



Charge-integrated pion and kaon multiplicities from Belle e^+e^- annihilation data

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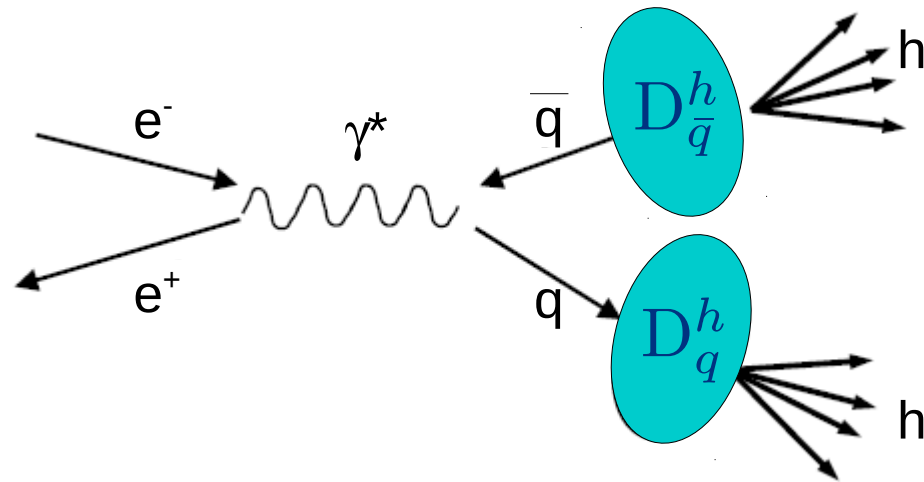
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Basque Foundation for Science

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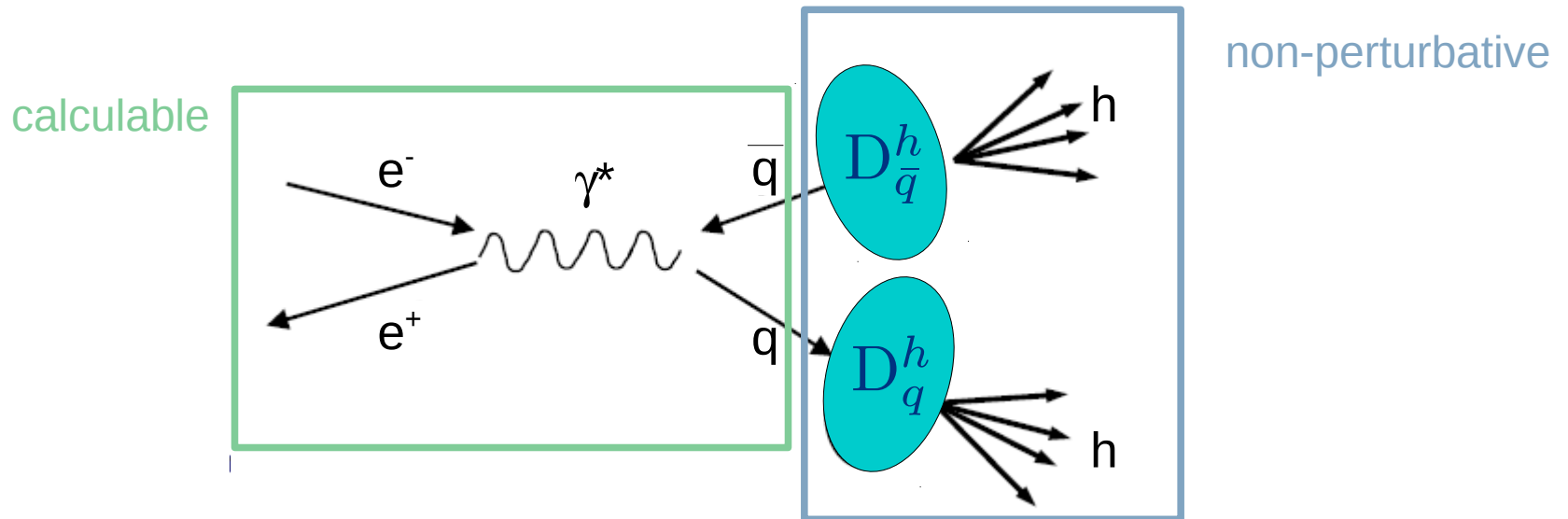
Outline

- e^+e^- annihilation and fragmentation functions
- Belle experiment
- extraction of π/K multiplicities
- applied corrections
- results
- comparison to world data
- summary

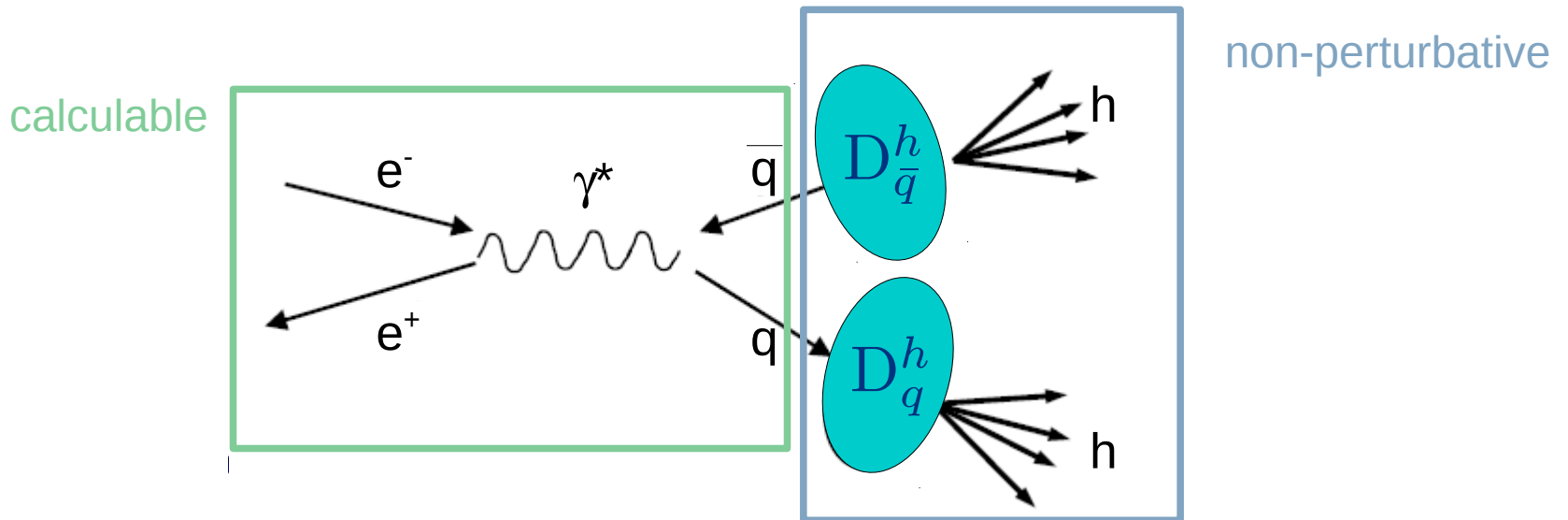
e^+e^- annihilation and fragmentation functions (FFs)



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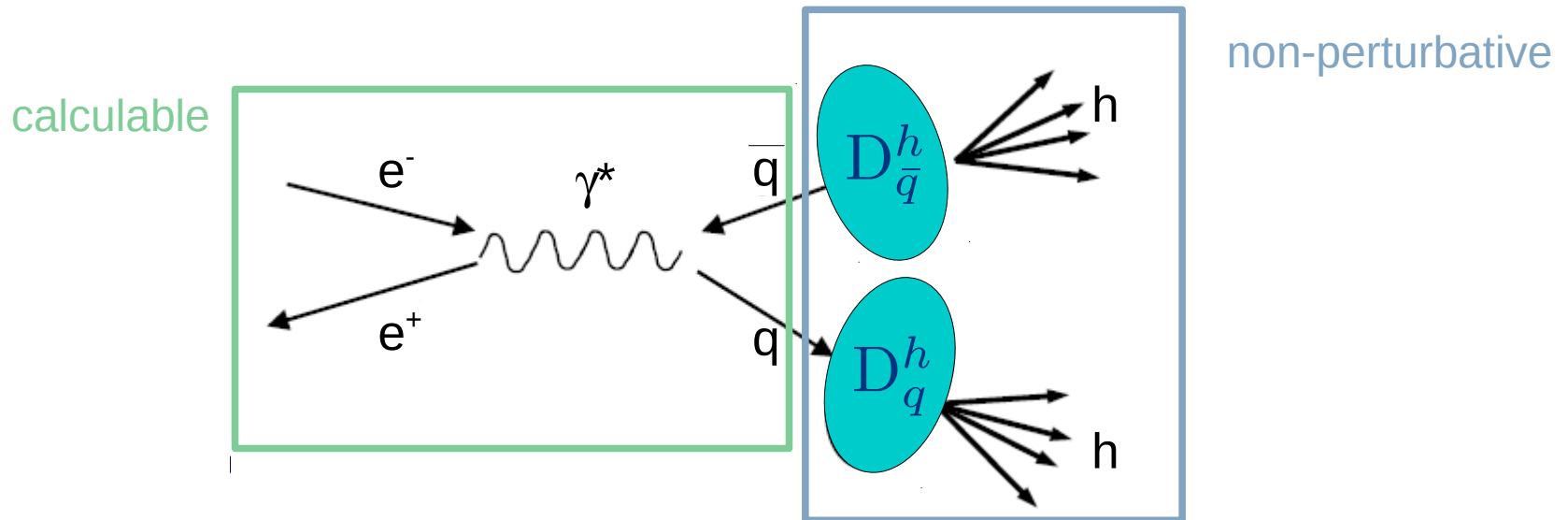


$$M^h(z, Q^2) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow hX)}{dz} \quad \text{with } z = \frac{E_h}{\sqrt{s}/2}$$

$$\stackrel{LO}{\propto} \sum_{i=q, \bar{q}} e_i^2 D_i^h(z, Q^2) \longrightarrow \text{quark FFs } D_{q, \bar{q}}^h$$

$$\stackrel{NLO}{\propto} \sum_{i=q, \bar{q}, g} C_i^{NLO}(z, \alpha_s) \otimes D_i^h(z, Q^2) \longrightarrow \text{gluon FFs } D_g^h$$

e^+e^- annihilation and fragmentation functions (FFs)



- e^+e^- annihilation provides cleanest access to fragmentation functions
- universality of FFs: use as input for nucleon-structure investigation in semi-inclusive DIS and proton-proton collisions
- no $q\bar{q}$ discrimination \longrightarrow need global analysis, including measurements from semi-inclusive DIS and proton-proton collisions

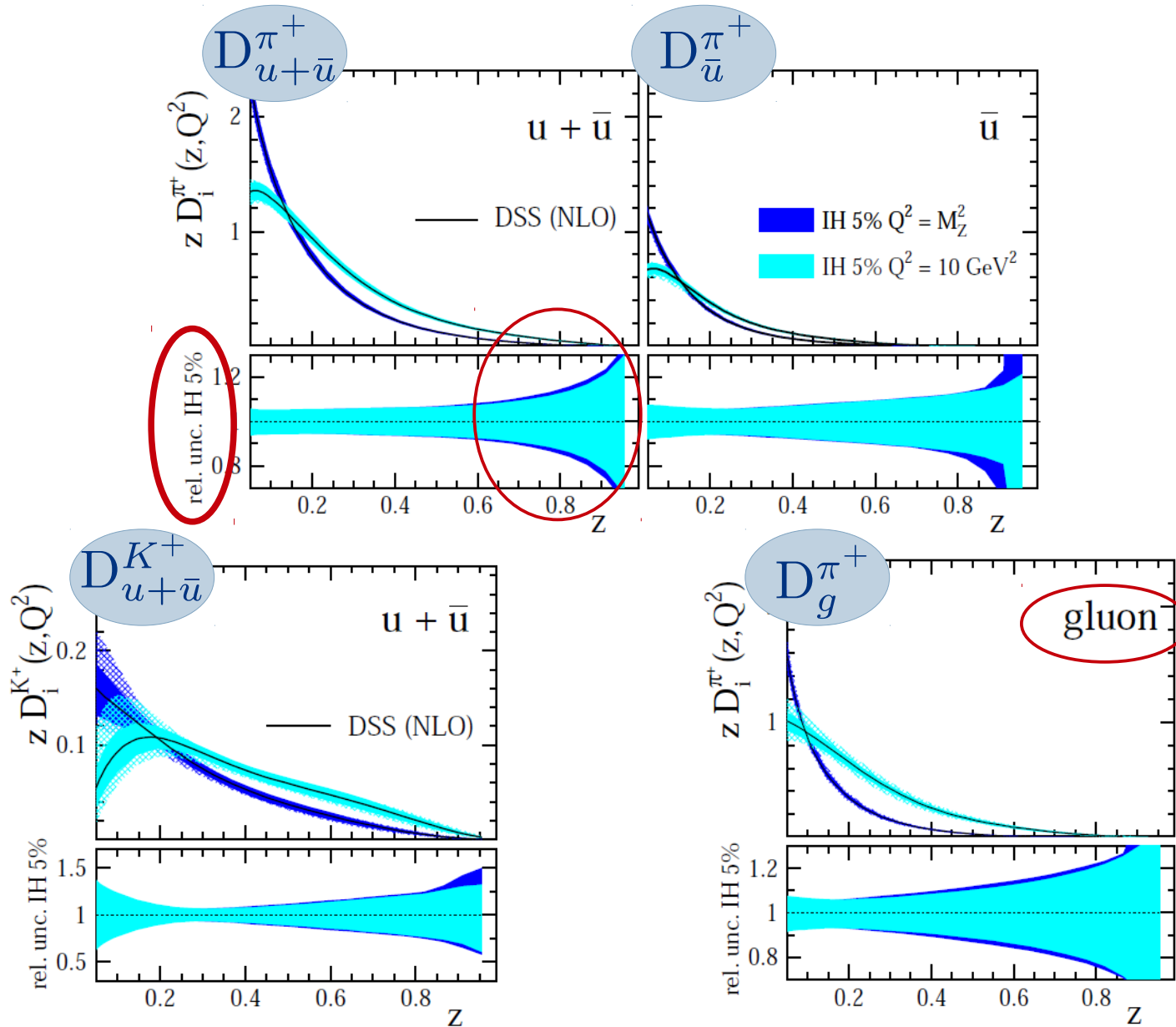
State-of-the-art FF extraction

- e^+e^- annihilation
M. Hirai, S. Kumano, T.-H. Nagai, K. Sudoh, Phys. Rev. D **75** (2007) 114010, with first theoretical and experimental uncertainties on FFs
- global analyses
 - e^+e^- annihilation & proton-proton collisions:
S. Albino, B. A. Kniehl, G. Kramer, Nucl. Phys. B **803** (2008) 42
 - e^+e^- annihilation, proton-proton collisions, and semi-inclusive DIS:
D. de Florian, R. Sassot, M. Stratmann, Phys. Rev. D **75** (2007) 094009
M. Epele, R. Llubaroff, R. Sassot, M. Stratmann, arXiv: 1209.3240 [hep-ph]

State-of-the-art FF extraction

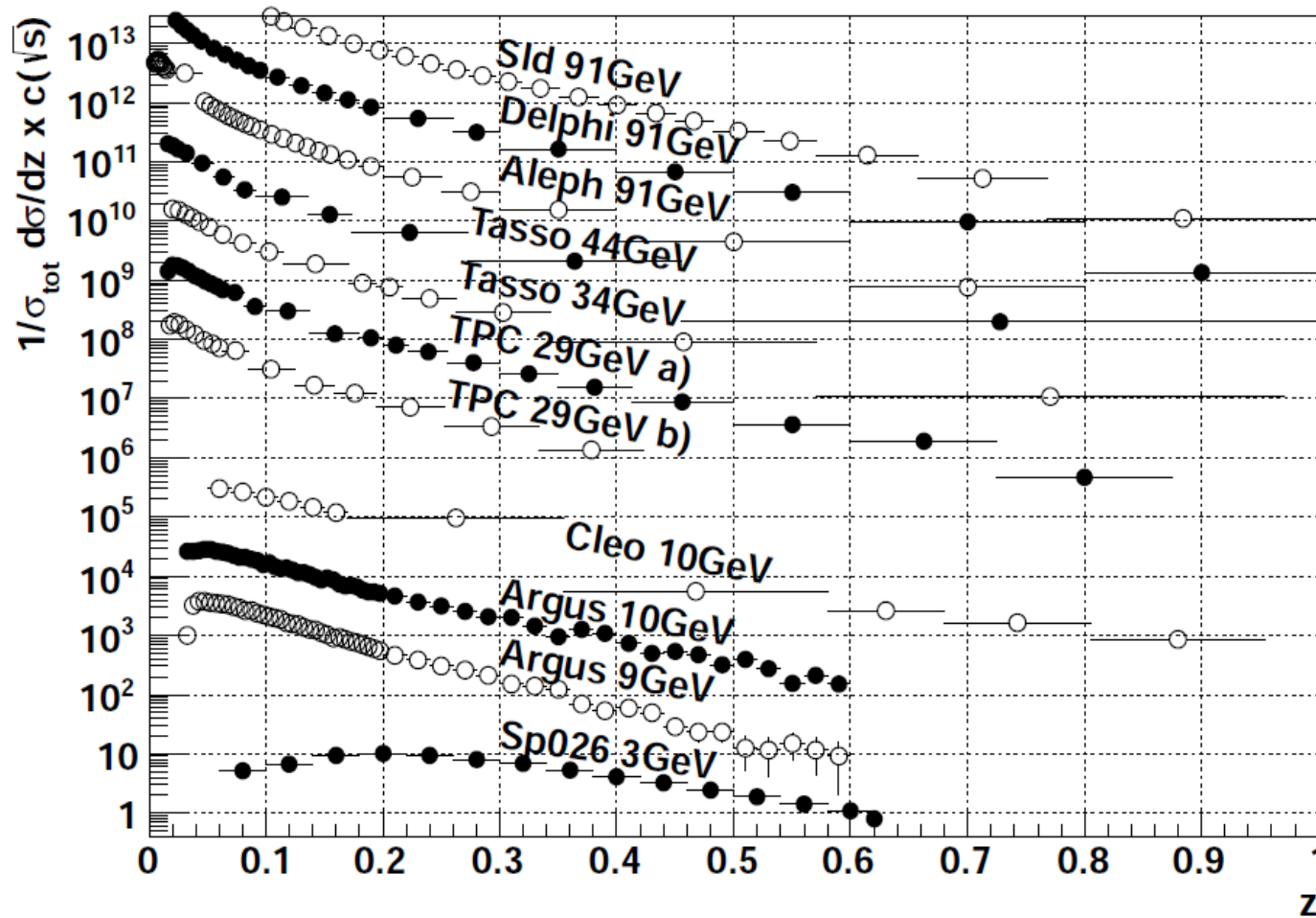
D. de Florian, R. Sassot, M. Stratmann, Phys. Rev. D **75** (2007) 094009

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State-of-the-art multiplicity data

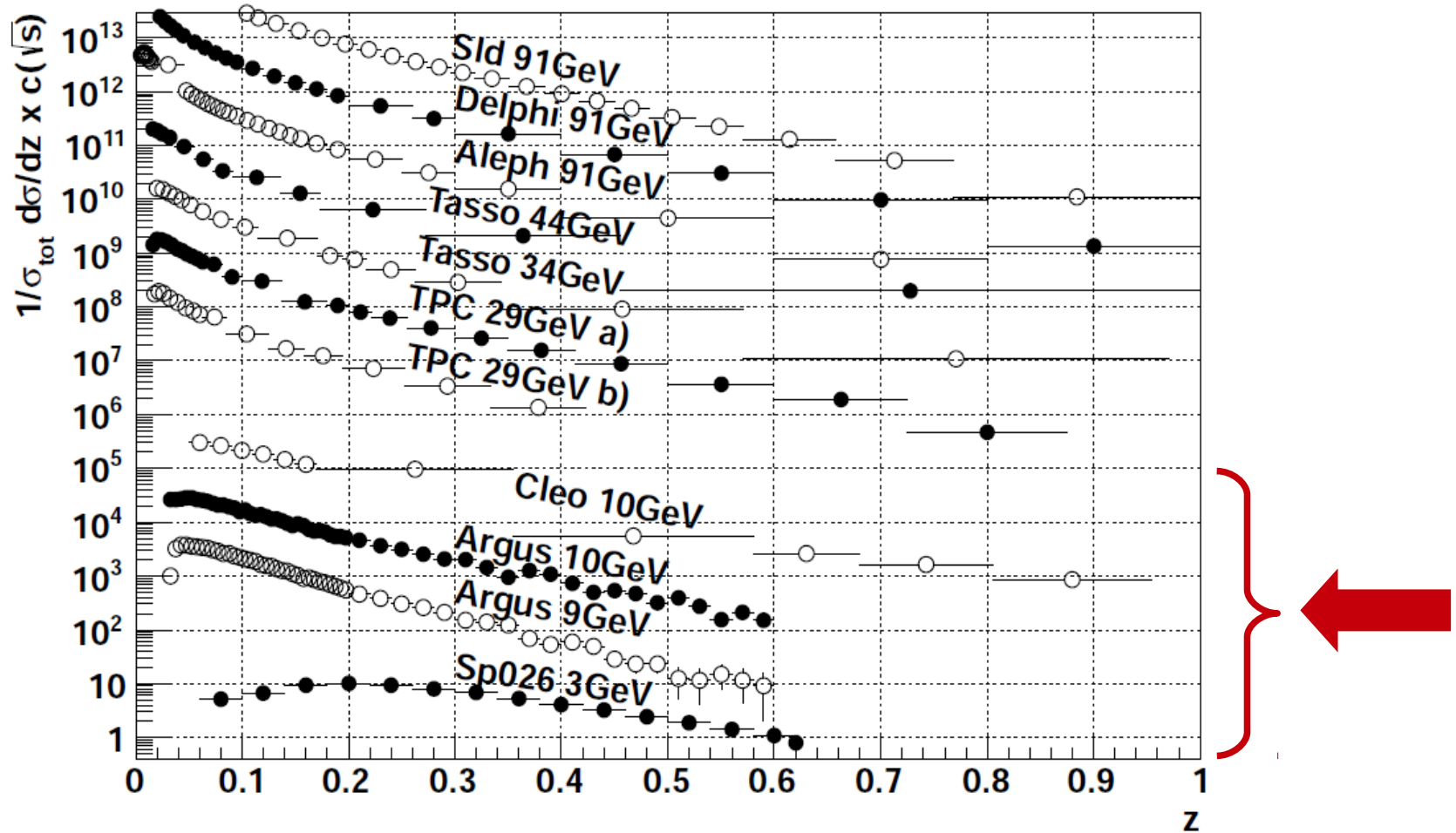
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm + X \text{ multiplicities}$$



- limited data at low energy scale
- limited data at high z

State-of-the-art multiplicity data

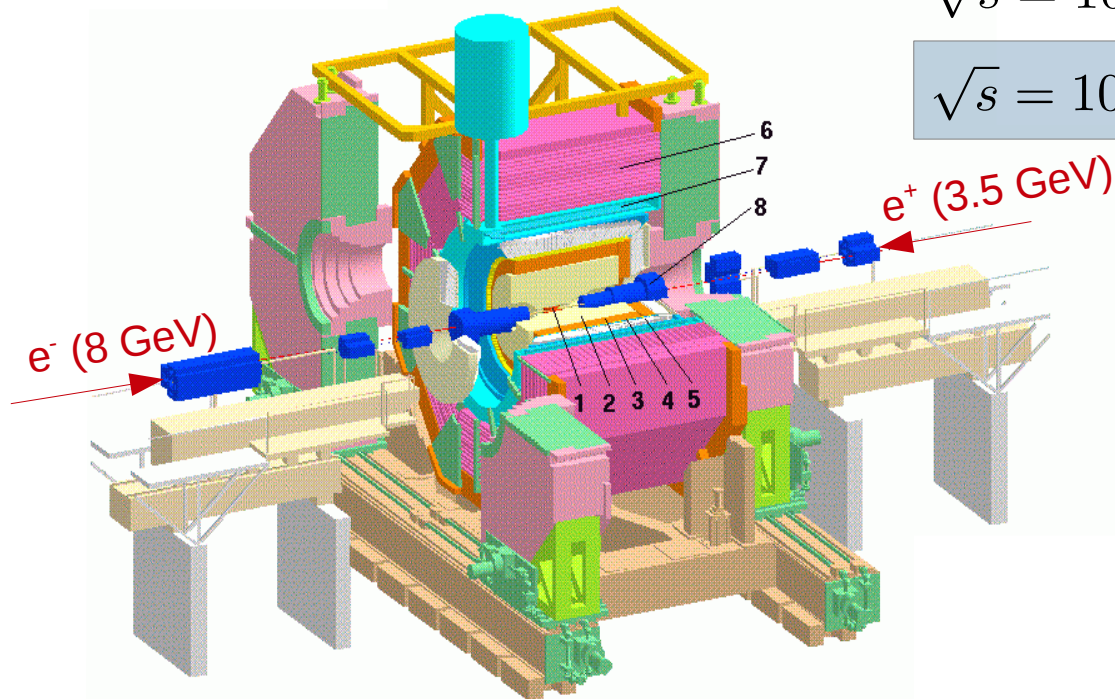
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm + X \text{ multiplicities}$$



- limited data at low energy scale
- limited data at high z



Belle experiment



1. Silicon Vertex Detector
2. Central Drift Chamber
3. Aerogel Cherenkov Counter
4. Time-of-flight Counter
5. CsI Calorimeter
6. KLM Detector
7. Superconducting Solenoid
8. Superconducting Final Focussing System

- located at asymmetric e^+e^- KEKB collider:
 $\sqrt{s} = 10.58 \text{ GeV} : e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}$ decay

- $\sqrt{s} = 10.52 \text{ GeV} : e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} (q = u, d, s, c)$

68 fb^{-1}

- **Track/momentum reconstruction system:**
 - silicon vertex detector, central drift chamber
 - 1.5 T solenoid
- **Particle identification system:**
pion, kaon, proton, electron, muon identification

Extracted observables

- pion/kaon yields $N^h(z)$ extracted from $z=0.2$ to $z=0.98/0.97$ in bins of $\Delta z=0.01$
- extracted from raw yields $N_{raw}^{h'}(z')$:

$$N^h(z) = \epsilon_{ISR/FSR}(z) \epsilon_{acc.}(z) \epsilon_{ev.sel.}(z) \epsilon_{DIF,det.,rec.}(z) \times \\ P_{smear.}^{-1}(z, z') \epsilon_{non-q\bar{q}}(z') \times \\ P_{PID,hh'}^{-1}(\cos \theta_{lab}, p_{lab}) N_{raw}^{h'}(\cos \theta_{lab}, p_{lab}, z')$$



$$M^h(z) = \frac{1}{N_{tot}} N^h(z)$$

PID probabilities

- construct PID matrix from experimental data in $8 \cos(\theta_{lab}) \times 16 p_{lab}$ bins, supplemented with Monte-Carlo data where limited statistics

$$P_{PID, hh'}(\cos \theta_{lab}, p_{lab}) = \begin{pmatrix} P_{e \rightarrow e} & P_{\mu \rightarrow e} & P_{\pi \rightarrow e} & P_{K \rightarrow e} & P_{p \rightarrow e} \\ P_{e \rightarrow \mu} & P_{\mu \rightarrow \mu} & P_{\pi \rightarrow \mu} & P_{K \rightarrow \mu} & P_{p \rightarrow \mu} \\ P_{e \rightarrow \pi} & P_{\mu \rightarrow \pi} & P_{\pi \rightarrow \pi} & P_{K \rightarrow \pi} & P_{p \rightarrow \pi} \\ P_{e \rightarrow K} & P_{\mu \rightarrow K} & P_{\pi \rightarrow K} & P_{K \rightarrow K} & P_{p \rightarrow K} \\ P_{e \rightarrow p} & P_{\mu \rightarrow p} & P_{\pi \rightarrow p} & P_{K \rightarrow p} & P_{p \rightarrow p} \end{pmatrix}$$

probability that a true e is correctly identified as an e

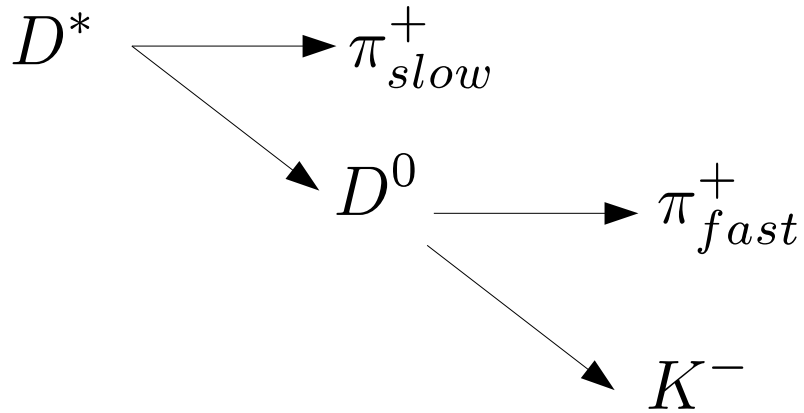
probability that a true kaon is misidentified as proton

particle misidentification ~10%, up to 50%

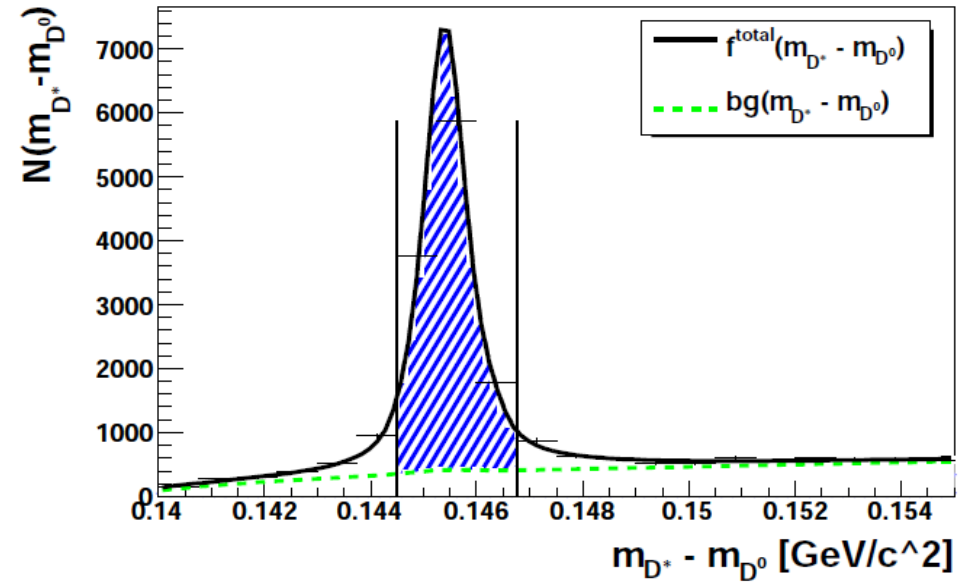


correction needed

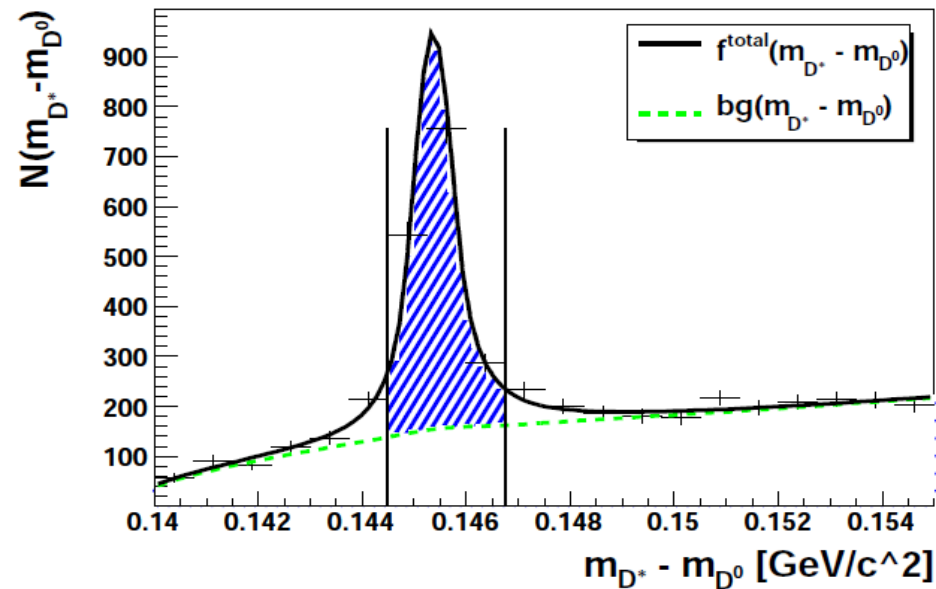
PID probability extraction



without PID selection



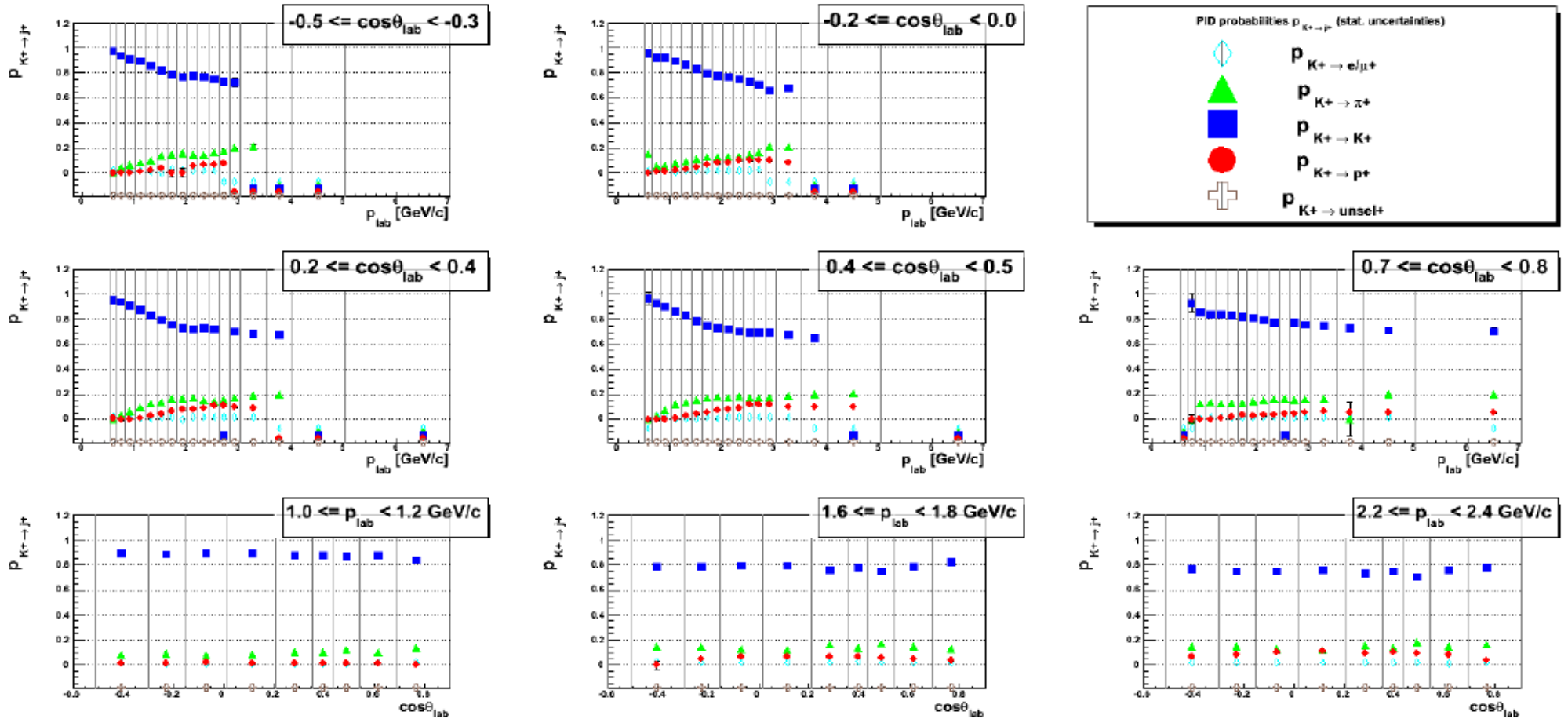
π PID selection on K track



probability $P_{K \rightarrow \pi}$
that K misidentified as π

PID probability extraction

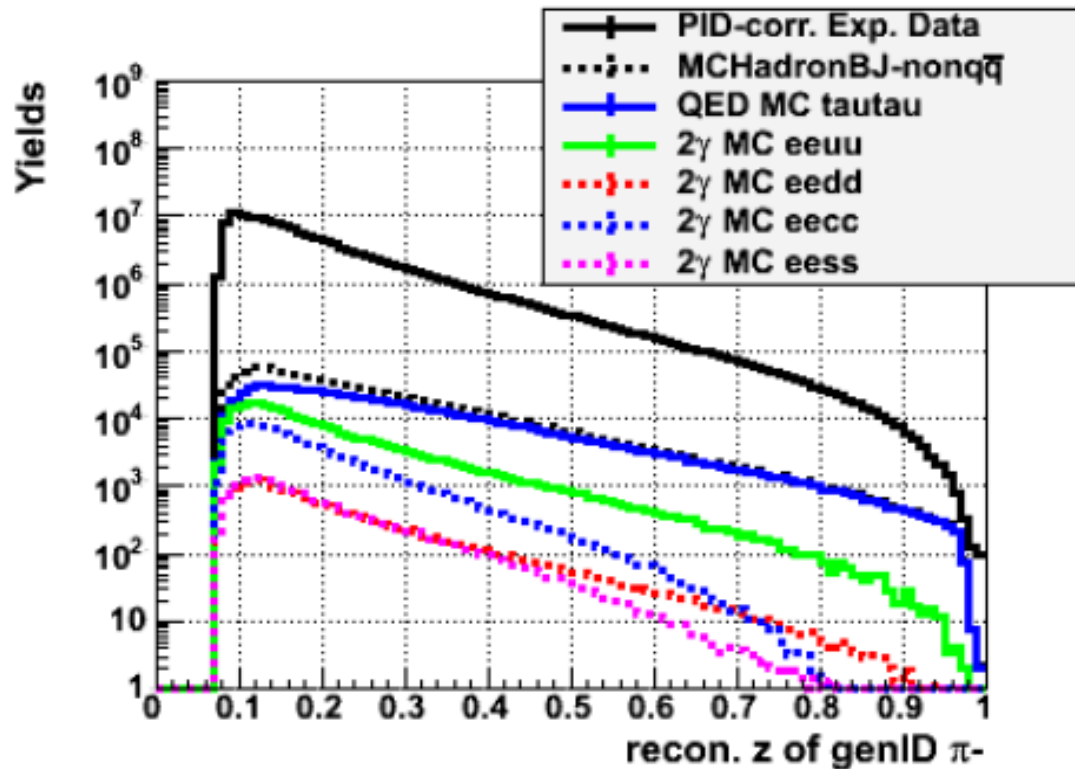
8 $\cos(\theta_{lab}) \times 16 p_{lab}$ bins



$P_{\pi, K \rightarrow h'}$ from D^* decay
 $P_{\pi, p \rightarrow h'}$ from Λ decay
 $P_{e, \mu \rightarrow h'}$ from J/ψ decay

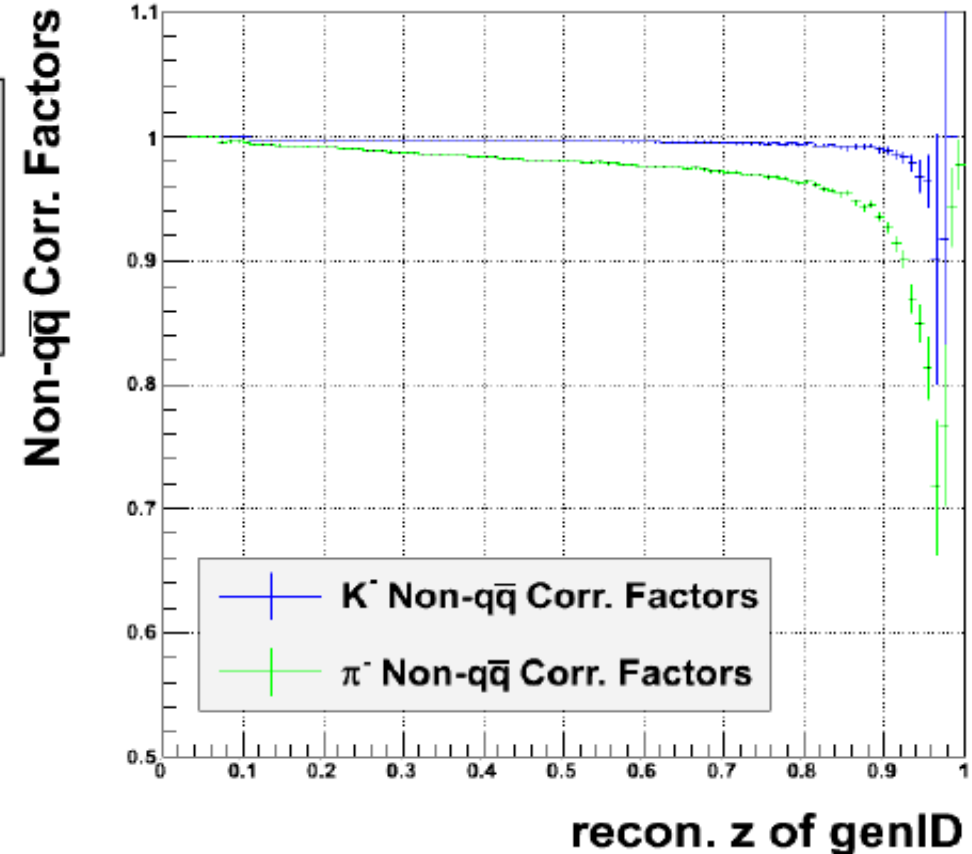
Non- $q\bar{q}$ events

QED and 2γ Monte-Carlo simulation



main contributions: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

extracted correction factors

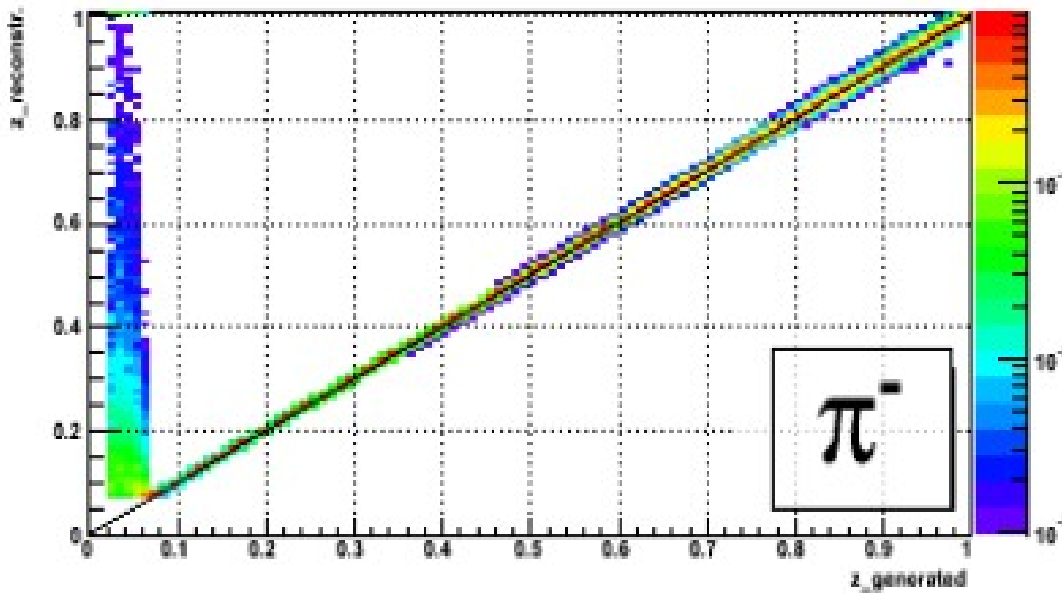


correction at high z: 30% for π
 10% for K

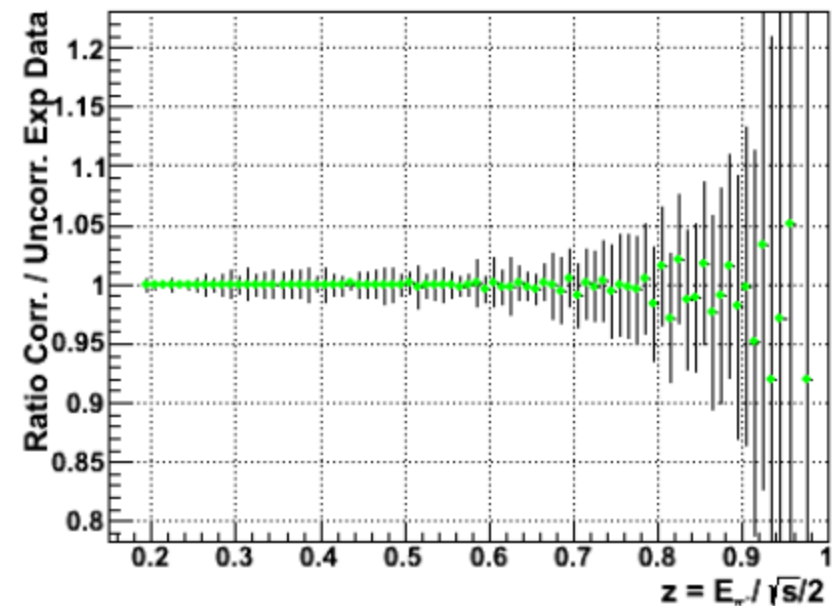
Smearing

- smearing correction matrix extracted from Monte-Carlo simulation
- evaluated down to $z=0.08$ for π and $z=0.12$ for K
- limits upper z range to $z=0.98$ for π and $z=0.97$ for K

smearing histogram from Monte Carlo

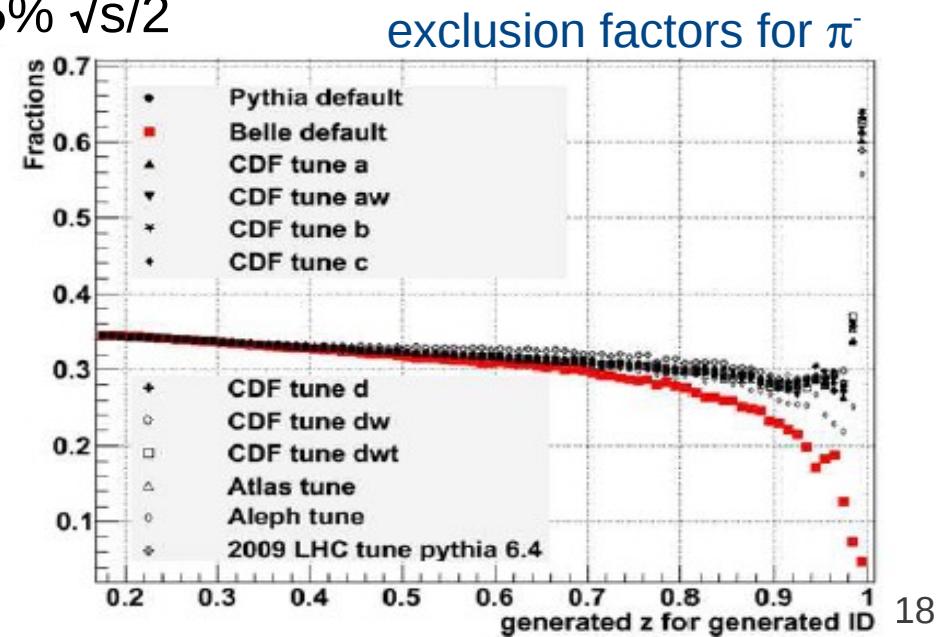


corrected/uncorrected data

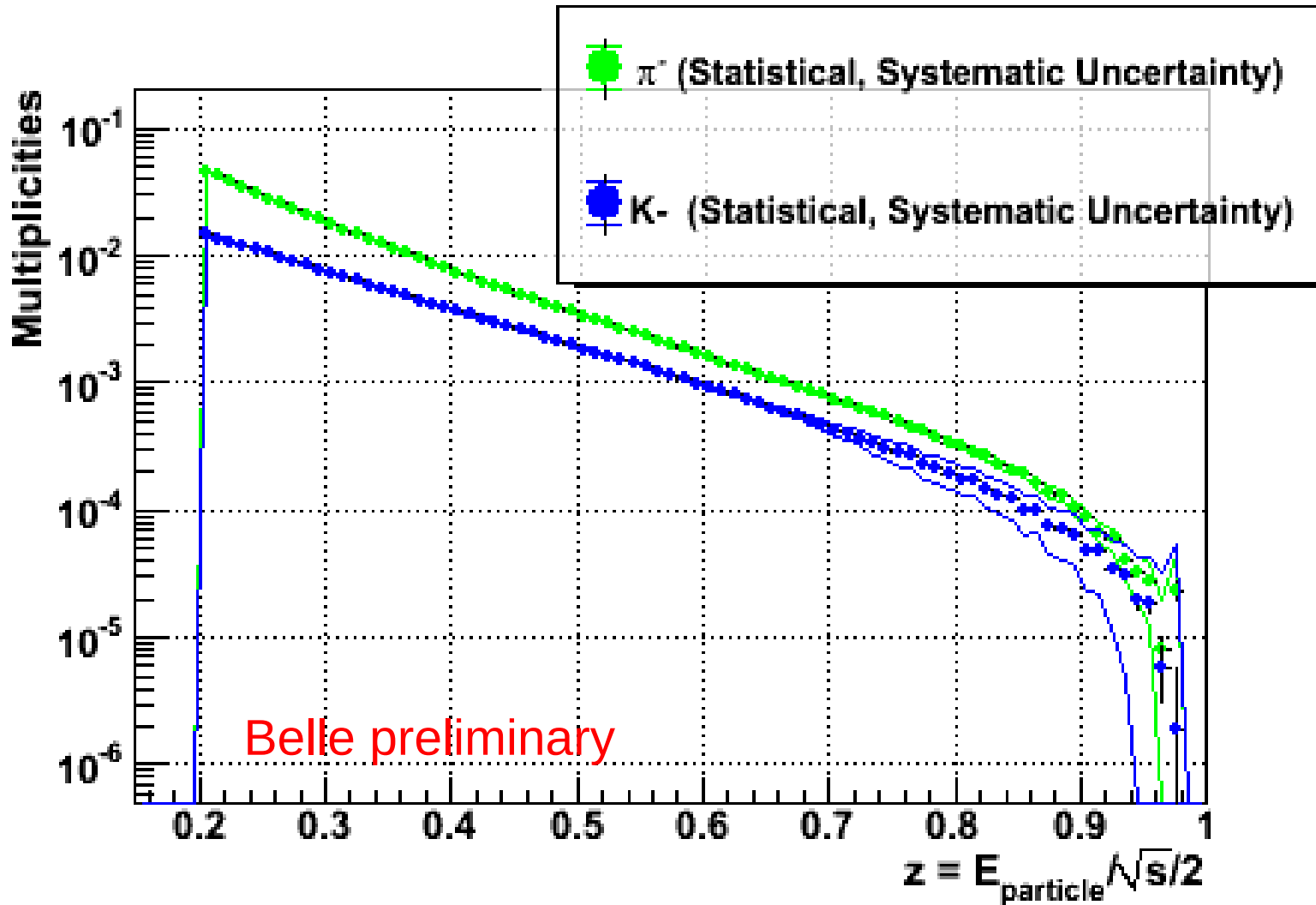


Further corrections

- decay in flight:
 - corrections for π/K lost due to decay in flight
 - no corrections for π/K created in weak decay
 - fractions from Belle Monte Carlo of π/K from weak and from strong decay provided
- correction for hadronic detector interactions from GEANT-FLUKA
- correction for analysis event and track selection cuts
- correction for acceptance
- initial- and final-state photon radiation:
 - exclude hadrons from events with $E_\gamma > 0.5\% \sqrt{s}/2$
 - corrections based on Belle Monte Carlo
 - in addition: 11 different Jetset/Pythia parameter sets for systematic uncertainty



Results

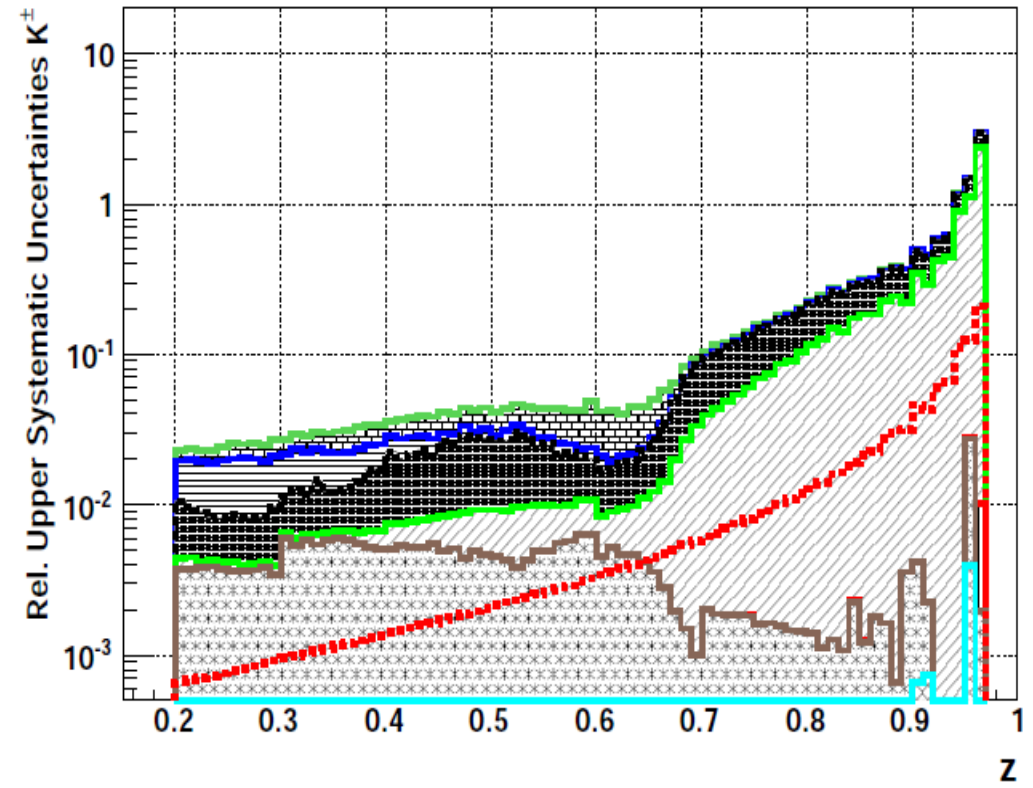
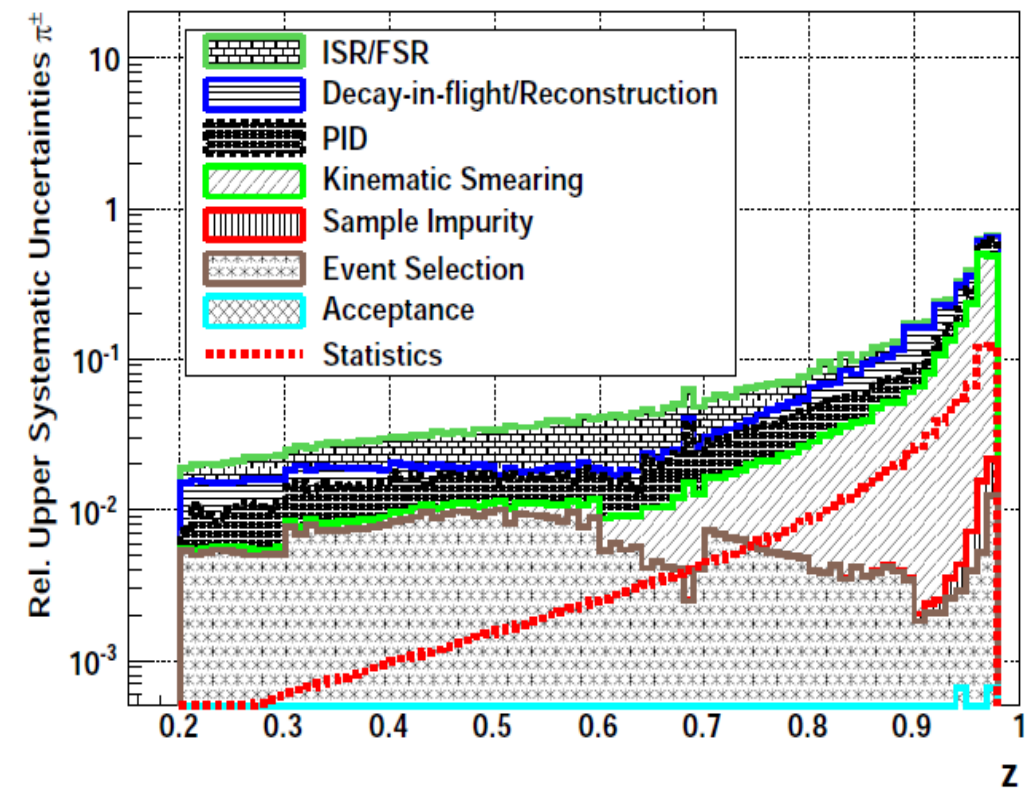


additional 1.4% normalization uncertainty not shown

Relative contributions of systematic uncertainties

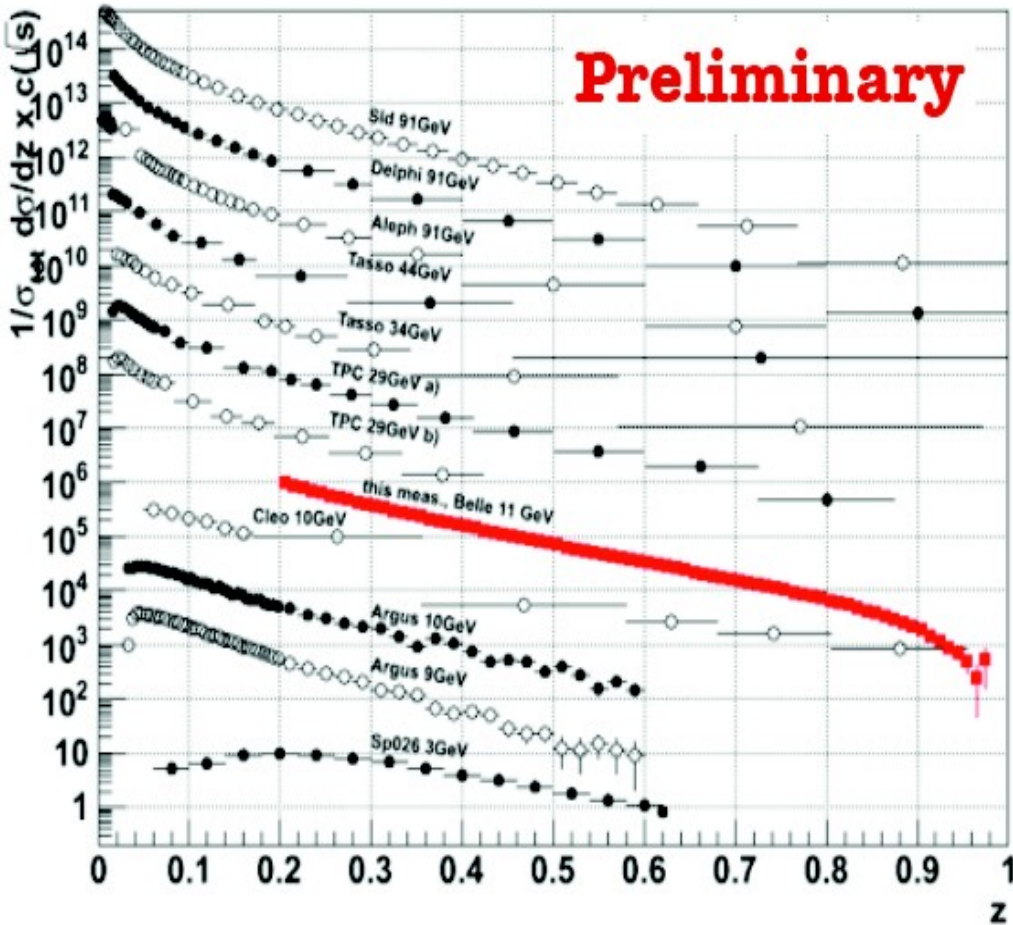
pions

kaons

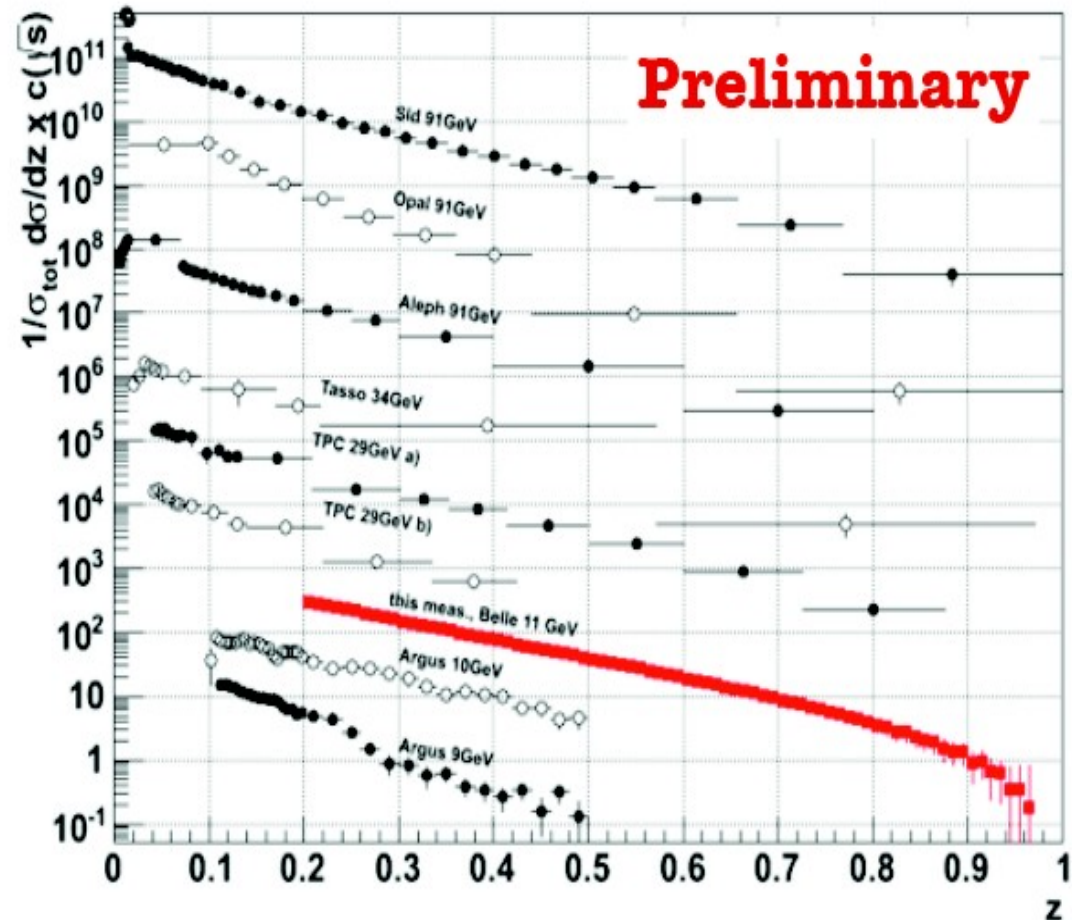


Comparison to world data

world data (sel.) for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm + X$ production



world data (sel.) for $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^\pm + X$ production



Fragmentation functions at Belle

- charge-integrated π and K multiplicities from e^+e^- annihilation at $\sqrt{s}=10.52$ GeV:
 - complement high-energy scale measurements
 - first precision measurement at $z>0.7$
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- Ongoing analyses:
 - π^0, η^0 spin-independent FFs
 - charged di-hadron FFs
 - transverse-momentum-dependent π, K FFs
 - K Collins FFs
 - π^0 Collins FFs
 - ρ^0 Collins FFs
 - $\pi K, KK$ interference FFs

Thank you!