBT







GBAR Gravitational Behaviour of Antihydrogen at Rest

Swansea University
School of Physical Sciences





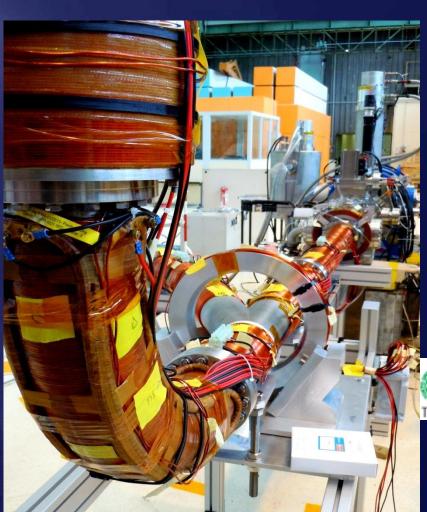








Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich



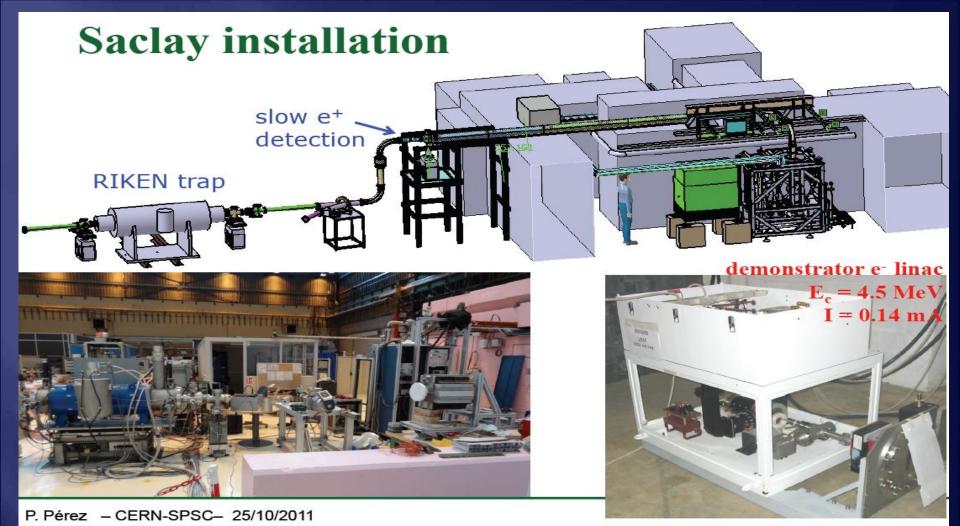












Existing linac upgrade, 4 people

(MoU + grant)

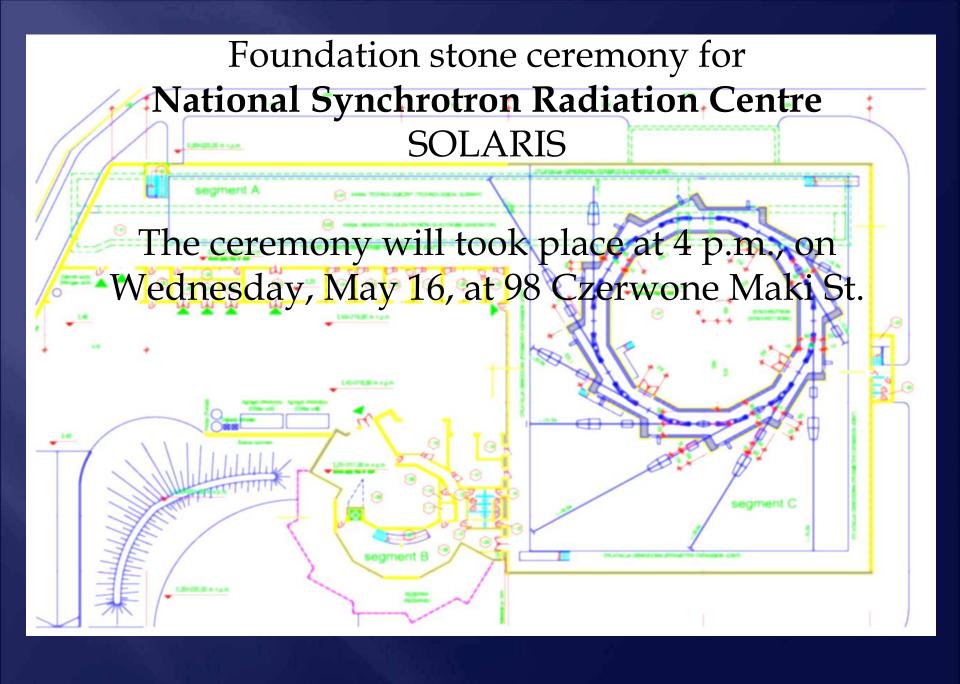
 Unique positron decelerator design, accelerator delivery



National Synchrotron Radiation Centre

- Linac 0.7 GeV
- Storage ring, 96m circumference, 1.5 GeV
- 143Mzł, beam starts in 2014
- EU Structural Funds Operational Programme Innovative Economy





National Synchrotron Radiation Centre

http://synchrotron.pl/

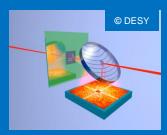






Free Electron Laser @ Świerk

4th generation light source driven by electron accelerator



3D-imaging: molecules & nano-structures



Material studies: dense plasma properties



Novel technologies: surface modification



Live sciences: biological cell imaging

www.polfel.pl

Continuous e⁻ beam E= 600 MeV Radiation wavelength: UV → 9 nm, THz Pulse length: < 100 fs

Ream power (peak): 0.22 GW

Zength: up to 400 m Cost: 100 M€

National Center for Hadron Radiotherapy

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National Consortium for Hadron Radiotherapy

13 September 2006 document establishing the National Consortium for Hadron Radiotherapy signed.

Members of the consortium, coordinated by the Institute of Nuclear Physics PAN, are 10 major Polish scientific and medical institutions.

2 August 2010 - ceremonial signing of an agreement for the supply of cyclotron Proteus C-235 with the technical infrastructure to create a National Center for Hadron Radiotherapy

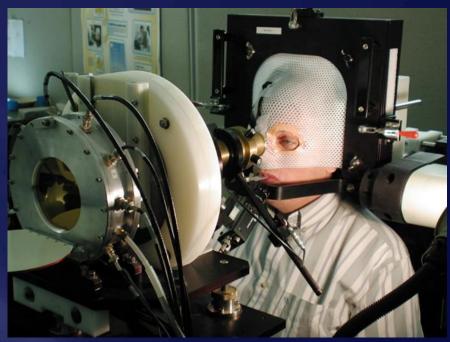
Projects

EU Structural Project: "National Center for Hadron Radiotherapy - Phase II: Cyclotron Center Bronowice - Gantry Room"

EU Structural Project: "National Center for Hadron Radiotherapy - Phase I: Cyclotron Center Bronowice"

Internal Project: Proton Radiotherapy of

- Proton Radiotherapy of Eye Melanoma
 - cyclotron AIC-144,
 - proton beam 60 MeV



 National Centre for Hadron Radiotherapy cyklotron Proteus C-235 under construction



Accelerator infrastructures

- Cracow: neutron generator 14 MeV, 60 MeV cyclotron, 250 MeV cyclotron under construction, 2.5 MeV VdG high stability
- Warsaw: p cyclotron 25 MeV, cyclotron 200 MeV heavy ion laboratory, nuclear reactor MARIA 30MW, VdG 2 MeV, ion implanters, electronics & LLRF laboratory.
 - Production unit for electron linacs ~100 people (design office, workshop)
 - Vacuum & RF technology
 - Electron linacs 4-20 MeV available for detector tests (space missions equipment) or other irradiations
- Wrocław: cryogenics laboratory & production, technology transfer

Summary

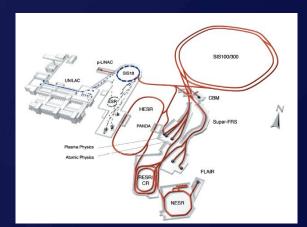
- Many activities in accelerator field for HEP is currently going on
- A lot of experience has been accumulated
- Groups of experts are able to perform calculations, modeling, design, production of many accelerator components as well as a delivery, assembly and starting up on-site
- Unique technology and expertise in accelerator production in Poland allow for participation in currently built and future facilities.

Summary

- Thanks to the close cooperation with industry the production capabilities include: warm cavities and whole accelerating structures, electron guns (SC gun studies), RF chains, warm magnets (solenoids, dipoles, quadrupoles), beam lines, advanced mechanics, cryogenics components, electronics & LLRF systems.
- R&D connected strongly to existing technology and production facilities (in-kind contributions).

Not all topics have been covered in this talk:

- ITER
- Wendelstain 7-X stellarator
- FAIR



- Advanced electronics for HEP accelerators
- LLRF details
- Beam instrumentation
- EuroNu A High Intensity Neutrino Oscillation
 Facility in Europe

(mechanical calculations & design, http://pc13.mech.pk.edu.pl/EUROnu).

Thank you

