# Transverse Energy Flow and Charged Particle Event Shapes with ATLAS

### Deepak Kar University of Glasgow On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



DIS, Marseille, April 2013



Sunday, 21 April 13





- Event shape observables: continuous measure of geometric properties of energy flow, sensitive to transition between non-perturbative to perturbative regime. arXiv:1207.6915
- Transverse energy flow: uses the full acceptance of the calorímeter, extra handle on soft partícle productíon. JHEP11 (2012) 033

# Event Shape Observables



# **Event Shape Observables**

#### Transverse thrust $\tau_{\perp}$

$$\tau_{\perp} = \tau_{T} = 1 - \max_{\hat{n}_{T}} \frac{\sum_{i} |\mathbf{p}_{T,i} \cdot \hat{n}_{T}|}{\sum_{i} |\mathbf{p}_{T,i}|} \qquad |\hat{n}_{T}| = 1$$

Transverse momentum flow along the thrust axis  $0 \le \tau_{\perp} \le 1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \approx 0.36$ 

Thrust Minor T<sub>M</sub>

$$T_M = \frac{\sum_i |\mathbf{p}_{T,i} \times \hat{n}_M|}{\sum_i |\mathbf{p}_{T,i}|} \qquad \hat{n}_M = \hat{n}_T \times \hat{z}$$

Out-of-eventplane transverse momentum flow  $0 \le T_M \le 1$ 

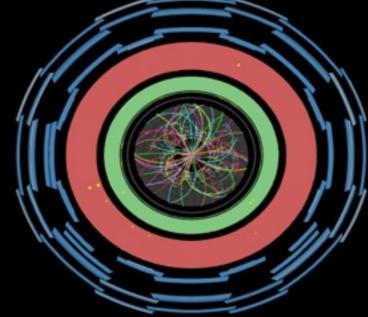
Transverse sphericity  $S_{\perp}$ 

$$S_{xy} = \sum_{i} \begin{bmatrix} p_{x,i}^2 & p_{x,i}p_{y,i} \\ p_{x,i}p_{y,i} & p_{y,i}^2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \lambda_2^{xy} > \lambda_1^{xy} = \text{Eigenvalues of } S_{xy}$$

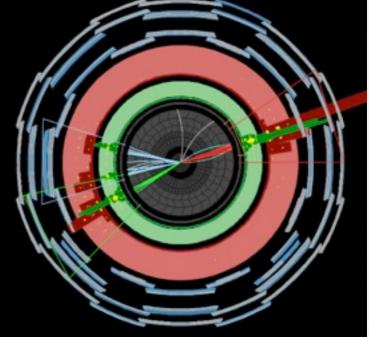
and

$$S_{\perp} = \frac{2\lambda_2^{xy}}{\lambda_1^{xy} + \lambda_2^{xy}}$$

Isotropy of transverse momentum flow  $0 < S_\perp \leq 1$ 



Spherical Event



4

Pencil-like Event

### MC Models/Tunes

- Pythia 6 DW: Tevatron-era tune with virtuality ordered shower.
- Pythia 6 AMBT1: First ATLAS MB tune with (early) LHC data, pT ordered shower.
- Pythia 6 AMBT2B/AUET2B: Improved (ISR description) ATLAS tunes for MB/UE.
- □ Pythía 6 Z1: CMS tune, focussed on UE.
- □ Pythia 8 4C: Author tune, for both MB and UE.
- D Pythia 8 A2: ATLAS tune, for MB.
- □ Herwig++ UEF-2: Dedicated UE tune at 7 TeV.



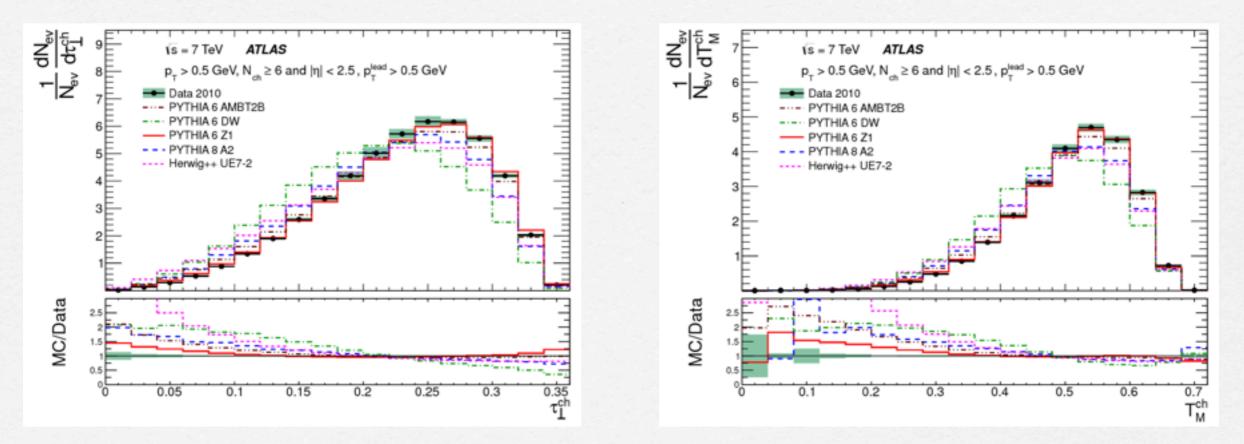
□ Epos LHC: Air shower MC, LHC 7 TeV (MB) specific "tune".

6

### **Inclusive Differential Distributions**

Transverse Thrust

Transverse Thrust Minor



Prevalence of spherical events; Pythia6 Z1 tune describes the data the best. dN<sub>ev</sub> dS<sup>ch</sup> dS<sup>ch</sup>

1.5

0.5

0.5 L

MC/Data

#### arXív:1207.6915

### **Inclusive Differential Distributions**

Data 2010

PYTHIA 6 DW

PYTHIA 6 Z1

--- PYTHIA 8 A2 ----- Herwig++ UE7-2

0.6

0.9

Sth

0.5

0.4

PYTHIA 6 AMBT2B

Transverse Spehericity

ATLAS

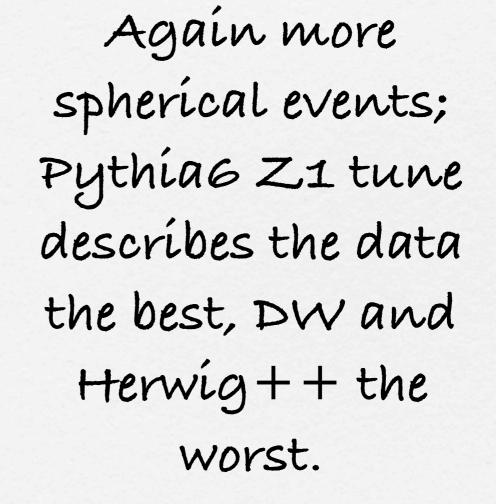
 $p_{\tau} > 0.5 \text{ GeV}, N_{ch} \ge 6 \text{ and } |\eta| < 2.5$ 

s = 7 TeV

plead > 0.5 GeV

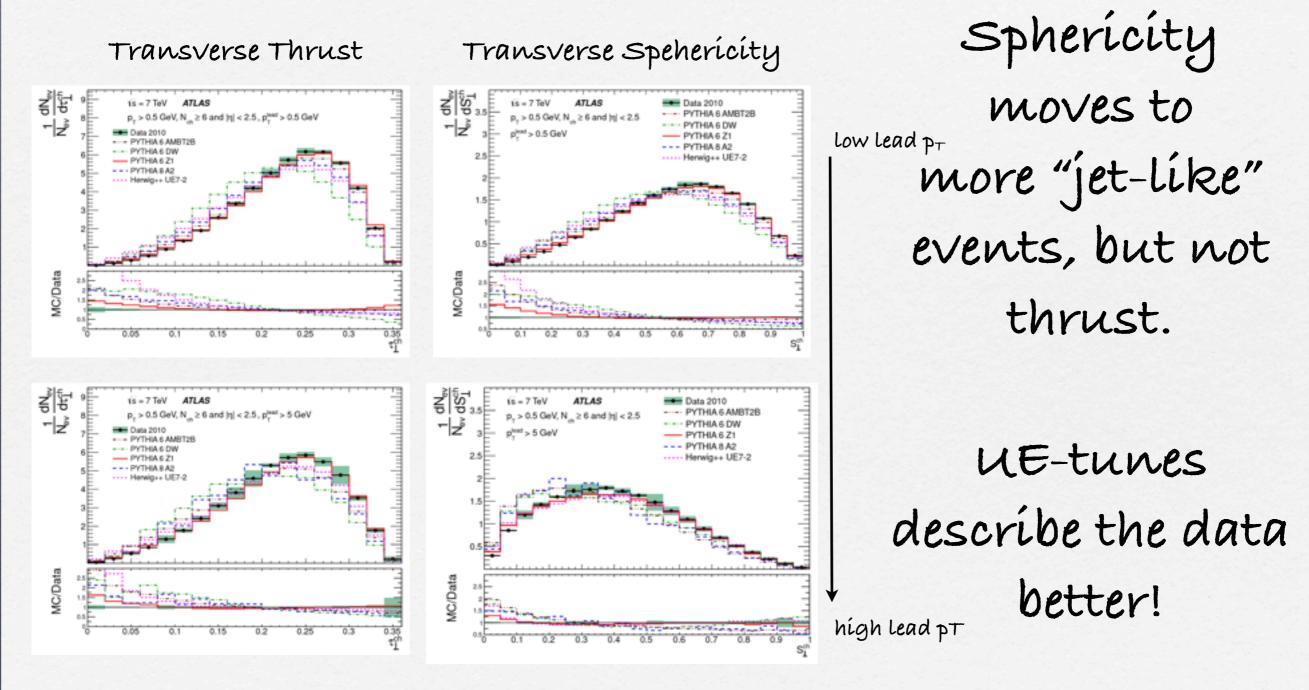
0.2

0.1

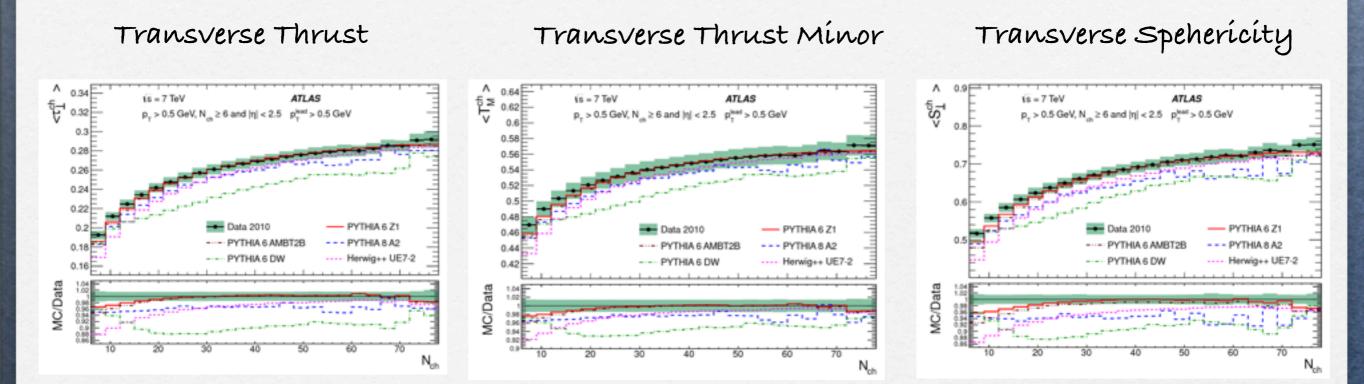




### Moving to Higher Lead p<sub>T</sub>

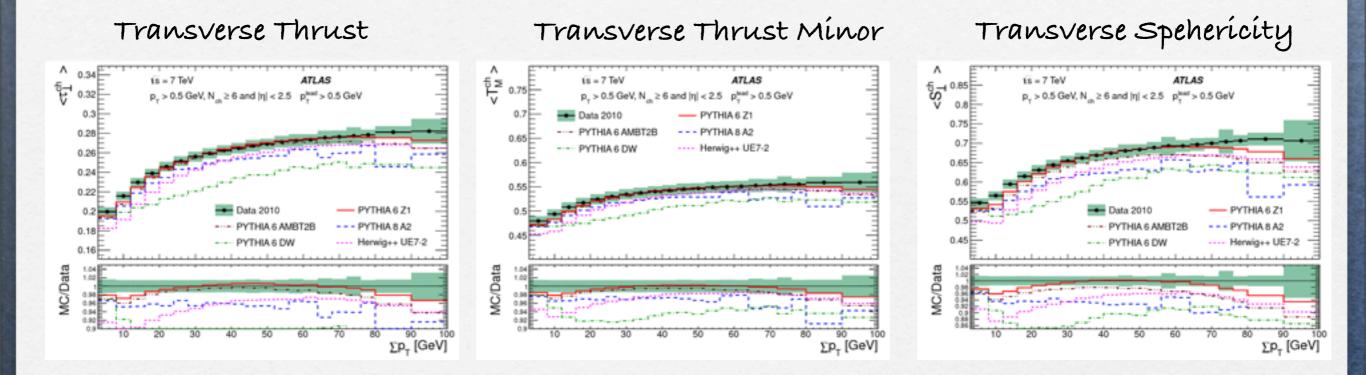


## **Against Multiplicity**



Mean values increase to values consistent with peak positions.

# Against Summed pT



Less spherical events before the plateau; except PythiaG DW, most MC models/tunes describe the data better than differential distributions.

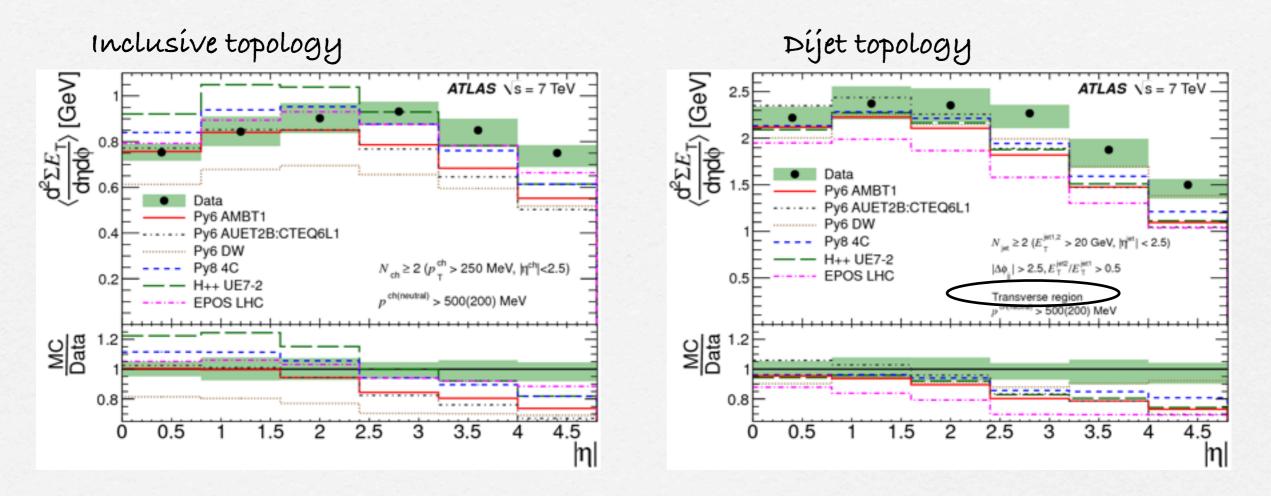
arXiv:1207.6915

#### 

### **Transverse Energy Flow**



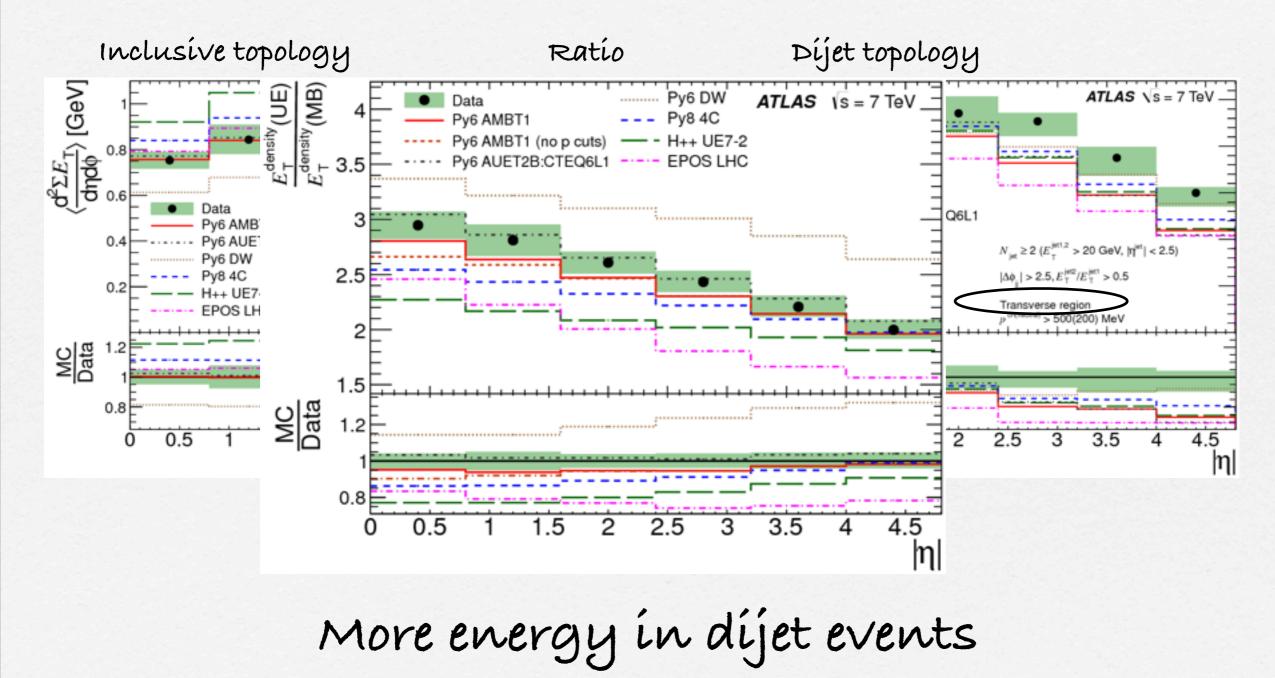
### **Transverse Energy Flow**



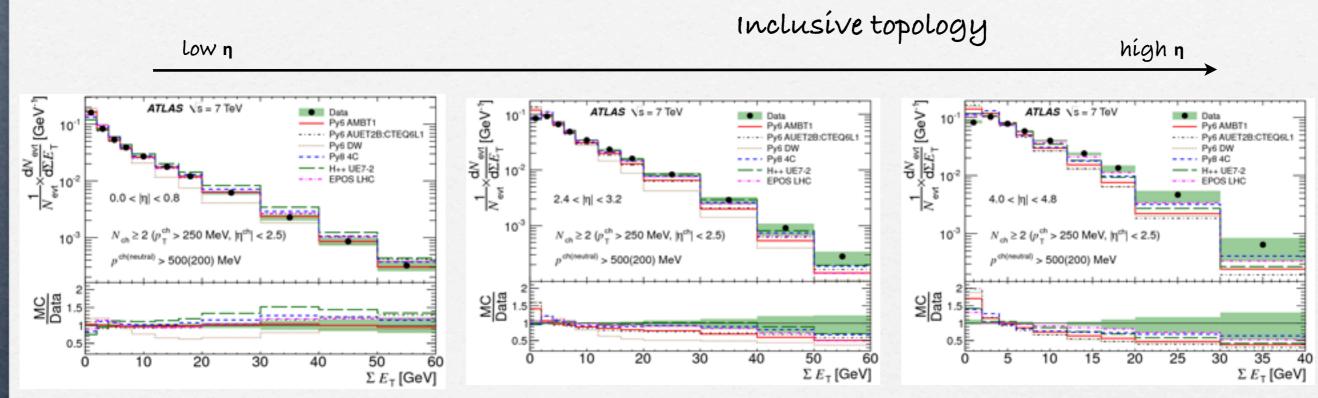
More low momentum particles in central region; EPOS and PythiaG AMBT1 are the best overall.

JHEP11 (2012) 033

### **Transverse Energy Flow**



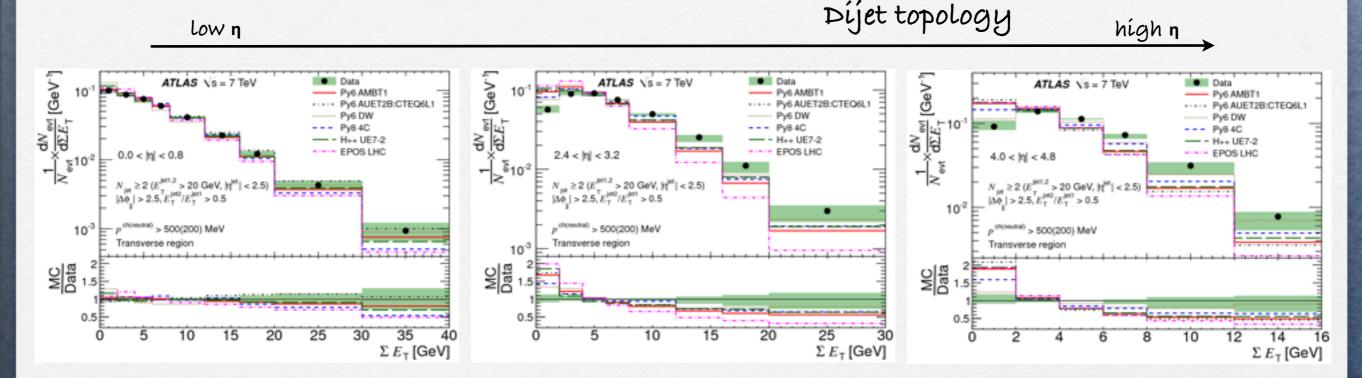
## From Central to Forward



All MC's do better in central region but underestimate the data at high pseudorapidity.

14

# From Central to Forward



Símílar story, but EPOS worse for central region too, UE tunes do better.

JHEP11 (2012) 033

### **PDF Dependence**

Inclusive topology Díjet topology  $\langle \frac{d^2 \Sigma E_T}{d\eta d\phi} \rangle$  [GeV]  $\langle \frac{d^2 \Sigma E_T}{d\eta d \phi} \rangle$  [GeV] ATLAS \s = 7 TeV ATLAS \s = 7 TeV y8 A2:CTEQ6L1 y8 A2:CTEQ6L1 (MSTW2008LO) A2:CTEQ6L1 Py8 A2:MSTW2008LO Py8 A2:CTEQ6L1× 0.96 CTEQ6L1 (MSTW2008LO)  $N_{int} \ge 2 (E_v^{jet_{1,2}} > 20 \text{ GeV}, |\eta^{iet}| < 2.5$ Pv8 A2:MSTW2008LO  $N_{ch} \ge 2 (p_{-}^{ch} > 250 \text{ MeV}, |\eta^{ch}| < 2.5)$  $|\Delta \phi_{\perp}| > 2.5, E_{\perp}^{|el2}/E_{\perp}^{|el1} > 0.5$ 0.2 0.5 Pv8 A2:CTEQ6L1× 0.93 n<sup>ch(neutral)</sup> > 500(200) MeV Transverse region ~ 500(200) MeV <sup>1.2</sup> Data Data 1 Data 0.8 0.8 4.5 0.5 2.5 3.5 0 3 4.5 Ő 0.5 2.5 3 3.5 4  $|\eta|$  $|\eta|$ 

Pythía 8 tune A2 with different PDF are tried; more high and low-x gluons in MSTW.

PDF Dependence of Tunes

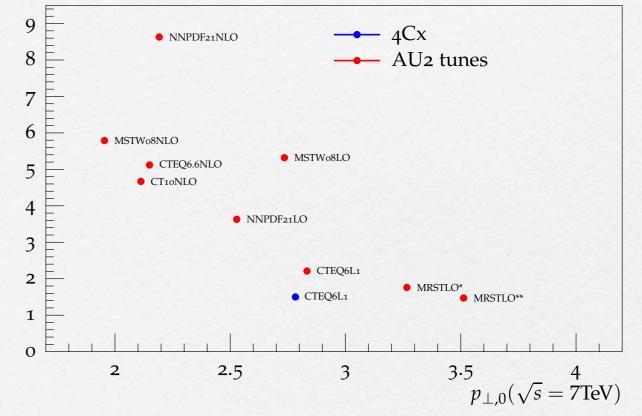
MB tunes prefer slightly higher values of MPI p<sub>T</sub> cutoff (and hence less MPI activity) than in the corresponding UE tunes, but this effect is small compared to that due to the variation between PDFs.

□ NLO PDF tunes seem to demand a stronger color reconnection strength but somewhat lower MPI p<sub>T</sub> cutoff and energy exponent than LO/mLO PDFs.

#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2012-003

Símílar behavíour also seen duríng earlíer Herwíg+Jímmy tuníng







## Summary

- Complimentary measurements to traditional minimum-bias and underlying event results (See Oldrich Kepka's talk on Thursday) in understanding soft-QCD at the LHC energy regime.
- Modelling the energy flow in forward region is critical for different measurements and searches.
- Crucíal input to MC tuning as we move to higher LHC centre-of-mass energies.

### NEW PREDICTIONS (10 years)

 QCD tests & applications will greatly improve, incorporating NLO, NNLO,...and a theory of fragmentation and hadronization.
Atlas and CMS will discover a candidate Higgs particle.
There will be convincing evidence for Susy particles.
Plans will be underway to build a LC (at Cern) to explore the superworld and the US will join CERN.
There will be direct detection of the Dark Matter wind.

6. Alice will see a crossover to the perturbative quark-gluon plasma.

7. Some new Z mesons will be discovered.

8. Gravitational waves and B modes will be observed.

9. String theory will start to be a **theory** with predictions.

10. We will have a plausible explanation of why  $\Lambda$  is so small.

David Gross: EPS 2011