

# Physics Searches with Tau Final States at ATLAS



Stan Lai

Universität Freiburg

on behalf of the  
ATLAS Collaboration



Workshop on Tau Lepton Decays  
Cracow, Poland  
17. May 2012



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

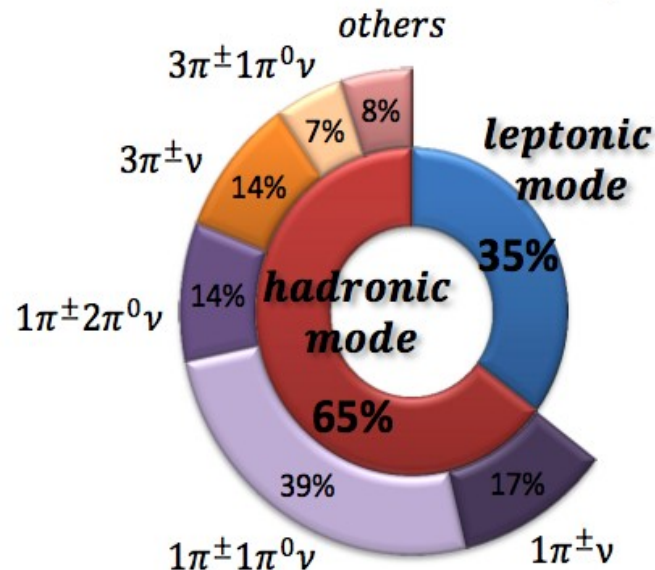
# The Tau Lepton



The tau lepton: heaviest lepton observed, excellent probe of new physics ( $m_\tau = 1.78 \text{ GeV}$ )

- good probe for new particles whose couplings increase with mass
- tau polarization observables can test predictions of particle decays to left/right-handed tau leptons

Tau identification is challenging at hadron colliders (see talk by M. Flechl)



Three Generations of Matter (Fermions)

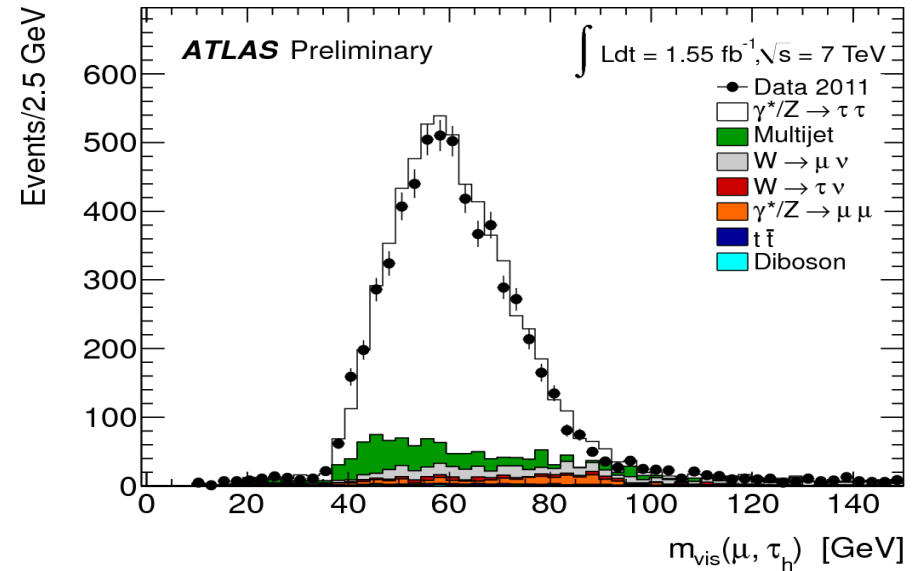
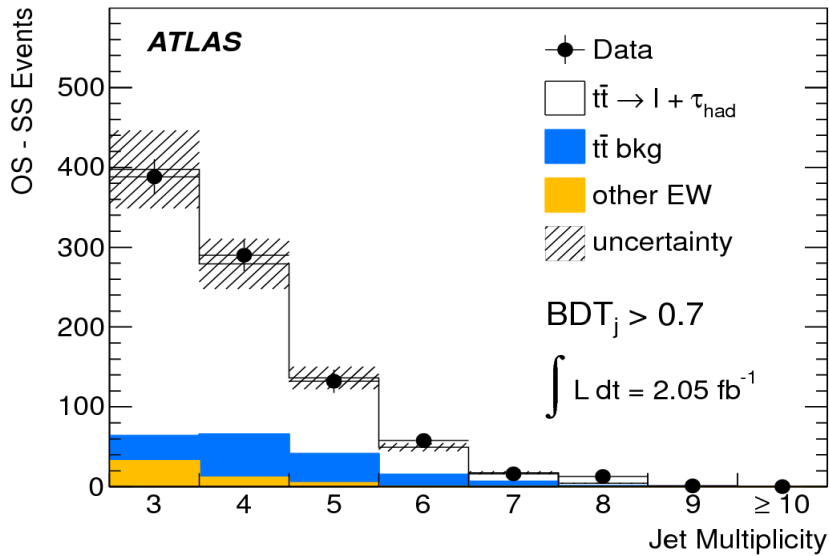
	I	II	III	
mass	2.4 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	1.27 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>	171.2 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>	0
charge	2/3	2/3	2/3	0
spin	1/2	1/2	1/2	1
name	<b>u</b> up	<b>c</b> charm	<b>t</b> top	<b>γ</b> photon
	4.8 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	104 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	4.2 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>	0
	-1/3	-1/3	-1/3	0
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1
Quarks	<b>d</b> down	<b>s</b> strange	<b>b</b> bottom	<b>g</b> gluon
	<2.2 eV/c <sup>2</sup>	<0.17 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	<15.5 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	91.2 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>
	0	0	0	0
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1
	<b>ν<sub>e</sub></b> electron neutrino	<b>ν<sub>μ</sub></b> muon neutrino	<b>ν<sub>τ</sub></b> tau neutrino	<b>Z<sup>0</sup></b> Z boson
	0.511 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	105.7 MeV/c <sup>2</sup>	1.777 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>	80.4 GeV/c <sup>2</sup>
	-1	-1	-1	-1
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1
Leptons	<b>e</b> electron	<b>μ</b> muon	<b>τ</b> tau	<b>W<sup>±</sup></b> W boson

# The ATLAS Tau Physics Program



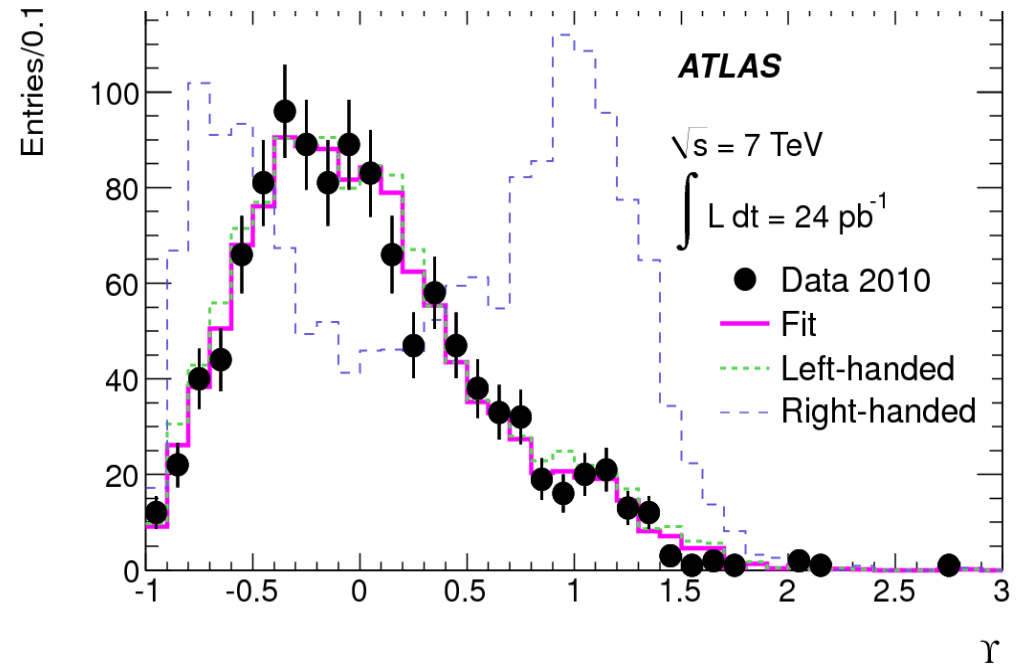
ATLAS tau physics program includes:

- cross-section measurements for SM processes
- tau polarization measurement (W decays)



This talk focuses on searches

- Standard Model Higgs bosons
- supersymmetry with tau final states
- MSSM Higgs bosons (charged/neutral)

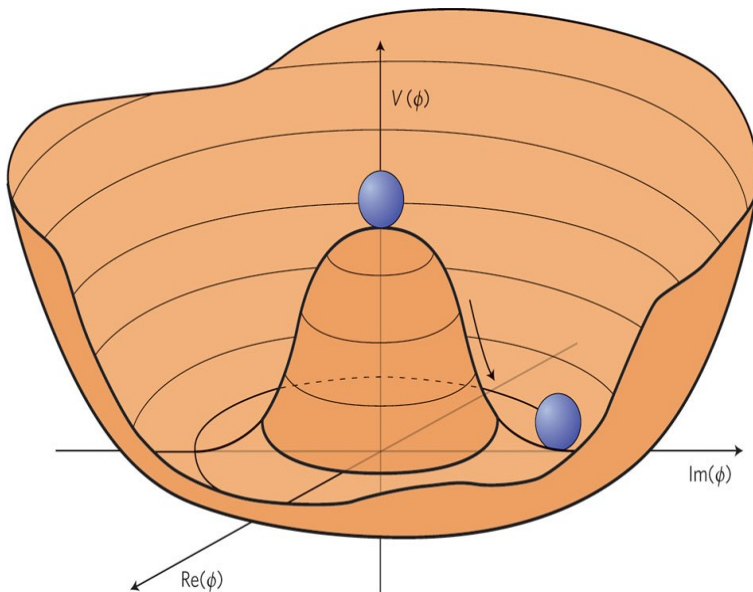


# The Standard Model Higgs Boson

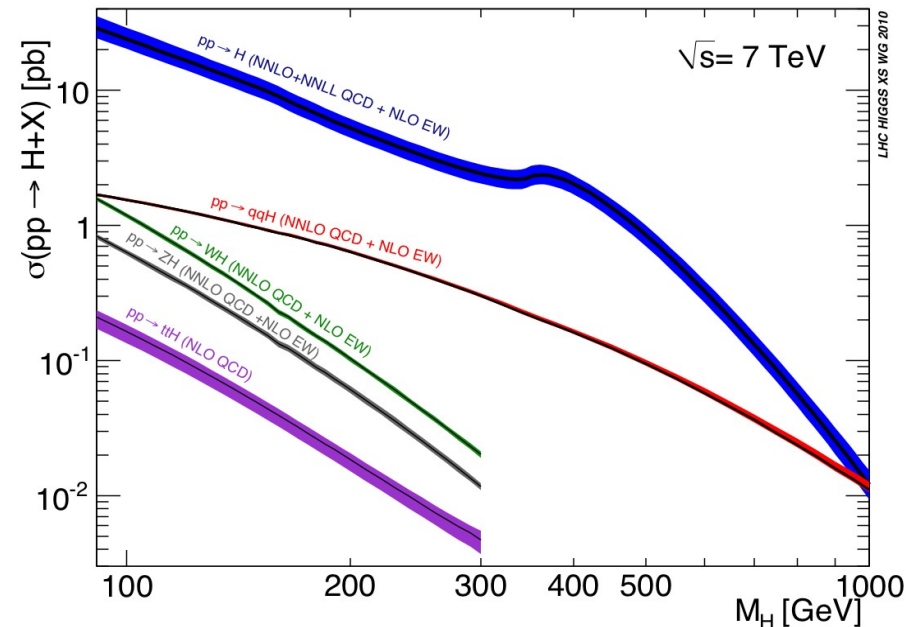
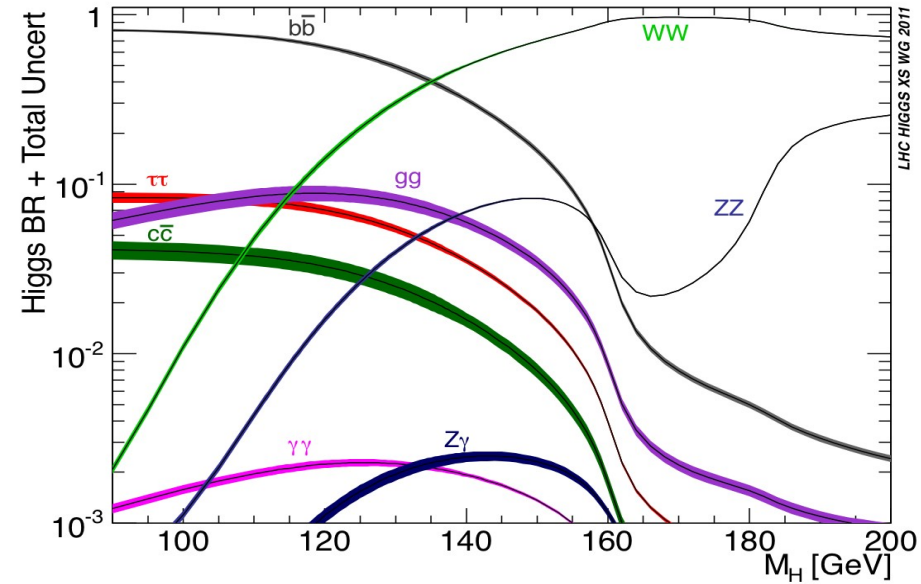


Higgs mechanism:

- minimal SM electroweak symmetry breaking
- provides mass to vector bosons (and fermions)
- physical manifestation of scalar field: Higgs boson



Stan Lai for the ATLAS Collaboration



Workshop on Tau Lepton Decays  
17 May 2012



# Standard Model $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Search



lepton-lepton  
 $ee/\mu\mu/e\mu$

lepton-hadron  
 $e\tau_h/\mu\tau_h$

hadron-hadron  
 $\tau_h\tau_h$

Further division of channels based on additional jets in event:

- 0 jets (lep-lep, lep-had)
- 1-jet (lep-lep, lep-had, had-had)
- 2-jet VBF selection (lep-lep, lep-had)
- 2-jet VH selection (lep-lep)

Background estimation:

- multi-jet background from data
- misidentified tau decays: corrected using data
- Z+jets events: embed tau leptons in  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  events

# Mass Reconstruction for $\tau\tau$



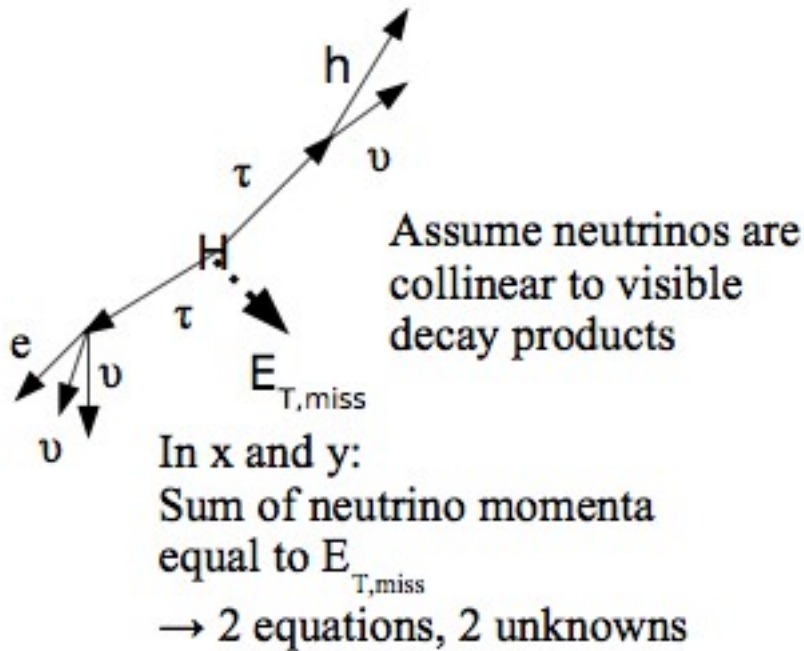
Three mass reconstruction methods used for the different  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

## Effective mass

$$m_{\tau\tau}^{\text{effective}} = \sqrt{(p_e + p_\mu + p_{E_T^{\text{miss}}})^2}$$

$$p_{E_T^{\text{miss}}} = (E_T^{\text{miss}}, E_x^{\text{miss}}, E_y^{\text{miss}}, 0)$$

## Collinear Mass



## MMC Mass

Elagin et al., NIM A654 (2011) 481

Collinearity requirement relaxed

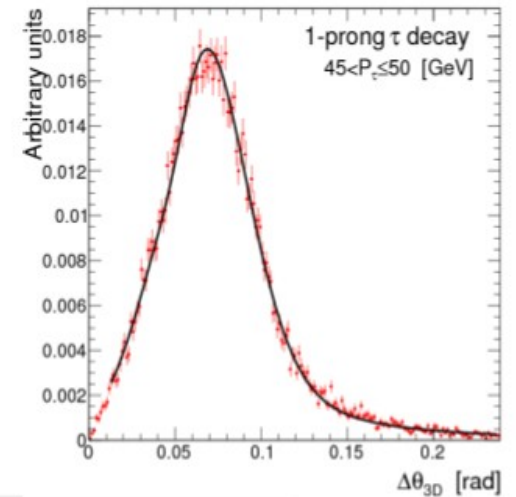
→ 7 unknowns, from neutrino 4 vector

→ 4 equations: 2x  $\tau$  mass,  $E_{x,miss}$   $E_{y,miss}$

Scan over

- $\text{mass}(v, v)$
- $\Delta\phi_1(v, h)$ ,
- $\Delta\phi_2(v, l)$

weight with PDF

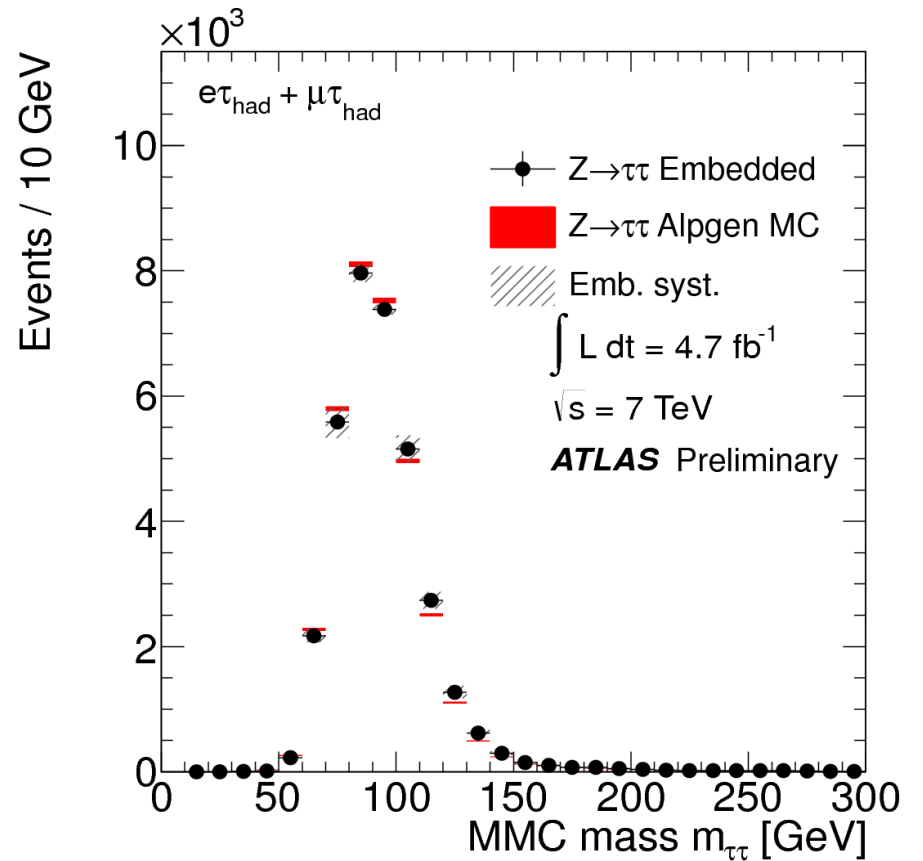
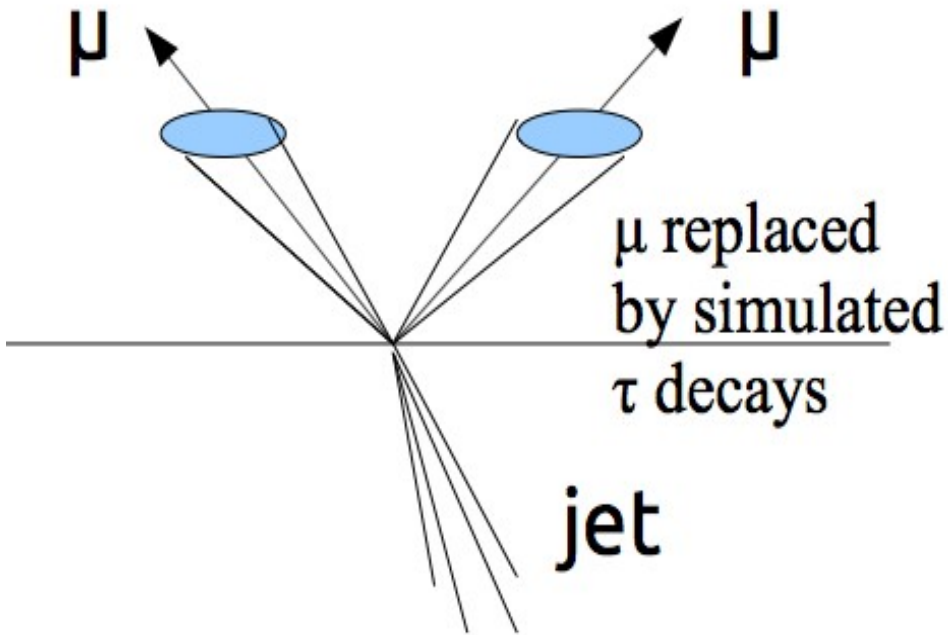


# Z+jets Events and Embedding



Irreducible background from  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$  events

- usage of embedding reduces systematic uncertainties on missing transverse energy, pileup effects, underlying event, jet multiplicity, etc.



# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow ll + 4\nu$



Subchannels:

0-jet:  $e\mu, m_{\text{eff}}$

$$p_T^e + p_T^\mu + E_T^{\text{miss}} < 120 \text{ GeV}$$

1-jet:  $ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$

$$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 40 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tau\tau j} > 225 \text{ GeV}$$

2-jet VBF:  $ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$

$$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 40/25 \text{ GeV}, \Delta\eta_{jj} > 3,$$

$$\text{central jet veto}, m_{jj} > 350 \text{ GeV}$$

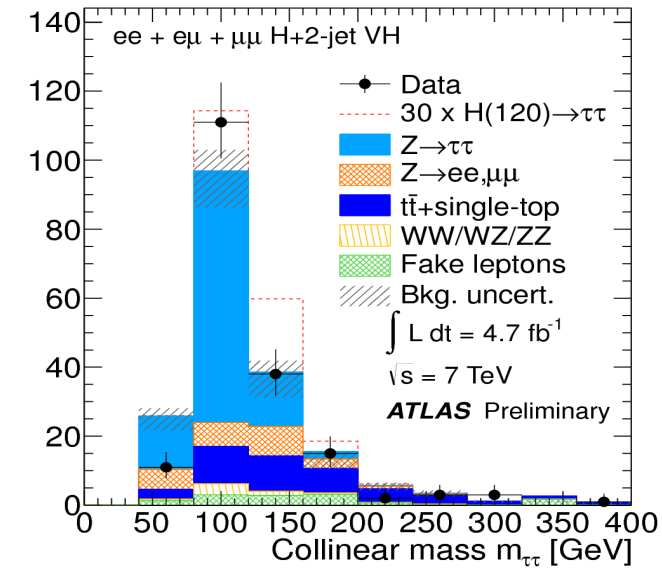
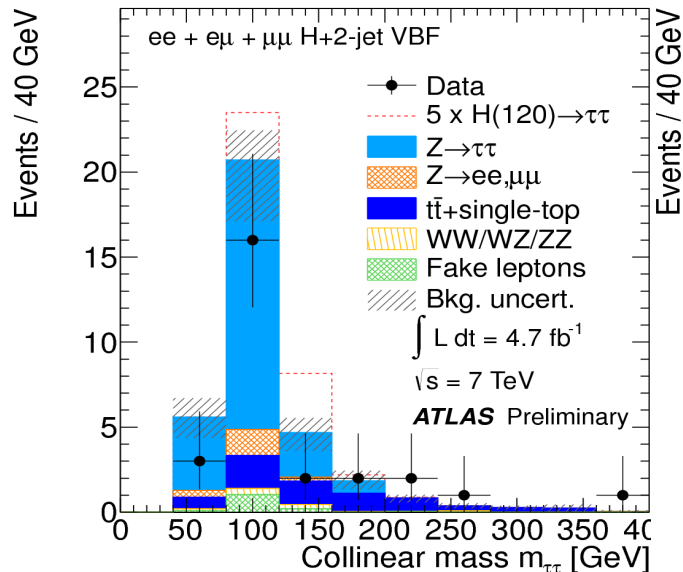
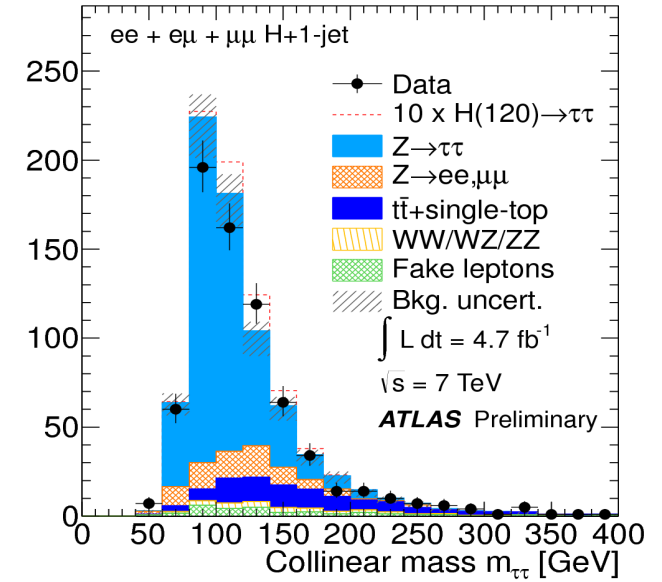
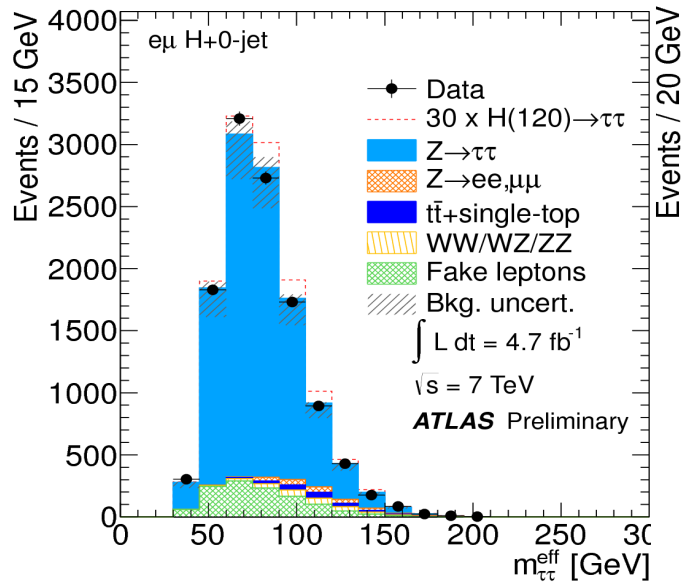
2-jet VH:  $ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$

$$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 40/25 \text{ GeV}, \Delta\eta_{jj} < 2,$$

$$50 < m_{jj} < 120 \text{ GeV}$$

fake lepton backgrounds:

template fit on lepton isolation





# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow l\tau_h + 3\nu$



Subchannels:

0-jet: consider separately

$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$  and  $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 20$  GeV

1-jet:  $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 20$  GeV

$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$  GeV

2-jet VBF:  $p_T^{\text{jets}} > 20$  GeV

$\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3$ ,  $m_{jj} > 300$  GeV

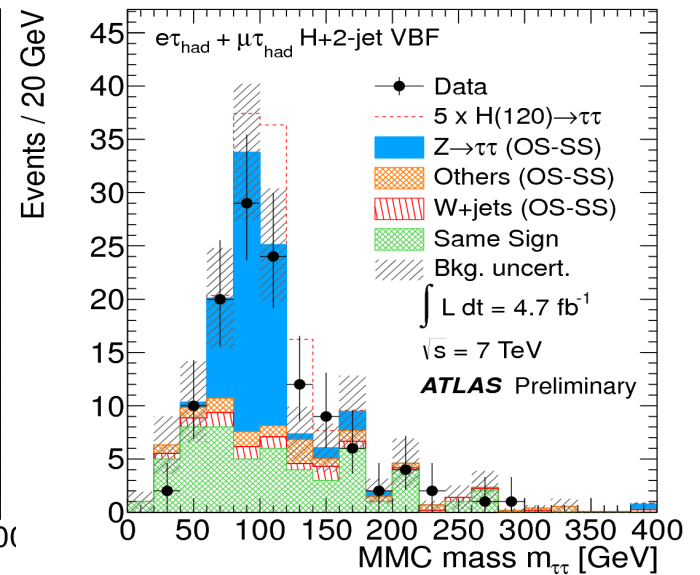
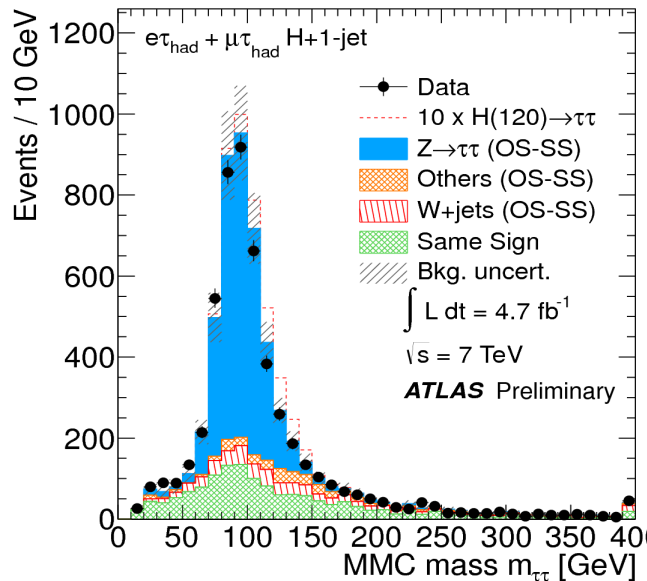
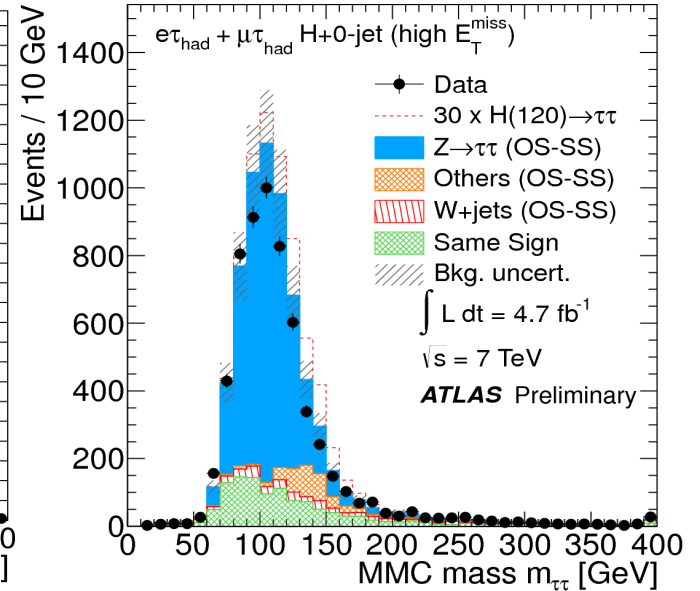
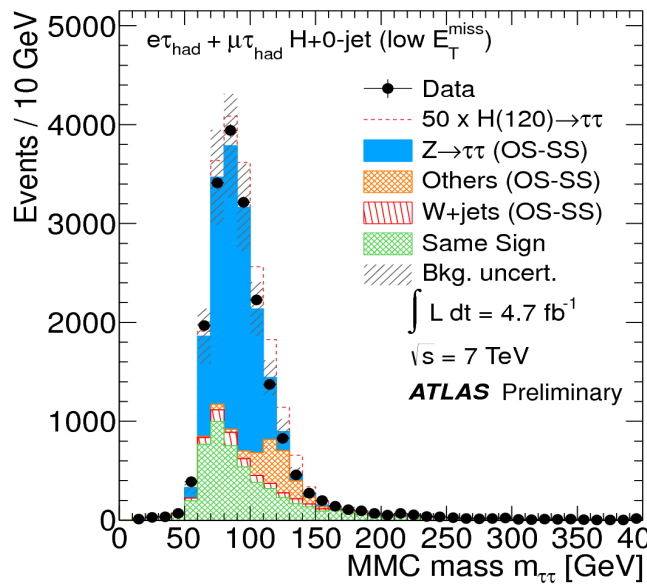
(jets in opposite hemisphere)

multi-jet backgrounds:

evaluate using same-sign region

W+jets MC corrected by

scaling factor in high  $m_T$ -region



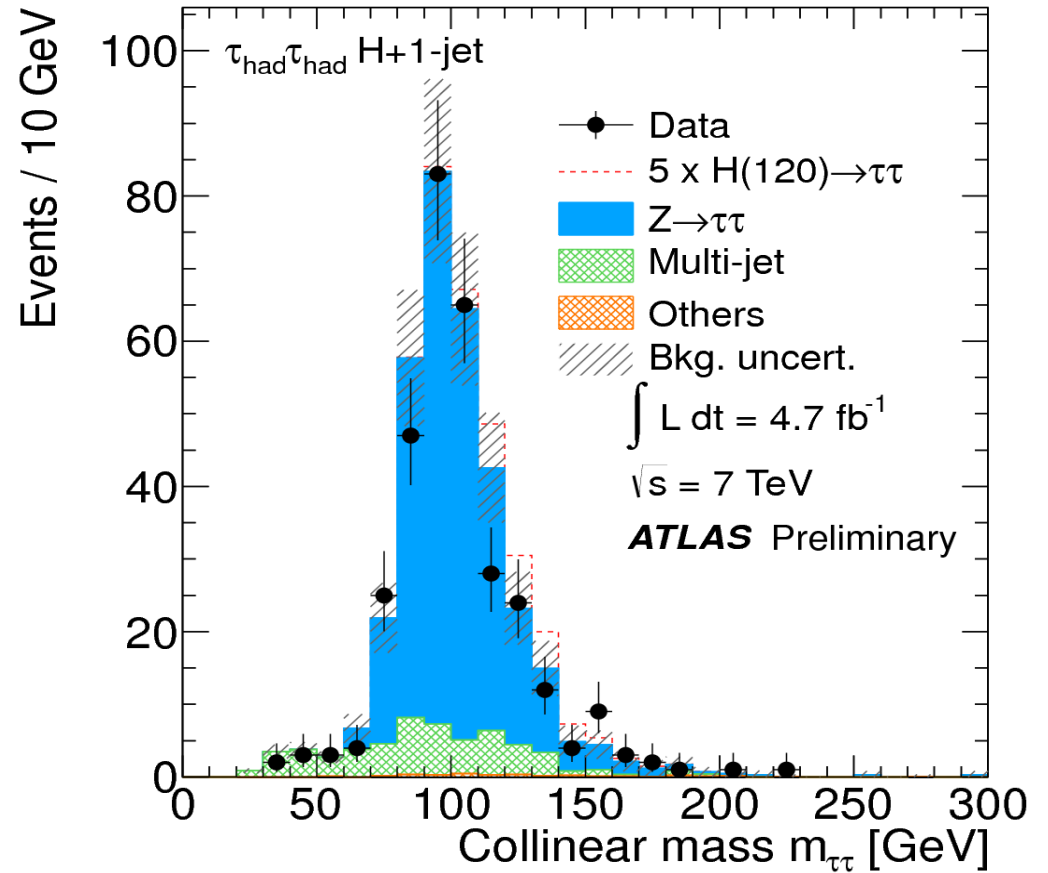
# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h + 2\nu$



Trigger: double  $\tau_h$  trigger ( $\tau_{h1} > 35, \tau_{h2} > 25$  GeV)

1 jet selection:

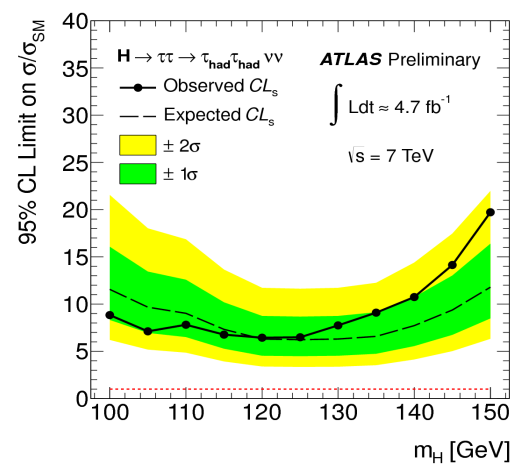
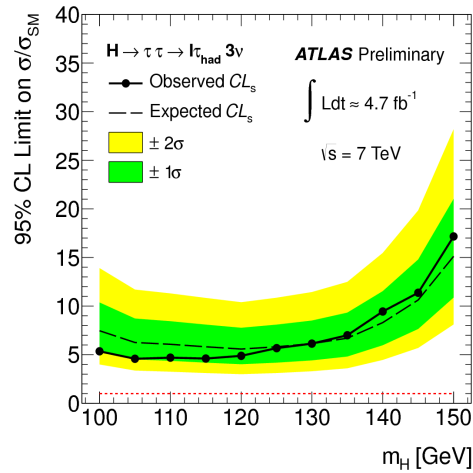
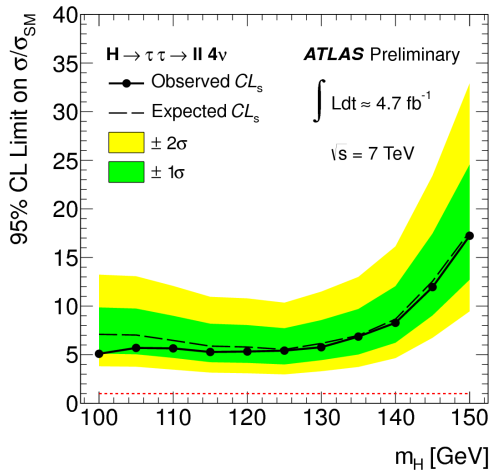
- jet  $p_T > 40$  GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$  GeV
- $m_{\tau\tau} > 225$  GeV
- collinear mass: physical solution required



Multijet background estimation:

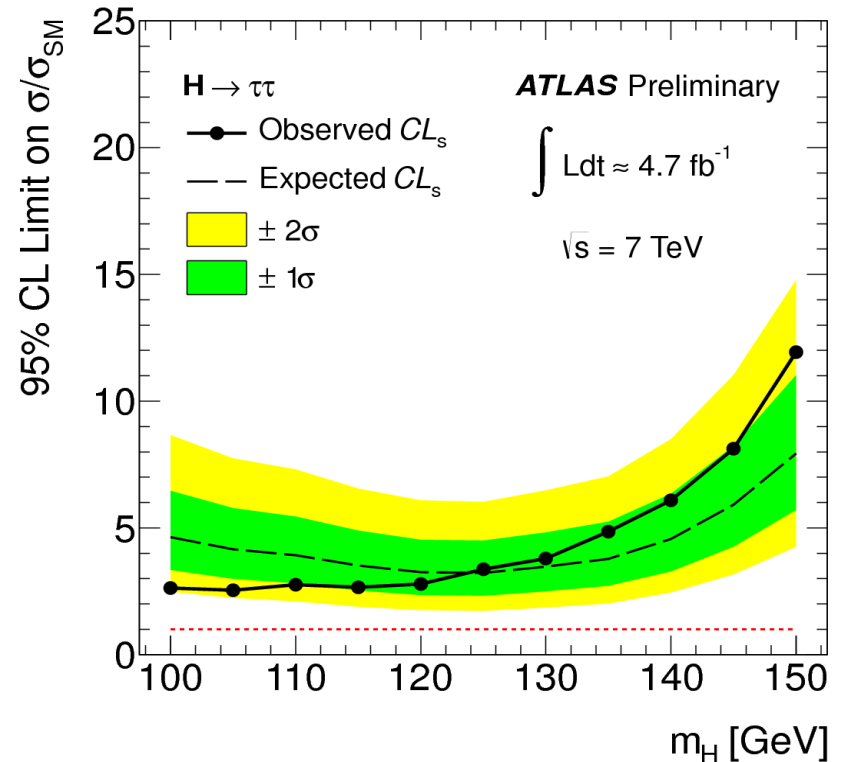
- 2D template fit of tau track multiplicity for both tau candidates

# Standard Model $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Limits

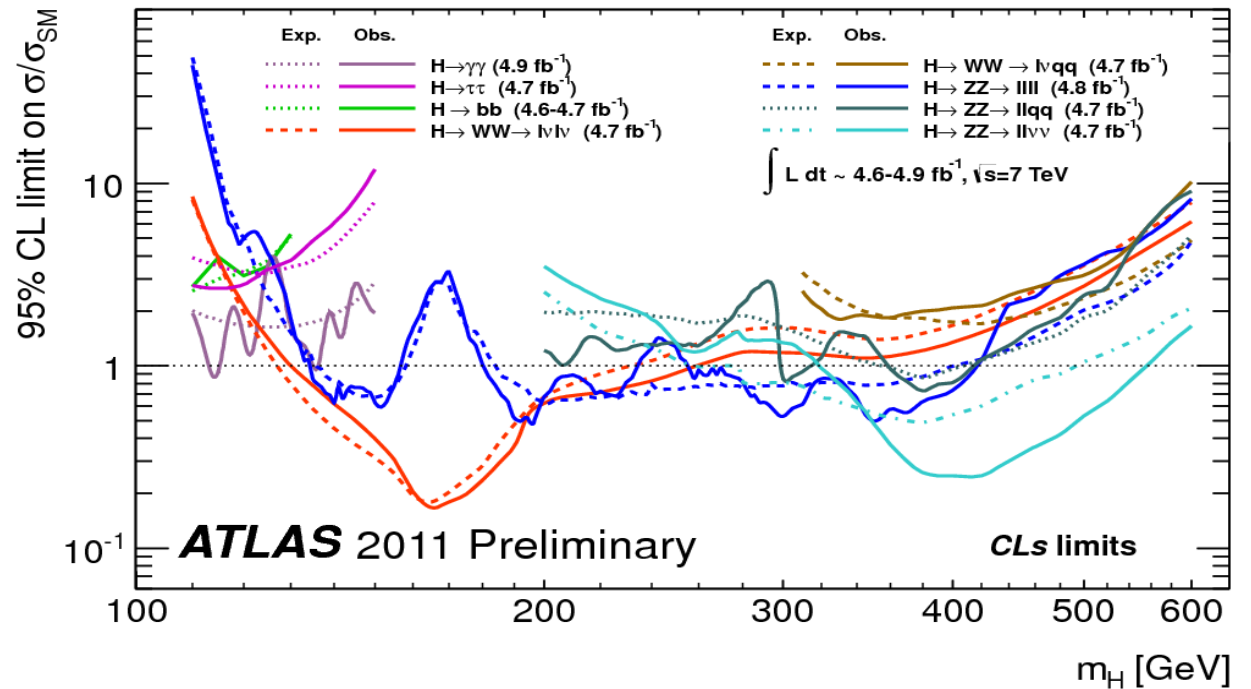
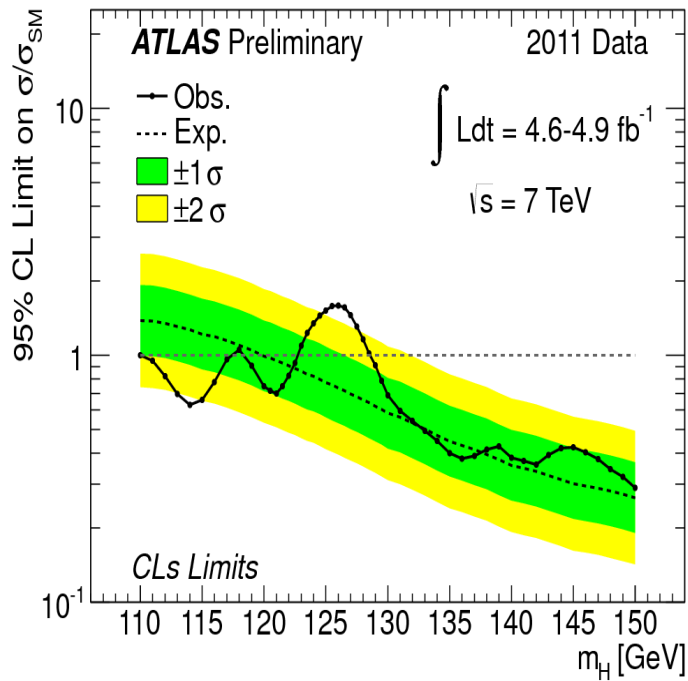


No excess of events seen in any channel

95%  $CL_s$  limits set as a function of  $m_H$



# Standard Model Higgs Limits



# Supersymmetry

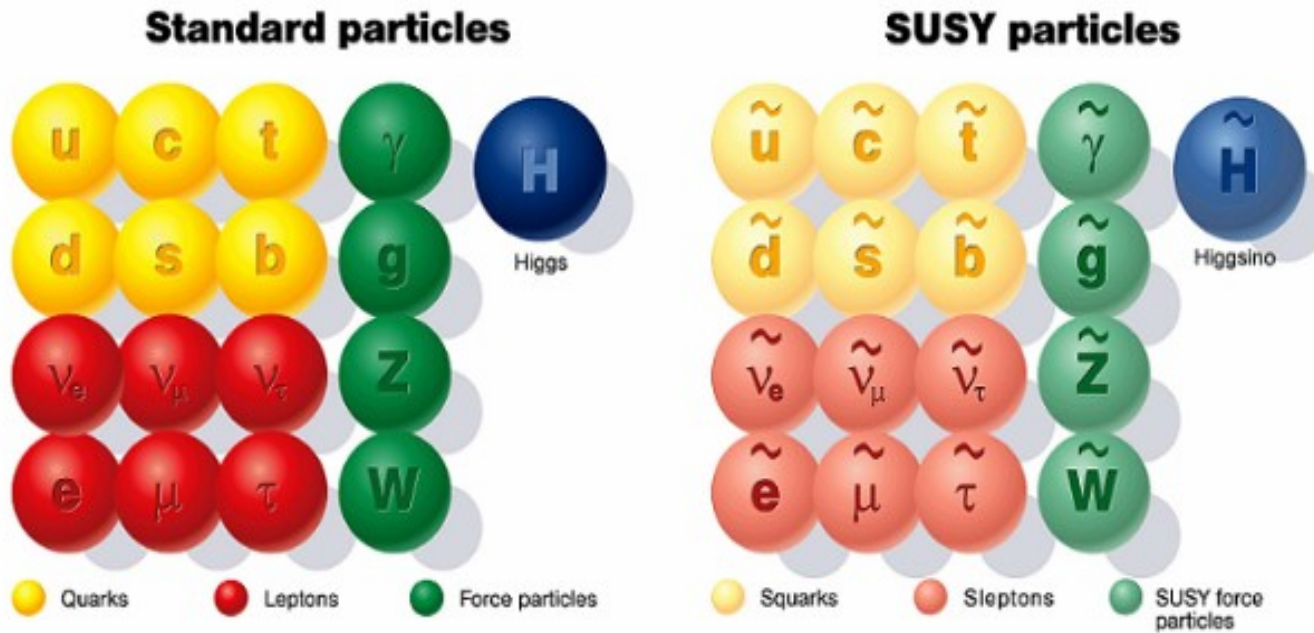


SUSY: well-studied extension of the Standard Model

- all SM particles have “superpartners” (same properties except spin differing by  $\hbar/2$ )
- broken symmetry, since we have not yet observed SUSY particles

Properties

- can provide suitable dark matter candidate (Lightest SUSY Partner)
- can naturally reduce fine-tuning in hierarchy problem  
[ provided relevant mass scales are  $O(1 \text{ TeV})$  ]



Phenomenology dependent on SUSY breaking mechanism

mSUGRA

- SUSY breaking mediated by gravitational-sector (LSP: gravitino)

GMSB

- SUSY breaking mediated by gauge interactions of a messenger sector

# Supersymmetry and Tau Leptons



The 3<sup>rd</sup> generation in SUSY can provide for interesting phenomenology:

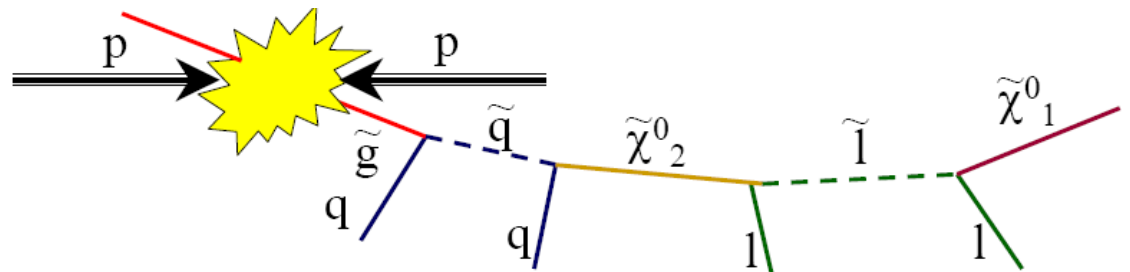
large mixing between left- and right-handed sfermions

→ lightest slepton is the stau (often the NLSP in GMSB models)

→ LSP becomes the gravitino or neutralino

tau final states provide access to:

- stau masses
- polarization information and couplings of neutralinos, stau, other partners



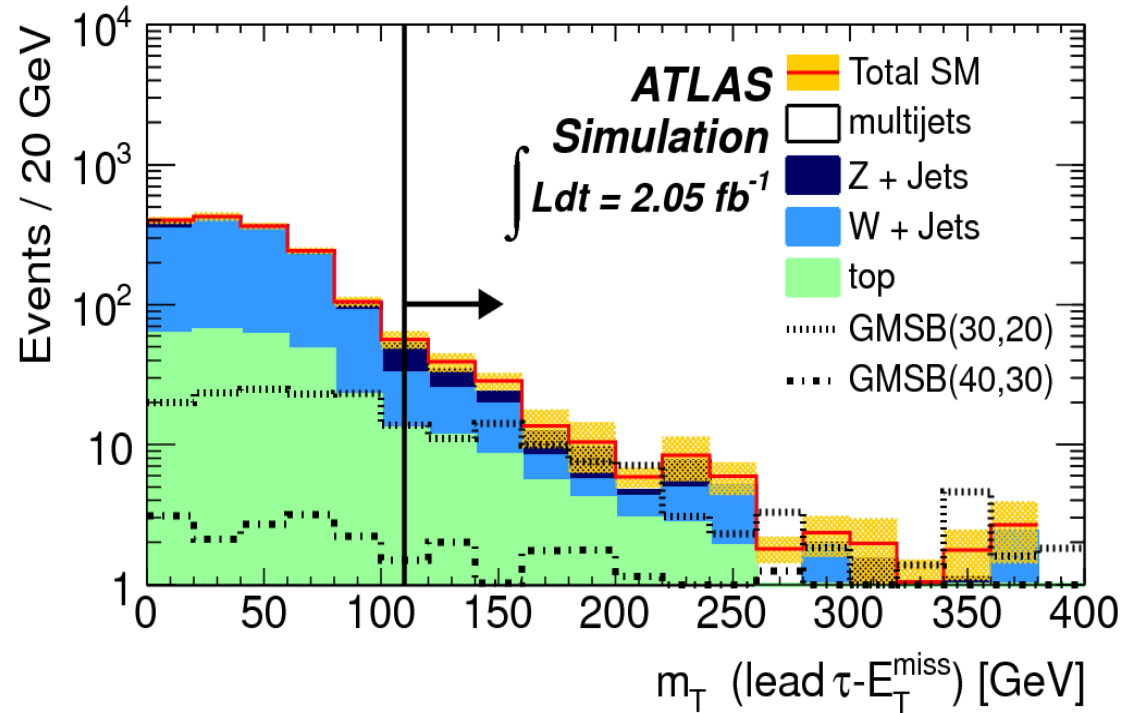


Object selection:

- Events selected using jet +  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
- one or more tau candidates:  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $p_T^{\text{jet1}} > 130$  GeV,  $p_T^{\text{jet2}} > 30$  GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 130$  GeV

Topological selection:

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} / m_{\text{eff}} > 0.25$
- $m_T(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \tau) > 110$  GeV
- $m_{\text{eff}} > 600$  GeV



effective mass:

$$m_{\text{eff}} = p_T^{\tau} + p_T^{\text{jet1}} + p_T^{\text{jet2}} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

# 1-tau inclusive SUSY Search: Backgrounds



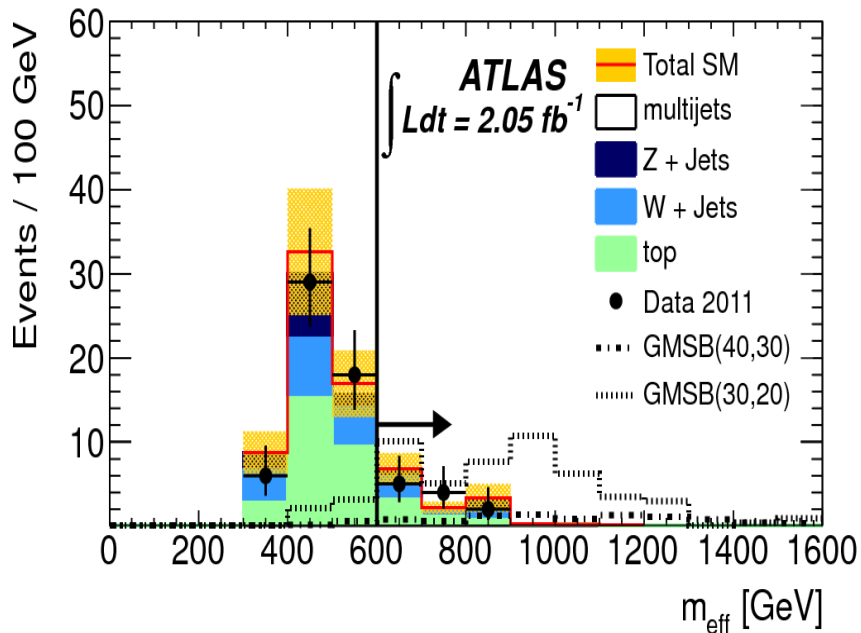
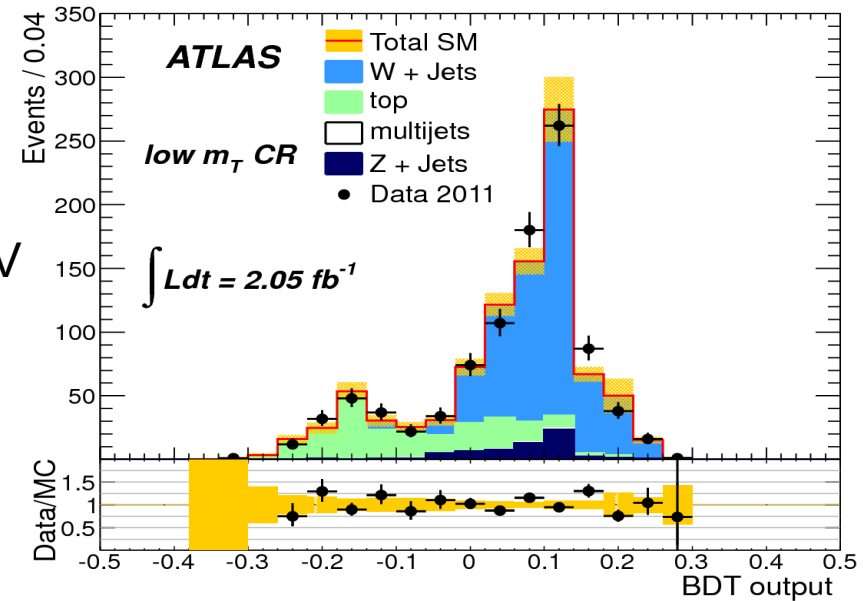
Real tau lepton background: use  $m_T < 70$  GeV

- separate scaling for W+jets and top processes using a BDT output fit to signal region

Fake tau lepton background:  $m_T < 110$  or  $m_{\text{eff}} < 600$  GeV

- scaling factor for fake tau candidate events determined

Multijet background only  $\sim 1\%$



Event yields in  $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ :

Top	W + jets	Z + jets	Multijet	$\Sigma_{\text{SM}}$	Data
$5.6 \pm 1.4$	$4.7 \pm 1.5$	$2.4 \pm 0.7$	$0.5 \pm 0.6$	$13.2 \pm 4.2$	11



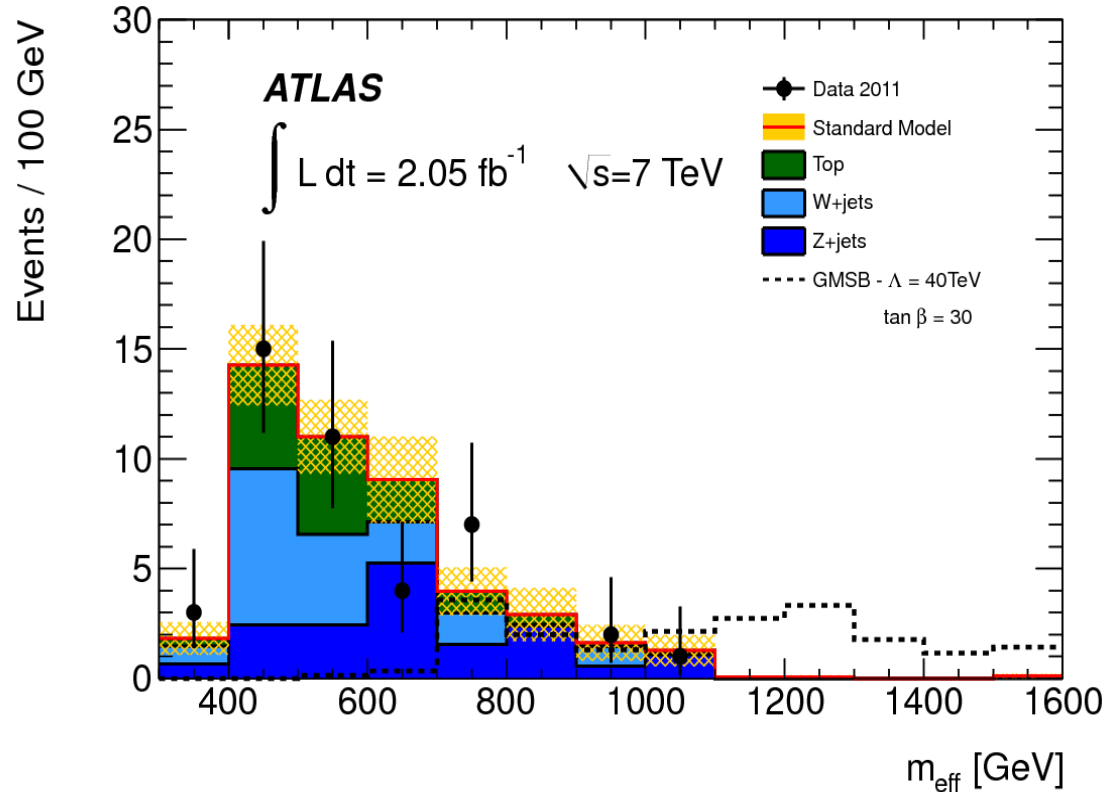


## Object selection:

- Events selected using jet +  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
- at least two tau candidates:  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $p_T^{\text{jet1}} > 130$  GeV,  $p_T^{\text{jet2}} > 30$  GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 130$  GeV

## Topological selection:

- $m_T(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \tau_1) + m_T(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \tau_2) > 80$  GeV
- $m_{\text{eff}} > 700$  GeV
- $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jets}) > 0.4$



effective mass:

$$m_{\text{eff}} = \sum p_T^{\tau} + p_T^{\text{jet1}} + p_T^{\text{jet2}} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

# 2-tau inclusive search: Backgrounds and Results

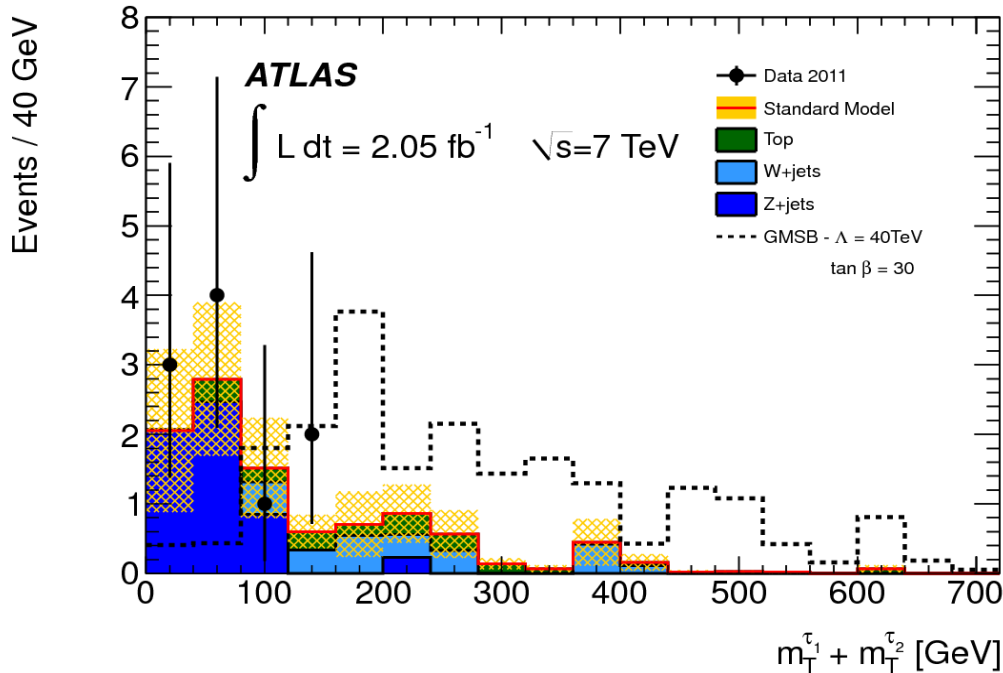
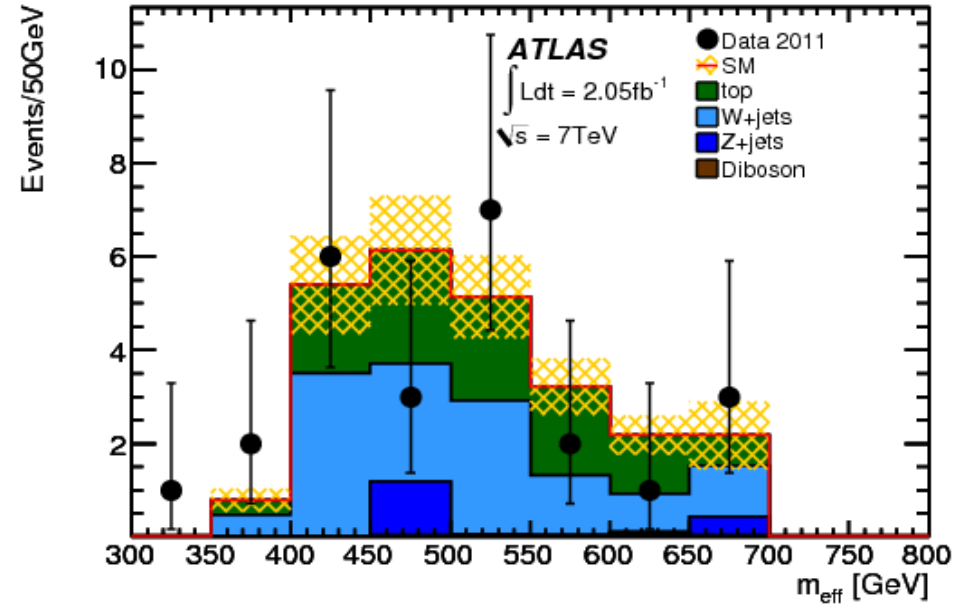


Top and W+jets background estimated by scaling number of events in a control region

- invert  $m_{\text{eff}}$  cut to obtain top/W-enriched region

Multi-jet background is negligible

- confirmed in control region with  $\Delta\phi < 0.4$ ,  $m_{\text{eff}} < 700$  GeV,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}/m_{\text{eff}} < 0.4$



Process	Exp. no. events in SR
Data	3
Total background	$5.3 \pm 1.3(\text{stat}) \pm 2.2(\text{sys})$
Drell-Yan	$0 \pm 0 \pm 0$
Di Bosons	$0.135 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.026$
QCD	$< 0.01$
Z+jets	$1.08 \pm 0.70 \pm 0.63$
Top scaled	$1.57 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.75$
W+jets scaled	$2.5 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.2$

# SUSY with taus: Limits



No excess of events observed

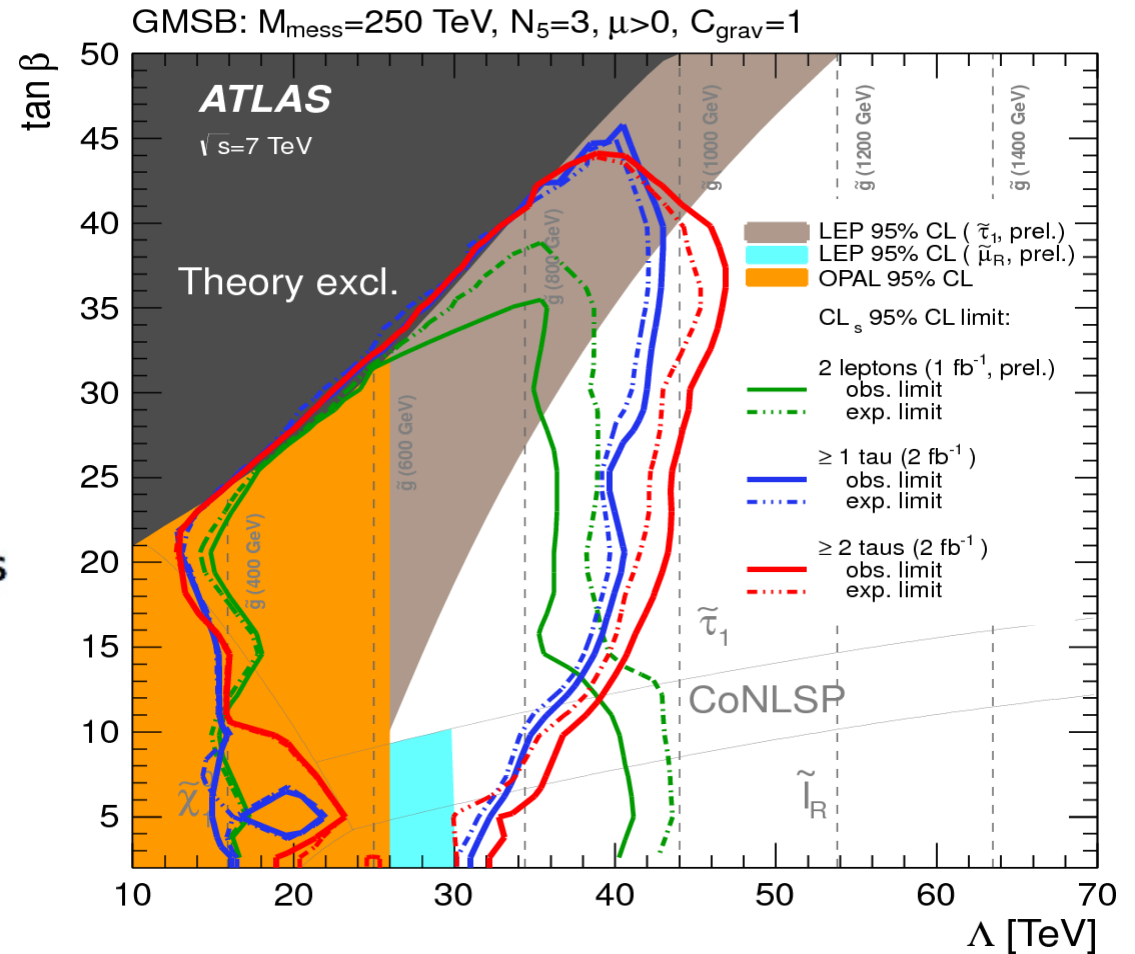
95%  $CL_s$  limits set in GMSB parameter-plane

Model considered:

- LSP : Gravitino ( $\tilde{G}$ ) with mass  $\sim$ keV
- NLSP can be  $\tilde{\tau}_1, \tilde{\ell}_R, \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\nu}$
- Relevant phenomenological parameters
  - $\Lambda$  : Signal cross section
  - $\tan\beta$  : NLSP

• hypothesis:

$$M_{mess} = 250 \text{ TeV}, N_5 = 3, \mu > 0, C_{grav} = 1$$



# The MSSM Higgs Sector



Two Higgs Doublets  $\rightarrow$  5 Higgs bosons:

- $h, H$  (CP = +1)
- $A$  (CP = -1)
- $H^\pm$

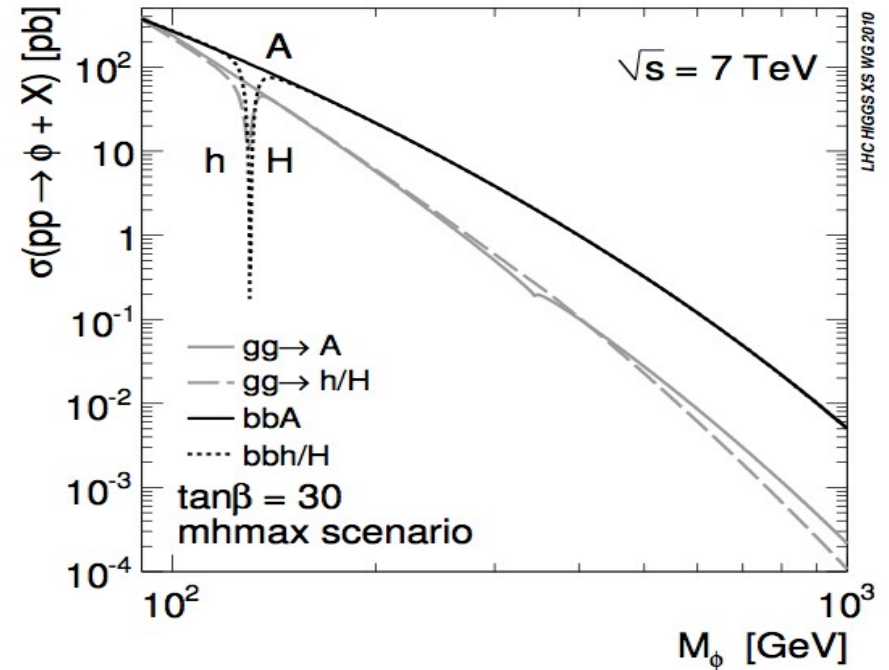
Soft-breaking parameters are fixed in benchmark scenarios (i.e.  $m_H$ -max)

## Neutral MSSM Higgs bosons:

benchmark scenarios ( $m_H^{\max}$ ) constrain model to  $m_A$  and  $\tan \beta$

At medium/high  $\tan \beta$ :

- decays with BR  $\sim 10\%$  to  $\tau\tau$ , ( $\sim 90\%$  to  $bb$ )
- production modes: gluon-fusion and b-quark associated production



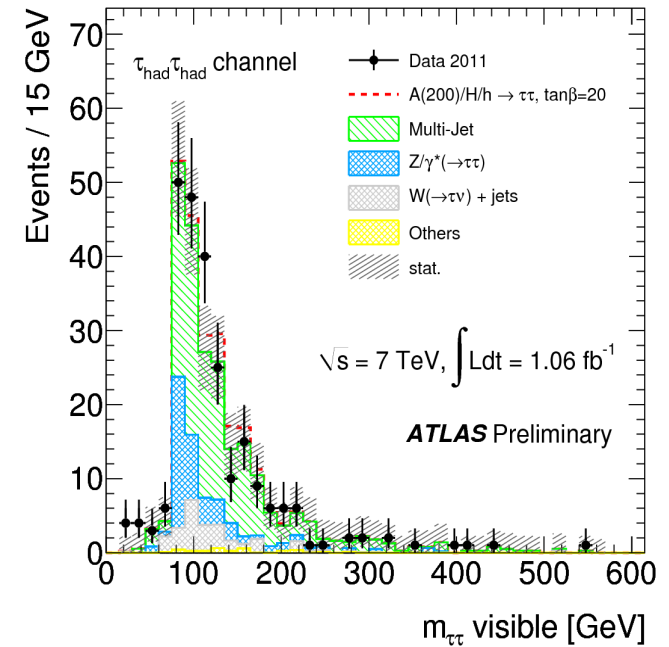
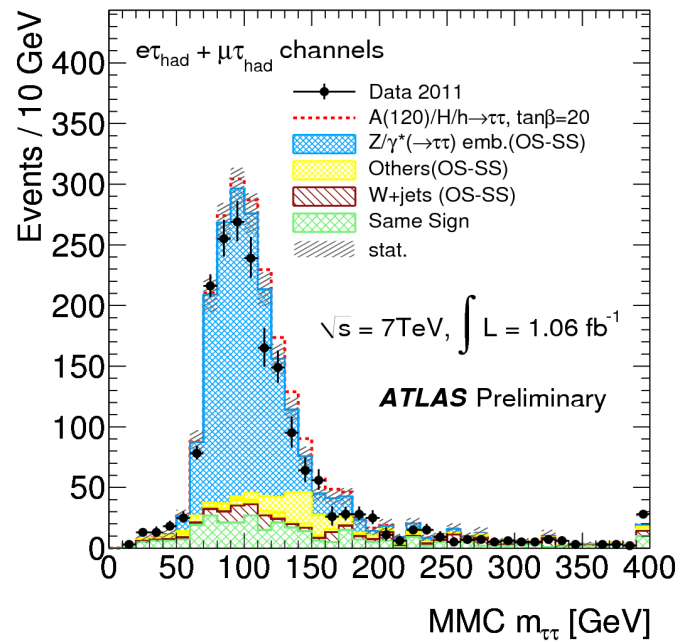
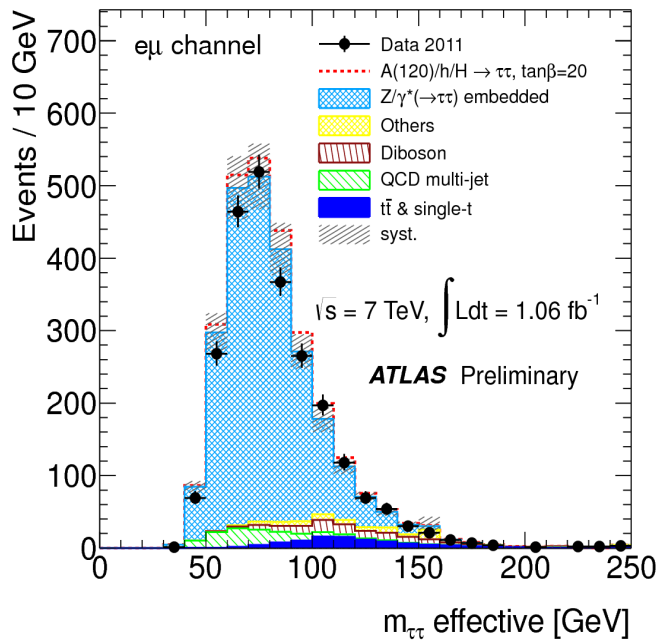
## Charged MSSM Higgs bosons:

For  $m_{H^\pm} < m_t$ :

Production via top quark decays ( $t \rightarrow H^\pm b$ )

$H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$  decays preferred for  $\tan \beta > 3$

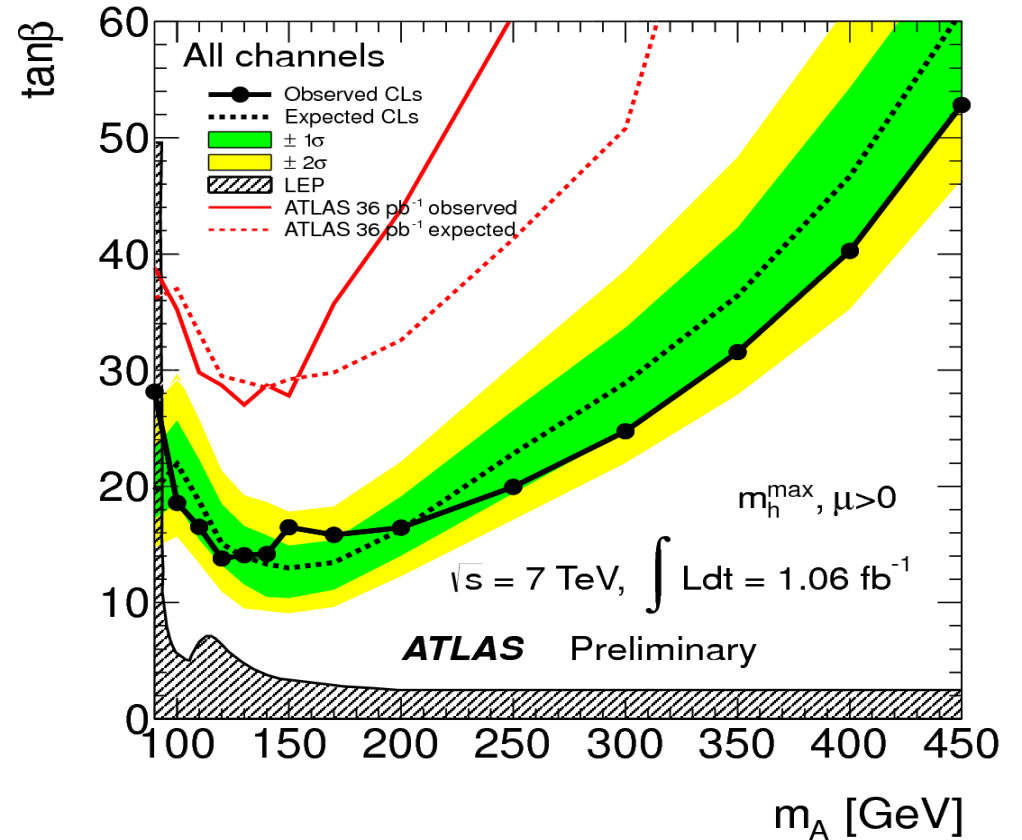
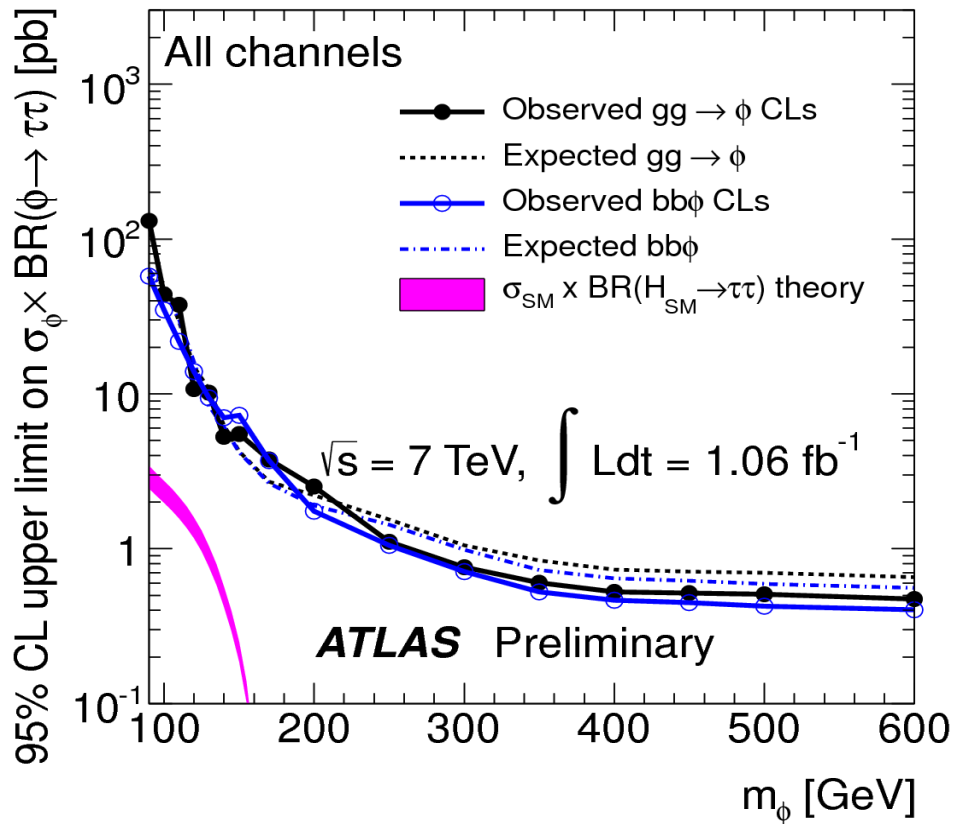
Inclusive selection (no categories based on additional jets)



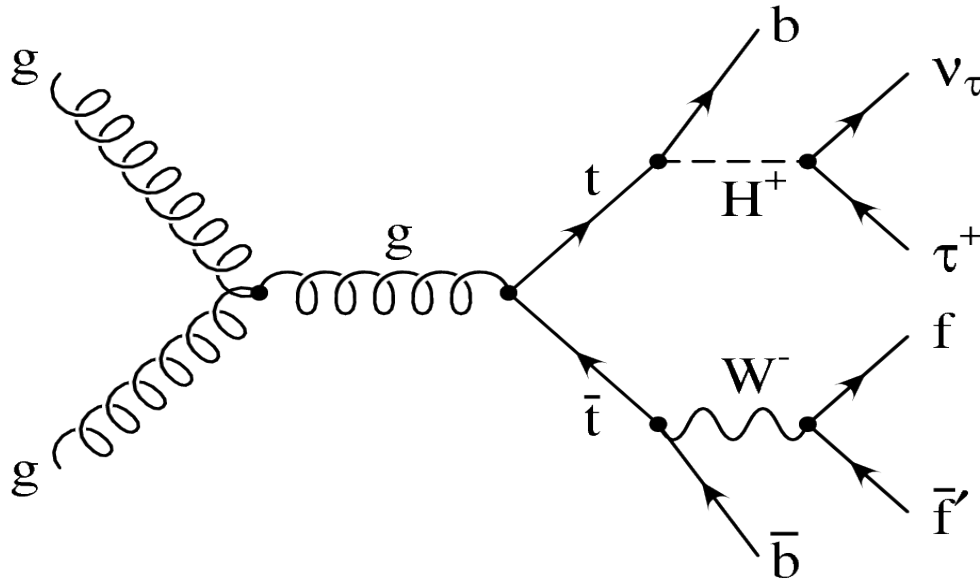
Enhanced branching ratio to  $\tau\tau$  for large values of  $\tan\beta$

Embedding crucial to model irreducible  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  background

MSSM limits on neutral Higgs in  $1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# Charged Higgs Search



For  $m_{H^+} < m_t$  produced via top quark decays ( $t \rightarrow H^+ b$ )

## Analysis channels:

$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}H^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow b\bar{b}(\tau_{lep} \nu)(q\bar{q}) : \underline{\text{lepton} + \text{jets}}$$

$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}H^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow b\bar{b}(\tau_{had} \nu)(\ell \nu) : \underline{\text{tau} + \text{lepton}}$$

$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}H^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow b\bar{b}(\tau_{had} \nu)(q\bar{q}) : \underline{\text{tau} + \text{jets}}$$

single lepton trigger

single lepton trigger

tau +  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger

# Charged Higgs: lepton+jets



Basic Selection:

- one lepton  $p_T > 25/20$  GeV (e/ $\mu$ )
- four jets (2 b-tags)  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $E_{T, \text{miss}} > 40$  GeV
- top reconstruction (hadronic-side)

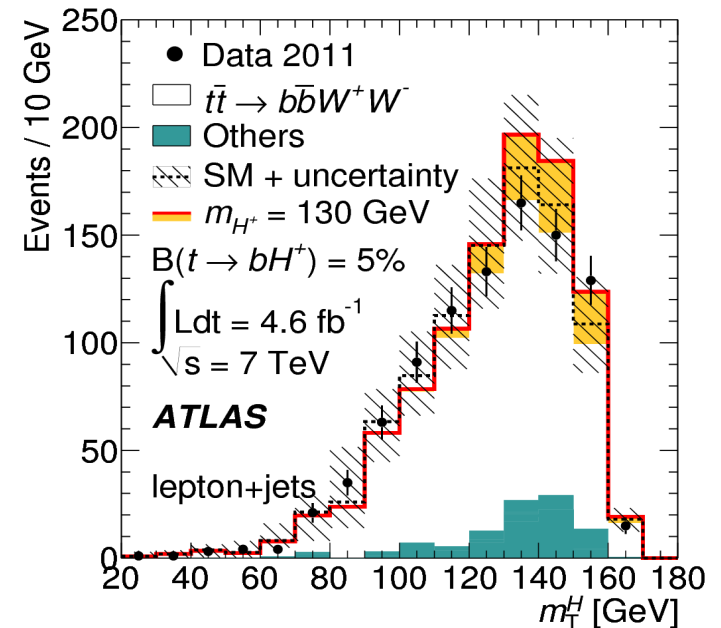
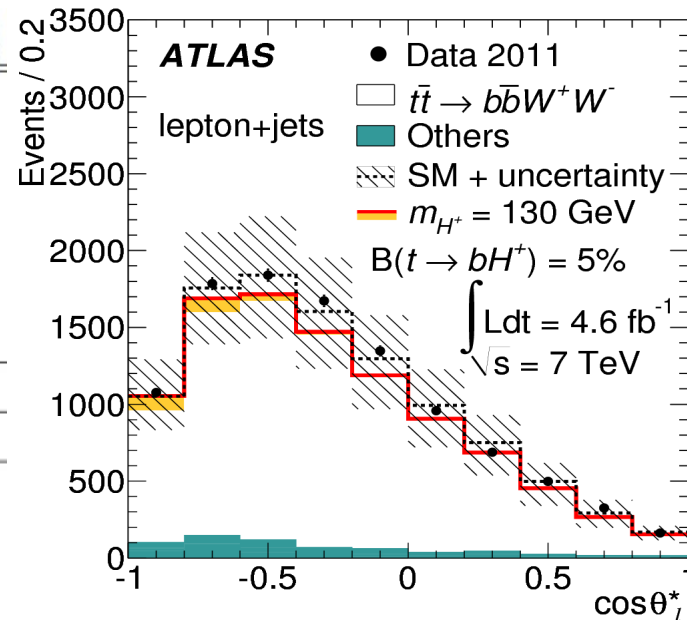
Additional discrimination against direct  $W \rightarrow lv$ :

$$\cos \theta_l^* = \frac{2m_{bl}^2}{m_{\text{top}}^2 - m_W^2} - 1 \simeq \frac{4p^b \cdot p^l}{m_{\text{top}}^2 - m_W^2} - 1$$

$$(m_T^H)^2 = \left( \sqrt{m_{\text{top}}^2 + (\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{p}_T^b + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})^2 - p_T^b} \right)^2 - (\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})^2$$

$\cos \theta_l^*$  also defines control region for top background

Sample	Event yield (lepton+jets)
$t\bar{t}$	$840 \pm 20 \pm 150$
Single top quark	$28 \pm 2 \begin{smallmatrix} +8 \\ -6 \end{smallmatrix}$
$W$ +jets	$14 \pm 3 \begin{smallmatrix} +6 \\ -3 \end{smallmatrix}$
$Z$ +jets	$2.1 \pm 0.7 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.2 \\ -0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$
Diboson	$0.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$
Misidentified leptons	$55 \pm 10 \pm 20$
$\sum$ SM	$940 \pm 22 \pm 150$
Data	933
$t \rightarrow bH^+$ (130 GeV)	$120 \pm 4 \pm 25$
Signal+background	$990 \pm 21 \pm 140$





# Charged Higgs: tau + lepton



## Basic Selection:

- one lepton  $p_T > 25/20$  GeV (e/ $\mu$ )
- opposite signed tau  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $>2$  jets ( $>1$  b-tag)  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $\Sigma p_T^{\text{tracks}} > 100$  GeV

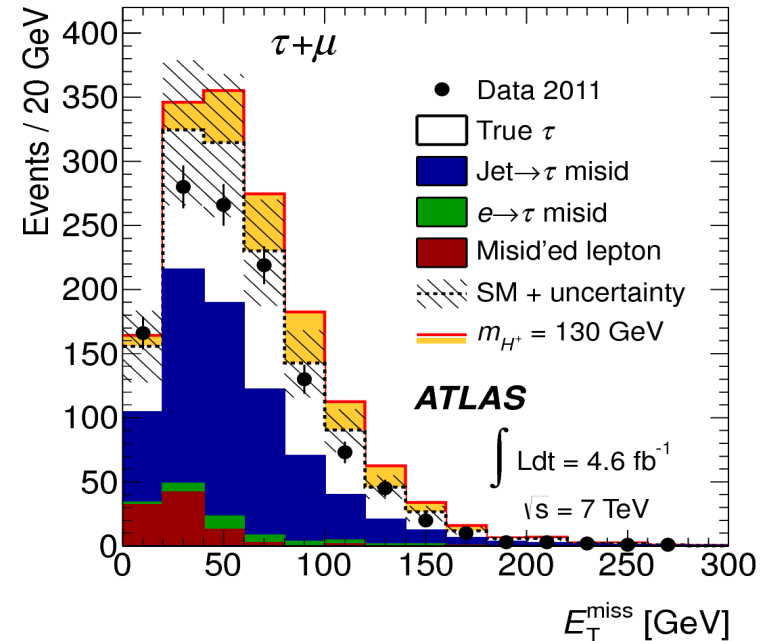
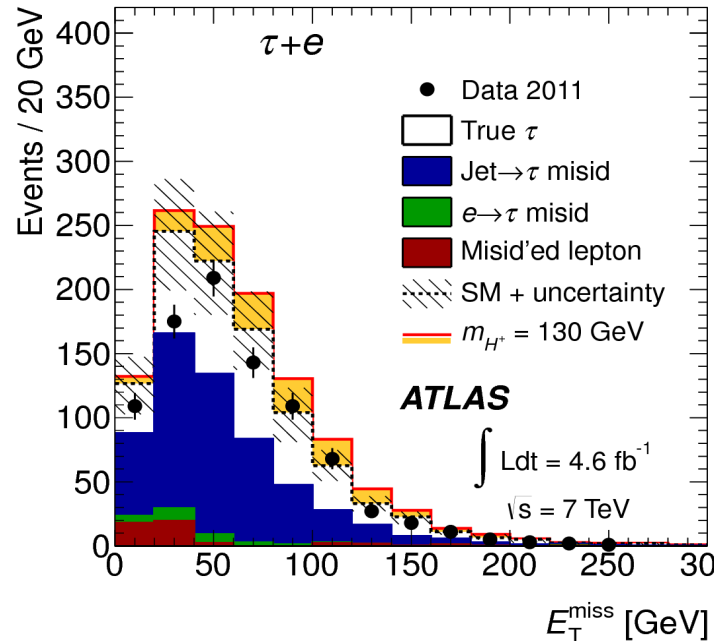
Sample	Event yield ( $\tau$ +lepton)	
	$\tau + e$	$\tau + \mu$
True $\tau$ +lepton	$430 \pm 14 \pm 59$	$570 \pm 15 \pm 75$
Misidentified jet $\rightarrow \tau$	$510 \pm 23 \pm 86$	$660 \pm 26 \pm 110$
Misidentified $e \rightarrow \tau$	$33 \pm 4 \pm 5$	$34 \pm 4 \pm 6$
Misidentified leptons	$39 \pm 10 \pm 20$	$90 \pm 10 \pm 34$
$\Sigma$ SM	$1010 \pm 30 \pm 110$	$1360 \pm 30 \pm 140$
Data	880	1219
$t \rightarrow bH^+$ (130 GeV)	$220 \pm 6 \pm 29$	$310 \pm 7 \pm 39$
Signal+background	$1160 \pm 30 \pm 100$	$1570 \pm 30 \pm 130$

## Backgrounds

$e \rightarrow \tau$  fakes: apply mis-id rates obtained from  $Z \rightarrow ee$

jet  $\rightarrow \tau$  fakes: apply mis-id rates obtained from  $W$ +jets control region

lepton fakes: determined from loose isolated lepton sample



# Charged Higgs: tau+jets



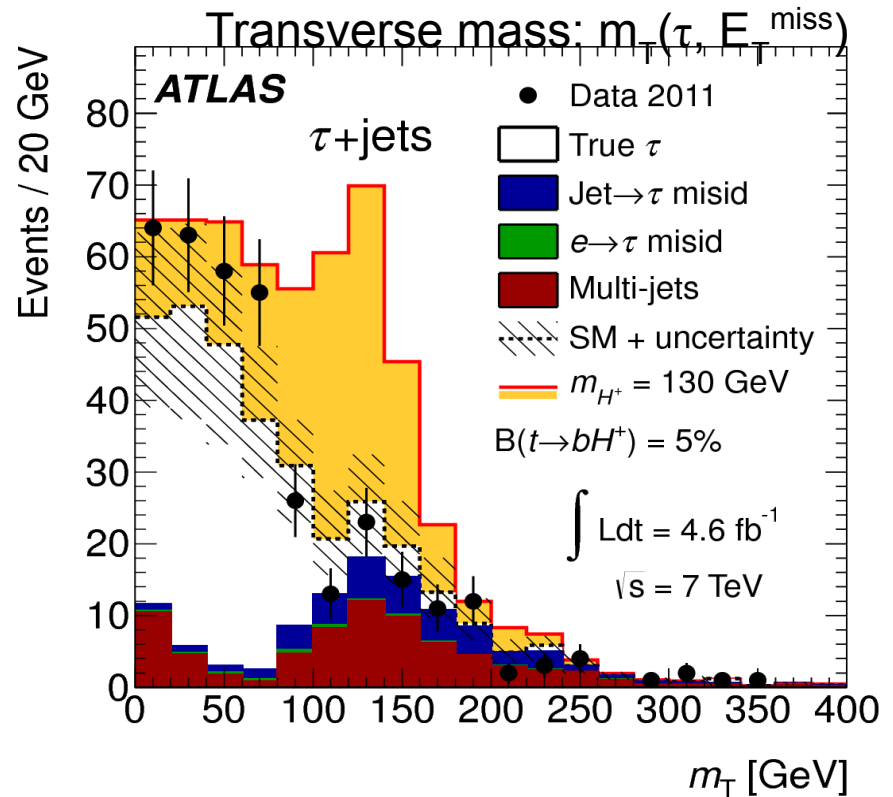
## Basic Selection:

- identified tau  $p_T > 40$  GeV
- >4 jets (>1 b-tag)  $p_T > 20$  GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 65$  GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} / 0.5 \text{ GeV}^{1/2} \sqrt{\sum p_T^{\text{tracks}}} > 13$
- mass window on hadronic top decay

## Backgrounds

- true tau: embed top-pair events ( $\mu\nu b qq b$ )
- multijets: fit ETmiss distribution obtained from control region
- fake taus: same method as tau+lepton channel

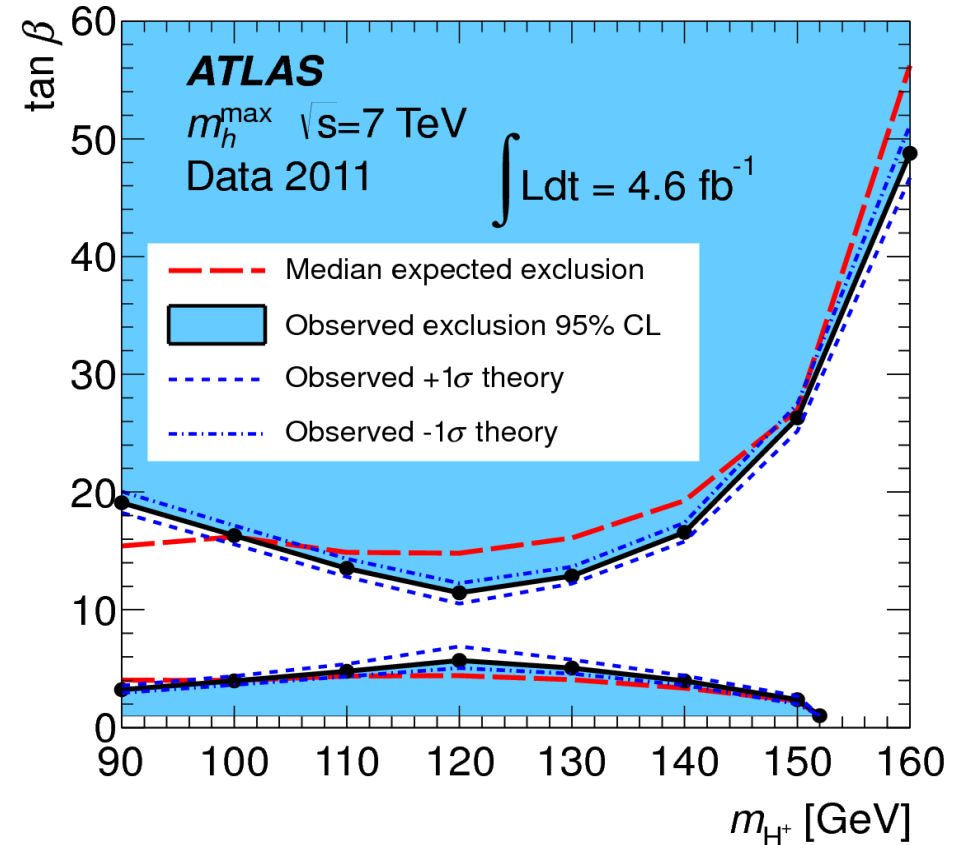
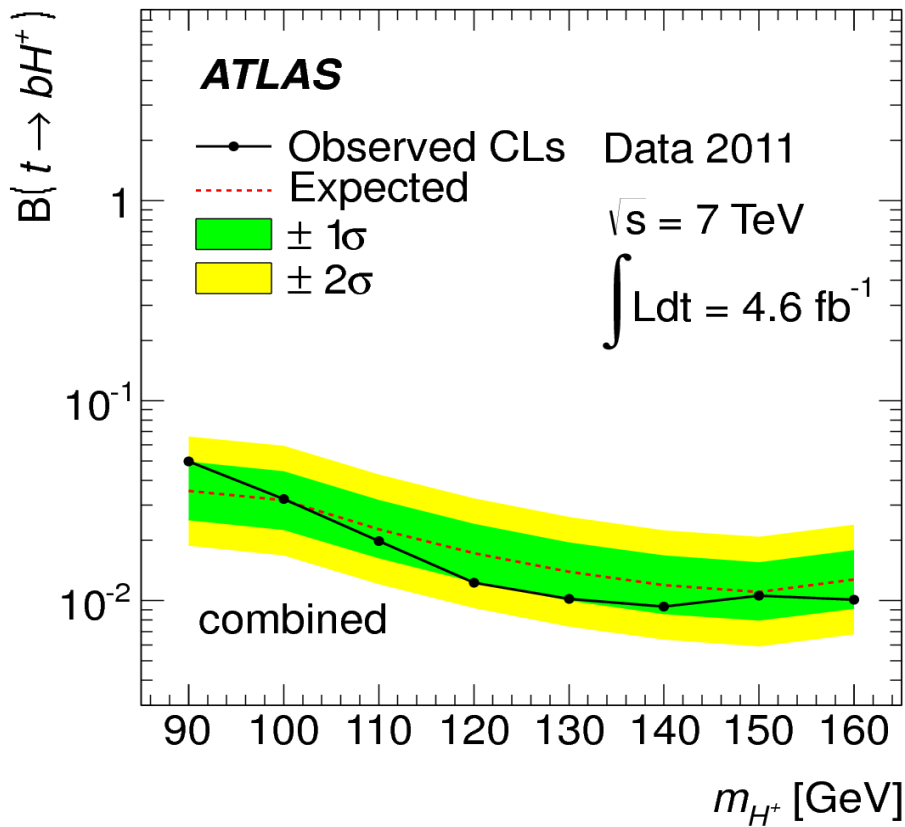
Sample	Event yield ( $\tau$ +jets)
True $\tau$ (embedding method)	$210 \pm 10 \pm 44$
Misidentified jet $\rightarrow \tau$	$36 \pm 6 \pm 10$
Misidentified $e \rightarrow \tau$	$3 \pm 1 \pm 1$
Multi-jet processes	$74 \pm 3 \pm 47$
$\sum$ SM	$330 \pm 12 \pm 65$
Data	355
$t \rightarrow bH^+$ (130 GeV)	$220 \pm 6 \pm 56$
Signal+background	$540 \pm 13 \pm 85$



# Charged Higgs Limits



Combined limits in all three channels (95% CL)



Profile likelihood ratio for  $m_{\tau^H}$  (lep+jets),  $E_{\tau}^{\text{miss}}$  (tau+lep),  $m_{\tau}$  (tau+jets) used to obtain  $CL_S$  limit



# Summary and Outlook



ATLAS has a very extensive physics program utilizing tau lepton final states

- Standard Model Higgs Searches
- Beyond the Standard Model Higgs Searches (neutral and charged)
- Supersymmetric Signatures with tau final states
- Tau polarization and cross-section measurements in SM processes

Increase of LHC  $E_{\text{CM}} = 8$  TeV and luminosity projections for 2012

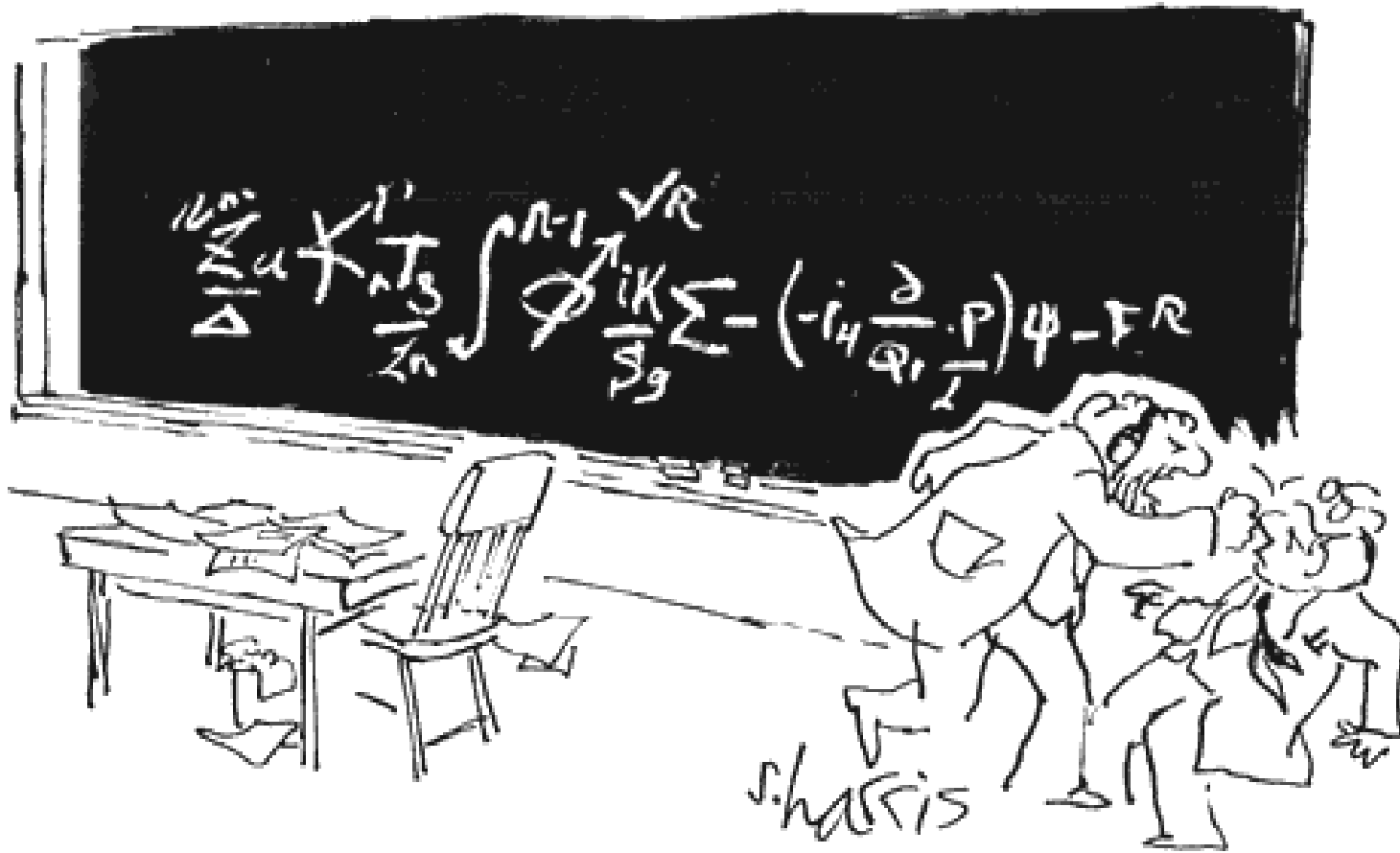
→ 2012 searches with tau final states even more relevant and exciting

Other exotic scenarios can also involve tau final states:

- heavy gauge bosons
- third generation lepto-quarks
- other exotic signatures

Crucial to maintain a high-performing tau identification algorithm in high luminosity environment

# More Slides for Your Reading Pleasure



*"You want proof? I'll give you proof!"*

# References



Standard Model Higgs: ATLAS-CONF-2012-014

SUSY with 1 tau: arXiv: 1204.3852v1

SUSY with 2 taus: arXiv: 1203.6580v1

MSSM Neutral Higgs: ATLAS-CONF-2011-132

MSSM Charged Higgs: arXiv:1204.2760v1

# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow ll + 4\nu$



	$ee + \mu\mu + e\mu$ $H + 2\text{-jet VBF}$	$ee + \mu\mu + e\mu$ $H + 2\text{-jet VH}$	$ee + \mu\mu + e\mu$ $H + 1\text{-jet}$	$e\mu$ $H + 0\text{-jet}$
$gg \rightarrow H$ signal	$0.26 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.10$	$0.8 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	$3.9 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.0$	$23 \pm 1 \pm 3$
VBF $H$ signal	$1.08 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.11$	$0.10 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$	$1.15 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.75 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.06$
VH signal	$0.01 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.53 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.07$	$0.40 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.03$	$0.52 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.04$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$24 \pm 3 \pm 2$	$107 \pm 12 \pm 9$	$(0.52 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^3$	$(9.68 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07) \cdot 10^3$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ ( $\ell=e,\mu$ )	$2 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$25 \pm 4 \pm 9$	$80 \pm 10 \pm 30$	$185 \pm 11 \pm 14$
$t\bar{t}$ + single top	$7 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$41 \pm 2 \pm 6$	$95 \pm 3 \pm 12$	$169 \pm 4 \pm 14$
$WW/WZ/ZZ$	$0.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$	$6 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$21 \pm 1 \pm 3$	$221 \pm 3 \pm 18$
Fake leptons	$1.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.6$	$13 \pm 2 \pm 5$	$30 \pm 4 \pm 12$	$(1.2 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^3$
Total background	$34 \pm 3 \pm 4$	$191 \pm 7 \pm 20$	$(0.75 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.05) \cdot 10^3$	$(11.4 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^3$
Observed data	27	185	702	11420

- $p_T$  thresholds for lepton are trigger-dependent (lowest is 15/10 GeV for electron/muon)
- $30 < m_{e\mu} < 100$  GeV and  $30 < m_{ll} < 75$  GeV
- $\Delta\phi(l,l) > 2.5$



# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow l\tau_h + 3\nu$

	$H + 0\text{-jet (low } E_T^{\text{miss}})$		$H + 0\text{-jet (high } E_T^{\text{miss}})$	
	Electron	Muon	Electron	Muon
$ggH$ signal	$11 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$17 \pm 1 \pm 4$	$7.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.5$	$9.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 2.1$
VBF $H$ signal	$0.08 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.12$	$0.11 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$	$0.09 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.02$	$0.14 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$
$VH$ signal	$0.07 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05$	$0.10 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.08 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.01$	$0.08 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.01$
$n_{SS}^{\text{all}}$	$(3.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^3$	$(2.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.69 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.14) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.47 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09) \cdot 10^3$
$n_{OS-SS}^{W+\text{jets}}$	$(0.34 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.52 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.07) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.15 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.18 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^3$
$n_{OS-SS}^{Z \rightarrow \tau\tau}$	$(3.70 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.62) \cdot 10^3$	$(7.49 \pm 0.06 \pm 1.25) \cdot 10^3$	$(1.55 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.24) \cdot 10^3$	$(3.22 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.49) \cdot 10^3$
$n_{OS-SS}^{\text{other}}$	$(0.97 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.22) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.59 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.14) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.27 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.14 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^3$
Total background	$(8.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^3$	$(10.6 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^3$	$(2.66 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.27) \cdot 10^3$	$(4.01 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.49) \cdot 10^3$
Observed data	8363	10911	2545	3570
Altern. estimate	$(8.7 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^3$	$(10.7 \pm 0.1 \pm 1.0) \cdot 10^3$	$(2.76 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.33) \cdot 10^3$	$(3.75 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.47) \cdot 10^3$

	$H + 1\text{-jet}$		$H + 2\text{-jet VBF}$
	Electron	Muon	Electron + Muon
$ggH$ signal	$8.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.6$	$10.8 \pm 0.8 \pm 2.2$	$0.9 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3$
VBF $H$ signal	$1.6 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.9 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$2.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$
$VH$ signal	$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.4 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.02 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$
$n_{SS}^{\text{all}}$	$(0.93 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.19) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.49 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.10) \cdot 10^3$	$54 \pm 8 \pm 11$
$n_{OS-SS}^{W+\text{jets}}$	$(0.26 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.27 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^3$	$9 \pm 1 \pm 3$
$n_{OS-SS}^{Z \rightarrow \tau\tau}$	$(1.25 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.18) \cdot 10^3$	$(1.87 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.27) \cdot 10^3$	$57 \pm 6 \pm 8$
$n_{OS-SS}^{\text{other}}$	$(0.20 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^3$	$(0.16 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02) \cdot 10^3$	$12 \pm 3 \pm 3$
Total background	$(2.63 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.22) \cdot 10^3$	$(2.79 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.29) \cdot 10^3$	$132 \pm 11 \pm 14$
Observed data	2610	2711	122
Altern. estimate	$(2.63 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.25) \cdot 10^3$	$(2.72 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.28) \cdot 10^3$	$131 \pm 11 \pm 23$

- $p_T$  thresholds are 20 GeV ( $\mu, \tau$ ) and 25 GeV (e)
- $m_T(l, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 30$  GeV



$$\text{SM } H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h + 2\nu$$



	$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}} \nu\nu$ $H + 1\text{-jet}$
$gg \rightarrow H$ signal	$3.1 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6$
VBF $H$ signal	$1.51 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.18$
$VH$ signal	$0.61 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.06$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$287 \pm 23 \pm 34$
$W+\text{jets} / Z+\text{jets}$	$6.1 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.4$
$t\bar{t} + \text{single top}$	$1.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.4$
$WW/WZ/ZZ$	$2.1 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$
Multi-jet	$54 \pm 21 \pm 12$
Total background	$348 \pm 31 \pm 36$
Observed data	317

# Charged Higgs: Individual Limits

