

# Improving and extending MapClass

David Martinez

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# Overview

**MapClass** is a code written in *Python* conceived to optimise the non-linear aberrations of the Final Focus System of CLIC. It reads the map coefficients from a file generated by MADX-PTC.

# Plan

- Currently
  - Use a version control system (Git<sup>1</sup>)
  - Unify all the versions
  - Use the **pytpsa**<sup>2</sup> library in MapClass
- Future
  - Setup of unit tests
  - Profile and optimisation of new code
- Get rid of MADX-PTC and intermediate file

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<sup>1</sup><http://git-scm.com/>

<sup>2</sup>Library developed by Riccardo De Maria

- Centralised and unified vision
- Everybody keeps their own copy
- Track all the changes
- Assign blame
- Different repositories for each item
  - The library **pytpsa** has its own repository

# Setup

- `git clone /afs/cern.ch/user/d/dmartine/Repos/MapClass2.git`
  - `git clone ssh://username@lxplus.cern.ch/afs/...` from computers without **AFS**
- `git submodule init`
- `git submodule update`
  
- `git pull`
- `git commit`
- `git push`
- `git blame/diff/log`

ProGit - <http://progit.org/book/> (FREE)

# Unification

- Many files with slightly different implementations

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`mapclass25_6var.py mapclass25_6var_tilt.py`

`mapclassGaussianDelta25.py mapclass.GaussianDelta.py`

`mapclassGaussianDelta.py mapclass.py mapclass25.py`

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# Parametrisation

- Now it's all in one file
  - Old and new files merged
  - Different functionality parametrised

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```
def offset(self, xory, i, gaussianDelta=False)
def sigma(self, xory, i, gaussianDelta=False)
```

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# Generalisation

- Automatic detection of 5 or 6 dimensions
- Generalisation of methods
- Break up repeated code into multiple methods

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```
now
ind=[sum(a) for a in zip(ind1, ind2)]
if all(n % 2 == 0 for n in ind):
    sigmaprod=self.__sigma(ind, i, gaussianDelta)
    if sigmaprod > 0:
        Gammasumln=self.__gamma(ind, gaussianDelta)
        factor=countfactor*self.__factor(ind, gaussianDelta)
        sx+=coeff1*coeff2*factor*exp(Gammasumln)*sigmaprod
```

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before

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```
jj=coeff1[1] + coeff2[1]
kk=coeff1[2] + coeff2[2]
ll=coeff1[3] + coeff2[3]
mm=coeff1[4] + coeff2[4]
nn=coeff1[5] + coeff2[5]
if ((jj/2==jj/2.) & (kk/2==kk/2.) & (ll/2==ll/2.) & (mm/2==mm/2.) & (nn
    sigmaprod=pow(i[0], jj)*pow(i[1], kk)*pow(i[2], ll)*pow(i[3], mm)*pow
    if (sigmaprod >0):
        Gammasumln=gammeln(0.5+jj/2.)+gammeln(0.5+kk/2.)+gammeln(0.5+ll/2.)+ga
        factor = countfactor*pow(2, (jj+kk+ll+mm)/2.)/pow(pi, 2.)/(nn+1)
        sx += coeff1[0]*coeff2[0]*factor*exp(Gammasumln)*sigmaprod
```

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# Library pytpsa

## Website definition

pytpsa is a python implementation of the truncated Taylor series algebra. It allows to approximate analytical functions or maps to any order.

**pol** polynomial object

**funset** functions for pol objects: sin, cos, exp, isqrt,...

**polmap** polynomial map (it contains pol's)

- MapClass class Map2 extends polmap
- Supports:
  - substitution  $map(x=1, y=...)$
  - composition  $map1(**map2)$
  - fast composition  $map1 * map2$
  - jacobian, extraction of linear maps, and so on...

Thanks for listening

Questions / Suggestions