



UCL

Vector boson + jet production with ATLAS

XXI. International Workshop on Deep-Inelastic Scattering and Related Subjects

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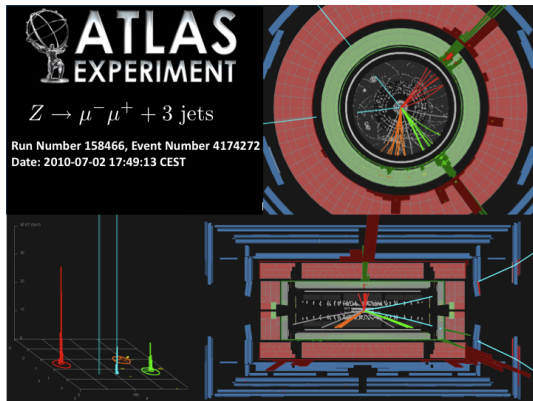
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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 W + jets
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- 4 W + 1 jet/Z + 1 jet ratio
- 5 Conclusions

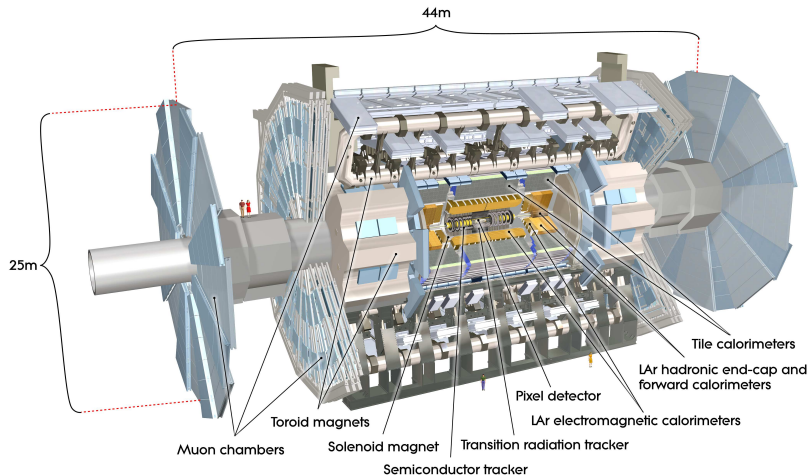


Introduction

- ▶ Study of vector boson production in association with jets is an important test of perturbative QCD
- ▶ Final states with W/Z + jets are backgrounds to many Standard Model, Higgs and beyond the Standard Model analyses
- ▶ Ratio of jet multiplicities and of W + jets and Z + jets exploits the cancellation of theoretical and experimental uncertainties and provides a high precision test of the Standard Model
- ▶ Results shown use $33\text{--}36\text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data recorded in 2010 (W + jets, W/Z ratio) and 4.6 fb^{-1} of data recorded in 2011 (Z + jets) at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{ TeV}$

SHERPA	Multi-parton LO matrix element (ME) and parton shower (PS)
ALPGEN	Multi-parton LO ME, using HERWIG PS
MC@NLO	NLO ME, using HERWIG PS
BLACKHAT	NLO ME for $W/Z + n$ jets, interfaced to SHERPA
MCFM	NLO ME, corrected to particle level using PYTHIA

The ATLAS detector



Geometrical acceptance: inner tracker: $|\eta| < 2.5$, muon system: $|\eta| < 2.7$, calorimeter: $|\eta| < 4.9$

W + jets

Lepton selection:

- ▶ $p_T^\ell > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $|\eta^e| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta^e| < 2.47$
- ▶ $|\eta^\mu| < 2.4$
- ▶ $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $m_T(W) > 40 \text{ GeV}$

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell p_T^\nu (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi^{\ell\nu}))}$$

Jet selection:

- ▶ Anti- k_T jets with $R = 0.4$
- ▶ $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $|y| < 4.4$ and $\Delta R^{\ell j} > 0.5$

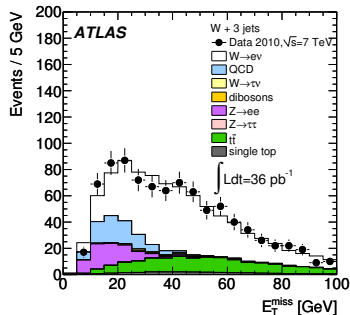
Leptonic backgrounds:

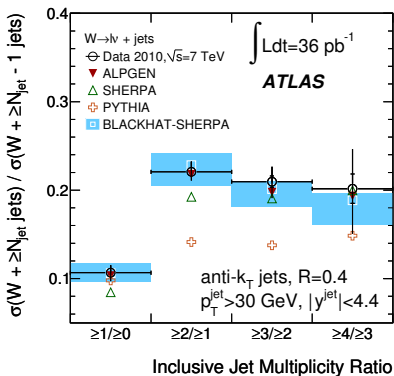
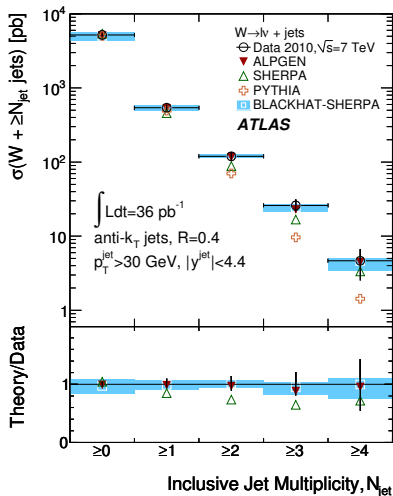
- ▶ $t\bar{t}$ and single top
- ▶ Diboson (WW, WZ, ZZ)

Estimated from Monte Carlo

Multijet background:

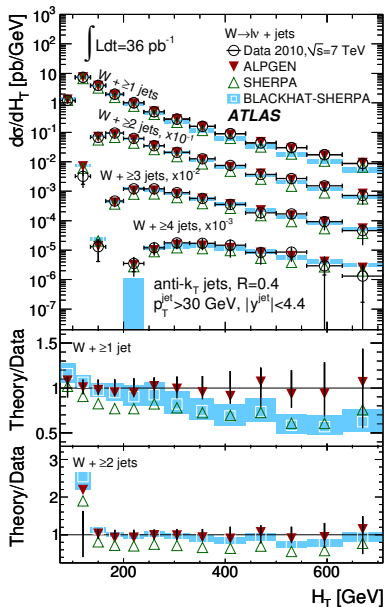
- ▶ Light flavour jets passing the electron selection together with fake E_T^{miss}
- ▶ Leptonic bottom or charm hadron decays
- ▶ Estimated using a template fit
- ▶ Templates extracted from control region





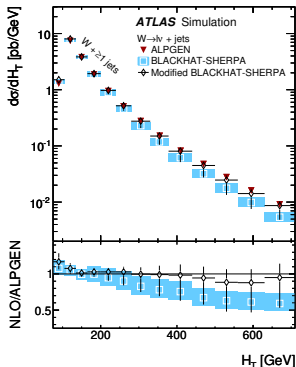
- ▶ Systematic uncertainty dominated by multijet background uncertainty
- ▶ Multiplicity shows good agreement with ALPGEN and BLACKHAT+SHERPA
- ▶ Reasonable agreement with SHERPA

ALPGEN interfaced to HERWIG PS, SHERPA v1.3.1
 BLACKHAT+SHERPA using CTEQ6.6M, scale $\mu_F = \mu_R = H_T / 2$



$$H_T = E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{\ell, \text{jet}} |p_T|$$

- Commonly used for renormalisation and factorisation scales ($H_T/2$)
- Using exclusive sums (arXiv:1203.6803) improves BLACKHAT+SHERPA prediction:



Z + jets

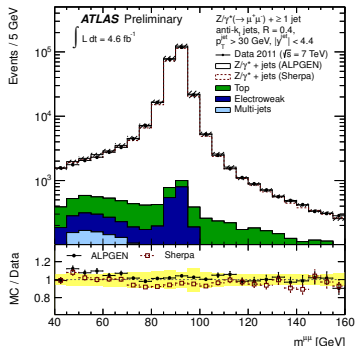
- ▶ Updated result using 4.6 fb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ recorded in 2011
- ▶ Extending previous measurement to larger multiplicities and higher jet p_T
- ▶ Comparing to BLACKHAT+SHERPA Z+3/4 jet predictions:
 - Phys.Rev. D82 (2010) 074002
 - Phys.Rev. D85 (2012) 031501

Lepton selection:

- ▶ $p_{T,\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $|\eta_e| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta_e| < 2.47$
- ▶ $|\eta_\mu| < 2.4$
- ▶ $\Delta R^{\ell\ell} > 0.2$ and $66 < m^{\ell\ell} < 116 \text{ GeV}$

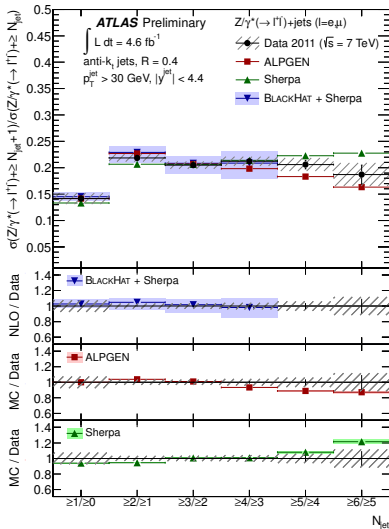
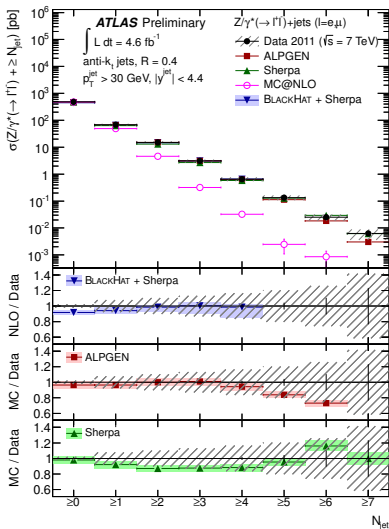
Jet selection:

- ▶ $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $|y| < 4.4$ and $\Delta R^{\ell j} > 0.5$



MC@NLO using HERWIG PS, SHERPA v1.4.1
PDFs CT10, $\mu_F = \mu_R = H_T / 2$

To be submitted to JHEP

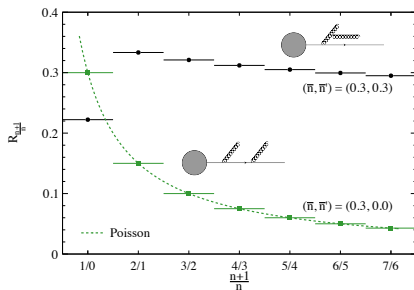


- ▶ Dominant systematic uncertainty for Z + jets is the jet energy scale and resolution
- ▶ MC@NLO parton shower underestimates additional jet emission by a factor of two

Jet ratio scaling patterns

Gerwick et al., JHEP 1210 (2012) 162

- ▶ Jet multiplicity ratio's are expected to follow one of two benchmark patterns
- ▶ Scaling can be used to extrapolate the jet rate to higher multiplicities

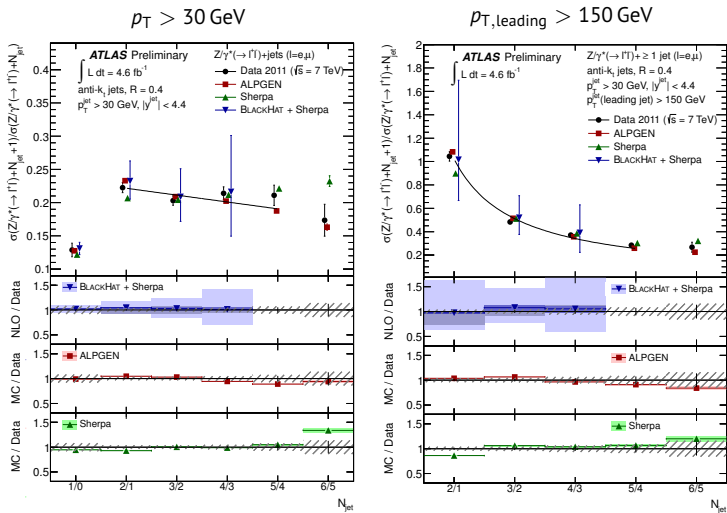


Staircase scaling

- ▶ Ratio $R_{(n+1)/n} = R = \text{const.}$
- ▶ Jet rate $\sigma_n \sim \sigma_0 R^n$
- ▶ Inclusive and exclusive ratio scale in the same way
- ▶ Expected in the absence of major kinematic cuts

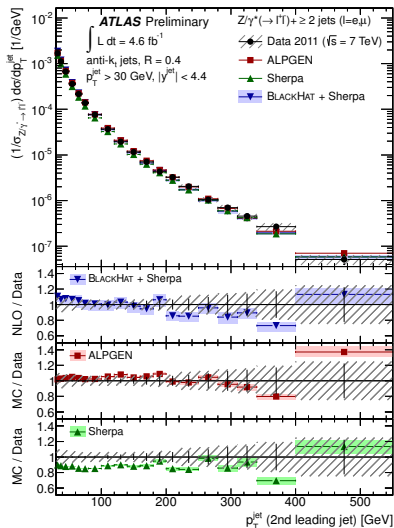
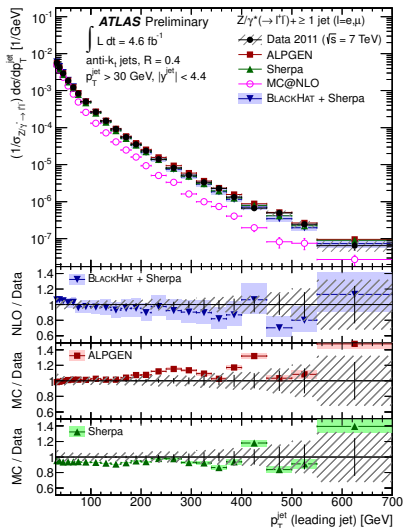
Poisson scaling

- ▶ Ratio $R_{(n+1)/n} = \frac{\bar{n}}{n+1}$
- ▶ Jet rate $\sigma_n \sim \frac{\bar{n}^n e^{-\bar{n}}}{n!}$
- ▶ Expected when jet acceptance cut much larger than hard process scale

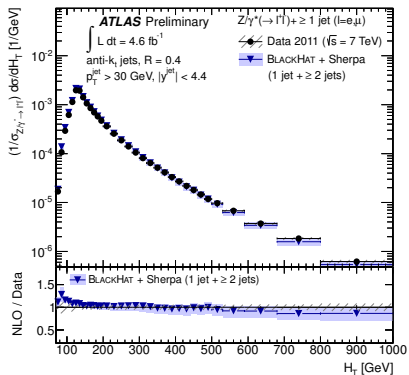
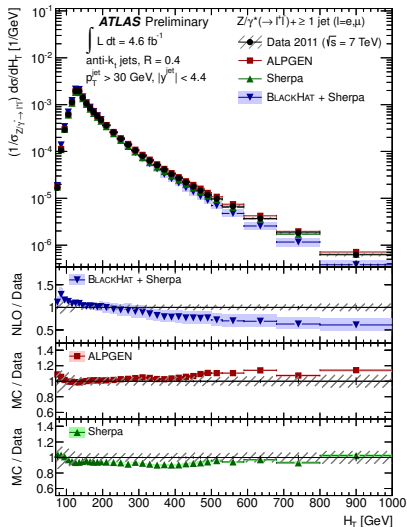


► Scale uncertainty shown:

- No scale uncertainty applied (dark shaded)
- Correlated between multiplicity bins (medium shaded)
- Uncorrelated (light), following the prescription of Phys.Rev. D85 (2012) 034011

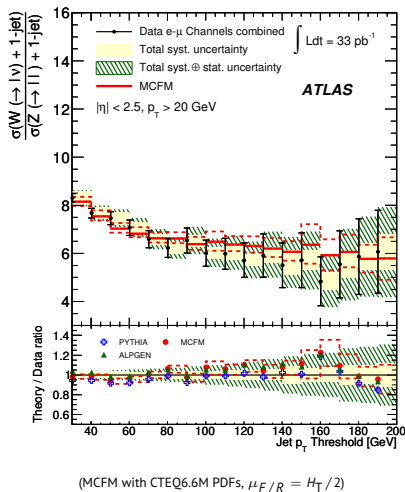


- ▶ For the leading jet, data precision is now better than the theory uncertainty
- ▶ ALPGEN predicts a too hard leading jet p_T spectrum, 2nd–4th jet consistent with data
- ▶ SHERPA shows an offset of 5–15% compared to data



- ▶ BLACKHAT+SHERPA deviates increasingly for large values of H_T
- ▶ The exclusive sum of Z + 1 jet and Z + ≥ 2 jets is consistent with data

Ratio of W + 1 jet and Z + 1 jet



- ▶ Ratio $\frac{\sigma(W+1j)}{\sigma(Z+1j)}$ measured as a function of the jet p_T threshold
- ▶ $71 < m_{\ell\ell} < 111$ GeV and $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| < 2.8$
- ▶ Combination of the e and μ channels in the fiducial volume of the detector
- ▶ Ratio results in cancellation of many systematic uncertainties
- ▶ Remaining systematic uncertainty dominated by the boson reconstruction
- ▶ For jet p_T thresholds > 50 GeV the statistical uncertainty dominates

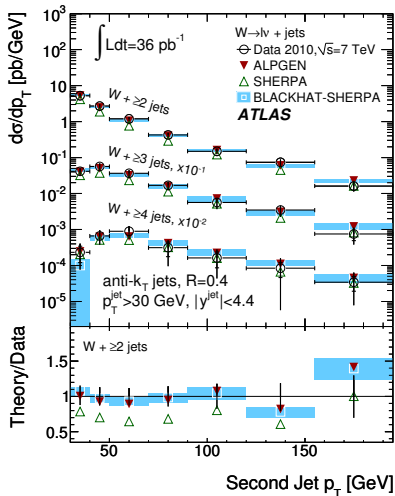
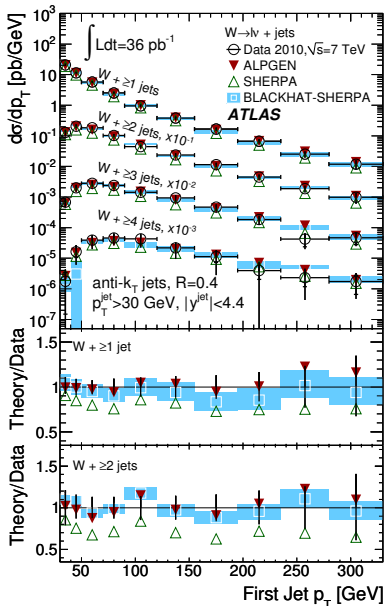
$$R_{\text{jet}}(e) = 8.73 \pm 0.30 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.40 (\text{syst})$$

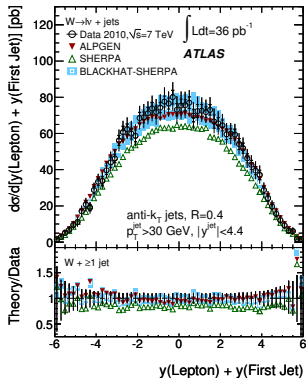
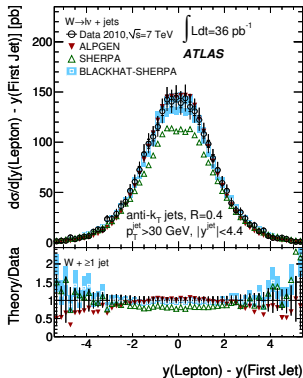
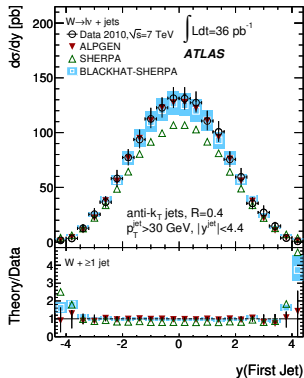
$$R_{\text{jet}}(\mu) = 8.49 \pm 0.23 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.33 (\text{syst})$$

Conclusions

- ▶ ATLAS has performed a wide range of W/Z + jets cross section measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV
- ▶ The 2011 data will allow these measurements to be extended to higher jet momenta and multiplicities, as was shown today for the Z + jets cross section
- ▶ Calculations based on NLO matrix elements are generally in good agreement, but deviations are observed for large values of H_T and in some of the jet kinematic variables
- ▶ MC@NLO fails to model higher jet multiplicities and leading jet momentum well
- ▶ For exclusive jet multiplicities the transition from staircase to Poisson scaling is observed in data
- ▶ The ratio of $W + 1$ jet to $Z + 1$ jet is modelled well by all generators

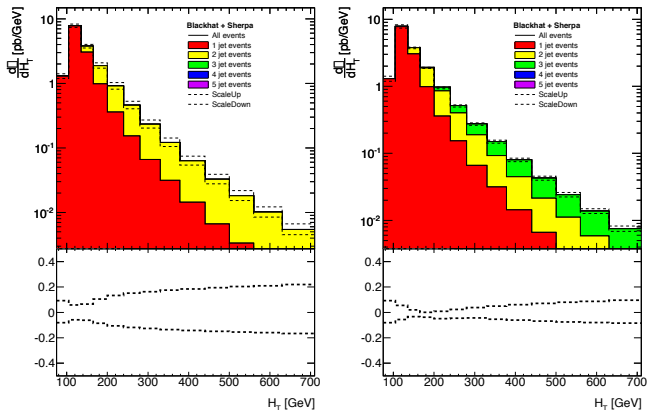
Backup slides



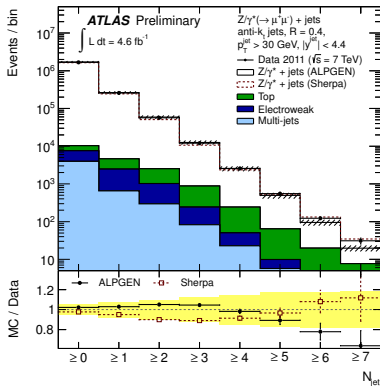
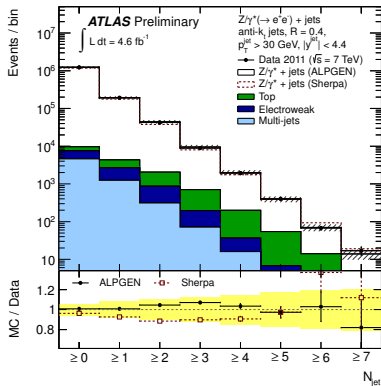


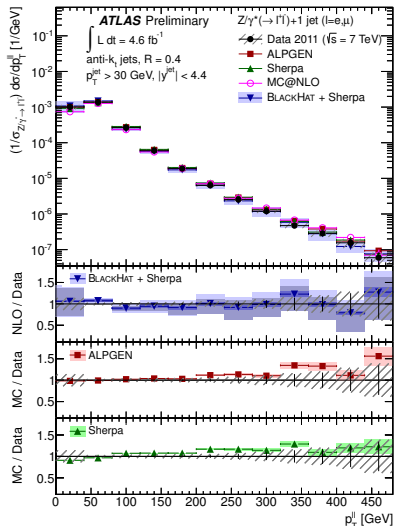
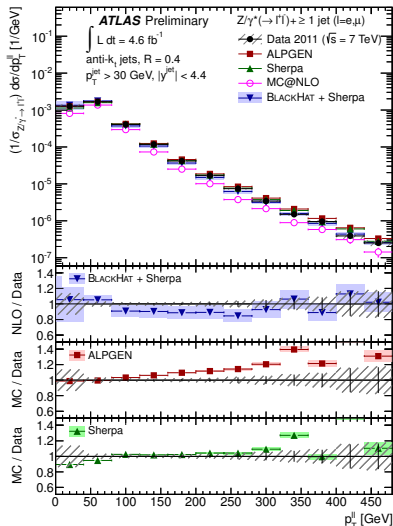
- ▶ Rapidity distributions sensitive to the PDF
- ▶ BLACKHAT+SHERPA and SHERPA using CTEQ6.6M
- ▶ ALPGEN using CTEQ6L1

Exclusive sums



- ▶ $W + \geq n$ jets prediction includes events with n and $n + 1$ partons
- ▶ Exclusive sums technique combines multiple predictions, counting the number of jets to remove overlap





- ▶ Both ALPGEN and SHERPA predict a too hard p_T^Z spectrum
- ▶ BLACKHAT+SHERPA inclusive prediction is too soft due to missing higher jet multiplicities

