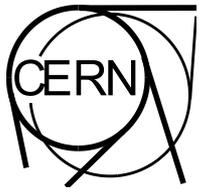


DT Scientific Tea Atlas IBL Detector PH/DT-PO activities

May 14th 2012



Summary

DT Involvements



•IBL thermal set up

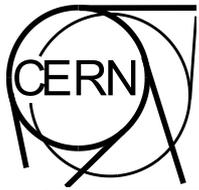
- Objectives
- IBL mock Up (CF stave, rings, cooling system)
- Beam pipe manufacturing
- Thermal tests
- Set up manufacturing (Tubes, flanges, read out system)
- Set Up upgrade

•Flex fixation on stave

- Objectives
- FEA Studies
- Plasma
- Flex assembly process
- Metrology with Tesa

•IBL 3D model (integration and PP0 design)

- IBL Integration
- PP0 Design

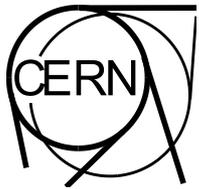


DT People involved



BAULT, Christophe
CATINACCIO, Andrea
DAVID, Eric
LENOIR, Philippe
PETAGNA, Paolo
WERTELAERS, Piet
BRAEM, Andre
CARRIE, Patrick
DAVID, Claude
GLASER, Maurice
MANOLESCU, Florentina
MCGILL, Ian
MERLET, Frederic
OLESEN, Gert
PONS, Xavier
SCHNEIDER, Thomas
VAN STENIS, Miranda
MAPELLI, Alessandro
VERLAAT, Bart;
ZWALINSKI, Lukasz

GYS, Thierry
HONMA, Alan
JORAM, Christian
CANTIN, Bernard
DUMPS, Raphael
FRAISSARD, Daniel
KOTTELAT, Luc
LOOS, Robert
PIEDIGROSSI, Didier
BENDOTTI, Jerome
BRUNEL, Bernard
CHARRA, Patrick
DIXON, Neil
FOLLEY, Adrian
GIUDICI, Pierre-Ange
ONNELA, Antti
PEREZ GOMEZ, Francisco
DAGUIN, Jerome
HELLER, Matthieu
LA ROSA, Alessandro
MANDELLI, Beatrice



The IBL Detector

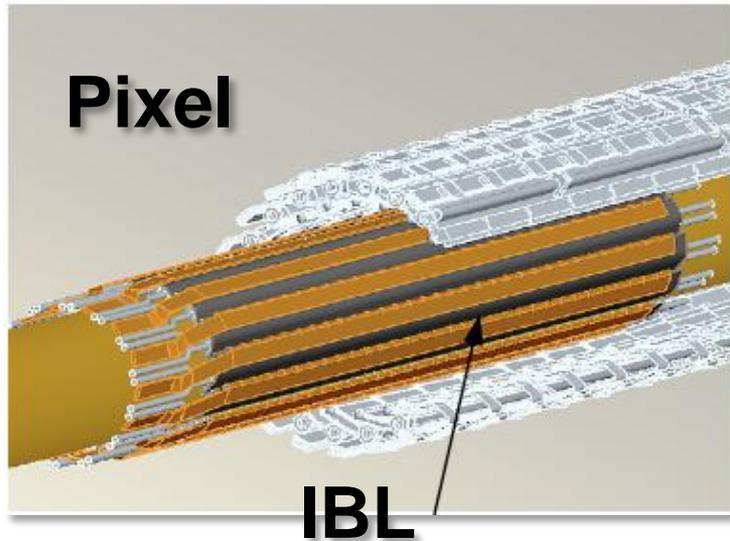
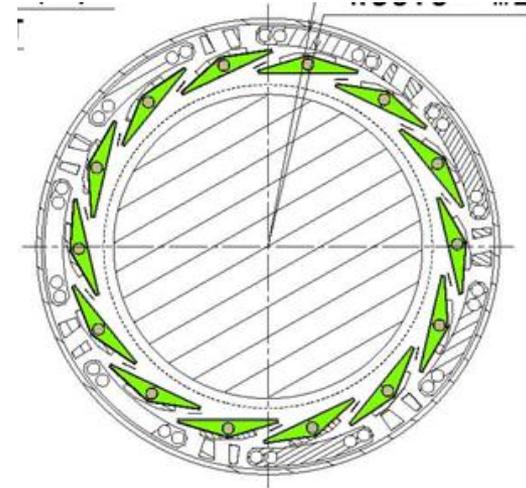


→ Installation of a 4th pixel layer inside the current pixel detector:

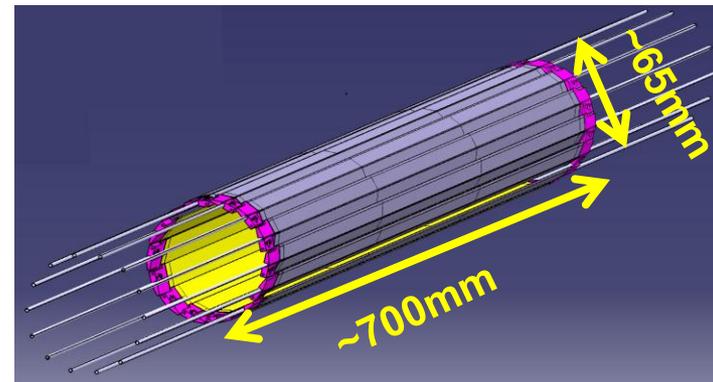
- Performance of current pixel detector will degrade before main tracker upgrade (Phase 2)
- Maintain physics performance in high occupancy environment (higher granularity, r/o bandwidth)
- Increase radiation hardness (IBL fluence ~ 5x B-Layer fluence)

→ Insertable B-Layer

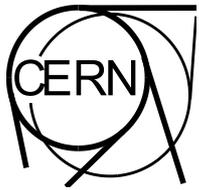
- 250 Mrad and $5 \times 10^{15} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
- installation originally planned for 2015-2016... advanced (in 2011) to 2013 (Fast-track IBL)



- IBL mounted on new beam pipe
- 14 staves, 32 pixel sensors / staff.
- Front-end chip: FE-I4, IBM



→ IBL is entering now the construction phase!



IBL thermal Set Up

Objectives



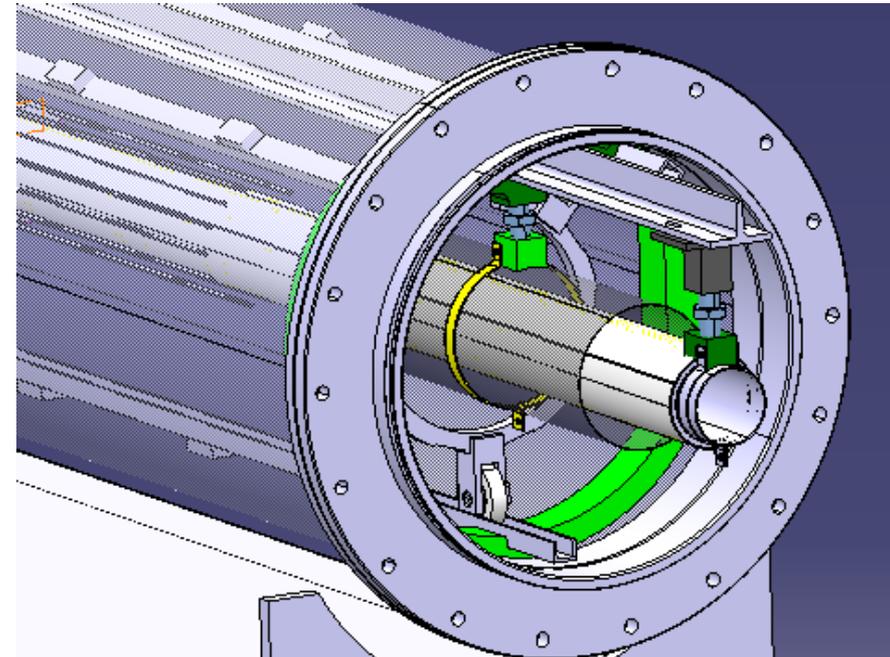
→ The IBL Thermal set up has to represent the IBL detector thermal behavior

→ Upgradable Mockup for Thermal tests

- Build mockup with functioning stave (thermally)
- Build consistent thermal setup
- Set up able to realize running nominal condition, bake out and accidental scenarios

→ All Parts have to be thermally representative:

- Modules
- Beam pipe
- Staves
- Environment
- ...





IBL thermal Set Up

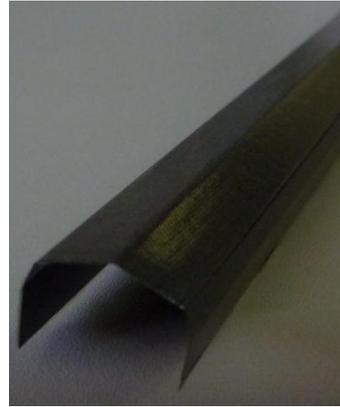
Stave Prototypes



→5 prototypes:



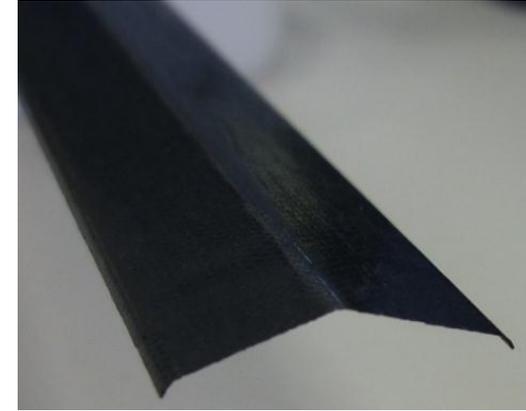
EOS Peek 1000



Omega T300



Poco Foam



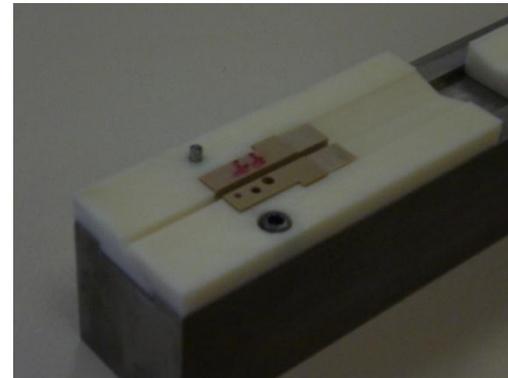
Omega K13C



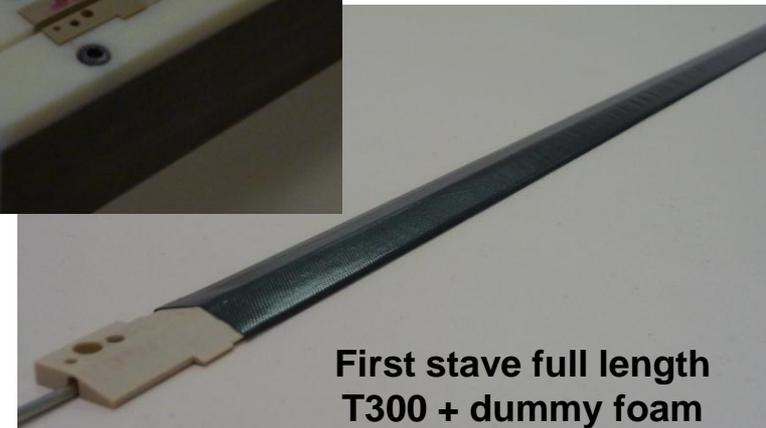
Face plate 1 ply vs 3 plies
K13C



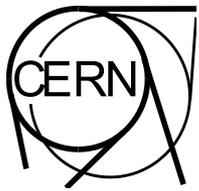
Foam glued in the
carbon skin



Stave assembly tool



First stave full length
T300 + dummy foam

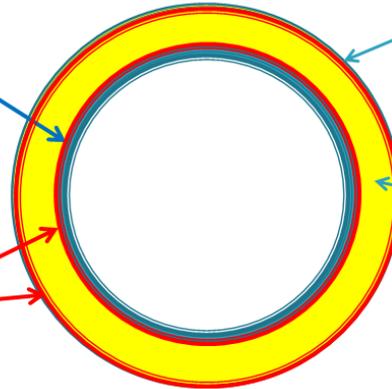


IBL thermal Set Up

Beam pipe manufacturing



Silicon rubber heater
([Watlow Heaters](#))



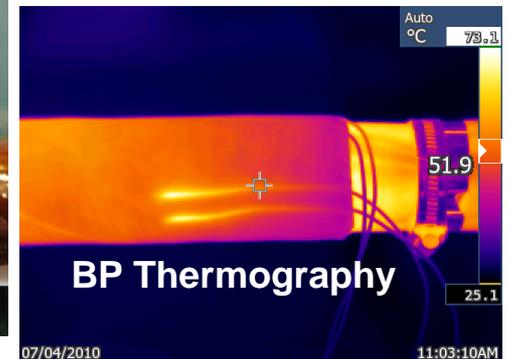
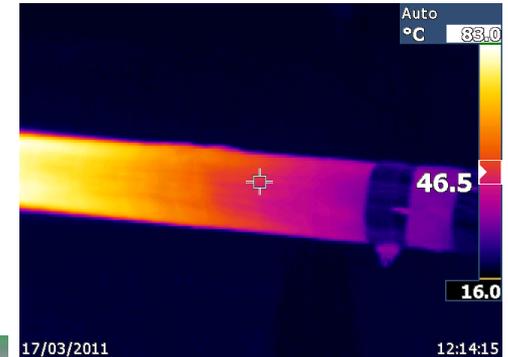
Aluminium foil 5µm

4mm Aerogel insulation

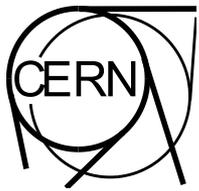


2 layers of polyimide films
Kaneka

BP Assembly

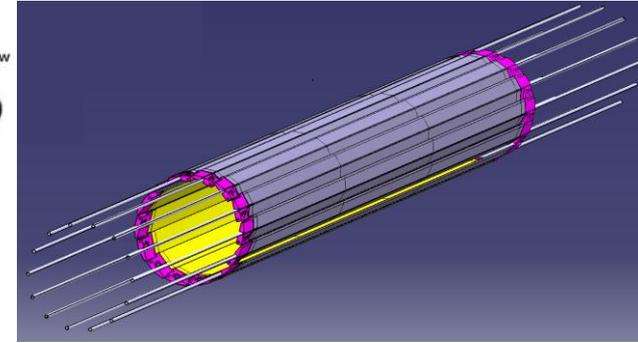
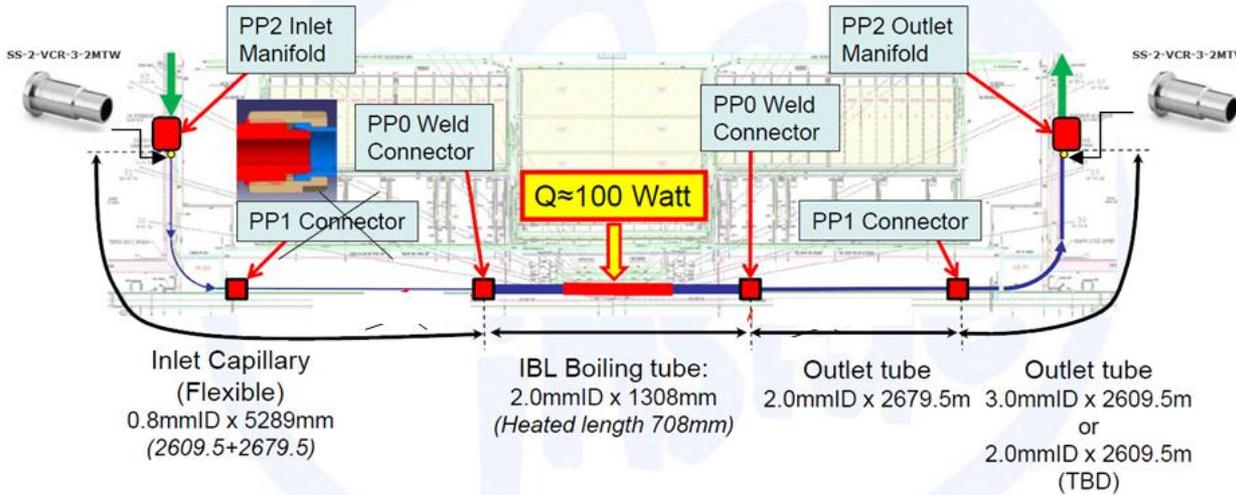


BP Thermography

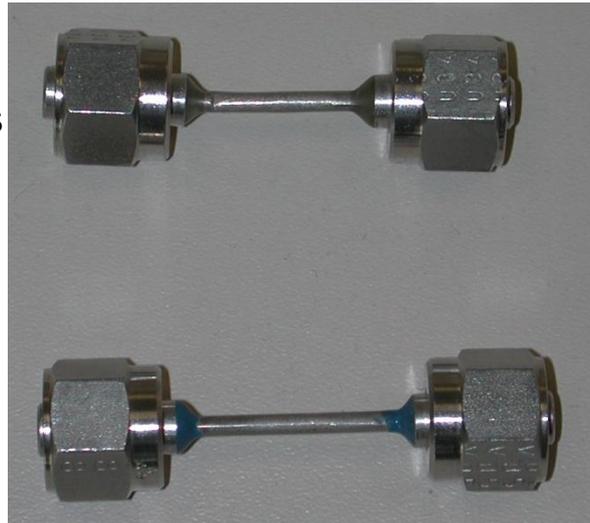
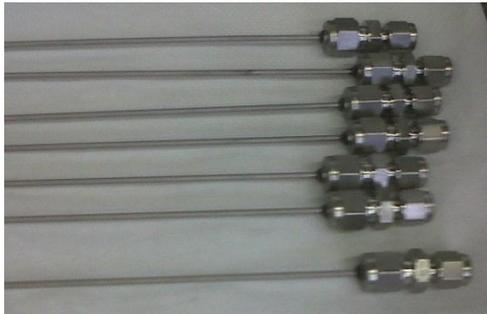


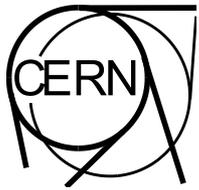
IBL thermal Set Up

Cooling lines manufacturing



- 100% PH-DT job
- R&D realised for Ti/SS fittings
- 7 lines fully operational



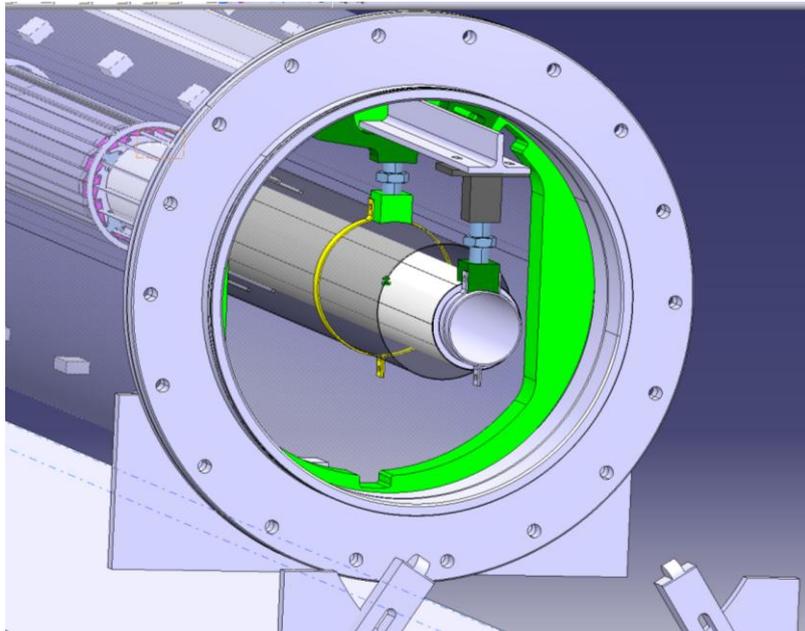


IBL thermal Set Up

Set up manufacturing

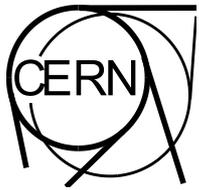


Upgradable mock-up to simulate real thermal conditions: located in SR1



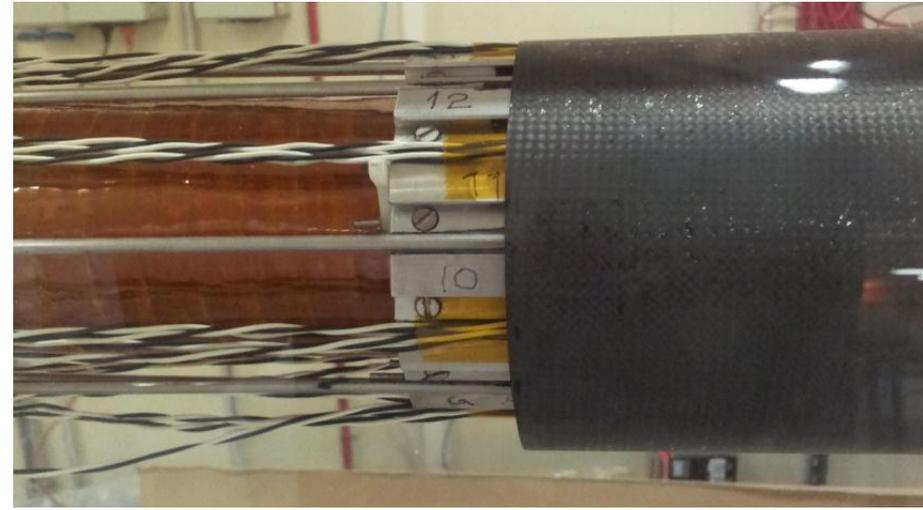
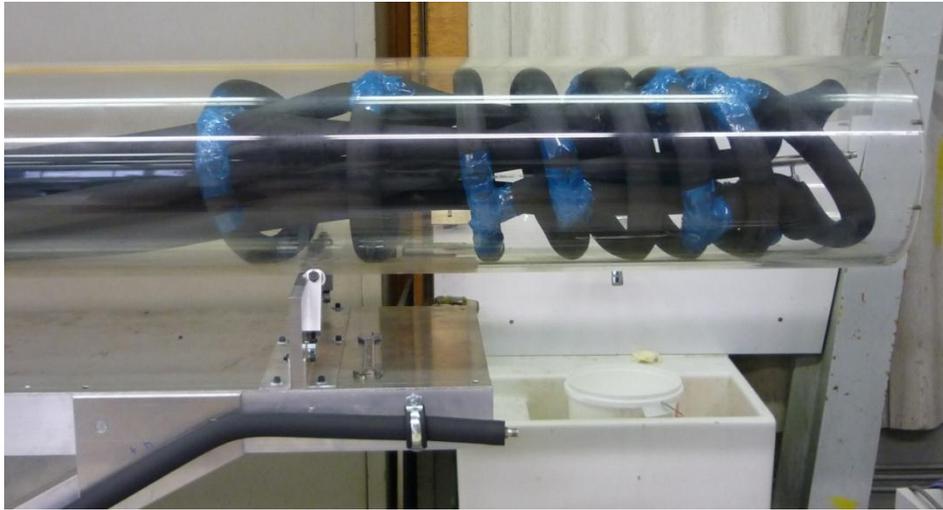
The full 3D model is stored on Smarteam





IBL thermal Set Up

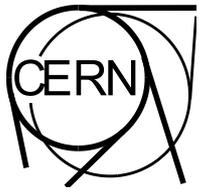
Set up manufacturing



We are now entering in a testing phase:

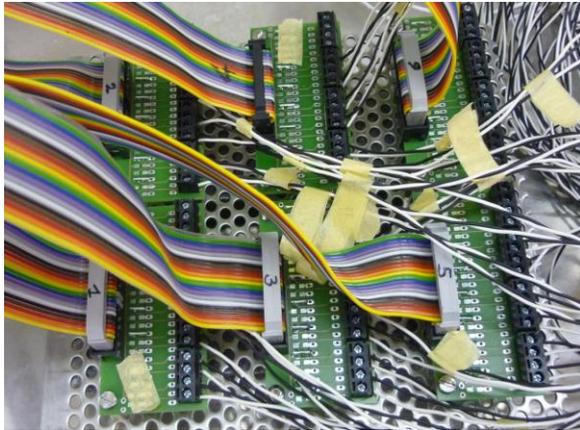
- Cooling lines pressure test will be done soon
- DAQ ready (up to 64 NTC sensors)
- Vacuum up to 3 Millibars

→ Able to simulate bake out conditions (beam pipe $\sim 250^{\circ}\text{C}$, dry atmosphere, cooling on)



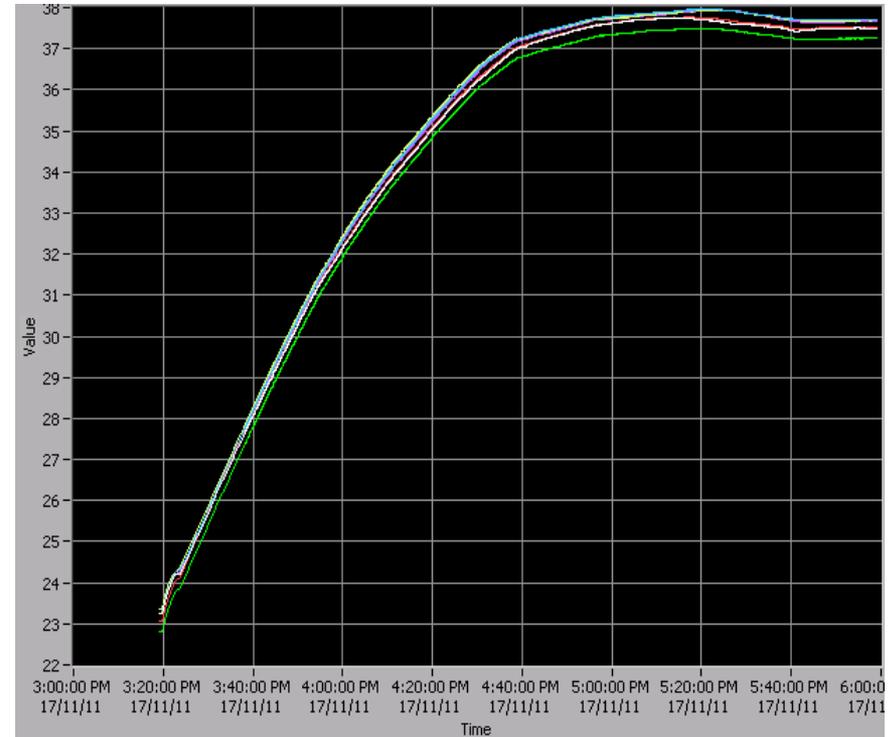
IBL thermal Set Up

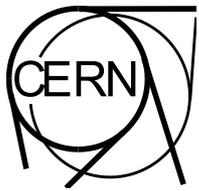
Thermal tests



DAQ system

→ Able to simulate bake out conditions
(beam pipe ~250°C, dry atmosphere, cooling on)



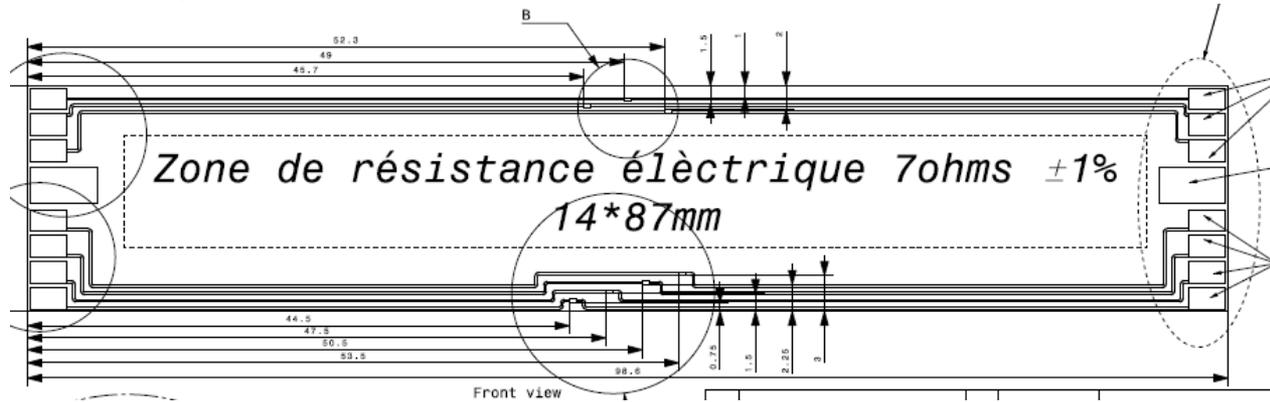


IBL thermal Set Up

Dummy modules thermally active



- Stave module heat dissipation [With Rui de Oliveira]

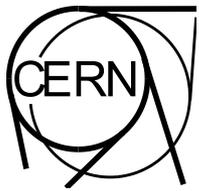


- New set up DAQ

PT1000 sensors



Power supply
Electronic pool



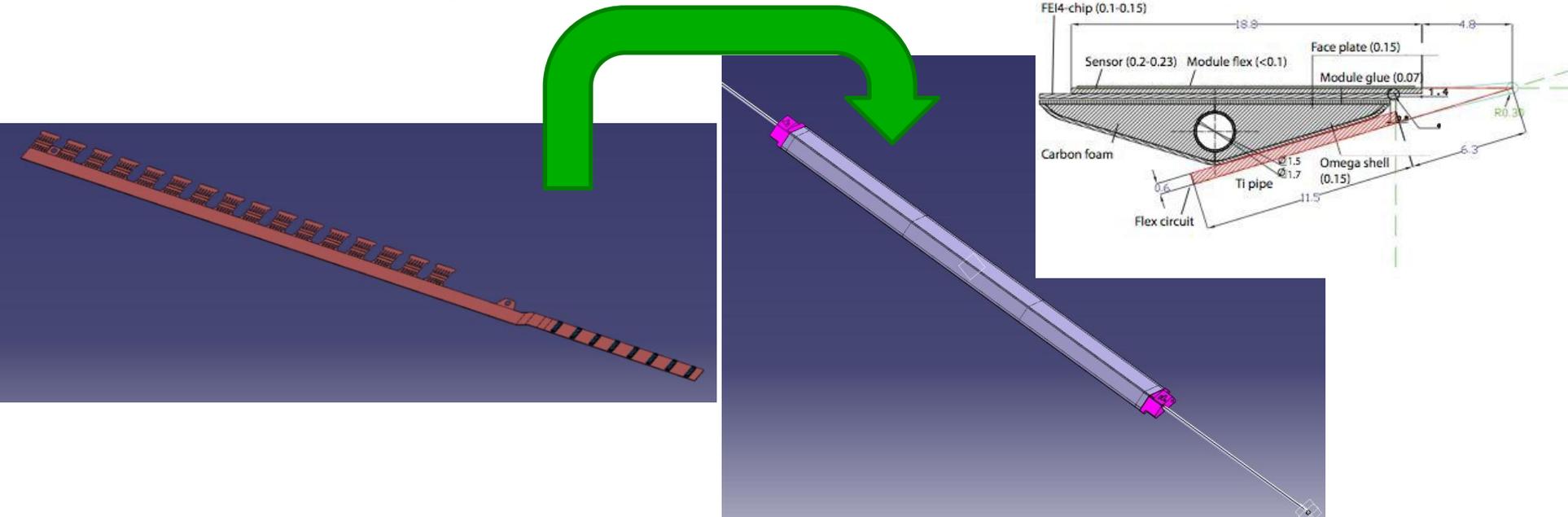
IBL Flex to stave assembly

Objectives



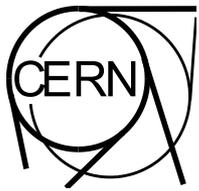
Work Package: Design and development of a flex fixation on the stave.

- Mechanical qualification of the fixation (Through tests)
- Reliable and accurate loading process (design + validation of mounting tools)
- Demonstration through prototypes



← Better than $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$ →





IBL Flex to stave assembly

Flex fixation on stave: Initial studies



Stress in the glue:

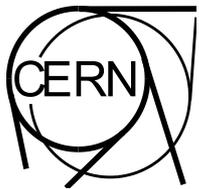
The total force considered :



$$F = (ES)/L * (\text{thermal contraction}) = (11500 * 0.6 * 11.5) / 175 * 0.27 = 125\text{N}$$

- Stress due to CTE Mismatch
- Radiation hardness: 250 Mrad
- Integration issues
- Material Budget issues
- Electronics compatibilities

→ A glued joint has been selected.

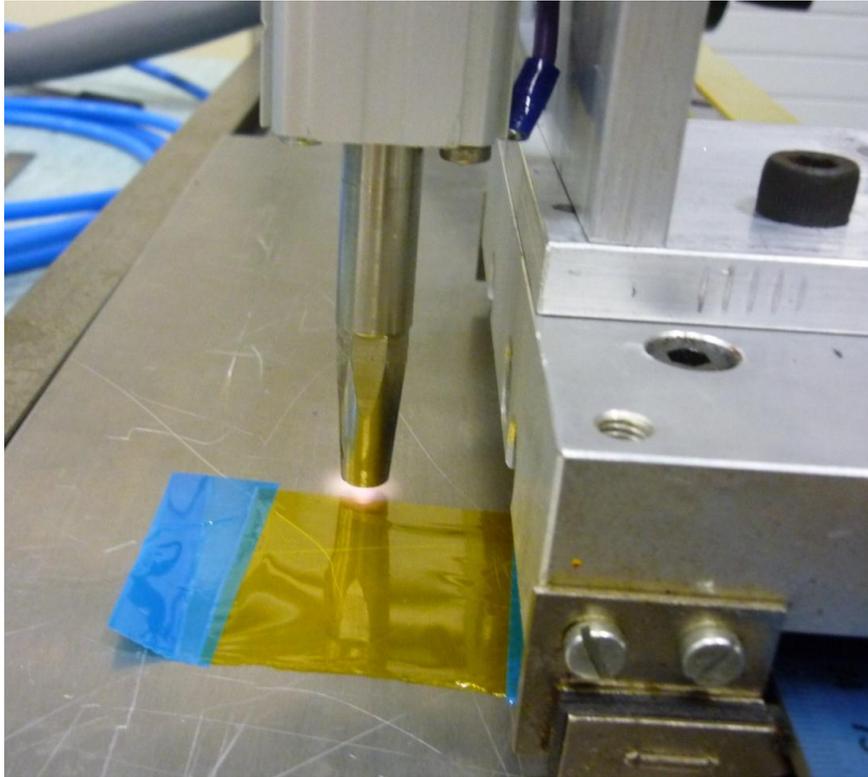


IBL Flex to stave assembly

Atmospheric Plasma tests



→ Goal: Increase the kapton / CF glued joint strength.



Plasma Blaster from Tigres



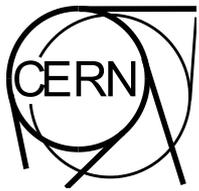
Plasmatreat

→ **Wettability tests**

→ **Mechanical tests:** double/single lap joints and peel tests on Kapton and CF.

→ Different glues tested (Staycast / Scotchweld / Araldite / DP 460...)

→ Different plasma parameters (Head speed, ...)



IBL Flex to stave assembly

Glued joint studies



K13C / RS3C
[0.90.0]

Glue
4*4mm²

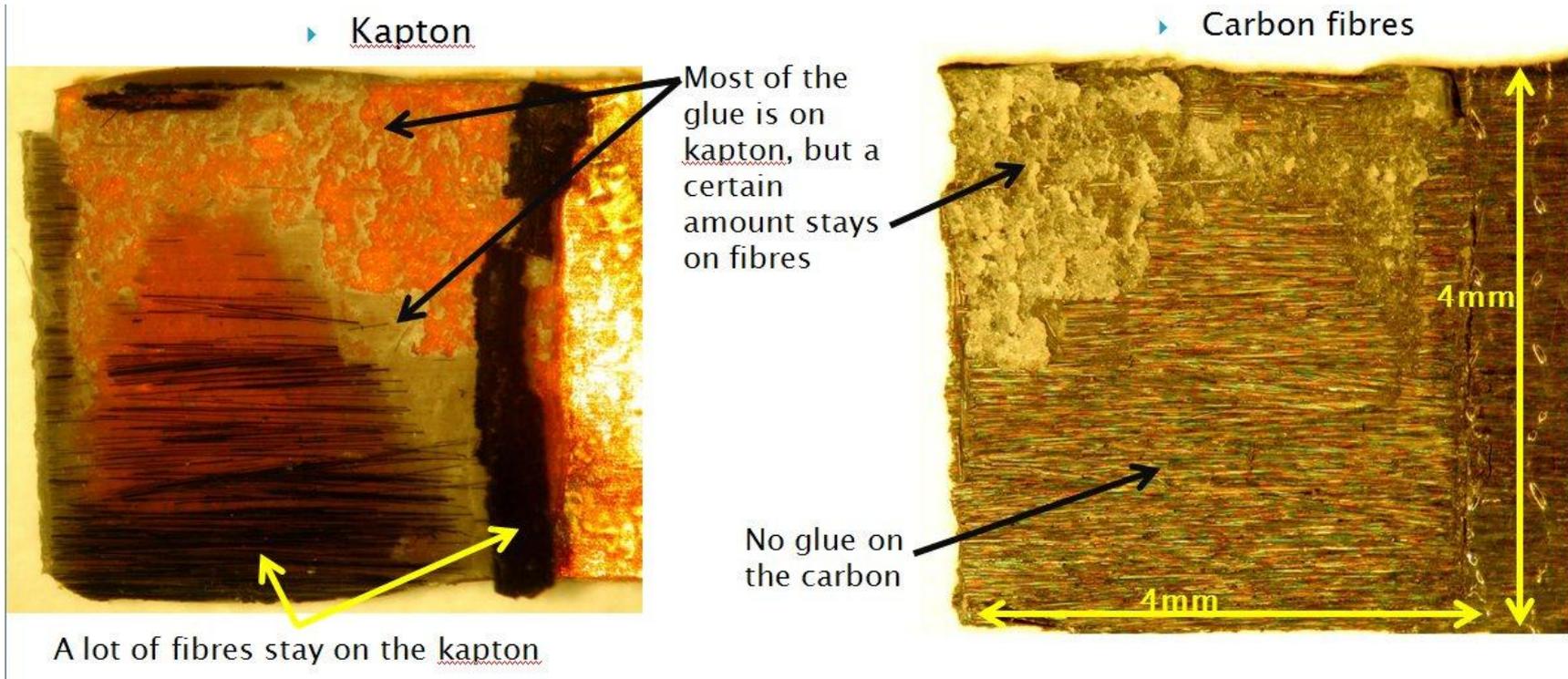


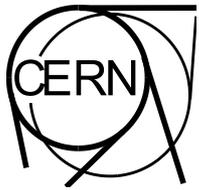
Flex bus
E~11.5GPa

→ Adhesive or Cohesive rupture??

Pictures taken under microscope:

Didier Piedigrossi



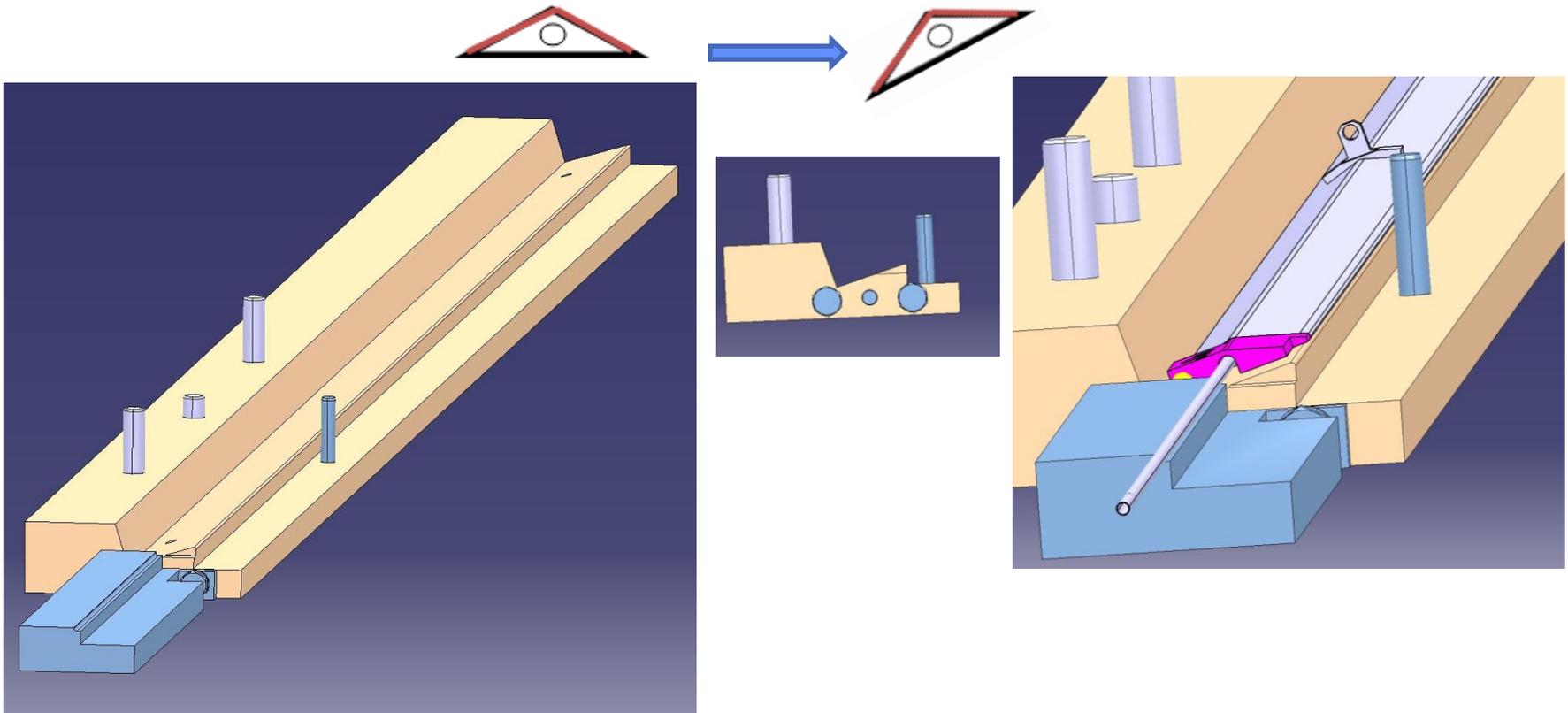


IBL Flex to stave assembly

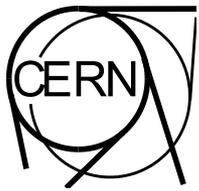
Flex assembly process



Concept: Hold the stave in position. The omega glued surface is horizontal.



Stave support
Aluminium

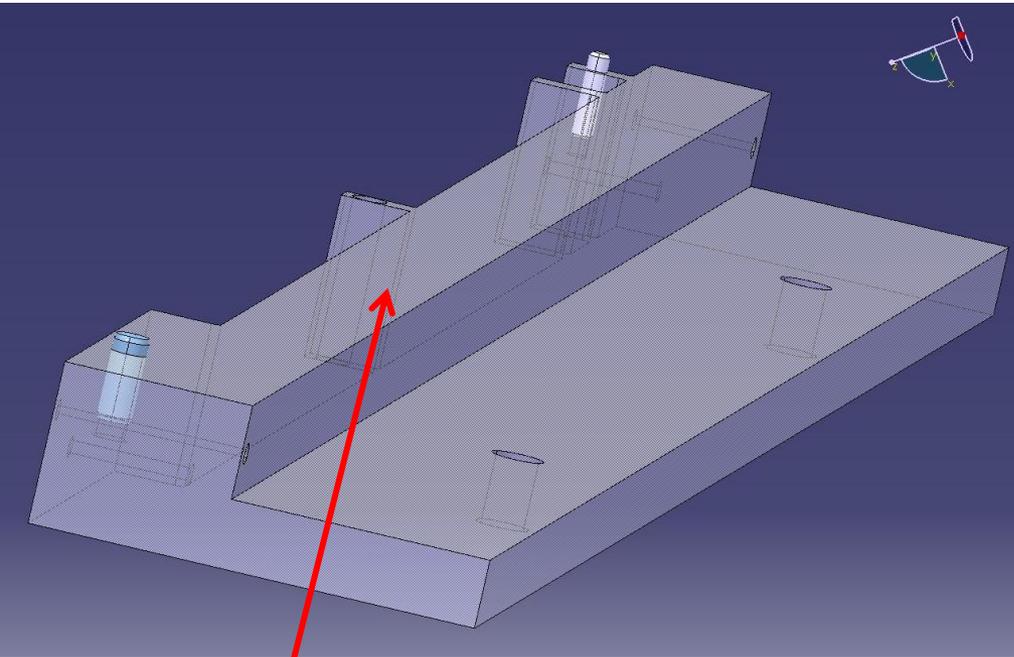


IBL Flex to stave assembly

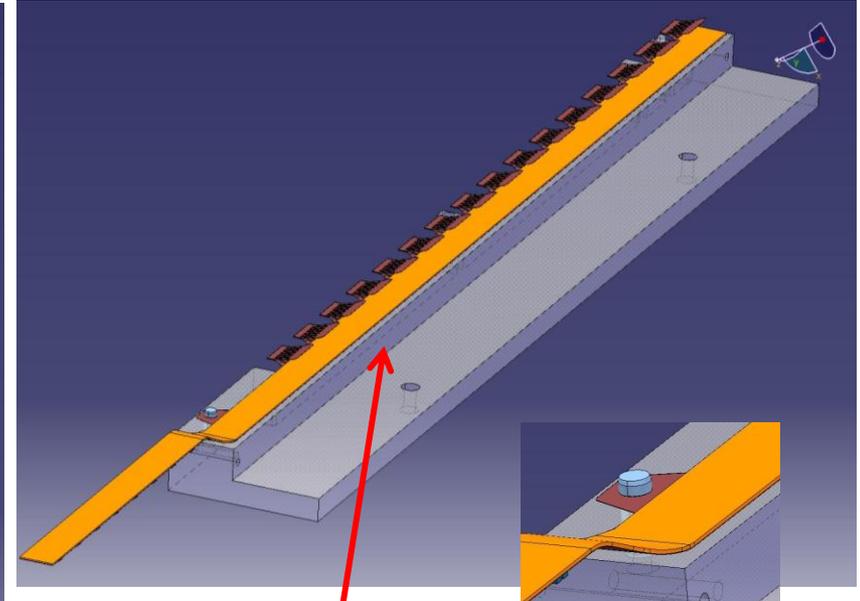
Flex assembly process



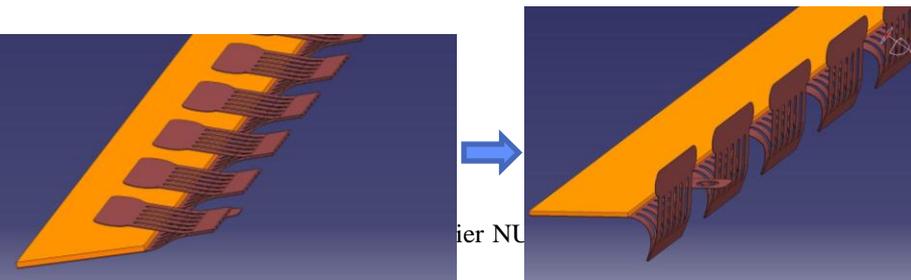
Pins to guide the flex ears



Flex is here

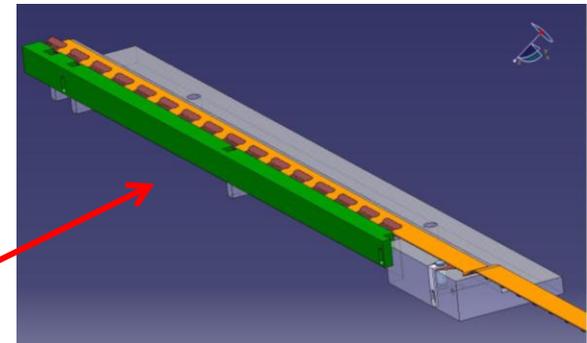


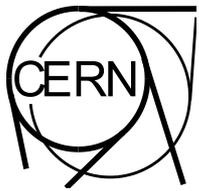
This orange plan is going to be glued on the omega skin



ier NU

This green part is added to fold all wings at the same time



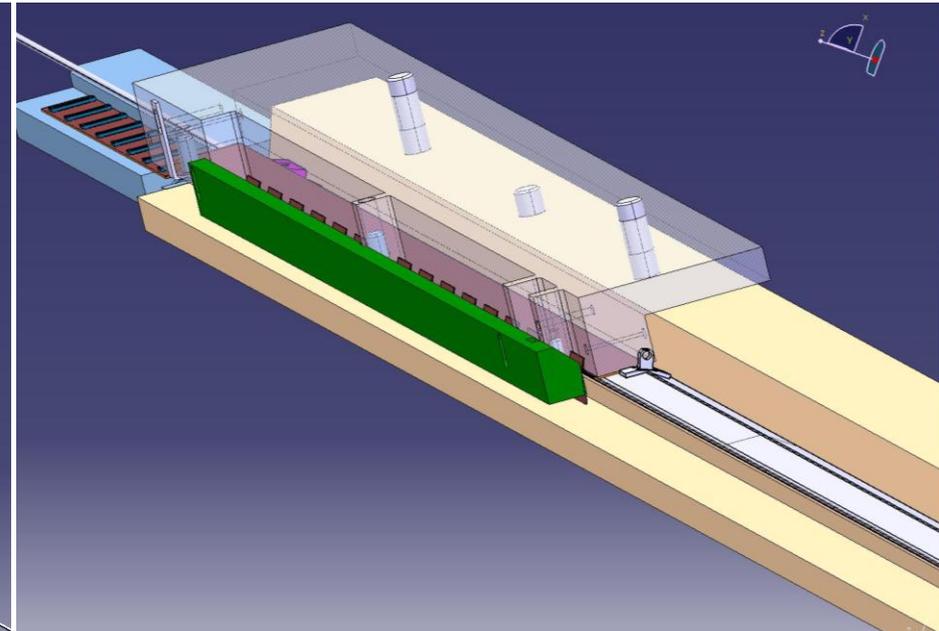
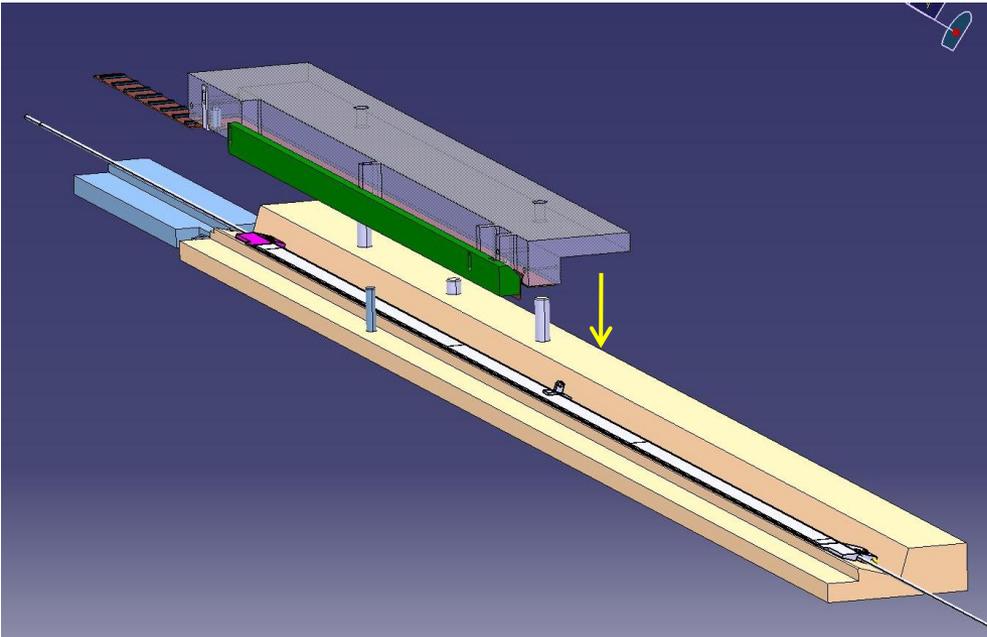


IBL Flex to stave assembly

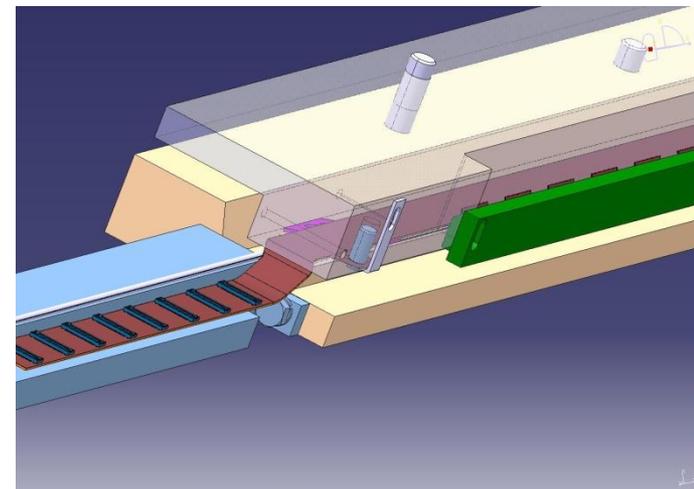
Flex assembly process

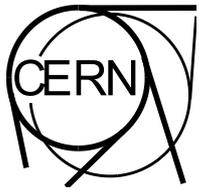


Now we glue the flex on the stave.



The polymerisation is realized @35°C, in a oven, under a pressure of 0.14bar.





IBL Flex to stave assembly

Metrology with TESA machine



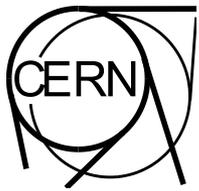
→ Flex loading tool checked with TESA (Bd 154)

→ 3D measurements (holes, planes, cylinders, etc...)

→ Accuracy ~30 microns

→ It allowed us to check holes position on 800mm long tools.



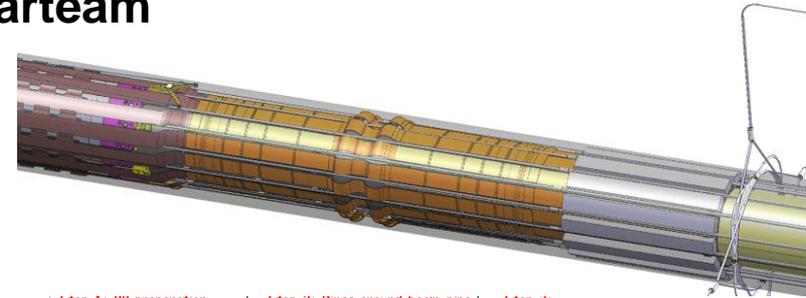


IBL Integration

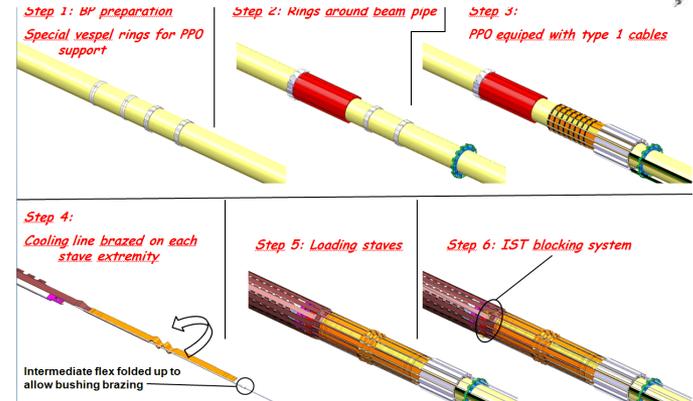
3d model integration



- Involved in WG3 (integration and installation)
- Full IBL 3D models are regularly updated in Smarteam
- Design coming from LPNHE Paris, UniGe, LAPP Annecy, INFN and PH-ADO

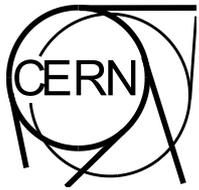


- Define assembly sequence of main components



- Check insertion process on a scale 1 mockup





IBL Integration

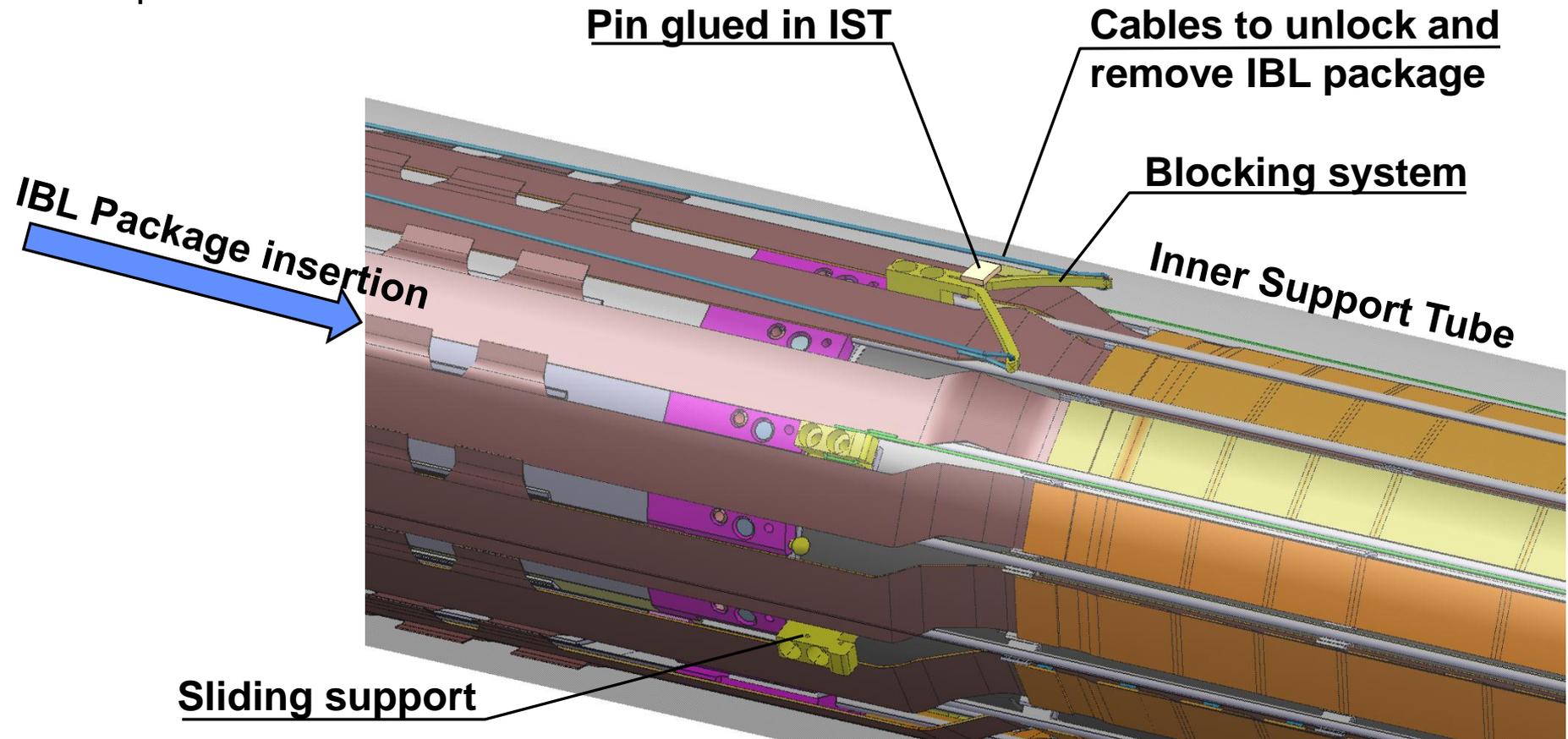
Design of PP0 region

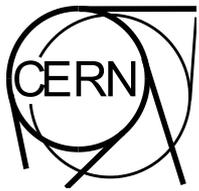


• **Locking system of IBL package in IST:**

3D design validated.

Manufacturing of first prototype done, and will help to validate the concept on scale 1 mockup



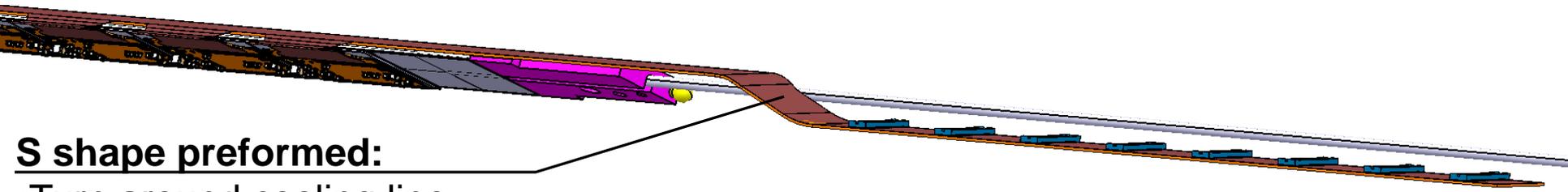


IBL Integration

Design of PP0 region

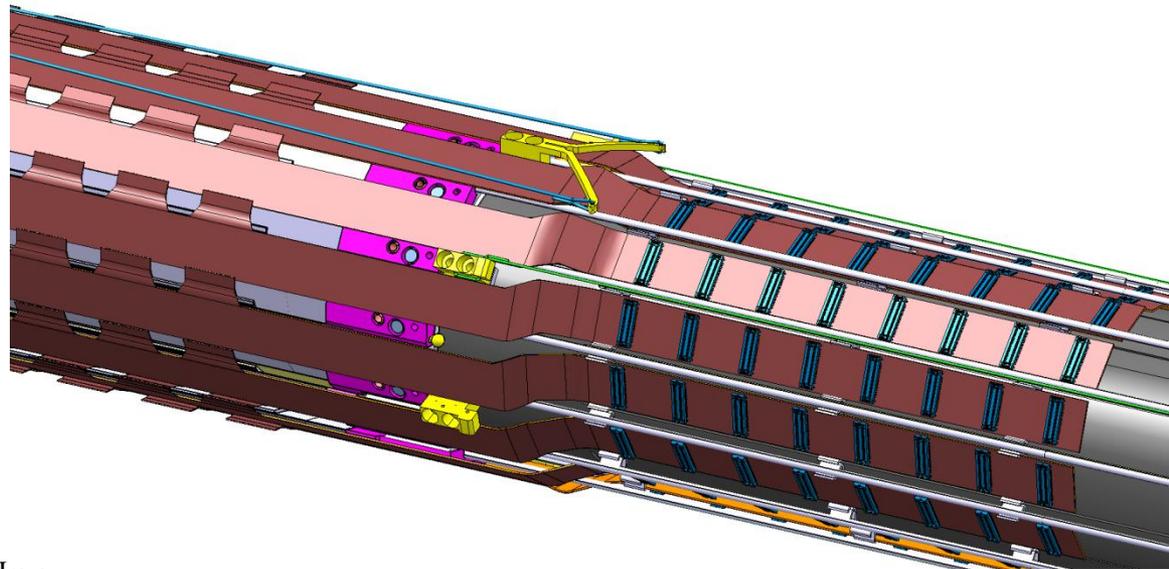


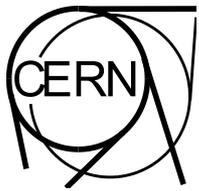
- **Integration and shape design of the IBL flex Electronic circuit:**
(involved in WG2 with electronic flex designers, module designers...)
 - We had to study 2 circuit's concepts (monolayer and multilayer).
 - Now, multilayer is the baseline
 - First prototypes have been manufactured to test loading tool.



S shape preformed:

- Turn around cooling line
- Radius decreased to have space for connectors
- Insertion last stave between others





IBL Integration

Design of PP0 region

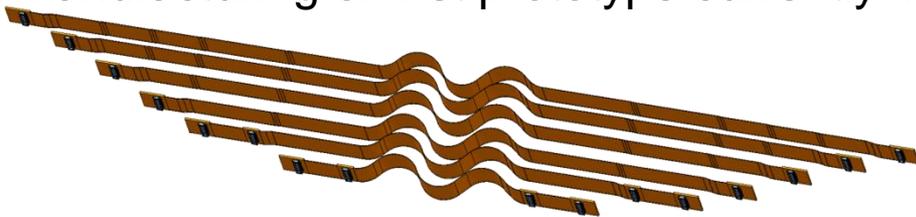


•Corrugated flex to compensate thermal contraction/dilatation:

Design of intermediate flex allowing 10mm relative translation.

Composed of 6 layers of Kapton/Cu, preformed in a corrugated shape to have maximum flexibility

Manufacturing of first prototype currently in progress



6 corrugated flex
(exploded view)



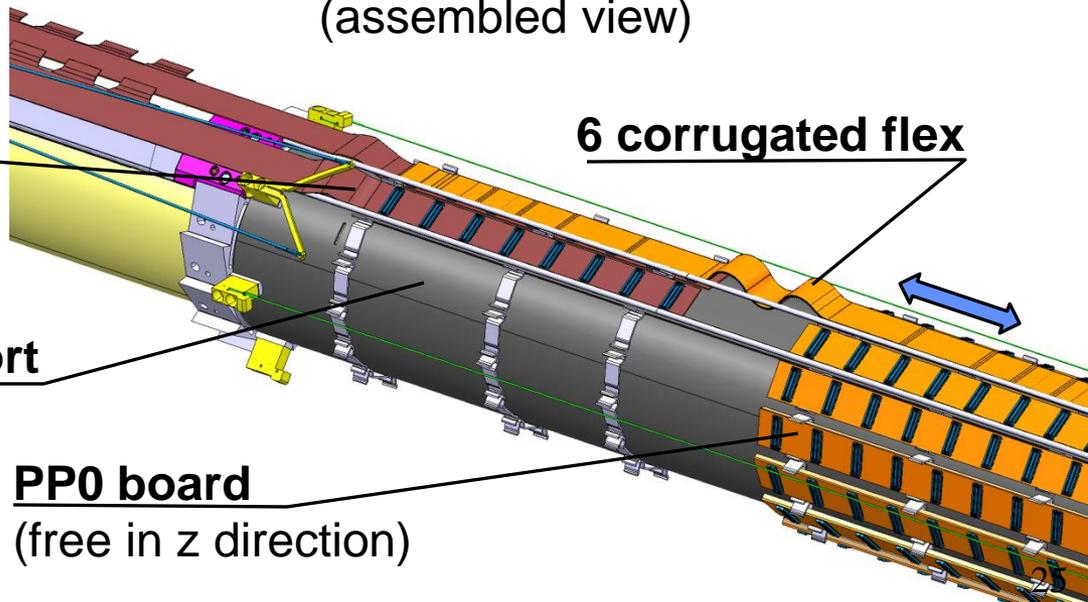
6 corrugated flex
(assembled view)

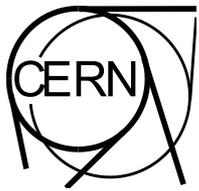
Flex fixed on stave
(fixed in z direction)

6 corrugated flex

PP0 support

PP0 board
(free in z direction)





IBL Integration

Design of PP0 region

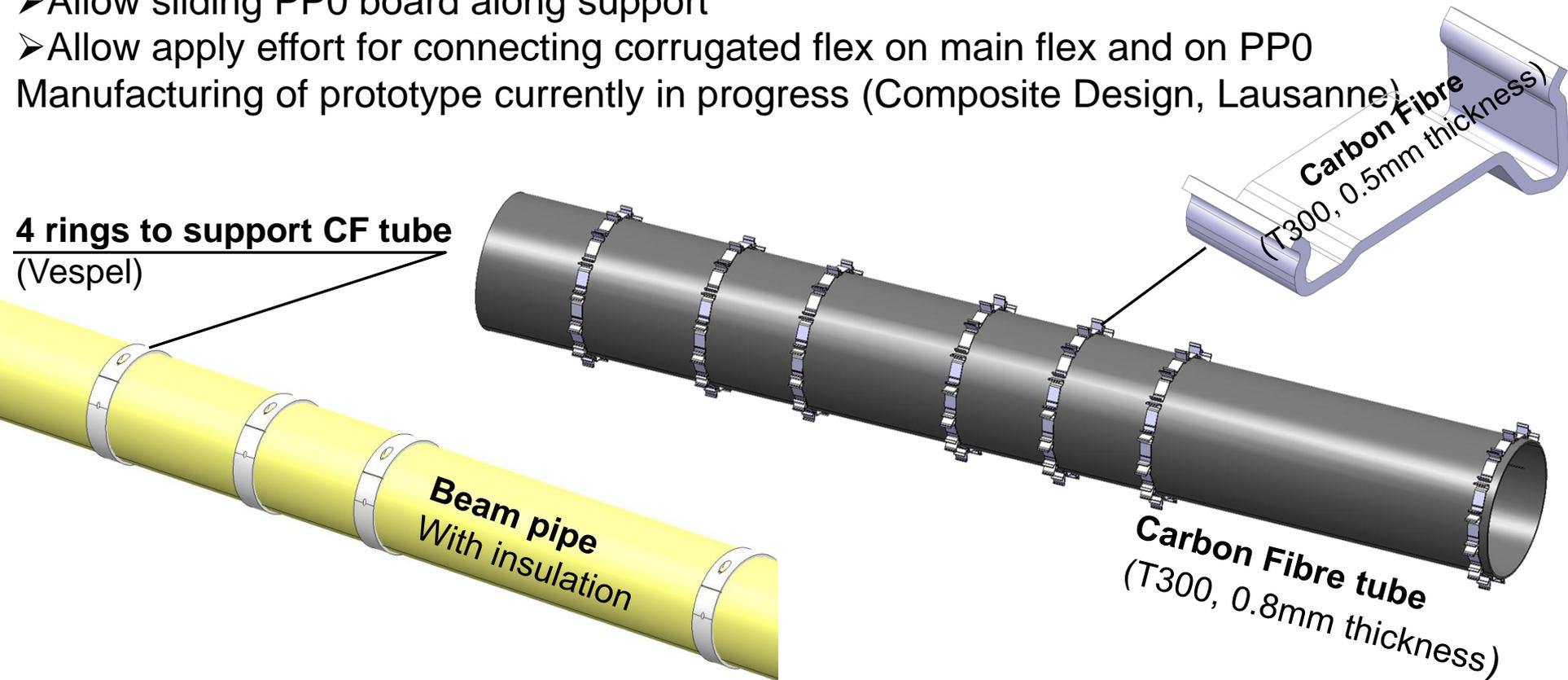


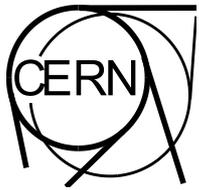
•PP0 sliding support:

Objectives are:

- Support flex fixed on stave in cantilever part,
- Support PP0 board,
- Allow sliding PP0 board along support
- Allow apply effort for connecting corrugated flex on main flex and on PP0

Manufacturing of prototype currently in progress (Composite Design, Lausanne)





Summary



- IBL project allowed us to work in the following fields:
- Mechanics (Simulation / Design / Fabrication / Integration)
 - Thermal
 - Materials
 - Electronics

- IBL Project was an opportunity to work with high performance materials:
- Carbon fibers
 - High performance glues
 - Large investigations on Kapton / Carbon Fibres joints

Thanks for your attention!

