

# Bunch-by-bunch detection of coherent beam-beam modes with digitized beam position monitor signals

Giulio Stancari and Alexander Valishev

*Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory*

Simon White

*Brookhaven National Laboratory*

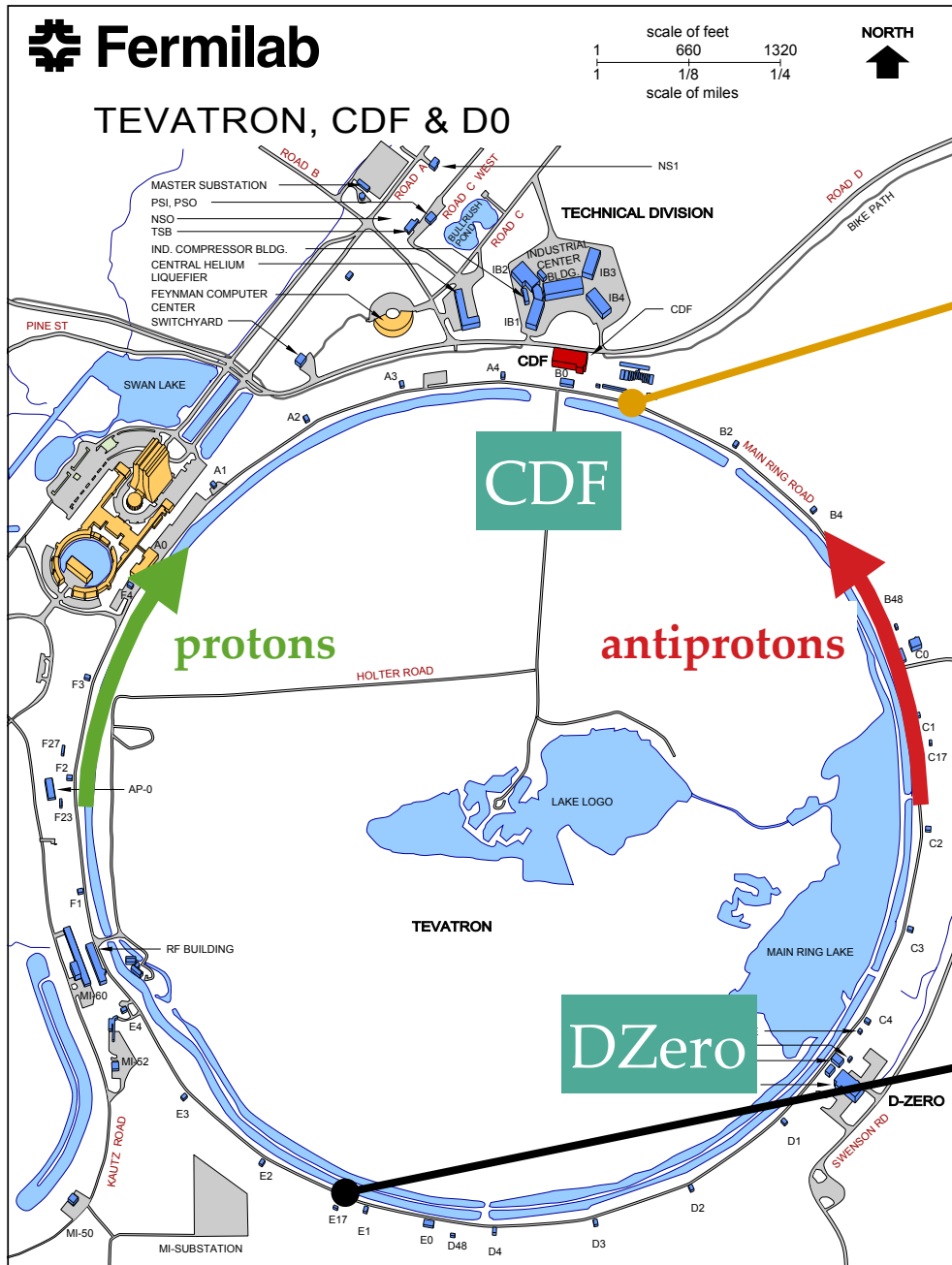
*ICFA Workshop on Beam-beam Effects in Hadron Colliders (BB2013)*

*CERN, 18-22 March 2013*

# Motivation

- ▶ develop new bunch-by-bunch diagnostic for tune distributions
- ▶ complement Schottky detectors
- ▶ assess effects of Gaussian electron lens for beam-beam compensation
- ▶ provide experimental basis for numerical codes

# Detection of collective oscillations with single beam position monitor



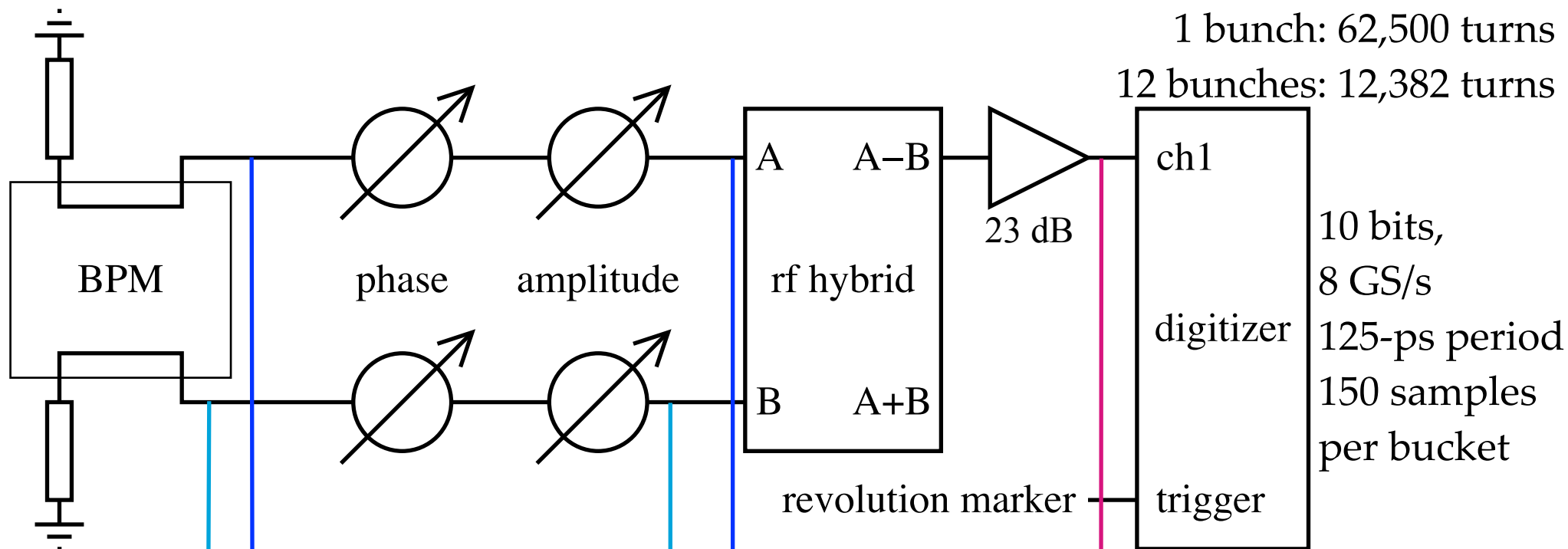
VB11  
BPM

Vertical strip-line pickup

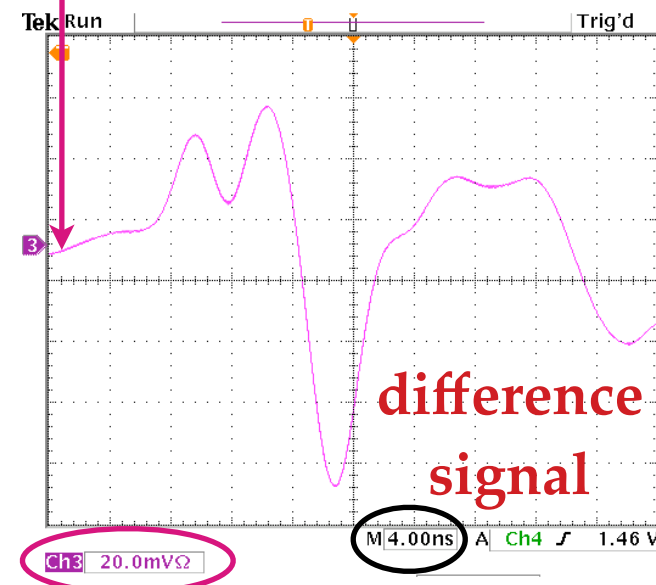
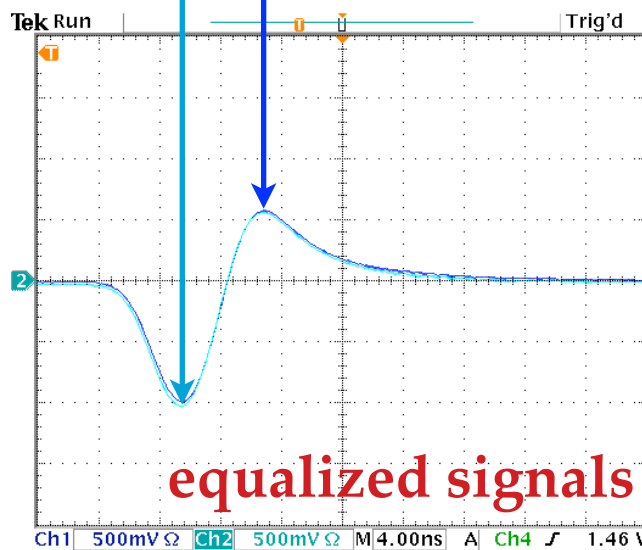
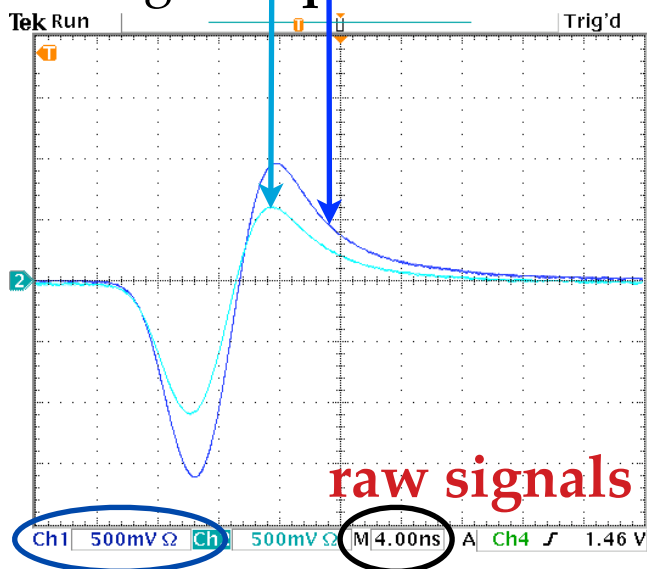
$$\beta_y = 880 \text{ m}$$

If necessary, signal enhanced by a few watts of band-limited noise applied for 1 s  
(No adverse effects on beams even at high luminosity)

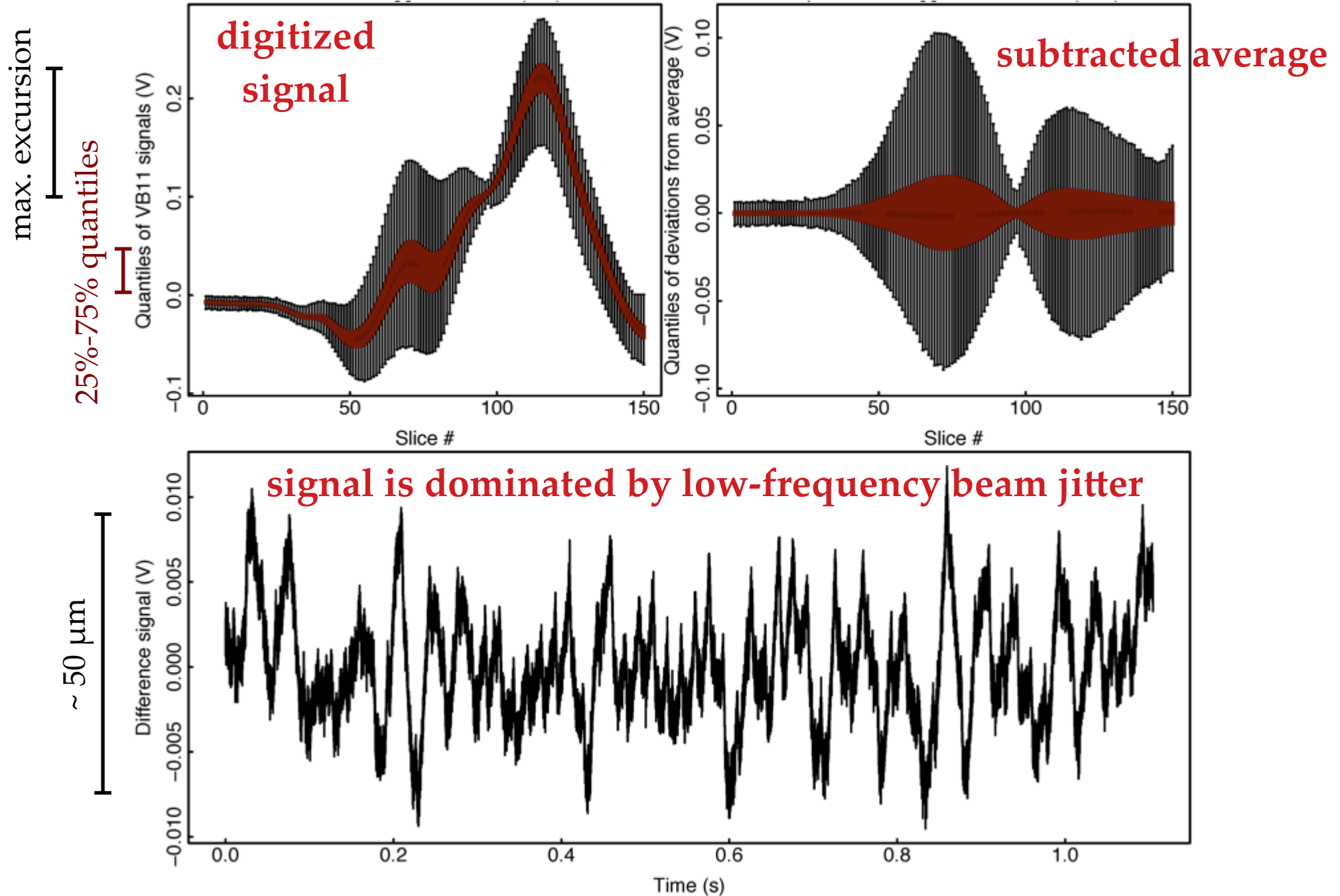
# Apparatus



Signal equalization needed because of helical orbits

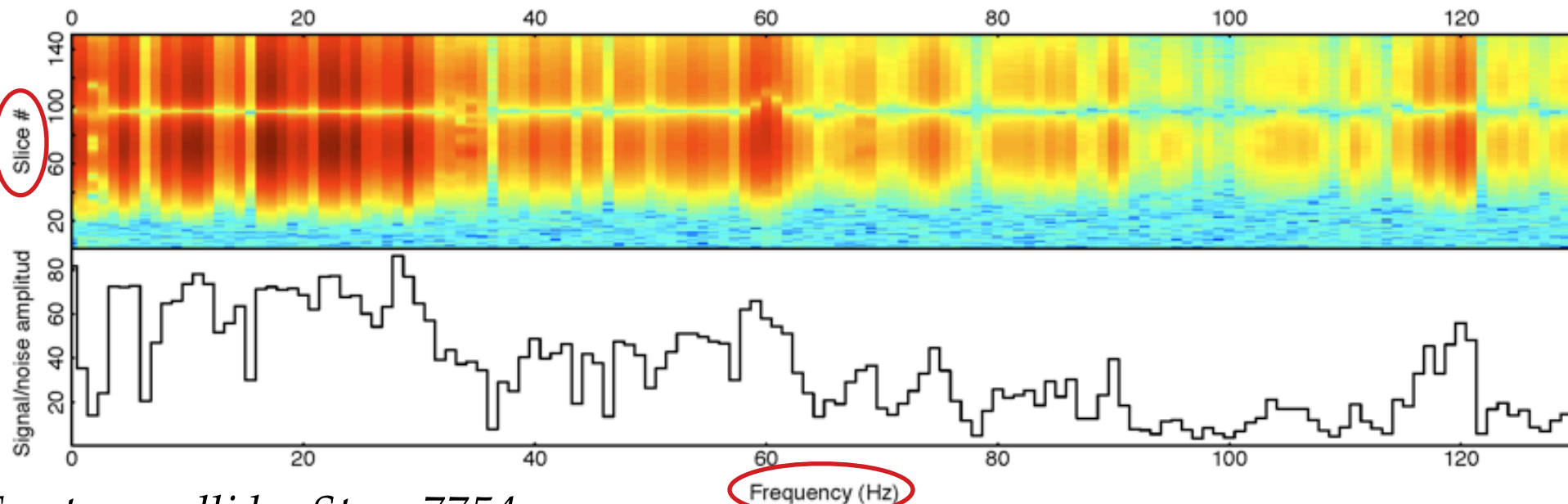


# Data analysis



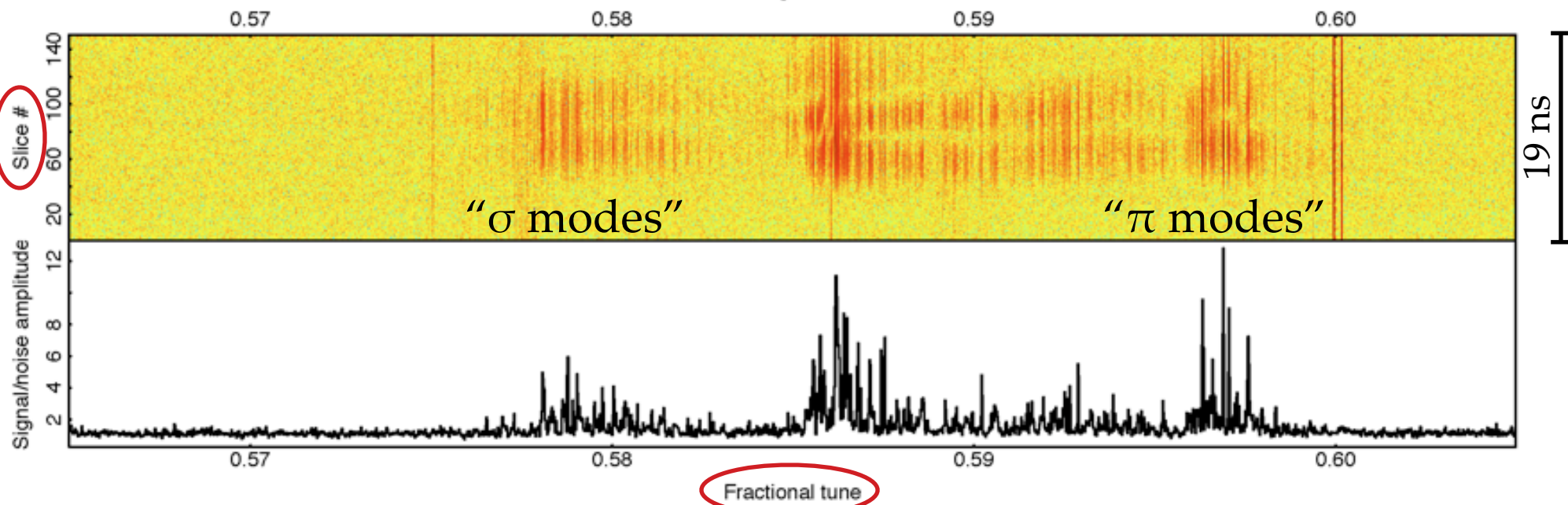
# Frequency spectrum of coherent oscillations within a bunch

## Low-frequency spectrum

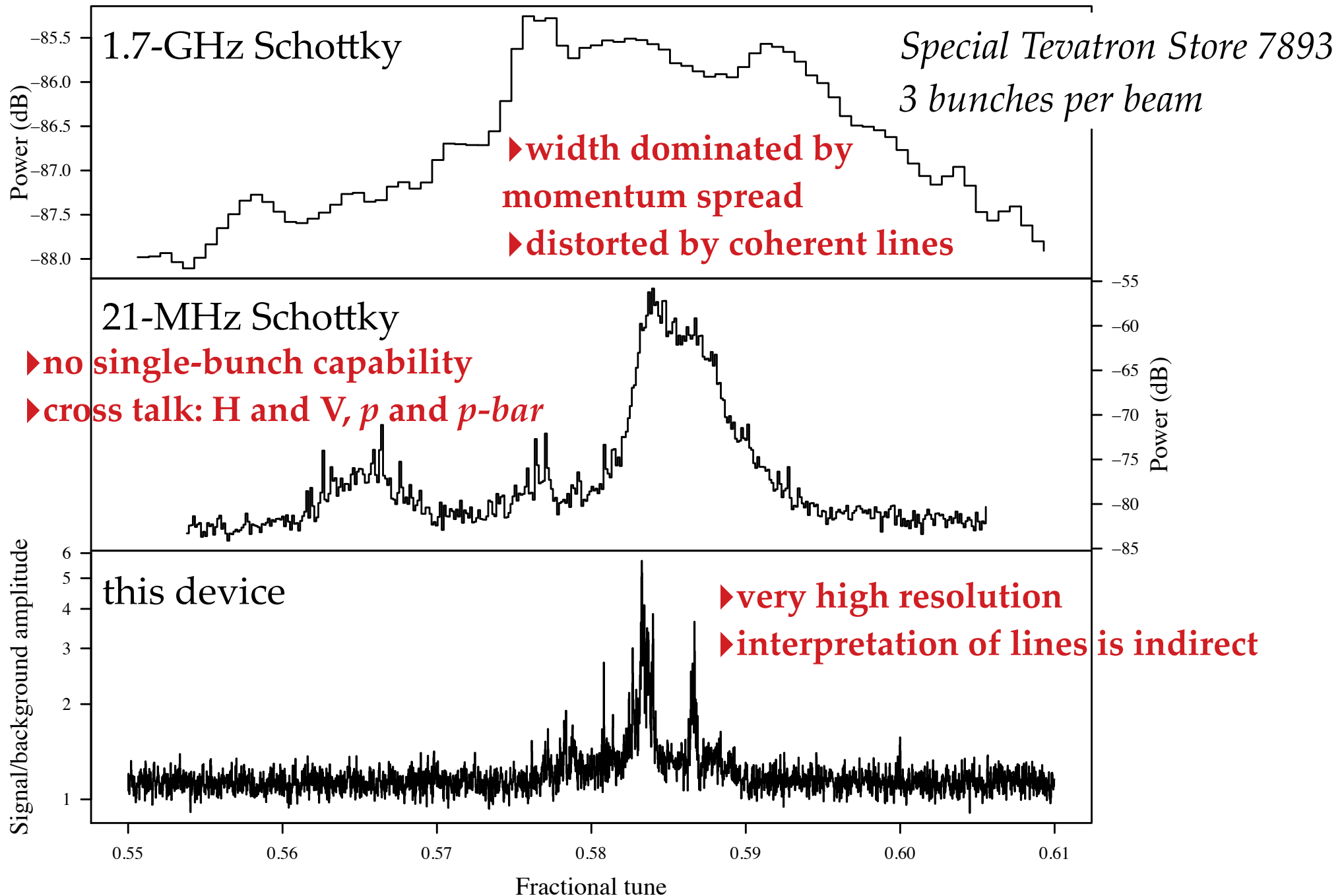


*Tevatron collider Store 7754*

## Tune spectrum

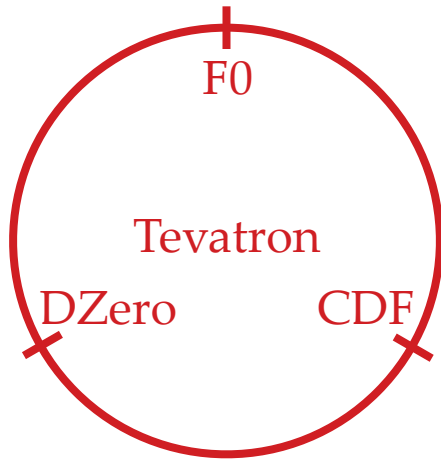


# Comparison with Schottky detectors



# Models of coherent beam-beam oscillations

## (a) Rigid-bunch approximation

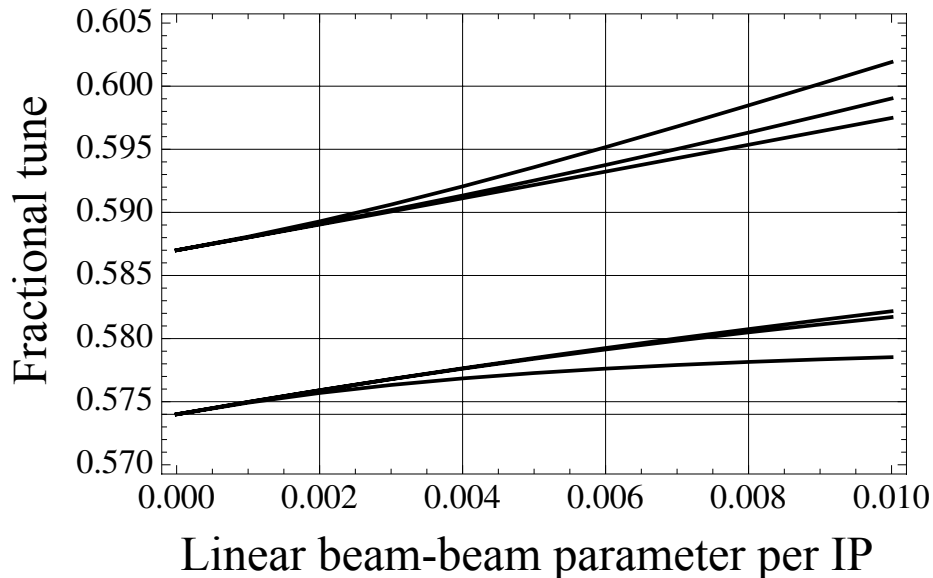


## (b) 3D numerical parallel code

BeamBeam3D

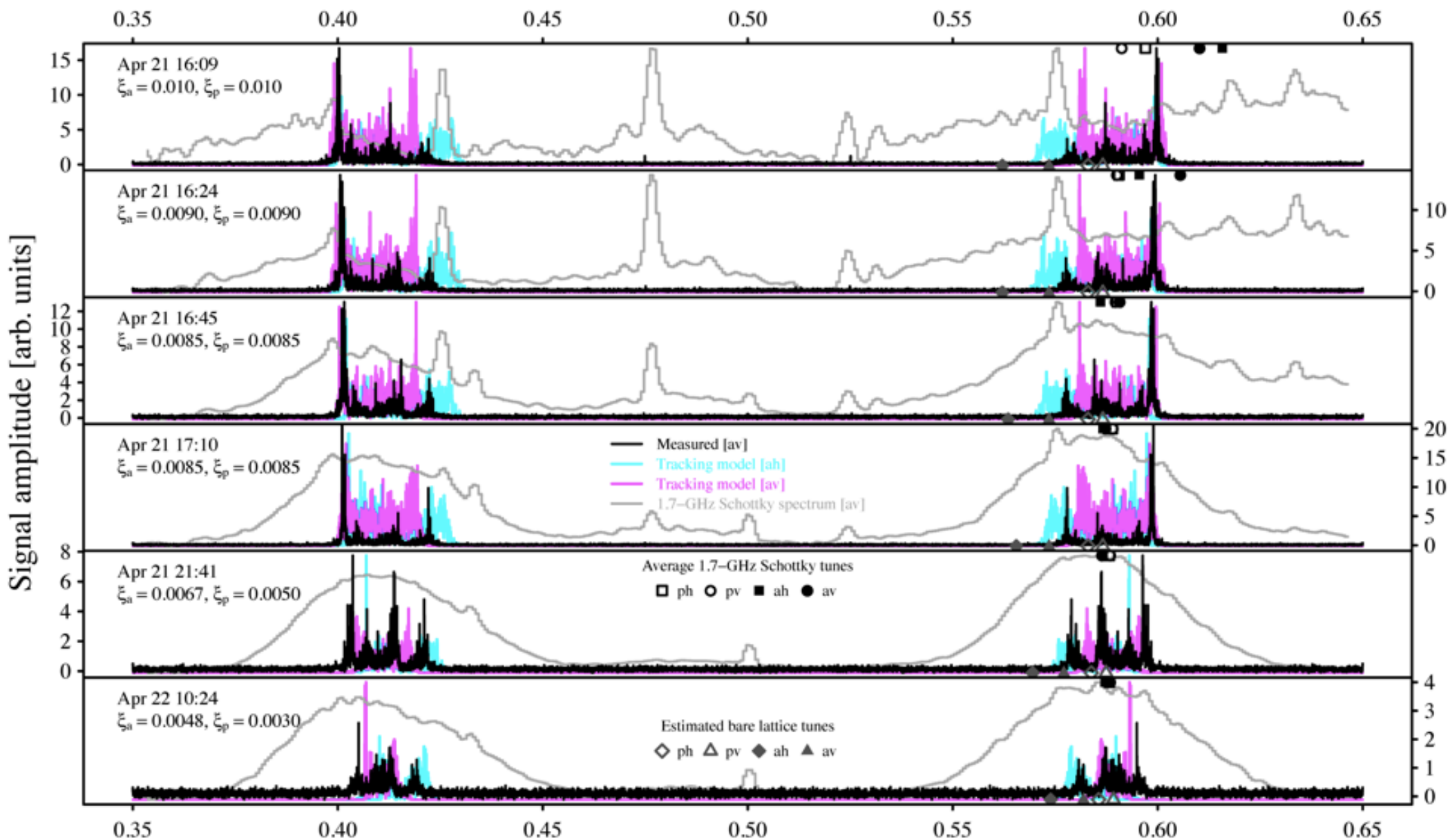
- ▶ self-consistent field calculations
- ▶ multiple bunches
- ▶ linear transfer maps between IPs
- ▶ no coupling in these examples

*Normal modes vs. beam-beam strength*





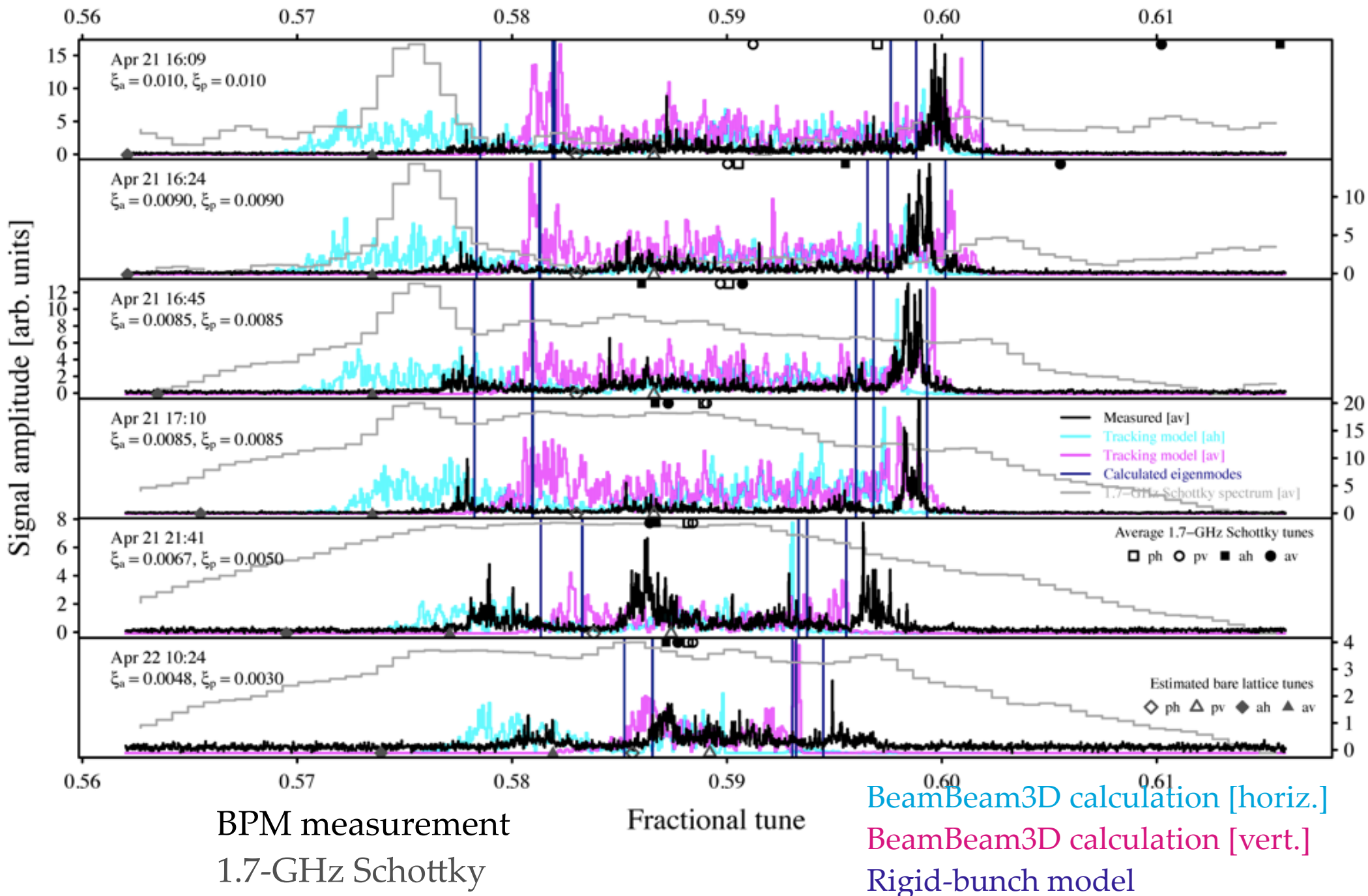
# Evolution of frequency spectra during collider store (wide span)



BPM measurement  
1.7-GHz Schottky

Fractional tune BeamBeam3D calculation [horiz.]  
BeamBeam3D calculation [vert.]

# Evolution of frequency spectra during collider store (narrow span)



Apr 21 16:09

Apr 21 16:24

Apr 21 16:45

Apr 21 17:10

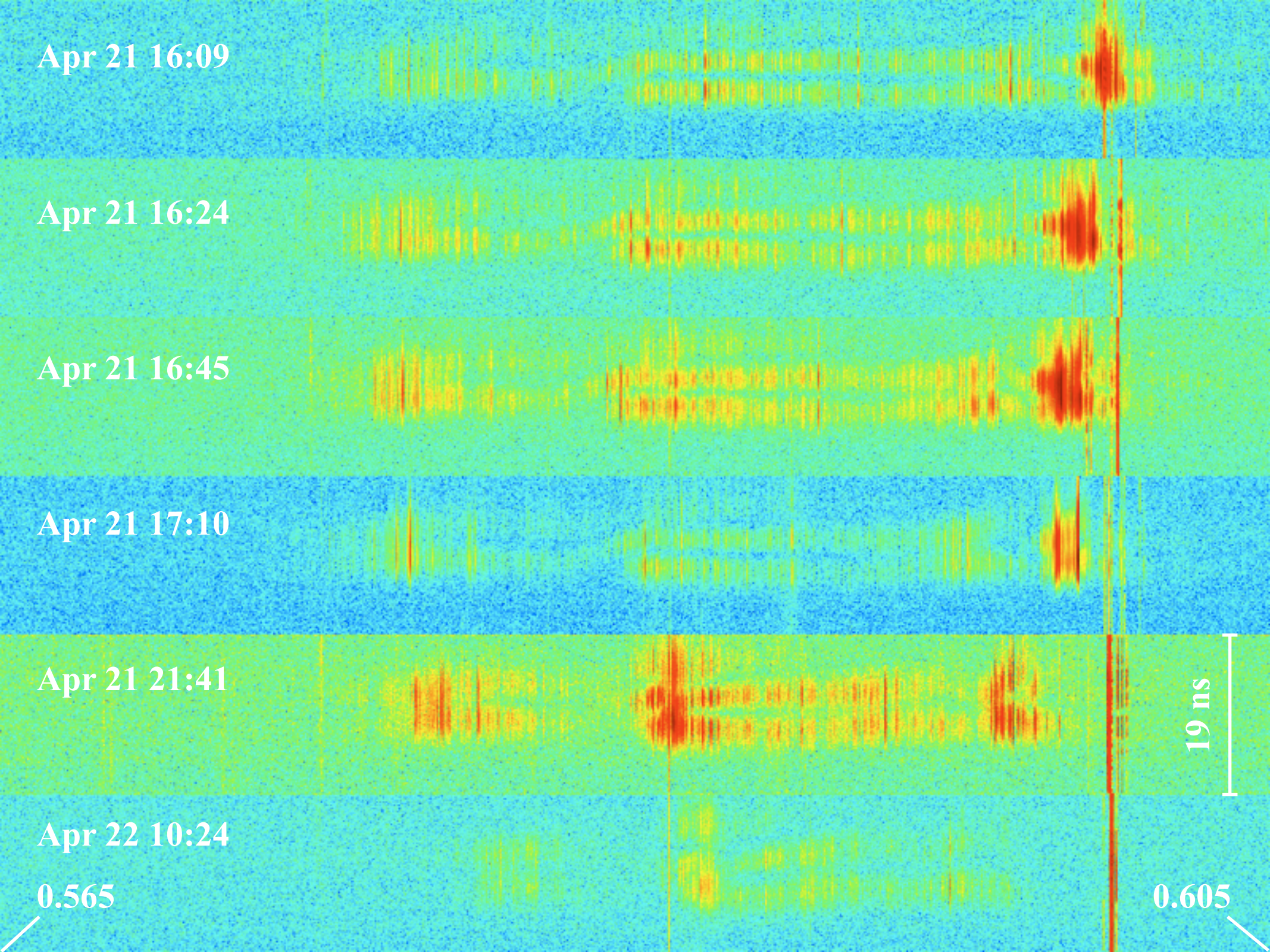
Apr 21 21:41

Apr 22 10:24

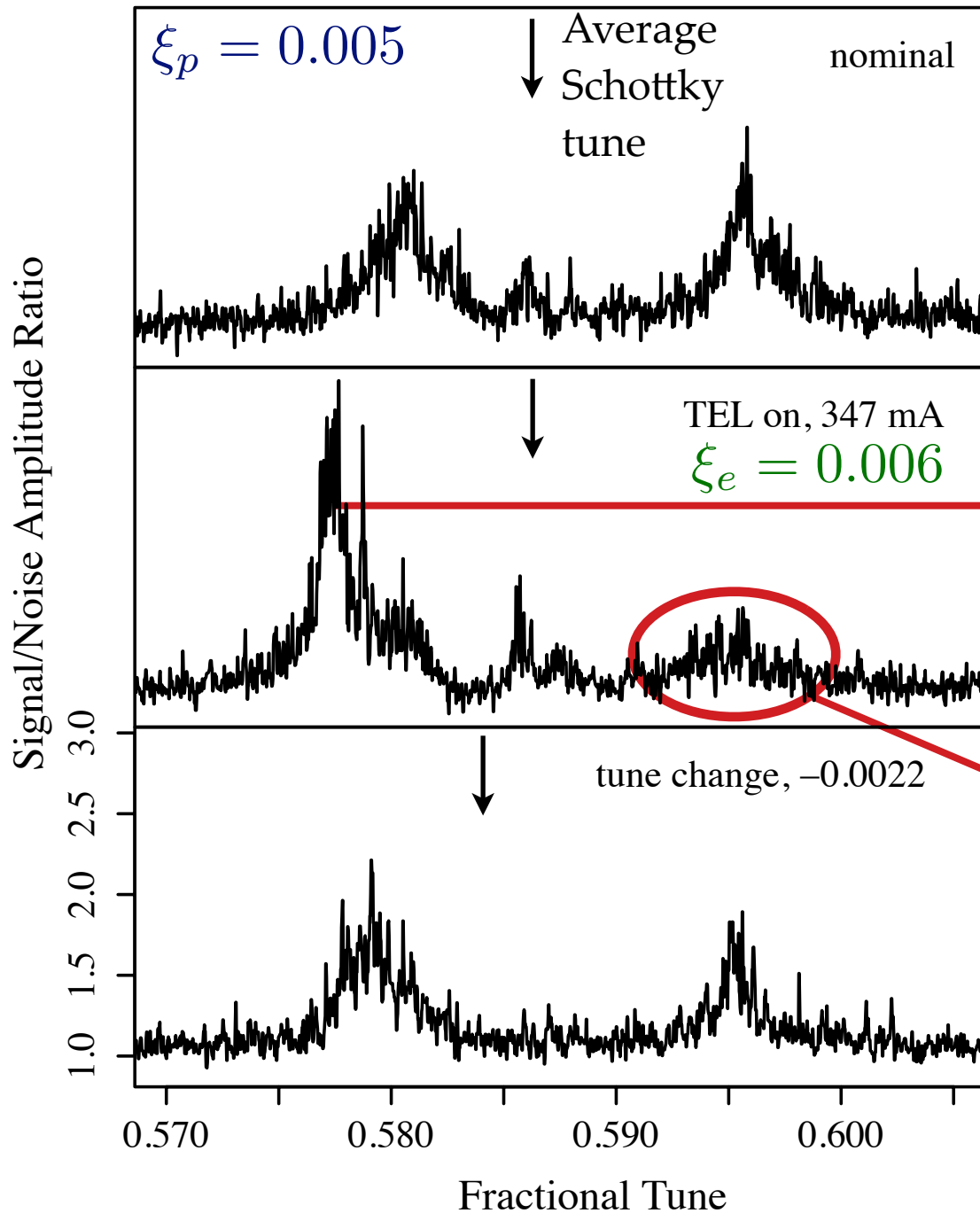
0.565

0.605

19 ns



# Effects of Gaussian electron lens in regular collider store



Tune shift of first eigenmode  
Change in tune spread?

Suppression of second eigenmode

Interpretation requires  
calculation of mode strengths  
and widths

# Conclusions

- ▶ Developed diagnostic tool for **detection of coherent beam oscillations** based on digitized signals from a **single BPM** in high-amplitude region
- ▶ **Features:**
  - ▶ short response time (seconds)
  - ▶ high frequency resolution ( $1.6 \times 10^{-5}$  in fractional tune)
  - ▶ high sensitivity (tens of nanometers)
  - ▶ low background
  - ▶ may require beam excitation with band-limited noise (a few watts)
  - ▶ only used manually so far
- ▶ **Selected results:**
  - ▶ observed evolution of coherent beam-beam modes during collider store
  - ▶ coherent oscillations in Tevatron were stable, likely because of asymmetric intensities and tunes, and chromaticity
  - ▶ compared with linear rigid-bunch model and strong-strong tracking code
- ▶ Observations under other experimental conditions in Stancari and Valishev, Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams **15**, 041002 (2012)

*Thank you*