

# Measurement of the $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Cross Section with the ATLAS Detector

**Lorenzo Massa    Víctor Martín Lozano**

HASCO Hadron Collider Summer School 2012

01/02/2012

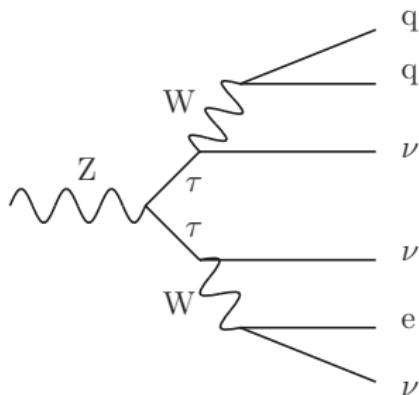
$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$$

- Useful to check Standard Model predictions.
- Possible “Standard Candel” for other processes.
- Background for the Higgs hunt ( $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ).
- Produced with  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, with a luminosity of  $36 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ .

# Candidates for $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- Leptonic ( $\sim 12\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$  ( $\sim 6\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu + \mu$  ( $\sim 3\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e + e$  ( $\sim 3\%$ )
- Semi-leptonic ( $\sim 46\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e + \text{jets}$  ( $\sim 23\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu + \text{jets}$  ( $\sim 23\%$ )
- Hadronic ( $\sim 42\%$ )
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{jets}$

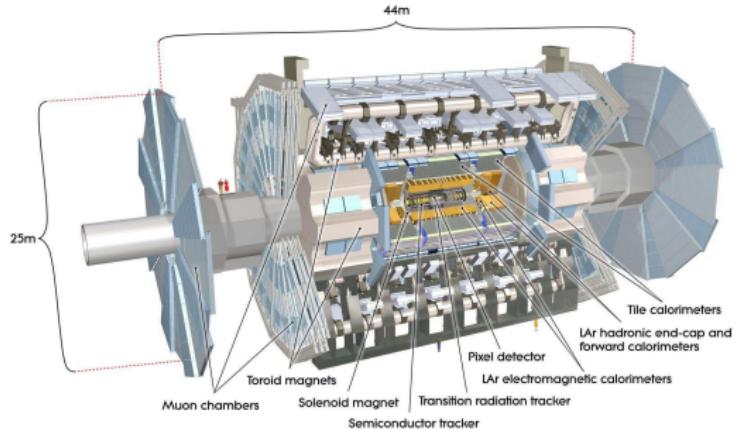
The Hadronic channel and the  $\tau_e \tau_e$  channel are not taken into account, because of the huge background contamination.



# ATLAS

(A Toroidal Lhc ApparatuS)

- Inner Tracker
- Electromagnetic Calorimeter
- Hadronic Calorimeter
- Muon Spectrometer



# Selection of Physical Objects

## Electron

- $E_T > 16\text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 2.47$  ( $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$  not considered)
- Trigger efficiency 89% (73%) for the medium (tight) trigger.

## Muon

- $p_T > 15\text{ GeV}$  ( $10\text{ GeV}$ ) semileptonic (leptonic) channel.
- $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Trigger efficiency 92%

## Jets

- Anti- $k_T$  algorithm with  $R = 0.4$
- $p_T > 20\text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 4.5$

## Missing Transverse Momentum

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} = E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{calo.}) + E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{muon}) - E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{energy loss})$

Leptons must be isolated from jets!!

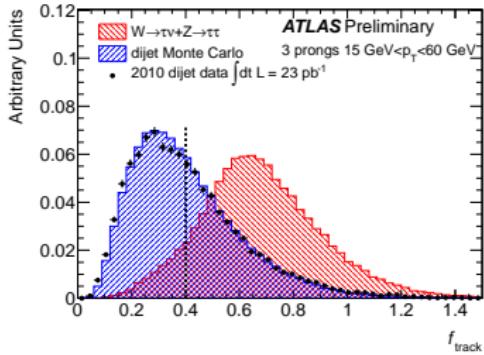
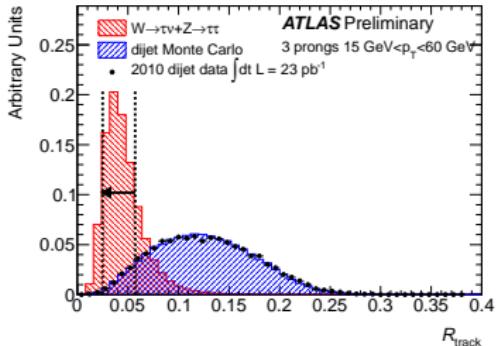
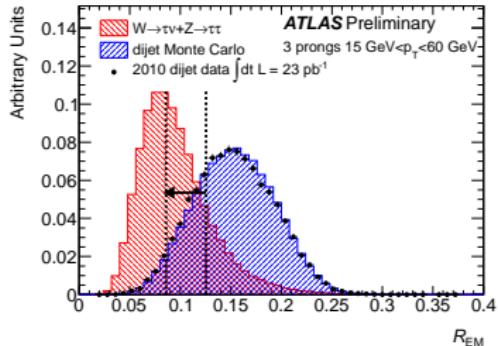
## *Hadronic $\tau$*

- $p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}$  for every single track
- $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$  for every jet
- $|\eta| < 2.47$  ( $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$  not considered)

Other criteria must be taken into account:

- Energy weighted transverse width in the EM Calorimeter ( $R_{em}$ )
- $p_T$  weighted track width ( $R_{track}$ )
- Fraction of  $p_T$  carried by the leading track

# Selection of Hadronic $\tau$



## Semileptonic Channel

$\tau_e \tau_h$

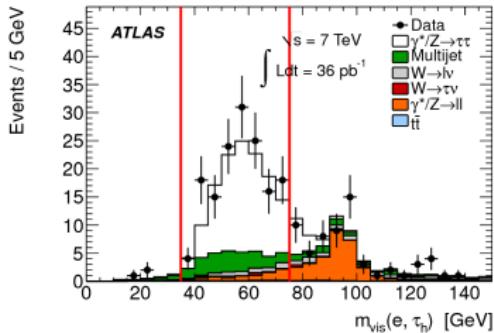
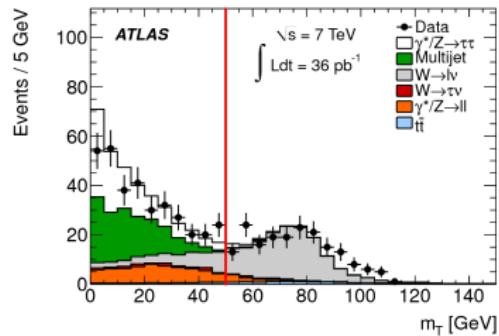
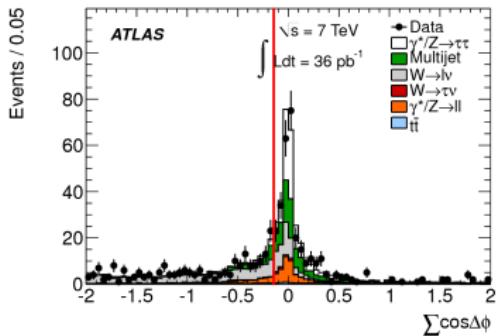
- One isolated tight electron:  $E_T > 16$  GeV
- Hadronic  $\tau$ :  $p_T > 20$  GeV

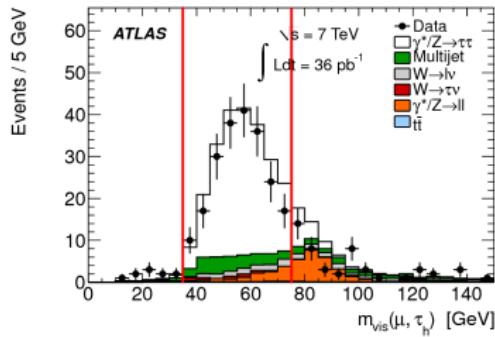
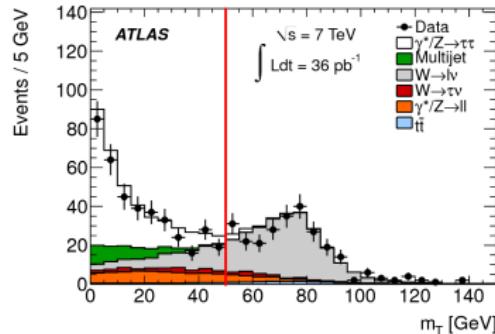
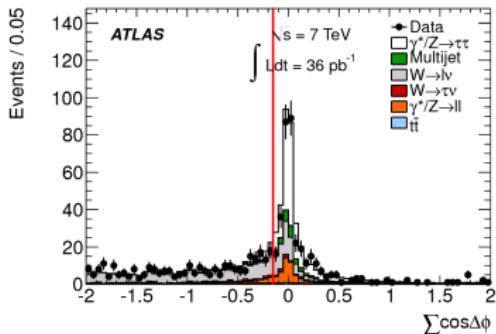
$\tau_\mu \tau_h$

- One isolated muon:  $p_T > 15$  GeV
- Hadronic  $\tau$ :  $p_T > 20$  GeV

Both Channels

- Only one lepton
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  azimuthal range ( $\sum \cos(\Delta\phi) > -0.15$ )
- $m_T < 50$  GeV
- $35 < m_{\text{vis}} < 75$  GeV





# Leptonic Channel

 $\tau_e \tau_\mu$ 

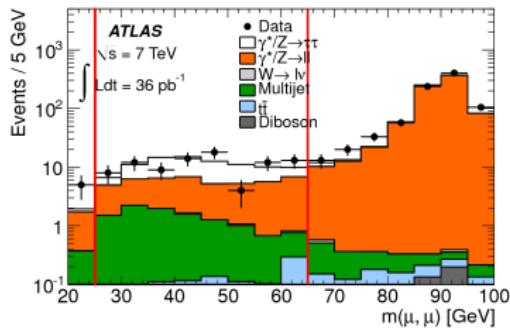
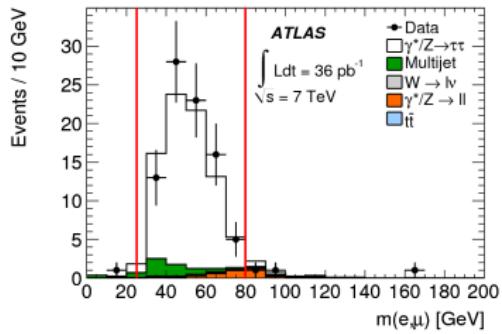
- One medium electron:  $E_T > 16$  GeV
- One Muon:  $p_T > 10$  GeV
- $25 < m_{e\mu} < 80$  GeV
- $\sum \cos \Delta\phi > -0.15$
- $\sum E_T + E_T^{miss} < 150$  GeV

 $\tau_\mu \tau_\mu$ 

- First muon with  $p_T > 10$  GeV
- Second muon with  $p_T > 15$  GeV
- $25 < m_{\mu\mu} < 65$  GeV
- Boosted Decision Tree



$\tau e \tau \mu$  &  $\tau \mu \tau \mu$



# Background

	$\tau_\mu \tau_h$	$\tau_\mu \tau_h$	$\tau_\mu \tau_e$	$\tau_\mu \tau_\mu$
$\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$11.1 \pm 0.5$	$6.9 \pm 0.4$	$1.9 \pm 0.1$	$36 \pm 1$
$W \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$9.3 \pm 0.7$	$4.8 \pm 0.4$	$0.7 \pm 0.2$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$	$3.6 \pm 0.8$	$1.5 \pm 0.4$	$< 0.2$	$< 0.2$
$t\bar{t}$	$1.3 \pm 0.1$	$1.02 \pm 0.08$	$0.15 \pm 0.03$	$0.8 \pm 0.1$
Multijet	$24 \pm 6$	$23 \pm 6$	$6 \pm 4$	$10 \pm 2$
Total background	$49 \pm 6$	$39 \pm 6$	$9 \pm 4$	$47.2 \pm 2.2$
$\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$186 \pm 2$	$98 \pm 1$	$73 \pm 1$	$44 \pm 1$
Total expected events	$235 \pm 6$	$135 \pm 6$	$82 \pm 4$	$91 \pm 3$

Several cuts are considered into the analysis in order to avoid this background.

# Cross Section Calculation

$$\sigma(Z \rightarrow \tau\tau) \times BR = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bkg}}{A_Z \cdot C_Z \cdot \mathcal{L}}$$

$A_Z$ : Acceptance factor  $\sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-1})$

$C_Z$ : Correction factor  $\sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-1})$

$\mathcal{L} \sim 36\text{pb}^{-1}$

# Systematic Uncertainties

Systematic Uncertainty	$\tau_\mu \tau_h$	$\tau_e \tau_h$	$\tau_e \tau_\mu$	$\tau_\mu \tau_\mu$
Muon efficiency	3.8%	...	2.2%	8.6%
Muon $d_0$ (shape & scale)	...	...	...	6.2%
Muon resolution & energy scale	0.2%	...	0.1%	1.0%
Electron efficiency, resolution & charge misidentification	...	9.6%	5.9%	...
$\tau_h$ identification efficiency	8.6%	8.6%	...	...
$\tau_h$ misidentification	1.1%	0.7%	...	...
Energy scale ( $e/\tau/\text{jets}/E_T^{\text{miss}}$ )	10%	11%	1.7%	0.1%
Multijet estimate method	0.8%	2%	1.0%	1.7%
W normalization factor	0.1%	0.2%	...	...
Object quality selection criteria	1.9%	1.9%	0.4%	0.4%
Pileup description in simulation	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%
Theoretical cross section	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	4.3%
$A_Z$ systematics	3%	3%	3%	4%
Total systematic uncertainty	15%	17%	7.3%	14%
Statistical uncertainty	9.8%	12%	13%	23%
Luminosity	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%

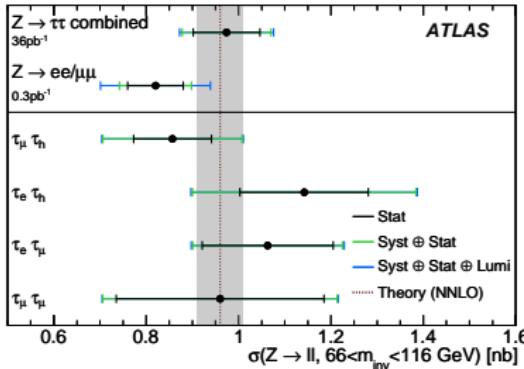
# Systematic Uncertainties

Systematic Uncertainty	$\tau_\mu \tau_h$	$\tau_e \tau_h$	$\tau_e \tau_\mu$	$\tau_\mu \tau_\mu$
Muon efficiency	3.8%	...	2.2%	8.6%
Muon $d_0$ (shape & scale)	...	...	...	6.2%
Muon resolution & energy scale	0.2%	...	0.1%	1.0%
<b>Electron efficiency, resolution &amp; charge misidentification</b>	...	<b>9.6%</b>	<b>5.9%</b>	...
<b><math>\tau_h</math> identification efficiency</b>	<b>8.6%</b>	<b>8.6%</b>	...	...
$\tau_h$ misidentification	1.1%	0.7%	...	...
<b>Energy scale (<math>e/\tau/\text{jets}/E_T^{\text{miss}}</math>)</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>0.1%</b>
Multijet estimate method	0.8%	2%	1.0%	1.7%
W normalization factor	0.1%	0.2%	...	...
Object quality selection criteria	1.9%	1.9%	0.4%	0.4%
Pileup description in simulation	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%
Theoretical cross section	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	4.3%
$A_Z$ systematics	3%	3%	3%	4%
Total systematic uncertainty	15%	17%	7.3%	14%
Statistical uncertainty	9.8%	12%	13%	23%
Luminosity	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%

# Results

$$\sigma(Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, 66 < m_{inv} < 116 \text{ GeV})$$

Theoretical	$0.96 \pm 0.05 \text{ nb}$
CMS	$1.00 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst}) \pm 0.04(\text{lumi}) \text{ nb}$
<b>ATLAS</b>	<b><math>0.97 \pm 0.07(\text{stat}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst}) \pm 0.03(\text{lumi}) \text{ nb}</math></b>



$$\sigma(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, 66 < m_{inv} < 116 \text{ GeV})$$

CMS	$0.974 \pm 0.007(\text{stat}) \pm 0.007(\text{syst}) \pm 0.010(\text{theor.}) \pm 0.039(\text{lumi}) \text{ nb}$
ATLAS	$0.937 \pm 0.006(\text{stat}) \pm 0.009(\text{syst}) \pm 0.016(\text{theor.}) \pm 0.032(\text{lumi}) \text{ nb}$

# References

- **Measurement of the  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  cross section with the ATLAS detector.** ATLAS Collaboration. *Phys. Rev. D* **84**, 112006 (2011)
- **Measurement of the Inclusive  $W^\pm$  and  $Z/\gamma^*$  Cross Sections in the  $e$  and  $\mu$  Decay Channels in  $pp$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV with the ATLAS Detector** ATLAS Colaboration. *Phys. Rev. D* **85** (2012) 67004
- **Measurement of the Inclusive W and Z Production Cross Sections in  $pp$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{7} = 7$  TeV** CMS Collaboration. *JHEP* **10** (2011) 007