

MPI Support in Int.Eu.Grid: Open MPI, PACX-MPI, MPI-Start

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MPI Support Overview

- Open MPI
 - ▶ a recent MPI-2 implementation
- PACX-MPI
 - MPI between clusters
- MPI-Start
 - a common layer to start MPI processes in EGEE and I2G



Open MPIHistory

- □ in 2003 the developers of FT-MPI, LA-MPI, LAM/MPI decided to focus their experience and efforts on one MPI implementation instead on several
- in 2004 the real designing and coding started
- HLRS joined Open MPI
- □ First release on Super Computing 2005



Open MPI Who is MPI?

- Founders
 - ► High Performance Computing Center, Stuttgart
 - ► Indiana University
 - ► Los Alamos National Laboratory
 - ► The University of Tennessee
- Current status
 - ▶ 14 Members
 - ▶ 8 Contributors
 - ▶ 1 Partner





Open MPI Project Goals

State of the art MPI implementation

- ► Full support of the MPI-2 standard
- ► Full thread support
- Avoidance of old legacy code
- Profit from long experience in MPI implementations
- ► Avoiding the "forking" problem
- Community / 3rd party involvement
- Production-quality research platform
- ► Rapid deployment for new platforms





Open MPI Design Goals

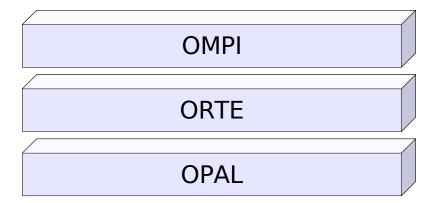
- Component architecture
- Design for heterogeneous environments
- Multiple networks (run-time selection)
- Support for automatic error detection / retransmission
- Portable and performant
 - ► Small cluster
 - "Big iron" hardware
 - "Grid" (everyone has a different definition)
 - **>** ...





Open MPI Design Goals

- Open MPI consists of 3 different layers
 - ► OMPI : The MPI API and supporting logic
 - ► ORTE: The Open Run-Time Environment (support for different back-end run-time systems)
 - ► OPAL : The Open Portable Access Layer (utility and "glue" code used by OMPI and ORTE)

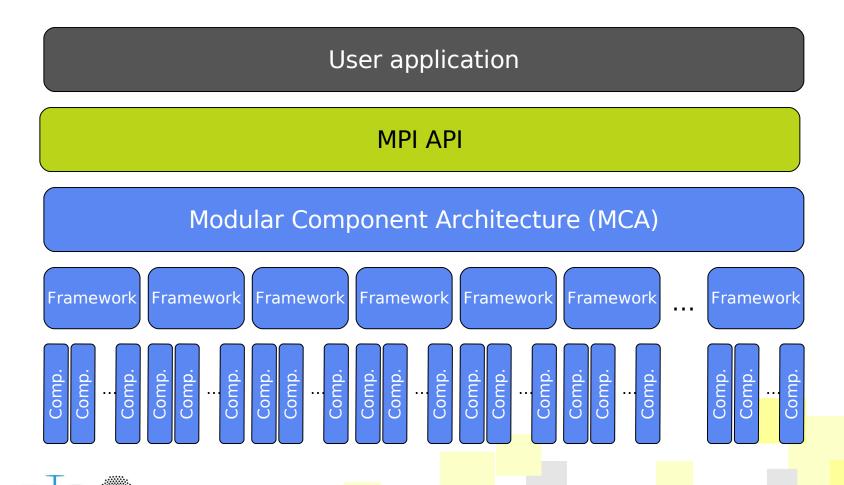






Open MPI Modular Component Architecture

MCA top level view





Open MPIMCA Concept

- Each MCA framework
 - will load all available components
 - evaluate/query each component regarding its capability to run in the current environment
 - will initialize the (best) runnable components and unload the others
- Composing the best fitting MPI implementation for the current system 'on the fly'





Open MPI Example Parameters

- selecting which low level transport to use/ not to use
 - mpiexec -n 4 -mca btl mvapi,sm,self Killer_App
 - mpiexec -n 4 -mca btl ^tcp Killer_App
- manipulating the startup mechanism
 - mpiexec -n 4 -mca pls_rsh_agent /usr/bin/ssh.orig Killer_App
- performance tuning
 - mpiexec -n 4 -mca mpi_leave_pinned 1 Killer_App
 - mpiexec -n 4 -mca btl_tcp_rcvbuf 514288 Killer_App





Open MPI Startup

- Open MPI supports both mpirun and mpiexec
- ORTE supports several startup mechanisms natively
 - rsh/ssh based
 - PBS/Torque
 - SGE
- The startup mechanism can be forced/selected via an MCA parameters







- The orte daemons need an open TCP/IP Port for incoming connections
- Different requirements for the different PLS
- ssh requires login without password (e.g. public keys)
- software installation
 - ▶ Open MPI needs to be installed on the
 - WN
 - CE (for PACX-MPI runs)





PACX-MPI Overview

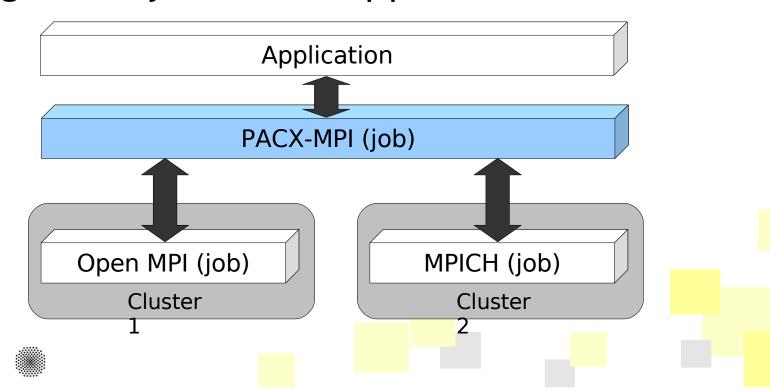
- A middleware for seamlessly running an MPI-application on a network of parallel computers
- originally developed in 1995 to connect Vector+MPP
- PACX-MPI is an optimized standardconforming MPI- implementation
- application just needs to be recompiled
- PACX-MPI uses locally installed, optimized vendor implementations for cluster intercommunication





PACX-MPI Overview

- PACX-MPI starts an MPI job in each cluster
- PACX-MPI "merges/manages" these MPI jobs internally and emulate transparently a bigger MPI job to the application





PACX-MPI Usage

- PACX-MPI compiler wrappers
 - ▶ pacxcc
 - **▶** pacxfc
 - ▶ ppacxcc
 - ▶ ppacxfc
- compiling with PACX
 - ▶ pacxcc -c hello.c
 - pacxcc -o hello hello.o





MPI-Start Overview

- Motivation
 - Parallel job support in Grids
 - Problems with the current approach
 - ► Future Parallel Job Support in Grid
- mpi-start
 - Design Goals
 - ► Architecture
- Usage
- Advanced Usage



MPI-StartMotivation

Parallel job support in GRID

- ► The current Grid middleware has only support for "Normal" jobs and "MPICH" jobs.
- "Normal" JobType
 - Execution of a sequential program
 - one process allocation.
- "MPICH" JobType
 - The name is program, only supports MPICH
 - Hard-coded into the WMS/RB
 - The grid middleware produces a wrapper script that executes the binary with (mpich) mpirun





MPI-StartMotivation

- Problems with hard-coded approach
 - ► For every new implementation that needs to be supported the middleware needs to be modified
 - ► The modified middleware needs to be recompiled (compiling about 1-2 hours, setting up a proper build environment about a few days)
 - ► The modified middleware needs to go through the whole release cycle:
 - Test + Validation
 - Testbed
 - Release
 - takes about 8 month in the EGEE project
 - Combinations of schedulers and MPI implementations might not work
 - how to find the hostfile
 - e.g. format of the SGE machinefile is not supported by mpich2.





MPI-Start Motivation

More Grid specific problems

- ► The cluster where the MPI job is supposed to run doesn't have a shared file system.
 - How to distribute the binary and input files?
 - How to gather the output ?
- ► How to compile MPI program?
 - How can a physicist working on Windows workstation compile his code for/with an Itanium MPI implementation?
 - License issues when giving people access to compiler?





MPI-Start Goals

Goals of mpi-start

- Defines a unique interface to the upper layer for MPI jobs
- Support of a new MPI implementation doesn't require any change in the Grid middleware
- ► Support of "simple" file distribution
- ▶ Provide some support for the user to help manage his data.

Grid Middleware

MPI-START

MPI's/Schedulers





MPI-Start Design Goals

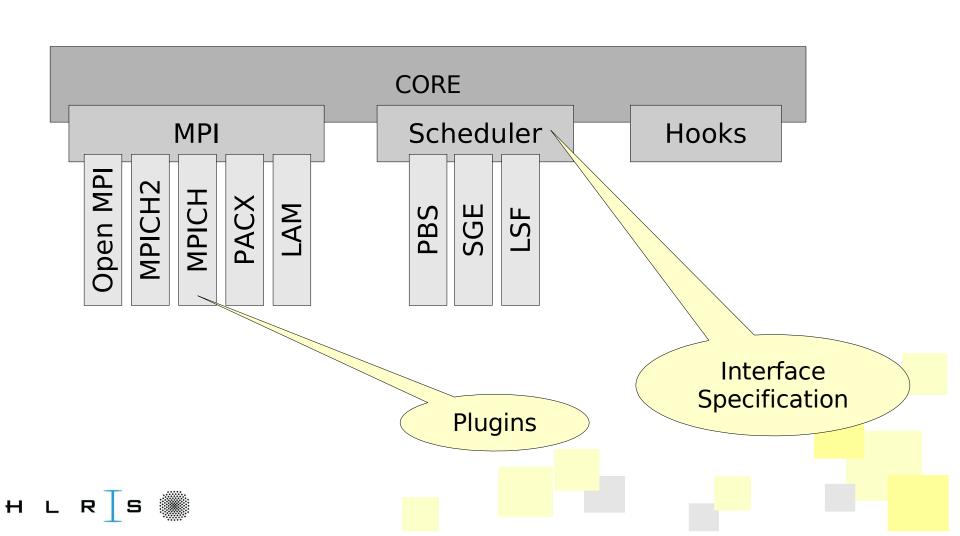
Design Goals

- ► Portable
 - The program must be able to run under any supported operating system
- Modular and extensible architecture
 - Plugin/Component architecture
- ▶ Relocatable
 - The program must be independent of absolute path, to adapt to different site configurations.
 - Remote "injection" of mpi-start along with the job
- ▶ Very good "remote" debugging features



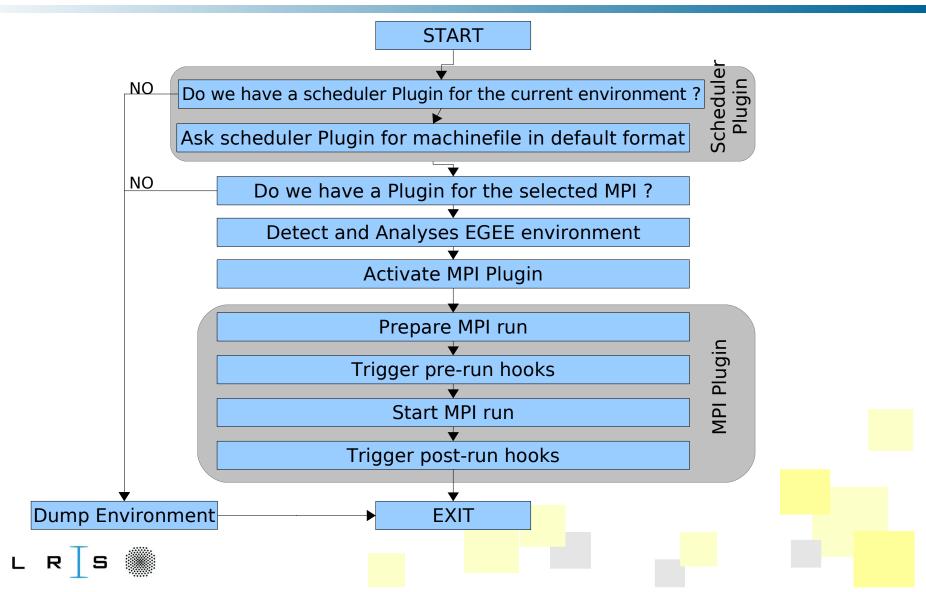


MPI-StartArchitecture





MPI-Start Flow





MPI-Start Interface

Interface Intra Cluster MPI

- ► I2G_MPI_APPLICATION
 - This variable describes the executable.
- ► I2G_MPI_APPLICATION_ARGS
 - This variable contains the parameters of the executable.
- ► I2G_MPI_TYPE
 - Specifies the MPI implementation to use (e.g openmpi, ...).
- ► I2G_MPI_VERSION
 - Specifies which version of the the MPI implementation to use. If not defined the default version will be used.





MPI-Start Interface

Interface Intra Cluster MPI

- ► I2G_MPI_PRECOMMAND
 - Specifies a command that is prepended to the mpirun (e.g. time).
- ► I2G_MPI_PRE_RUN_HOOK
 - This variable can point to a shell script that must contain a "pre_run_hook" function. This function will be called before the parallel application is started.
- ► I2G_MPI_POST_RUN_HOOK
 - Like I2G_MPI_PRE_RUN_HOOK, but the script must define a "post_run_hook" that is called after the parallel application finished.





MPI-Start Interface

Interface Inter Cluster MPI

- ► I2G_MPI_FLAVOUR
 - Specifies which local sub MPI implementation to use.
- ► I2G_MPI_JOB_NUMBER
 - In the case of a multi cluster MPI job this variable indicate the sub-job id.
- ► I2G_MPI_STARTUP_INFO
 - Special synchr. informations for a inter cluster MPI job.
- ► I2G_MPI_RELAY
 - Specifies the host via which the MPI traffic will be routed





MPI-Start Status

Current progress:

- Support of MPI in a single cluster
- Support of different MPI implementations simultaneously
- Remove all MPI implementation specific features from the middleware
 - <u>Int.EU.Grid</u>: Still provide for each MPI implementation a special JobType, but this information is only passed through to a generic wrapper script. The RB automatically selects proper sites.
- Have an abstraction layer that simplifies/abstracts from the low-level handling
- in EGEE:
 - MPI Job == Normal Job that is allowed to allocate more than 1 process. The user has to:
 - take care of the complexity of the MPI implementations.
 - specify the requirements for a suitable site.





MPI-Start Examples

Example of start script

```
#!/bin/sh
# IMPORTANT : This example script execute a
#
              non-mpi program
export I2G MPI APPLICATION=/bin/hostname
export I2G MPI APPLICATION ARGS=
export I2G MPI NP=2
export I2G MPI TYPE=openmpi
export I2G MPI FLAVOUR=openmpi
                                               must be set to
export I2G MPI JOB NUMBER=0
export I2G MPI STARTUP INFO=
                                                the absolute
export I2G MPI PRECOMMAND=
                                                path of mpi-
export I2G MPI RELAY=
                                                    start
$12G MPI START
```





MPI-Start Debugging

Debugging Support

- ► The debugging support is controllable via environment variables
- ► The default is **not** to produce any additional output
- ► I2G_MPI_START_VERBOSE
 - If set to 1 only very basic information are produced
- ► I2G_MPI_START_DEBUG
 - If set to 1 information about the internal flow are outputed
- ► I2G_MPI_START_TRACE
 - If set to 1 that "set -x" is enabled at the beginning.





MPI-Start Debugging

Debugging output example (I2G_MPI_START_VERBOSE=1)

```
****************************
     = iman003
UID
      = iwra54.fzk.de
HOST
    = Mon Dec 18 16:25:31 CET 2006
DATE
VERSION = 0.0.26
************************
mpi-start [INFO ]: search for scheduler
mpi-start [INFO ]: activate support for pbs
mpi-start [INFO ]: activate support for openmpi
mpi-start [INFO ]: call backend MPI implementation
mpi-start [INFO ]: start program with mpirun
=[START]=======
<<OUTPUT>>
=[FINISHED]===
```





MPI-Start Usage IMB (aka Pallas)

□ JDL in the I2G framework

- ► MPI-Start usage is transparent
- ▶ I2G middleware takes care of the details

```
Executable
                 = "IMB-MPI1";
                = "barrier";
Arguments
JobType
                 = "Parallel";
SubJobType
                 = "openmpi";
NodeNumber
                 = 4;
StdOutput
                 = "std.out";
StdError
                 = "std.err";
OutputSandbox
                 = {"std.out", "std.err"};
InputSandbox
                 = {"IMB-MPI1"};
```





MPI-Start Usage IMB (aka Pallas)

■ stdout.txt

```
Intel (R) MPI Benchmark Suite V2.3, MPI-1 part
# Date : Mon Aug 13 13:05:03 2007
# Machine : i686# System : Linux
# Release : 2.4.21-47.0.1.EL.cernsmp
# Version : #1 SMP Thu Oct 19 16:35:52 CEST 2006
# Benchmarking Barrier
# #processes = 2
 ( 2 additional processes waiting in MPI Barrier)
#repetitions t min[usec] t max[usec] t avg[usec]
               11.43
                         11.43
       1000
     _____
# Benchmarking Barrier
 #processes = 4
 #repetitions t min[usec] t max[usec] t avg[usec]
                 187.78
                       187.88
       1000
                                      187.83
```





MPI-Start Hooks

- Hooks are divided into:
 - pre-run-hooks (integrated: file distribution)
 - post-run-hooks (integrated: cleanup of files)
- Any user-defined pre-run-hooks and postrun-hooks easily added
- Useful examples:
 - pre-run-hooks compilation of the binary
 - post-run-hooks fetch some runtime data into storage element





MPI-StartExample of User-Defined Hooks

🗖 o3.jdl

```
JobType
                    = "Parallel";
SubJobType
                    = "openmpi";
                    = 8;
NodeNumber
VirtualOrganisation = "imain";
Executable
                    = "o3sq 8";
StdOutput
                    = "std.out";
StdError
                    = "std.err";
                    = {"o3sg 8","o3 hooks.sh","input.8"};
InputSandbox
                    = {"std.out", "std.err"};
OutputSandbox
Environment = {"I2G MPI PRE RUN HOOK=./o3 hooks.sh",
                "I2G MPI POST RUN HOOK=./o3 hooks.sh"};
```





MPI-Start Example of User-Defined Hooks

o3_hooks.sh (1/2)

```
#!/bin/sh
export OUTPUT PATTERN=L8
export OUTPUT ARCHIVE=output.tar.qz
export OUTPUT HOST=iwrse2.fzk.de
export OUTPUT SE=lfn:/grid/imain/sven
export OUTPUT VO=imain
pre run hook () {
copy from remote node() {
    if [[ $1 == `hostname` || $1 == 'hostname -f' || $1 == "localhost" ]]; then
        echo "skip local host"
        return 1
    fi
    # pack data
    CMD="scp -r $1:\"$PWD/$OUTPUT PATTERN\" ."
    echo $CMD
    $CMD
}
```





MPI-StartExample of User-Defined Hooks

o3_hooks.sh (2/2)

```
. . .
post run hook () {
    echo "post run hook called"
    if [ "x$MPI START SHARED FS" == "x0" ] ; then
        echo "gather output from remote hosts"
        mpi start foreach host copy from remote node
    fi
    ls -al
    echo "pack the data"
    tar cvzf $OUTPUT ARCHIVE $OUTPUT PATTERN
    echo "upload the data"
    lcq-cr --vo $OUTPUT VO -d $OUTPUT HOST -1 $OUTPUT SE/$OUTPUT ARCHIVE
file://$PWD/$OUTPUT ARCHIVE
    return 0
}
```





MPI-StartAdvanced Features

Advanced Features

- ► Interactivity
- ► Remote Injection
- "Remote Debugging"





MPI-StartRemote Injection

- mpi-start can be run without being installed locally
 - ▶ just unpack mpi-start
 - setup environment
 - run mpi-start and let it do the rest





MPI-StartRemote Injection

remote_injection.jdl

```
Executable
                 = "my-starter.sh";
                 = "Parallel";
JobType
                 = "Plain";
SubJobType
NodeNumber
                 = 4;
StdOutput
                = "std.out";
StdError
                = "std.err";
OutputSandbox
                = {"std.out", "std.err"};
InputSandbox
                 = {"my-mpi-start.tar.gz"/
                    "my-starter.sh"}
```

just allocate nodes

tarball with mpi-start





MPI-StartFuture plans

Future Parallel Job Support in Grid

- ► Short/Medium Term:
 - have a separate framework for the file distribution
 - write a framework for recognition of environments (I2G/EGEE/none)
 - have a setup process to use the environments framework
- ▶ Long term
 - Have support for the MPI jobs between multiple clusters.
 - Have support for other parallel programming models (e.g. shared memory/OpenMP).
 - Problem with allocation of N processes on the same physical node.

