



Enabling Grids for E-scienceE

Syslog Server

Eddie Aronovich
School of CS
Tel-Aviv University

www.eu-egee.org



The logo for EGEE (European Geoscientific Education and Outreach) features the letters 'e', 'G', 'e', and 'e' in a stylized font. The 'e' is blue, 'G' is yellow, and the other two 'e's are blue. A white semi-circle is positioned behind the 'G' and the first 'e'.

EGEE Table of context

- **Motivation**
- **Possible attitudes**
- **Possible solutions & Implementations**

**Count the number of ball passes
between**

the

WHITE

players only !

Motivation – why logging ?

- **Human memory is a poor storage device**
- **Large systems are too complex**
- **Incidents are reported retroactively**
- **Law (or other authority) might enforce logging**
- **Logs show trends and anomalies**

EGEE Project requirements

- **CE:** “The *gatekeeper* logfile (usually */var/log/globus-gatekeeper.log*) should be retained.”
- **SE:** “The *gridftp* service should be configured to log input and output transfers (*-i -o* options) with verbose logging (*-l -L* options) and the logfiles (usually */var/log/globus-xferlog*, */var/log/gsiwuftpd.log*) retained.”
- **Batch system:** “should include the following data for each job –
 - the batch system job identifier
 - the location (address/name) of the machine(s) used
 - the time the job was started
 - the time the job ended (or duration)
 - the command executed.In cases where the batch system data is not available to the *jobmanager*, the batch system logfiles should be retained separately and include the information listed
- **GDB:** following data be retained by all **LCG-1** sites for a minimum period of 90days.
 - **Jobmanager and/or gatekeeper logfiles (section 2.3 above).**
 - **Data transfer logs (section 2.4 above).**
 - **Batch system and process activity records (section 2.5 above).**
- **RB (WMS):** “Security Group will make recommendations for audit data retention at the RB in the future.”

More at: [LCG Audit Requirements](#)

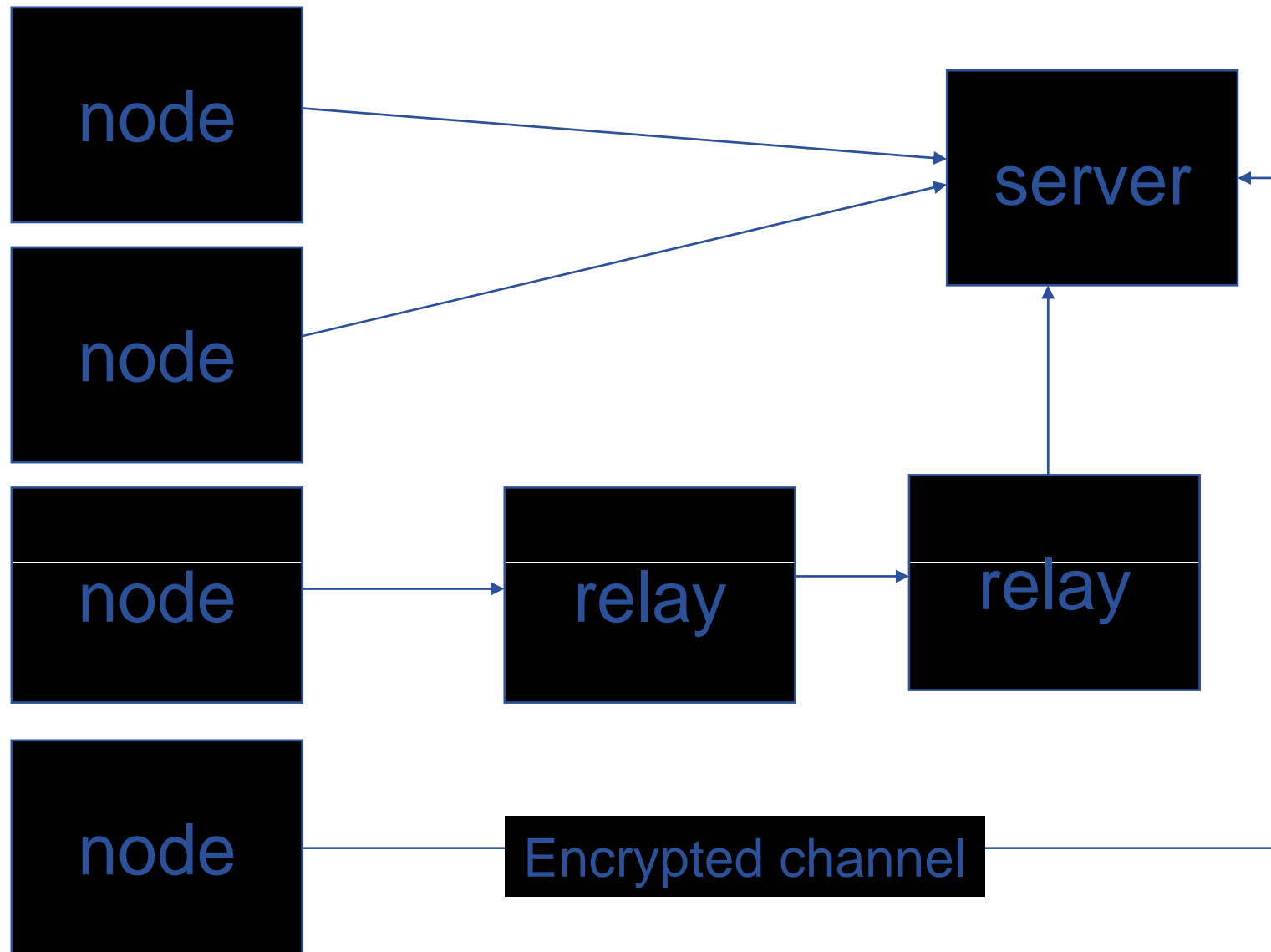
Why centralized logging ?

- **Vulnerability of local logs**
- **Accessibility to information - Searching in one place is easier**
- **Most of us prefer to log all and search later**
- **Analyzing is easier (manual & automatically)**
- **Information from several sources gives better picture**
- **There are lot of logs (system, fw, ids, web servers, etc.)**

- [RFC 3164 - The BSD Syslog Protocol](#) (informational)
- [RFC 3195 - Reliable Delivery for syslog](#) (std track)

And other are in preparation mode...

EGEE Syslog mechanism



EGEE How is it implemented ?

- **Changes needed at server:**
 - Install syslog server
 - Configure the log mechanism output files (/etc/syslog.conf)
 - {selector} {action}
 - *.* /var/log/unified_log
 - kern.crit on-duty-cell-alias
- **Changes needed at remote stations**
 - Change the logging destination (local copy is sometime needed) (/etc/syslog.conf)
 - {selector} {action}
 - *.emerg @loghost
 - kern.* joe,eddiea
 - Only software that uses syslog functions will be redirected !
- **Changes needed in the applications**
 - Use syslog() sys-call function for logging
 - MW : [“Middleware Security Audit Logging Guidelines”](#)
 - Suggested configuration [“Grid Log Retention Guidelines”](#)

Central Syslogging

- Logconf - centralised configuration control
- Unix syslog daemon
- Syslog-ng

Log analyzer

- Logwatch
- swatch

Logrotate – very useful utility

More in Central loghost mini-Howto

Analyzing challenges

- Most of process is pattern based
- Search & filtering are text based (active research area)
- Searching in DB is faster (but less flexible)
- XML trend is coming....(be aware)
- Large sets are difficult to analyze (use grid for that one 😊)

Central syslog vulnerabilities

- **Inherits UDP vulnerabilities**
- **Overload (quantity and rate)**
- **Enter junk information**
- **Auto pilot might cause an auto crash !**
 - Check your logging system
 - Analyze your logs (anomalies, trends)

Remember the Demo ?

How many ball passes you counted ?

Thanks

Thanks to the OSCT & Romain for helpful remarks !