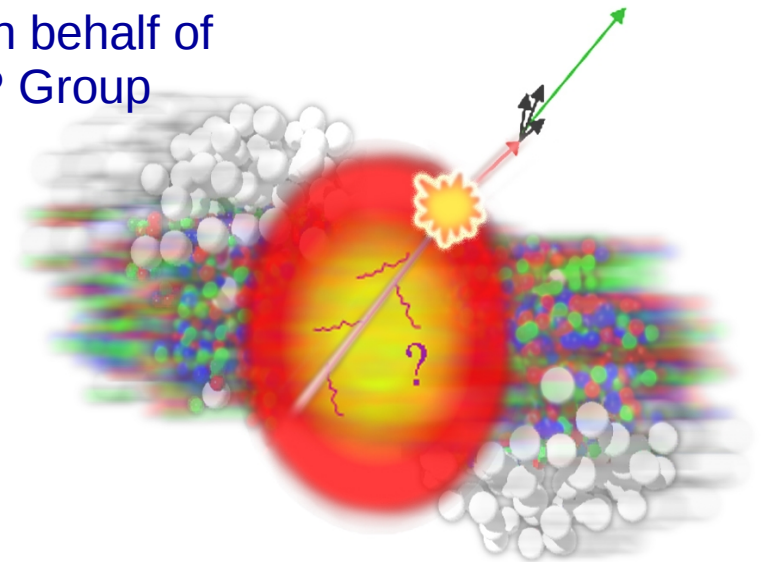




# Jets in Pb+Pb Collisions Measured by ATLAS

Helena Santos, on behalf of  
the ATLAS-LIP Group

- Motivation
- Jet reconstruction
- Physics analysis



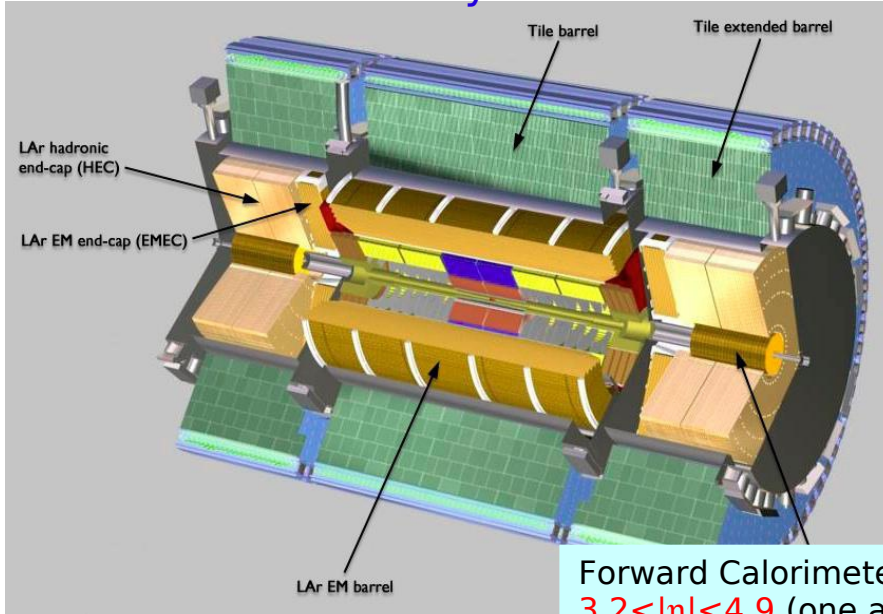
# Jets in Heavy Ion Collisions

## Unknowns:

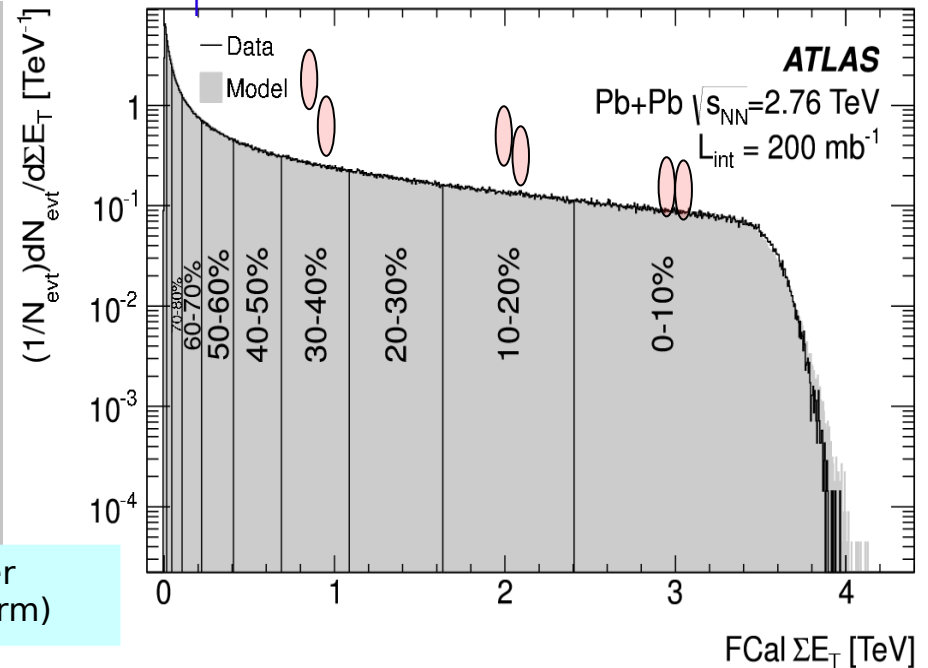
- **How do parton showers in hot and dense medium differ from those in vacuum?**
  - **How much is the jet yield suppressed?**
  - **How does the suppression depend on jet radius?**
  - **Is the fragmentation function modified?**
  - **Is the hadron angular distribution broadened?**
- **What is the physics responsible for this modification?**

# Collision's Centrality

## ATLAS Calorimeter System



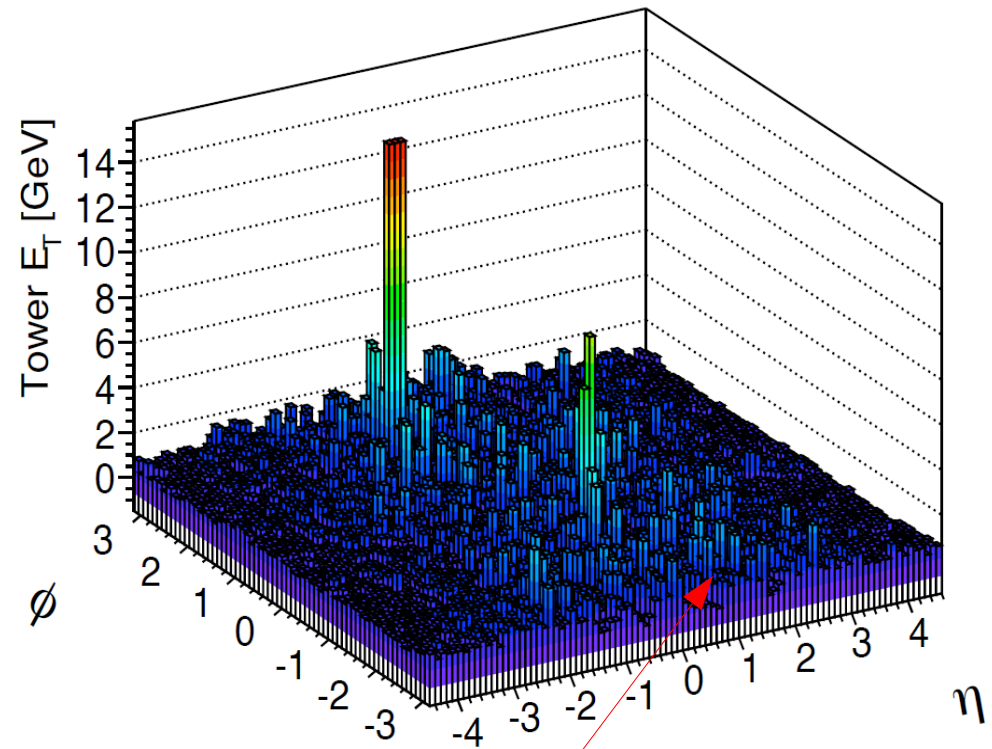
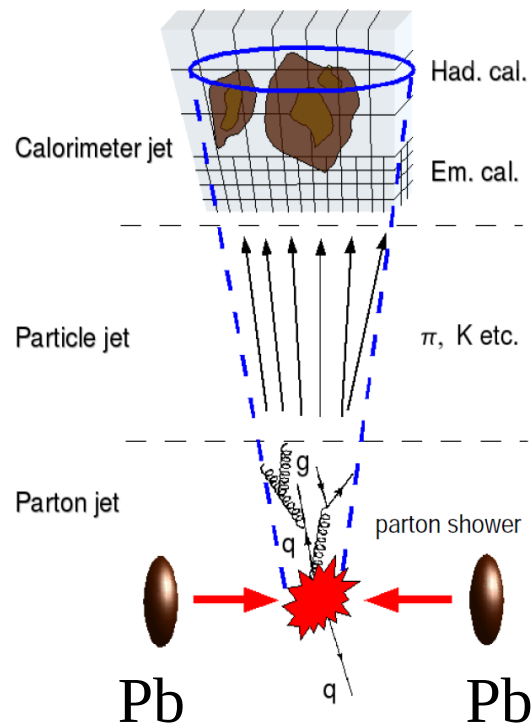
## $E_T$ in Forward Calorimeter



- Transverse energy in FCal compared to Glauber MC model  $\otimes$  p+p data
- Sampling fraction of Pb+Pb collisions:  $f = 98 \pm 2\%$ , after all trigger and selection cuts

# Event Seen by the Calorimeter

Main challenge: get rid off the huge underlying event produced in Pb+Pb collisions



The “pedestal” must be subtracted.

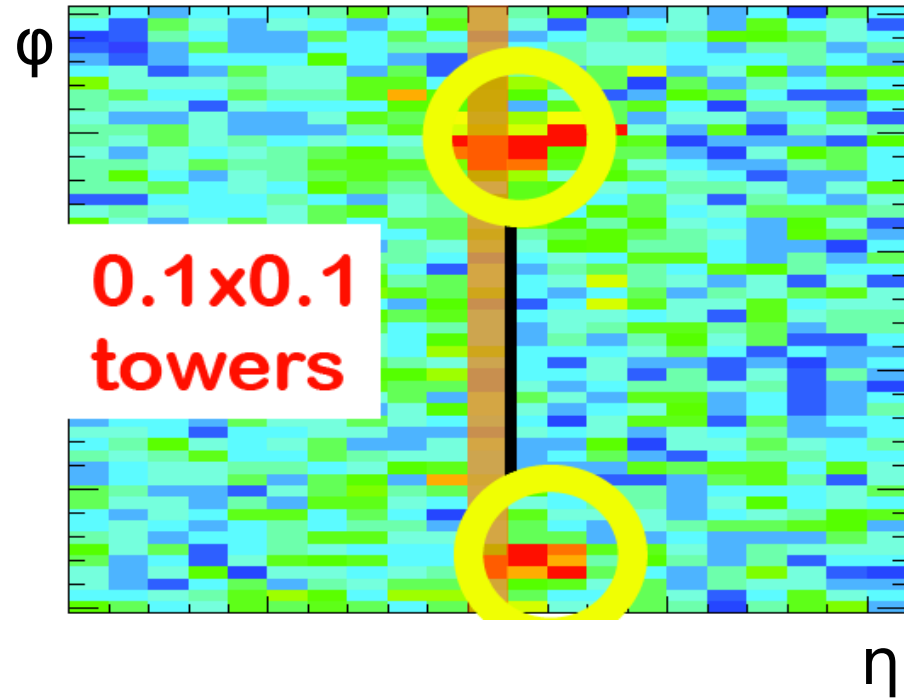
Granularity of the ATLAS calorimeter:  
 $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.1 \times 0.1$  “towers” (piled calorimeter cells)

# Jets Reconstruction

Jets are reconstructed using anti- $k_T$  algorithm with two choices of  $R$  parameter ( $R=0.4$  and  $R=0.2$ )

Average background estimated event-by-event per calorimeter sampling layer and per  $0.1 \eta$  strip

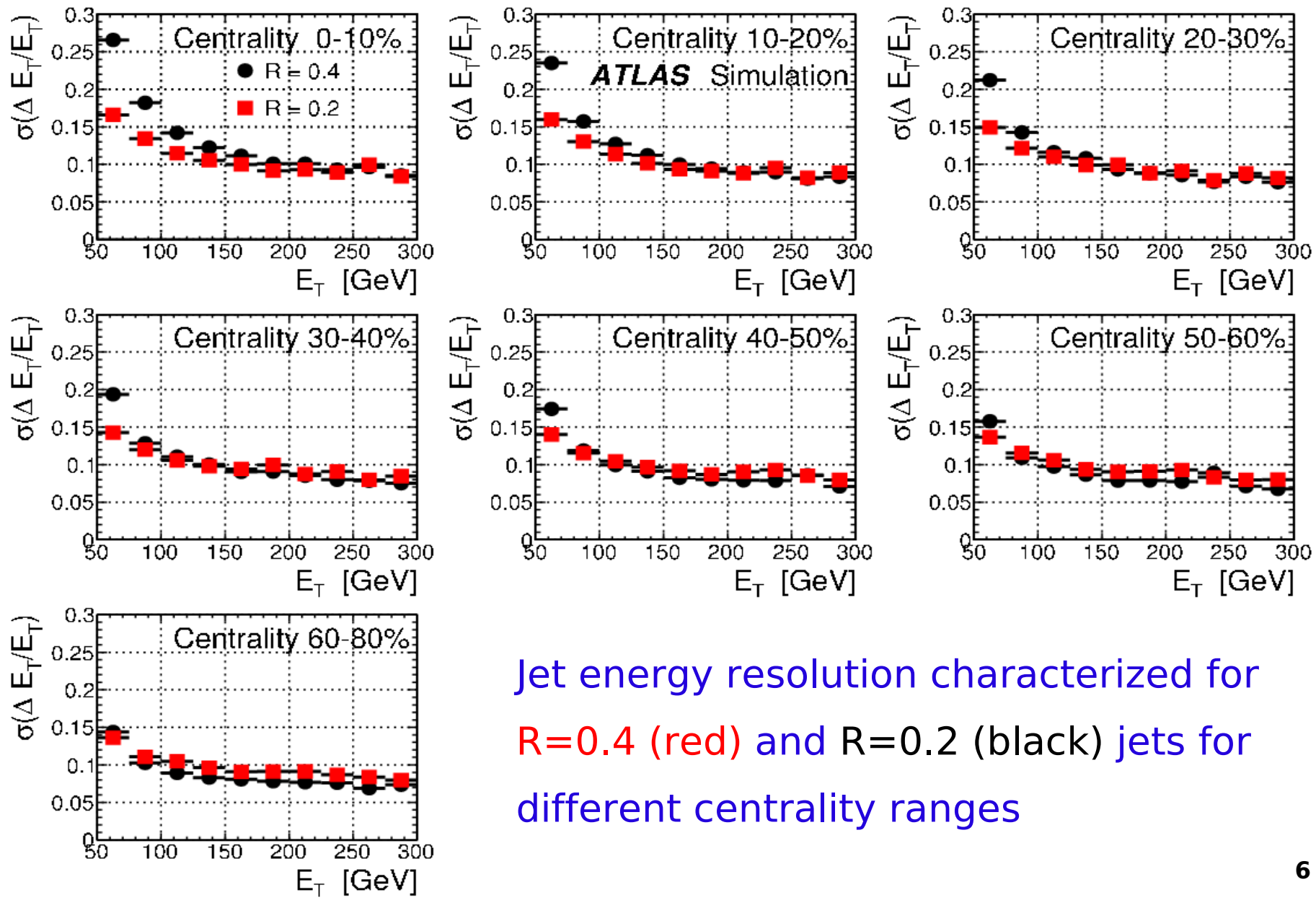
$$E_{T,subt}^{cell} = E_T^{cell} - \rho \times A^{cell}$$



- To avoid biasing  $\rho$  due to jets:

Exclude cells satisfying  $D = E_{T,max}^{tower} / \langle E_T^{tower} \rangle > 5$

# Jet Energy Resolution



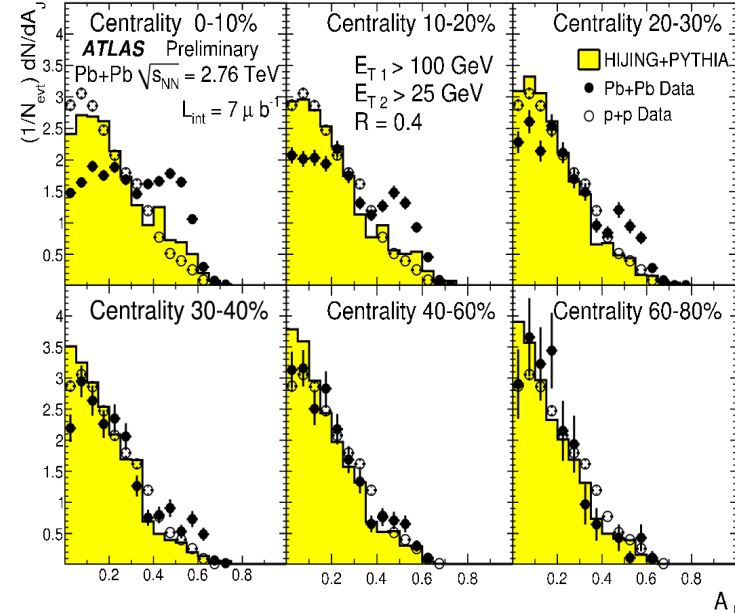
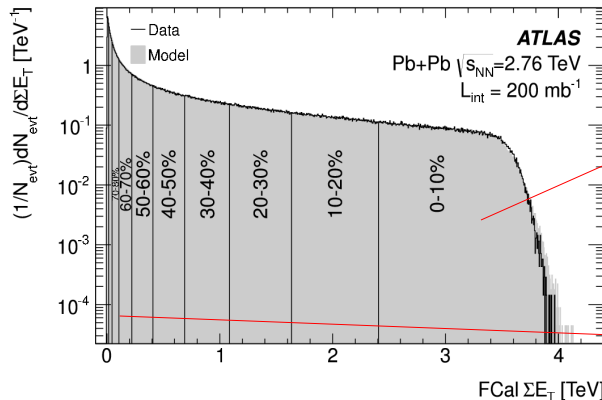


# Di-jet Asymmetry

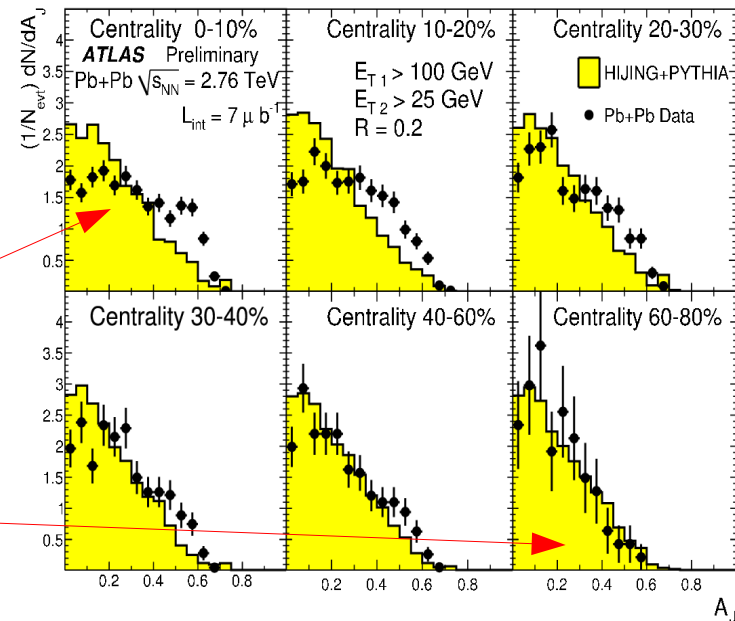
Enhancement of asymmetric di-jets, relatively to p+p and PYTHIA+HIJING

→ first indication of jet suppression

$$A_J = \frac{E_{T1} - E_{T2}}{E_{T1} + E_{T2}} \quad \begin{array}{l} E_{T1} > 100 \text{ GeV} \\ E_{T2} > 25 \text{ GeV} \\ |\eta| < 2.8 \end{array}$$



R=0.4



R=0.2

# Di-jet Azimuthal Correlation

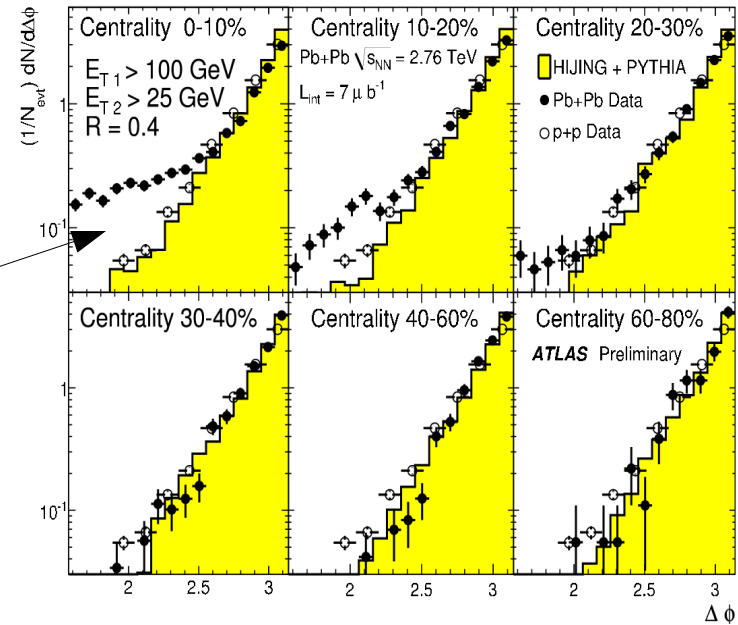
$\Delta\phi = \pi$  acoplanarity remains,  
while  $A_J$  is changing

Consistent with combinatoric  
contribution to  $R=0.4$  di-jet  $\Delta\phi$   
distribution

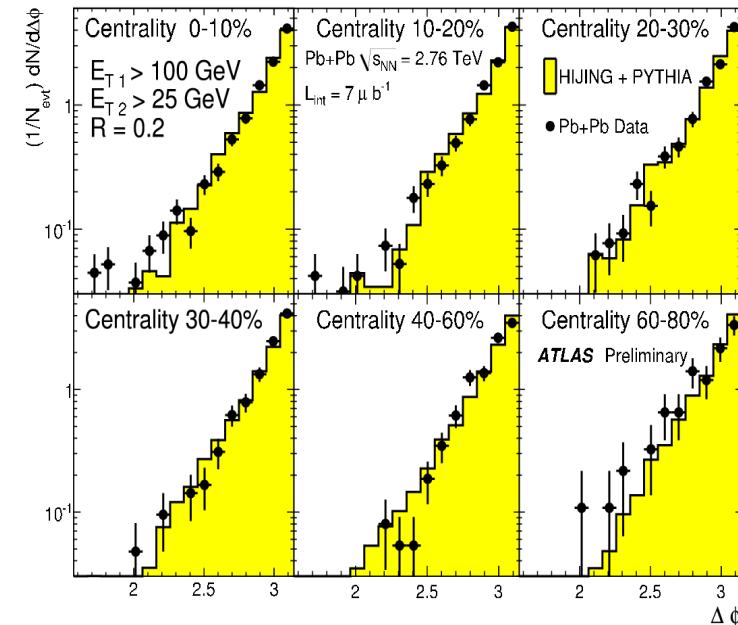
- 2nd jet “missing” and  
uncorrelated jet used

- But, combinatoric contribution  
much smaller for  $R=0.2$

- Yet, equally strong  
asymmetry modification



$R=0.4$



$R=0.2$



# Conclusions

- 1 - Jet reconstruction has reached very good performance;  
Still room for improvements...
- 2 - Di-jet balance in peripheral collisions well compatible with p+p collisions and non-quenching based MC;  
Di-jet asymmetry increases with increasing centrality.
- 3 - No broadening of  $\Delta\phi$ .

Ongoing:

- Analysis of 2011 data
- Trigger studies on Heavy Flavour jets

# Acknowledgements

**To the ATLAS-LIP Group: Thank You All!!**

**And to:**



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