

How the Higgs can be so light

Light Dilaton at Fixed Points and Ultra Light Scale SYM

Oleg Antipin

CP^3 - Origins



Particle Physics & Origin of Mass

VIIIth Rencontres du Vietnam, 2012

Goal

If electroweak symmetry is broken dynamically, need to explain

$$\frac{m_h}{4\pi v} = \frac{125\text{GeV}}{4\pi \times 246\text{GeV}} = 0.04 \ll 1 \quad \left[\text{In QCD: } \frac{m_\pi}{4\pi\Lambda_{QCD}} \sim 0.06 \right]$$

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The higgs:

A dilaton

The Model

O. Antipin, M. Mojaza, F. Sannino - hep-ph/1107.2932



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$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -\frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} F^2 + \sum_j^{N_f} i \bar{\psi}_j \not{D} \psi_j + i \lambda^a \sigma^\mu D_\mu^{\bar{a} b} \bar{\lambda}^b \\ & + y_H \bar{\psi}_i H_{ij} \psi_j + \text{Tr} |\partial_\mu H|^2 - u_1 (\text{Tr} H^\dagger H)^2 - u_2 \text{Tr} (H^\dagger H)^2 \end{aligned}$$

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$U(N_f) \times U(N_f)$ massless linear sigma model coupled to the fermions
(toy-model for electroweak symmetry breaking)

Infrared Destiny

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Perturbative 1-loop IR stable fixed point (a la Banks-Zaks)

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1-loop beta functions:

$$\beta(a_g) = -2a_g^2 \left[3 - \frac{2x}{3} + \left(6 - \frac{13x}{3} \right) a_g + x^2 a_H \right]$$

$$\beta(a_H) = 2a_H \left[(1+x)a_H - 3a_g \right]$$

$$\beta(z_1) = 4(z_1^2 + 4z_1 z_2 + 3z_2^2 + z_1 a_H)$$

$$\beta(z_2) = 4(2z_2^2 + z_2 a_H - \frac{x}{2} a_H^2),$$

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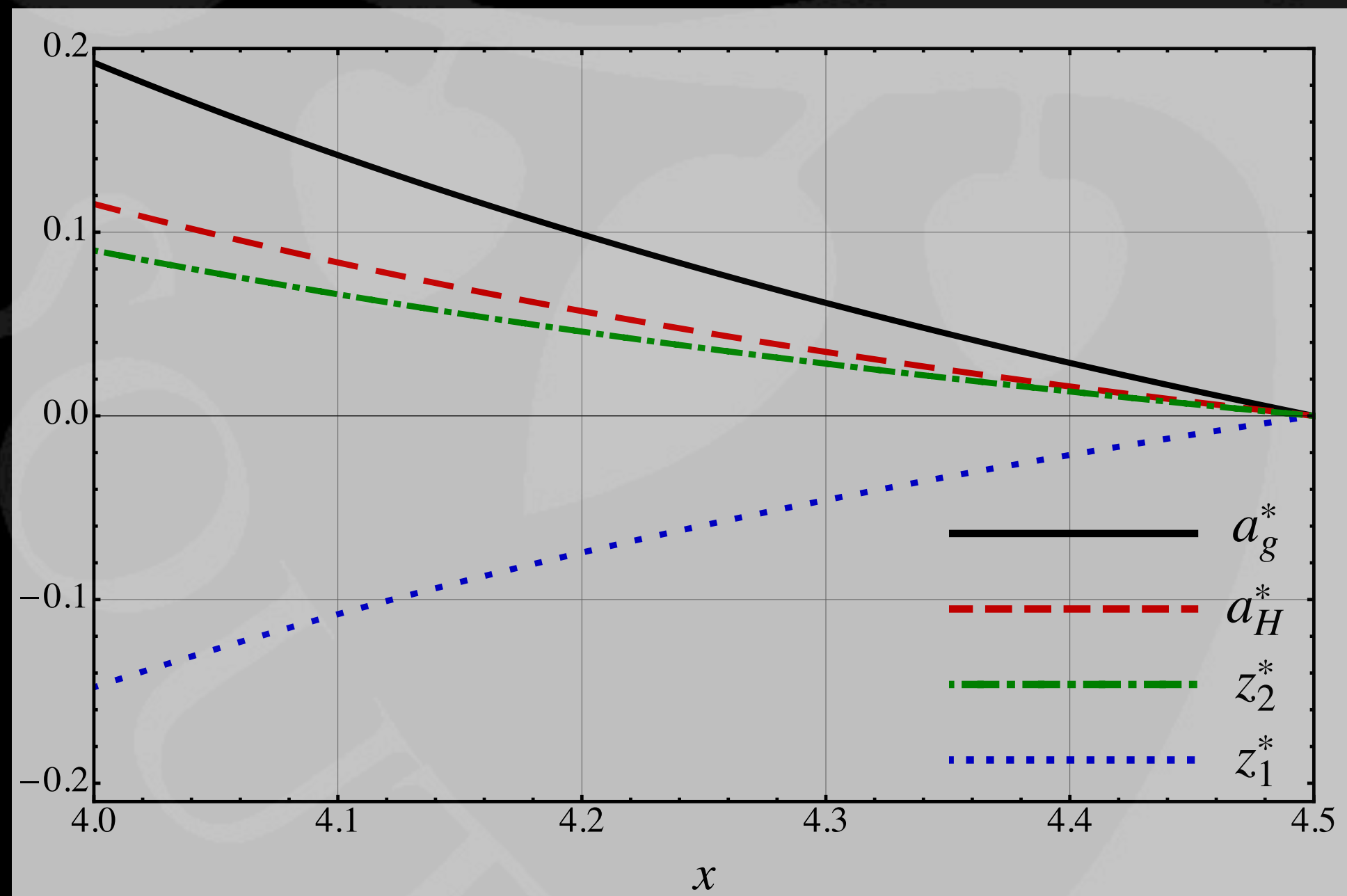
Fixed point (simultaneous zero of the beta functions)

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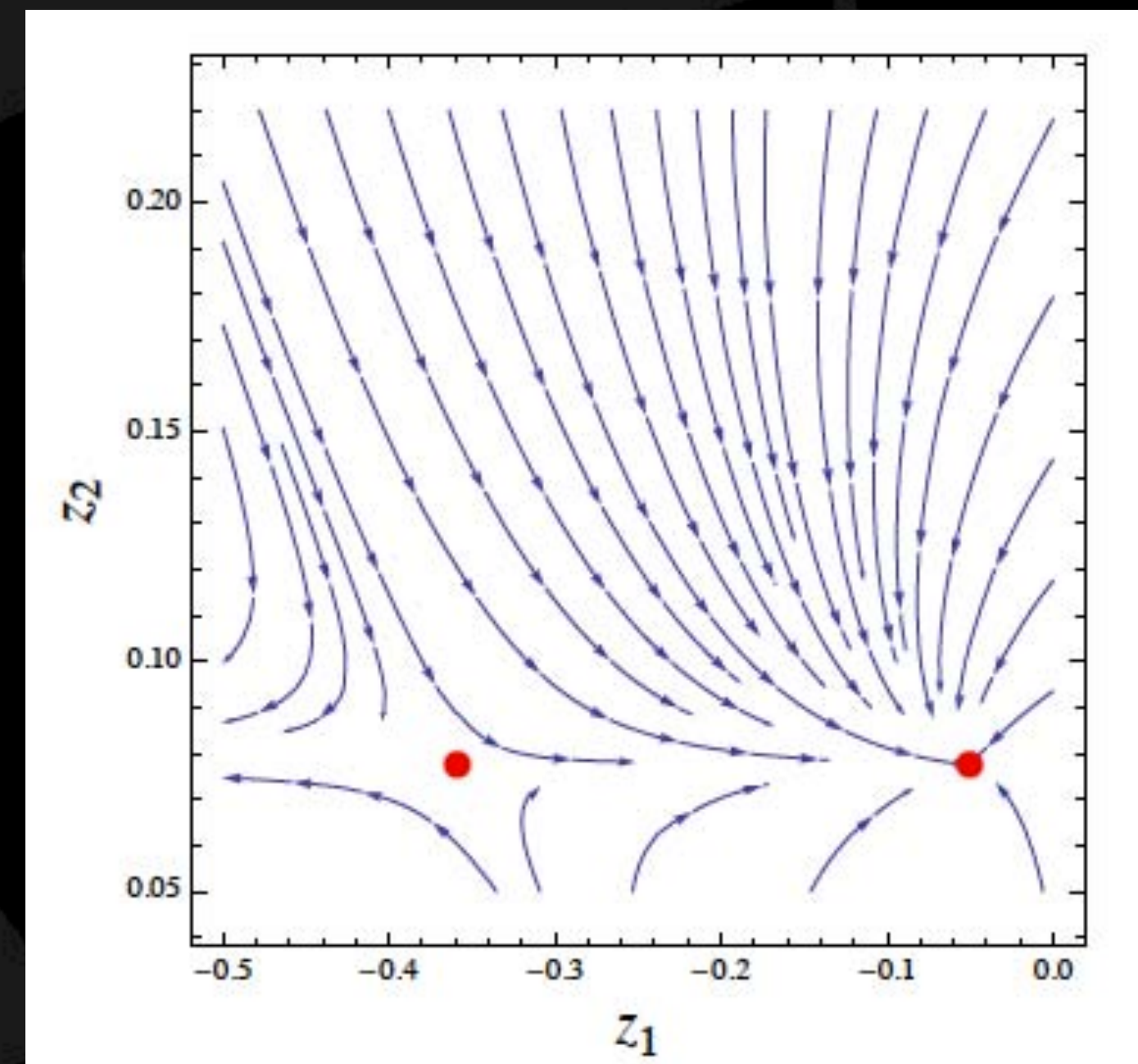
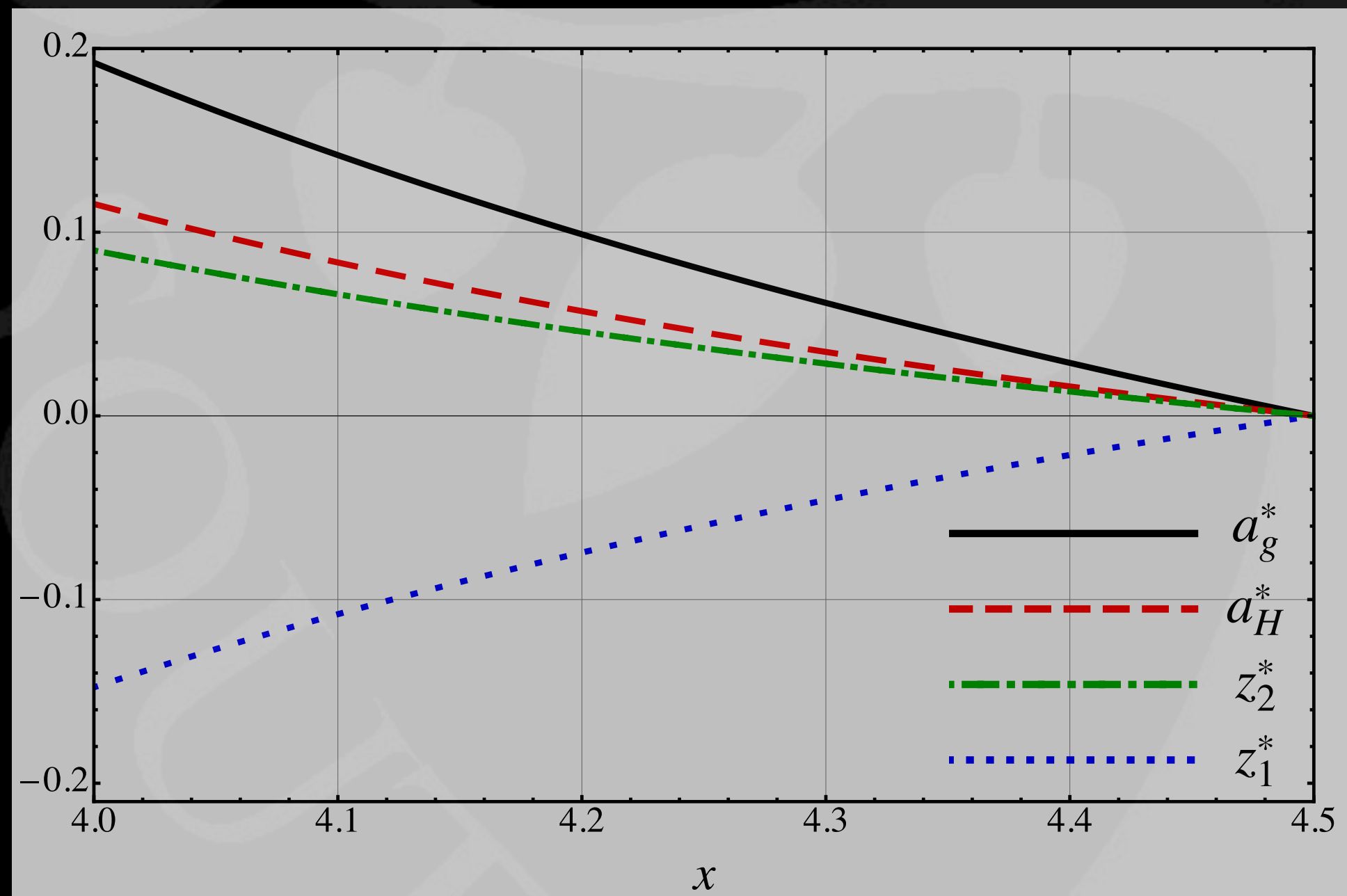
$$x \equiv \frac{9}{2}(1 - \epsilon)$$

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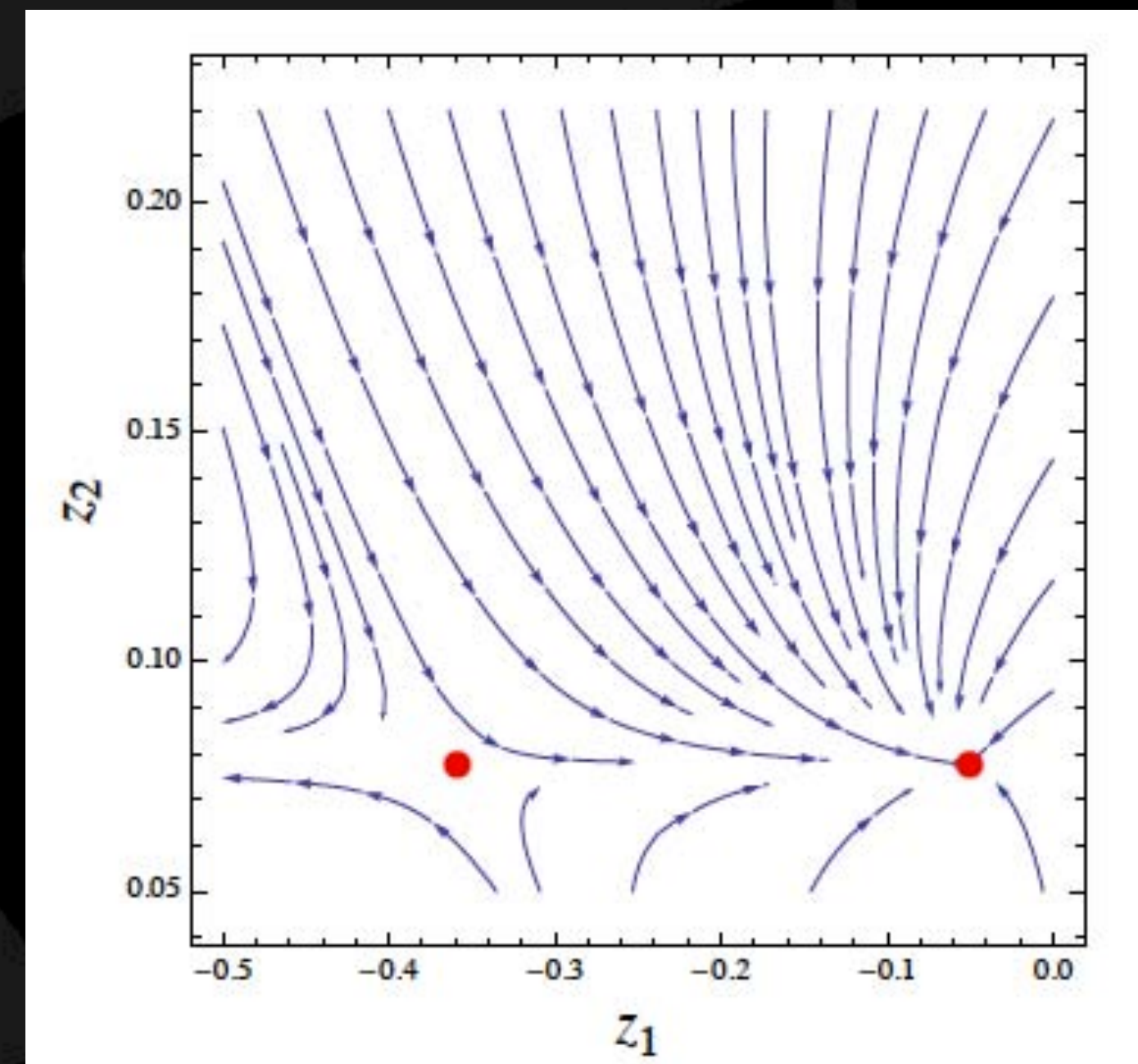
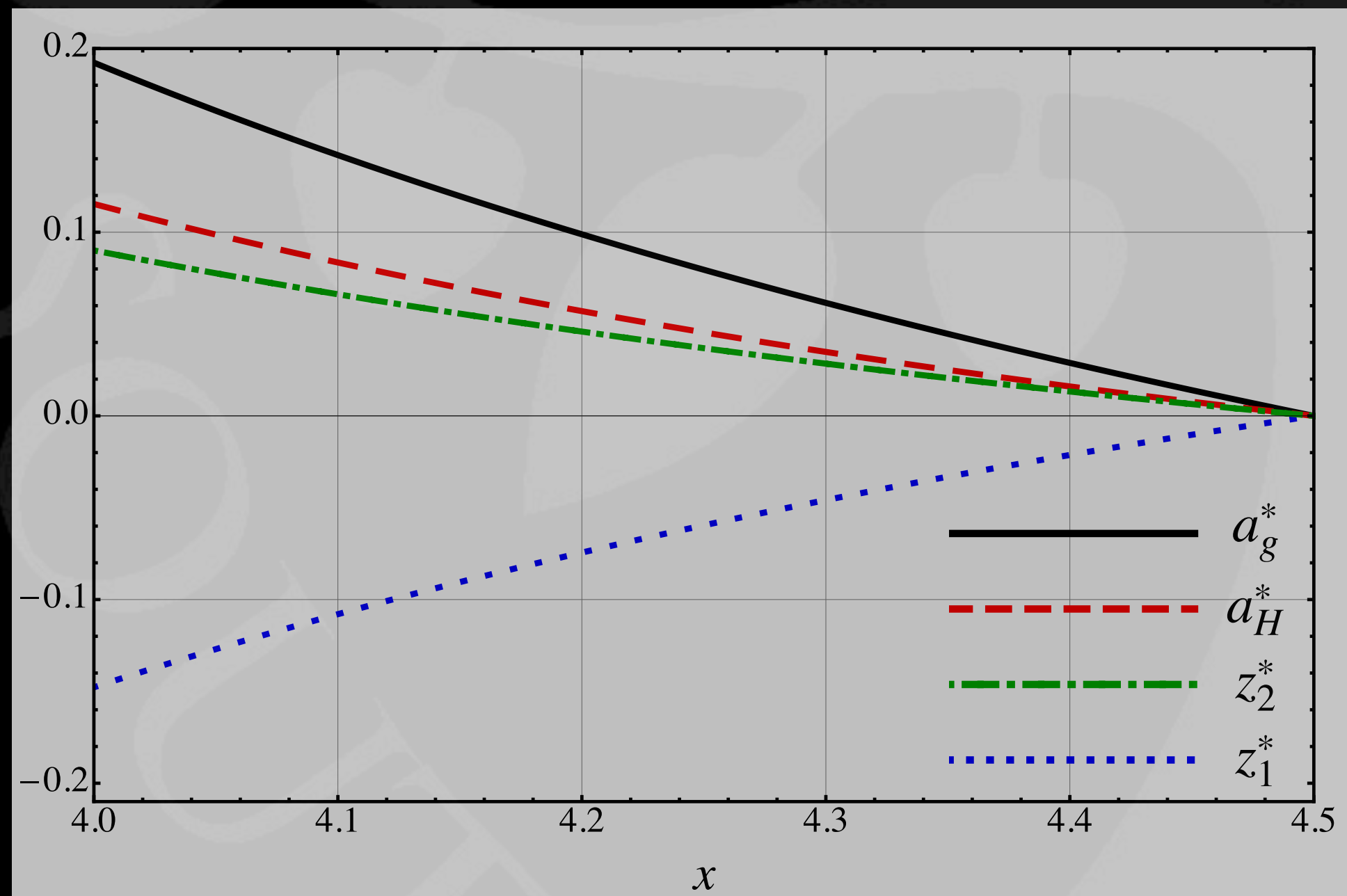
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This FP can become “hidden” by spontaneous symmetry breaking from radiative corrections (Coleman-Weinberg mechanism)

Spontaneous Symmetry Breaking

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Coleman-Weinberg mechanism solely controlled by beta functions

H. Yamagishi, 1980

$$\frac{dV_{\text{eff}}^{\text{RG}}}{d\mu} = \left(\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} + \sum_i \beta(g_i) \frac{\partial}{\partial g_i} + \gamma_\phi \phi_c \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi_c} \right) V_{\text{eff}}^{\text{RG}} = 0$$

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$$V_{\text{eff}}^{\text{RG}} \sim [z_1(t) + z_2(t)] \phi_c^4$$

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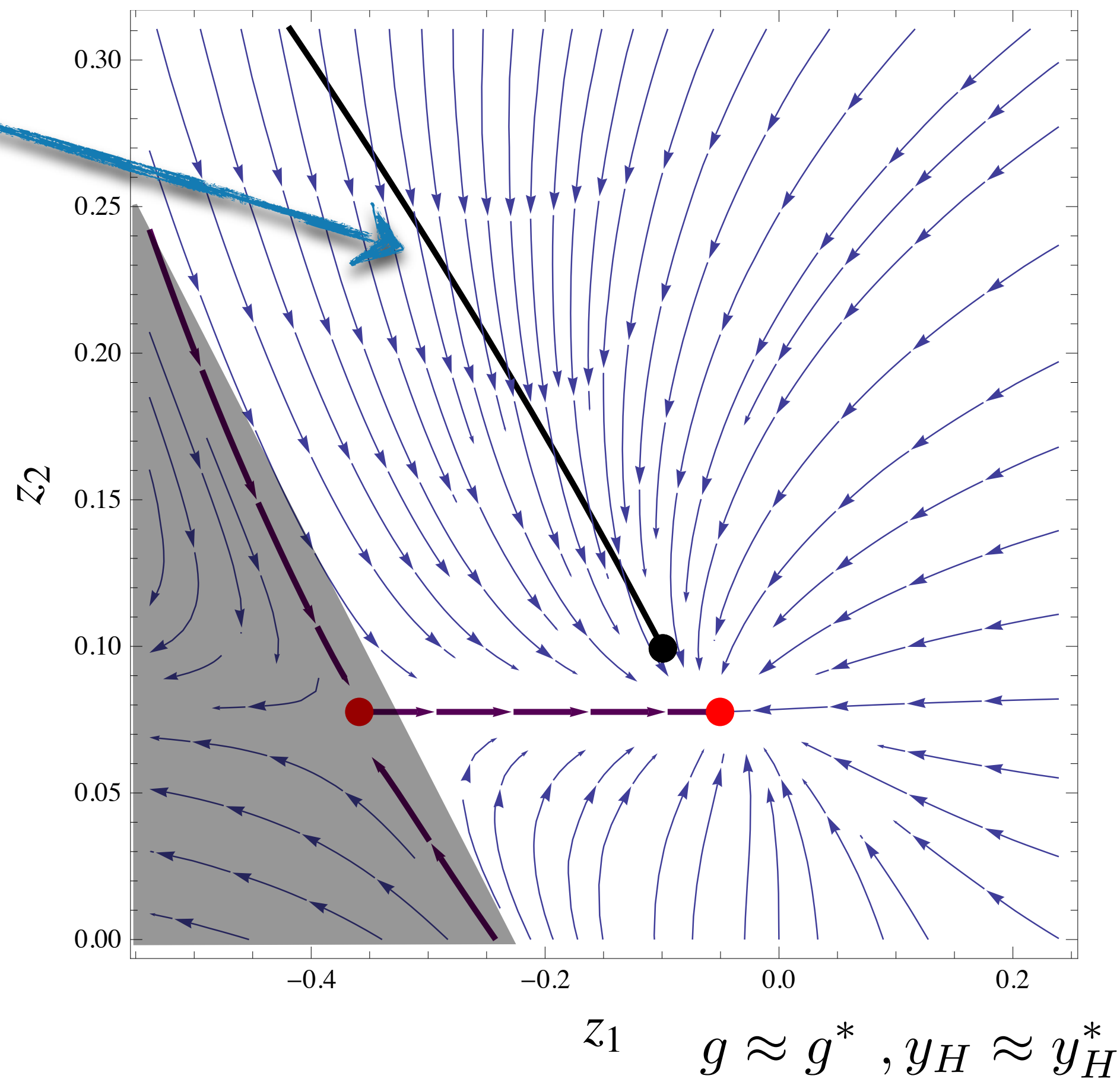
Region of SSB: $V_{\text{eff}}^{\text{RG}}(\phi_c) < 0$ and $V_{\text{eff}}^{\text{RG}''}(\phi_c) = m_\phi^{(1)2} \propto 4z_2^2 - x a_H > 0$

Phase Transition

O. Antipin, M. Mojaza, F. Sannino - hep-ph/1107.2932

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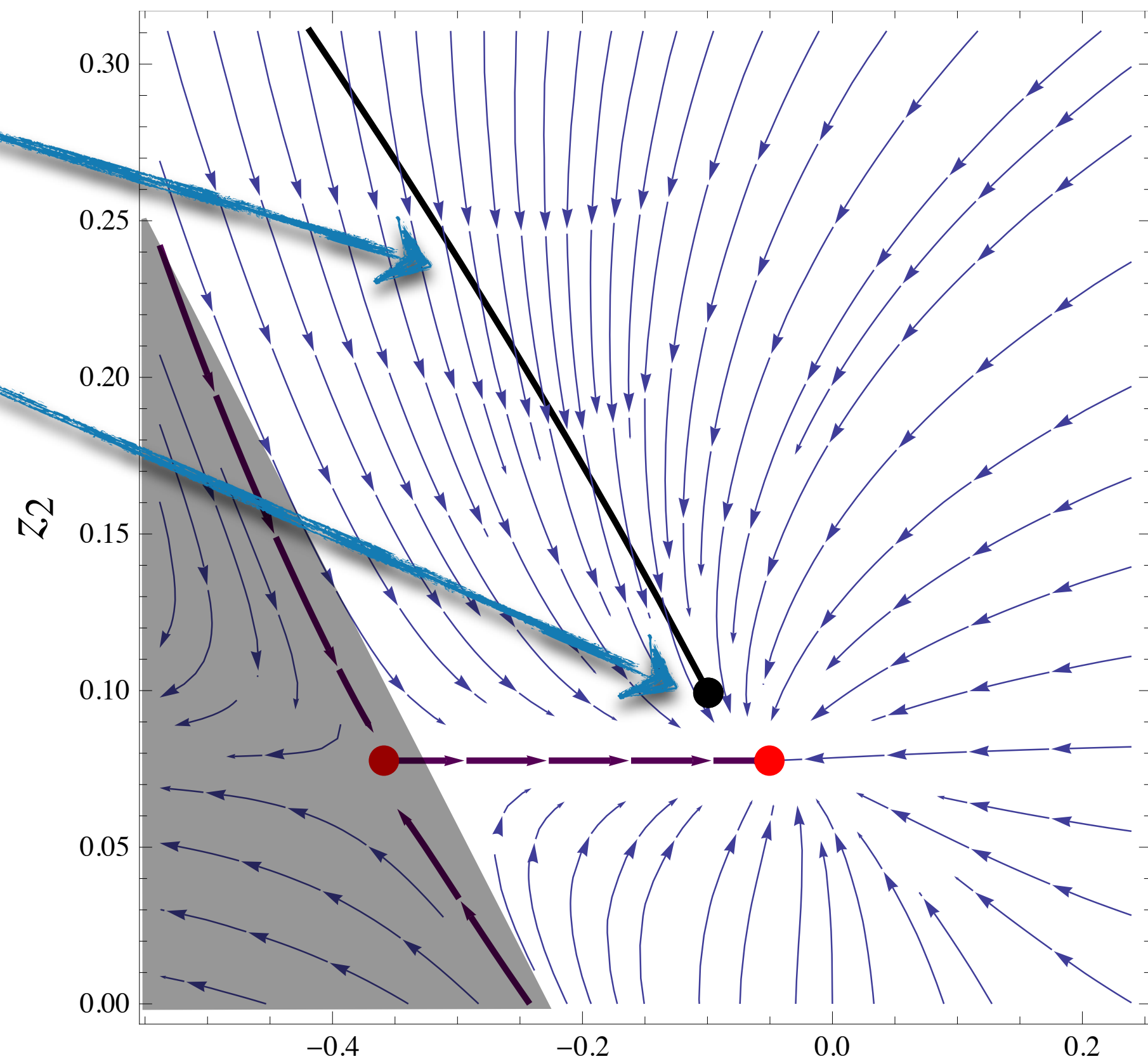
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$z_1 \quad g \approx g^*, y_H \approx y_H^*$

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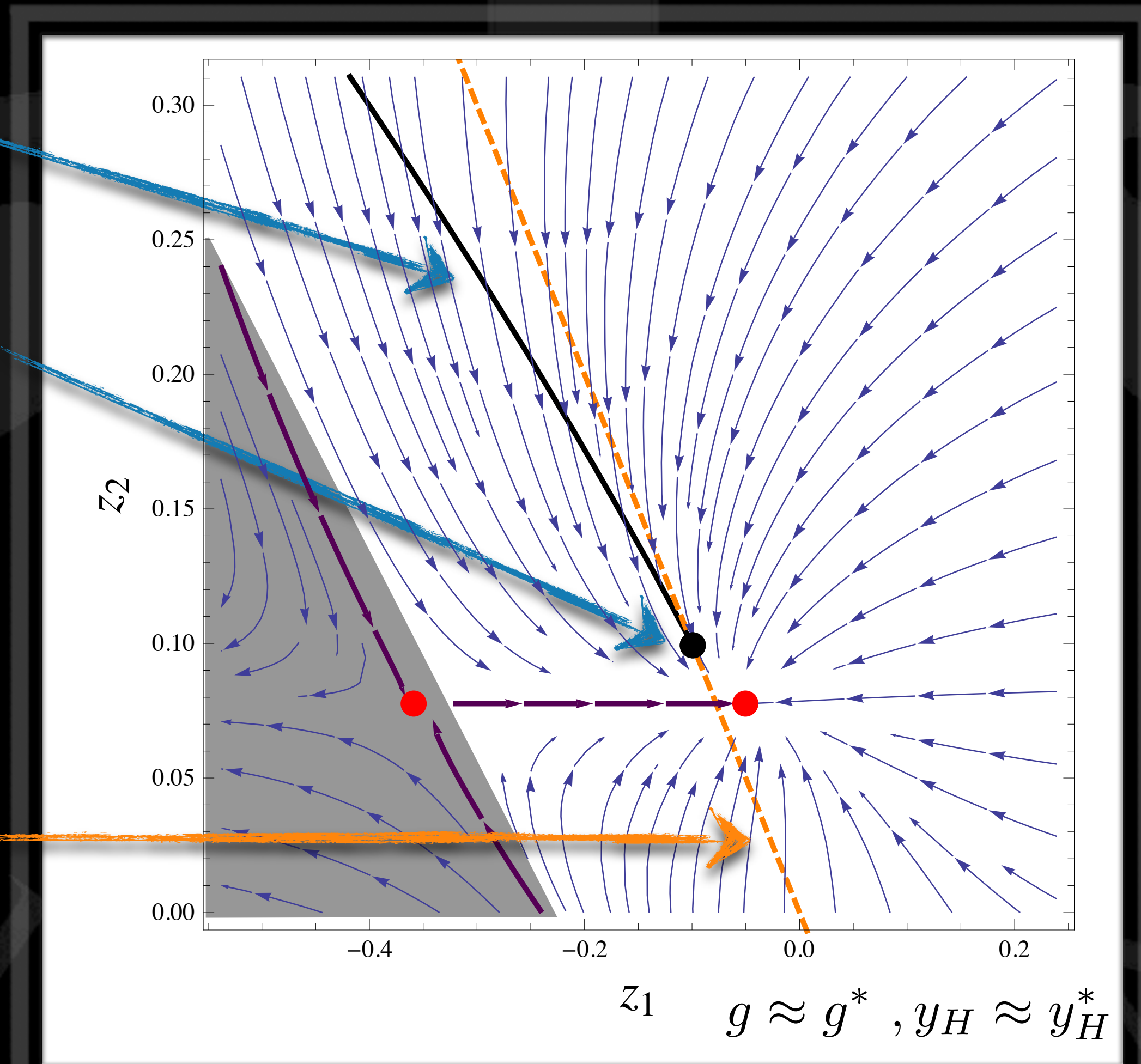
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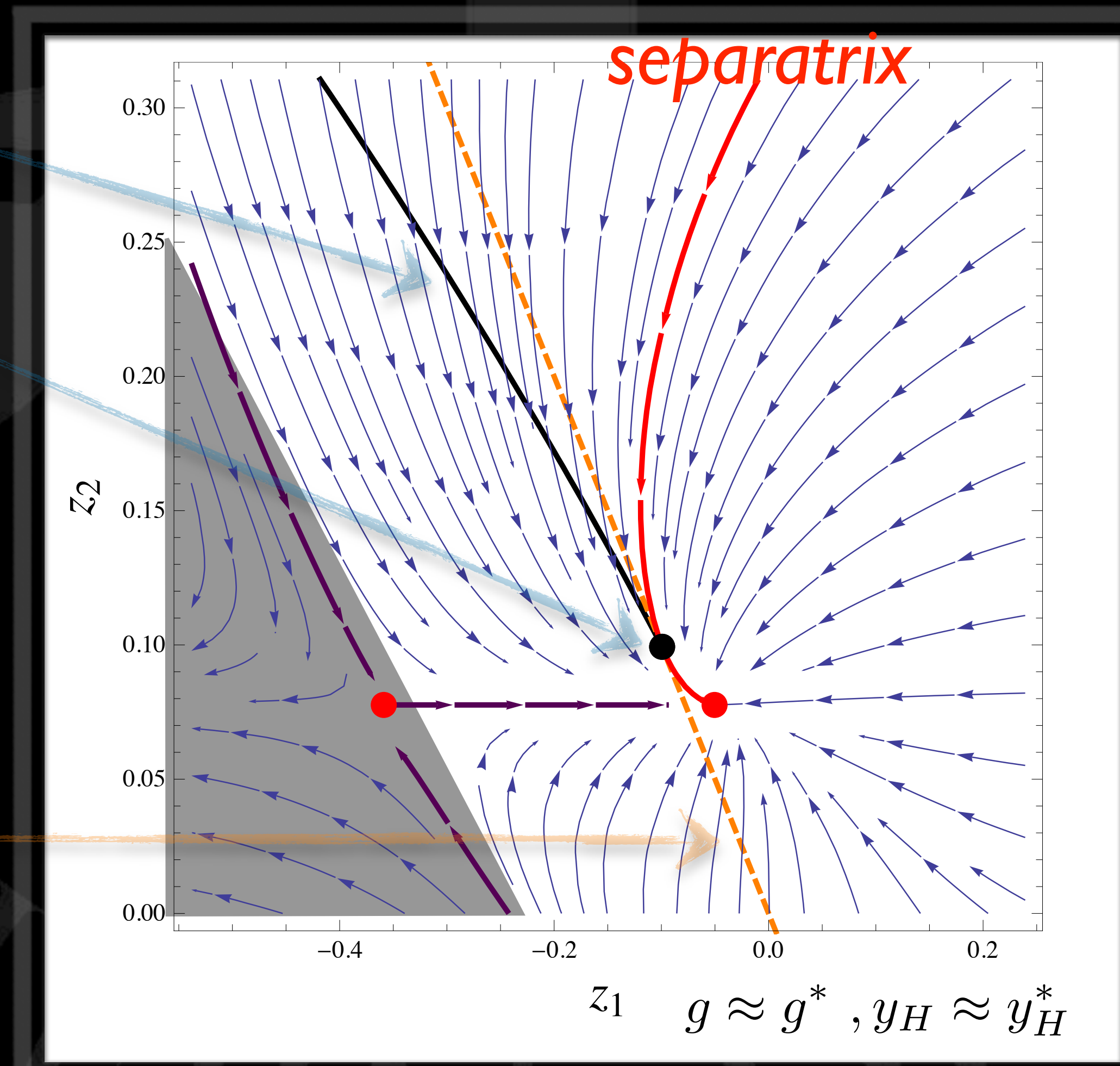
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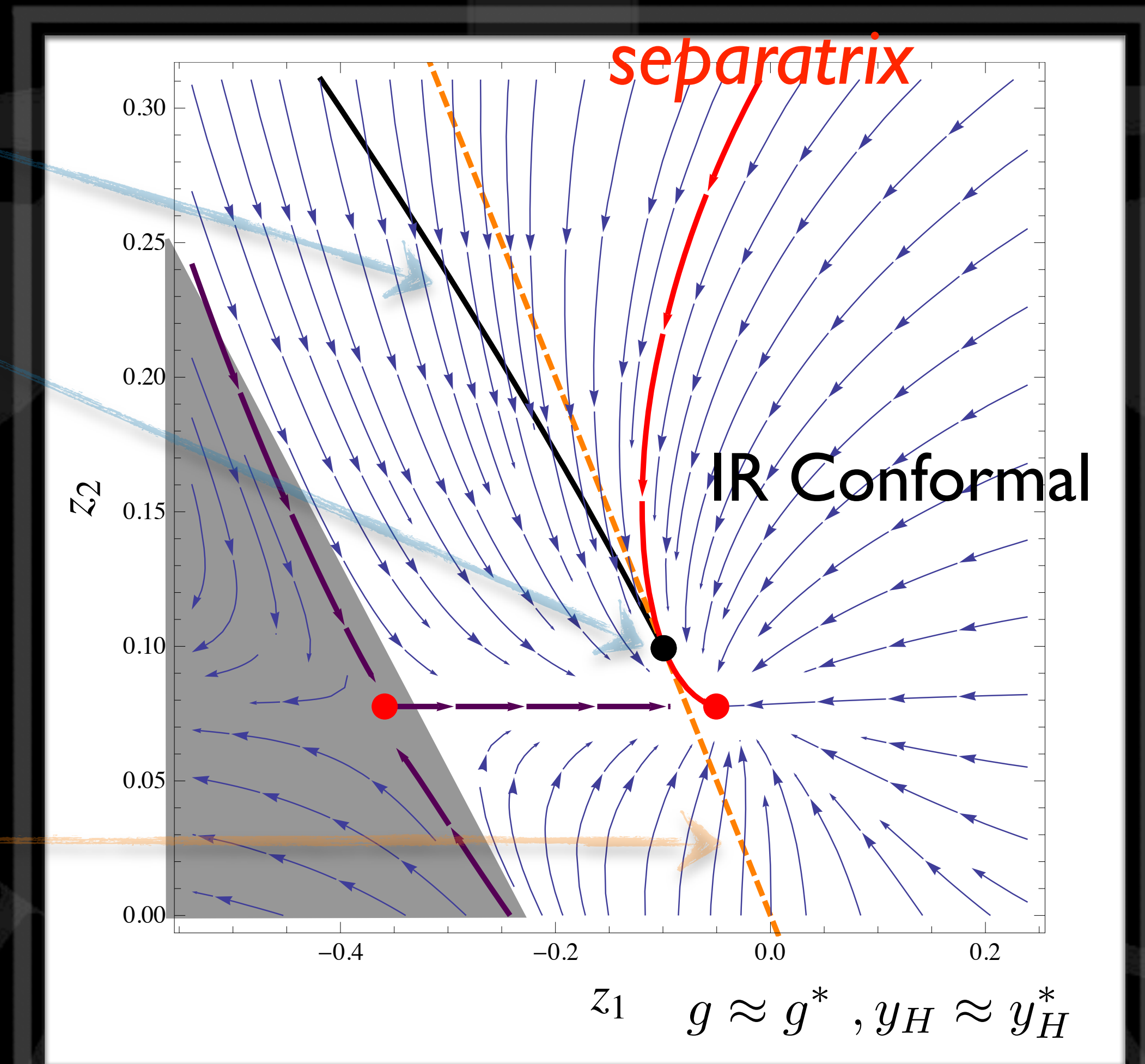
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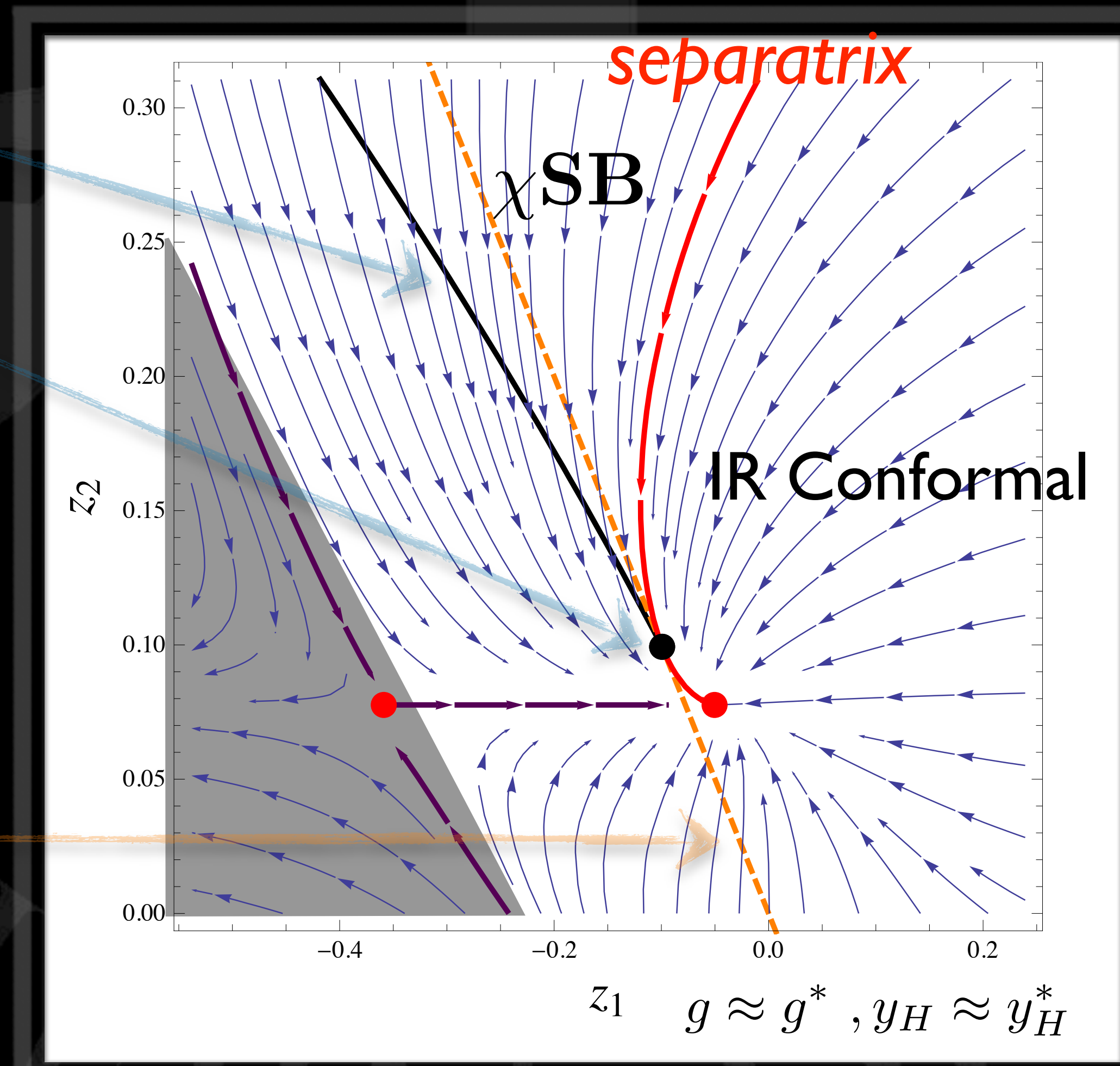
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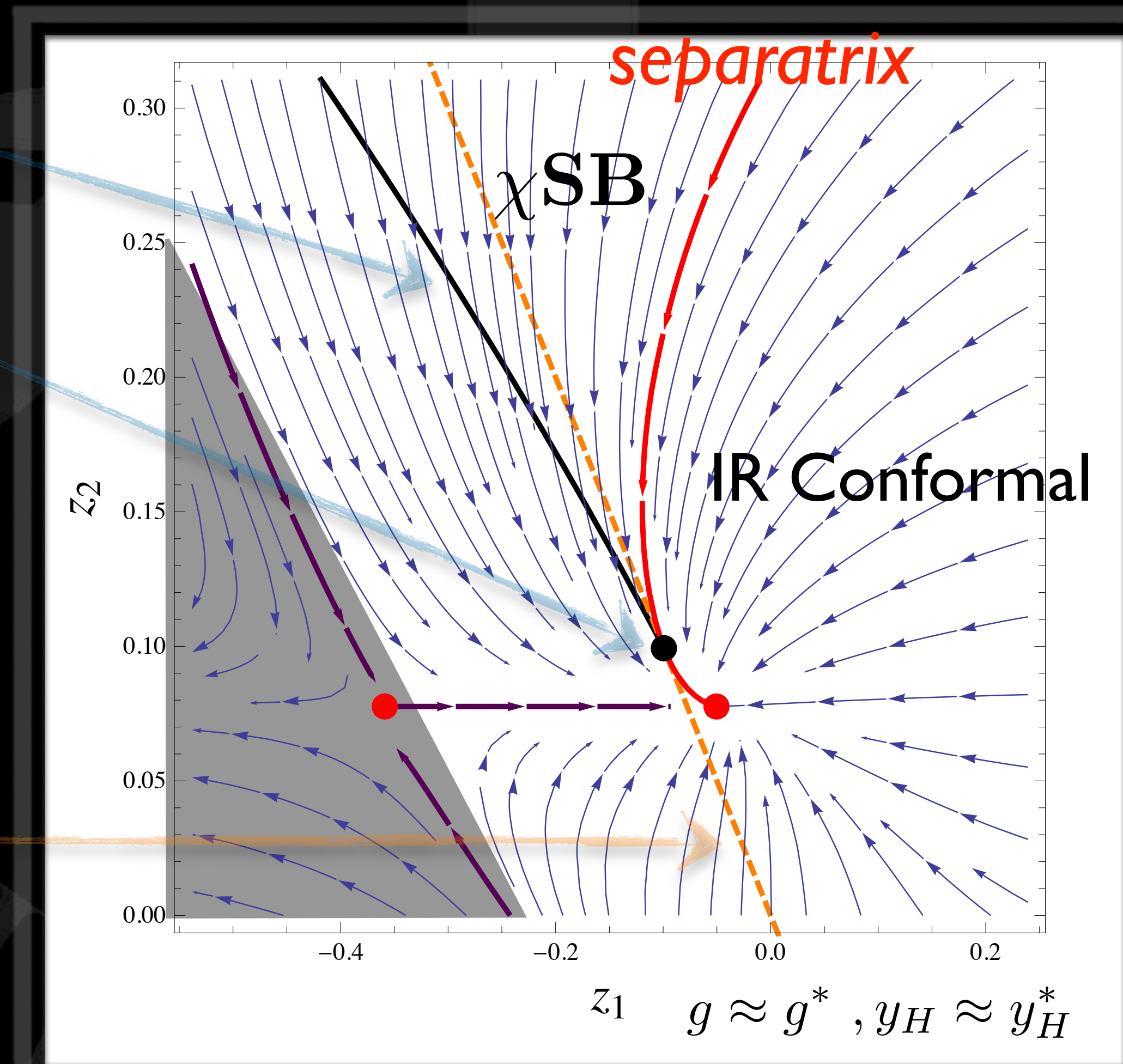
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by *dimensional*
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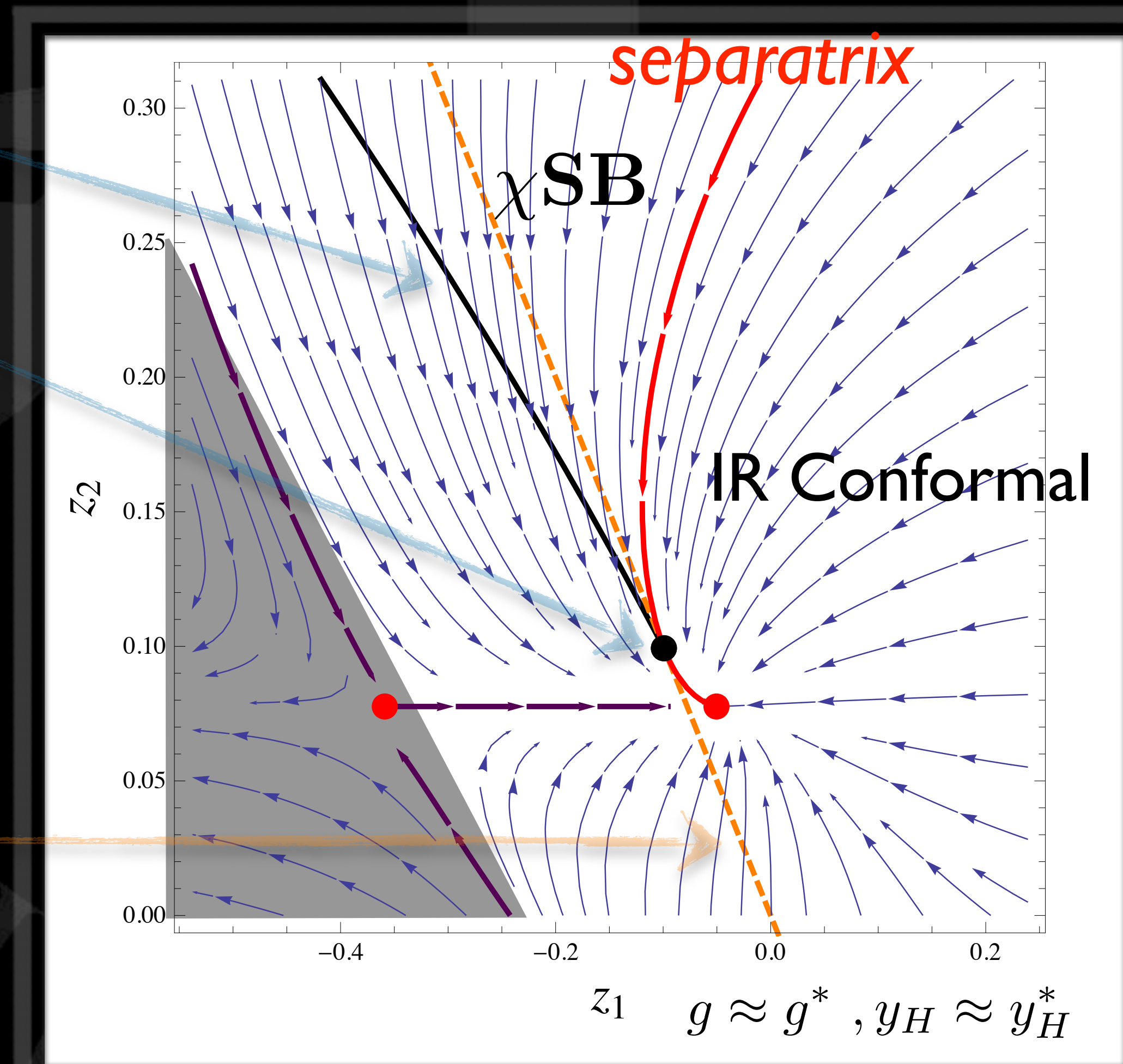
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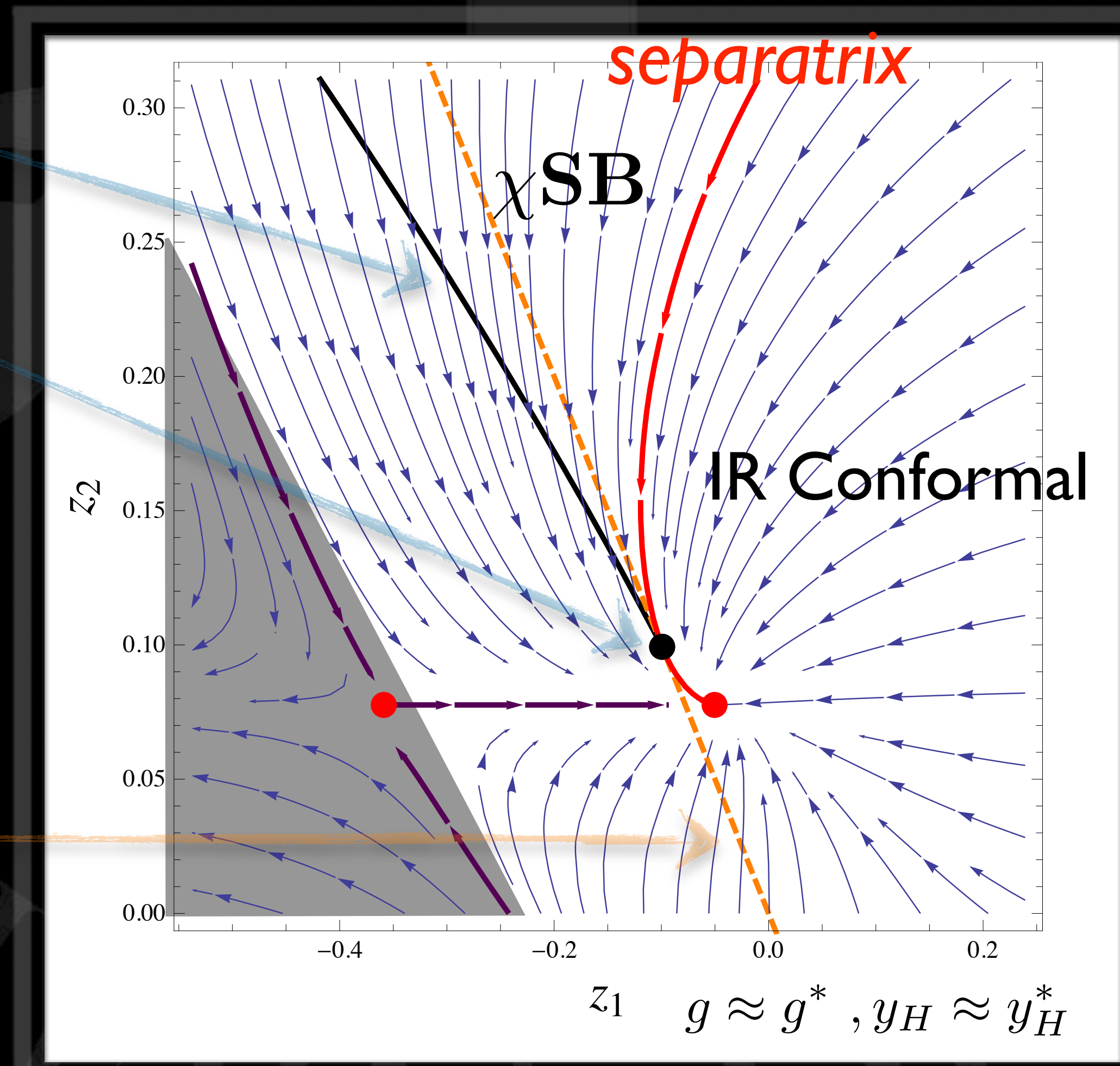
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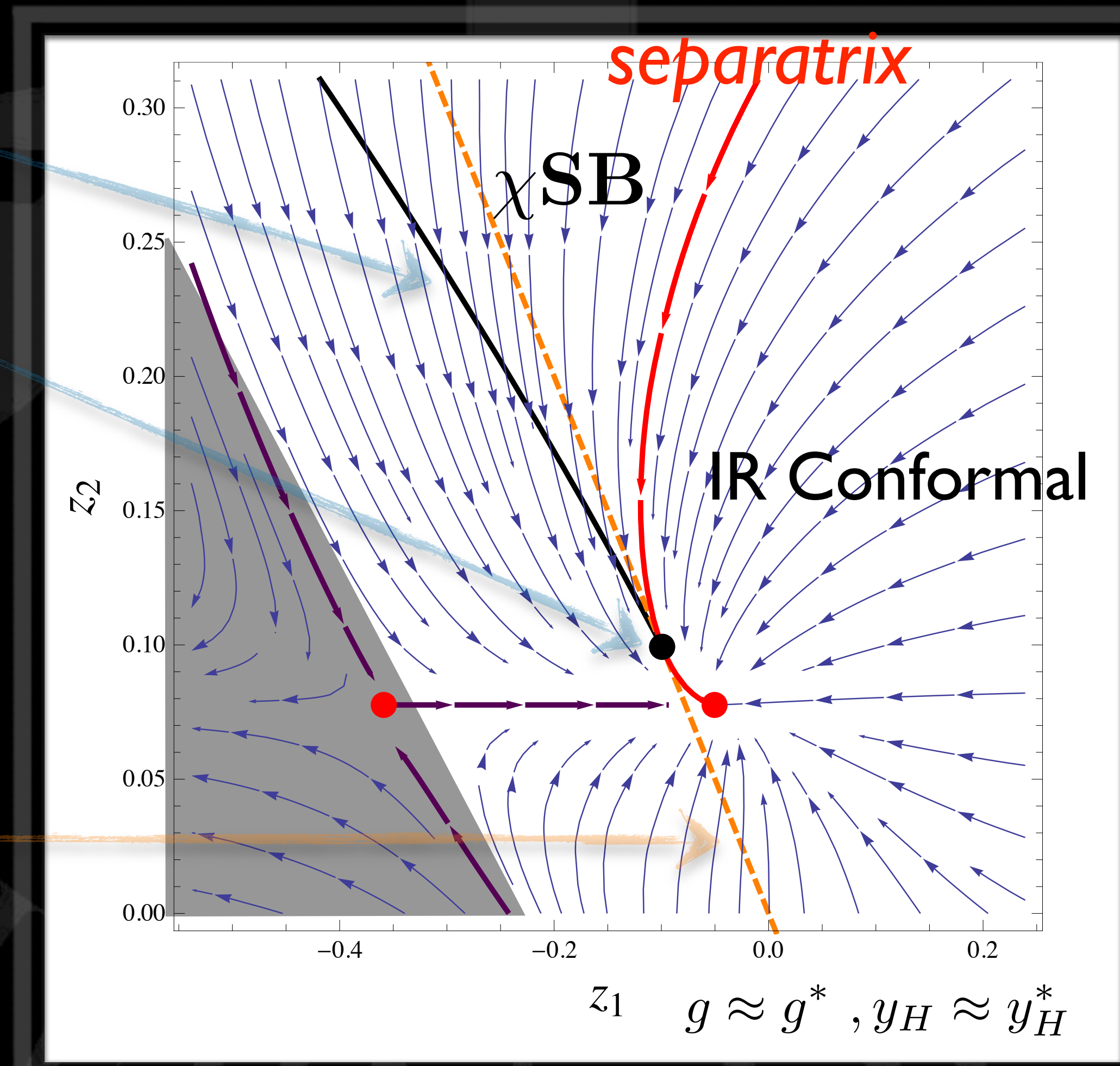
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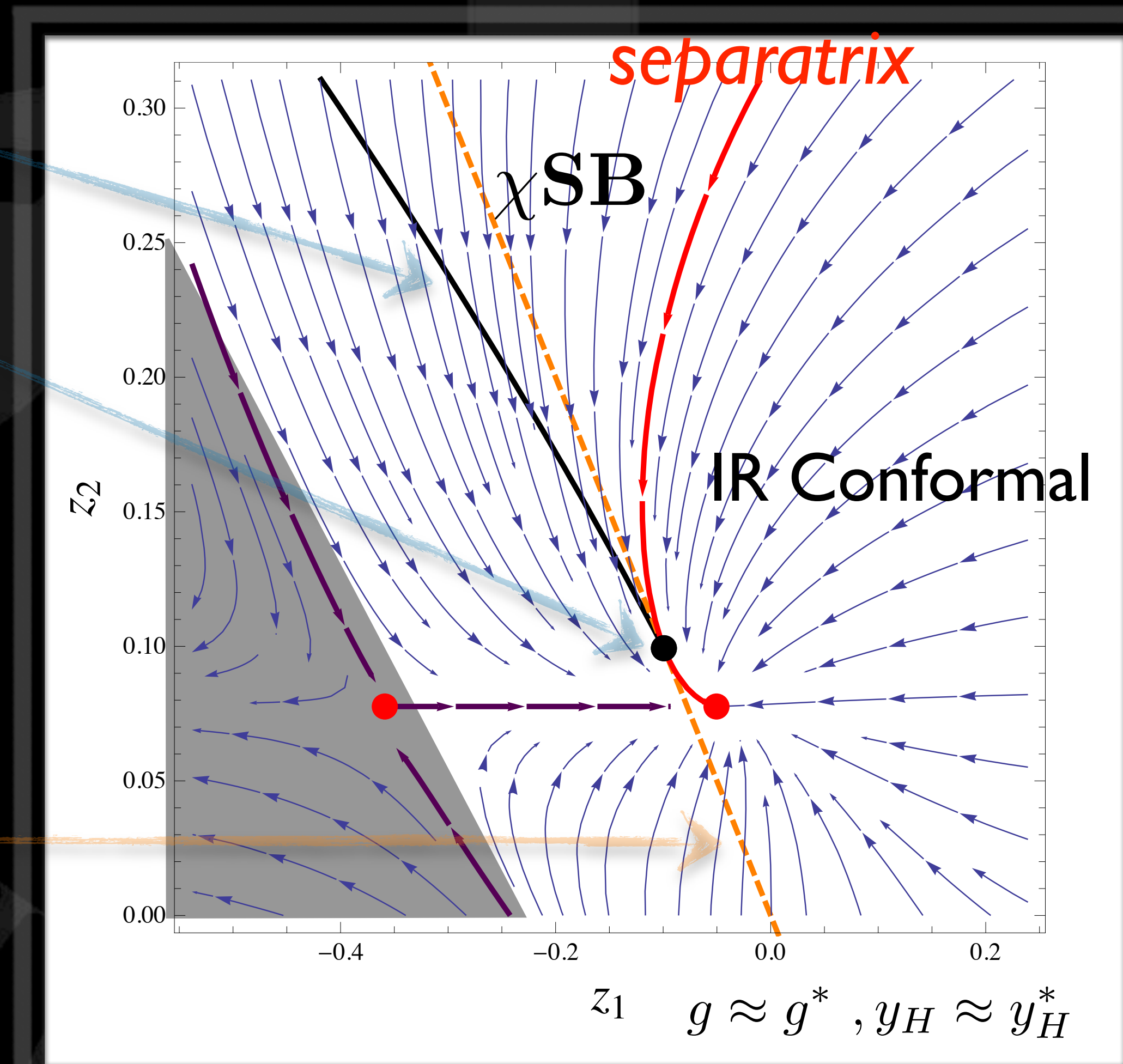
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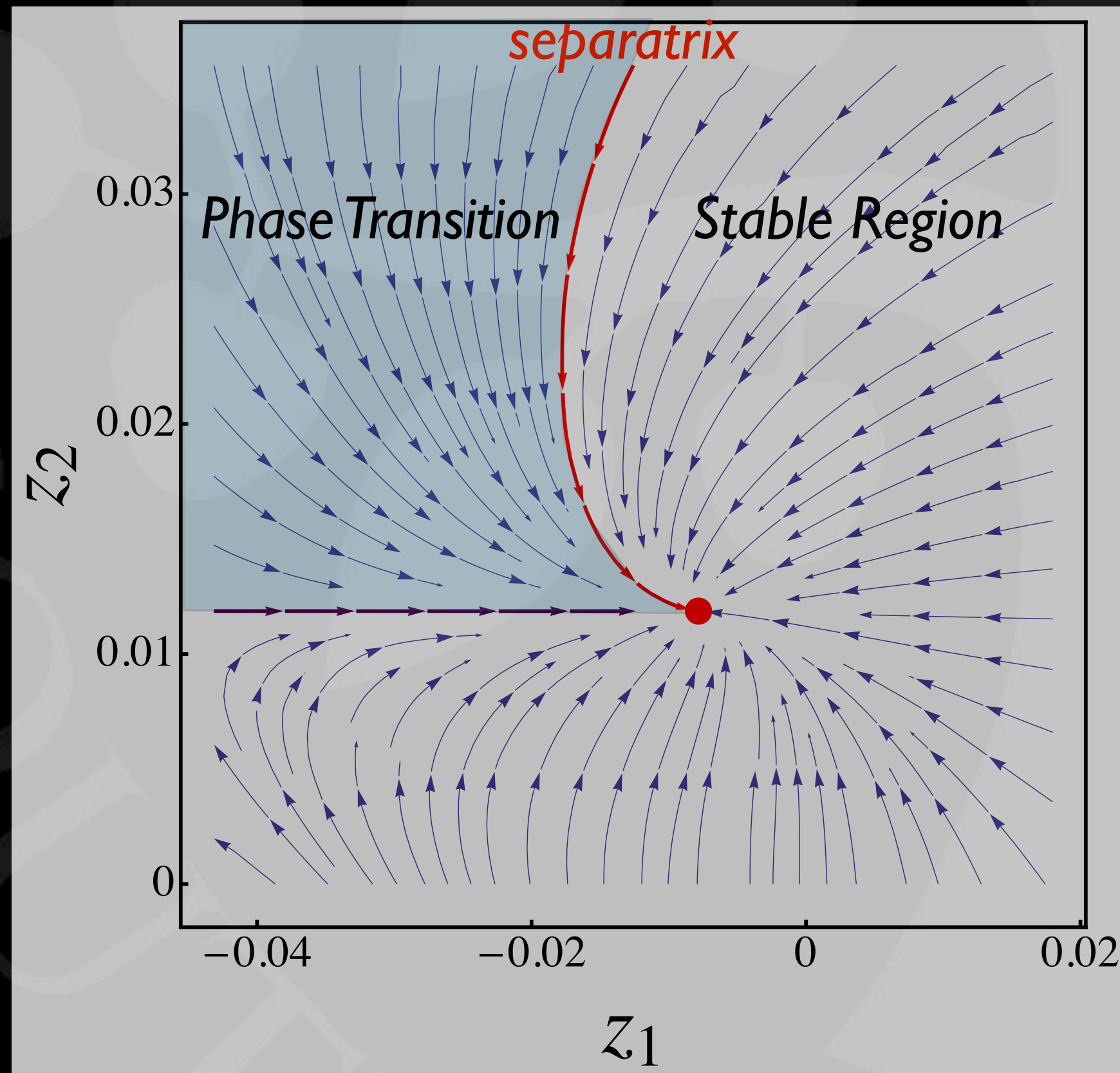
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$$m_h^2 = (4z_2^2 - xa_H^2)\phi_c^2 \equiv \delta\phi_c^2$$

The Light Dilaton



$$U(N_f) \times U(N_f) \rightarrow U(N_f)$$

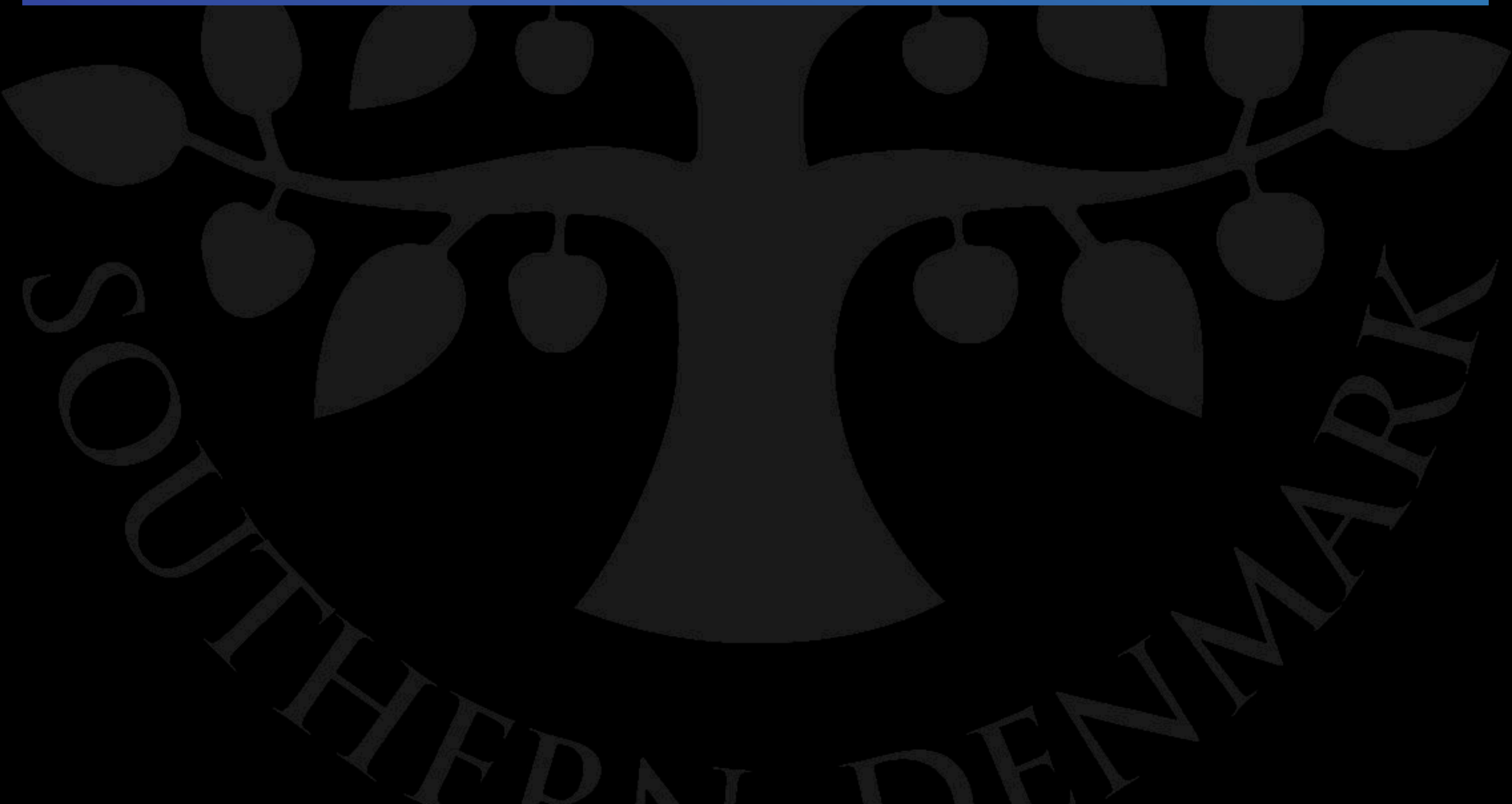
Conformal symmetry broken by scalar condensation (Coleman-Weinberg phenomenon).

This generates a massive dilaton.

$$\frac{m_h^2}{v^2} = \frac{m_h^2}{\phi_c^2} \sim 4z_2^2 - xa_H^2$$

The Dilaton

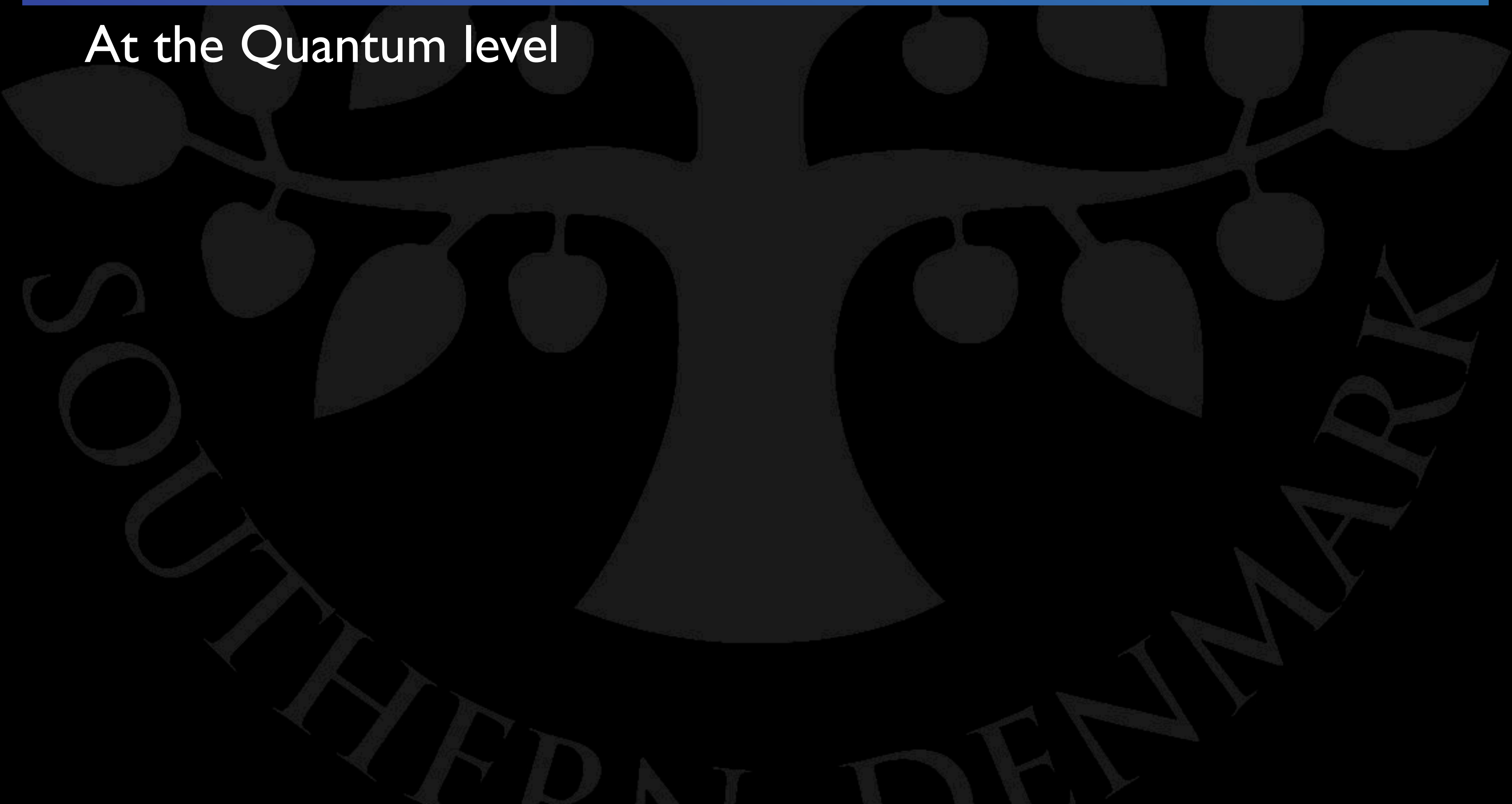
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The Dilaton

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At the Quantum level



The Dilaton

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At the Quantum level

- Scale invariance is already broken by the *Trace Anomaly* of the EM-tensor

$$\partial_{\mu} D^{\mu} = \Theta_{\mu}^{\mu} = \sum_i \beta(g_i) \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial g_i}$$

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The Dilaton

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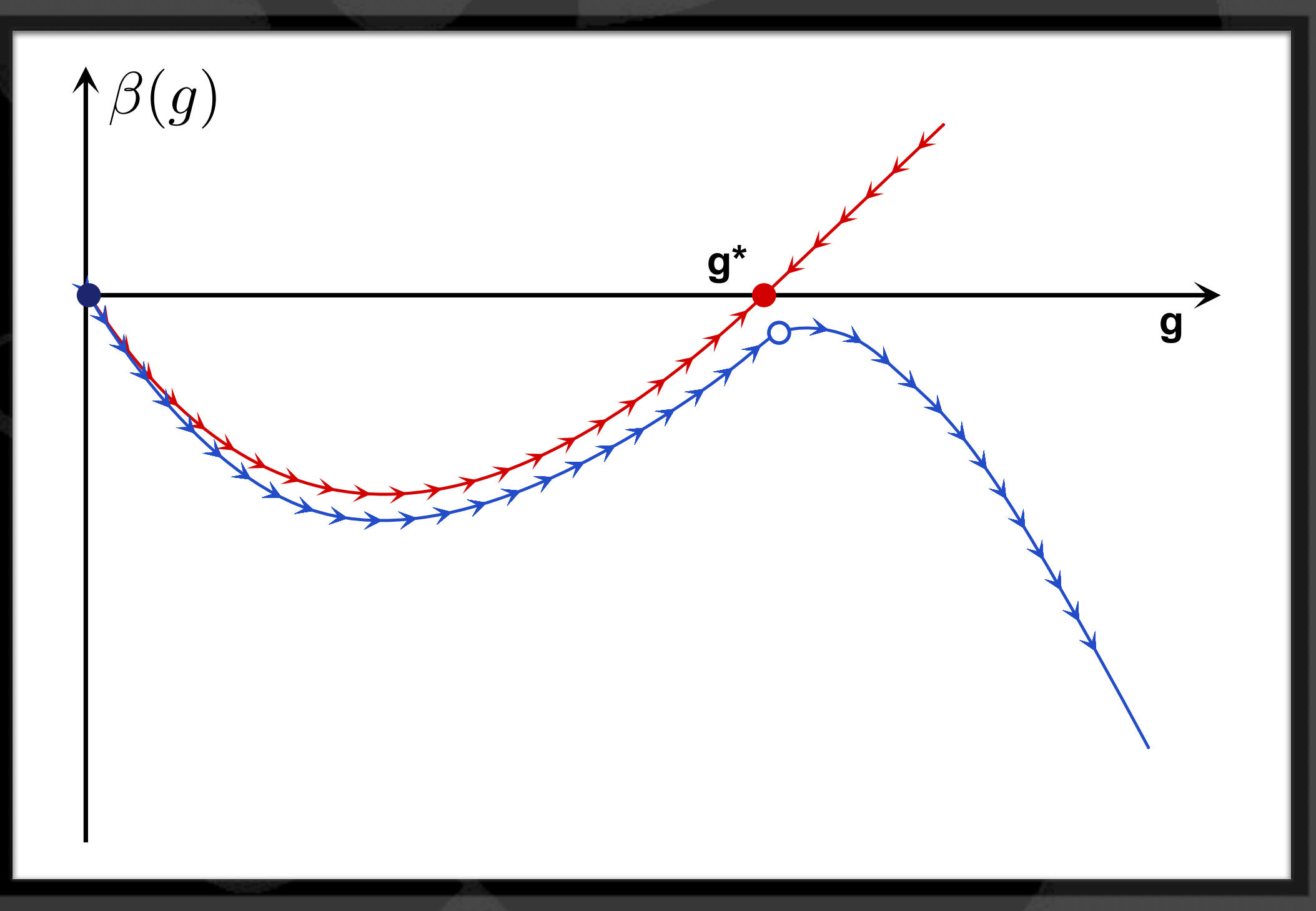
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$$\Theta_\mu^\mu \propto (\beta_1 + \beta_2) \phi + \dots \quad \text{since } \beta(g), \beta(y_H) \approx 0 \text{ at } \mu_0$$

The Complete Picture

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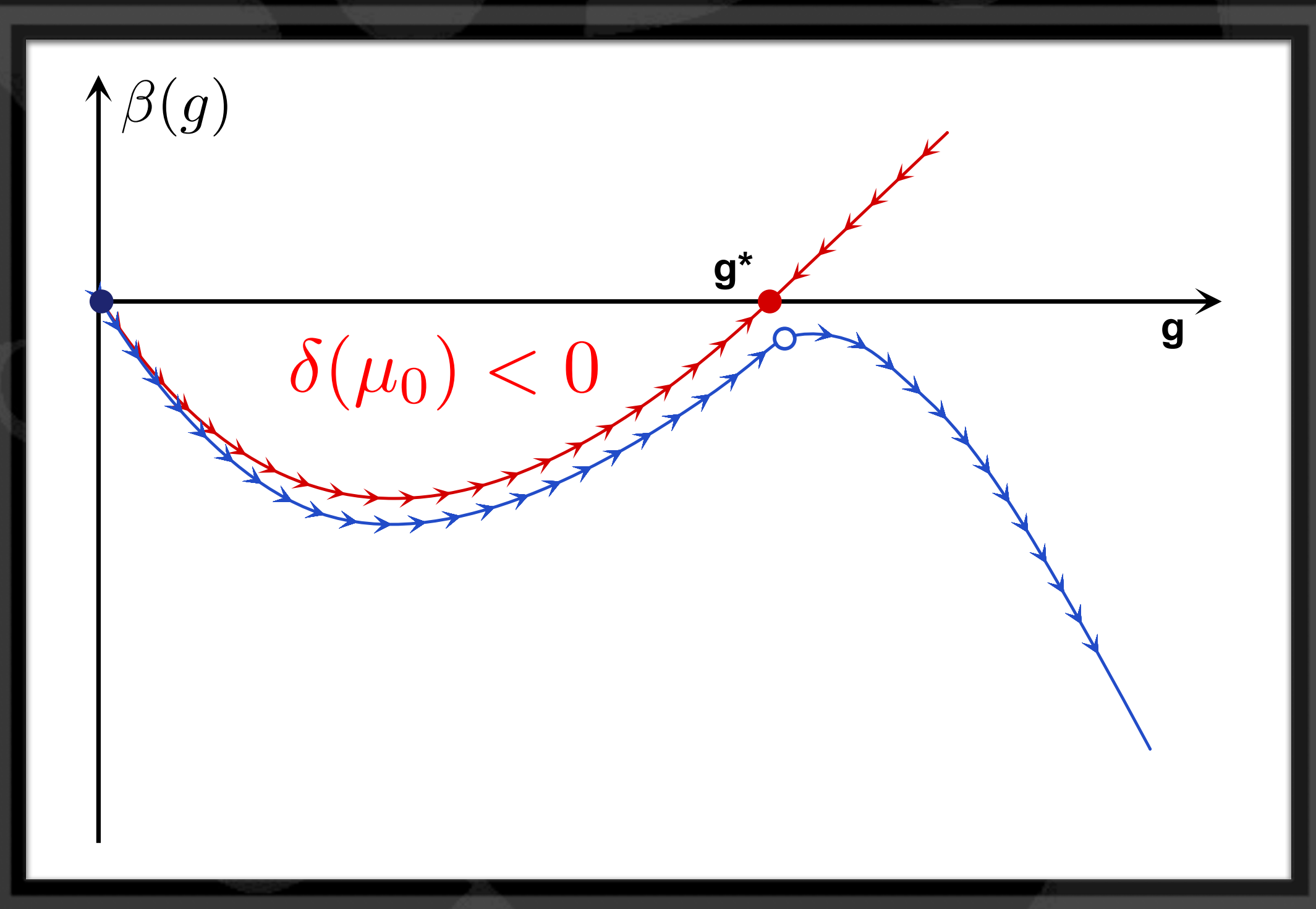
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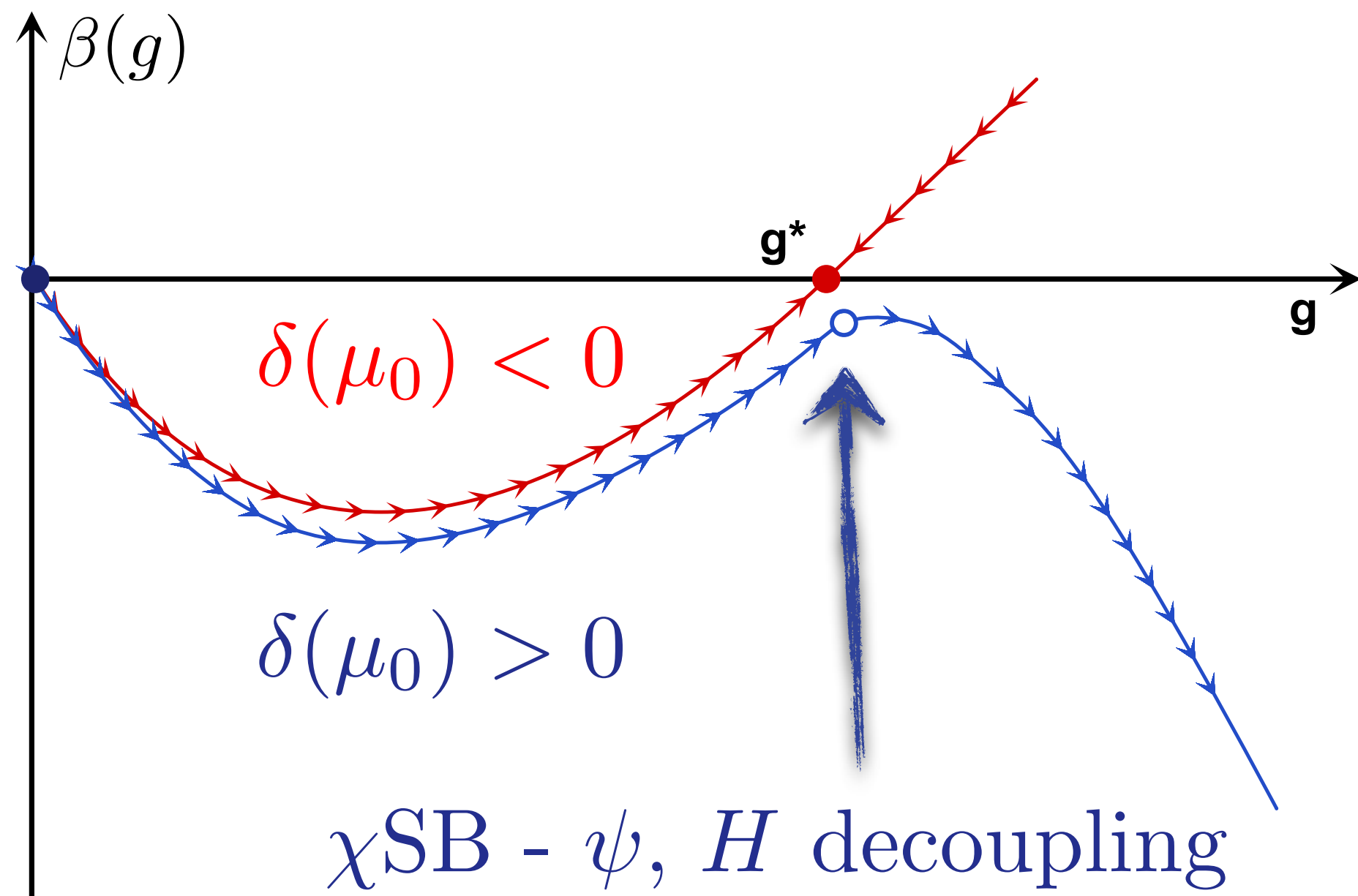
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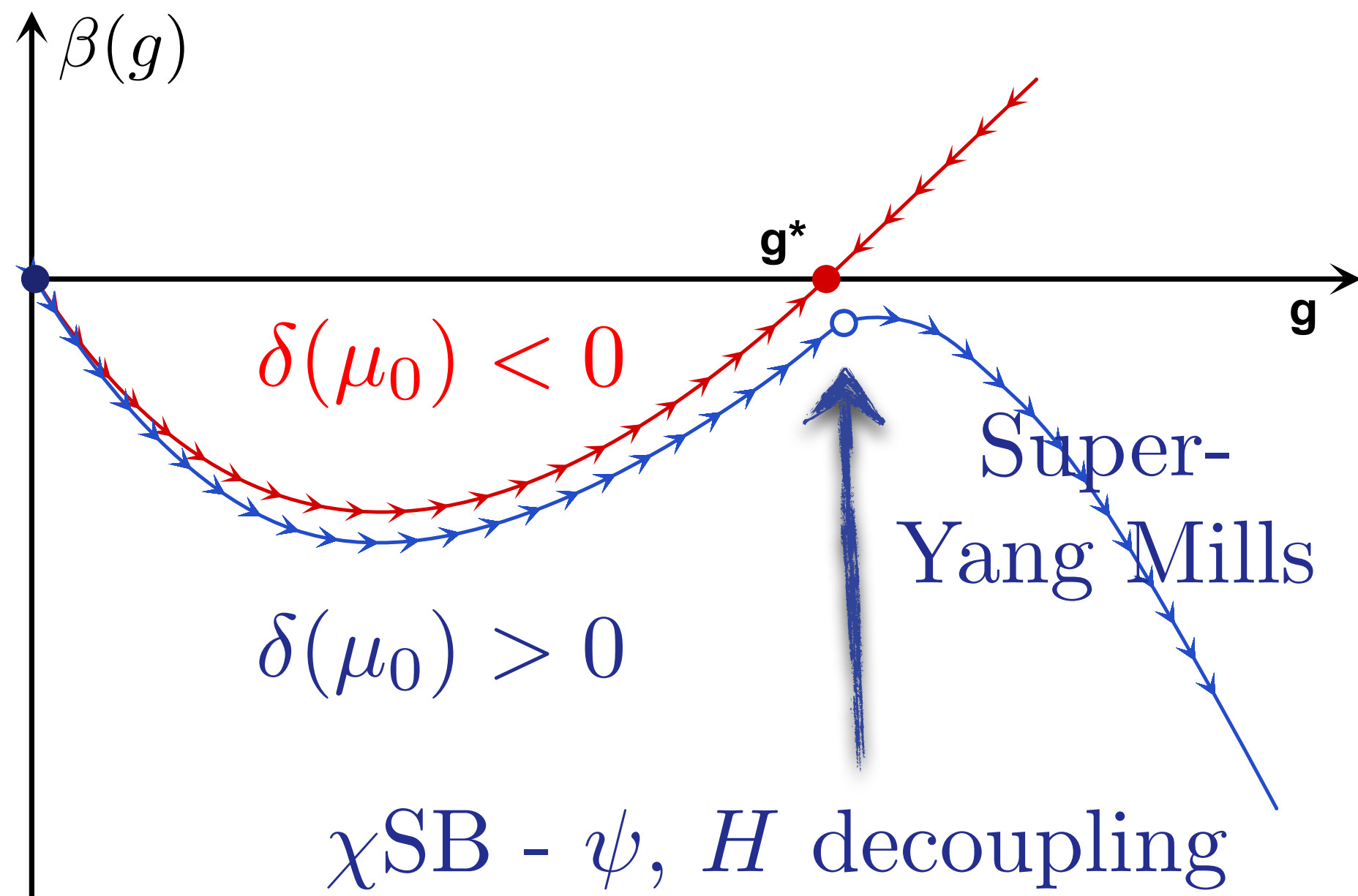
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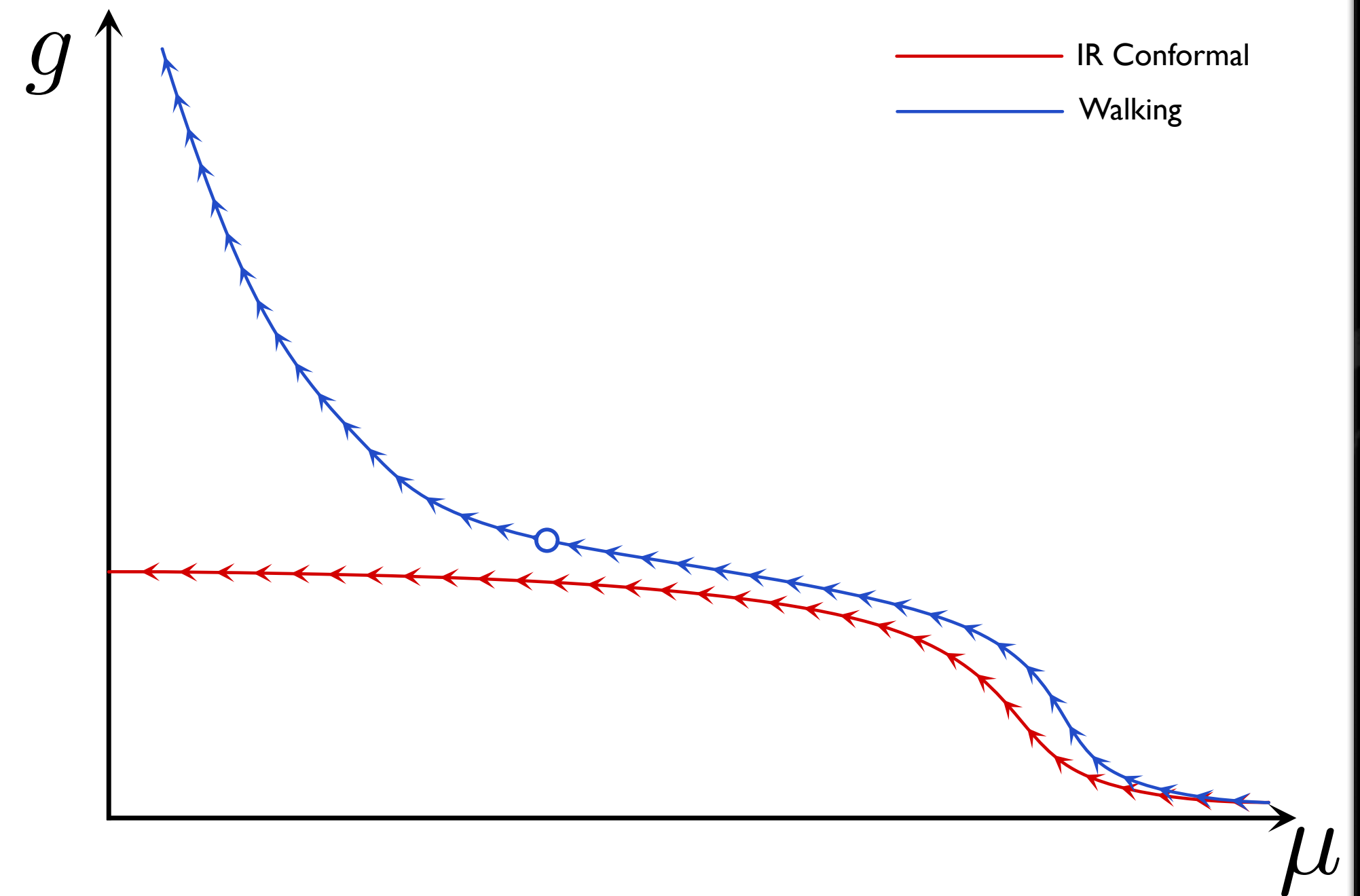
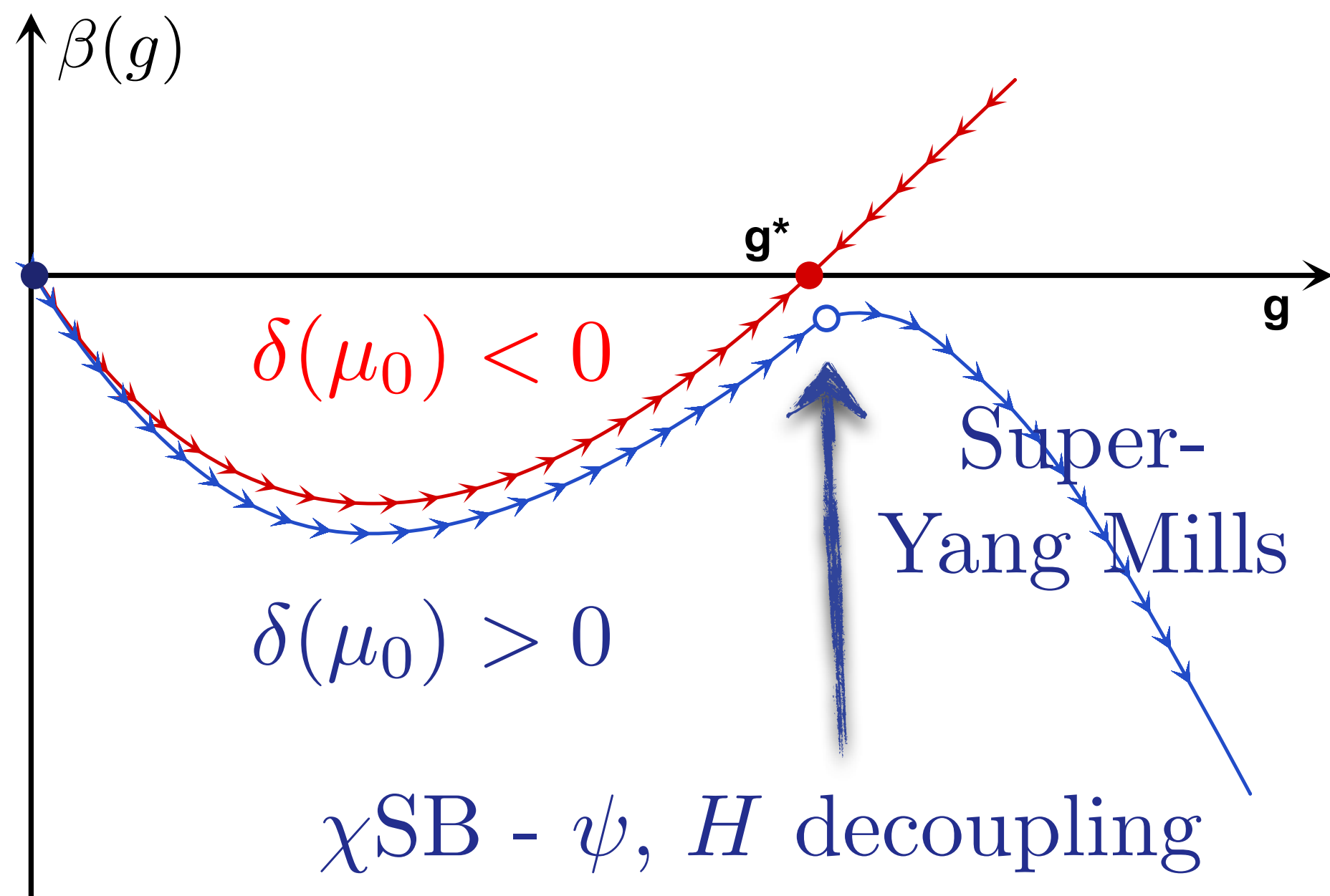
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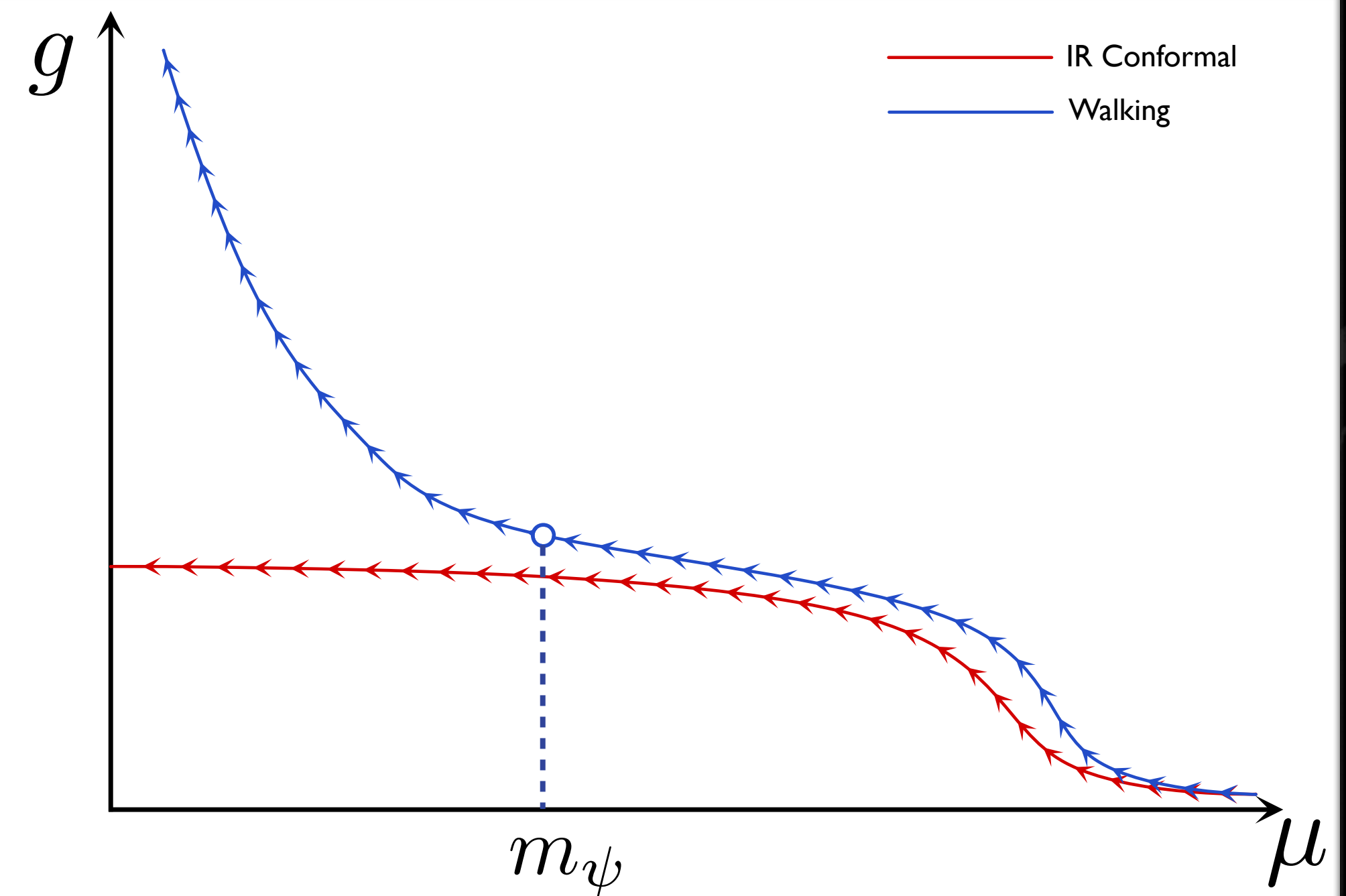
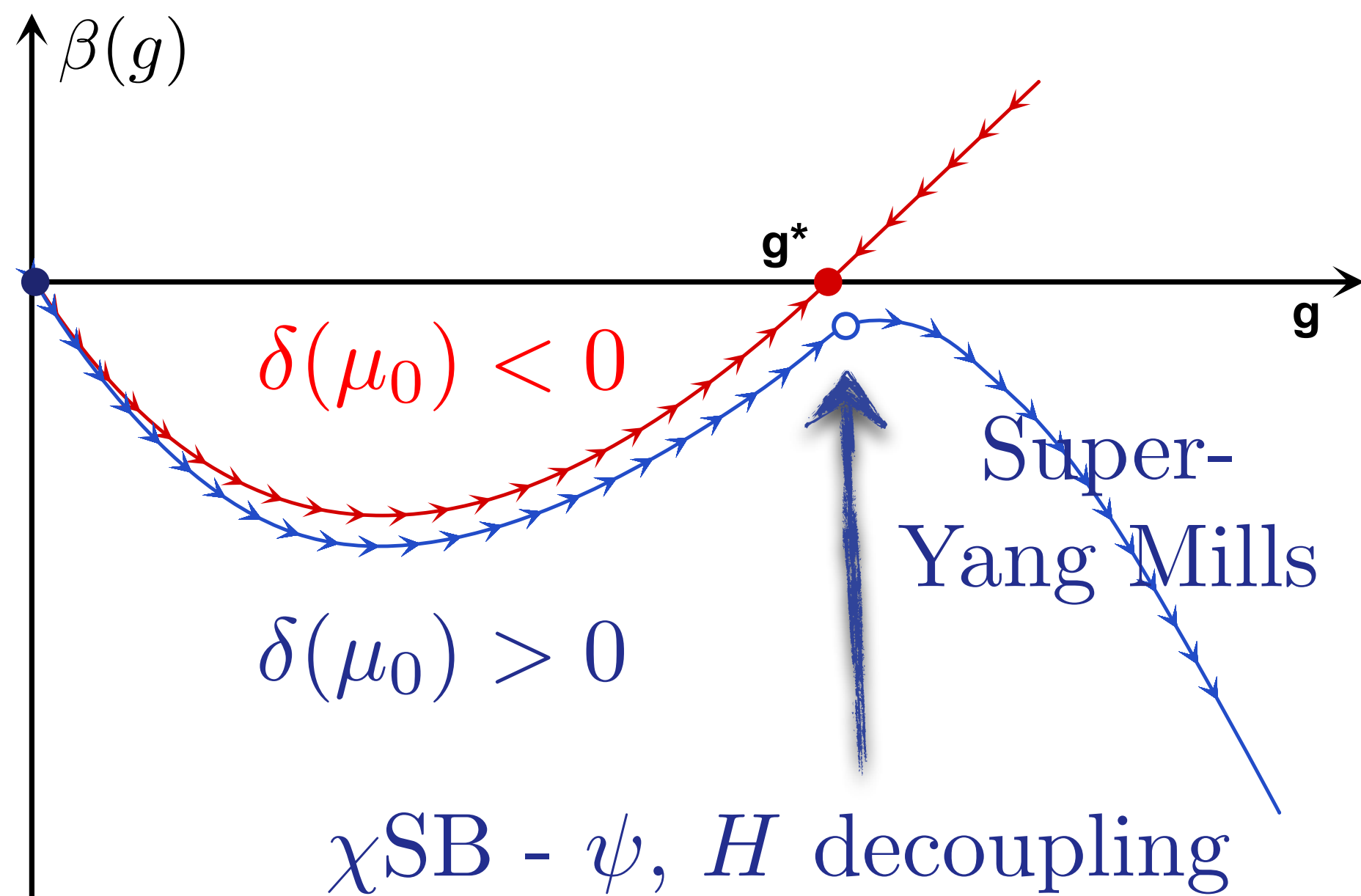
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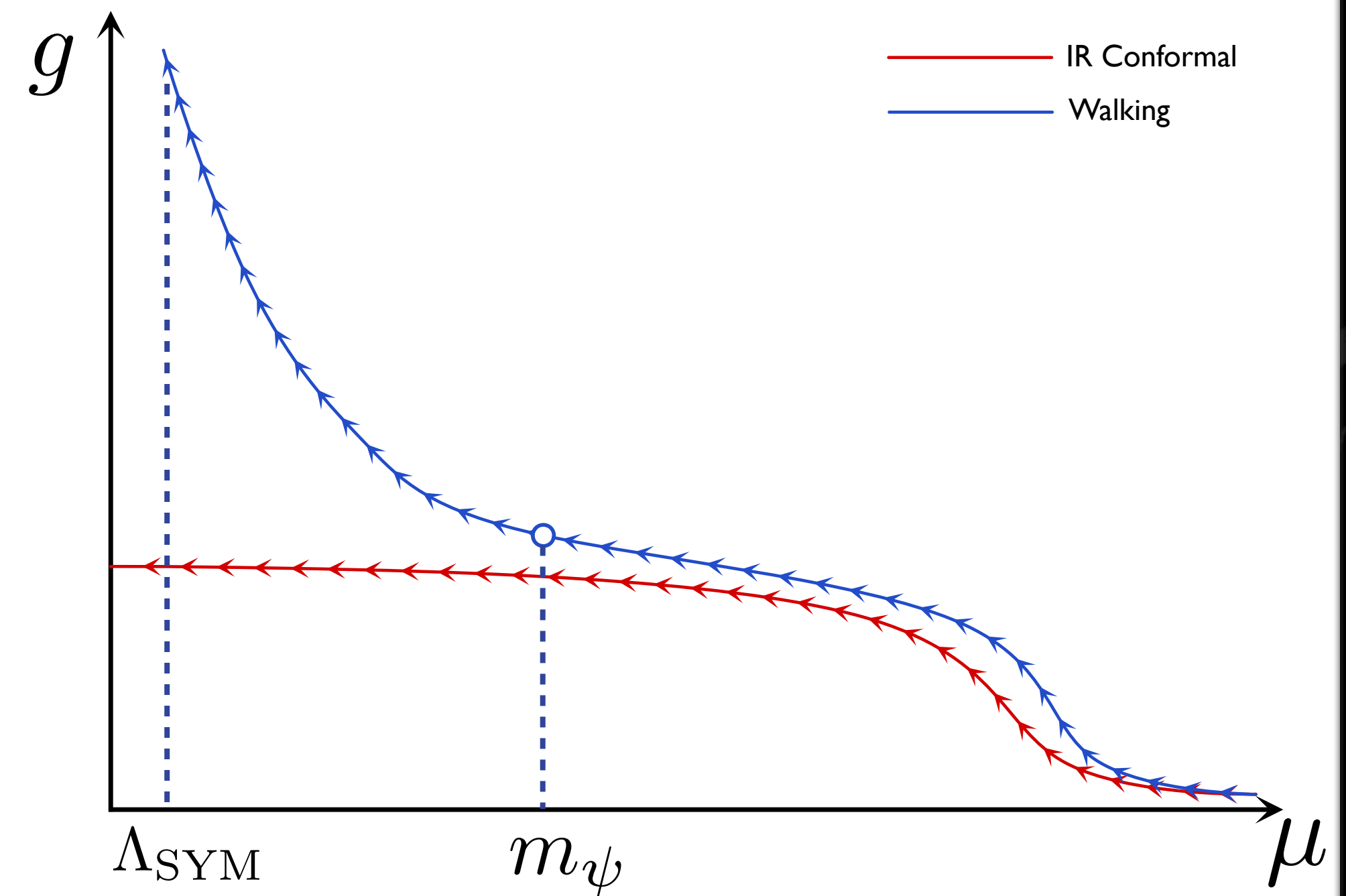
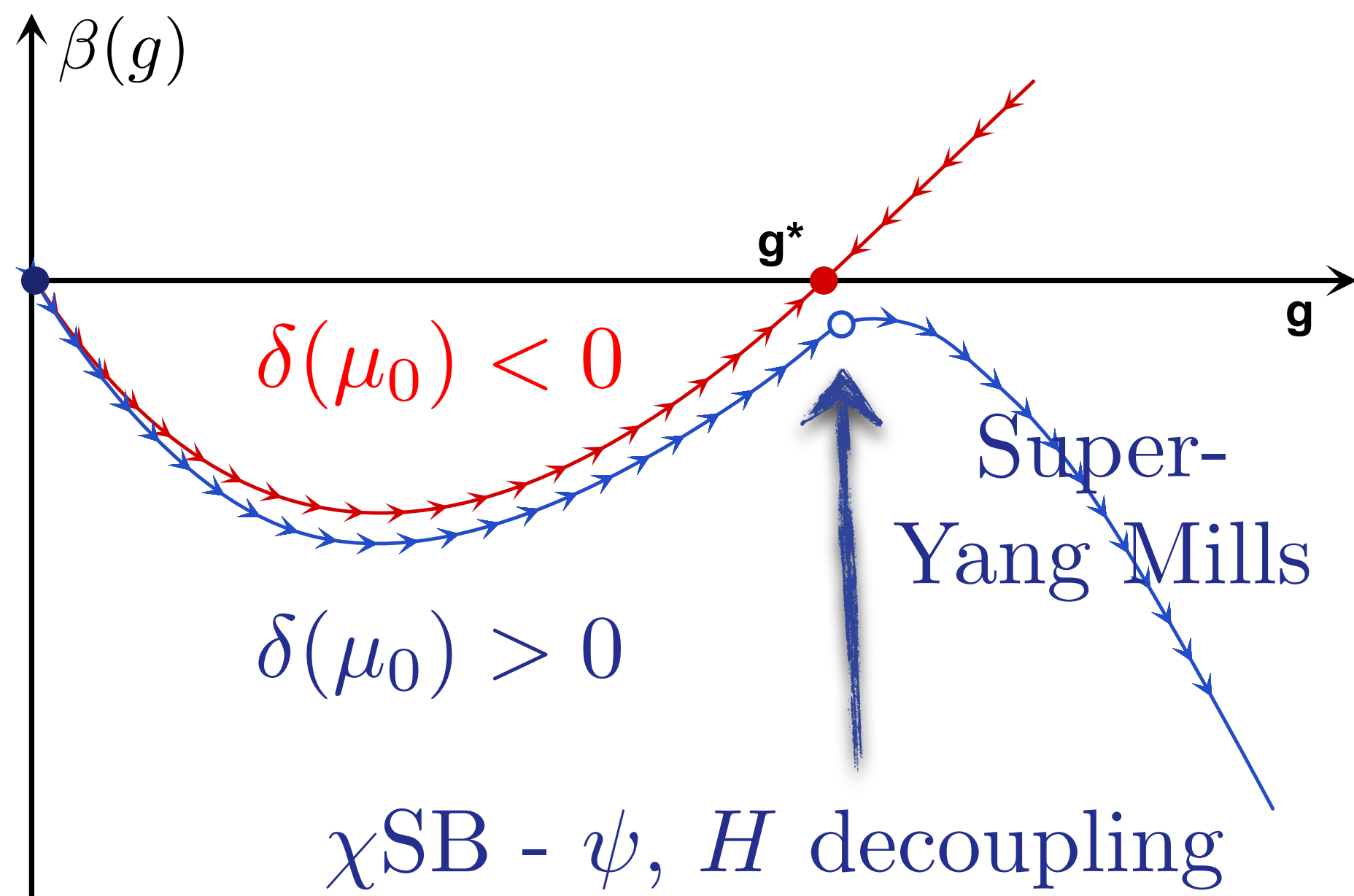
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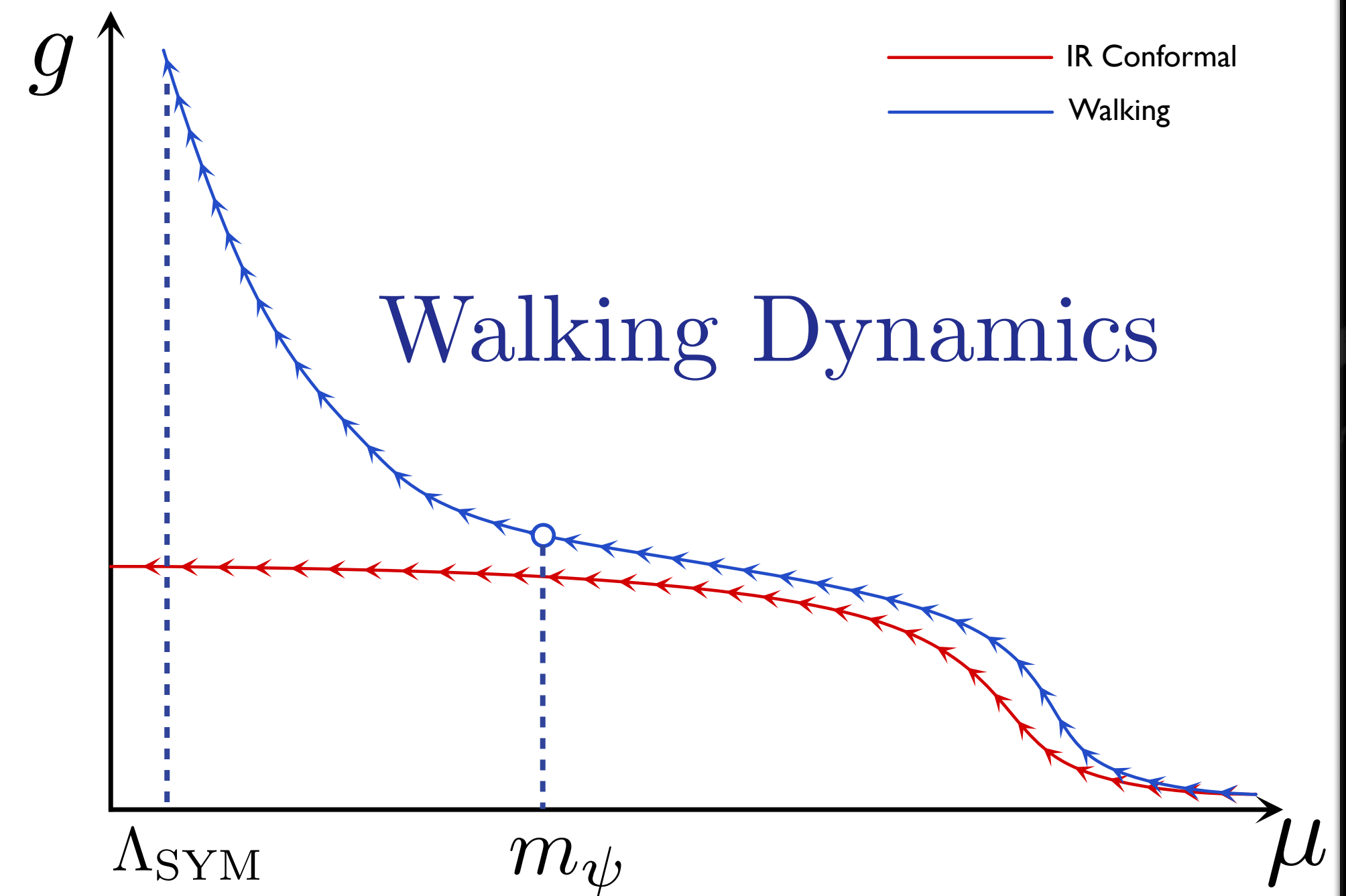
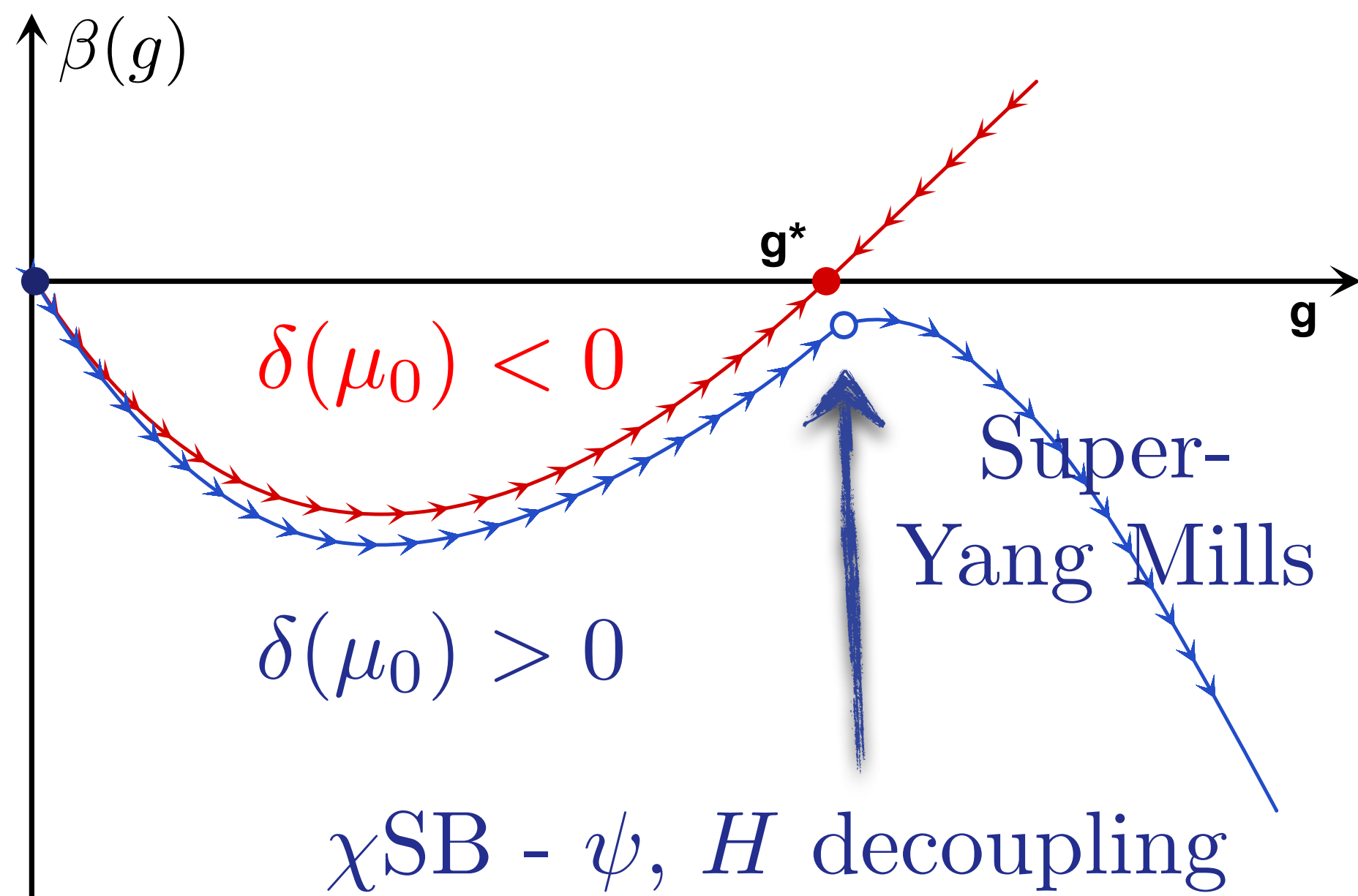
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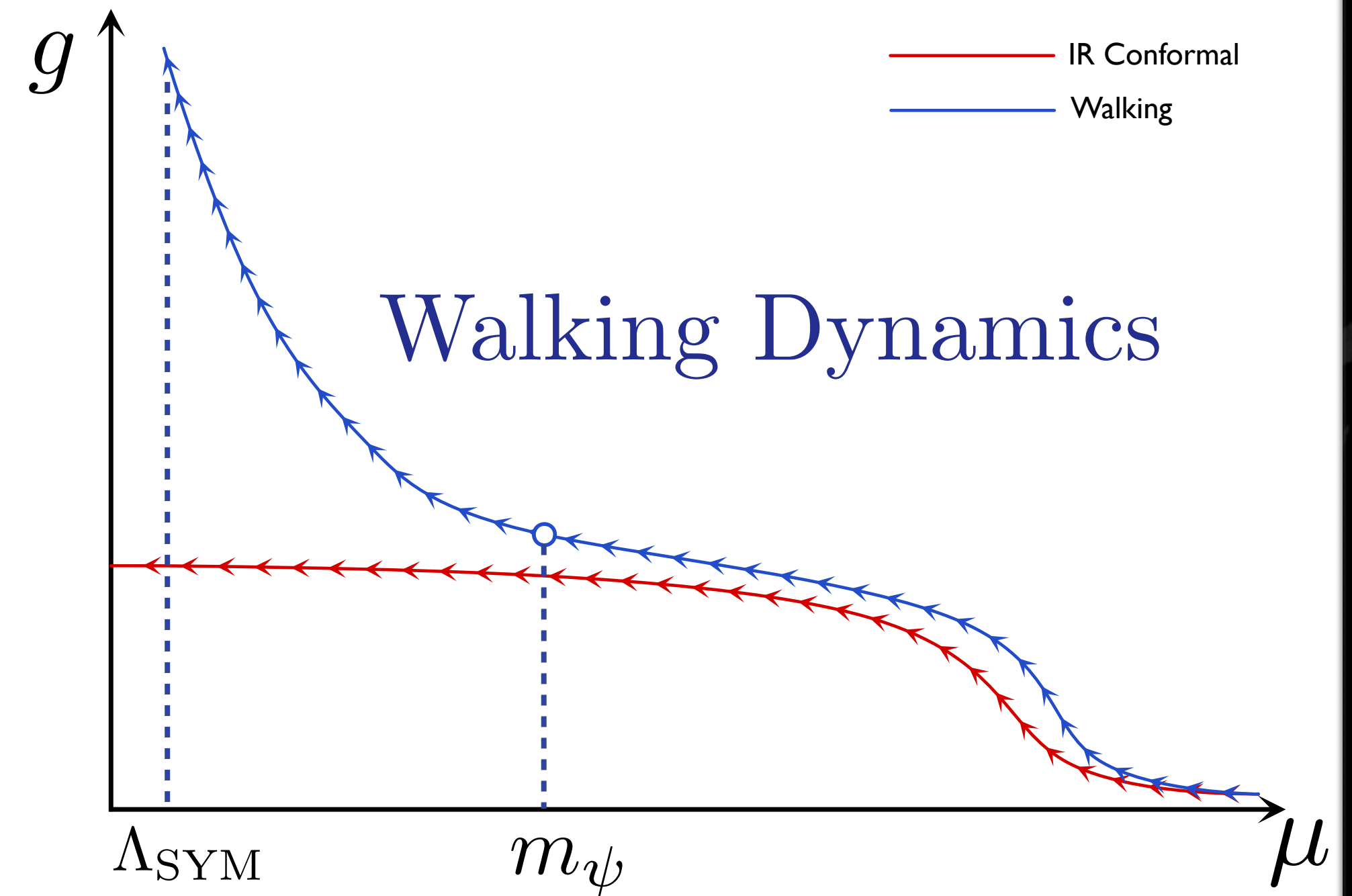
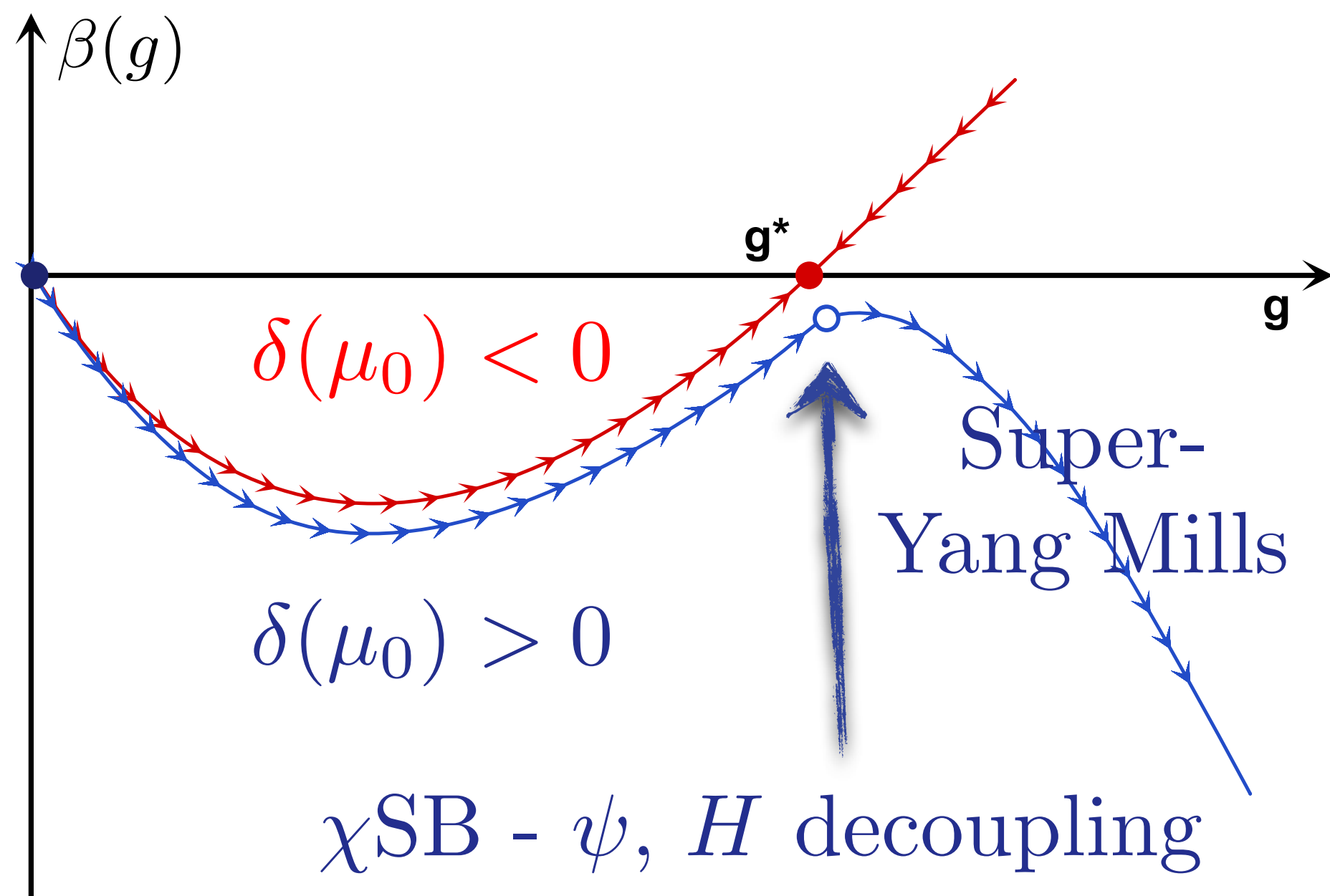
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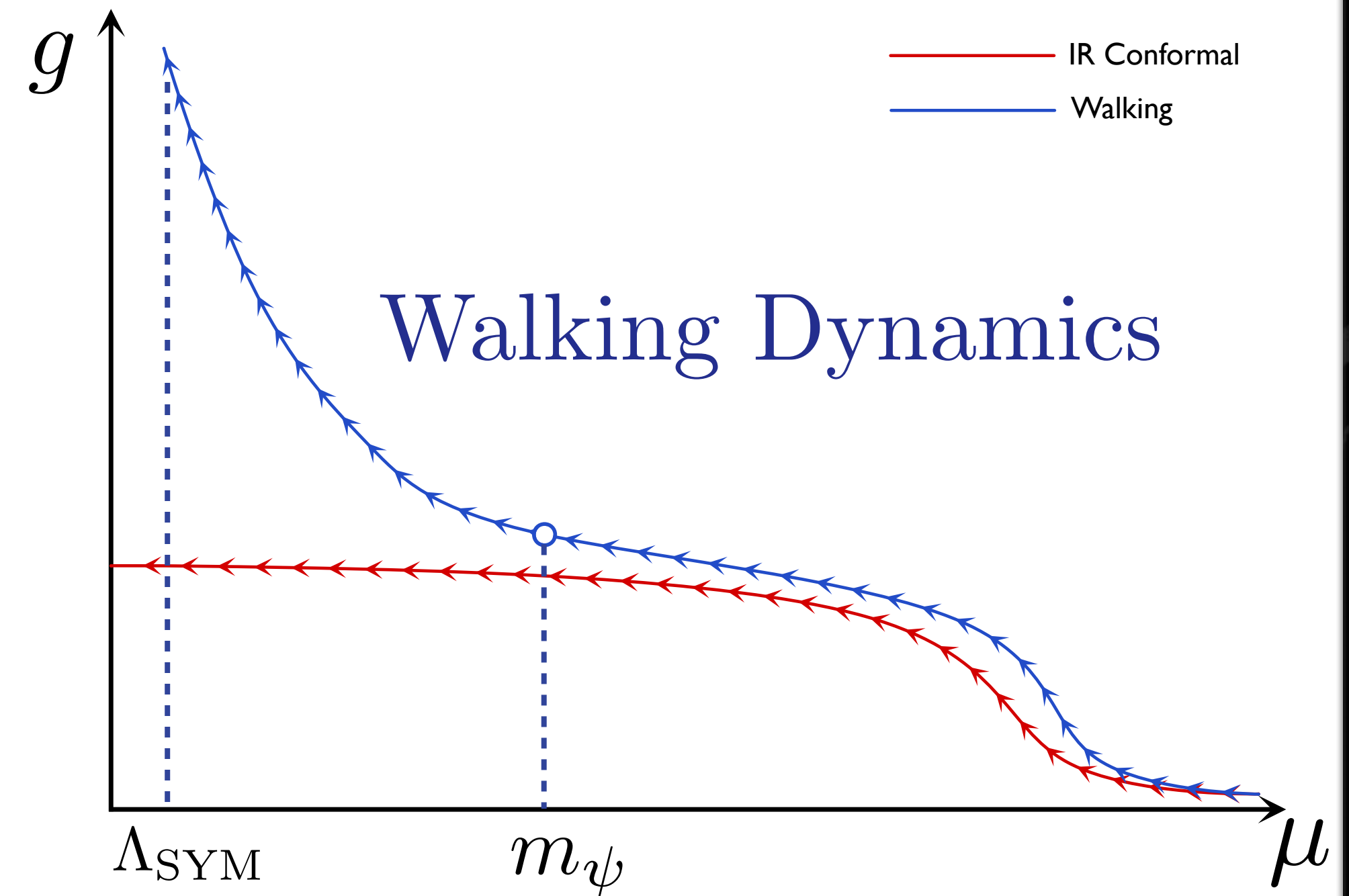
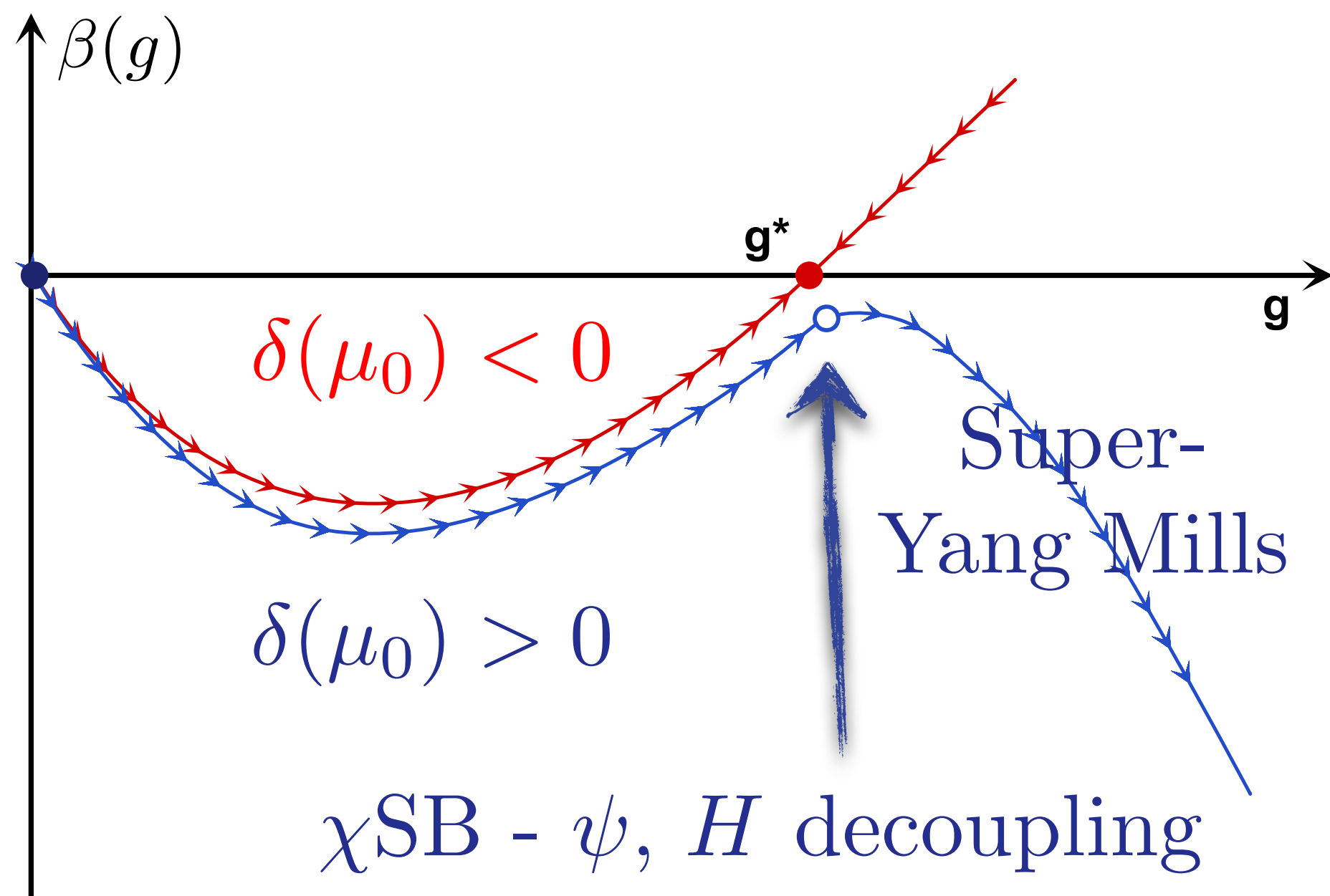


$$\langle \lambda \lambda \rangle = -\frac{9}{32\pi^2} \Lambda_{SYM}^3$$

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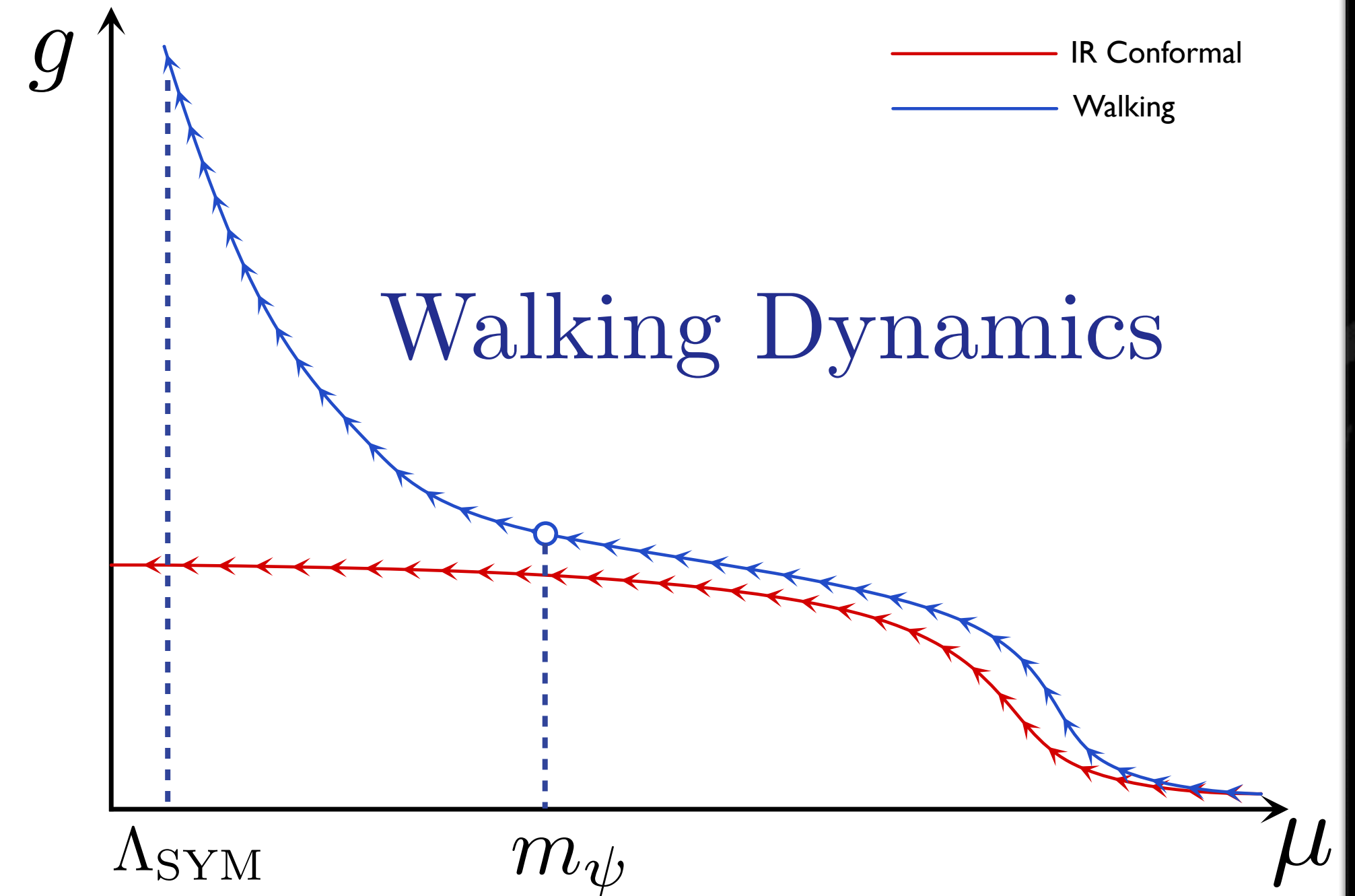
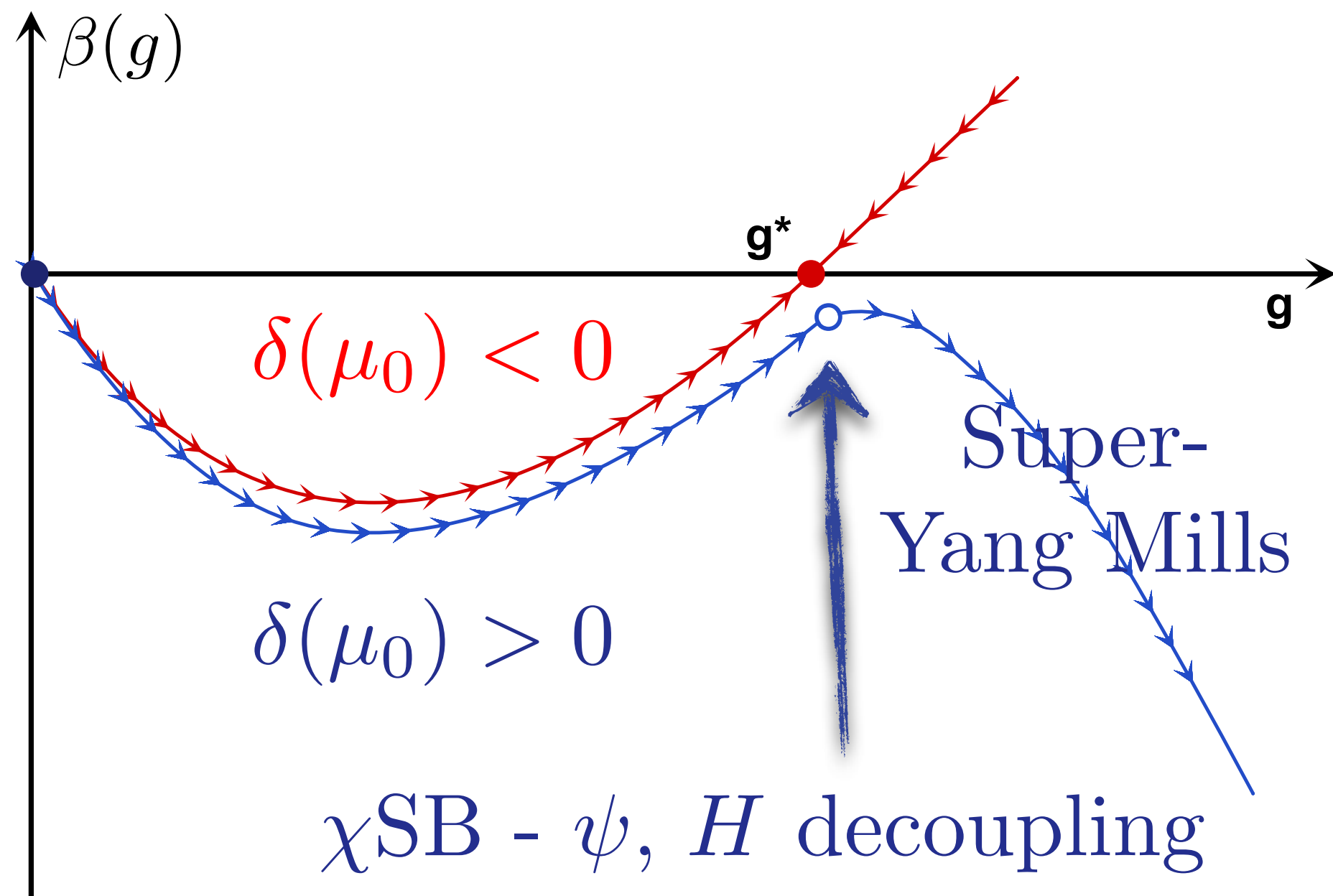


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Dilaton state unchanged at lower scale since $\Theta_\mu^\mu(\text{SYM}) = 0$

Full Spectrum in Broken Phase

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Mass eigenstates of quarks and mesons

$$H_{ij} \approx (\phi_c + \phi + i\pi^0) \delta_{ij} + h^a T_{ij}^a + i\pi^a T_{ij}^a, \quad a = 1, \dots, N_f^2 - 1$$

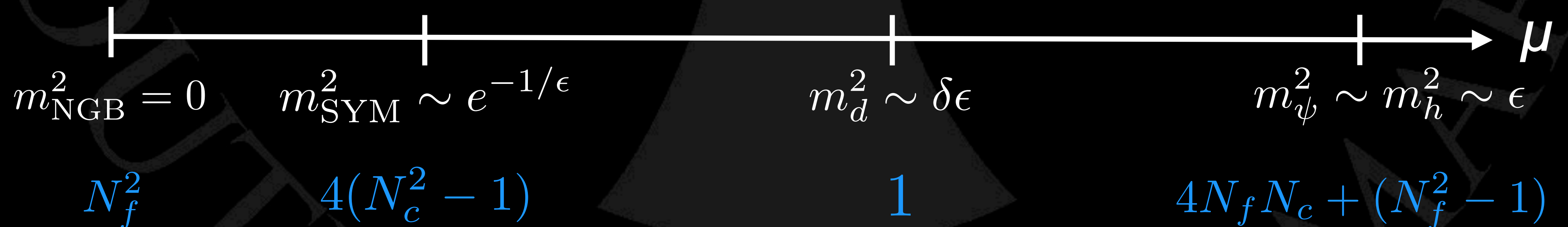
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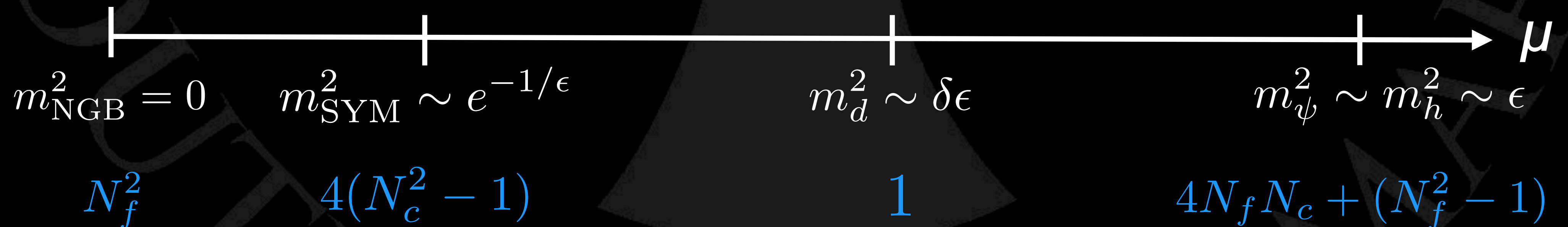
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Toy Model

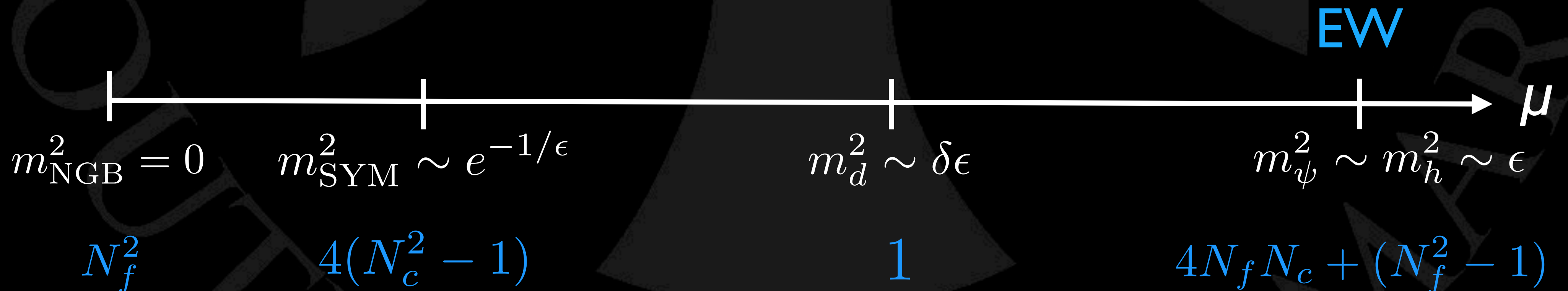
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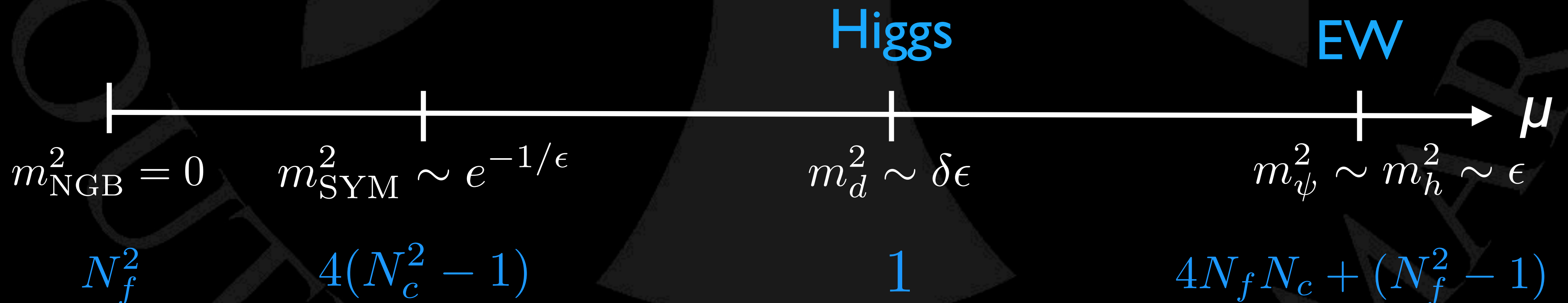
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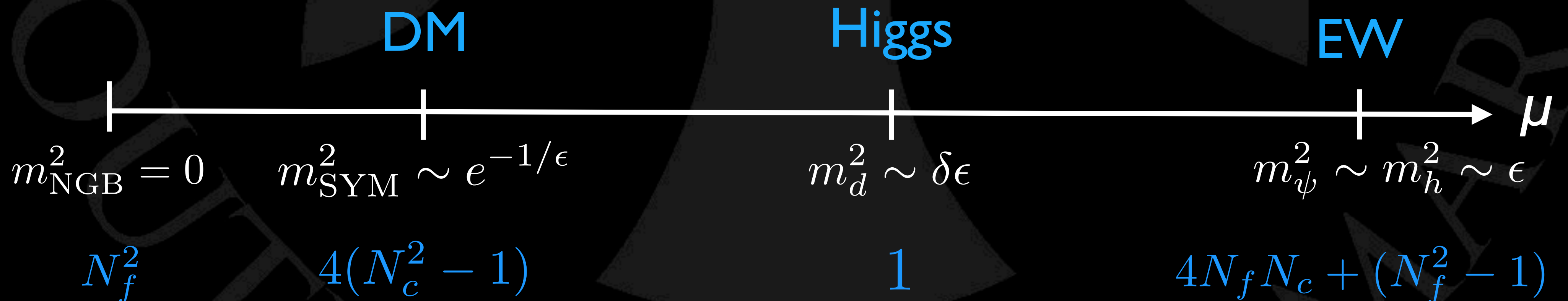
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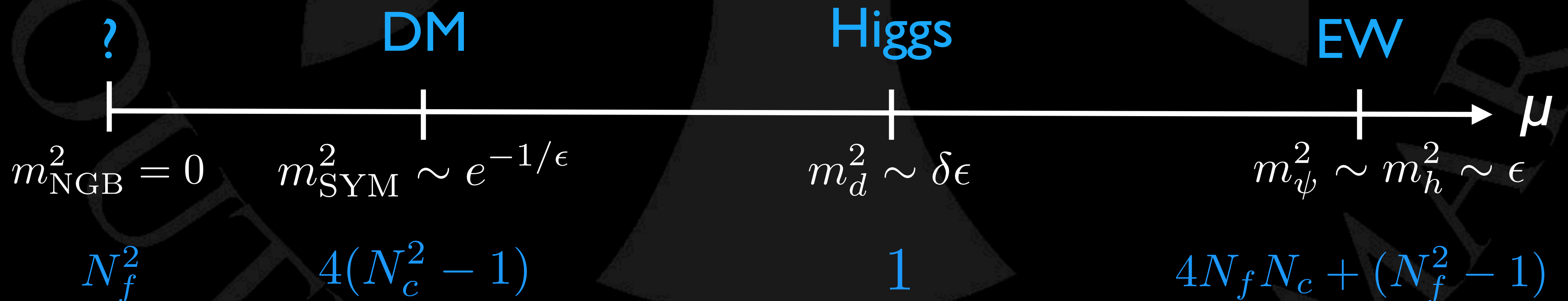
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Toy Model



THANK YOU!